## **Public and private hospitals**

## **Errata**

The following errata (updated 10 December 2009) have been issued for **Public and Private Hospitals**. The chapter on the web site version has been amended to reflect these errata.

## Appendix E Multivariate analysis in detail

p. 366 table E.6 should read as follows:

Table E.6 Risk-adjusted mortality ratios, by sector and hospital size, 2006-07<sup>a</sup>

	Very large	Large	Medium	Very small and small	All
Public hospitals					
Mean	0.506	0.472	0.532	0.718	0.632
Median	0.506	0.441	0.481	0.685	0.593
Standard deviation	0.195	0.269	0.325	0.431	0.380
Minimum	0.072	_	_	_	_
Maximum	0.889	1.043	1.590	2.793	2.793
Number of observations	68	37	45	218	368
Public contract hospitals					
Mean	np	np	np	np	0.540
Median	np	np	np	np	0.420
Standard deviation	np	np	np	np	0.563
Minimum	np	np	np	np	0.074
Maximum	np	np	np	np	2.583
Number of observations	np	np	np	np	18
Private hospitals					
Mean	0.357	0.316	0.274	0.297	0.305
Median	0.340	0.236	0.185	0.064	0.189
Standard deviation	0.256	0.267	0.270	0.432	0.324
Minimum	_	_	_	_	_
Maximum	0.908	0.908	0.908	1.860	1.860
Number of observations	24	22	38	38	122
All hospitals					
Mean	0.457	0.432	0.414	0.662	0.550
Median	0.469	0.415	0.330	0.636	0.517
Standard deviation	0.221	0.277	0.390	0.465	0.399
Minimum	_	_	_	_	_
Maximum	0.908	1.124	1.691	2.793	2.793
Number of observations	np	np	np	np	508

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mathbf{a}}$  RAMR – Risk-adjusted relative mortality ratio is equal to the actual (observed) mortality rate divided by the predicted mortality rate.  $^{\mathbf{np}}$  Not published due to confidentiality concerns. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Unpublished ABS and AIHW data; Productivity Commission estimates