intellectual property arrangements

compliance and Enforcement

**Enforcing intellectual property rights in Australia**

Enforcement is a key factor in the overall efficiency and effectiveness of Australia’s intellectual property system. The ability (or inability) to enforce the rights granted by intellectual property laws materially impacts on the value of those rights.

Little concrete data exist on the rate of intellectual property infringement in Australia, and even less on the economic consequences for intellectual property rights holders or those seeking to innovate and create.

**Online copyright infringement**

Online copyright infringement remains problematic for rights holders. Evidence suggests that accessible and competitively priced online content provide the best response to copyright infringement, not draconian penalties and big brother enforcement.

**Australia’s safe harbour regime**

Australia’s safe harbour scheme indemnifies internet service providers (ISPs) from being held liable for alleged copyright infringements occurring over their networks, if they comply with certain requirements. Changes to the law to encourage ISPs to cooperate with rights holders have only had a modest impact in reducing copyright infringement. Further legislative change is unlikely to improve compliance with the law.

As technology has evolved, some new form online service providers do not qualify for safe harbour protection under the scheme. Expanding the coverage of Australia’s safe harbour regime to other service providers will: improve the system’s adaptability as new services are developed; is consistent with Australia’s international obligations; and is an important balance to the expanded rights Australia accepted as part of its international agreements.

**Reforms can improve outcomes for small- and medium-sized enterprises**

Australia’s courts work reasonably well for intellectual property disputes between large firms, but small– and medium–sized enterprises can find it difficult to enforce their intellectual property rights. Both time and cost are cited as the main reason rights holders fail to take action.

Australia can reduce the time and cost of resolving disputes, especially for small- and medium-sized enterprises, through further improvements to the existing court system.

[MORE]

Recent self–initiated reforms of the Federal Court, with an emphasis on lower costs and informal alternatives, should improve enforcement outcomes and replicate many of the benefits a dedicated intellectual property court would offer. Expanding and separating the jurisdiction of the Federal Circuit Court from the Federal Court may provide another avenue for small– and medium–sized enterprises to resolve lower value disputes.

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| Want to know more about what the Commission said on enforcement? |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Issue | For more details and the Commission’s recommendations | | Infringement and enforcement | Pages 480‑484 | | Online copyright infringement | Pages 491‑493, finding 18.2 | | Copyright safe harbour | Pages 486‑490, recommendation 18.1 | | Improving court‑based enforcement | Pages 493‑500, information request 18.1 | |
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| Having your say |
| The Productivity Commission is keen to hear your feedback on this draft report. You are welcome to make a written submission to the Commission, preferably in electronic format, by **3 June 2016**. More information on making a submission can be found on the inquiry website at <http://www.pc.gov.au/inquiries/current/intellectual-property/make-submission>  Public hearings will be held in mid June 2016 — likely locations are Canberra, Melbourne and Sydney (to be determined by participant demand). Information on hearing dates and venues will be available on the inquiry website <http://www.pc.gov.au/inquiries/current/intellectual-property#draft>.  The final report will be provided to the Australian Government on 18 August 2016. |
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