## Australia's Onshore Gas Industry: Queensland Standard Environmental Approvals

[Adapted from Presentation given May 2013]

## **Standard Approvals**

- The previous process for exploration approvals was long, costly and uncertain
  - ❖ Assessment timeframes up to 18 months.
  - Contained ~ 300 + prescriptive conditions.
  - Cost ~ \$80,000 + per application.
  - Outcome was highly uncertain.
- ❖ APPEA used a unique collaborative project team approach
- New Process is a major improvement Australian best practice
  - Assessment timeframe 30 days.
  - ❖ Standard Conditions ~ 60.
  - Cost \$0 to prepare.
  - Mostly outcome focused with conditions set in regulation.

## **Industry Concerns**

- Production conditions were being applied to exploration activities.
- Prescriptive conditions limiting activities on the tenure.
- Uncertain assessment process with differing conditions between proponents and tenures based on negotiations.
- ❖ Frequent information requests ~ 2 to 4.
- Amendments to environmental authorities often led to additional conditions being applied to the proponent.
- Conditions were dependent on the discretion of individual assessment officers.
- All activities treated as high risk with site specific applications.

#### **Previous Process**

- Anywhere up to 18 months to have an Environmental Authority Issued (source DEHP).
- Part of the issue was <u>information requests</u> and the time taken to <u>negotiate conditions</u>.
- The number of conditions varied between Environmental Authorities. Anywhere up to mid to high 300s is normal (source published Environmental Authorities).

**Cost proponents approximately** \$80,000 + to prepare (*source proponents and consultants*).

The figure below diagrammatically represents the previous process.



# **Legislative Timeframe**

| Stage for a site-<br>specific<br>application | Duration (legislative timeframes)  |
|--|--|
| Application                                  | 10 BD  |
| Information*/ Notification                   | 20 BD (or longer if extended)  |
| Decision                                     | 20 BD (or longer if extended)  |
| TOTAL  | 50 BD (or 55 depending on when the applicant provides the declaration of compliance with the public notice requirement). |

Figure 1: Previous Queensland onshore application process for Environmental Authorities.

# **Example 1. Non-negotiated outcome**

- **Exploration environmental authority issued November 2012.**
- ❖ 37 pages, 359 conditions and limits on authorised activities

| Existing EA limits          | New Standard Approval  |
|-----------------------------|--|
| 500 Seismic                 | All seismic activities   |
| 1 well (1ha)                | Up to 720ha disturbance no limit on the number of wells  |
| 1 sump (max 2ML)            | No limit   |
| STP < 21 Equivalent Persons | Total peak design capacity of greater than 21 EP total combined daily peak capacity of less than 1500EP. |
| 1 camp (1ha)                | No limit   |
|                             | Construction of access tracks  |
|                             | Well and bore drilling (including reconditioning)  |
|                             | Production testing   |
|                             | Waste Disposal   |
|                             | Stimulation  |
|                             | Low Hazard Dams  |
|                             | Flaring  |
|                             | Low Hazard Dams  |
|                             | Manage residual drilling materials onsite  |

## **Example 2. Negotiated Outcome**

- **\$** Exploration environmental authority issued November 2012.
- ❖ 34 pages, 318 conditions, cost ~ \$80,000 took 6 months to negotiate and has limits on the authorised activity.

| Existing EA                                       | New Standard Approval  |
|---|--|
| 2D Seismic  | All Seismic activities   |
| 38 wells (0.02% disturbance = 117ha)              | Up to 713ha disturbance no limit on the number of wells.   |
| No release sewerage treatment                     | Total peak design capacity of greater than 21 EP total combined daily peak capacity of less than 1500EP. |
| 1 Temporary camp                                  | No limit   |
| Construction of access tracks                     | Construction of access tracks  |
| Well and bore drilling (including reconditioning) | Well and bore drilling (including reconditioning)  |
| Production testing                                | Production testing   |
| Limited waste disposal                            | Waste Disposal   |
| Stimulation                                       | Stimulation  |
| Low hazard dams                                   | Low Hazard Dams  |
|   | Flaring  |
|   | Manage residual drilling materials onsite  |

## **APPEA Methodology**

- Objective: Reduce red tape for exploration
  - ❖ A standard set of conditions, preferably code assessable, for exploration activities below a defined cumulative impact threshold.
- Solution: Standard Approvals
  - Section 112 of the Environmental Protection Act introduced the concept of 'standard' and 'variation' applications for Environmental Authorities.
  - The examples that this concept related to was 'motor vehicle workshops, chemical storage and waste transfer stations'. There was never an intent for this to apply to petroleum activities.

#### ❖ How:

- developed a purpose built team with diverse skill sets
- built trust with government
- created an environment for frank and fearless discussion
- agreed clear goals between government and APPEA
- buy-in from government and industry

#### **Clear Goals**

- clear delineation between exploration and production activities
- risk based outcome focused expedited approval for petroleum activities
- ❖ 80% of exploration activities and applications covered through a standard approval
- reduction in time taken to get an environmental approval to undertake petroleum exploration activities
- reduction in the need for amendments to conditions.
- shift from assessment processes and into compliance and enforcement.
- standardised conditions across industry.

### **Project Team:**

- The total man hours put into this project exceeded 800hours spread over 6months.
- The members of the project team collectively put in over 200hours of in-kind time.

#### **New Process**

- ❖ Takes 30 Business Days.
- O information requests and negotiation.
- Approximately 60 conditions that need to go through a public consultation process to be amended.

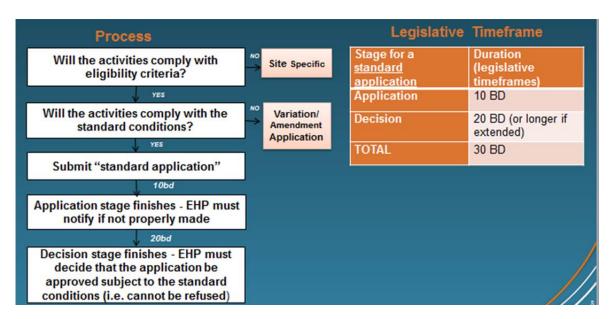


Figure 2: Reformed Queensland onshore Environmental Approvals for Exploration

# Benefits to industry

- ❖ Assessment timeframe reduced from up to 18 months to 30 days.
- ❖ Cost reduced from ~ \$80,000 + per application to \$0.
- ❖ Reduction in conditions from up to 350 to ~ 60.
- Based on APPEA risk matrices.
- Move from prescriptive to outcome focused conditions.
- Provides industry with certainty on environmental standards at the time of bidding for tenures.
- No discretion of individual assessment officers.
- Standardised approval across the onshore petroleum industry in Queensland.