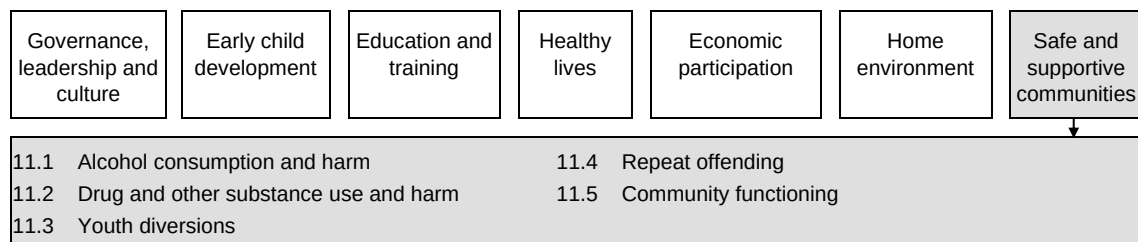

11 Safe and supportive communities

Strategic areas for action



Safe and supportive families and communities provide a resilient, caring and protective environment, promoting a range of positive outcomes. However, the history of colonisation and intergenerational trauma has deeply affected Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people as individuals and communities in many ways. This trauma has contributed to family and community disruption, alcohol and drug misuse, violence and harm, and contact with the justice system.

The indicators in this strategic area for action focus on the key factors that affect the safety and supportiveness of communities:

- alcohol consumption and harm (section 11.1) — excessive alcohol consumption increases an individual’s risk of death, disease and injury. Alcohol also contributes to family and community related problems, such as child abuse and neglect, work or financial problems, family breakdown, violence and crime
- drug and other substance use and harm (section 11.2) — drug and other substance misuse contributes to illness and disease, accident and injury, violence and crime, and family and social disruption
- youth diversions (section 11.3) — diversionary alternatives in the juvenile justice system are aimed at reducing reoffending and the negative labelling and stigmatisation associated with formal contact with the criminal justice system
- repeat offending (section 11.4) — it is important that those who have had contact with the criminal justice system have the opportunity to integrate back into the community and lead positive and productive lives
- community functioning (section 11.5) — individual wellbeing is influenced by community wellbeing, and vice versa. Strong communities, as defined by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people, will improve social, emotional and economic wellbeing.

Safe and supportive communities can have a positive influence across all the COAG targets and headline indicators. Three headline indicators are particularly associated with breakdown in family and community relationships:

- substantiated child abuse and neglect (section 4.11)
- family and community violence (section 4.12)
- imprisonment and youth detention (section 4.13).

Outcomes in this strategic area can be affected by outcomes in other strategic areas, or can influence outcomes in other areas:

- governance, leadership and culture (chapter 5)
- early child development (chapter 6)
- education and training (chapter 7)
- healthy lives (chapter 8)
- economic participation (chapter 9)
- home environment (chapter 10).

Attachment tables for this chapter are identified in references throughout this chapter by an ‘A’ suffix (for example, ‘table 11A.1.1’). These tables can be found on the web page (www.pc.gov.au/oid2020).

11.1 Alcohol consumption and harm¹

Box 11.1.1 Key messages

- Drinking alcohol at harmful levels comes with social and financial burden to the drinker, their families, and the people and community around them. Alcohol contributes to disability and death, family violence and the burden of disease.
- More than one-quarter of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander adults abstain from alcohol, with the proportion significantly higher in very remote areas. In 2018-19, 26 per cent reported not consuming alcohol in the previous 12 months (including those who have never consumed alcohol). The proportion of abstainers in very remote areas (43 per cent) was double that in major cities (19 per cent).
- But some Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander adults put themselves at risk of harm by exceeding alcohol consumption guidelines. In 2018-19, 20 per cent reported exceeding lifetime alcohol risk guidelines (drinking an average of more than two standard drinks per day in the last week) and 53 per cent reported exceeding single occasion risk guidelines (drinking more than four standard drinks on a single occasion) on at least one occasion in the last twelve months.
- A higher proportion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander adults abstain from alcohol than non-Indigenous adults, but in turn a higher proportion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander adults exceed alcohol risk guidelines.
- In line with the higher proportion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander adults exceeding alcohol risk guidelines, they are overrepresented in hospitalisations and in deaths from alcohol-related conditions – though with considerably lower numbers, and noting hospitalisations and deaths cover all ages. After adjusting for differences in population age structures, for both alcohol-related hospitalisations and alcohol-induced deaths, the rate for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people was around four times the rate for non-Indigenous people.
- The main component of the higher hospitalisation rates of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people from alcohol-related conditions was hospitalisations in remote areas for acute intoxication — in 2016–2018 this rate was more than four times the rate in 2010–2012, and is now 18 times the rate for non-Indigenous hospitalisations.
- Programs and services to manage structural and individual risks for people who drink alcohol at risky levels can include restricting access to alcohol, inhibiting the appeal of alcohol and improving people's mental wellbeing.
- In 2017-18, the proportion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander homicides involving both the victim and offender having consumed alcohol at the time of the offence (55 per cent — 11 out of 20) was higher than the proportion for non-Indigenous homicides (16 per cent — 22 out of 135). But for homicides where neither the victim nor offender drank, less than seven per cent were Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander homicides, indicating overrepresentation for non-Indigenous people (albeit from very small numbers).

¹ The Steering Committee notes its appreciation to Dr Kyllie Cripps, University of NSW, who reviewed a draft of this section of the Report.

Box 11.1.2 Measures of alcohol consumption and harm

There is one main measure for this indicator:

- *Levels of risky alcohol consumption* is defined as the proportion of people aged 18 years or over who consume alcohol at risky/high risk levels (more than two standard drinks on any day, based on the concept of 'Lifetime risk of alcohol harm' in the National Health and Medical Research Council [NHMRC] 2009 guidelines)².

The most recent available data are from the ABS National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey (NATSIHS) for 2018-19 (all jurisdictions and remoteness). Data are provided for the population aged 18 years or over (for the main measure, which aligns with the National Indigenous Reform Agreement³) with supplementary data provided on the population aged 15 years or over.

Three supplementary measures are also reported:

- Alcohol related hospitalisations (all jurisdictions; sex; remoteness)⁴
- Alcohol induced deaths (NSW, Queensland, WA, SA and the NT; sex)
- Alcohol involvement in homicides (national).

Data on hospitalisations are from the AIHW National Hospital Morbidity Database. Latest data are for 2018-19. Data on deaths are from the ABS Causes of Death collection and latest data are for 2018. Data on homicides are from the Australian Institute of Criminology National Homicide Monitoring Program and latest data are for 2017-18.

Australian adults drink alcohol for a range of societal and cultural reasons, and most do not drink at levels that place them at risk of harm. For children and young people under the age of 18 years there is no 'safe' or 'no-risk' level of drinking alcohol (NHMRC 2019). In Australia, people under the age of 18 years are prohibited from purchasing or consuming alcohol, and people who sell or supply liquor to minors are committing an offence.

Drinking alcohol at harmful levels can create social and financial burdens both to the drinker, their families, and the people and community around them (Commonwealth of Australia 2019; NHMRC 2019). Alcohol consumption at harmful levels:

- contributes to violence within communities, and disability and death through accidents, assaults, suicide and homicide (AIHW 2020; Commonwealth of Australia 2019; Snijder et al. 2020). Alcohol consumption and family violence is discussed in section 4.12 *Family and community violence*.

² The 2009 NHMRC guidelines advise that, for healthy men and women, drinking no more than two standard drinks on any day reduces the lifetime risk of harm from alcohol-related disease or injury, and drinking no more than four standard drinks on a single occasion reduces the risk arising from that occasion.

³ The National Indigenous Reform Agreement was in effect at the time of drafting this report.

⁴ Prior to 2010-11, six jurisdictions (NSW, Victoria, Queensland, WA, SA and the NT) were considered to have acceptable quality of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander identification in hospitalisation data. The attachment tables for this report include hospitalisations data for all jurisdictions from 2010-11 to 2018-19, as well as data for the six jurisdictions from 2004-05 to 2018-19.

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- contributes to the burden of disease including alcohol use disorders, multiple types of cancer, chronic liver disease and cognitive impairment (Commonwealth of Australia 2019; Gao, Ogeil and Lloyd 2014).
 - during pregnancy may cause physical and neurocognitive disorders termed ‘fetal alcohol spectrum disorders’ (Fitzpatrick et al. 2012; Gray et al. 2018). Alcohol consumption during pregnancy is discussed in section 6.2 *Health behaviours during pregnancy*.

People who engage in risky alcohol consumption, are not only at risk of harming themselves but also harming others. Research suggests that alcohol-related harm affects the population in different ways:

- women are more likely to be harmed by household members and relatives
- men are more likely to be harmed by friends, co-workers or strangers, and
- young people who drink are at an increased risk of harm, and young men are more likely to be harmed by their friends (Callinan and Livingstone 2019).

Over one-quarter of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander adults abstain from alcohol, with the proportion in very remote areas significantly higher...

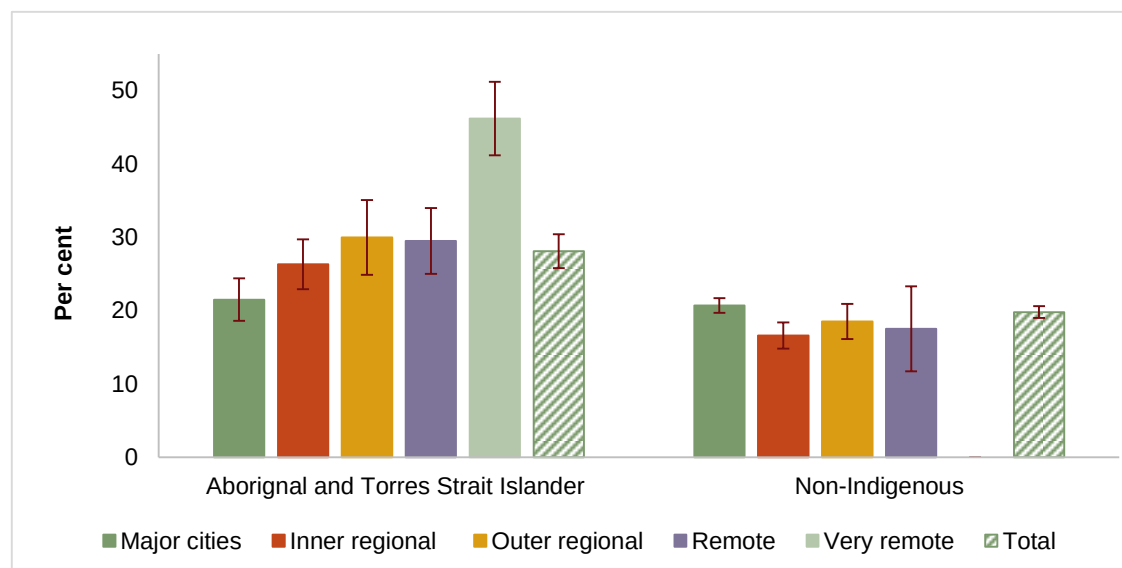
An increasing proportion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander adults are abstaining from alcohol.⁵ In 2018-19, 26 per cent of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander adults abstained, an increase from 23 per cent in 2012-13 (table 11A.1.1).

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander adults’ rates of abstinence are significantly higher in very remote areas. In 2018-19, the proportion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander adults abstaining from alcohol in very remote areas (43 per cent) was twice the proportion for those in major cities (19 per cent) (table 11A.1.2).

A higher proportion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander adults abstain from drinking alcohol than non-Indigenous adults. Nationally in 2017–19, after adjusting for differences in population age structures, the proportion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander adults abstaining was 1.4 times the proportion of non-Indigenous adults abstaining (figure 11.1.1).

⁵ Report not consuming alcohol in the previous 12 months or having never consumed alcohol.

Figure 11.1.1 **Adults abstaining from alcohol by remoteness area, by Indigenous status, 2017–19 (age-standardised rate)^{a,b,c}**



^a Error bars represent the 95 per cent confidence interval associated with each point estimate. ^b See table 11A.1.3-4 for detailed definitions, footnotes and caveats. ^c The total for non-Indigenous adults does not include very remote areas as data were not collected in these areas for non-Indigenous people.

Source: ABS (2019) *National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey, 2018-19*, Cat. no. 4715.0, Canberra; tables 11A.1.3-4.

... but some Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander adults put themselves at risk of harm by exceeding alcohol consumption guidelines

High levels of alcohol consumption can increase the risk of lifetime harm. This happens when more than two standard drinks are consumed on average every day. Risky alcohol consumption can also occur on a single occasion, when more than four standard drinks are consumed.

The proportion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander adults exceeding the alcohol consumption guidelines has remained stable for lifetime risk, but has increased slightly for single occasion risk. Nationally in 2018-19, the proportion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander adults who exceeded lifetime risk guidelines in the last week was 20 per cent (similar to 2012-13). The proportion exceeding the single occasion risk guidelines on at least one occasion in the previous 12 months decreased from 57 per cent in 2012-13 to 53 per cent in 2018-19, with this decrease driven by a decrease in those exceeding less often than once a week (the proportion exceeding less often than once a week decreased from 37 per cent to 34 per cent) (table 11A.1.1).

Men are more likely to exceed the risk guidelines for alcohol than women. For Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people aged 15 years or over in 2018-19, the proportion of males exceeding lifetime risk guidelines in the last week (28 per cent) was nearly three times the

proportion of females (10 per cent) and the proportion of males exceeding single occasion risk guidelines on at least one occasion in the previous 12 months (61 per cent) was also significantly higher than the proportion of females (40 per cent) (table 11A.1.5).

After adjusting for differences in age structures, the proportions exceeding the alcohol consumption guidelines were higher for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander adults compared to non-Indigenous adults, except for the proportions exceeding the single occasion risk guidelines less often than once a week (both around 30 per cent) (table 11A.1.3).

Single occasion risky alcohol consumption is more prevalent amongst young people, especially after 18 years, once alcohol consumption is not prohibited. People that begin drinking hazardously at a young age are at increased risk of developing alcohol use disorders later in life (Freyer, Morley and Haber 2016). Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young adults are the age group with the highest proportion of those exceeding single occasion risk guideline at least once in the last year, with 65 per cent of young people aged 18–24 years and 62 per cent of young people aged 25–34 years old exceeding the guidelines at least once, compared to 54 per cent for all Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people aged 18 years or over (table 11A.1.6).

How can the levels of risky alcohol consumption be reduced?

Risky alcohol consumption is associated with structural and individual risk factors. Most of the research that looks at how to address these factors and related harms does not specifically relate to Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people. However, the following approaches may be relevant.

- Restricting access to alcohol is one approach, noting that there can be unintended consequences with increases in ‘sly grog’ (Robertson, Fitts and Clough 2017). Restrictions can include the number of take away outlets (Smith et al. 2019) or by using liquor permits and alcohol management plans that determine the sale, timing and distribution of alcohol. These measures are in use in some, mainly Aboriginal, communities in WA, Queensland and the NT. The effectiveness of permits depends on the broader liquor management system including the agencies and procedures required to have a permit (d’Abbs and Crundall 2019)
- Reducing the demand for alcohol is another approach. This can be achieved by:
 - inhibiting the appeal of alcohol — alcohol marketing and advertising has been found to induce young people to drink alcohol and engage in risky drinking (Jernigan et al. 2017) and to encourage young people under the age of 18 to drink (Sargent and Babor 2020)
 - improving people’s mental wellbeing — alcohol use disorders⁶ often co-occur with mental health disorders (Freyer, Morley and Haber 2016; Wood et al. 2020) and

⁶ Alcohol Use Disorder is a diagnosis described in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, 5th edition (DSM-5).

people who die by suicide have a higher risk of an alcohol-use disorder at the time of death (Chong et al. 2020; Kolves et al. 2017). Mental health programs to improve mental wellbeing may have a role in reducing alcohol consumption

- engaging Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people in education or employment through mentoring, sport or music programs provided by Aboriginal community controlled organisations may also reduce demand for alcohol and other drugs, however there is little research that provides evidence for this as an alcohol demand reduction strategy.

Culturally safe services or programs that are designed and implemented by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people may deliver better outcomes in reducing risky alcohol consumption levels (Cass 2019; Gray et al. 2018; Harrison et al. 2019; Shanthosh et al. 2018). A global systematic review of Indigenous-led alcohol controls (including six Australian initiatives) concluded that these could be effective in improving health and social outcomes (Muhunthan et al. 2017). On the flipside, there is evidence that for some communities the impact of government policies and programs aimed at reducing alcohol consumption have had unintended (and negative) consequences (d’Abbs, Burlayn and Jamijin 2019; Robertson, Fitts and Clough 2017).

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people are overrepresented in hospitalisations and deaths from alcohol-related conditions

In line with the higher proportion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander adults exceeding alcohol risk guidelines, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people are overrepresented in hospitalisations from alcohol-related conditions, though at considerably lower numbers. In 2016–2018, after adjusting for differences in population age structures, the rate of alcohol-related hospitalisations for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people was almost four times the rate for non-Indigenous people (table 11A.1.18). Putting this in context with those exceeding alcohol risk guidelines, the numbers of alcohol-related hospitalisations and deaths in 2016–2018 is less than 2 per cent of the number of people who exceeded the single occasion alcohol risk guidelines in 2018-19 (tables 11A.1.19 and 11A.1.5).

The main component of the higher hospitalisation rates of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people from alcohol-related conditions is hospitalisations in remote areas for acute intoxication — in 2016–2018 this rate was almost twice the rate in 2010–2012, and is now 18 times the rate for equivalent non-Indigenous hospitalisations (table 11A.1.19).

Over the past 20 years, the age-standardised rate of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander deaths related to alcohol has decreased, though is still around four times the rate for equivalent non-Indigenous deaths (table 11A.1.23). Liver diseases leading to cirrhosis are among the most common contributor to the mortality gap between Indigenous and other Australian adults (Valery et al. 2020). In 2014–2018, of the 467 deaths of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people related to alcohol use, more than half were from alcoholic liver disease (table 11A.1.21). However, a decrease in hospitalisations for alcoholic liver disease

is occurring (from an age standardised rate of 100 to 67 per 100 000 population) (table 11A.1.15).

People with alcohol use disorders tend to wait until significant harm to their health has occurred before they seek help, and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people experience barriers which further delay the help they need, including racism, and a lack of culturally appropriate services and resources (Islam et al. 2018). This may mean that Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people are more likely to be hospitalised when their needs could have originally been met by a primary and community health service.

Alcohol appears to be a contributing factor to homicides involving Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people as victim and offender

Nationally in 2017-18, there were 196 homicide incidents resulting in 202 victims of homicide (section 4.12 *Family and community violence*, tables 4A.12.24 and 4A.12.26), of which the Indigenous status of victims and offenders were known in 167 incidents. Among these 167 incidents, 20 involved Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people as both victims and offenders. In 11 of these incidents (55 per cent), both the victim and offender had consumed alcohol at the time of the offence. In comparison, of the 135 homicide incidents involving only non-Indigenous victims and offenders, 22 (16 per cent) involved both the victim and offender consuming alcohol (table 11A.1.24).

Future directions in data

The NHMRC guidelines on which the indicator for alcohol consumption and harm is based are currently being reviewed. The draft guideline recommendations differ from the 2009 NHMRC guidelines and, if implemented, this will alter the comparability of historical data.

Data on alcohol use are derived from surveys which are limited by sampling, survey administration and questionnaire design and may underestimate actual consumption (Gray and Wilkes 2010; Lee et al. 2014). Results of previous ABS surveys and administrative data collections on use of alcohol and illegal drugs suggest a tendency for respondents to underreport actual consumption levels (ABS 2016), and whilst national surveys may provide a broad indication of the prevalence of alcohol use, any significant regional variation is concealed. Reliable population estimates of alcohol use are fundamental to inform funding and the design of initiatives to prevent and treat harmful use (Lee et al. 2014).

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11.2 Drug and other substance use and harm⁷

Box 11.2.1 Key messages

- Misuse of legal and illegal substances can negatively affect the lives of individuals, families and communities. Users are more susceptible to illness and accident, and injecting drug users who share needles are at a greater risk of blood-borne diseases.
- Illicit substance use often co-occurs with mental illness and psychological distress. It can contribute to the onset of, and prevent recovery from, mental illness and is a major risk factor for suicide.
- The majority of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander adults do not illicitly use substances. In 2018-19, 70 per cent reported not illicitly using in the past 12 months.
- But the proportion who report that they are illicitly using is increasing over time. Most illicit use is use of marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin (different forms of the cannabis plant), and its increase in recent years is driven by increases in regional and very remote areas. In 2018-19, there were no significant differences across remoteness areas.
- In line with reported use, the proportion of drug-related hospitalisations has also increased over time — and more so for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people than for non-Indigenous people.
- In 2018-19, more than half of all drug-related hospitalisations were related to mental and behavioural disorders. For Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people, this proportion was larger, at 60 per cent.
- Responding to the needs of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people who illicitly use substances requires an understanding of what is driving demand. It appears that there is limited research on this and, therefore, a lack of evidence on whether programs are effective in addressing the drivers of demand.
- While reducing the supply of some substances can reduce illicit substance use, if the drivers of illicit use are not also addressed there can be unintended consequences (such as the use of alternative substances).

⁷ The Steering Committee notes its appreciation to Dr Kyllie Cripps, University of NSW, who reviewed a draft of this section of the Report.

Box 11.2.2 Measures of drug and other substance use and harm

There is one main measure for this indicator. *Illicit use of substances* is defined as the proportion of adults who reported using illicit substances or misusing licit substances in the previous 12 months.⁸ Data are sourced from the ABS National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey (NATSIHS)/National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey (NATSISS), with the most recent available data for 2018-19 from the NATSIHS (all jurisdictions; sex; age). Data were not available for remote areas in the 2004-05 survey, or for non-Indigenous people.

Three supplementary measures are also reported by Indigenous status:

- Drug-related hospitalisations (all jurisdictions; sex; remoteness)
- Drug-induced deaths (NSW, Queensland, WA, SA and the NT; sex)
- Drug involvement in homicides (national).

Data on hospitalisations are from the AIHW National Hospital Morbidity Database.⁹ The latest data are for 2018-19. Data on deaths are from the ABS Causes of Death collection, and the latest data are for 2018. Data on homicides are from the Australian Institute of Criminology National Homicide Monitoring Program and the latest data are for 2017-18.

Misuse of legal and illegal drugs can negatively affect the lives of individuals, families and communities. People who misuse substances are more susceptible to illness (including mental illness — see section 8.7 *Mental health*) and accident, and injecting drug users who share needles are at a greater risk of blood-borne diseases such as HIV and hepatitis (Baldock and Lindsay 2020; Teoh, Moses and McCullough 2019; Treloar, Mao and Wilson 2016).

Substance misuse is also a factor in suicide across the Australian population (Agrawal et al. 2017; Zahra et al. 2020), and specifically for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (Dickson et al. 2019). A study of a group of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander prisoners in Queensland found that mental illness and lifetime suicide thoughts and attempts were significantly more likely among those with a substance use disorder (Heffernan et al. 2016). Suicide and self-harm are discussed in section 8.8 *Suicide and self-harm*.

Illicit substance use by parents can affect children both pre- and post-birth. Pregnant women who take drugs can affect the health and wellbeing of their unborn children, and some babies are born with addiction issues. Prenatal exposure to volatile substances (when people deliberately inhale chemical vapours to produce altered states) can lead to birth prematurity, delays in development, neuro-behavioural problems and physical malformations (Marel, MacLean and Midford 2015). And parents who misuse substances can find caring for children more difficult. Use of illicit substances during pregnancy and when caring for

⁸ In this section, the terms ‘illicit substance use’ or ‘substance misuse’ refer to use of substances that are illegal to possess (such as heroin) and misuse of substances that are legally available (such as petrol, glue, paint and prescription drugs). Misuse of legal substances (volatile substance use) can result in sudden death, asphyxiation or neurological and cognitive effects.

⁹ Data on hospitalisations only cover illnesses and conditions directly attributable to drug use that result in admission to a hospital. They do not include conditions for which drug use may be a contributing factor but where the link is not direct and immediate.

children is discussed in section 6.2 *Health behaviours during pregnancy* and section 4.11 *Substantiated child abuse and neglect*.

Illicit substance use is often associated with crime (and therefore imprisonment) and violence (from methamphetamine users in particular) (Goldsmid and Willis 2016; Macrae and Hoareau 2016; Marel, MacLean and Midford 2015). Use of illicit substances is also discussed in section 4.12 *Family and community violence*.

Most Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander adults do not illicitly use substances, but use of marijuana, hashish and cannabis is increasing...

Most Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander adults do not illicitly use substances. In 2018-19, 70 per cent of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander adults reported not illicitly using substances in the last 12 months (table 11A.2.1). For those illicitly using substances, the use occurs most commonly in young adult men. For Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander men aged 25–34 years, half reported illicitly using substances in the last 12 months (table 11A.2.6).

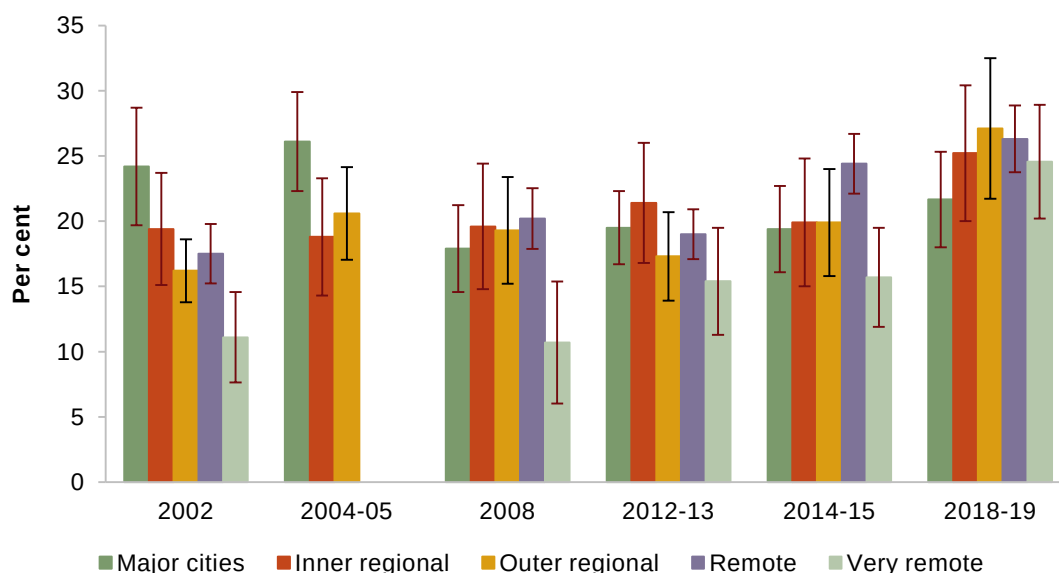
The majority of illicit substance use (around 85 per cent) is of marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin (table 11A.2.1). The proportion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander adults illicitly using these substances has increased over time: it was around 18–20 per cent from 2002 to 2014-15, before increasing to 24 per cent in 2018-19 (table 11A.2.3). This increase has been driven by increasing proportions of users in regional and very remote areas in the last four years (figure 11.2.1).

... and hospitalisations and deaths from drug-related issues are also increasing

While the rate of drug-related hospitalisations has increased for all Australians over the past decade, it has increased more for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people. The rate of drug-related hospitalisations for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people has more than doubled (from 391 per 100 000 population in 2010-11 to 777 per 100 000 population in 2018-19), compared with a 20 per cent increase for non-Indigenous people. After adjusting for differences in population age structures, the drug-related hospitalisation rate for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people was more than three times the rate for non-Indigenous people (up from a ratio of around 2:1 in 2010-11) (table 11A.2.8).

Around half of all drug-related hospitalisations for non-Indigenous people are related to mental and behavioural disorders (the remainder are related to poisoning, including accidental poisoning, and other). But for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people this proportion is larger, at 60 per cent. In 2018-19, after adjusting for population age structures, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people were hospitalised for drug-related mental and behavioural disorders at four times the rate of non-Indigenous people (table 11A.2.8).

Figure 11.2.1 Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin use for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander adults, by remoteness, by year^{a,b,c}



^a Error bars represent the 95 per cent confidence interval associated with each point estimate. ^b See table 11A.2.3 for detailed definitions, footnotes and caveats. ^c Data are not available for remote and very remote areas in 2004-05.

Source: ABS (unpublished) National Aboriginal Torres Strait Islander Health Survey (various years); table 11A.2.3.

The increase in the rate of drug-related hospitalisations is seen across all remoteness areas and for all people, but is more pronounced for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people in major cities and regional areas (table 11A.2.11).

Drug-induced deaths¹⁰ have also increased for both Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous people. In 2014–2018, after adjusting for differences in population age structures, the drug-induced death rate for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people was around twice the rate for non-Indigenous people, up from a ratio of 1.6:1 in 2009–2013 (table 11A.2.14). The largest increase in the age-standardised rate over this period was for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander males (from 12 to 17 per 100 000 population) (table 11A.2.14).

Data on drug involvements in homicides are included in table 11A.2.15. The number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander homicide incidents and the influence of drugs on the victims and/or offenders are small and difficult to interpret. Numbers have fluctuated, with no clear trend over the period 1999-2000 to 2017-18.

¹⁰ For NSW, Queensland, WA, SA and the NT only (as these jurisdictions have sufficient levels of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander identification and numbers of deaths to support analysis).

More evidence is required on the drivers of use to effectively respond

Responding to the needs of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people who illicitly use substances requires an understanding of what drives demand, but the evidence on this is sparse (see Leske et al (2016) and Snijder et al (2020)¹¹). For example, one study on cannabis use found that peers potentially had an impact on use (Geia et al. 2018; Intergovernmental Committee on Drugs 2014), while another found that use was linked to perceived calming or self-regulating benefits (Graham and Clough 2019). But these findings do not explain what the underlying drivers are that make a person more likely to be influenced by peers, or why they need a substance to calm them.

When Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people use substances for relief, this must be considered within the context of trauma and its continuing intergenerational impacts as a result of colonisation, dispossession and economic exclusion (Calma, Dudgeon and Bray 2017; Macrae and Hoareau 2016). For example, in research on Aboriginal use of methamphetamine, participants identified historical trauma, contemporary disadvantage and racism, along with incarceration and other social factors (such as those related to education, employment and housing) as the cause of the market for ice and other drugs within Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander communities (MacLean, Hengsen and Stephens 2017; Snijder and Kershaw 2019).

A recent study of a residential drug and alcohol treatment program for young Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people found that culturally relevant modes of treatment, and taking a harm-minimisation and holistic approach to the factors in the young person's life, saw a reduction in the levels of self-harm, substance misuse, and arrests (Nathan et al. 2020).

In addition to addressing the demand for substances, there is also a need to reduce the supply of substances for illicit use. But unintended consequences, such as the use of replacement substances, need to be considered. For example, the Government replaced regular unleaded petrol with low aromatic fuel in a number of regional and remote locations, which significantly reduced petrol sniffing; however, some petrol sniffers have moved to alcohol or cannabis instead (d'Abbs et al. 2019).

Future directions in data

Data on illicit substance use in Australia are based on self-reported survey data. The data may under-estimate consumption, because these drugs are illegal to possess (Macrae and Hoareau 2016) and this may affect respondents' willingness to respond honestly. Results of previous ABS surveys and administrative data collections on the use of alcohol and illegal drugs suggest a tendency for respondents to underreport actual consumption levels (ABS 2016) — and, whilst national surveys may provide a broad indication of the prevalence of drug use, any significant regional variation is concealed. The National Aboriginal and

¹¹ Leske et al (2016) and Snijder et al (2020) both conducted international systematic reviews which included Australia.

Torres Strait Islander Peoples' Drug Strategy 2014–2019 (Intergovernmental Committee on Drugs 2014) prioritises the establishment of meaningful performance measures with effective data collection to support community-led monitoring and evaluation. Given the rise in cannabis use in conjunction with tobacco by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people, data to support an understanding of this mix would be useful.

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11.3 Youth diversions¹²

Box 11.3.1 Key messages

- Youth diversion provides an opportunity for the criminal justice system to identify and respond to the complex needs of young people so that they are prevented from entering and re-entering the system, which can fundamentally change their life trajectory.
- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people are less likely to be diverted than non-Indigenous young people. Rates of diversions for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people were between 39 and 88 per cent of the rates for non-Indigenous young people.
- Data are not comparable across states and territories, but for most jurisdictions the average diversion rate for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous young people over the last four years (2015-16 to 2018-19) was lower or the same as in the preceding four years (2010-11 to 2014-15), indicating a trend nationally towards less diversion.
- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people are more likely to have various risk factors, which therefore contribute to lower rates of diversion for them. Personal risk factors include cognitive and intellectual impairment, poor mental health, and previous negative experiences (for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people or their families) with police. Structural risk factors include a lack of supports for children who are in out-of-home care or homeless, a lack of diversionary programs in rural and remote areas, and mandatory sentencing.
- For police services specifically, evidence suggests that race may be a factor in decisions to approach individuals before an offence has occurred. Past negative experiences between Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people and police may lead some Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people to be less willing to cooperate, which would in turn contribute to lower rates of diversion.
- Increasing diversion rates for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people will involve addressing personal and structural risk factors and the way in which police deal with these young people. Diversionary programs and approaches to increasing diversion rates for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people need to be designed and implemented by (or with) Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people to be most beneficial.

¹² The Steering Committee notes its appreciation to Dr Kyllie Cripps, University of NSW, who reviewed a draft of this section of the Report.

Box 11.3.2 Measures of youth diversions

There is one main measure for this indicator. *Youth diversions* is defined as the proportion of all alleged young offenders who are diverted from court proceedings (that is, from the formal criminal justice system). These data do not include young people who are diverted by a court.

State and Territory governments are responsible for youth diversions (and table 11A.3.1 outlines the relevant legislation for each jurisdiction). Differences in programs and data collection mean that data are not comparable across jurisdictions.

The most recent available data are for 2018-19 (or the 2019 calendar year for some jurisdictions) (NSW, Victoria, Queensland, WA, SA, the NT and the ACT; sex). Data disaggregated by Indigenous status are not available for Tasmania.

Youth diversion programs are designed for young people with little or no history of offending who are alleged to have committed non-serious crimes. Diversion can prevent young people from entering the criminal justice system or getting a criminal record, and can also lead to lower rates of reoffending (particularly for minor offences) (Shirley 2017; Wang and Weatherburn 2019).

Diversion can save money and deliver better social outcomes (Shanahan, Hughes and McSweeney 2017). Diversion is also an opportunity to identify the many complex needs of each offender (such as family, behavioural and health problems including substance use), and to connect the alleged offender with services that will support young people.

Diversion can occur at any point following initial contact with police — pre-arrest, pre-trial, pre-sentence, post-sentence and pre-release. While ‘diversion’ describes any process that prevents young people from entering or continuing in the formal criminal justice system, it typically involves pre-court processes such as police cautioning or conferencing (Allard et al. 2010; Juodo 2008; Richards 2010).

Diversions with cautioning and conferencing are typically available to first time and non-serious offenders. Sufficient evidence to establish that an offence took place, an admission of guilt, and the young person’s consent to engage in the cautioning or conferencing process are all required for a diversion to occur (Allard et al. 2010).

While youth diversion data are not comparable across states and territories, some of the key findings are similar

Governing legislation and the scope of youth diversions differ significantly across states and territories (table 11A.3.1) — as do diversionary programs. Diversionary programs can include opportunities for the alleged young offender to take responsibility for their actions, understand the harm their actions have caused, engage in restorative justice, or receive case management and support. As a result, data for youth diversion are not comparable across states and territories. However, the key findings across states and territories are similar and include that:

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- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people were less likely to be cautioned or diverted out of the criminal justice system than non-Indigenous young people. For the most recent year of reporting, rates of diversion were between two-fifths (39 per cent) and nine-tenths (88 per cent) of the rates for non-Indigenous young people (table 11A.3.2)
 - the diversion rates for both Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous young people have fluctuated over time, but the average over the last four years (2015-16 to 2018-19) was lower or the same as for the previous four years (2011-12 to 2014-15) — this was the case for all jurisdictions except young people in SA and the NT, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people in WA, and non-Indigenous young people in NSW and the ACT, for whom diversion rates have gone up (table 11A.3.2)
 - the most common types of offence category for which both Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous young people were diverted (broadly grouped according to crimes against the person, crimes against property, drug offences and other offences) were crimes against property or theft (tables 11A.3.5, 11A.3.8, 11A.3.25, 11A.3.39, 11A.3.41 and 11A.3.57), while the offence category for which diversion was least common for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people was drug offences.

Lower rates of diversion for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people could be one reason why they are overrepresented in the criminal justice system.

What factors affect the rates of youth diversions for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people?

A range of personal and structural risk factors affect the rates of diversion, and many of these disproportionately affect Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people.

- Young people who are homeless or in out-of-home care are more likely to offend, and also more likely to experience custodial remand rather than diversion (McFarlane 2018; Sentencing Advisory Council 2020). (See section 4.11 *Substantiations for child abuse and neglect*.) Diversion may not be accessible for young people who are homeless or in out-of-home care if the diversion program requires participation by family members, such as in a family group conference, and the relationship with (or absence of) a caregiver does not provide the required level of support.
- Young people with cognitive or intellectual impairments or mental health issues are more likely than their peers to be arrested and less likely to be considered for diversion (Blagg, Tulich and Bush 2017). For many of these youth, diversionary programs are necessary to avoid indefinite detention when they are found unfit to stand trial (Blagg and Tulich 2018).
- Access to diversion programs can be limited in some rural and remote areas. The range of diversion options and referral processes differs across states and territories, and in some areas young people do not have access to diversion (Green et al. 2016). As a consequence of the lack of diversion programs in rural and remote areas, Aboriginal and

Torres Strait Islander young people may be more likely to be detained (Papalia et al. 2019).

- Mandatory sentencing means that options are limited if an alleged offender has committed a particular crime on several occasions. Mandatory sentencing will disproportionately affect Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander offenders, as they are more likely to be charged for offences that have mandatory sentences attached (ALRC 2017).

Furthermore, youth diversion conferencing may be less effective in reducing recidivism for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people if not undertaken as part of a holistic approach. This is because restorative justice approaches (such as in youth diversion conferencing) tend to elicit accountability through ‘shaming’ but do not address the risk factors associated with youth offending, such as substance use and low socioeconomic status (Little, Stewart and Ryan 2018). However, there is little research that explores the effectiveness of youth diversion conferencing for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people.

The extent to which diversionary outcomes reflect institutional racism has not been evaluated. However, as it is primarily police who assess young people and determine their eligibility for pre-court diversion (Green et al. 2020), past negative experiences between Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people and police, compounded by policing practices that can be racialised (such as stop and search or move on powers where no offending behaviour is apparent) can mean that Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people may feel harassed or threatened (Cunneen 2019). In these circumstances, these young people may be less willing to cooperate, and this can in turn prevent police from considering diversion as an option (Blagg and Anthony 2020; Papalia et al. 2019).

How can diversion rates for Aboriginal and Torres Islander young people be increased?

Given the factors leading to the lower rates of diversion outlined above, strategies for increasing the diversion rates for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people may include:

- designing and implementing diversion programs that address the particular needs of young people who are homeless or in out-of-home care, and at risk of transitioning to juvenile justice, so that they are not unfairly treated by the criminal justice system (see Barreng Moorop, for example, in JSS 2018)
- building the cultural competency of police in relating to Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people (Coffin, Kennedy and Owen 2018), including that the policies relating to police practice are responsive to local communities and contexts (Fleming in Putt 2010, p. 4)
- providing families with Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children who are in or at risk of entering the criminal justice system with the support they need to interact with

and navigate the system (including accessible and culturally appropriate legal advice) (DHHS 2020).

Incorporating elements into youth diversion programs that address the risk factors for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander youth offending, such as illicit substance use, poor impulse control and childhood trauma, may increase the programs' effectiveness in reducing repeat offending (Little, Stewart and Ryan 2018). And more evaluation of programs to assess their effectiveness is needed.

To ensure that youth diversion programs or approaches for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people are as beneficial as possible, they need to be designed and implemented by (or with) Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (Blagg, Tulich and Bush 2017).

Future directions in data

Nationally comparable and complete data on youth diversions are not available, and have not been available over the two decades of this Report. Whilst data are collected on alleged offenders in the ABS Recorded Crime Offenders collection, the data quality for diversions by Indigenous status is currently not sufficient for national reporting purposes.

To assist in explaining the differences in diversion rates between Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous youth, information is also required on why alleged offenders were denied diversion (for example, not meeting eligibility criteria, unavailability of diversion programs and/or declining to participate in diversion).

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11.4 Repeat offending¹³

Box 11.4.1 Key messages

- While most Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people do not have contact with the justice system, the higher rates of incarceration among Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people compared to non-Indigenous people are strongly linked to higher rates of repeat offending.
- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander youth enter the criminal justice system at a younger age than non-Indigenous youth, which is a factor in their rates of return.
- Of all young people under sentenced supervision in 2018-19 and for whom their first supervision was at 10–13 years of age, 70 per cent were Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander. Over the period 2000-01 to 2018-19, 55 per cent of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people in sentenced supervision had more than one supervised sentence, compared to 34 per cent for non-Indigenous young people.
- The proportions of adult prisoners with prior adult imprisonment have increased for both Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous prisoners. In 2019, 78 per cent of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islanders prisoners had known prior adult imprisonment compared to 50 per cent of non-Indigenous prisoners, a ratio of 1.5 that has remained relatively unchanged for the last 20 years.
- Risk factors that disproportionately affect Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people relative to non-Indigenous people and contribute to their overrepresentation in return to supervision and re-incarceration include:
 - experience prior to prison
 - ... the higher prevalence of personal and situational risk factors for offending behaviours such as unstable housing, substance abuse and involvement with child protection services
 - ... institution and structural risk factors, from within and outside the criminal justice system
 - prison-life and post-prison experiences
 - ... limited culturally safe prison programs to address offending behaviours (including through healing past traumas)
 - ... lack of support services to facilitate transition back into the community on release.
- For prisons, there is evidence that re-incarceration of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander prisoners may be reduced through prison-provided support programs that are accessible, culturally safe, trauma-informed and:
 - have been developed and delivered by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people
 - extend beyond the prison environment to combine with health, legal and family support services.
- Enabling prisoners to remain connected with their community while in prison, such as through prison visits, can also reduce the risk of re-offending and re-incarceration.

¹³ The Steering Committee notes its appreciation to Dr Kyllie Cripps, University of NSW, who reviewed a draft of this section of the Report.

Box 11.4.2 Measures of repeat offending

There is currently no systematic national definition and data collection of repeat offending. The data for this section focuses on the re-incarceration aspect of repeat offending. There are two main measures for this indicator:

- *Adult re-incarceration* is defined as the proportion of prisoners currently under sentence with known prior adult imprisonment
- *Youth returns to sentenced supervision* is defined as the proportion of young people who return to sentenced supervision.

The most recent available data for prior adult imprisonment under sentence are from the ABS Prisoners in Australia collection for 30 June 2019 (all jurisdictions; sex). The most recent available data for young people returning to sentenced youth justice supervision are from the AIHW's Juvenile Justice National Minimum Dataset 2018-19 (national).

A supplementary measure of the proportion of offenders who were proceeded against by police is also reported (NSW, Queensland, SA, ACT and the NT; age; sex).

Repeat offending, or recidivism, refers to repetitious criminal activity. Repeat offending is difficult to measure accurately, as offences are not always detected or recorded by police, and court convictions do not necessarily result in contact with corrective services. Consequently, repeat offending is often defined as re-apprehension (in relation to police), re-conviction (in relation to courts) or re-incarceration (in relation to youth detention and adult imprisonment).

While most Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people do not come into contact with the justice system, the small proportion who do contribute significantly to the overrepresentation of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people in the criminal justice system due to the high rates of repeat offending (AIHW & AIFS 2013; Snowball and Weatherburn 2006). Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander youth are incarcerated at about 22 times the rate of non-Indigenous youth, and for adults it is about 12 times the rate of non-Indigenous adults (section 4.13 *Imprisonment and youth detention*).

Reducing re-incarceration is particularly important as prison has a significant impact on the lives of those who experience it, their families and communities. While imprisonment leads to social exclusion of people from their communities, repeat imprisonment further exacerbates this (Schwartz 2010), and the disadvantage ex-prisoners and their families often already experience. Their ongoing absence affects the family's ability to function without a breadwinner, without a parent or carer, and the role they had in the wider community.

While these issues are not unique to Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people they disproportionately affect them, as they combine with the other disadvantages they experience (at a greater rate than non-Indigenous people). Incarceration is a stronger predictor of the risk of future incarceration for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people than it is for non-Indigenous people (Ryan et al. 2019; Wundersitz 2010).

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander youth enter the criminal justice system at a younger age than non-Indigenous youth, which is factor in their return

People first enter the justice system when they are investigated by police for allegedly committing an offence. At this time, police can warn the alleged offender, or they may be proceeded against via court or non-court actions. An offender can be proceeded against by police¹⁴ multiple times during a given period.

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young offenders are proceeded against by police at a younger age than non-Indigenous offenders. In 2018-19 for jurisdictions with available data, the ratio of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander to non-Indigenous young offenders aged 10–14 years who were proceeded against varied. In the ACT, the rates were similar, and in the NT the rate of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young offenders aged 10–14 years who were proceeded against was five times the rate of non-Indigenous young offenders (table 11A.4.6). Research indicates some level of structural and institutional racism and bias (unconscious or otherwise) in Australian police services (Dwyer 2018; Harvey 2012; OPI 2011) which may explain some of the disparity between rates of being proceeded against by police for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous people.

Consistent with the age difference above for police apprehensions, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people enter their first period of sentenced supervision (detention or community-based supervision) at a younger age than non-Indigenous young people¹⁵. In 2018-19, of those under sentenced supervision, 70 per cent of those whose first supervision was at ages 10–13 years were Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander youth (AIHW 2020b).

The younger the age, the greater the proportion returning to sentenced supervision. Of sentenced children aged 10–12 years, 90 per cent of those whose first sentence was community-based returned to sentenced supervision, and 94 per cent of those whose first sentence was detention returned to sentenced supervision before the age of 18 years (AIHW 2020a). So, unsurprisingly, the rate of return to sentenced supervision is higher for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander youth compared to non-Indigenous youth. From 2000-01 to 2018-19, 55 per cent of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people in sentenced supervision had more than one supervised sentence, compared to 34 per cent for non-Indigenous young people (table 11A.4.3).

Within a 12-month period, the rate of return to detention is within six percentage points for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander youth and non-Indigenous youth (79 per cent and 75 per cent respectively for detainees returning 12 months after release in 2017-18, and 35 and 30 per cent for those released from community-based supervision) (table 11A.4.4).

¹⁴ The method of proceeding is the type of legal action (court or non-court) initiated by police against a person as a result of an investigation of an offence.

¹⁵ Sentenced supervision refers to both detention and community-based supervision. This is referenced here rather than the subset of detention as almost all first sentences are community-based, for both Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous youth (AIHW 2019).

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander adult prisoners have higher rates of prior imprisonment compared with non-Indigenous prisoners

In 2018-19 for jurisdictions with available data, 38 to 50 per cent of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander offenders were proceeded against by police on more than one occasion, compared with 16 to 34 per cent of non-Indigenous offenders (table 11A.4.5). (While available data on the number of times an offender was proceeded against does not include their age, the data reported by age (table 11A.4.6) shows that around 80 per cent of offenders proceeded against were aged 20 years or over, indicating that the all age population is sufficiently representative of the adult population.)

At 30 June 2019, 78 per cent of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander adult prisoners nationally had a known prior adult imprisonment. This proportion has changed little over the past 20 years (table 11A.4.1). Having a known prior imprisonment can significantly increase the risk of further incarceration, by up to 2.7 times that of a first-time prisoner (Ryan et al. 2019). Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander prisoners are more likely than non-Indigenous prisoners to have been in prison before. At 30 June 2019, the proportion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander prisoners with prior imprisonment was 1.5 times the proportion for non-Indigenous prisoners. This ratio has remained relatively constant over the past 20 years.

National data are not available by Indigenous status on the proportion of adults who leave prison and are re-incarcerated (the above data relate to only those re-incarcerated). However, a study of Queensland adult ex-prisoners found a similar gap in re-incarceration rates across Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous ex-prisoners (Ryan et al. 2019).

Why are rates of return to the criminal justice system higher for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander offenders than for non-Indigenous offenders?

Higher rates of repeat offending, as measured by repeat police apprehension, return to supervision or return to prison, for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people are in part due to the reasons they are more likely to be incarcerated in the first place (see section 4.13 *Imprisonment and youth detention*), including:

- higher prevalence of personal and situational risk factors – these factors include younger age profile (younger people have a higher risk of incarceration), cognitive impairment (offenders with cognitive impairment are almost three times as likely to reoffend than those without) (Shepherd et al. 2017), unstable housing, substance abuse, family problems, child protection involvement, peer delinquency and school related problems (Lind 2011; Ringland, Weatherburn and Poynton 2015; Ryan et al. 2020; Shepherd et al. 2017)
- structural and systemic issues — such as the lack of access to affordable justice services, lack of access to secure accommodation that is a disadvantage when applying for bail,

and lack of non-custodial sentencing options in some areas, which all disproportionately affect Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (ALRC 2017; Schwartz 2010).

These higher rates for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander offenders can also be explained in part by their treatment in prisons and on their release. The prison environment (the social, emotional, organizational and physical characteristics of a correctional institution) can support or hinder a prisoners' rehabilitation and reduce re-offending (Hall and Chong 2018) or they may be mistreated and, in the worst case, die (Commonwealth of Australia 2017; RCADIC 1991). While Australian prisons are well equipped to meet the non-criminogenic needs of most offenders, they may be less well equipped to support prisoners with other needs that are associated with re-offending and which are more likely to affect Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander prisoners, including:

- psychological distress and mental health disorders (including healing for past trauma)
- substance abuse
- poor treatment adherence and threatening behaviours (Ryan et al. 2019; Shepherd et al. 2018; Shepherd, Ogloff and Thomas 2016).

Enabling prisoners to remain connected with their community while in prison, such as through prison visits, can also reduce the risk of re-offending and re-incarceration (Lafferty et al. 2016; Ryan et al. 2020). It is particularly important for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander young people as connection with community is a key part of their culture and healing (Government of South Australia 2020), and due to other factors the connection may be more difficult to maintain. For example, the more times a prisoner has been incarcerated, the less likely they are to be visited, and travel distance also decreases the likelihood of visitation. For these, and other reasons, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people may be unable to maintain their community connections as readily as they would have outside of prison or to the same extent as non-Indigenous people (Ryan et al. 2020).

The lack of suitable support available for ex-offenders to re-integrate them back into community is also a factor in re-offending (Abbott et al. 2018; Standing Committee on Social Issues 2008) and these supports are likely to be needed by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people more than non-Indigenous people, due to their pre-existing disadvantage. For example, suitable housing and employment are vital factors in social re-integration — people leaving prison may experience distrust by employers and rental agents (Baldry et al. 2006; Dawes et al. 2017; Ryan et al. 2019, 2020), and if this disadvantage is overlaid with racism they will have great difficulties finding employment and housing. Common reasons for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander prisoners returning to custody, in addition to breaching parole conditions, are unsupported health needs, lack of employment, lack of housing, substance abuse and domestic violence (Apted, Hew and Sinha 2013; Shepherd, Ogloff and Thomas 2016).

How can the cycle of reoffending and return to custody be broken for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people?

Along with addressing the personal, structural and systemic risk factors that lead Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people to enter detention (prison) or supervision more regularly than non-Indigenous people in the first place (see section 4.13 *Imprisonment and youth detention*), the keys to reducing the overrepresentation of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people in detention (prison), are by focussing on:

- rehabilitation (including healing for childhood trauma) while they are in prison
- including prisoners on remand in programs
- helping them integrate back into their communities.

In contrast to the factors that lead to supervision, incarceration (see section 4.13 *Imprisonment and youth detention*) and re-incarceration, a range of protective factors can influence the experience of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander prisoners in custody and their prospects when they are released. If programs are provided in prison or youth detention, that effectively address offending behaviours (including through addressing childhood trauma), rehabilitate, support and prepare people for release, the risk of repeat offending may be reduced — for example, programs that address mental health disorders and cognitive impairment and meet their complex support needs (McCausland, McEntyre and Baldry 2017). These programs need to be accessible, trauma-informed, culturally safe, developed and delivered by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people, extend beyond the prison environment, and be combined with strong health, legal and family support services (ALRC 2017; Ryan et al. 2019; Shepherd, Ogloff and Thomas 2016).

Further work is needed to understand which programs will best support the wellbeing of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people in prison. A recent systematic review of colonised countries (including Australia) found a lack of quality evidence on what works in prisons, noting ‘there is a moral, social and practical imperative to build a strong evidence base on this topic’ (Perdacher, Kavanagh and Sheffield 2019). However, the study did note that despite the limited evidence, culturally-based interventions delivered or supported by indigenous facilitators appeared to have potential for increased recovery from trauma, reduced alcohol-related problems and lower reoffending.

For Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people leaving prison, culturally safe programs to re-integrate them into community are also important (Dawes and Davidson 2019) as are programs that are accessible and timely and which address the living experience of those about to leave prison (Sheehan 2019). Seeking solutions to criminal offending outside the penal system, supporting and strengthening communities to address the social and economic causes of crime and considering alternatives to imprisonment for minor offences (Schwartz 2010) are also key to breaking the cycle of repeat offending, and justice reinvestment may also be a way of doing this (Dawes and Davidson 2019). Other approaches are discussed in section 4.13 *Imprisonment and youth detention*.

Future directions in data

The Australian Bureau of Statistics is working with corrective services agencies to explore ways to improve adult prisoner flow data to build a more accurate picture of incarceration.

The data for adults and youth are not directly comparable, as data for adults are limited in scope to those that have returned to prison. Data on the proportion of adult prisoners who are released and returned to prison or community corrections within two years of release (sourced from corrective services agencies) are available, but the data are not disaggregated by Indigenous status. This disaggregation would provide a useful comparison with youth detention data.

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11.5 Community functioning¹⁶

Box 11.5.1 Key messages

- Community functioning is defined in the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Performance Framework (ATSIHPF) as the ability and freedom of community members and communities to determine the context of their lives and to translate their capabilities into positive actions towards a valued life.
- Research shows that community functioning is strongly associated with individual wellbeing and that individuals with high levels of connectedness, resilience and safety were more likely to be satisfied with their life, and to be generally happier.
- Themes important to community functioning are: connectedness to Country, lands and history, culture and identity; resilience; leadership; having a role, structure and routine; feeling safe; and vitality. Whilst there is no overall measure of community functioning, considering outcomes across the six themes builds an overall picture.
- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people's understandings of community and community functioning may differ from Western or policy-centred understandings which are confined to a geographic area. Rather, their understandings of 'community' may be defined in terms of the metaphysical, geophysical or biophysical, and across generations.

Box 11.5.2 Measures of community functioning

There is no main measure for this indicator. Community functioning is a complex concept and includes analysis of a range of factors. Descriptors and findings are reported for:

- the six themes of community functioning
- selected variables contributing to each community functioning theme.

Themes and findings are drawn from the work undertaken for the Australian Health Ministers' Advisory Council Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Performance Framework (ATSIHPF). There are no new data available for this report. The most recent available data are from the ABS National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey (NATSISS) for 2014-15 (national; remoteness).

Community functioning, in the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Performance Framework (ATSIHPF), is defined as 'the ability and freedom of community members and communities to determine the context of their lives and to translate capability into action' (AHMAC 2017). The conversion of capabilities into functioning is influenced by the values, and personal characteristics of individuals, along with families and communities, and the environments in which they live. Different cultures will give greater or lesser priority to different aspects of functioning, and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people's understandings of community, and community functioning may differ from Western

¹⁶ The Steering Committee notes its appreciation to Dr Kyllie Cripps, University of NSW, who reviewed a draft of this section of the Report.

understandings which are service or policy-oriented (Taylor et al. 2011). For example, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people's understandings of community may not be place-based or confined to a geographic area but, instead, be defined in terms of the metaphysical, geophysical or biophysical, and across generations; identities that are made up of the land-sea-spirit, cultures, and people (Taylor et al. 2011).

Workshops led by Aboriginal facilitators, on behalf of the work program for the ATSIHPF report, developed the concept of community functioning with Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people in 2008 and 2010. Participants identified a number of key themes and weighted these according to their relative value (table 11.5.1). The multiple constructs, in combination, build an overall picture of community functioning for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people. The information presented here aligns with that in the ATSIHPF report.

Research shows that community functioning is strongly associated with individual wellbeing, and that individuals with high levels of connectedness, resilience and safety were more likely to be satisfied with their life, and to be generally happier (Biddle 2017).

Findings for community functioning themes

A summary of key findings using data from the 2014-15 NATSISS, which is an individual-level survey, is outlined for each community functioning theme. Further survey results of selected variables contributing to community functioning themes are available in table 11A.5.1, with 2002 and 2008 data reported where comparable. Data by remoteness areas are in tables 11A.5.2–4 for 2014-15 and tables 11A.5.5-6 for 2008.

Connectedness to Country, lands and history, culture and identity

Nationally, in 2014-15, for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people:

- 74 per cent recognised their traditional lands, similar to 72 per cent in 2008. A higher proportion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people in remote (84 per cent) and very remote (91 per cent) areas recognised their traditional lands compared with those in major cities (67 per cent)
- 62 per cent identified with a clan or language group, similar to in 2008
- 95 per cent had contact with family or friends outside the household at least once per week (similar to 2008) and 82 per cent had friends to confide in
- 90 per cent felt able to have a say with family and friends, some or more of the time. The proportion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people who felt able to have a say ranged from 91 per cent in major cities to 84 per cent in very remote areas (tables 11A.5.1–2).

Refer to sections 5.1 *Valuing Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people and their cultures*, 5.7 *Participation in community activities* and 5.8 *Access to traditional lands and waters* for further information.

Table 11.5.1 Themes contributing to community functioning

<i>Measure of functioning/ Weight (per cent)</i>	<i>Descriptor</i>
Connectedness to country, land and history, culture and identity (25 per cent)	• Being connected to country, land, family and spirit • Strong and positive social networks with Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians • Strong sense of identity and being part of a collective (knowing where you are from, who is your family) • Sharing; giving and receiving; trust; love; looking out for others • Engaged/communicative
Resilience (20 per cent)	• Coping with the internal and external world • Power to control choices and options • Ability to proceed in public without shame • Optimising what you have • Challenge injustice and racism, stand up when required • Cope well with difference, flexibility and accommodating • Ability to walk in two worlds • Engaged in decision making • External social contacts
Leadership (20 per cent)	• Strong elders in family and community, both male and female • Role models, both male and female • Strong direction, vision • The 'rock', someone who has time to listen and advise
Having a role, structure and routine (15 per cent)	• Having a role for self: participation, contributing through paid and unpaid roles • Capabilities and skills derived through social structures and experience through non formal education • Knowing boundaries and acceptable behaviours • Sense of place — knowing your place in family and society • Being valued and acknowledged • Disciplined
Feeling safe (10 per cent)	• Lack of physical and lateral violence • Safe places • Emotional security • Cultural competency • Relationships that can sustain disagreement
Vitality (10 per cent)	• Community infrastructure • Access to services • Education • Health • Income • Employment

Source: AHMAC (2015) *Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Performance Framework 2014 Report*, Canberra.

Resilience

Nationally, in 2014-15, for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people:

- 86 per cent did not avoid situations due to past unfair treatment
- 89 per cent felt they were able to find general support from outside the household
- 59 per cent had provided support to someone outside their household in the last month
- 81 per cent agreed that their doctor could be trusted, and 70 per cent agreed that the local school could be trusted. A higher proportion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people in remote areas (73 per cent) and very remote areas (82 per cent) had trust in their local school, compared with people in major cities (68 per cent). There were no significant differences for trust in doctors across regions
- 20 per cent had involvement with an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander organisation, similar to in 2008
- 97 per cent of adults participated in sport/social/community activities in the past 12 months (tables 11A.5.1-2).

Refer to sections 5.1 *Valuing Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people and their cultures* and 5.7 *Participation in community activities* for further information.

Leadership

Nationally, in 2014-15, for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people:

- 44 per cent of children aged 4–14 years had spent time with an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander leader or elder in the last week (table 11A.5.1).

Refer to section 5.4 *Case studies in governance* for further general information on leadership and governance.

Having a role, structure and routine

Nationally, in 2014-15, for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people:

- 77 per cent had lived in only one dwelling in the last 12 months or longer
- 96 per cent of children aged 0–14 years had participated in informal learning activities with their main carer in the last week (table 11A.5.1).

Feeling safe

Nationally, in 2014-15, for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people:

- 78 per cent had not experienced physical and/or threatened violence in the last 12 months, similar to 2008

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- 84 per cent felt safe at home alone after dark
 - 54 per cent of children aged 2–14 years were taught Indigenous cultures at school
 - 97 per cent had not been incarcerated in the last five years (and 91 per cent had never been incarcerated in their lifetime) (table 11A.5.1).

Vitality

Nationally, in 2014-15, for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people:

- 55 per cent had no disability or (restrictive) long-term health condition
- 66 per cent had a low/moderate level of psychological distress
- 72 per cent lived in a dwelling that had no major structural problems
- 75 per cent could easily get to places needed, similar to in 2008 (table 11A.5.1).

Refer to sections 4.3 *Early childhood education*, 4.4 *Reading, writing and numeracy*, 4.6 *Year 12 attainment*, 4.7 *Employment*, 4.8 *Post-secondary education*, 4.9 *Disability and chronic disease*, 4.10 *Household and individual income*, 5.3 *Engagement of services* and chapter 8 *Healthy lives* for further information on factors connected to vitality.

Future directions in data

The Mayi Kuwayu Study is a relatively new longitudinal data set that explores how the health and wellbeing of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people is linked to connection to Country, cultural practices, spirituality and language use. Research using this data set is not yet available, but may quantify the associations and pathways between cultural practice and expression, social determinants of health, health behaviours, and health and wellbeing outcomes for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people.

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Chapter 11 Safe and supportive communities — attachment

The tables in this file accompany the report, Overcoming Indigenous Disadvantage: Key Indicators 2020, prepared by the Productivity Commission for the Steering Committee for the Review of Government Service Provision. The report is available on the Review website (www.pc.gov.au/oid2020).

This file is available in both Microsoft Excel and Adobe PDF formats on the Review website (www.pc.gov.au/oid2020).

Attachment contents

Section 11.1 Alcohol consumption and harm

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Table 11A.1.2	Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (aged 18 years or over), by state and territory, by remoteness, 2012-13 and 2018-19 (crude rates)
Table 11A.1.3	Alcohol risk levels of persons (aged 18 years or over), by Indigenous status, by state and territory, 2011–13 and 2017–19 (age-standardised)
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Section 11.1

TABLE 11A.1.1

Table 11A.1.1 **Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (aged 18 years or over), by state and territory, 2012-13 and 2018-19 (crude rates) (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2018-19										
Number										
Abstainers (d)	no.	38 100	7 100	33 700	15 000	7 100	2 800	500	20 700	124 800
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (e)										
In last 12 months,										
less often than once a week (f)	no.	56 800	11 400	44 300	22 500	9 500	6 800	2 100	10 800	164 100
at least once a week (g)	no.	31 700	7 600	27 500	13 100	3 300	2 500	800	8 900	95 100
on at least one occasion (h)	no.	87 900	18 900	71 600	35 800	13 100	9 500	2 800	19 500	259 200
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (i)										
in the last week	no.	32 400	6 600	32 700	11 200	4 100	2 800	1 100	6 000	97 100
Persons aged 18 years or over	no.	163 400	35 600	132 900	59 500	25 700	18 100	4 900	47 100	486 300
Proportion										
Abstainers (d)	%	23.3	19.9	25.4	25.2	27.6	15.5	10.2	43.9	25.7
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (e)										
In last 12 months,										
less often than once a week (f)	%	34.8	32.0	33.3	37.8	37.0	37.6	42.9	22.9	33.7
at least once a week (g)	%	19.4	21.3	20.7	22.0	12.8	13.8	16.3	18.9	19.6
on at least one occasion (h)	%	53.8	53.1	53.9	60.2	51.0	52.5	57.1	41.4	53.3
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (i)										
in the last week	%	19.8	18.5	24.6	18.8	16.0	15.5	22.4	12.7	20.0
Relative standard error										
Abstainers (d)	%	8.5	12.6	11.4	8.1	11.6	12.2	25.5	6.5	4.6

TABLE 11A.1.1

Table 11A.1.1 **Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (aged 18 years or over), by state and territory, 2012-13 and 2018-19 (crude rates) (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (e)										
In last 12 months,										
less often than once a week (f)	%	7.2	11.6	8.4	7.6	9.5	7.7	16.3	7.8	3.9
at least once a week (g)	%	11.6	13.9	10.6	10.2	22.7	18.1	21.9	13.8	5.7
on at least one occasion (h)	%	4.9	7.8	5.9	3.8	7.1	6.4	10.9	6.0	2.5
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (i)										
in the last week	%	11.6	14.1	11.2	12.8	22.3	16.1	25.1	12.9	6.1
95 per cent confidence intervals										
Abstainers (d)	±	3.9	4.9	5.7	4.0	6.3	3.7	5.1	5.6	2.3
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (e)										
In last 12 months,										
less often than once a week (f)	±	4.9	7.3	5.5	5.6	6.9	5.7	13.7	3.5	2.6
at least once a week (g)	±	4.4	5.8	4.3	4.4	5.7	4.9	7.0	5.1	2.2
on at least one occasion (h)	±	5.2	8.1	6.2	4.5	7.1	6.6	12.2	4.9	2.6
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (i)										
in the last week	±	4.5	5.1	5.4	4.7	7.0	4.9	11.0	3.2	2.4
2012-13										
Number										
Abstainers (d)	no.	20 059	4 289	21 204	11 229	4 988	2 032	404	18 980	83 184
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (e)										
In last 12 months,										
less often than once a week (f)	no.	45 734	11 854	38 333	15 655	7 456	5 510	2 029	9 084	135 655
at least once a week (g)	no.	21 102	4 424	21 352	12 848	3 757	2 592	512	6 473	73 061
on at least one occasion (h)	no.	66 836	16 278	59 685	28 503	11 213	8 102	2 541	15 557	208 716

TABLE 11A.1.1

Table 11A.1.1 **Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (aged 18 years or over), by state and territory, 2012-13 and 2018-19 (crude rates) (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (i)										
in the last week	no.	22 144	5 599	19 494	11 327	4 687	2 591	569	5 838	72 250
Persons aged 18 years or over	no.	113 740	26 376	100 672	47 729	20 774	13 554	3 580	39 443	365 868
Proportion										
Abstainers (d)	%	17.6	16.3	21.1	23.5	24.0	15.0	11.3	48.1	22.7
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (e)										
In last 12 months,										
less often than once a week (f)	%	40.2	44.9	38.1	32.8	35.9	40.7	56.7	23.0	37.1
at least once a week (g)	%	18.6	16.8	21.2	26.9	18.1	19.1	14.3	16.4	20.0
on at least one occasion (h)	%	58.8	61.7	59.3	59.7	54.0	59.8	71.0	39.4	57.0
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (i)										
in the last week	%	19.5	21.2	19.4	23.7	22.6	19.1	15.9	14.8	19.7
Relative standard error										
Abstainers (d)	%	9.6	11.1	7.1	9.6	10.0	12.0	23.3	7.2	3.7
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (e)										
In last 12 months,										
less often than once a week (f)	%	5.0	5.7	5.5	6.5	6.4	5.3	8.6	9.4	2.4
at least once a week (g)	%	9.6	11.6	9.1	9.2	12.0	10.4	25.0	14.4	4.1
on at least one occasion (h)	%	3.3	3.8	3.4	3.9	5.0	3.3	5.7	7.6	1.7
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (i)										
in the last week	%	8.1	10.6	10.3	8.2	10.5	11.4	21.3	13.8	4.2
95 per cent confidence intervals										
Abstainers (d)	±	3.3	3.6	2.9	4.4	4.7	3.5	5.2	6.7	1.6

TABLE 11A.1.1

Table 11A.1.1 **Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (aged 18 years or over), by state and territory, 2012-13 and 2018-19 (crude rates) (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (e)										
In last 12 months,										
less often than once a week (f)	±	4.0	5.0	4.1	4.2	4.5	4.2	9.6	4.3	1.8
at least once a week (g)	±	3.5	3.8	3.8	4.9	4.2	3.9	7.0	4.6	1.6
on at least one occasion (h)	±	3.8	4.6	3.9	4.6	5.3	3.9	7.9	5.9	1.9
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (i)										
in the last week	±	3.1	4.4	3.9	3.8	4.6	4.3	6.6	4.0	1.6

- (a) The 2009 NHMRC guidelines advise that on a single occasion of drinking, the risk of alcohol-related injury increases with the amount consumed. For healthy men and women, 'drinking no more than four standard drinks on a single occasion reduces the risk of alcohol-related injury arising from that occasion'. A single occasion of drinking refers to a person consuming a sequence of drinks without their blood alcohol concentration reaching zero in-between. The 2009 National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) guidelines for reducing health risks associated with the consumption of alcohol state that, for healthy men and women, 'drinking no more than two standard drinks on any day reduces the lifetime risk of harm from alcohol-related disease or injury'.
- (b) Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted by the ABS to avoid the release of confidential data. Discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.
- (c) Estimates of proportions with a 95 per cent confidence interval that is plus or minus 10 percentage points or above (or whose interval includes 0 per cent or 100 per cent) should be used with caution.
- (d) No alcohol consumed in previous 12 months (including never consumed alcohol).
- (e) Based on responses to questions in 2018-19 NATSIHS about frequency of consumption of specified number of drinks in previous year. The number of drinks was based on the NHMRC guidelines for exceeding single occasion risk guidelines for alcohol consumption for males and females. Includes people who did not remember when they last consumed alcohol. Data excludes people who exceeded the guidelines in the last 12 months, but could not recall how often. Data are directly comparable with single occasion risk by frequency data from the 2012-13 NATSIHS and 2011-12 NHS, published in the 2012-13 NIRA performance report.
- (f) Persons who exceeded single occasion risk guidelines less than once a week in the previous 12 months.
- (g) Persons who exceeded single occasion risk guidelines at least once a week in the previous 12 months.
- (h) Persons who exceeded single occasion risk guidelines on at least one occasion in the previous 12 months.

TABLE 11A.1.1

Table 11A.1.1 Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (aged 18 years or over), by state and territory, 2012-13 and 2018-19 (crude rates) (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(i)	Lifetime risk has been operationalised for data collection purposes as: for both males and females, an average of more than 2 standard drinks per day in the last week, that is total alcohol consumption divided by the number of days to determine average per day. Note consumption based on week before the interview, does not take into account whether consumption in that week was more, less or the same as usual.									

Source : ABS (2019) *National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey, 2018-19*, Cat. no. 4715.0, Canberra, Table 26.1; ABS (unpublished) Australian Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey 2012-13 (2012-13 NATSIHS component).

TABLE 11A.1.2

Table 11A.1.2 **Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (aged 18 years or over), by state and territory, by remoteness, 2012-13 and 2018-19 (crude rates) (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2018-19										
Proportion										
Abstainers (e)										
Major cities	%	17.9	16.9	20.7	16.9	27.4	..	10.2	..	18.9
Inner regional	%	27.6	24.8	20.1	37.2	21.7	15.5	na	..	24.4
Outer regional	%	30.7	14.3	30.9	25.6	19.6	13.9	..	33.0	28.2
Remote	%	20.5	na	24.4	30.6	22.2	16.7	..	34.0	27.9
Total outer regional and remote	%	28.8	14.3	30.6	29.6	18.0	15.2	..	32.4	27.9
Very remote	%	31.2	..	33.8	30.5	50.0	na	..	54.0	42.5
Total regional and remote	%	28.0	22.3	27.2	30.5	27.0	15.5	..	43.9	29.6
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (f)										
Major cities	%	52.7	50.8	53.8	65.8	46.6	..	57.1	..	53.0
Inner regional	%	54.3	53.0	55.6	58.1	69.6	52.4	na	..	54.3
Outer regional	%	61.7	69.4	52.6	53.8	58.8	54.2	..	42.0	54.3
Remote	%	59.0	na	60.5	63.5	66.7	66.7	..	56.3	60.0
Total outer regional and remote	%	60.3	69.4	53.5	59.7	62.3	54.4	..	48.0	55.5
Very remote	%	56.2	..	58.9	57.6	39.3	na	..	37.4	48.5
Total regional and remote	%	55.1	56.6	56.2	57.9	58.6	53.0	..	42.3	53.7
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (g)										
Major cities	%	20.2	15.9	23.4	13.1	15.1	..	22.4	..	18.7
Inner regional	%	20.3	23.1	23.0	41.9	17.4	14.6	na	..	21.7
Outer regional	%	19.9	20.4	26.9	25.6	23.5	16.7	..	19.0	23.2
Remote	%	38.5	na	20.9	18.8	33.3	16.7	..	23.3	22.7
Total outer regional and remote	%	19.5	20.4	27.4	22.0	23.0	17.7	..	19.6	22.9

TABLE 11A.1.2

Table 11A.1.2 **Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (aged 18 years or over), by state and territory, by remoteness, 2012-13 and 2018-19 (crude rates) (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Very remote	%	31.2	..	19.9	20.5	3.6	na	..	7.2	14.4
Total regional and remote	%	20.0	21.7	25.9	23.4	16.2	15.5	..	12.7	20.8
Relative standard error										
Abstainers (e)										
Major cities	%	15.1	26.3	22.9	19.3	15.8	..	25.5	..	9.2
Inner regional	%	15.0	16.5	21.1	29.4	40.0	18.8	na	..	8.8
Outer regional	%	18.4	27.8	32.0	21.1	37.7	20.6	..	13.1	13.4
Remote	%	na	na	17.1	18.3	na	na	..	13.8	9.3
Total outer regional and remote	%	17.5	27.8	25.3	13.1	32.6	17.5	..	10.2	10.2
Very remote	%	33.5	..	13.1	15.1	17.7	na	..	8.7	6.1
Total regional and remote	%	11.1	14.0	13.9	9.0	15.1	12.2	..	6.5	5.2
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (f)										
Major cities	%	7.0	12.8	11.4	7.6	11.2	..	10.9	..	4.1
Inner regional	%	8.8	10.2	9.1	11.3	18.6	9.2	na	..	5.0
Outer regional	%	13.1	12.4	23.0	19.4	12.5	11.8	..	10.2	7.0
Remote	%	18.7	na	8.5	5.5	14.0	29.8	..	9.2	3.7
Total outer regional and remote	%	11.8	12.4	17.4	9.3	8.5	11.3	..	7.7	5.2
Very remote	%	30.7	..	8.9	7.7	22.8	na	..	11.2	5.0
Total regional and remote	%	6.8	7.6	7.4	5.6	8.8	6.1	..	5.9	3.1
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (g)										
Major cities	%	17.7	25.7	17.7	21.0	27.4	..	25.1	..	10.4
Inner regional	%	22.4	19.4	22.4	32.9	na	18.9	na	..	12.5
Outer regional	%	21.5	34.5	34.5	38.5	na	28.1	..	20.1	14.3
Remote	%	29.2	na	30.0	32.0	27.3	na	..	18.0	12.6

TABLE 11A.1.2

Table 11A.1.2 **Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (aged 18 years or over), by state and territory, by remoteness, 2012-13 and 2018-19 (crude rates) (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total outer regional and remote	%	19.1	34.5	26.8	26.2	43.0	25.9	..	15.1	11.4
Very remote	%	37.0	..	20.5	21.7	na	na	..	27.6	12.0
Total regional and remote	%	14.8	16.2	14.0	15.0	39.7	16.1	..	12.9	7.1
95 per cent confidence intervals										
Abstainers (e)										
Major cities	±	5.3	8.7	9.3	6.4	8.5	..	5.1	..	3.4
Inner regional	±	8.1	8.0	8.3	21.4	17.0	5.7	na	..	4.2
Outer regional	±	11.1	7.8	19.4	10.6	14.5	5.6	..	8.5	7.4
Remote	±	na	na	8.2	11.0	na	na	..	9.2	5.1
Total outer regional and remote	±	9.9	7.8	15.2	7.6	11.5	5.2	..	6.5	5.6
Very remote	±	20.5	..	8.7	9.0	17.3	na	..	9.2	5.1
Total regional and remote	±	6.1	6.1	7.4	5.4	8.0	3.7	..	5.6	3.0
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (f)										
Major cities	±	7.2	12.7	12.0	9.8	10.2	..	12.2	..	4.3
Inner regional	±	9.4	10.6	9.9	12.9	25.4	9.4	na	..	5.3
Outer regional	±	15.8	16.9	23.7	20.5	14.4	12.5	..	8.4	7.4
Remote	±	21.6	na	10.1	6.8	18.3	39.0	..	10.2	4.4
Total outer regional and remote	±	13.9	16.9	18.2	10.9	10.4	12.0	..	7.2	5.7
Very remote	±	33.8	..	10.3	8.7	17.6	na	..	8.2	4.8
Total regional and remote	±	7.3	8.4	8.2	6.4	10.1	6.3	..	4.9	3.3
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (g)										
Major cities	±	7.0	8.0	8.1	5.4	8.1	..	11.0	..	3.8
Inner regional	±	8.9	8.8	10.1	27.0	na	5.4	na	..	5.3
Outer regional	±	8.4	13.8	18.2	19.3	na	9.2	..	7.5	6.5

TABLE 11A.1.2

Table 11A.1.2 **Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (aged 18 years or over), by state and territory, by remoteness, 2012-13 and 2018-19 (crude rates) (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Remote	±	22.0	na	12.3	11.8	17.8	na	..	8.2	5.6
Total outer regional and remote	±	7.3	13.8	14.4	11.3	19.4	9.0	..	5.8	5.1
Very remote	±	22.6	..	8.0	8.7	na	na	..	3.9	3.4
Total regional and remote	±	5.8	6.9	7.1	6.9	12.6	4.9	..	3.2	2.9
2012-13										
Proportion										
Abstainers (e)										
Major cities	%	15.9	19.3	13.0	16.1	13.7	..	11.3	..	15.2
Inner regional	%	17.3	13.6	16.2	9.0	19.5	17.1	—	..	16.3
Outer regional	%	23.4	11.6	28.2	17.4	29.8	12.4	..	20.2	23.4
Remote	%	16.7	—	22.4	24.2	25.5	13.1	..	31.9	25.0
Very remote	%	15.0	..	31.5	41.8	53.4	na	..	62.0	47.8
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (f)										
Major cities	%	58.1	63.1	62.6	61.2	55.1	..	71.0	..	60.3
Inner regional	%	62.7	61.5	61.3	70.8	70.5	57.2	—	..	62.2
Outer regional	%	49.2	63.1	53.2	63.8	54.5	64.2	..	57.3	54.8
Remote	%	73.7	—	65.8	66.4	60.8	50.7	..	54.4	63.0
Very remote	%	72.9	..	61.8	52.5	40.0	na	..	30.9	45.3
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (g)										
Major cities	%	18.1	18.3	18.7	25.9	21.5	..	15.9	..	19.6
Inner regional	%	19.9	24.2	19.9	21.5	40.9	20.2	—	..	20.9
Outer regional	%	19.2	24.9	18.1	24.6	21.0	17.6	..	24.3	20.0
Remote	%	28.6	—	19.6	30.3	23.6	19.7	..	21.4	24.4
Very remote	%	31.7	..	23.1	15.7	17.8	na	..	9.7	15.6

TABLE 11A.1.2

Table 11A.1.2 **Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (aged 18 years or over), by state and territory, by remoteness, 2012-13 and 2018-19 (crude rates) (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Relative standard error										
Abstainers (e)										
Major cities	%	15.4	14.8	17.1	13.3	22.2	..	23.3	..	7.6
Inner regional	%	11.8	20.4	25.2	47.7	54.1	16.3	—	..	9.0
Outer regional	%	30.4	38.0	10.9	30.1	17.1	18.8	..	22.4	9.2
Remote	%	27.8	—	18.9	14.3	36.4	34.5	..	18.0	8.6
Very remote	%	41.2	..	10.2	17.3	13.6	na	..	8.6	5.9
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (f)										
Major cities	%	6.1	5.6	5.0	5.1	6.5	..	5.7	..	2.7
Inner regional	%	5.1	8.0	11.1	13.1	14.0	5.9	..	..	3.3
Outer regional	%	8.6	9.9	7.3	8.6	10.4	6.0	..	8.4	3.5
Remote	%	7.2	—	4.8	6.6	23.1	61.8	..	7.5	3.1
Very remote	%	10.2	..	6.3	12.1	24.7	na	..	14.9	5.8
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (g)										
Major cities	%	12.6	15.5	20.9	12.2	15.3	..	21.3	..	7.3
Inner regional	%	12.2	18.4	21.0	47.8	27.9	15.5	—	..	7.6
Outer regional	%	26.5	22.6	23.8	12.2	21.3	17.0	..	28.8	11.0
Remote	%	27.5	—	30.8	14.5	40.7	34.5	..	18.2	10.6
Very remote	%	32.0	..	18.6	27.8	36.4	na	..	22.9	10.7
95 per cent confidence intervals										
Abstainers (e)										
Major cities	%	4.8	5.6	4.3	4.2	5.9	..	5.2	..	2.3
Inner regional	%	4.0	5.4	8.0	8.4	20.7	5.4	—	..	2.9
Outer regional	%	13.9	8.6	6.0	10.2	10.0	4.6	..	8.9	4.2

TABLE 11A.1.2

Table 11A.1.2 **Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (aged 18 years or over), by state and territory, by remoteness, 2012-13 and 2018-19 (crude rates) (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Remote	%	9.1	–	8.3	6.8	18.2	8.9	..	11.3	4.2
Very remote	%	12.1	..	6.3	14.2	14.2	na	..	10.5	5.6
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (f)										
Major cities	%	7.0	6.9	6.2	6.1	7.1	..	7.9	..	3.2
Inner regional	%	6.3	9.6	13.3	18.2	19.4	6.6	–	..	4.0
Outer regional	%	8.3	12.3	7.6	10.7	11.1	7.6	..	9.4	3.8
Remote	%	10.4	–	6.2	8.5	27.6	61.3	..	8.0	3.8
Very remote	%	14.6	..	7.6	12.5	19.3	na	..	9.0	5.1
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (g)										
Major cities	%	4.5	5.6	7.6	6.2	6.5	..	6.6	..	2.8
Inner regional	%	4.7	8.7	8.2	20.2	22.4	6.1	–	..	3.1
Outer regional	%	10.0	11.0	8.5	5.9	8.8	5.9	..	13.7	4.3
Remote	%	15.4	–	11.8	8.6	18.9	13.4	..	7.6	5.1
Very remote	%	19.9	..	8.4	8.5	12.7	na	..	4.3	3.3

- (a) The 2009 NHMRC guidelines advise that on a single occasion of drinking, the risk of alcohol-related injury increases with the amount consumed. For healthy men and women, 'drinking no more than four standard drinks on a single occasion reduces the risk of alcohol-related injury arising from that occasion'. A single occasion of drinking refers to a person consuming a sequence of drinks without their blood alcohol concentration reaching zero in-between. The 2009 National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) guidelines for reducing health risks associated with the consumption of alcohol state that, for healthy men and women, 'drinking no more than two standard drinks on any day reduces the lifetime risk of harm from alcohol-related disease or injury'.
- (b) Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted by the ABS to avoid the release of confidential data. Discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.
- (c) Estimates of proportions with a 95 per cent confidence interval that is plus or minus 10 percentage points or above or whose interval includes 0 per cent or 100 per cent, should be used with caution. Estimates with a 95 per cent confidence interval that is not published (that is, cells with '**') have numerators with RSEs greater than 50 per cent and therefore these rates are considered too unreliable for general use.

Table 11A.1.2 Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (aged 18 years or over), by state and territory, by remoteness, 2012-13 and 2018-19 (crude rates) (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(d)	The 2018-19 NATSIHS sample frame excluded households from Remote areas in Victoria, Very remote areas in Tasmania, and Inner regional areas in the ACT.									
(e)	No alcohol consumed in previous 12 months (including never consumed alcohol).									
(f)	The number of drinks was based on the NHMRC guidelines for exceeding single occasion risk guidelines for alcohol consumption for males and females. Includes people who did not remember when they last consumed alcohol. Data includes people who exceeded the guidelines in the last 12 months, but could not recall how often. Data are not directly comparable with single occasion risk by remoteness data from the 2012-13 NATSIHS and 2011-12 NHS, published in the 2012-13 NIRA performance report, which excluded people who exceeded the guidelines, but could not recall how often.									
(g)	Lifetime risk has been operationalised for data collection purposes as: for both males and females, an average of more than 2 standard drinks per day in the last week, that is total alcohol consumption divided by the number of days to determine average per day. Note consumption based on week before the interview, does not take into account whether consumption in that week was more, less or the same as usual.									
	na Not available. .. Not applicable. np Not published.									

Source: ABS (2019) *National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey, 2018-19*, Cat. no. 4715.0, Canberra, Table 26.3; ABS (unpublished) Australian Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey 2012-13 (2012-13 NATSIHS component).

TABLE 11A.1.3

Table 11A.1.3 **Alcohol risk levels of persons (aged 18 years or over), by Indigenous status, by state and territory, 2011–13 and 2017–19 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2017–19										
Proportion										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people, 2018-19										
Abstainers (h)	%	25.3	20.7	29.2	28.1	28.7	15.0	12.8	47.0	28.1
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (i)										
In last 12 months										
less often than once a week (j)	%	31.9	29.7	29.2	33.7	32.6	34.2	36.8	20.3	30.3
at least once a week (k)	%	20.2	21.4	20.6	21.7	13.4	14.4	15.5	18.4	19.8
on at least one occasion (l)	%	51.7	50.9	49.6	55.6	47.2	49.5	51.5	38.3	50.1
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (m)										
In the last week	%	20.2	18.6	23.2	18.4	16.0	16.3	23.4	12.3	19.7
Persons aged 18 years or over (n)	no.	163 400	35 600	132 900	59 500	25 700	18 100	4 900	47 100	486 300
Non-Indigenous people, 2017-18										
Abstainers (h)	%	21.7	20.7	18.5	16.7	19.2	13.1	17.9	19.8	19.8
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (i)										
In last 12 months										
less often than once a week (j)	%	27.9	32.1	32.5	30.5	29.4	35.8	33.2	29.7	30.6
at least once a week (k)	%	12.2	10.0	14.9	14.4	12.9	13.3	9.7	18.1	12.5
on at least one occasion (l)	%	40.0	42.2	47.4	44.9	42.7	48.8	43.3	48.1	43.0
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (m)										
In the last week	%	15.6	14.3	17.1	18.5	16.1	16.9	15.4	22.6	16.0
Persons aged 18 years or over (n)	no.	5 881 500	4 869 300	3 573 200	1 877 700	1 306 200	382 700	307 000	121 700	18 324 300

TABLE 11A.1.3

Table 11A.1.3 **Alcohol risk levels of persons (aged 18 years or over), by Indigenous status, by state and territory, 2011–13 and 2017–19 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Relative standard error										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people, 2018-19										
Abstainers (h)	%	7.9	12.1	10.0	7.3	11.2	12.6	20.3	6.1	4.2
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (i)										
In last 12 months										
less often than once a week (j)	%	7.8	12.5	9.6	8.5	10.8	8.5	19.0	8.8	4.4
at least once a week (k)	%	11.1	13.8	10.6	10.3	21.7	17.4	23.0	14.1	5.7
on at least one occasion (l)	%	5.1	8.1	6.4	4.1	7.7	6.8	12.1	6.5	2.6
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (m)										
In the last week	%	11.4	14.0	11.9	13.0	22.3	15.3	24.0	13.3	6.2
Non-Indigenous people, 2017-18										
Abstainers (h)	%	4.0	4.7	4.7	7.0	6.1	8.2	7.1	7.0	2.1
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (i)										
In last 12 months										
less often than once a week (j)	%	3.1	3.7	3.1	4.7	4.0	3.6	4.9	5.8	1.7
at least once a week (k)	%	5.0	6.1	4.1	6.0	7.9	6.5	12.6	7.3	2.4
on at least one occasion (l)	%	2.4	2.8	2.4	2.8	3.1	3.0	4.4	4.0	1.2
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (m)										
In the last week	%	5.2	6.1	4.2	5.5	7.3	7.2	8.0	6.3	2.2
95 per cent confidence intervals										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people, 2018-19										
Abstainers (h)	±	3.9	4.9	5.7	4.0	6.3	3.7	5.1	5.6	2.3

TABLE 11A.1.3

Table 11A.1.3 Alcohol risk levels of persons (aged 18 years or over), by Indigenous status, by state and territory, 2011–13 and 2017–19 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (i)										
In last 12 months										
less often than once a week (j)	±	4.9	7.3	5.5	5.6	6.9	5.7	13.7	3.5	2.6
at least once a week (k)	±	4.4	5.8	4.3	4.4	5.7	4.9	7.0	5.1	2.2
on at least one occasion (l)	±	5.2	8.1	6.2	4.5	7.1	6.6	12.2	4.9	2.6
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (m)										
In the last week	±	4.5	5.1	5.4	4.7	7.0	4.9	11.0	3.2	2.4
Non-Indigenous people, 2017-18										
Abstainers (h)	±	1.7	1.9	1.7	2.3	2.3	2.1	2.5	2.7	0.8
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (i)										
In last 12 months										
less often than once a week (j)	±	1.7	2.3	2.0	2.8	2.3	2.5	3.2	3.4	1.0
at least once a week (k)	±	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.7	2.0	1.7	2.4	2.6	0.6
on at least one occasion (l)	±	1.9	2.3	2.2	2.5	2.6	2.9	3.7	3.8	1.0
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (m)										
In the last week	±	1.6	1.7	1.4	2.0	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.8	0.7
Rate ratio (o)										
Abstainers (h)	%	1.2	1.0	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.1	0.7	2.4	1.4
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (i)										
In last 12 months										
less often than once a week (j)	%	1.1	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.1	0.7	1.0
at least once a week (k)	%	1.7	2.1	1.4	1.5	1.0	1.1	1.6	1.0	1.6
on at least one occasion (l)	%	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.2	0.8	1.2

TABLE 11A.1.3

Table 11A.1.3 **Alcohol risk levels of persons (aged 18 years or over), by Indigenous status, by state and territory, 2011–13 and 2017–19 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (m)										
In the last week	%	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.5	0.5	1.2
Rate difference (p)										
Abstainers (h)	%	3.6	–	10.7	11.4	9.5	1.9	- 5.1	27.2	8.3
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (i)										
In last 12 months										
less often than once a week (j)	%	4.0	- 2.4	- 3.3	3.2	3.2	- 1.6	3.6	- 9.4	- 0.3
at least once a week (k)	%	8.0	11.4	5.7	7.3	0.5	1.1	5.8	0.3	7.3
on at least one occasion (l)	%	11.7	8.7	2.2	10.7	4.5	0.7	8.2	- 9.8	7.1
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (m)										
In the last week	%	4.6	4.3	6.1	- 0.1	- 0.1	- 0.6	8.0	- 10.3	3.7
2011–13										
Proportion										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people, 2012-13										
Abstainers (f)	%	20.8	19.9	25.2	26.8	27.8	18.1	13.0	50.5	26.1
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (g)										
In last 12 months										
less often than once a week (h)	%	35.9	37.8	33.3	31.0	31.9	35.5	44.6	21.9	33.0
at least once a week (i)	%	17.6	16.4	19.9	24.9	17.4	18.6	15.5	15.2	18.8
on at least one occasion (j)	%	53.5	54.1	53.3	55.9	49.3	54.1	60.1	37.1	51.8
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (k)										
In the last week	%	19.7	19.9	18.2	23.0	22.1	18.1	15.5	14.2	19.2
Persons aged 18 years or over	no.	113 740	26 376	100 672	47 729	20 774	13 554	3 580	39 443	365 868

TABLE 11A.1.3

Table 11A.1.3 **Alcohol risk levels of persons (aged 18 years or over), by Indigenous status, by state and territory, 2011–13 and 2017–19 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Non-Indigenous people, 2011-12										
Abstainers (f)	%	18.0	16.3	15.5	13.9	16.2	12.5	11.4	15.4	16.3
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (g)										
In last 12 months										
less often than once a week (h)	%	31.8	31.6	32.7	32.8	33.1	34.9	34.9	34.1	32.3
at least once a week (i)	%	11.3	12.4	14.5	16.5	13.2	17.4	12.2	19.0	13.1
on at least one occasion (j)	%	43.1	44.0	47.2	49.2	46.2	52.3	47.2	53.1	45.3
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (k)										
In the last week	%	18.4	17.7	20.1	25.4	18.5	23.0	20.9	24.9	19.5
Persons aged 18 years or over	no.	5 469 903	4 295 049	3 285 380	1 719 243	1 242 414	370 213	275 644	113 539	16 771 386
Relative standard error										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people, 2012-13										
Abstainers (f)	%	9.6	10.3	7.5	8.8	10.2	11.8	26.4	6.4	3.8
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (g)										
In last 12 months										
less often than once a week (h)	%	5.5	6.3	6.3	6.9	6.6	5.8	11.8	9.3	2.7
at least once a week (i)	%	9.9	11.5	9.4	9.5	12.9	9.9	22.1	14.6	4.3
on at least one occasion (j)	%	3.6	4.4	4.2	4.2	5.8	3.6	8.9	7.6	1.9
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (k)										
In the last week	%	8.4	10.5	10.4	8.4	11.7	11.8	20.4	14.5	4.3
Non-Indigenous people, 2011-12										
Abstainers (f)	%	4.3	5.7	4.8	6.5	4.9	8.1	7.0	9.9	2.2

TABLE 11A.1.3

Table 11A.1.3 **Alcohol risk levels of persons (aged 18 years or over), by Indigenous status, by state and territory, 2011–13 and 2017–19 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (g)										
In last 12 months										
less often than once a week (h)	%	3.7	3.3	3.6	3.9	3.2	4.0	6.0	6.0	1.6
at least once a week (i)	%	5.9	6.7	5.9	5.8	6.2	6.7	8.2	9.9	2.8
on at least one occasion (j)	%	2.7	2.6	2.4	2.6	2.2	2.5	4.6	4.4	1.1
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (k)										
In the last week	%	4.3	4.8	4.8	4.3	4.9	5.4	5.7	7.9	2.3
95 per cent confidence intervals										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people, 2012-13										
Abstainers (f)	±	3.9	4.0	3.7	4.6	5.5	4.2	6.7	6.3	1.9
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (g)										
In last 12 months										
less often than once a week (h)	±	3.8	4.6	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.1	10.3	4.0	1.7
at least once a week (i)	±	3.4	3.7	3.7	4.6	4.4	3.6	6.7	4.4	1.6
on at least one occasion (j)	±	3.8	4.6	4.3	4.5	5.6	3.9	10.4	5.5	1.9
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (k)										
In the last week	±	3.3	4.1	3.7	3.8	5.1	4.2	6.2	4.0	1.6
Non-Indigenous people, 2011-12										
Abstainers (f)	±	1.5	1.8	1.4	1.8	1.6	2.0	1.6	3.0	0.7
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (g)										
In last 12 months										
less often than once a week (h)	±	2.3	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.1	2.8	4.1	4.0	1.0
at least once a week (i)	±	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.6	2.3	2.0	3.7	0.7
on at least one occasion (j)	±	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.5	2.0	2.5	4.3	4.6	1.0

TABLE 11A.1.3

Table 11A.1.3 **Alcohol risk levels of persons (aged 18 years or over), by Indigenous status, by state and territory, 2011–13 and 2017–19 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (k)										
In the last week	±	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.1	1.8	2.4	2.3	3.9	0.9
Rate ratio (l)										
Abstainers (f)	%	1.2	1.2	1.6	1.9	1.7	1.4	1.1	3.3	1.6
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (g)										
In last 12 months										
less often than once a week (h)	%	1.1	1.2	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.3	0.6	1.0
at least once a week (i)	%	1.6	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.1	1.3	0.8	1.4
on at least one occasion (j)	%	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.3	0.7	1.1
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (k)										
In the last week	%	1.1	1.1	0.9	0.9	1.2	0.8	0.7	0.6	1.0
Rate difference (m)										
Abstainers (f)	%	2.8	3.6	9.7	12.9	11.6	5.6	1.6	35.1	9.8
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (g)										
In last 12 months										
less often than once a week (h)	%	4.1	6.2	0.6	- 1.8	- 1.2	0.6	9.7	- 12.2	0.7
at least once a week (i)	%	6.3	4.0	5.4	8.4	4.2	1.2	3.3	- 3.8	5.7
on at least one occasion (j)	%	10.4	10.1	6.1	6.7	3.1	1.8	12.9	- 16.0	6.5
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (k)										
In the last week	%	1.3	2.2	- 1.9	- 2.4	3.6	- 4.9	- 5.4	- 10.7	- 0.3

(a) Rates are age-standardised to the 2001 population.

Table 11A.1.3 Alcohol risk levels of persons (aged 18 years or over), by Indigenous status, by state and territory, 2011–13 and 2017–19 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(b) The 2009 NHMRC guidelines advise that on a single occasion of drinking, the risk of alcohol-related injury increases with the amount consumed. For healthy men and women, 'drinking no more than four standard drinks on a single occasion reduces the risk of alcohol-related injury arising from that occasion'. A single occasion of drinking refers to a person consuming a sequence of drinks without their blood alcohol concentration reaching zero in-between. The 2009 National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) guidelines for reducing health risks associated with the consumption of alcohol state that, for healthy men and women, 'drinking no more than two standard drinks on any day reduces the lifetime risk of harm from alcohol-related disease or injury'. (c) Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted by the ABS to avoid the release of confidential data. Discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals. (d) Estimates of proportions with a 95 per cent confidence interval that is plus or minus 10 percentage points or above (or whose interval includes 0 per cent or 100 per cent) should be used with caution. (e) Data for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people are from the NATSIHS. (f) Data for non-Indigenous people are from the NHS, sourced through published comparator data in the NATSIHS. (g) For the 2017-18 NHS and 2018-19 NATSIHS, the 95 per cent confidence intervals and RSEs for the aged standardised rates are those for the associated crude rates. (h) No alcohol consumed in previous 12 months (including never consumed alcohol). (i) Based on responses to questions in 2018-19 NATSIHS about frequency of consumption of specified number of drinks in previous year. The number of drinks was based on the NHMRC guidelines for exceeding single occasion risk guidelines for alcohol consumption for males and females. Includes people who did not remember when they last consumed alcohol. Data excludes people who exceeded the guidelines in the last 12 months, but could not recall how often. Data are directly comparable with single occasion risk by frequency data from the 2012-13 NATSIHS and 2011-12 NHS, published in the 2012-13 NIRA performance report. (j) Persons who exceeded single occasion risk guidelines less than once a week in the previous 12 months. (k) Persons who exceeded single occasion risk guidelines at least once a week in the previous 12 months. (l) Persons who exceeded single occasion risk guidelines on at least one occasion in the previous 12 months. (m) Lifetime risk has been operationalised for data collection purposes as: for both males and females, an average of more than 2 standard drinks per day in the last week, that is total alcohol consumption divided by the number of days to determine average per day. Note consumption based on week before the interview, does not take into account whether consumption in that week was more, less or the same as usual. (n) Estimates are crude rates										

Table 11A.1.3 Alcohol risk levels of persons (aged 18 years or over), by Indigenous status, by state and territory, 2011–13 and 2017–19 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>

(o) Rate ratio is the age-standardised Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander proportion divided by the age-standardised non-Indigenous proportion.

(p) Rate difference is the age-standardised Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander proportion less the age-standardised non-Indigenous proportion.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source : ABS (2019) *National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey, 2018-19*, Cat. no. 4715.0, Canberra; ABS (unpublished) Australian Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey 2012-13 (2012-13 NATSIHS component); ABS (unpublished) Australian Health Survey 2011–13 (2011-12 NHS component).

TABLE 11A.1.4

Table 11A.1.4 **Alcohol risk levels of persons (aged 18 years or over), by Indigenous status, by state and territory, by remoteness, 2011–13 and 2017–19 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2017–19										
Proportion										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people, 2018-19										
Abstainers (h)										
Major cities	%	21.0	18.4	22.6	20.8	27.9	..	12.8	..	21.5
Inner regional	%	28.7	24.5	24.3	39.1	21.1	14.8	na	..	26.3
Outer regional	%	29.6	14.3	35.6	27.8	19.1	13.4	..	35.9	30.0
Remote	%	23.8	na	27.0	31.3	16.4	9.4	..	34.8	29.5
Total outer regional and remote	%	28.3	14.3	34.7	30.9	18.4	14.2	..	34.7	29.6
Very remote	%	34.0	..	39.7	32.7	49.0	na	..	58.5	46.2
Total regional and remote	%	28.6	22.4	31.5	32.2	28.4	15.0	na	47.0	31.7
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (i)										
Major cities	%	49.5	46.6	50.1	58.1	41.2	..	51.5	..	49.2
Inner regional	%	53.0	51.4	50.8	53.5	65.5	48.5	na	..	51.4
Outer regional	%	61.6	68.3	47.7	52.4	57.1	52.2	..	38.0	51.9
Remote	%	54.7	na	57.5	62.7	61.6	63.5	..	53.9	57.6
Total outer regional and remote	%	59.7	68.3	49.3	58.1	60.5	52.6	..	45.4	53.2
Very remote	%	58.5	..	53.3	54.4	40.7	na	..	33.5	45.0
Total regional and remote	%	54.2	55.6	51.6	55.2	55.1	50.0	na	38.9	51.0
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (j)										
Major cities	%	20.3	15.1	23.7	14.0	14.2	..	23.4	..	19.1
Inner regional	%	21.5	23.8	19.6	36.2	14.9	16.1	na	..	21.0
Outer regional	%	20.9	19.8	25.0	24.5	24.5	17.9	..	17.7	22.5
Remote	%	36.1	na	20.7	19.3	29.4	16.4	..	23.2	22.4

TABLE 11A.1.4

Table 11A.1.4 **Alcohol risk levels of persons (aged 18 years or over), by Indigenous status, by state and territory, by remoteness, 2011–13 and 2017–19 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total outer regional and remote	%	20.4	19.8	25.7	21.7	24.9	18.6	..	19.1	22.2
Very remote	%	28.5	..	17.8	19.9	5.3	na	..	7.0	13.8
Total regional and remote	%	20.5	21.9	23.5	22.6	16.9	16.3	na	12.3	20.1
Non-Indigenous people, 2017-18										
Abstainers (h)										
Major cities	%	22.7	21.3	18.0	17.4	20.5	..	17.9	..	20.7
Inner regional	%	17.7	15.6	18.9	14.3	16.1	11.8	np	..	16.6
Outer regional	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	..	np	18.5
Remote	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	..	np	17.5
Total outer regional and remote	%	16.6	18.2	21.3	14.2	17.9	15.4	..	19.8	18.4
Very remote	%	na	..	na	na	na	na	..	na	na
Total regional and remote	%	17.1	15.9	19.8	14.7	16.8	13.1	np	19.8	17.2
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (i)										
Major cities	%	37.7	39.7	48.5	43.2	41.0	..	43.3	..	41.0
Inner regional	%	51.0	52.1	42.8	45.6	43.9	48.3	np	..	48.6
Outer regional	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	..	np	50.1
Remote	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	..	np	57.8
Total outer regional and remote	%	50.3	52.5	49.9	56.9	50.9	50.5	..	48.1	51.1
Very remote	%	na	..	na	na	na	na	..	na	na
Total regional and remote	%	50.3	51.8	46.4	53.1	48.3	48.9	np	48.1	49.4
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (j)										
Major cities	%	13.9	12.8	17.1	16.4	15.7	..	15.4	..	14.5
Inner regional	%	22.5	19.4	14.3	14.7	13.7	16.1	np	..	18.7
Outer regional	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	..	np	24.3

TABLE 11A.1.4

Table 11A.1.4 **Alcohol risk levels of persons (aged 18 years or over), by Indigenous status, by state and territory, by remoteness, 2011–13 and 2017–19 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Remote	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	..	np	26.8
Total outer regional and remote	%	20.5	31.9	21.7	33.0	21.6	20.2	..	22.6	24.4
Very remote	%	na	..	na	na	na	na	..	na	na
Total regional and remote	%	22.3	21.3	17.4	27.4	19.0	16.9	np	22.6	20.5
Relative standard error										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people, 2018-19										
Abstainers (h)										
Major cities	%	12.9	24.1	21.0	15.7	15.5	..	20.3	..	8.1
Inner regional	%	14.4	16.7	17.4	27.9	41.1	19.6	na	..	8.1
Outer regional	%	19.1	27.8	27.8	19.5	38.7	21.3	..	12.1	12.6
Remote	%	na	na	15.5	17.9	na	na	..	13.5	8.8
Total outer regional and remote	%	17.8	27.8	22.3	12.5	31.9	18.7	..	9.6	9.7
Very remote	%	30.8	..	11.2	14.0	18.0	na	..	8.0	5.6
Total regional and remote	%	10.9	13.9	12.0	8.6	14.4	12.6	na	6.1	4.8
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (i)										
Major cities	%	7.4	13.9	12.2	8.6	12.6	..	12.1	..	4.5
Inner regional	%	9.0	10.5	9.9	12.3	19.8	9.9	na	..	5.3
Outer regional	%	13.1	12.6	25.3	20.0	12.9	12.2	..	11.3	7.3
Remote	%	20.1	na	9.0	5.5	15.2	31.3	..	9.7	3.9
Total outer regional and remote	%	11.9	12.6	18.8	9.6	8.8	11.6	..	8.1	5.5
Very remote	%	29.5	..	9.9	8.2	22.1	na	..	12.5	5.4
Total regional and remote	%	6.9	7.7	8.1	5.9	9.4	6.4	na	6.4	3.3
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (j)										
Major cities	%	17.6	27.0	17.4	19.7	29.1	..	24.0	..	10.2

TABLE 11A.1.4

Table 11A.1.4 **Alcohol risk levels of persons (aged 18 years or over), by Indigenous status, by state and territory, by remoteness, 2011–13 and 2017–19 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Inner regional	%	21.1	18.9	26.3	38.1	na	17.1	na	..	12.9
Outer regional	%	20.5	35.6	37.1	40.2	na	26.2	..	21.6	14.7
Remote	%	31.1	na	30.3	31.2	30.9	na	..	18.0	12.8
Total outer regional and remote	%	18.3	35.6	28.6	26.6	39.8	24.7	..	15.5	11.7
Very remote	%	40.5	..	22.9	22.3	na	na	..	28.4	12.6
Total regional and remote	%	14.4	16.1	15.4	15.6	38.0	15.3	na	13.3	7.4
Non-Indigenous people, 2017-18										
Abstainers (h)										
Major cities	%	4.5	5.0	5.7	6.7	6.2	..	7.1	..	2.5
Inner regional	%	9.2	12.1	9.7	25.7	11.7	9.9	np	..	5.5
Outer regional	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	..	np	6.6
Remote	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	..	np	16.9
Total outer regional and remote	%	21.2	28.9	13.2	24.1	19.4	11.9	..	7.0	6.1
Very remote	%	na	..	na	na	na	na	..	na	na
Total regional and remote	%	8.4	10.3	8.0	15.3	12.8	8.2	np	7.0	4.2
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (i)										
Major cities	%	2.7	3.0	3.1	3.3	3.6	..	4.4	..	1.4
Inner regional	%	5.1	5.9	4.5	13.8	10.1	5.3	np	..	2.7
Outer regional	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	..	np	3.4
Remote	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	..	np	8.4
Total outer regional and remote	%	8.9	10.4	3.7	7.2	10.9	4.8	..	4.0	2.5
Very remote	%	na	..	na	na	na	na	..	na	na
Total regional and remote	%	4.2	5.3	2.4	6.9	6.7	3.0	np	4.0	2.0

TABLE 11A.1.4

Table 11A.1.4 **Alcohol risk levels of persons (aged 18 years or over), by Indigenous status, by state and territory, by remoteness, 2011–13 and 2017–19 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (j)										
Major cities	%	6.2	6.4	6.0	6.5	9.4	..	8.0	..	2.8
Inner regional	%	8.6	8.9	9.6	26.7	26.4	7.9	np	..	4.4
Outer regional	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	..	np	6.1
Remote	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	..	np	13.1
Total outer regional and remote	%	17.9	15.8	8.0	10.0	15.8	11.9	..	6.3	5.0
Very remote	%	na	..	na	na	na	na	..	na	na
Total regional and remote	%	7.6	9.6	6.2	10.1	10.7	7.2	np	6.3	3.0
95 per cent confidence intervals										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people, 2018-19										
Abstainers (h)										
Major cities	±	5.3	8.7	9.3	6.4	8.5	..	5.1	..	3.4
Inner regional	±	8.1	8.0	8.3	21.4	17.0	5.7	na	..	4.2
Outer regional	±	11.1	7.8	19.4	10.6	14.5	5.6	..	8.5	7.4
Remote	±	na	na	8.2	11.0	na	na	..	9.2	5.1
Total outer regional and remote	±	9.9	7.8	15.2	7.6	11.5	5.2	..	6.5	5.6
Very remote	±	20.5	..	8.7	9.0	17.3	na	..	9.2	5.1
Total regional and remote	±	6.1	6.1	7.4	5.4	8.0	3.7	na	5.6	3.0
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (i)										
Major cities	±	7.2	12.7	12.0	9.8	10.2	..	12.2	..	4.3
Inner regional	±	9.4	10.6	9.9	12.9	25.4	9.4	na	..	5.3
Outer regional	±	15.8	16.9	23.7	20.5	14.4	12.5	..	8.4	7.4
Remote	±	21.6	na	10.1	6.8	18.3	39.0	..	10.2	4.4
Total outer regional and remote	±	13.9	16.9	18.2	10.9	10.4	12.0	..	7.2	5.7

TABLE 11A.1.4

Table 11A.1.4 **Alcohol risk levels of persons (aged 18 years or over), by Indigenous status, by state and territory, by remoteness, 2011–13 and 2017–19 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Very remote		33.8	..	10.3	8.7	17.6	na	..	8.2	4.8
Total regional and remote	±	7.3	8.4	8.2	6.4	10.1	6.3	na	4.9	3.3
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (j)										
Major cities	±	7.0	8.0	8.1	5.4	8.1	..	11.0	..	3.8
Inner regional	±	8.9	8.8	10.1	27.0	na	5.4	na	..	5.3
Outer regional	±	8.4	13.8	18.2	19.3	na	9.2	..	7.5	6.5
Remote	±	22.0	na	12.3	11.8	17.8	na	..	8.2	5.6
Total outer regional and remote	±	7.3	13.8	14.4	11.3	19.4	9.0	..	5.8	5.1
Very remote	±	22.6	..	8.0	8.7	na	na	..	3.9	3.4
Total regional and remote	±	5.8	6.9	7.1	6.9	12.6	4.9	na	3.2	2.9
Non-Indigenous people, 2017-18										
Abstainers (h)										
Major cities	±	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.3	2.5	..	2.5	..	1.0
Inner regional	±	3.2	3.7	3.6	7.2	3.7	2.3	np	..	1.8
Outer regional	±	np	np	np	np	np	np	..	np	2.4
Remote	±	np	np	np	np	np	np	..	np	5.8
Total outer regional and remote	±	6.9	10.3	5.5	6.7	6.8	3.6	..	2.7	2.2
Very remote	±	na	..	na	na	na	na	..	na	na
Total regional and remote	±	2.8	3.2	3.1	4.4	4.2	2.1	np	2.7	1.4
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (i)										
Major cities	±	2.0	2.3	2.9	2.8	2.9	..	3.7	..	1.1
Inner regional	±	5.1	6.0	3.8	12.3	8.7	5.0	np	..	2.6
Outer regional	±	np	np	np	np	np	np	..	np	3.3
Remote	±	np	np	np	np	np	np	..	np	9.5

TABLE 11A.1.4

Table 11A.1.4 **Alcohol risk levels of persons (aged 18 years or over), by Indigenous status, by state and territory, by remoteness, 2011–13 and 2017–19 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total outer regional and remote	±	8.8	10.7	3.6	8.0	10.9	4.8	..	3.8	2.5
Very remote	±	na	..	na	na	na	na	..	na	na
Total regional and remote	±	4.1	5.4	2.2	7.2	6.3	2.9	np	3.8	1.9
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (j)										
Major cities	±	1.7	1.6	2.0	2.1	2.9	..	2.4	..	0.8
Inner regional	±	3.8	3.4	2.7	7.7	7.1	2.5	np	..	1.6
Outer regional	±	np	np	np	np	np	np	..	np	2.9
Remote	±	np	np	np	np	np	np	..	np	6.9
Total outer regional and remote	±	7.2	9.9	3.4	6.5	6.7	4.7	..	2.8	2.4
Very remote	±	na	..	na	na	na	na	..	na	na
Total regional and remote	±	3.3	4.0	2.1	5.4	4.0	2.4	np	2.8	1.2

2011–13**Proportion****Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people, 2012-13**

Abstainers (h)

Major cities	%	17.9	23.3	15.9	19.8	17.4	..	13.0	..	18.1
Inner regional	%	22.1	16.9	17.7	7.5	24.5	21.9	na	..	20.1
Outer regional	%	27.3	15.1	32.4	18.9	31.5	14.8	..	21.9	26.9
Remote	%	19.7	na	24.3	26.9	32.0	12.3	..	37.5	28.4
Very remote	%	16.1	..	37.8	45.6	53.3	na	..	64.4	51.1

Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (i)

Major cities	%	53.9	54.4	53.8	55.8	46.9	..	60.1	..	54.0
Inner regional	%	55.5	56.2	57.9	67.4	65.1	48.7	na	..	55.8
Outer regional	%	45.2	52.7	48.4	58.2	54.6	60.6	..	54.9	50.2

TABLE 11A.1.4

Table 11A.1.4 **Alcohol risk levels of persons (aged 18 years or over), by Indigenous status, by state and territory, by remoteness, 2011–13 and 2017–19 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Remote	%	68.3	na	63.2	63.6	53.7	57.6	..	49.7	59.3
Very remote	%	70.3	..	56.1	49.4	38.9	na	..	29.0	42.3
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (j)										
Major cities	%	18.7	17.2	17.3	23.5	20.8	..	15.5	..	19.2
Inner regional	%	19.9	22.6	19.5	21.8	38.8	17.6	na	..	20.2
Outer regional	%	18.8	22.5	17.9	23.6	22.4	17.4	..	23.0	19.5
Remote	%	28.6	na	18.4	29.9	18.4	20.5	..	20.1	23.6
Very remote	%	31.1	..	20.7	17.1	17.6	na	..	8.7	15.2
Non-Indigenous people, 2011-12										
Abstainers (h)										
Major cities	%	18.4	17.1	15.9	14.2	16.6	..	11.4	..	16.9
Inner regional	%	16.9	14.1	15.5	8.0	18.1	12.3	na	..	15.0
Outer regional	%	16.0	11.1	13.2	14.0	12.8	13.4	..	14.3	13.4
Remote	%	np	na	np	17.4	np	np	..	18.9	15.5
Very remote	%	na	..	na	na	na	na	..	na	na
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (i)										
Major cities	%	40.5	41.6	45.9	47.3	43.5	..	47.2	..	42.9
Inner regional	%	51.9	51.9	46.7	60.5	48.8	51.6	na	..	50.9
Outer regional	%	50.0	53.0	53.7	54.4	58.2	53.4	..	54.6	53.4
Remote	%	np	na	53.8	56.9	65.1	55.9	..	48.0	54.5
Very remote	%	na	..	na	na	na	na	..	na	na
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (j)										
Major cities	%	17.4	16.9	20.4	23.5	17.8	..	20.9	..	18.6
Inner regional	%	20.2	20.1	18.3	36.9	19.7	21.7	na	..	20.7

TABLE 11A.1.4

Table 11A.1.4 **Alcohol risk levels of persons (aged 18 years or over), by Indigenous status, by state and territory, by remoteness, 2011–13 and 2017–19 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Outer regional	%	22.3	18.4	21.6	28.3	20.1	24.3	..	25.0	22.7
Remote	%	np	na	34.5	33.5	33.0	np	..	24.2	30.9
Very remote	%	na	..	na	na	na	..	..	na	na
Relative standard error										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people, 2012-13										
Abstainers (h)										
Major cities	%	15.9	13.8	17.4	12.7	23.8	..	26.2	..	8.3
Inner regional	%	12.0	18.6	24.5	60.0	52.0	15.2	na	..	8.7
Outer regional	%	29.7	35.5	14.2	30.6	15.1	19.2	..	22.7	9.6
Remote	%	30.9	na	17.2	11.5	21.2	49.6	..	15.4	8.1
Very remote	%	45.3	..	9.7	15.2	12.7	na	..	7.5	5.0
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (i)										
Major cities	%	6.6	6.1	7.1	5.7	8.4	..	8.8	..	3.2
Inner regional	%	6.1	8.1	11.2	20.7	12.2	7.1	na	..	3.9
Outer regional	%	8.8	13.0	9.4	9.7	10.7	4.4	..	8.9	4.0
Remote	%	7.8	na	5.4	6.5	20.0	47.1	..	8.6	3.3
Very remote	%	12.9	..	7.6	12.3	25.3	na	..	14.7	5.7
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (j)										
Major cities	%	13.1	14.4	17.9	12.5	16.2	..	20.3	..	7.1
Inner regional	%	14.6	18.0	21.4	53.0	38.0	18.3	na	..	8.2
Outer regional	%	25.8	27.2	26.9	12.9	25.3	16.1	..	30.7	11.3
Remote	%	36.3	na	37.2	14.3	44.3	65.1	..	20.6	11.7
Very remote	%	20.7	..	22.0	29.5	38.0	na	..	23.9	11.4

TABLE 11A.1.4

Table 11A.1.4 **Alcohol risk levels of persons (aged 18 years or over), by Indigenous status, by state and territory, by remoteness, 2011–13 and 2017–19 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Non-Indigenous people, 2011-12										
Abstainers (h)										
Major cities	%	5.0	6.4	6.3	7.2	5.3	..	7.0	..	2.8
Inner regional	%	12.3	9.8	11.2	24.0	24.9	10.1	na	..	5.4
Outer regional	%	27.6	60.1	14.7	23.2	17.3	15.0	..	10.5	9.3
Remote	%	np	na	np	27.6	np	np	..	22.5	15.3
Very remote	%	na	..	na	na	na	na	..	na	na
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (i)										
Major cities	%	3.6	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.6	..	4.6	..	1.6
Inner regional	%	4.7	4.7	6.0	5.9	9.8	3.4	..	..	2.3
Outer regional	%	13.5	18.7	6.9	8.9	4.3	5.6	..	4.0	3.6
Remote	%	np	..	35.9	11.5	17.7	18.4	..	11.1	5.7
Very remote	%	na	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (j)										
Major cities	%	5.5	6.0	5.4	4.6	5.8	..	5.7	..	2.8
Inner regional	%	13.0	10.3	13.1	13.9	20.1	6.4	na	..	6.2
Outer regional	%	19.6	27.9	13.9	15.2	12.2	11.3	..	8.9	6.5
Remote	%	np	..	53.5	16.9	53.4	np	..	17.7	10.9
Very remote	%	na	..	na	na	na	na	..	na	na
95 per cent confidence intervals										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people, 2018-19										
Abstainers (h)										
Major cities	±	5.6	6.3	5.4	4.9	8.1	..	6.7	..	2.9
Inner regional	±	5.2	6.2	8.5	8.9	25.0	6.5	na	..	3.4

TABLE 11A.1.4

Table 11A.1.4 **Alcohol risk levels of persons (aged 18 years or over), by Indigenous status, by state and territory, by remoteness, 2011–13 and 2017–19 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Outer regional	±	15.9	10.5	9.0	11.4	9.3	5.6	..	9.8	5.1
Remote	±	11.9	na	8.2	6.0	13.3	11.9	..	11.4	4.5
Very remote	±	14.3	..	7.2	13.6	13.2	na	..	9.5	5.0
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (i)										
Major cities	±	7.0	6.5	7.5	6.2	7.7	..	10.4	..	3.4
Inner regional	±	6.6	8.9	12.7	27.3	15.6	6.8	na	..	4.3
Outer regional	±	7.8	13.4	8.9	11.1	11.4	5.2	..	9.6	3.9
Remote	±	10.4	na	6.7	8.1	21.1	53.1	..	8.4	3.9
Very remote	±	17.7	..	8.3	11.9	19.3	na	..	8.3	4.8
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (j)										
Major cities	±	4.8	4.9	6.1	5.8	6.6	..	6.2	..	2.7
Inner regional	±	5.7	8.0	8.2	22.6	28.9	6.3	na	..	3.3
Outer regional	±	9.5	12.0	9.4	6.0	11.1	5.5	..	13.8	4.3
Remote	±	20.4	na	13.4	8.4	16.0	26.1	..	8.1	5.4
Very remote	±	12.6	..	8.9	9.9	13.1	na	..	4.1	3.4
Non-Indigenous people, 2011-12										
Abstainers (h)										
Major cities	±	1.8	2.1	2.0	2.0	1.7	..	1.6	..	0.9
Inner regional	±	4.1	2.7	3.4	3.8	8.9	2.4	na	..	1.6
Outer regional	±	8.6	13.1	3.8	6.4	4.3	3.9	..	3.0	2.4
Remote	±	np	na	np	9.4	np	np	..	8.3	4.6
Very remote	±	na	..	na	na	na	na	..	na	na
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (i)										
Major cities	±	2.8	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.2	..	4.3	..	1.4

TABLE 11A.1.4

Table 11A.1.4 **Alcohol risk levels of persons (aged 18 years or over), by Indigenous status, by state and territory, by remoteness, 2011–13 and 2017–19 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Inner regional	±	4.7	4.8	5.5	7.0	9.3	3.4	na	..	2.3
Outer regional	±	13.3	19.4	7.2	9.5	4.9	5.8	..	4.3	3.7
Remote	±	np	na	37.9	12.9	22.5	20.2	..	10.5	6.1
Very remote	±	na	..	na	na	na	na	..	na	na
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (j)										
Major cities	±	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.1	2.0	..	2.3	..	1.0
Inner regional	±	5.2	4.1	4.7	10.0	7.8	2.7	na	..	2.5
Outer regional	±	8.6	10.1	5.9	8.4	4.8	5.4	..	4.4	2.9
Remote	±	np	na	36.1	11.1	34.5	np	..	8.4	6.6
Very remote	±	na	..	na	na	na	na	..	na	na

(a) Rates are age-standardised to the 2001 population.

(b) The 2009 NHMRC guidelines advise that on a single occasion of drinking, the risk of alcohol-related injury increases with the amount consumed. For healthy men and women, 'drinking no more than four standard drinks on a single occasion reduces the risk of alcohol-related injury arising from that occasion'. A single occasion of drinking refers to a person consuming a sequence of drinks without their blood alcohol concentration reaching zero in-between. The 2009 National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) guidelines for reducing health risks associated with the consumption of alcohol state that, for healthy men and women, 'drinking no more than two standard drinks on any day reduces the lifetime risk of harm from alcohol-related disease or injury'.

(c) Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted by the ABS to avoid the release of confidential data. Discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

(d) Estimates of proportions with a 95 per cent confidence interval that is plus or minus 10 percentage points or above or whose interval includes 0 per cent or 100 per cent, should be used with caution. Estimates with a 95 per cent confidence interval that is not published (that is, cells with '**') have numerators with RSEs greater than 50 per cent and therefore these rates are considered too unreliable for general use.

(e) Data for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people are from the NATSIHS. The 2018-19 NATSIHS sample frame excluded households from Remote areas in Victoria, Very remote areas in Tasmania, and Inner regional areas in the ACT.

Table 11A.1.4 **Alcohol risk levels of persons (aged 18 years or over), by Indigenous status, by state and territory, by remoteness, 2011–13 and 2017–19 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(f)	Data for non-Indigenous people are from the NHS, sourced through published comparator data in the NATSIHS. Non-Indigenous data for Outer regional and Remote areas by state and territory has been combined as data quality is not sufficient to support separate reporting of these remoteness categories. The NHS scope exclude households from Very remote areas.									
(g)	For the 2017-18 NHS and 2018-19 NATSIHS, the 95 per cent confidence intervals and RSEs for the aged standardised rates are those for the associated crude rates.									
(h)	No alcohol consumed in previous 12 months (including never consumed alcohol).									
(i)	The number of drinks was based on the NHMRC guidelines for exceeding single occasion risk guidelines for alcohol consumption for males and females. Includes people who did not remember when they last consumed alcohol. Data includes people who exceeded the guidelines in the last 12 months, but could not recall how often. Data are not directly comparable with single occasion risk by remoteness data from the 2012-13 NATSIHS and 2011-12 NHS, published in the 2012-13 NIRA performance report, which excluded people who exceeded the guidelines, but could not recall how often.									
(j)	Lifetime risk has been operationalised for data collection purposes as: for both males and females, an average of more than 2 standard drinks per day in the last week, that is total alcohol consumption divided by the number of days to determine average per day. Note consumption based on week before the interview, does not take into account whether consumption in that week was more, less or the same as usual.									
na Not available. np Not published. .. Not applicable.										

Source : ABS (2019) *National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey, 2018-19*, Cat. no. 4715.0, Canberra; ABS (unpublished) *Australian Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey 2012-13* (2012-13 NATSIHS component).

TABLE 11A.1.5

Table 11A.1.5 **Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (15 years or over), by remoteness, by sex, 2018-19 (crude rates) (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	Unit	Abstainers (e)			Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines			Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines		
		Non-remote	Total remote	Aust	Non-remote	Total remote	Aust	Non-remote	Total remote	Aust
		Proportion								
Males	%	21.4	34.1	24.0	61.2	58.9	60.8	29.4	22.4	27.9
Females	%	32.6	47.6	35.5	40.3	39.5	40.2	9.5	10.0	9.6
Persons	%	27.2	41.0	29.8	50.4	49.1	50.1	18.9	15.9	18.4
Relative standard error										
Males	%	7.4	5.6	5.6	3.4	3.5	2.9	7.7	9.4	6.7
Females	%	5.2	5.1	4.2	4.2	5.4	3.5	10.5	11.6	8.9
Persons	%	4.8	4.4	3.9	2.9	3.3	2.5	6.9	8.6	6.0
95 per cent confidence interval										
Males	%	3.1	3.7	2.6	4.1	4.0	3.5	4.4	4.1	3.7
Females	%	3.3	4.8	2.9	3.3	4.2	2.8	2.0	2.3	1.7
Persons	%	2.6	3.5	2.3	2.9	3.2	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.2

(a) Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted by the ABS to avoid the release of confidential data. Discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

(b) Data excludes not stated responses.

(c) Risk level calculated on the 2009 National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) alcohol guidelines. For more information see 4715.0 NATSIHS Assessing health risk factors (appendix).

(d) Total population includes Time since last consumed alcohol not known.

(e) Abstained is defined as those who did not drink alcohol in the previous 12 months or persons who drink one day a year or less or never consumed alcohol.

Source : ABS (unpublished) 2018-19 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey.

TABLE 11A.1.6

Table 11A.1.6 **Alcohol risk levels for people (aged 15 years or over), by Indigenous status, by age, 2017–19 (crude rates)**

		<i>Abstainers (a)</i>		<i>Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (b)</i>		<i>Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (c)</i>	
		<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander 2018-19</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous 2017-18</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander 2018-19</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous 2017-18</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander 2018-19</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous 2017-18</i>
		Proportion					
15–17 years	%	72.3	73.6	17.6	9.2	3.2	0.6
18–24 years	%	19.2	15.3	64.5	60.5	20.9	10.3
25–34 years	%	17.9	19.1	61.6	50.8	20.1	14.7
35–44 years	%	25.4	20.0	52.3	48.1	18.9	17.8
45–54 year	%	25.9	17.5	51.8	44.3	23.0	18.7
55 years+	%	41.5	23.5	34.1	25.2	17.4	16.7
Total 18+	%	25.7	20.2	53.5	41.1	20.0	16.1
Total 15+	%	29.8	22.7	50.1	39.6	18.4	15.3
		Relative standard error					
15–17 years	%	5.2	2.8	14.0	14.2	np	np
18–24 years	%	11.8	10.5	4.7	3.8	13.4	11.6
25–34 years	%	11.1	6.1	4.1	2.2	10.3	6.8
35–44 years	%	8.8	5.8	4.9	2.8	11.7	5.3
45–54 year	%	8.9	6.0	5.4	2.9	11.9	4.9
55 years+	%	4.8	3.0	6.1	2.7	9.6	3.8
Total 18+	%	4.6	2.2	2.5	1.3	6.1	2.3
Total 15+	%	3.9	1.3	2.5	1.3	6.0	2.3
		95 per cent confidence interval					
15–17 years	%	7.4	4.0	4.8	2.6	np	np
18–24 years	%	4.4	3.1	5.9	4.5	5.5	2.3

TABLE 11A.1.6

Table 11A.1.6 **Alcohol risk levels for people (aged 15 years or over), by Indigenous status, by age, 2017–19 (crude rates)**

		<i>Abstainers (a)</i>		<i>Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (b)</i>		<i>Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (c)</i>	
25–34 years	%	3.9	2.3	5.0	2.2	4.1	1.9
35–44 years	%	4.4	2.3	5.0	2.7	4.3	1.8
45–54 year	%	4.5	2.0	5.5	2.5	5.4	1.8
55 years+	%	3.9	1.4	4.1	1.3	3.3	1.2
Total 18+	%	2.3	0.9	2.6	1.1	2.4	0.7
Total 15+	%	2.3	0.6	2.5	1.0	2.2	0.7

(a) In 2018-19 NATSIHS, Abstained is defined as those who last consumed alcohol 12 months or more or never consumed alcohol. In NATSISS, Abstained is defined as those who did not drink alcohol in the previous 12 months or persons who never consumed. Data are not comparable between NATSISS and NATSIHS.

(b) Risk level calculated on exceeding the NHMRC Australian Alcohol Guidelines 2009. For short-term/single occasion risk this is 5 or more standard drinks on any day over last 2 weeks. Guideline 2: For healthy men and women, drinking no more than four standard drinks on a single occasion reduces the risk of alcohol related injury arising from that occasion.

(c) Risk level calculated on exceeding the NHMRC Australian Alcohol Guidelines 2009. For lifetime risk this is more than 2 standard drinks on any day. Guideline 1: For healthy men and women, drinking no more than two standard drinks on any day reduces the lifetime risk of harm from alcohol-related disease or injury. Data are not comparable between NATSISS and NATSIHS.

Note: NATSISS 2014-15 total population excludes not stated responses. NATSIHS 2018-19 total population includes time since last consumed alcohol not known.

np Not published.

Note: 2017-18 NHS data have been sourced by the Productivity Commission from TableBuilder.

Source: ABS (unpublished) National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey, 2018-19; ABS (2019) *National Health Survey, 2017-18*.

TABLE 11A.1.7

Table 11A.1.7 **Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (aged 15 years or over), by remoteness, by age, 2018-19 (crude rates) (a), (b)**

	Unit	Abstainers (c)			Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (d)			Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (e)		
		Non-remote	Total remote	Aust	Non-remote	Total remote	Aust	Non-remote	Total remote	Aust
		Proportion								
15–17 years	%	69.0	84.1	72.3	18.0	8.5	17.6	3.8	–	3.2
18–24 years	%	17.1	29.8	19.2	64.9	60.1	64.5	21.1	17.4	20.9
25–34 years	%	14.6	29.5	17.9	63.0	58.9	61.6	20.0	19.5	20.1
35–44 years	%	22.6	35.4	25.4	51.4	53.6	52.3	18.8	19.9	18.9
45–54 year	%	22.8	36.1	25.9	50.5	54.8	51.8	24.0	16.9	23.0
55 years +	%	38.6	55.9	41.5	35.4	31.3	34.1	18.5	12.8	17.4
Total 15+	%	27.2	41.0	29.8	50.4	49.1	50.1	18.9	15.9	18.4
Relative standard error										
15–17 years	%	6.5	4.3	5.2	16.0	35.7	14.0	np	–	np
18–24 years	%	15.4	15.8	11.8	5.4	7.0	4.7	15.6	22.0	13.4
25–34 years	%	16.0	8.7	11.1	4.7	5.6	4.1	12.6	12.7	10.3
35–44 years	%	12.4	8.0	8.8	6.2	6.0	4.9	14.6	13.1	11.7
45–54 year	%	11.8	9.6	8.9	6.7	6.5	5.4	13.5	15.1	11.9
55 years +	%	6.1	5.9	4.8	7.1	10.3	6.1	10.8	18.0	9.6
Total 15+	%	4.8	4.4	3.9	2.9	3.3	2.5	6.9	8.6	6.0
95 per cent confidence interval										
15–17 years	%	8.8	7.1	7.4	5.6	5.9	4.8	np	–	np
18–24 years	%	5.2	9.2	4.4	6.9	8.2	5.9	6.5	7.5	5.5
25–34 years	%	4.6	5.0	3.9	5.8	6.5	5.0	4.9	4.9	4.1
35–44 years	%	5.5	5.6	4.4	6.2	6.3	5.0	5.4	5.1	4.3
45–54 year	%	5.3	6.8	4.5	6.6	7.0	5.5	6.4	5.0	5.4

TABLE 11A.1.7

Table 11A.1.7 **Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (aged 15 years or over), by remoteness, by age, 2018-19 (crude rates) (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Abstainers (c)</i>			<i>Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (d)</i>			<i>Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (e)</i>		
		<i>Non-remote</i>	<i>Total remote</i>	<i>Aust</i>	<i>Non-remote</i>	<i>Total remote</i>	<i>Aust</i>	<i>Non-remote</i>	<i>Total remote</i>	<i>Aust</i>
55 years +	%	4.6	6.5	3.9	4.9	6.3	4.1	3.9	4.5	3.3
Total 15+	%	2.6	3.5	2.3	2.9	3.2	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.2

(a) Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted by the ABS to avoid the release of confidential data. Discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

(b) Data excludes not stated responses.

(c) Risk level calculated on the 2009 National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) alcohol guidelines. For more information see 4715.0 NATSIHS Assessing health risk factors (appendix).

(d) Total population includes Time since last consumed alcohol not known.

(e) Abstained is defined as those who did not drink alcohol in the previous 12 months or persons who drink one day a year or less or never consumed alcohol.

np Not published. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (unpublished) 2018-19 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey.

TABLE 11A.1.8

Table 11A.1.8 **Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (15 years or over), by sex, 2002, 2008 and 2014-15 (crude rates) (a), (b)**

	Unit	Males			Females			Persons		
		2002	2008	2014-15	2002	2008	2014-15	2002	2008	2014-15
Proportion										
Abstainers (c)	%	29.7	27.1	30.7	46.2	43.3	48.3	38.3	35.6	39.9
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (d)	%	47.4	50.7	40.8	23.9	27.0	21.7	35.1	38.2	30.8
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (e)	%	25.7	29.7	23.1	9.6	10.2	8.1	17.3	19.4	15.2
Relative standard error										
Abstainers (c)	%	4.5	4.8	3.8	2.9	2.9	2.5	2.9	2.7	2.2
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (d)	%	3.5	3.0	3.4	5.1	4.0	4.9	3.3	2.5	2.9
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (e)	%	5.1	4.6	5.7	8.6	7.5	8.3	5.1	4.0	4.8
95 per cent confidence interval										
Abstainers (c)	%	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.2	1.9	1.7
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (d)	%	3.3	3.0	2.7	2.4	2.1	2.1	2.3	1.9	1.8
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (e)	%	2.6	2.7	2.6	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.7	1.5	1.4

(a) Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted by the ABS to avoid the release of confidential data. Discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

(b) Data exclude not stated responses.

(c) Abstained is defined as those who last consumed 12 months or more ago, or never consumed. This is based on the 2009 National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) alcohol guidelines. For more information see 4715.0 NATSIHS Assessing health risk factors (appendix).

TABLE 11A.1.8

Table 11A.1.8 **Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (15 years or over), by sex, 2002, 2008 and 2014-15 (crude rates) (a), (b)**

	Unit	Males			Females			Persons		
		2002	2008	2014-15	2002	2008	2014-15	2002	2008	2014-15
(d) Risk level calculated on exceeding the National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) Australian Alcohol Guidelines 2009. For short-term/single occasion risk this is 5 or more standard drinks on any day over last 2 weeks. Guideline 2: For healthy men and women, drinking no more than four standard drinks on a single occasion reduces the risk of alcohol related injury arising from that occasion.										
(e) Risk level calculated on exceeding the NHMRC Australian Alcohol Guidelines 2009. For lifetime risk this is more than 2 standard drinks on any day. Guideline 1: For healthy men and women, drinking no more than two standard drinks on any day reduces the lifetime risk of harm from alcohol-related disease or injury.										

Source : ABS (unpublished) 2014-15 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey; ABS (unpublished) National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey 2008; ABS (unpublished) National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey 2002.

TABLE 11A.1.9

Table 11A.1.9 **Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (15 years or over), by remoteness, by sex, 2014-15 (crude rates) (a), (b)**

	Unit	Abstainers (c)			Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (d)			Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (e)		
		Non-remote	Total remote	Aust	Non-remote	Total remote	Aust	Non-remote	Total remote	Aust
		Proportion								
Males	%	28.2	38.9	30.7	40.8	40.6	40.8	22.4	25.1	23.1
Females	%	46.8	53.2	48.3	20.8	24.8	21.7	7.0	11.7	8.1
Persons	%	38.2	46.4	39.9	30.3	32.3	30.8	14.5	18.3	15.2
Relative standard error										
Males	%	5.0	6.0	3.8	4.0	6.1	3.4	6.8	9.6	5.7
Females	%	3.2	4.0	2.5	6.4	7.5	4.9	11.8	10.5	8.3
Persons	%	2.7	3.8	2.2	3.5	5.3	2.9	5.8	7.7	4.8
95 per cent confidence interval										
Males	%	2.8	4.6	2.3	3.2	4.9	2.7	3.0	4.7	2.6
Females	%	2.9	4.2	2.4	2.6	3.6	2.1	1.6	2.4	1.3
Persons	%	2.0	3.5	1.7	2.1	3.4	1.8	1.6	2.8	1.4

(a) Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted by the ABS to avoid the release of confidential data. Discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

(b) Data exclude not stated responses.

(c) Abstained is defined as those who did not drink alcohol in the previous 12 months or persons who drink one day a year or less.

(d) Risk level calculated on exceeding the National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) Australian Alcohol Guidelines 2009. For short-term/single occasion risk this is 5 or more standard drinks on any day over last 2 weeks. Guideline 2: For healthy men and women, drinking no more than four standard drinks on a single occasion reduces the risk of alcohol related injury arising from that occasion.

(e) Risk level calculated on exceeding the NHMRC Australian Alcohol Guidelines 2009. For lifetime risk this is more than 2 standard drinks on any day. Guideline 1: For healthy men and women, drinking no more than two standard drinks on any day reduces the lifetime risk of harm from alcohol-related disease or injury.

Source : ABS (unpublished) 2014-15 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey.

TABLE 11A.1.10

Table 11A.1.10 **Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (15 years or over), by age, 2002, 2008 and 2014-15 (crude rates) (a), (b)**

	Unit	Abstainers (c)			Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (d)			Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (e)		
		2002	2008	2014-15	2002	2008	2014-15	2002	2008	2014-15
Proportion										
15–17 years	%	60.2	61.5	74.5	17.8	17.6	8.5	6.0	4.5	np
18–24 years	%	27.9	23.6	28.1	44.8	50.8	34.9	18.6	25.0	15.2
25–34 years	%	31.1	25.2	31.4	39.7	43.5	36.4	18.5	21.2	16.1
35–44 years	%	32.9	27.8	32.8	38.9	44.0	39.1	20.7	24.5	21.2
45–54 year	%	37.2	41.2	38.0	35.1	35.3	35.1	20.5	19.9	20.1
55 years +	%	60.7	55.2	53.6	19.8	21.7	17.8	13.4	12.2	11.4
Total 18+	%	35.6	32.4	35.9	37.3	40.8	33.2	18.7	21.3	16.7
Total 15+	%	38.3	35.6	39.9	35.1	38.2	30.8	17.3	19.4	15.2
Relative standard error										
15–17 years	%	4.7	5.3	4.2	13.4	11.7	25.1	26.0	23.7	np
18–24 years	%	8.1	7.3	7.5	5.5	4.3	6.6	11.9	8.8	12.7
25–34 years	%	5.8	6.1	6.1	4.9	4.4	4.7	8.5	7.6	10.6
35–44 years	%	5.6	6.4	6.7	5.9	4.5	5.8	8.1	6.9	8.8
45–54 year	%	7.6	5.4	6.0	7.6	5.2	6.3	11.7	9.0	8.6
55 years +	%	4.1	3.8	3.7	11.3	8.4	9.5	16.0	12.2	14.6
Total 18+	%	3.2	2.9	2.6	3.2	2.5	2.9	5.3	4.1	4.8
Total 15+	%	2.9	2.7	2.2	3.3	2.5	2.9	5.1	4.0	4.8
95 per cent confidence interval										
15–17 years	%	5.5	6.4	6.1	4.7	4.0	4.2	3.1	2.1	np
18–24 years	%	4.4	3.4	4.1	4.8	4.3	4.5	4.3	4.3	3.8
25–34 years	%	3.5	3.0	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.4	3.1	3.2	3.3

TABLE 11A.1.10

Table 11A.1.10 **Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (15 years or over), by age, 2002, 2008 and 2014-15 (crude rates) (a), (b)**

	Unit	Abstainers (c)			Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (d)			Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (e)		
		2002	2008	2014-15	2002	2008	2014-15	2002	2008	2014-15
35-44 years	%	3.6	3.5	4.3	4.5	3.9	4.4	3.3	3.3	3.7
45-54 year	%	5.5	4.4	4.5	5.2	3.6	4.3	4.7	3.5	3.4
55 years +	%	4.9	4.1	3.9	4.4	3.6	3.3	4.2	2.9	3.3
Total 18+	%	2.2	1.8	1.8	2.3	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.7	1.6
Total 15+	%	2.2	1.9	1.7	2.3	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.4

(a) Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted by the ABS to avoid the release of confidential data. Discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals. Estimates with a relative standard error of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution; estimates with a relative standard error greater than 50 per cent (reported as np) are considered too unreliable for general use.

(b) Data exclude not stated responses.

(c) Abstained is defined as those who did not drink alcohol in the previous 12 months or persons who drink one day a year or less.

(d) Risk level calculated on exceeding the National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) Australian Alcohol Guidelines 2009. For short-term/single occasion risk this is 5 or more standard drinks on any day over last 2 weeks. Guideline 2: For healthy men and women, drinking no more than four standard drinks on a single occasion reduces the risk of alcohol related injury arising from that occasion.

(e) Risk level calculated on exceeding the NHMRC Australian Alcohol Guidelines 2009. For lifetime risk this is more than 2 standard drinks on any day. Guideline 1: For healthy men and women, drinking no more than two standard drinks on any day reduces the lifetime risk of harm from alcohol-related disease or injury.

np Not published.

Source : ABS (unpublished) 2014-15 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey; ABS (unpublished) National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey 2008; ABS (unpublished) National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey 2002.

TABLE 11A.1.11

Table 11A.1.11 **Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (aged 15 years or over), by remoteness, by age, 2014-15 (crude rates) (a), (b)**

	Unit	Abstainers (c)			Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (d)			Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (e)		
		Non-remote	Total remote	Aust	Non-remote	Total remote	Aust	Non-remote	Total remote	Aust
Proportion										
15–17 years	%	76.2	70.6	74.5	8.5	11.0	8.5	np	7.3	np
18–24 years	%	25.9	34.5	28.1	34.6	36.1	34.9	14.1	20.7	15.2
25–34 years	%	29.3	40.0	31.4	35.5	38.1	36.4	14.7	20.0	16.1
35–44 years	%	30.9	38.4	32.8	38.3	40.8	39.1	20.0	25.7	21.2
45–54 year	%	35.5	47.1	38.0	35.1	35.8	35.1	20.7	19.3	20.1
55 years +	%	49.8	64.3	53.6	18.2	18.6	17.8	11.6	11.3	11.4
Total 15+	%	38.2	46.4	39.9	30.3	32.3	30.8	14.5	18.3	15.2
Relative standard error										
15–17 years	%	4.6	8.4	4.2	28.5	43.2	25.1	np	47.1	np
18–24 years	%	9.9	12.4	7.5	7.9	10.5	6.6	16.0	17.4	12.7
25–34 years	%	7.9	8.8	6.1	5.7	9.4	4.7	14.5	14.6	10.6
35–44 years	%	8.5	9.1	6.7	6.8	9.8	5.8	11.1	11.9	8.8
45–54 year	%	8.2	6.8	6.0	7.9	11.0	6.3	10.5	13.7	8.6
55 years +	%	4.8	4.8	3.7	11.4	14.2	9.5	17.7	20.5	14.6
Total 15+	%	2.7	3.8	2.2	3.5	5.3	2.9	5.8	7.7	4.8
95 per cent confidence interval										
15–17 years	%	6.9	11.6	6.1	4.7	9.3	4.2	np	6.7	np
18–24 years	%	5.0	8.4	4.1	5.4	7.4	4.5	4.4	7.1	3.8
25–34 years	%	4.5	6.9	3.8	4.0	7.0	3.4	4.2	5.7	3.3
35–44 years	%	5.1	6.8	4.3	5.1	7.8	4.4	4.4	6.0	3.7
45–54 year	%	5.7	6.3	4.5	5.4	7.7	4.3	4.3	5.2	3.4

TABLE 11A.1.11

Table 11A.1.11 **Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (aged 15 years or over), by remoteness, by age, 2014-15 (crude rates) (a), (b)**

	Unit	Abstainers (c)			Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (d)			Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (e)		
		Non-remote	Total remote	Aust	Non-remote	Total remote	Aust	Non-remote	Total remote	Aust
55 years +	%	4.7	6.0	3.9	4.1	5.2	3.3	4.0	4.5	3.3
Total 15+	%	2.0	3.5	1.7	2.1	3.4	1.8	1.6	2.8	1.4

(a) Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted by the ABS to avoid the release of confidential data. Discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals. Estimates with a relative standard error of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution; estimates with a relative standard error greater than 50 per cent (reported as np) are considered too unreliable for general use.

(b) Data exclude not stated responses.

(c) Abstained is defined as those who did not drink alcohol in the previous 12 months or persons who drink one day a year or less.

(d) Risk level calculated on exceeding the National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) Australian Alcohol Guidelines 2009. For short-term/single occasion risk this is 5 or more standard drinks on any day over last 2 weeks. Guideline 2: For healthy men and women, drinking no more than four standard drinks on a single occasion reduces the risk of alcohol related injury arising from that occasion.

(e) Risk level calculated on exceeding the NHMRC Australian Alcohol Guidelines 2009. For lifetime risk this is more than 2 standard drinks on any day. Guideline 1: For healthy men and women, drinking no more than two standard drinks on any day reduces the lifetime risk of harm from alcohol-related disease or injury.

np Not published.

Source : ABS (unpublished) 2014-15 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey.

TABLE 11A.1.12

Table 11A.1.12 **Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (15 years or over), by state and territory, 2002, 2008, 2014-15 (crude rates) (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2014-15										
		Proportion								
Abstainers (c)	%	38.7	33.5	38.2	41.3	40.1	30.8	31.3	54.9	39.9
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (d)	%	29.8	27.7	33.5	33.6	25.2	36.4	35.9	26.2	30.8
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (e)	%	17.4	11.2	15.3	17.3	10.0	14.7	12.5	13.7	15.2
		Relative standard error								
Abstainers (c)	%	4.7	6.2	5.1	5.1	8.2	8.3	10.5	4.1	2.2
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (d)	%	6.0	8.2	6.1	7.9	10.4	6.4	9.3	7.7	2.9
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (e)	%	9.1	12.8	10.5	12.5	19.7	11.2	20.3	12.5	4.8
		95 per cent confidence intervals								
Abstainers (c)	%	3.6	4.1	3.8	4.1	6.4	5.0	6.4	4.4	1.7
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (d)	%	3.5	4.5	4.0	5.2	5.1	4.6	6.5	4.0	1.8
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (e)	%	3.1	2.8	3.1	4.2	3.9	3.2	5.0	3.4	1.4
2008										
		Proportion								
Abstainers (c)	%	33.7	25.8	34.3	34.5	34.2	30.7	24.6	52.3	35.6
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (d)	%	39.2	40.5	39.2	43.0	38.0	34.6	39.0	28.6	38.2
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (e)	%	18.6	18.7	21.1	21.1	22.1	16.0	18.0	16.4	19.4
		Relative standard error								
Abstainers (c)	%	5.0	6.8	6.5	6.4	6.8	8.3	16.4	4.5	2.7
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (d)	%	5.1	4.3	5.6	5.3	5.9	6.9	8.7	7.8	2.5
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (e)	%	8.0	7.5	9.4	7.8	8.2	13.7	13.5	10.2	4.0

TABLE 11A.1.12

Table 11A.1.12 **Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (15 years or over), by state and territory, 2002, 2008, 2014-15 (crude rates) (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
95 per cent confidence intervals										
Abstainers (c)	%	3.3	3.4	4.4	4.3	4.6	5.0	7.9	4.6	1.9
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (d)	%	3.9	3.4	4.3	4.5	4.4	4.7	6.7	4.4	1.9
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (e)	%	2.9	2.7	3.9	3.2	3.6	4.3	4.8	3.3	1.5
2002										
Proportion										
Abstainers (c)	%	35.1	34.8	34.9	35.1	38.7	29.2	22.1	61.6	38.3
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (d)	%	38.0	36.0	36.2	38.1	36.5	32.7	40.6	22.5	35.1
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (e)	%	19.4	16.2	18.2	18.5	17.8	11.8	15.6	11.4	17.3
Relative standard error										
Abstainers (c)	%	6.4	6.7	6.8	6.6	14.3	7.0	12.5	5.9	2.9
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (d)	%	6.5	5.8	6.7	8.1	14.3	5.4	9.3	12.4	3.3
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (e)	%	10.2	10.3	9.8	8.8	20.4	12.4	13.7	20.3	5.1
95 per cent confidence intervals										
Abstainers (c)	%	4.4	4.6	4.7	4.5	10.8	4.0	5.4	7.1	2.2
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (d)	%	4.8	4.1	4.8	6.0	10.2	3.5	7.4	5.5	2.3
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (e)	%	3.9	3.3	3.5	3.2	7.1	2.9	4.2	4.5	1.7

(a) Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted by the ABS to avoid the release of confidential data. Discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals. Estimates with a relative standard error of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution; estimates with a relative standard error greater than 50 per cent (reported as np) are considered too unreliable for general use.

(b) Data exclude not stated responses.

(c) Abstained is defined as those who did not drink alcohol in the previous 12 months or persons who drink one day a year or less.

Table 11A.1.12 **Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (15 years or over), by state and territory, 2002, 2008, 2014-15 (crude rates) (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(d)	Risk level calculated on exceeding the National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) Australian Alcohol Guidelines 2009. For short-term/single occasion risk this is 5 or more standard drinks on any day over last 2 weeks. Guideline 2: For healthy men and women, drinking no more than four standard drinks on a single occasion reduces the risk of alcohol related injury arising from that occasion.									
(e)	Risk level calculated on exceeding the NHMRC Australian Alcohol Guidelines 2009. For lifetime risk this is more than 2 standard drinks on any day. Guideline 1: For healthy men and women, drinking no more than two standard drinks on any day reduces the lifetime risk of harm from alcohol-related disease or injury.									

Source : ABS (unpublished) National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey 2002; ABS (unpublished) National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey 2008; ABS (unpublished) 2014-15 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey.

TABLE 11A.1.13

Table 11A.1.13 **Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (aged 15 years or over) by state and territory, by remoteness 2014-15, (crude rates) (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Non-remote										
		Proportion								
Abstainers (c)	%	38.8	33.5	38.3	42.0	37.8	30.4	31.3	42.2	38.2
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (d)	%	28.9	27.7	32.6	29.5	26.6	35.6	35.9	37.1	30.3
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (e)	%	16.3	11.2	14	13.5	9.6	14.3	12.5	12.4	14.5
		Relative standard error								
Abstainers (c)	%	4.9	6.2	5.9	8.1	6.7	8.8	10.5	7.4	2.7
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (d)	%	6.4	8.2	7.5	13.8	8.7	6.8	9.3	11.2	3.5
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (e)	%	10.2	12.8	14.1	21.8	16.3	11.7	20.3	30.9	5.8
		95 per cent confidence intervals								
Abstainers (c)	%	3.7	4.1	4.4	6.7	5.0	5.2	6.4	6.1	2.0
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (d)	%	3.6	4.5	4.8	8.0	4.5	4.7	6.5	8.1	2.1
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (e)	%	3.3	2.8	3.9	5.8	3.1	3.3	5.0	7.5	1.6
Total remote										
		Proportion								
Abstainers (c)	%	35.9	..	39.1	39.0	47.3	34.9	..	58.3	46.4
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (d)	%	40.4	..	38.3	37.5	23.5	38.5	..	23.6	32.3
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (e)	%	28.3	..	18.6	22.2	np	18.5	..	13.9	18.3
		Relative standard error								
Abstainers (c)	%	13.3	..	10.7	6.6	31.2	29.8	..	4.6	3.8
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (d)	%	14.9	..	11.1	8.8	44.8	24	..	10.2	5.3
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (e)	%	23.1	..	15.5	13.2	np	35.4	..	14.2	7.7
		95 per cent confidence intervals								
Abstainers (c)	%	9.4	..	8.2	5.0	28.9	20.4	..	5.3	3.5

Table 11A.1.13 **Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (aged 15 years or over) by state and territory, by remoteness 2014-15, (crude rates) (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (d)	%	11.8	..	8.3	6.5	20.6	18.1	..	4.7	3.4
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (e)	%	12.8	..	5.7	5.7	np	12.8	..	3.9	2.8

(a) Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted by the ABS to avoid the release of confidential data. Discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

(b) Data exclude not stated responses.

(c) Abstained is defined as those who did not drink alcohol in the previous 12 months or persons who drink one day a year or less.

(d) Risk level calculated on exceeding the National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) Australian Alcohol Guidelines 2009. For short-term/single occasion risk this is 5 or more standard drinks on any day over last 2 weeks. Guideline 2: For healthy men and women, drinking no more than four standard drinks on a single occasion reduces the risk of alcohol related injury arising from that occasion.

(e) Risk level calculated on exceeding the NHMRC Australian Alcohol Guidelines 2009. For lifetime risk this is more than 2 standard drinks on any day. Guideline 1: For healthy men and women, drinking no more than two standard drinks on any day reduces the lifetime risk of harm from alcohol-related disease or injury.

np Not published. .. Not applicable.

Source: ABS (unpublished) 2014-15 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey.

TABLE 11A.1.14

Table 11A.1.14 **Alcohol risk levels, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons (aged 15 years or over), by remoteness, 2014-15 (crude rates) (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Total regional/remote</i>
Estimate							
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (c)	no.	38 751	31 163	32 539	13 825	17 298	94 651
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (d)	no.	18 665	15 138	14 437	7 389	10 011	46 705
Persons aged 15 years or over	no.	155 332	95 464	96 283	35 078	61 819	288 020
Proportion							
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (c)	%	24.9	32.6	33.8	39.4	28.0	32.9
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (d)	%	12.0	15.9	15.0	21.1	16.2	16.2
Relative standard error							
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (c)	%	6.8	6.1	5.8	5.7	7.8	3.2
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (d)	%	10.8	9.4	11.3	7.3	12.1	5.4
95 per cent confidence intervals							
Exceeded single occasion risk guidelines (c)	%	3.3	3.9	3.8	4.4	4.3	2.1
Exceeded lifetime risk guidelines (d)	%	2.5	2.9	3.3	3.0	3.8	1.7

(a) Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted by the ABS to avoid the release of confidential data. Discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

(b) Data include not stated responses.

(c) Risk level calculated on exceeding the National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) Australian Alcohol Guidelines 2009. For short-term/single occasion risk this is 5 or more standard drinks on any day over last 2 weeks. Guideline 2: For healthy men and women, drinking no more than four standard drinks on a single occasion reduces the risk of alcohol related injury arising from that occasion.

(d) Risk level calculated on exceeding the NHMRC Australian Alcohol Guidelines 2009. For lifetime risk this is more than 2 standard drinks on any day. Guideline 1: For healthy men and women, drinking no more than two standard drinks on any day reduces the lifetime risk of harm from alcohol-related disease or injury.

Source : ABS (unpublished) 2014-15 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey.

TABLE 11A.1.15

Table 11A.1.15 Hospital separations related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, 2010-11 to 2018-19 (a), (b), (c), (d)

	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
	Number								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander									
Mental/behavioural disorders (F10)	3 840	4 113	4 543	4 262	4 287	4 850	5 193	5 158	5 259
acute intoxication (F10.0)	2 283	2 652	2 967	2 804	2 966	3 404	3 537	3 473	3 497
harmful use (F10.1)	228	212	184	177	164	178	206	151	174
dependence syndrome (F10.2)	638	635	703	631	573	674	802	828	821
other (F10.3–F10.9)	691	614	689	650	584	594	648	706	767
Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	514	531	609	515	512	483	533	462	403
Other inflammatory liver disease (K75)	48	37	39	63	70	51	51	83	98
Toxic effect of alcohol (T51)	46	55	58	41	52	43	44	37	45
Accidental poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X45)	81	60	70	76	67	68	80	66	84
Intentional self-poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X65)	222	295	271	268	266	312	351	328	311
Poisoning by and exposure to alcohol, undetermined intent (Y15)	46	50	49	57	51	37	47	39	45
Non-Indigenous (e)									
Mental/behavioural disorders (F10)	43 598	43 573	43 230	46 590	47 726	48 779	49 971	51 977	54 702
acute intoxication (F10.0)	11 530	11 227	9 781	10 218	10 646	11 477	12 081	11 760	12 063
harmful use (F10.1)	1 487	1 373	1 373	1 643	1 795	2 406	3 803	3 556	2 687
dependence syndrome (F10.2)	25 965	26 523	27 237	29 071	30 155	29 012	28 060	30 391	33 149
other (F10.3–F10.9)	4 616	4 450	4 839	5 658	5 130	5 884	6 026	6 270	6 803
Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	5 318	5 455	5 353	4 480	4 513	4 924	4 830	4 731	4 440
Other inflammatory liver disease (K75)	1 396	1 482	1 478	1 646	1 654	1 838	1 933	2 014	2 167
Toxic effect of alcohol (T51)	672	724	624	532	482	570	575	572	520

TABLE 11A.1.15

Table 11A.1.15 **Hospital separations related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, 2010-11 to 2018-19 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Accidental poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X45)	836	837	812	762	756	828	878	835	808
Intentional self-poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X65)	4 686	4 827	4 694	4 636	4 713	5 254	5 297	4 779	4 734
Poisoning by and exposure to alcohol, undetermined intent (Y15)	866	818	606	577	577	581	550	491	460
Not stated									
Mental/behavioural disorders (F10)	1 053	1 453	1 505	1 396	1 811	1 701	2 074	2 442	2 084
acute intoxication (F10.0)	416	453	320	363	388	429	399	355	328
harmful use (F10.1)	84	102	138	311	176	198	296	358	131
dependence syndrome (F10.2)	438	817	980	635	1 170	992	1 287	1 620	1 538
other (F10.3–F10.9)	115	81	67	87	77	82	92	109	87
Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	62	50	57	36	41	52	60	53	33
Other inflammatory liver disease (K75)	22	21	45	52	47	72	88	32	19
Toxic effect of alcohol (T51)	23	21	14	12	7	12	13	8	8
Accidental poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X45)	38	20	21	19	17	24	28	19	14
Intentional self-poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X65)	97	92	112	94	74	66	69	42	54
Poisoning by and exposure to alcohol, undetermined intent (Y15)	29	24	22	15	20	22	18	14	12
Crude rate									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander									
Mental/behavioural disorders (F10)	539.2	565.0	610.8	561.2	553.2	613.5	644.0	627.2	626.9
acute intoxication (F10.0)	320.6	364.3	398.9	369.2	382.7	430.6	438.7	422.3	416.9
harmful use (F10.1)	32.0	29.1	24.7	23.3	21.2	22.5	25.5	18.4	20.7

TABLE 11A.1.15

Table 11A.1.15 **Hospital separations related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, 2010-11 to 2018-19 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
dependence syndrome (F10.2)	89.6	87.2	94.5	83.1	73.9	85.3	99.5	100.7	97.9
other (F10.3–F10.9)	97.0	84.3	92.6	85.6	75.4	75.1	80.4	85.8	91.4
Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	72.2	72.9	81.9	67.8	66.1	61.1	66.1	56.2	48.0
Other inflammatory liver disease (K75)	6.7	5.1	5.2	8.3	9.0	6.5	6.3	10.1	11.7
Toxic effect of alcohol (T51)	6.5	7.6	7.8	5.4	6.7	5.4	5.5	4.5	5.4
Accidental poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X45)	11.4	8.2	9.4	10.0	8.6	8.6	9.9	8.0	10.0
Intentional self-poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X65)	31.2	40.5	36.4	35.3	34.3	39.5	43.5	39.9	37.1
Poisoning by and exposure to alcohol, undetermined intent (Y15)	6.5	6.9	6.6	7.5	6.6	4.7	5.8	4.7	5.4
Non-Indigenous (e)									
Mental/behavioural disorders (F10)	203.0	199.8	194.8	206.7	208.7	210.1	211.8	216.8	224.7
acute intoxication (F10.0)	53.7	51.5	44.1	45.3	46.5	49.4	51.2	49.1	49.6
harmful use (F10.1)	6.9	6.3	6.2	7.3	7.8	10.4	16.1	14.8	11.0
dependence syndrome (F10.2)	120.9	121.6	122.8	129.0	131.8	125.0	118.9	126.8	136.2
other (F10.3–F10.9)	21.5	20.4	21.8	25.1	22.4	25.3	25.5	26.2	28.0
Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	24.8	25.0	24.1	19.9	19.7	21.2	20.5	19.7	18.2
Other inflammatory liver disease (K75)	6.5	6.8	6.7	7.3	7.2	7.9	8.2	8.4	8.9
Toxic effect of alcohol (T51)	3.1	3.3	2.8	2.4	2.1	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.1
Accidental poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X45)	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.4	3.3	3.6	3.7	3.5	3.3
Intentional self-poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X65)	21.8	22.1	21.2	20.6	20.6	22.6	22.5	19.9	19.4
Poisoning by and exposure to alcohol, undetermined intent (Y15)	4.0	3.8	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.3	2.0	1.9

TABLE 11A.1.15

Table 11A.1.15 Hospital separations related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, 2010-11 to 2018-19 (a), (b), (c), (d)

	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
	Age-standardised rate (f)								
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander									
Mental/behavioural disorders (F10)	664.3	696.4	766.0	711.0	711.2	787.7	822.9	811.9	804.2
acute intoxication (F10.0)	386.5	438.4	493.3	458.9	485.9	548.8	558.0	542.3	526.3
harmful use (F10.1)	38.5	35.8	30.9	29.3	26.3	28.5	31.2	23.5	26.0
dependence syndrome (F10.2)	113.4	113.4	120.3	111.3	96.9	112.3	127.9	131.8	131.1
other (F10.3–F10.9)	125.9	108.8	121.5	111.6	102.1	98.1	105.8	114.3	121.0
Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	99.9	100.3	114.9	96.4	91.1	84.8	91.6	76.8	66.5
Other inflammatory liver disease (K75)	10.4	9.0	8.0	11.6	13.7	11.0	12.6	13.0	18.1
Toxic effect of alcohol (T51)	7.6	8.6	8.3	6.3	8.0	6.3	6.0	5.2	6.7
Accidental poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X45)	13.6	9.0	10.4	11.0	10.9	10.1	10.8	9.1	11.4
Intentional self-poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X65)	36.2	46.6	43.1	41.8	39.5	46.6	48.7	46.2	43.1
Poisoning by and exposure to alcohol, undetermined intent (Y15)	7.2	7.9	7.6	9.4	7.3	6.0	7.0	5.6	7.3
Non-Indigenous (e)									
Mental/behavioural disorders (F10)	198.3	195.0	190.1	202.1	203.8	206.2	208.8	213.4	221.3
acute intoxication (F10.0)	53.8	51.8	44.2	45.4	46.7	49.7	51.6	49.5	49.6
harmful use (F10.1)	6.7	6.2	6.1	7.2	7.8	10.2	15.9	14.6	10.8
dependence syndrome (F10.2)	116.8	117.2	118.7	125.0	127.4	121.3	116.2	123.6	133.4
other (F10.3–F10.9)	20.9	19.8	21.2	24.5	22.0	25.0	25.1	25.8	27.5
Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	23.1	23.1	22.2	18.2	18.0	19.5	18.7	18.2	16.7
Other inflammatory liver disease (K75)	6.1	6.4	6.3	6.8	6.7	7.3	7.5	7.6	7.8
Toxic effect of alcohol (T51)	3.2	3.4	2.9	2.4	2.1	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.2

TABLE 11A.1.15

Table 11A.1.15 **Hospital separations related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, 2010-11 to 2018-19 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Accidental poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X45)	3.9	3.9	3.7	3.4	3.3	3.6	3.8	3.6	3.4
Intentional self-poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X65)	22.0	22.4	21.4	20.8	21.0	23.0	22.9	20.4	19.9
Poisoning by and exposure to alcohol, undetermined intent (Y15)	4.1	3.8	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.1	1.9
Rate ratios (g)									
Mental/behavioural disorders (F10)	3.3	3.6	4.0	3.5	3.5	3.8	3.9	3.8	3.6
acute intoxication (F10.0)	7.2	8.5	11.2	10.1	10.4	11.0	10.8	11.0	10.6
harmful use (F10.1)	5.7	5.8	5.1	4.1	3.4	2.8	2.0	1.6	2.4
dependence syndrome (F10.2)	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.0
other (F10.3–F10.9)	6.0	5.5	5.7	4.6	4.6	3.9	4.2	4.4	4.4
Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	4.3	4.3	5.2	5.3	5.1	4.3	4.9	4.2	4.0
Other inflammatory liver disease (K75)	1.7	1.4	1.3	1.7	2.0	1.5	1.7	1.7	2.3
Toxic effect of alcohol (T51)	2.4	2.5	2.9	2.6	3.8	2.5	2.4	2.1	3.0
Accidental poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X45)	3.5	2.3	2.8	3.2	3.3	2.8	2.8	2.5	3.4
Intentional self-poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X65)	1.6	2.1	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.2
Poisoning by and exposure to alcohol, undetermined intent (Y15)	1.8	2.1	2.7	3.6	2.8	2.4	2.9	2.7	3.8

(a) Categories are based on ICD-10-AM classification of diseases (International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 10th Revision, Australian Modification). ICD-10-AM codes F10, K70, K75 and T51 based on principal diagnosis. External cause codes X45, X65 and Y15 based on any external cause reported. Overlapping may exist between separations by toxic effect of alcohol and separations based on external causes X45, X65, or Y15. Sub-categories may not add to total as there may be overlap between principal diagnosis and external cause categories.

(b) Data are from public and private hospitals in all jurisdictions.

Table 11A.1.15 **Hospital separations related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, 2010-11 to 2018-19 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19

(c) From 2012-13, data exclude inter-hospital contracted patients to private sector hospitals in WA.

(d) Rates per 100 000 population are calculated using population estimates and projections based on 2016 Census data.

(e) 'Non-Indigenous' only includes hospitalisations of people explicitly identified as non-Indigenous, except for WA where it includes all hospitalisations not explicitly recorded as Indigenous (WA hospitalisations data does not separately identify records as Non-indigenous or not stated).

(f) Rates are directly age-standardised using the Australian 2001 standard population. Age groups used for age standardisation are from 0-4 years in five yearly groups up to 70-74 years old and 75 years plus.

(g) Rate ratio is the age-standardised Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander hospitalisation rate divided by the non-Indigenous hospitalisation rate.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) National Hospital Morbidity Database.

TABLE 11A.1.16

Table 11A.1.16 **Hospital separations related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, NSW, Victoria, Queensland, WA, SA and public hospitals in the NT, 2004-05 to 2018-19 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	Mental/ behavioural disorders (F10)					Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	Other inflammatory liver disease (K75)	Toxic effect of alcohol (T51)	Accidental poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X45)	Intentional self-poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X65)	Poisoning by and exposure to alcohol, undetermined intent (Y15)
	acute intoxication (F10.0)	harmful use (F10.1)	depend-ence syndrome (F10.2)	other (F10.3–F10.9)	Sub-total (F10)						
Number											
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander											
2018-19	3428	167	796	729	5120	385	98	44	82	295	42
2017-18	3389	139	770	666	4964	435	80	35	64	313	37
2016-17	3433	192	735	604	4964	516	48	41	79	330	40
2015-16	3315	164	589	541	4609	460	50	43	66	295	35
2014-15	2888	159	503	558	4108	491	66	49	61	261	47
2013-14	2740	174	574	625	4113	502	61	38	73	261	50
2012-13	2910	179	689	651	4429	596	36	57	69	260	49
2011-12	2623	211	614	593	4041	521	34	55	58	290	47
2010-11	2220	224	606	656	3706	502	48	46	80	215	40
2009-10	1897	188	636	605	3326	460	30	58	59	219	52
2008-09	1778	189	706	639	3312	465	36	57	55	186	55
2007-08	1530	141	703	730	3104	394	23	44	43	186	52
2006-07	1421	112	751	628	2912	390	26	32	61	179	34
2005-06	1335	118	588	624	2665	415	28	27	71	152	30
2004-05	1129	121	669	598	2517	381	29	40	115	150	44
Non-Indigenous (e)											
2018-19	11 384	2 607	32 594	6 250	52 835	4 259	2 079	493	755	4 458	430

TABLE 11A.1.16

Table 11A.1.16 **Hospital separations related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, NSW, Victoria, Queensland, WA, SA and public hospitals in the NT, 2004-05 to 2018-19 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	Mental/ behavioural disorders (F10)					Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	Other inflammatory liver disease (K75)	Toxic effect of alcohol (T51)	Accidental poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X45)	Intentional self-poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X65)	Poisoning by and exposure to alcohol, undetermined intent (Y15)
	acute intoxication (F10.0)	harmful use (F10.1)	dependence syndrome (F10.2)	other (F10.3–F10.9)	Sub-total (F10)						
2017-18	10 913	2 644	29 769	5 597	48 923	4 490	1 920	536	797	4 471	463
2016-17	11 473	2 997	27 464	5 412	47 347	4 594	1 842	552	857	5 029	525
2015-16	10 711	1 889	28 068	5 283	45 951	4 690	1 770	540	791	4 976	540
2014-15	10 032	1 535	28 930	4 657	45 154	4 324	1 586	456	719	4 460	534
2013-14	9 725	1 512	28 046	5 132	44 415	4 261	1 587	500	736	4 419	528
2012-13	9 424	1 288	26 487	4 366	41 565	5 119	1 410	591	777	4 521	566
2011-12	10 757	1 314	25 928	3 965	41 964	5 179	1 423	695	822	4 654	769
2010-11	11 104	1 357	25 392	4 072	41 925	5 084	1 325	651	819	4 520	828
2009-10	10 752	1 626	26 748	4 256	43 382	5 097	1 075	709	925	4 790	867
2008-09	10 381	1 388	24 054	4 324	40 147	4 797	1 069	712	976	4 590	1 110
2007-08	9 530	1 295	22 174	4 577	37 576	4 985	1 115	746	953	4 452	962
2006-07	9 404	1 176	20 439	3 832	34 851	4 970	950	625	933	4 221	822
2005-06	8 524	1 165	19 511	3 533	32 733	4 723	1 050	624	972	3 978	717
2004-05	7 672	1 225	18 645	3 003	30 545	4 000	1 046	615	923	3 757	645
Not stated											
2018-19	295	131	1529	83	2038	33	19	7	13	51	12
2017-18	297	80	1516	77	1970	52	29	8	19	41	14
2016-17	366	94	1180	66	1706	59	84	13	28	66	18
2015-16	378	76	953	66	1473	51	70	9	21	61	20

TABLE 11A.1.16

Table 11A.1.16 **Hospital separations related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, NSW, Victoria, Queensland, WA, SA and public hospitals in the NT, 2004-05 to 2018-19 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	Mental/ behavioural disorders (F10)					Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	Other inflammatory liver disease (K75)	Toxic effect of alcohol (T51)	Accidental poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X45)	Intentional self-poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X65)	Poisoning by and exposure to alcohol, undetermined intent (Y15)
	acute intoxication (F10.0)	harmful use (F10.1)	dependence syndrome (F10.2)	other (F10.3–F10.9)	Sub-total (F10)						
2014-15	342	95	1052	65	1554	33	46	5	14	68	17
2013-14	332	210	555	63	1160	35	52	12	17	90	14
2012-13	293	107	901	56	1357	53	43	14	20	106	21
2011-12	412	95	788	73	1368	48	21	20	19	86	19
2010-11	376	77	427	100	980	51	22	22	34	93	28
2009-10	382	35	166	110	693	60	27	16	23	115	17
2008-09	349	26	199	92	666	57	22	26	29	104	18
2007-08	314	20	208	116	658	72	14	19	30	87	29
2006-07	297	15	168	108	588	59	20	11	29	97	16
2005-06	268	15	224	72	579	45	23	20	24	91	16
2004-05	263	16	210	60	549	64	31	13	25	63	14
Crude rate											
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander											
2018-19	428.1	20.9	99.4	91.0	639.4	48.1	12.2	5.5	10.2	36.8	5.2
2017-18	431.7	17.7	98.1	84.8	632.4	55.4	10.2	4.5	8.2	39.9	4.7
2016-17	446.1	24.9	95.5	78.5	645.0	67.0	6.2	5.3	10.3	42.9	5.2
2015-16	439.3	21.7	78.1	71.7	610.8	61.0	6.6	5.7	8.7	39.1	4.6
2014-15	390.5	21.5	68.0	75.4	555.4	66.4	8.9	6.6	8.2	35.3	6.4
2013-14	378.0	24.0	79.2	86.2	567.5	69.3	8.4	5.2	10.1	36.0	6.9

TABLE 11A.1.16

Table 11A.1.16 **Hospital separations related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, NSW, Victoria, Queensland, WA, SA and public hospitals in the NT, 2004-05 to 2018-19 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	Mental/ behavioural disorders (F10)					Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	Other inflammatory liver disease (K75)	Toxic effect of alcohol (T51)	Accidental poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X45)	Intentional self-poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X65)	Poisoning by and exposure to alcohol, undetermined intent (Y15)
	acute intoxication (F10.0)	harmful use (F10.1)	dependence syndrome (F10.2)	other (F10.3–F10.9)	Sub-total (F10)						
2012-13	410.0	25.2	97.1	91.7	624.0	84.0	5.1	8.0	9.7	36.6	6.9
2011-12	377.6	30.4	88.4	85.4	581.7	75.0	4.9	7.9	8.3	41.7	6.8
2010-11	326.7	33.0	89.2	96.5	545.3	73.9	7.1	6.8	11.8	31.6	5.9
2009-10	285.5	28.3	95.7	91.1	500.6	69.2	4.5	8.7	8.9	33.0	7.8
2008-09	273.9	29.1	108.8	98.4	510.2	71.6	5.5	8.8	8.5	28.7	8.5
2007-08	241.4	22.2	110.9	115.2	489.8	62.2	3.6	6.9	6.8	29.3	8.2
2006-07	229.8	18.1	121.5	101.6	470.9	63.1	4.2	5.2	9.9	28.9	5.5
2005-06	221.3	19.6	97.5	103.5	441.8	68.8	4.6	4.5	11.8	25.2	5.0
2004-05	191.8	20.6	113.7	101.6	427.6	64.7	4.9	6.8	19.5	25.5	7.5
Non-Indigenous (e)											
2018-19	48.5	11.1	138.9	26.6	225.2	18.2	8.9	2.1	3.2	19.0	1.8
2017-18	47.3	11.5	129.1	24.3	212.1	19.5	8.3	2.3	3.5	19.4	2.0
2016-17	50.6	13.2	121.0	23.8	208.6	20.2	8.1	2.4	3.8	22.2	2.3
2015-16	48.0	8.5	125.7	23.7	205.8	21.0	7.9	2.4	3.5	22.3	2.4
2014-15	45.6	7.0	131.5	21.2	205.3	19.7	7.2	2.1	3.3	20.3	2.4
2013-14	44.9	7.0	129.4	23.7	204.9	19.7	7.3	2.3	3.4	20.4	2.4
2012-13	44.2	6.0	124.2	20.5	194.9	24.0	6.6	2.8	3.6	21.2	2.7
2011-12	51.3	6.3	123.7	18.9	200.3	24.7	6.8	3.3	3.9	22.2	3.7
2010-11	53.8	6.6	123.1	19.7	203.2	24.6	6.4	3.2	4.0	21.9	4.0

TABLE 11A.1.16

Table 11A.1.16 **Hospital separations related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, NSW, Victoria, Queensland, WA, SA and public hospitals in the NT, 2004-05 to 2018-19 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	Mental/ behavioural disorders (F10)					Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	Other inflammatory liver disease (K75)	Toxic effect of alcohol (T51)	Accidental poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X45)	Intentional self-poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X65)	Poisoning by and exposure to alcohol, undetermined intent (Y15)
	acute intoxication (F10.0)	harmful use (F10.1)	dependence syndrome (F10.2)	other (F10.3–F10.9)	Sub-total (F10)						
2009-10	52.9	8.0	131.6	20.9	213.4	25.1	5.3	3.5	4.6	23.6	4.3
2008-09	52.0	7.0	120.5	21.7	201.1	24.0	5.4	3.6	4.9	23.0	5.6
2007-08	48.7	6.6	113.4	23.4	192.1	25.5	5.7	3.8	4.9	22.8	4.9
2006-07	49.0	6.1	106.5	20.0	181.6	25.9	5.0	3.3	4.9	22.0	4.3
2005-06	45.1	6.2	103.3	18.7	173.3	25.0	5.6	3.3	5.1	21.1	3.8
2004-05	41.1	6.6	100.0	16.1	163.8	21.4	5.6	3.3	4.9	20.1	3.5
Age-standardised rate (f)											
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander											
2018-19	541.5	26.4	133.7	120.4	822.0	66.7	19.0	6.9	11.6	43.2	7.3
2017-18	555.1	22.9	128.4	113.3	819.7	75.8	13.2	5.2	9.3	46.0	5.6
2016-17	568.4	30.4	123.1	103.7	825.6	92.6	12.7	5.8	11.1	48.1	6.1
2015-16	560.7	27.7	102.8	94.1	785.2	84.3	11.4	6.6	10.3	46.4	5.9
2014-15	495.8	26.8	89.2	102.5	714.3	91.8	13.6	7.9	10.4	40.6	7.0
2013-14	470.3	30.1	106.7	112.9	720.0	98.2	11.8	6.1	11.2	42.6	8.9
2012-13	508.4	31.5	123.9	121.1	784.9	118.1	7.8	8.6	10.7	43.4	8.0
2011-12	454.9	37.3	115.3	110.5	718.1	103.4	9.1	9.0	9.1	48.1	7.8
2010-11	394.6	39.7	112.9	125.9	673.1	102.4	11.0	8.0	14.1	36.8	6.8
2009-10	343.0	33.0	121.1	115.6	612.6	95.4	5.0	9.1	9.6	37.4	8.8
2008-09	326.7	35.6	136.3	127.0	625.7	101.6	7.8	9.6	9.7	32.4	9.3

TABLE 11A.1.16

Table 11A.1.16 **Hospital separations related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, NSW, Victoria, Queensland, WA, SA and public hospitals in the NT, 2004-05 to 2018-19 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	Mental/ behavioural disorders (F10)					Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	Other inflammatory liver disease (K75)	Toxic effect of alcohol (T51)	Accidental poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X45)	Intentional self-poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X65)	Poisoning by and exposure to alcohol, undetermined intent (Y15)
	acute intoxication (F10.0)	harmful use (F10.1)	dependence syndrome (F10.2)	other (F10.3–F10.9)	Sub-total (F10)						
2007-08	296.7	26.4	141.8	147.6	612.6	87.3	7.3	7.3	7.6	32.6	9.0
2006-07	280.5	22.1	156.3	128.0	587.0	90.2	7.1	5.1	11.5	33.5	5.7
2005-06	276.5	21.9	122.7	135.6	556.8	94.6	6.4	4.3	14.1	28.6	5.8
2004-05	246.2	24.5	146.6	130.0	547.4	87.1	7.1	7.3	23.4	30.4	8.4
Non-Indigenous (e)											
2018-19	48.8	11.0	136.5	26.3	222.5	16.8	8.0	2.2	3.3	19.5	1.9
2017-18	47.6	11.4	125.8	23.8	208.7	18.0	7.5	2.4	3.5	19.8	2.0
2016-17	50.9	13.1	118.3	23.4	205.6	18.4	7.5	2.5	3.8	22.6	2.4
2015-16	48.2	8.3	122.0	23.3	201.7	19.3	7.3	2.5	3.6	22.7	2.5
2014-15	45.7	6.9	127.1	20.7	200.5	18.0	6.7	2.1	3.3	20.6	2.5
2013-14	45.0	6.9	125.4	23.1	200.4	18.0	6.8	2.4	3.4	20.6	2.5
2012-13	44.3	5.9	120.1	19.8	190.1	22.1	6.2	2.8	3.7	21.5	2.7
2011-12	51.7	6.2	119.2	18.3	195.4	22.9	6.4	3.4	3.9	22.5	3.7
2010-11	54.0	6.4	118.9	19.1	198.4	23.0	6.1	3.2	4.0	22.0	4.0
2009-10	52.9	7.8	127.3	20.4	208.4	23.4	5.0	3.5	4.6	23.7	4.3
2008-09	51.9	6.8	116.9	21.0	196.6	22.5	5.1	3.6	4.9	23.0	5.6
2007-08	48.6	6.5	109.7	22.8	187.5	24.0	5.4	3.8	4.9	22.8	5.0
2006-07	48.8	6.0	102.8	19.4	177.1	24.4	4.8	3.3	4.9	22.1	4.3
2005-06	45.0	6.0	100.0	18.2	169.2	23.7	5.4	3.3	5.2	21.1	3.8

TABLE 11A.1.16

Table 11A.1.16 **Hospital separations related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, NSW, Victoria, Queensland, WA, SA and public hospitals in the NT, 2004-05 to 2018-19 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	Mental/ behavioural disorders (F10)					Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	Other inflammatory liver disease (K75)	Toxic effect of alcohol (T51)	Accidental poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X45)	Intentional self-poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X65)	Poisoning by and exposure to alcohol, undetermined intent (Y15)
	acute intoxication (F10.0)	harmful use (F10.1)	dependence syndrome (F10.2)	other (F10.3–F10.9)	Sub-total (F10)						
2004-05	40.9	6.5	97.1	15.6	160.2	20.5	5.4	3.3	5.0	20.2	3.5
Rate ratios (g)											
2018-19	11.1	2.4	1.0	4.6	3.7	4.0	2.4	3.1	3.5	2.2	3.8
2017-18	11.7	2.0	1.0	4.8	3.9	4.2	1.8	2.2	2.7	2.3	2.8
2016-17	11.2	2.3	1.0	4.4	4.0	5.0	1.7	2.3	2.9	2.1	2.5
2015-16	11.6	3.3	0.8	4.0	3.9	4.4	1.6	2.6	2.9	2.0	2.4
2014-15	10.8	3.9	0.7	5.0	3.6	5.1	2.0	3.8	3.2	2.0	2.8
2013-14	10.5	4.4	0.9	4.9	3.6	5.5	1.7	2.5	3.3	2.1	3.6
2012-13	11.5	5.3	1.0	6.1	4.1	5.3	1.3	3.1	2.9	2.0	3.0
2011-12	8.8	6.0	1.0	6.0	3.7	4.5	1.4	2.6	2.3	2.1	2.1
2010-11	7.3	6.2	0.9	6.6	3.4	4.5	1.8	2.5	3.5	1.7	1.7
2009-10	6.5	4.2	1.0	5.7	2.9	4.1	1.0	2.6	2.1	1.6	2.0
2008-09	6.3	5.2	1.2	6.0	3.2	4.5	1.5	2.7	2.0	1.4	1.7
2007-08	6.1	4.1	1.3	6.5	3.3	3.6	1.4	1.9	1.6	1.4	1.8
2006-07	5.7	3.7	1.5	6.6	3.3	3.7	1.5	1.5	2.3	1.5	1.3
2005-06	6.1	3.7	1.2	7.5	3.3	4.0	1.2	1.3	2.7	1.4	1.5
2004-05	6.0	3.8	1.5	8.3	3.4	4.2	1.3	2.2	4.7	1.5	2.4

TABLE 11A.1.16

Table 11A.1.16 **Hospital separations related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, NSW, Victoria, Queensland, WA, SA and public hospitals in the NT, 2004-05 to 2018-19 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

Mental/ behavioural disorders (F10)					Alcoholic	Other	Toxic	Accidental	Intentional	Poisoning by
acute	harmful	depend-	other	Sub-total	liver	inflammatory	effect of	poisoning	self-	and exposure
intoxication	use	ence	(F10.3–	(F10)	disease	liver disease	alcohol	by and	poisoning	to alcohol,
(F10.0)	(F10.1)	syndrome	F10.9)		(K70)	(K75)	(T51)	exposure to	by and	undetermined
		(F10.2)						alcohol	exposure to	intent (Y15)
								(X45)	alcohol	
									(X65)	

- (a) Categories are based on ICD-10-AM classification of diseases (International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 10th Revision, Australian Modification). ICD-10-AM codes F10, K70, K75 and T51 based on principal diagnosis. External cause codes X45, X65 and Y15 based on any external cause reported. Overlapping may exist between separations by toxic effect of alcohol and separations based on external causes X45, X65, or Y15. Sub-categories may not add to total as there may be overlap between principal diagnosis and external cause categories.
- (b) Data exclude private hospitals from the NT.
- (c) From 2012-13, data exclude inter-hospital contracted patients to private sector hospitals in WA.
- (d) Rates per 100 000 population are calculated using population estimates and projections based on 2016 Census data.
- (e) 'Non-Indigenous' only includes hospitalisations of people explicitly identified as non-Indigenous, except for WA where it includes all hospitalisations not explicitly recorded as Indigenous (WA hospitalisations data does not separately identify records as Non-indigenous or not stated).
- (f) Rates are directly age-standardised using the Australian 2001 standard population. Age groups used for age standardisation are from 0-4 years in five yearly groups up to 70-74 years old and 75 years plus.
- (g) Rate ratio is the age-standardised Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander hospitalisation rate divided by the 'Other' persons hospitalisation rate.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) National Hospital Morbidity Database.

TABLE 11A.1.17

Table 11A.1.17 **Hospital separations related to alcohol use, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons, by sex, 2010–2012 to 2016–2018 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Number</i>			<i>Crude rate per 100 000 (d)</i>		
	<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>	<i>Persons (e)</i>	<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>	<i>Persons (e)</i>
2016–2018						
Mental/behavioural disorders (F10)	5 812	4 538	10 351	714.3	556.7	635.5
acute intoxication (F10.0)	3 645	3 364	7 010	448.0	412.7	430.4
harmful use (F10.1)	213	144	357	26.2	17.7	21.9
dependence syndrome (F10.2)	921	709	1 630	113.2	87.0	100.1
other (F10.3–F10.9)	1 033	321	1 354	127.0	39.4	83.1
Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	571	424	995	70.2	52.0	61.1
Other inflammatory liver disease (K75)	72	62	134	8.8	7.6	8.2
Toxic effect of alcohol (T51)	46	35	81	5.7	4.3	5.0
Accidental poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X45)	87	59	146	10.7	7.2	9.0
Intentional self-poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X65)	281	398	679	34.5	48.8	41.7
Poisoning by and exposure to alcohol, undetermined intent (Y15)	40	46	86	4.9	5.6	5.3
Total	6 856	5 525	12 382	842.7	677.8	760.2
2010–2012						
Mental/behavioural disorders (F10)	4 836	3 117	7 953	674.0	431.3	552.2
acute intoxication (F10.0)	2 766	2 169	4 935	385.5	300.2	342.7
harmful use (F10.1)	250	190	440	34.8	26.3	30.6
dependence syndrome (F10.2)	845	428	1 273	117.8	59.2	88.4
other (F10.3–F10.9)	975	330	1 305	135.9	45.7	90.6
Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	684	361	1 045	95.3	50.0	72.6

TABLE 11A.1.17

Table 11A.1.17 **Hospital separations related to alcohol use, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons, by sex, 2010–2012 to 2016–2018 (a), (b), (c)**

	Number			Crude rate per 100 000 (d)		
	Males	Females	Persons (e)	Males	Females	Persons (e)
Other inflammatory liver disease (K75)	34	51	85	4.7	7.1	5.9
Toxic effect of alcohol (T51)	62	39	101	8.6	5.4	7.0
Accidental poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X45)	76	65	141	10.6	9.0	9.8
Intentional self-poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X65)	222	295	517	30.9	40.8	35.9
Poisoning by and exposure to alcohol, undetermined intent (Y15)	59	37	96	8.2	5.1	6.7
Total	5 899	3 924	9 823	822.1	543.0	682.1

(a) Categories are based on ICD-10-AM classification of diseases (International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 10th Revision, Australian Modification). ICD-10-AM codes F10, K70, K75 and T51 based on principal diagnosis. External cause codes X45, X65 and Y15 based on any external cause reported. Overlapping may exist between separations by toxic effect of alcohol and separations based on external causes X45, X65, or Y15. Sub-categories may not add to total as there may be overlap between principal diagnosis and external cause categories.

(b) Data are from public and private hospitals in all jurisdictions.

(c) From 2012-13, data exclude inter-hospital contracted patients to private sector hospitals in WA.

(d) Rates per 100 000 population are calculated using population estimates and projections based on 2016 Census data. As these data span two years, the population denominator used in calculating rates is a weighted sum of mid year population estimates. For 2016–2018 this includes 50% of the population as at 30 June 2016, 100% of the population as at 30 June 2017 and 50% of the population at 30 June 2018.

(e) Persons data includes sex not stated and indeterminate.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) National Hospital Morbidity Database.

TABLE 11A.1.18

Table 11A.1.18 **Hospital separations related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2010–2012 and 2016–2018 (age-standardised rate per 100 000 population) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Males</i>			<i>Females</i>			<i>All persons (f)</i>		
	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous (g)</i>	<i>Rate ratio (h)</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous (g)</i>	<i>Rate ratio (h)</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous (g)</i>	<i>Rate ratio (h)</i>
2016–2018									
Mental/behavioural disorders (F10)	962.6	242.0	4.0	684.5	181.3	3.8	817.6	211.1	3.9
acute intoxication (F10.0)	602.5	62.1	9.7	504.5	39.4	12.8	550.4	50.5	10.9
harmful use (F10.1)	34.2	15.2	2.3	20.9	15.3	1.4	27.3	15.2	1.8
dependence syndrome (F10.2)	151.5	129.1	1.2	108.8	111.0	1.0	129.9	119.9	1.1
other (F10.3–F10.9)	174.4	35.6	4.9	50.2	15.6	3.2	110.1	25.4	4.3
Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	102.1	26.1	3.9	68.2	11.1	6.1	84.1	18.4	4.6
Other inflammatory liver disease (K75)	12.9	7.8	1.7	12.2	7.3	1.7	12.7	7.6	1.7
Toxic effect of alcohol (T51)	6.9	2.6	2.7	4.4	2.4	1.8	5.6	2.5	2.2
Accidental poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X45)	12.5	4.3	2.9	7.6	3.0	2.5	9.9	3.7	2.7
Intentional self-poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X65)	40.8	17.5	2.3	54.0	25.8	2.1	47.4	21.6	2.2
Poisoning by and exposure to alcohol, undetermined intent (Y15)	6.1	2.6	2.3	6.5	1.9	3.4	6.3	2.2	2.9
Total	1 135.9	300.1	3.8	832.6	230.3	3.6	977.4	264.4	3.7
2010–2012									
Mental/behavioural disorders (F10)	876.2	223.3	3.9	503.0	170.5	3.0	680.6	196.7	3.5
acute intoxication (F10.0)	490.0	65.3	7.5	343.8	40.5	8.5	412.6	52.8	7.8
harmful use (F10.1)	44.9	7.7	5.8	30.4	5.2	5.8	37.2	6.5	5.7
dependence syndrome (F10.2)	157.7	121.2	1.3	72.7	113.0	0.6	113.5	117.0	1.0

TABLE 11A.1.18

Table 11A.1.18 **Hospital separations related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2010–2012 and 2016–2018 (age-standardised rate per 100 000 population) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	Males			Females			All persons (f)		
	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	Non-Indigenous (g)	Rate ratio (h)	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	Non-Indigenous (g)	Rate ratio (h)	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	Non-Indigenous (g)	Rate ratio (h)
other (F10.3–F10.9)	183.6	29.1	6.3	56.2	11.8	4.8	117.3	20.4	5.8
Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	138.6	35.1	3.9	65.1	11.5	5.7	100.1	23.1	4.3
Other inflammatory liver disease (K75)	7.5	5.9	1.3	11.3	6.6	1.7	9.7	6.3	1.5
Toxic effect of alcohol (T51)	10.6	3.3	3.2	5.9	3.2	1.8	8.1	3.3	2.5
Accidental poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X45)	13.0	4.4	3.0	9.8	3.4	2.9	11.3	3.9	2.9
Intentional self-poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X65)	36.1	17.4	2.1	46.6	27.0	1.7	41.5	22.2	1.9
Poisoning by and exposure to alcohol, undetermined intent (Y15)	9.7	4.1	2.4	5.5	3.7	1.5	7.6	3.9	1.9
Total	1 079.2	290.2	3.7	641.1	222.6	2.9	849.7	255.8	3.3

(a) Categories are based on ICD-10-AM classification of diseases (International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 10th Revision, Australian Modification). ICD-10-AM codes F10, K70, K75 and T51 based on principal diagnosis. External cause codes X45, X65 and Y15 based on any external cause reported. Overlapping may exist between separations by toxic effect of alcohol and separations based on external causes X45, X65, or Y15. Sub-categories may not add to total as there may be overlap between principal diagnosis and external cause categories.

(b) Data are from public and private hospitals in all jurisdictions.

(c) From 2012-13, data exclude inter-hospital contracted patients to private sector hospitals in WA.

(d) Rates per 100 000 population are calculated using population estimates and projections based on 2016 Census data. As these data span two years, the population denominator used in calculating rates is a weighted sum of mid year population estimates. For 2016–2018 this includes 50% of the population as at 30 June 2016, 100% of the population as at 30 June 2017 and 50% of the population at 30 June 2018.

(e) Rates are directly age-standardised using the Australian 2001 standard population. Age groups used for age standardisation are from 0-4 years in five yearly groups up to 70-74 years old and 75 years plus.

TABLE 11A.1.18

Table 11A.1.18 **Hospital separations related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2010–2012 and 2016–2018 (age-standardised rate per 100 000 population) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

<i>Males</i>			<i>Females</i>			<i>All persons (f)</i>		
<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non- Indigenous (g)</i>	<i>Rate ratio (h)</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non- Indigenous (g)</i>	<i>Rate ratio (h)</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non- Indigenous (g)</i>	<i>Rate ratio (h)</i>

(f) Persons data includes sex not stated and indeterminate.

(g) 'Non-Indigenous' only includes hospitalisations of people explicitly identified as non-Indigenous, except for WA where it includes all hospitalisations not explicitly recorded as Indigenous (WA hospitalisations data does not separately identify records as Non-indigenous or not stated).

(h) Rate ratio is the age-standardised Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander hospitalisation rate divided by the non-Indigenous Australians' hospitalisation rate.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) National Hospital Morbidity Database.

TABLE 11A.1.19

Table 11A.1.19 **Hospital separations related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, by remoteness, 2010–2012 and 2016–2018 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	2010–2012			2016–2018		
	Major cities	Inner and outer regional	Remote and very remote	Major cities	Inner and outer regional	Remote and very remote
Number of hospitalisations						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander						
Mental/behavioural disorders (F10)	2 510	2 769	2 279	2 855	3 255	3 697
acute intoxication (F10.0)	1 484	1 496	1 653	1 469	1 994	3 175
harmful use (F10.1)	71	225	139	96	143	100
dependence syndrome (F10.2)	542	550	123	875	582	97
other (F10.3–F10.9)	413	498	364	415	536	325
Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	308	453	268	314	469	186
Other hospitalisations (f)	350	327	140	469	398	138
Total	3 168	3 549	2 687	3 638	4 122	4 021
Non-Indigenous (g)						
Mental/behavioural disorders (F10)	67 186	17 084	975	79 846	18 551	982
acute intoxication (F10.0)	15 636	5 578	452	17 212	4 804	437
harmful use (F10.1)	1 837	879	66	4 798	2 414	74
dependence syndrome (F10.2)	43 640	8 130	230	49 711	7 859	264
other (F10.3–F10.9)	6 073	2 497	227	8 124	3 474	207
Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	6 951	3 547	195	6 384	2 937	141
Other hospitalisations (f)	10 738	4 453	274	11 538	4 598	253
Total	84 875	25 084	1 444	97 768	26 086	1 376
Not stated						
Mental/behavioural disorders (F10)	1 955	398	47	3 167	1 160	31
acute intoxication (F10.0)	562	181	31	495	112	12
harmful use (F10.1)	151	27	6	156	488	np
dependence syndrome (F10.2)	1 121	122	6	2 408	478	10
other (F10.3–F10.9)	121	68	np	108	82	5
Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	67	40	np	63	47	np
Other hospitalisations (f)	231	84	8	218	70	8
Total	2 253	522	57	3 448	1 277	42
Crude rate per 100 000						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander						
Mental/behavioural disorders (F10)	461.7	438.5	859.7	466.8	453.9	1 232.2
acute intoxication (F10.0)	273.0	236.9	623.6	240.2	278.1	1 058.3
harmful use (F10.1)	13.1	35.6	52.4	15.7	19.9	33.3
dependence syndrome (F10.2)	99.7	87.1	46.4	143.1	81.2	32.3
other (F10.3–F10.9)	76.0	78.9	137.3	67.9	74.7	108.3

TABLE 11A.1.19

Table 11A.1.19 **Hospital separations related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, by remoteness, 2010–2012 and 2016–2018 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	2010–2012			2016–2018		
	Major cities	Inner and outer regional	Remote and very remote	Major cities	Inner and outer regional	Remote and very remote
Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	56.7	71.7	101.1	51.3	65.4	62.0
Other hospitalisations (f)	64.4	51.8	52.8	76.7	55.5	46.0
Total	582.7	562.0	1 013.6	594.8	574.8	1 340.2
Non-Indigenous (g)						
Mental/behavioural disorders (F10)	216.8	148.0	128.7	230.0	152.5	143.2
acute intoxication (F10.0)	50.5	48.3	59.7	49.6	39.5	63.7
harmful use (F10.1)	5.9	7.6	8.7	13.8	19.8	10.8
dependence syndrome (F10.2)	140.8	70.4	30.4	143.2	64.6	38.5
other (F10.3–F10.9)	19.6	21.6	30.0	23.4	28.6	30.2
Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	22.4	30.7	25.7	18.4	24.1	20.6
Other hospitalisations (f)	34.7	38.6	36.2	33.2	37.8	36.9
Total	273.9	217.3	190.7	281.6	214.5	200.6
Age-standardised rate per 100 000 (h)						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander						
Mental/behavioural disorders (F10)	609.1	539.7	958.1	626.6	592.7	1 427.6
acute intoxication (F10.0)	346.9	282.7	688.6	316.6	359.4	1 226.2
harmful use (F10.1)	15.5	44.1	59.4	19.4	26.5	36.4
dependence syndrome (F10.2)	138.2	111.8	53.2	196.7	106.4	36.8
other (F10.3–F10.9)	108.5	101.2	156.9	94.0	100.5	128.3
Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	85.7	99.0	119.7	73.8	91.1	76.0
Other hospitalisations (f)	75.6	63.1	68.1	90.7	66.8	55.9
Total	770.4	701.7	1 145.9	791.1	750.7	1 559.5
Non-Indigenous (g)						
Mental/behavioural disorders (F10)	211.9	149.0	127.9	227.2	152.4	140.5
acute intoxication (F10.0)	50.0	50.9	62.9	49.5	41.2	68.6
harmful use (F10.1)	5.8	7.6	8.8	13.7	19.0	9.6
dependence syndrome (F10.2)	136.9	69.1	27.6	140.8	64.4	35.4
other (F10.3–F10.9)	19.2	21.4	28.6	23.2	27.8	26.9
Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	21.6	26.0	23.2	17.5	20.4	17.4
Other hospitalisations (f)	34.1	40.3	36.5	32.7	39.5	36.9
Total	267.6	215.4	187.7	277.5	212.2	194.7
Rate ratio (i)						
Mental/behavioural disorders (F10)	2.9	3.6	7.5	2.8	3.9	10.2
acute intoxication (F10.0)	6.9	5.6	10.9	6.4	8.7	17.9
harmful use (F10.1)	2.7	5.8	6.8	1.4	1.4	3.8

Table 11A.1.19 **Hospital separations related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, by remoteness, 2010–2012 and 2016–2018 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	2010–2012			2016–2018		
	Major cities	Inner and outer regional	Remote and very remote	Major cities	Inner and outer regional	Remote and very remote
dependence syndrome (F10.2)	1.0	1.6	1.9	1.4	1.7	1.0
other (F10.3–F10.9)	5.7	4.7	5.5	4.1	3.6	4.8
Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	4.0	3.8	5.2	4.2	4.5	4.4
Other hospitalisations (f)	2.2	1.6	1.9	2.8	1.7	1.5
Total	2.9	3.3	6.1	2.9	3.5	8.0

- (a) Categories are based on ICD-10-AM classification of diseases (International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 10th Revision, Australian Modification). ICD-10-AM (fifth edition) codes F10, K70, K75 and T51 based on principal diagnosis. External cause codes X45, X65 and Y15 based on any external cause reported. Overlapping may exist between separations by toxic effect of alcohol and separations based on external causes X45, X65, or Y15.
- (b) Data are from public and private hospitals in all jurisdictions.
- (c) From 2012-13, data exclude inter-hospital contracted patients to private sector hospitals in WA.
- (d) Disaggregation by remoteness area is based on the ABS' 2016 Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) and relates to the patient's usual residence, not the location of hospital. Hence, rates represent the number of separations for patients living in each remoteness area divided by the total number of people living in that remoteness area in the jurisdiction.
- (e) Rates per 100 000 population are calculated using population estimates and projections based on 2016 Census data. As these data span two years, the population denominator used in calculating rates is a weighted sum of mid year population estimates. For 2016–2018 this includes 50 per cent of the population as at 30 June 2016, 100 per cent of the population as at 30 June 2017 and 50 per cent of the population at 30 June 2018.
- (f) 'Other hospitalisations' includes Other inflammatory liver disease (K75), Toxic effect of alcohol (T51), Accidental poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X45), Intentional self-poisoning by and exposure to alcohol (X65), Poisoning by and exposure to alcohol, undetermined intent (Y15).
- (g) 'Non-Indigenous' only includes hospitalisations of people explicitly identified as non-Indigenous, except for WA where it includes all hospitalisations not explicitly recorded as Indigenous (WA hospitalisations data does not separately identify records as Non-indigenous or not stated).
- (h) Rates are directly age-standardised using the Australian 2001 standard population. Age groups used for age standardisation are from 0-4 years in five yearly groups up to 70-74 years old and 75 years plus.
- (i) Rate ratio is the age-standardised Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander hospitalisation rate divided by the non-Indigenous Australians' hospitalisation rate.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) National Hospital Morbidity Database.

TABLE 11A.1.20

Table 11A.1.20 **Hospital separations related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, by state and territory, 2010–2012 and 2016–2018 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2016–2018									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander									
Number	2 547	463	3 544	1 868	864	129	106	2 576	12 305
Crude rate per 100 000	470.4	391.3	783.8	910.0	1 001.0	222.1	685.7	1 704.3	755.5
Age Standardised Rate per 100 000	610.5	519.9	1 028.4	1 161.5	1 276.0	287.3	835.6	1 974.3	971.1
Non-Indigenous (g)									
Number	45 621	29 442	29 894	9 596	5 939	1 551	1 975	678	126 098
Crude rate per 100 000	300.4	235.2	317.9	194.1	176.6	157.1	244.2	197.7	265.1
Age Standardised Rate per 100 000	296.6	230.6	309.0	191.0	175.1	160.3	245.6	198.2	260.3
Age-standardised rate ratio (h)	2.1	2.3	3.3	6.1	7.3	1.8	3.4	10.0	3.7
Not stated									
Number	975	415	2 229	5	440	30	21	21	4 216
2010–2012									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander									
Number	2 352	580	2 150	2 514	952	59	58	1 020	9 818
Crude rate per 100 000	496.9	548.8	540.8	1 365.2	1 233.5	114.5	420.9	747.5	681.7
Age Standardised Rate per 100 000	623.8	691.4	707.2	1 632.5	1 542.0	135.3	489.1	915.6	849.2
Non-Indigenous (g)									
Number	38 362	30 131	24 346	10 199	5 748	1 072	1 374	451	112 879
Crude rate per 100 000	274.6	274.2	284.2	225.3	179.4	110.5	189.9	137.6	260.8
Age Standardised Rate per 100 000	267.0	267.3	276.7	221.1	176.0	108.6	186.9	131.5	254.2
Age-standardised rate ratio (h)	2.3	2.6	2.6	7.4	8.8	1.2	2.6	7.0	3.3
Not stated									
Number	1 424	469	474	3	393	11	22	5	2 899

Table 11A.1.20 Hospital separations related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, by state and territory, 2010–2012 and 2016–2018 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(a)	Categories are based on ICD-10-AM classification of diseases (International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 10th Revision, Australian Modification). ICD-10-AM (fifth edition) codes F10, K70, K75 and T51 based on principal diagnosis. External cause codes X45, X65 and Y15 based on any external cause reported. Overlapping may exist between separations by toxic effect of alcohol and separations based on external causes X45, X65, or Y15.								
(b)	Data exclude private hospitals from the NT.								
(c)	From 2012-13, data exclude inter-hospital contracted patients to private sector hospitals in WA.								
(d)	Rates per 100 000 population are calculated using population estimates and projections based on 2016 Census data. As these data span two years, the population denominator used in calculating rates is a weighted sum of mid year population estimates. For 2016–2018 this includes 50 per cent of the population as at 30 June 2016, 100 per cent of the population as at 30 June 2017 and 50 per cent of the population at 30 June 2018.								
(e)	Rates are directly age-standardised using the Australian 2001 standard population. Age groups used for age standardisation are from 0-4 years in five yearly groups up to 70-74 years old and 75 years plus.								
(f)	Data are reported by place of residence of the patient hospitalised.								
(g)	'Non-Indigenous' only includes hospitalisations of people explicitly identified as non-Indigenous, except for WA where it includes all hospitalisations not explicitly recorded as Indigenous (WA hospitalisations data does not separately identify records as Non-indigenous or not stated).								
(h)	Rate ratio is the age-standardised Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander hospitalisation rate divided by the non-Indigenous Australians' hospitalisation rate.								

Source: AIHW (unpublished) National Hospital Morbidity Database.

TABLE 11A.1.21

Table 11A.1.21 Deaths related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, by sex, NSW, Queensland, WA, SA and the NT, 2014–2018 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i)

	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander			Non-Indigenous			Rate ratio (l)	Rate difference (m)
	Deaths (no.)	Rate per 100 000 (j) (k)	Variability band (±)	Deaths (no.)	Rate per 100 000 (j) (k)	Variability band (±)		
Males								
Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	199	18.0	12.0	2 142	4.7	0.9	3.8	13.3
Mental & behavioural disorders due to alcohol use (F10)	66	7.6	10.0	711	1.6	0.5	4.9	6.0
Poisoning by alcohol (X45, X65, Y15)	25	1.9	3.4	200	0.5	0.3	3.9	1.4
Other (E24.4, G31.2, G62.1, G72.1)	39	3.8	5.9	212	0.5	0.3	8.1	3.3
Total deaths related to alcohol use	329	31.2	17.0	3 265	7.2	1.1	4.3	24.0
Females								
Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	99	7.7	6.9	761	1.7	0.5	4.7	6.1
Mental & behavioural disorders due to alcohol use (F10)	16	np	np	190	0.4	0.3	np	np
Poisoning by alcohol (X45, X65, Y15)	16	np	np	89	0.2	0.2	np	np
Other (E24.4, G31.2, G62.1, G72.1)	7	np	np	39	0.1	0.1	np	np
Total deaths related to alcohol use	138	10.9	8.4	1 079	2.3	0.6	4.7	8.6
Persons								
Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	298	12.5	6.6	2 903	3.1	0.5	4.0	9.4
Mental & behavioural disorders due to alcohol use (F10)	82	4.1	4.6	901	0.9	0.3	4.3	3.2
Poisoning by alcohol (X45, X65, Y15)	41	1.5	2.1	289	0.3	0.2	4.5	1.2
Other (E24.4, G31.2, G62.1, G72.1)	46	2.1	3.0	251	0.3	0.1	7.9	1.8
Total deaths related to alcohol use	467	20.2	8.9	4 344	4.7	0.6	4.3	15.6

TABLE 11A.1.21

Table 11A.1.21 **Deaths related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, by sex, NSW, Queensland, WA, SA and the NT, 2014–2018 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i)**

	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>			<i>Non-Indigenous</i>			<i>Rate ratio</i>	<i>Rate</i>
	<i>Deaths (no.)</i>	<i>Rate per</i> <i>100 000 (j) (k)</i>	<i>Variability</i> <i>band (±)</i>	<i>Deaths (no.)</i>	<i>Rate per</i> <i>100 000 (j) (k)</i>	<i>Variability</i> <i>band (±)</i>	<i>(l)</i>	<i>difference</i> <i>(m)</i>
(a)	All causes of death data from 2006 onward are subject to a revisions process. Once data for a reference year are 'final', they are no longer revised. Affected data in this table are: 2014-2015 (final), 2016 (revised), 2017 and 2018 (preliminary). See Explanatory Notes 59-62 in Causes of Death, Australia, 2018 (cat. no. 3303.0) and Causes of Death Revisions, 2015 Final Data (Technical Note) and 2016 Revised Data (Technical Note) in Causes of Death, Australia, 2017 (cat. no. 3303.0).							
(b)	Data are reported for New South Wales, Queensland, Western Australia, South Australia and the Northern Territory only, which are considered to have adequate levels of Indigenous identification in mortality data. Data for these jurisdictions over-represent Indigenous populations in less urbanised and more remote locations, and should not be assumed to represent the experience in the other jurisdictions.							
(c)	Data are grouped for 2014–2018 because of small numbers each year. For rate calculations, the numerator is the average of the total number of deaths and the denominator is the mid-point of the population for the time period.							
(d)	Although most deaths of Indigenous Australians are registered, it is likely that some are not accurately identified as Indigenous. Therefore, these statistics are likely to underestimate the Indigenous mortality rate. It is also difficult to exactly identify the difference between the Indigenous and non-Indigenous mortality rates because of these data quality issues.							
(e)	Cells with small values have been randomly assigned to protect the confidentiality of individuals, so some totals will not equal the sum of their components. Cells with a zero value have not been affected.							
(f)	These data exclude 58 registered deaths where the Indigenous status was not stated over the period 2014–2018.							
(g)	From 2015, deaths data provided by the Queensland Registry of Births, Deaths and Marriages include information resulting in an increase in the number of deaths identified as Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander in Queensland.							
(h)	Changes in coding processes have been applied to 2018 data. See Technical Note Updates to Iris coding software: Implementing WHO updates and improvements in coding processes, in the Causes of Death, Australia, 2018 (cat. no. 3303.0) publication							
(i)	Categories are based on the ICD-10 10th Revision (World Health Organization) and relate to the underlying cause of death.							
(j)	Directly age-standardised using the 2001 Australian standard population, by 5-year age group up to 75+.							
(k)	Population data between Census years are based on assumptions about past and future levels of fertility, mortality and migration, and have a degree of uncertainty.							
(l)	Rate ratio is the mortality rate for Indigenous Australians divided by the mortality rate for non-Indigenous Australians.							

TABLE 11A.1.21

Table 11A.1.21 **Deaths related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, by sex, NSW, Queensland, WA, SA and the NT, 2014–2018 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i)**

<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>			<i>Non-Indigenous</i>			<i>Rate ratio</i>	<i>Rate</i>
<i>Deaths (no.)</i>	<i>Rate per</i>	<i>Variability</i>	<i>Deaths (no.)</i>	<i>Rate per</i>	<i>Variability</i>	<i>(l)</i>	<i>difference</i>
	<i>100 000 (j) (k)</i>	<i>band (±)</i>		<i>100 000 (j) (k)</i>	<i>band (±)</i>		<i>(m)</i>

(m) Rate difference is the mortality rate for Indigenous Australians minus the mortality rate for non-Indigenous Australians.

Note: From the 2016 reference year, deaths with no age stated have not been pro-rated in the calculation of rates. Data grouped over several reference years which includes data for 2016 (i.e. the 2014–2018 data presented in this table), has also not been pro-rated.

np Not published.

Source: ABS (unpublished) Causes of Death, Australia, Cat. no. 3303.0.

TABLE 11A.1.22

Table 11A.1.22 Deaths related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, by sex, NSW, Queensland, WA, SA and the NT, 2010–2014 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander			Non-Indigenous			Rate ratio (j)	Rate difference (k)
	Deaths (no.)	Rate per 100 000 (h) (i)	Variability band (±)	Deaths (no.)	Rate per 100 000 (h) (i)	Variability band (±)		
Males								
Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	175	18.9	6.7	1 988	4.7	0.5	4.1	14.3
Mental & behavioural disorders due to alcohol use (F10)	58	8.2	5.9	622	1.5	0.3	5.5	6.7
Poisoning by alcohol (X45, X65, Y15)	24	2.3	2.0	170	0.4	0.1	5.3	1.8
Other (E24.4, G31.2, G62.1, G72.1)	29	3.6	3.4	190	0.4	0.1	8.2	3.2
Total deaths related to alcohol use	286	33.0	9.7	2 970	7.0	0.6	4.7	26.0
Females								
Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	108	9.9	4.3	614	1.4	0.3	7.0	8.5
Mental & behavioural disorders due to alcohol use (F10)	17	np	1.7	190	0.4	0.1	np	np
Poisoning by alcohol (X45, X65, Y15)	9	np	1.1	70	0.2	0.1	np	np
Other (E24.4, G31.2, G62.1, G72.1)	5	np	0.9	31	0.1	0.1	np	np
Total deaths related to alcohol use	139	12.7	4.8	905	2.1	0.3	6.1	10.6
Persons								
Alcoholic liver disease (K70)	283	14.2	3.8	2 602	3.0	0.3	4.7	11.1
Mental & behavioural disorders due to alcohol use (F10)	75	4.5	2.7	812	0.9	0.1	4.9	3.6
Poisoning by alcohol (X45, X65, Y15)	33	1.5	1.1	240	0.3	0.1	4.9	1.2
Other (E24.4, G31.2, G62.1, G72.1)	34	1.9	1.6	221	0.2	0.1	7.7	1.7
Total deaths related to alcohol use	425	22.1	5.1	3 875	4.5	0.3	4.9	17.6

TABLE 11A.1.22

Table 11A.1.22 **Deaths related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, by sex, NSW, Queensland, WA, SA and the NT, 2010–2014 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)**

	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander			Non-Indigenous			Rate ratio (j)	Rate difference (k)
	Deaths (no.)	Rate per 100 000 (h) (i)	Variability band (±)	Deaths (no.)	Rate per 100 000 (h) (i)	Variability band (±)		
(a) All causes of death data from 2006 onward are subject to a revisions process - once data for a reference year are 'final', they are no longer revised. Affected data in this table are: 2010–12 (final), 2013 (revised) and 2014 (preliminary). For further information see Explanatory Notes 52-54 and Technical Note, Causes of Death Revisions, 2012 and 2013 in <i>Causes of Death, Australia, 2014</i> (cat. no. 3303.0).								
(b) Data are reported for New South Wales, Queensland, Western Australia, South Australia and the Northern Territory only, which are considered to have adequate levels of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander identification in mortality data. Data for these jurisdictions over-represent Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander populations in less urbanised and more remote locations, and should not be assumed to represent the experience in the other jurisdictions.								
(c) Data are presented in 5-year groupings because of small numbers each year. For rate calculations, the numerator is the average of the total number of deaths and the denominator is the mid-point of the population for the time period.								
(d) Although most deaths of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians are registered, it is likely that some are not accurately identified as Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander. Therefore, these statistics are likely to underestimate the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander mortality rate. It is also difficult to exactly identify the difference between the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous mortality rates because of these data quality issues.								
(e) Cells with small values have been randomly assigned to protect the confidentiality of individuals, so some totals will not equal the sum of their components. Cells with a zero value have not been affected.								
(f) These data exclude 65 registered deaths where the Indigenous status was not stated over the period 2010–14.								
(g) Care should be taken when interpreting mortality rates for Queensland due to recent changes in the timeliness of birth and death registrations. Queensland deaths data for 2010 have been adjusted to minimise the impact of late registration of deaths on mortality indicators.								
(h) Directly age-standardised using the 2001 Australian standard population, by 5-year age group up to 75+.								
(i) Population data between Census years are based on assumptions about past and future levels of fertility, mortality and migration, and have a degree of uncertainty.								
(j) Rate ratio is the mortality rate for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians divided by the mortality rate for non-Indigenous Australians.								
(k) Rate difference is the mortality rate for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians minus the mortality rate for non-Indigenous Australians.								
np Not published.								

Source: ABS (unpublished) Causes of Death, Australia, Cat. no. 3303.0.

TABLE 11A.1.23

Table 11A.1.23 **Mortality rates, rate ratios and rate differences, deaths related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, NSW, Qld, WA, SA and NT, 2001 to 2018 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)**

	<i>Indigenous rate (per 100,000) (h), (i), (j)</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous rate (per 100,000) (h), (i), (j)</i>	<i>Rate ratio (k)</i>	<i>Rate difference (l)</i>
Year				
2018	18.2	4.5	4.1	13.7
2017	20.3	4.7	4.4	15.7
2016	21.7	4.5	4.8	17.2
2015 (m)	22.4	5.0	4.5	17.4
2014	18.0	4.8	3.8	13.3
2013	23.5	4.6	5.1	18.9
2012	18.5	4.3	4.4	14.3
2011	20.2	4.3	4.7	15.9
2010 (n)	21.1	4.6	4.6	16.5
2009 (o)	18.9	4.4	4.3	14.5
2008 (o)	22.3	4.8	4.6	17.5
2007 (o)	21.9	4.6	4.7	17.3
2006	23.7	4.7	5.1	19.0
2005	28.3	4.8	5.9	23.5
2004	25.2	5.0	5.1	20.2
2003	31.3	4.9	6.4	26.4
2002	30.1	5.4	5.5	24.6
2001	30.5	5.1	6.0	25.4
2000	23.4	5.1	4.6	18.3
1999	30.7	5.3	5.8	25.4
1998	30.6	5.4	5.7	25.3

TABLE 11A.1.23

Table 11A.1.23 **Mortality rates, rate ratios and rate differences, deaths related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, NSW, Qld, WA, SA and NT, 2001 to 2018 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)**

		<i>Indigenous rate (per 100,000) (h), (i), (j)</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous rate (per 100,000) (h), (i), (j)</i>	<i>Rate ratio (k)</i>	<i>Rate difference (l)</i>
Long term 2001–2018	Annual change (p)	-0.6*	0.0*	..	-0.6*
	% change over period (q)	-40.0*	-14.9*	..	-45.1*
Medium term 2001–2006	Annual change (p)	- 1	-0.1*	..	- 0
	% change over period (q)	- 13	-11.6*	..	- 14
Short term 2006–2018	Annual change (p)	- 0	0.0	..	- 0
	% change over period (q)	- 11	0.9	..	- 14

* Represents results with statistically significant increases or declines at the $p < 0.05$ level over the selected periods.

- (a) Categories are based on the ICD-10 10th Revision (World Health Organization). Deaths related to alcohol use ICD-10 codes: K.70, F.10, X45, X65, Y15, E24.4, G31.2, G62.1, G72.1, I42.6, K29.2, K86.0. From the 2013 reference year, the ABS implemented a new automated coding system called Iris. The 2013–2018 data coded in the Iris system applied an updated version of the ICD-10 (2013 version for 2013 data, 2015 version for 2014–2017 data and 2016 version for 2018 data) when coding multiple causes of death, and when selecting the underlying cause of death. For details of further impacts of this change from 2013 data onwards, please see the ABS Implementation of the Iris Software: Understanding Coding and Process Improvements Technical Note, in the Causes of Death, Australia, 2013 (cat. no. 3303.0) publication. Prior to the 2013 reference year, the 2006 version of the ICD-10 was the most recent version used for coding deaths. See Explanatory Notes 29–33 in Causes of Death, Australia, 2017 (Cat. no. 3303.0).
- (b) All causes of death data from 2006 onward are subject to a revisions process. Once data for a reference year are 'final', they are no longer revised. Affected data in this table are: 2006–2015 (final), 2016 (revised), 2017 and 2018 (preliminary). See Explanatory Notes 59–62 in Causes of Death, Australia, 2018 (cat. no. 3303.0) and Causes of Death Revisions, 2015 Final Data (Technical Note) and 2016 Revised Data (Technical Note) in Causes of Death, Australia, 2017 (cat. no. 3303.0).
- (c) Care needs to be taken in interpreting figures relating to suicide. See Explanatory Notes 91–100 in Causes of Death, Australia, 2018 (cat. No. 3303.0).
- (d) Data are reported for New South Wales, Queensland, Western Australia, South Australia and the Northern Territory only, which are considered to have adequate levels of Indigenous identification in mortality data. Data for these jurisdictions over-represent Indigenous populations in less urbanised and more remote locations, and should not be assumed to represent the experience in the other jurisdictions.
- (e) Although most deaths of Indigenous Australians are registered, it is likely that some are not accurately identified as Indigenous. Therefore, these statistics are likely to underestimate the Indigenous mortality rate. It is also difficult to exactly identify the difference between the Indigenous and other mortality rates because of these data quality issues.
- (f) These data exclude 334 registered deaths where the Indigenous status was not stated over the period 1998–2018.

Table 11A.1.23 Mortality rates, rate ratios and rate differences, deaths related to alcohol use, by Indigenous status, NSW, Qld, WA, SA and NT, 2001 to 2018 (age-standardised) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

	<i>Indigenous rate (per 100,000) (h), (i), (j)</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous rate (per 100,000) (h), (i), (j)</i>	<i>Rate ratio (k)</i>	<i>Rate difference (l)</i>
(g) Changes in coding processes have been applied to 2018 data. See Technical Note Updates to Iris coding software: Implementing WHO updates and improvements in coding processes, in the Causes of Death, Australia, 2018 (cat. no. 3303.0) publication. (h) Directly age-standardised using the 2001 Australian standard population, by 5-year age group up to 75+. (i) Population data between Census years are based on assumptions about past and future levels of fertility, mortality and migration, and have a degree of uncertainty. (j) A derived Estimated Resident Population (ERP) based on the 2016 Census is used in the calculation of total population rates. Non-Indigenous ERP was derived by subtracting Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander projections based on the 2016 Census (3238.0) from the total population ERP. Population estimates from Estimates and Projections, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 2006 to 2031 (Cat. no. 3238.0) (based on the 2016 Census) are used to calculate Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander rates. See Explanatory Note 49 in Causes of Death, Australia, 2018. (k) Rate ratio is the age-standardised rate for Indigenous Australians divided by the age-standardised rate for non-Indigenous Australians. (l) Rate difference is the mortality rate for Indigenous Australians minus the mortality rate for non-Indigenous Australians. (m) From 2015, deaths data provided by the Queensland Registry of Births, Deaths and Marriages (RBDM) include information resulting in an increase in the number of deaths identified as Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander in Queensland. (n) Care should be taken when interpreting mortality rates for Queensland due to changes in the timeliness of birth and death registrations. Queensland deaths data for 2010 have been adjusted to minimise the impact of late registration of deaths on mortality indicators. (o) Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander data for Western Australia were not published in Causes of Death, Australia, 2010 (cat. no. 3303.0) due to investigations being undertaken regarding the volatility of this data. Subsequently, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander deaths data in WA for the years 2007, 2008 and 2009 were adjusted to correct for potential over-reporting in this period. This data was released on 22 June, 2012 in Causes of Death, Australia, 2010 (cat. no. 3303.0). This adjusted data has been included in this table. (p) Annual change is determined using linear regression analysis. (q) Per cent change is on the annual change over the period.				

Note: From the 2016 reference year, deaths with no age stated have not been pro-rated in the calculation of death rates. Prior to 2016, deaths with no age stated have been pro-rated in the calculation of death rates.

.. Not applicable.

Source: ABS (unpublished) Causes of Death, Australia, Cat. no. 3303.0.

TABLE 11A.1.24

Table 11A.1.24 **Alcohol involvement in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous homicide incidents, 1999-2000 to 2017-18 (a), (b)**

	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander (c)</i>		<i>Non-Indigenous (d)</i>		<i>Inter-racial (e)</i>		<i>Total</i>	
	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
2017-18								
Both victim and offender drinking	11	55.0	22	16.3	3	25.0	36	21.6
Victim drinking but not offender	1	5.0	8	5.9	—	—	9	5.4
Offender drinking but not victim	1	5.0	6	4.4	—	—	7	4.2
Neither drinking	7	35.0	99	73.3	9	75.0	115	68.9
Total	20	100.0	135	100.0	12	100.0	167	100.0
2016-17								
Both victim and offender drinking	12	60.0	12	6.9	4	25.0	28	13.3
Victim drinking but not offender	—	—	12	6.9	—	—	12	5.7
Offender drinking but not victim	—	—	16	9.1	—	—	16	7.6
Neither drinking	8	40.0	135	77.1	12	75.0	155	73.5
Total	20	100.0	175	100.0	16	100.0	211	100.0
2015-16								
Both victim and offender drinking	4	23.5	10	9.9	1	7.7	15	11.5
Victim drinking but not offender	2	11.8	10	9.9	4	30.8	16	12.2
Offender drinking but not victim	1	5.9	4	4.0	3	23.1	8	6.1
Neither drinking	10	58.8	77	76.2	5	38.5	92	70.2
Total	17	100.0	101	100.0	13	100.0	131	100.0
2014-15								
Both victim and offender drinking	6	42.9	16	13.2	4	44.4	26	18.1
Victim drinking but not offender	1	7.1	19	15.7	1	11.1	21	14.6
Offender drinking but not victim	2	14.3	14	11.6	1	11.1	17	11.8
Neither drinking	5	35.7	72	59.5	3	33.3	80	55.6

TABLE 11A.1.24

Table 11A.1.24 **Alcohol involvement in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous homicide incidents, 1999-2000 to 2017-18 (a), (b)**

	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander (c)</i>		<i>Non-Indigenous (d)</i>		<i>Inter-racial (e)</i>		<i>Total</i>	
	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Total	14	100.0	121	100.0	9	100.0	144	100.0
2013-14								
Both victim and offender drinking	16	66.7	23	16.3	2	20.0	41	23.4
Victim drinking but not offender	2	8.3	19	13.5	1	10.0	22	12.6
Offender drinking but not victim	1	4.2	14	9.9	—	—	15	8.6
Neither drinking	5	20.8	85	60.3	7	70.0	97	55.4
Total	24	100.0	141	100.0	10	100.0	175	100.0
2012-13								
Both victim and offender drinking	16	64.0	31	25.0	11	55.0	58	34.3
Victim drinking but not offender	1	4.0	8	6.5	2	10.0	11	6.5
Offender drinking but not victim	1	4.0	8	6.5	3	15.0	12	7.1
Neither drinking	7	28.0	77	62.1	4	20.0	88	52.1
Total	25	100.0	124	100.0	20	100.0	169	100.0
2011-12								
Both victim and offender drinking	15	78.9	17	14.5	1	10.0	33	22.6
Victim drinking but not offender	—	—	13	11.1	1	10.0	14	9.6
Offender drinking but not victim	3	15.8	8	6.8	2	20.0	13	8.9
Neither drinking	1	5.3	79	67.5	6	60.0	86	58.9
Total	19	100.0	117	100.0	10	100.0	146	100.0
2010-11								
Both victim and offender drinking	14	48.3	18	15.5	5	31.3	37	23.0
Victim drinking but not offender	3	10.3	21	18.1	1	6.3	25	15.5
Offender drinking but not victim	4	13.8	8	6.9	—	—	12	7.5

TABLE 11A.1.24

Table 11A.1.24 **Alcohol involvement in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous homicide incidents, 1999-2000 to 2017-18 (a), (b)**

	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander (c)</i>		<i>Non-Indigenous (d)</i>		<i>Inter-racial (e)</i>		<i>Total</i>	
	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Neither drinking	8	27.6	69	59.5	10	62.5	87	54.0
Total	29	100.0	116	100.0	16	100.0	161	100.0
2009-10								
Both victim and offender drinking	16	94.1	28	18.8	7	43.8	44	26.5
Victim drinking but not offender	–	–	11	7.4	1	6.3	11	6.6
Offender drinking but not victim	–	–	23	15.4	3	18.8	23	13.9
Neither drinking	1	5.9	87	58.4	5	31.3	88	53.0
Total	17	100.0	149	100.0	16	100.0	166	100.0
2008-09								
Both victim and offender drinking	14	58.3	43	25.4	10	50.0	67	31.5
Victim drinking but not offender	1	4.2	13	7.7	4	20.0	18	8.5
Offender drinking but not victim	1	4.2	23	13.6	3	15.0	27	12.7
Neither drinking	8	33.3	90	53.3	3	15.0	101	47.4
Total	24	100.0	169	100.0	20	100.0	213	100.0
2007-08								
Both victim and offender drinking	21	72.4	39	19.9	4	25.0	64	26.6
Victim drinking but not offender	1	3.4	18	9.2	2	12.5	21	8.7
Offender drinking but not victim	2	6.9	20	10.2	2	12.5	24	10.0
Neither drinking	5	17.2	119	60.7	8	50.0	132	54.8
Total	29	100.0	196	100.0	16	100.0	241	100.0
2006-07								
Both victim and offender drinking	22	91.7	43	50.6	9	90.0	74	62.2
Victim drinking but not offender	–	–	5	5.9	–	–	5	4.2

TABLE 11A.1.24

Table 11A.1.24 **Alcohol involvement in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous homicide incidents, 1999-2000 to 2017-18 (a), (b)**

	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander (c)</i>		<i>Non-Indigenous (d)</i>		<i>Inter-racial (e)</i>		<i>Total</i>	
	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Offender drinking but not victim	1	4.2	11	12.9	–	–	12	10.1
Neither drinking	1	4.2	26	30.6	1	10.0	28	23.5
Total	24	100.0	85	100.0	10	100.0	119	100.0
2005-06								
Both victim and offender drinking	21	58.3	45	30.0	4	36.4	70	35.5
Victim drinking but not offender	3	8.3	11	7.3	2	18.2	16	8.1
Offender drinking but not victim	5	13.9	17	11.3	2	18.2	24	12.2
Neither drinking	7	19.4	77	51.3	3	27.3	87	44.2
Total	36	100.0	150	100.0	11	100.0	197	100.0
2004-05								
Both victim and offender drinking	19	57.6	34	23.4	3	60.0	56	30.6
Victim drinking but not offender	1	3.0	7	4.8	–	–	8	4.4
Offender drinking but not victim	2	6.1	15	10.3	1	20.0	18	9.8
Neither drinking	11	33.3	89	61.4	1	20.0	101	55.2
Total	33	100.0	145	100.0	5	100.0	183	100.0
2003-04								
Both victim and offender drinking	17	73.9	49	25.5	10	55.6	76	32.6
Victim drinking but not offender	2	8.7	28	14.6	1	5.6	31	13.3
Offender drinking but not victim	1	4.3	13	6.8	–	–	14	6.0
Neither drinking	3	13.0	102	53.1	7	38.9	112	48.1
Total	23	100.0	192	100.0	18	100.0	233	100.0
2002-03								
Both victim and offender drinking	22	68.8	44	28.9	7	38.9	73	36.1

TABLE 11A.1.24

Table 11A.1.24 **Alcohol involvement in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous homicide incidents, 1999-2000 to 2017-18 (a), (b)**

	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander (c)</i>		<i>Non-Indigenous (d)</i>		<i>Inter-racial (e)</i>		<i>Total</i>	
	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Victim drinking but not offender	1	3.1	10	6.6	3	16.7	14	6.9
Offender drinking but not victim	4	12.5	17	11.2	–	–	21	10.4
Neither drinking	5	15.6	81	53.3	8	44.4	94	46.5
Total	32	100.0	152	100.0	18	100.0	202	100.0
2001-02								
Both victim and offender drinking	34	75.6	44	19.6	6	42.9	84	29.6
Victim drinking but not offender	1	2.2	15	6.7	3	21.4	19	6.7
Offender drinking but not victim	7	15.6	15	6.7	2	14.3	24	8.5
Neither drinking	3	6.7	151	67.1	3	21.4	157	55.3
Total	45	100.0	225	100.0	14	100.0	284	100.0
2000-01								
Both victim and offender drinking	32	82.1	40	19.3	3	21.4	75	28.8
Victim drinking but not offender	–	–	16	7.7	2	14.3	18	6.9
Offender drinking but not victim	2	5.1	19	9.2	1	7.1	22	8.5
Neither drinking	5	12.8	132	63.8	8	57.1	145	55.8
Total	39	100.0	207	100.0	14	100.0	260	100.0
1999-2000								
Both victim and offender drinking	25	73.5	49	23.6	8	50.0	82	31.8
Victim drinking but not offender	–	–	20	9.6	–	–	20	7.8
Offender drinking but not victim	4	11.8	15	7.2	4	25.0	23	8.9
Neither drinking	5	14.7	124	59.6	4	25.0	133	51.6
Total	34	100.0	208	100.0	16	100.0	258	100.0

TABLE 11A.1.24

Table 11A.1.24 **Alcohol involvement in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous homicide incidents, 1999-2000 to 2017-18 (a), (b)**

	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander (c)</i>		<i>Non-Indigenous (d)</i>		<i>Inter-racial (e)</i>		<i>Total</i>	
	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
(a) Homicide includes murder and manslaughter, but excludes driving causing death. Data reflects information available at the time of reporting and is subject to change.								
(b) Where an offender has been identified. Excludes Indigenous status and alcohol presence where this was unknown. In the case of multiple offenders, table includes the primary victim and offender only (based on AIC NHMP incident classification).								
(c) Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander homicides are where both victims and offenders of homicide are either Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander Australians.								
(d) Non-Indigenous homicides are where both victims and offenders are not Aboriginal and /or Torres Strait Islander. Includes victims and offenders who are Caucasian, Asian and Maori/Pacific Islanders.								
(e) Inter-racial homicides are where either the victim or the offender is Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australian. Includes homicides involving: an Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander offender and non-Indigenous victim, and non-Indigenous offender and an Indigenous victim.								
– Nil or rounded to zero.								

Source : Australian Institute of Criminology (unpublished) National Homicide Monitoring Program 2000–2018 [computer file].

Section 11.2

TABLE 11A.2.1

Table 11A.2.1 **Substance use for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 18 years or over), by substance used, 2002, 2004-05, 2008, 2012-13, 2014-15, and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>2018-19</i>	<i>2014-15</i>	<i>2012-13</i>	<i>2008</i>	<i>2004-05</i>	<i>2002</i>
Proportion							
Used substances in last 12 months							
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	%	24.1	19.6	18.7	17.6	na	18.2
Amphetamines or speed	%	3.4	5.3	2.5	4.3	na	3.7
Analgesics and sedatives for non-medical use (c)	%	3.8	13.0	3.9	5.6	na	4.7
Kava	%	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	na	1.4
Other	%	6.0	na	na	na	na	na
Total used substances in last 12 months (d) (e)	%	28.4	30.8	22.3	23.3	na	23.1
Has not used substances in the last 12 months	%	69.6	68.6	na	na	na	na
Used substances but not in last 12 months	%	na	na	23.8	22.0	na	16.6
Total ever used substances (d) (e)	%	na	na	46.6	45.4	na	39.9
Never used substances	%	na	na	50.7	54.1	na	59.7
Not stated (f)	%	2.1	0.6	1.8	0.6	na	0.4
Total (f) (g)	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
People who accepted form ('000)	'000	432.0	365.2	347.0	265.7	na	236.0
People 18 years or over ('000)	'000	486.3	399.7	366.0	290.9	na	251.4
95 per cent confidence interval							
Used substances in last 12 months							
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	±	2.1	1.8	1.6	1.8	na	1.7
Amphetamines or speed	±	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.8	na	0.8
Analgesics and sedatives for non-medical use (c)	±	1.1	1.6	0.9	1.0	na	1.1
Kava	±	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	na	0.7
Other	±	1.4	na	na	na	na	na

TABLE 11A.2.1

Table 11A.2.1 **Substance use for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 18 years or over), by substance used, 2002, 2004-05, 2008, 2012-13, 2014-15, and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>2018-19</i>	<i>2014-15</i>	<i>2012-13</i>	<i>2008</i>	<i>2004-05</i>	<i>2002</i>
Total used substances in last 12 months (d) (e)	±	2.5	2.3	1.7	2.0	na	2.0
Has not used substances in the last 12 months	±	2.4	2.3	na	na	na	na
Used substances but not in last 12 months	±	na	na	1.9	1.8	na	1.6
Total ever used substances (d) (e)	±	na	na	2.1	2.3	na	2.0
Never used substances	±	na	na	2.2	2.3	na	2.0
Not stated (f)	±	0.9	0.4	0.6	0.3	na	0.3
Relative standard error (h)							
Used substances in last 12 months							
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	%	4.5	4.8	4.3	5.2	na	4.8
Amphetamines or speed	%	14.7	9.9	13.0	9.9	na	11.5
Analgesics and sedatives for non-medical use (c)	%	14.5	6.4	11.2	9.0	na	11.6
Kava	%	22.5	24.7	21.7	23.4	na	24.4
Other	%	11.6	na	na	na	na	na
Total used substances in last 12 months (d) (e)	%	4.4	3.8	3.9	4.3	na	4.4
Has not used substances in the last 12 months	%	1.8	1.7	na	na	na	na
Used substances but not in last 12 months	%	na	na	4.1	4.1	na	4.8
Total ever used substances (d) (e)	%	na	na	2.3	2.6	na	2.6
Never used substances	%	na	na	2.2	2.2	na	1.7
Not stated (f)	%	21.3	31.6	17.5	25.8	na	37.6

(a) Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data. Discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals. Estimates with a relative standard error of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution; estimates with a relative standard error greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

TABLE 11A.2.1

Table 11A.2.1 **Substance use for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 18 years or over), by substance used, 2002, 2004-05, 2008, 2012-13, 2014-15, and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>2018-19</i>	<i>2014-15</i>	<i>2012-13</i>	<i>2008</i>	<i>2004-05</i>	<i>2002</i>
(b)	The substance use questions are comparable across the 2002, 2008 and 2014-15 NATSISS and the 2012-13 NATSIHS. However, when comparing between surveys, it should be noted that there are differences in the proportion of people who did not accept the substance use form (6 per cent in 2002, 9 per cent in 2008, 5 per cent in 2012-13 and 9 per cent in 2014-15). Also, in 2014-15, people were only asked about their use of substances in the last 12 months and not whether they had ever used substances.						
(c)	Includes pain killers, tranquilisers and sleeping pills.						
(d)	Includes heroin, cocaine, petrol, LSD/synthetic hallucinogens, naturally occurring hallucinogens, ecstasy/designer drugs, and other inhalants. Includes methadone for non-medical purposes in 2008, 2012-13 and 2014-15.						
(e)	Sum of components may be more than total as people may have reported more than one type of substance used.						
(f)	This category comprises people who accepted the substance use form but did not state if they had ever used substances.						
(g)	People who accepted the substance use form.						
(h)	Proportions with a relative standard error (RSE) of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution. Proportions with an RSE greater than 50 per cent (or where the RSE is reported with an 'np') are considered too unreliable for general use.						

na Not available.

Note: 2018-19 NATSIHS data have been sourced by the Productivity Commission from TableBuilder.

Source: ABS (unpublished) 2018-19 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey, Cat. no. 4714.0; ABS (unpublished) 2014-15 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey, Cat. no. 4714.0; ABS (unpublished) Australian Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey 2012-13 (2012-13 NATSIHS component); ABS (unpublished) National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey 2008, Cat. no. 4714.0; ABS (unpublished) National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey 2002, Cat no. 4714.0.

TABLE 11A.2.2

Table 11A.2.2 **Substance use for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 18 years or over), by sex, by substance used, 2002, 2008, 2012-13, 2014-15 and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	Males			Females			Persons		
	Prop.	95% CI	RSE (c)	Prop.	95% CI	RSE (c)	Prop.	95% CI	RSE (c)
	Unit	%	±	%	±	%	%	±	%
2018-19									
Used substances in last 12 months									
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	31.6	3.3	5.4	17.4	2.7	7.8	24.1	2.1	4.5
Amphetamines, Ice or speed	5.2	1.7	16.9	1.8	0.8	23.3	3.4	1.0	14.7
Analgesics and sedatives for non-medical use (d)	4.0	1.7	22.1	3.3	1.3	20.0	3.8	1.1	14.5
Kava	1.6	0.9	29.4	1.1	0.8	38.9	1.4	0.6	22.5
Other	8.3	2.7	16.9	3.6	1.4	19.1	6.0	1.4	11.6
Total used substances in last 12 months (e) (f)	37.0	3.7	5.1	20.7	3.0	7.3	28.4	2.5	4.4
Has not used substances in the last 12 months	61.7	4.1	3.4	76.8	3.1	2.1	69.6	2.4	1.8
Used substances but not in last 12 months	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Total ever used substances (e) (f)	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Never used substances	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Not stated (g)	1.4	1.3	48.9	2.4	1.1	23.9	2.1	0.9	21.3
Don't know	—	—	—	0.1	—	—	—	—	—
Total (g) (h)	100.0	—	—	100.0	—	—	100.0	—	—
People who accepted form ('000)	206.1	—	—	226.6	—	—	432.0	—	—
People 18 years or over ('000)	233.7	—	—	253.1	—	—	486.3	—	—
2014-15									
Used substances in last 12 months									
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	25.6	3.4	6.8	14.1	1.8	6.5	19.6	1.8	4.8
Amphetamines or speed	7.0	1.9	13.5	3.5	1.0	14.9	5.3	1.0	9.9

TABLE 11A.2.2

Table 11A.2.2 **Substance use for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 18 years or over), by sex, by substance used, 2002, 2008, 2012-13, 2014-15 and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

Unit	Males			Females			Persons		
	Prop.	95% CI	RSE (c)	Prop.	95% CI	RSE (c)	Prop.	95% CI	RSE (c)
	%	±	%	%	±	%	%	±	%
Analgesics and sedatives for non-medical use (d)	11.3	2.0	9.0	14.5	2.2	7.6	13.0	1.6	6.4
Kava	1.8	1.1	31.6	0.9	0.5	31.0	1.3	0.6	24.7
Total used substances in last 12 months (e) (f)	35.0	3.4	5.0	27.0	2.8	5.3	30.8	2.3	3.8
Has not used substances in the last 12 months	64.3	3.0	2.4	72.5	3.0	2.1	68.6	2.3	1.7
Used substances but not in last 12 months	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Total ever used substances (e) (f)	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Never used substances	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Not stated (g)	0.8	0.6	41.2	0.7	0.5	37.3	0.6	0.4	31.6
Total (g) (h)	100.0	—	—	100.0	—	—	100.0	—	—
People who accepted form ('000)	172.1	—	—	193.1	—	—	365.2	—	—
People 18 years or over ('000)	190.3	—	—	209.2	—	—	399.7	—	—
2012-13									
Used substances in last 12 months									
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	23.7	2.7	5.8	14.1	1.6	5.9	18.7	1.6	4.3
Amphetamines or speed	3.1	1.1	18.7	1.9	0.7	18.6	2.5	0.6	13.0
Analgesics and sedatives for non-medical use (d)	3.6	1.3	17.8	4.1	1.1	14.0	3.9	0.9	11.2
Kava	1.9	1.0	26.0	0.7	0.5	34.7	1.3	0.6	21.7
Total used substances in last 12 months (e) (f)	26.9	2.8	5.4	17.8	2.0	5.6	22.3	1.7	3.9
Used substances but not in last 12 months	25.9	3.0	5.9	21.9	2.0	4.7	23.8	1.9	4.1
Total ever used substances (e) (f)	53.5	3.3	3.1	40.2	2.4	3.0	46.6	2.1	2.3
Never used substances	43.5	3.2	3.8	57.5	2.6	2.3	50.7	2.2	2.2

TABLE 11A.2.2

Table 11A.2.2 **Substance use for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 18 years or over), by sex, by substance used, 2002, 2008, 2012-13, 2014-15 and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	Males			Females			Persons			
	Prop.	95% CI	RSE (c)	Prop.	95% CI	RSE (c)	Prop.	95% CI	RSE (c)	
	Unit	%	±	%	%	±	%	%	±	%
Not stated (g)	2.1	1.0	23.9	1.5	0.6	21.7	1.8	0.6	17.5	
Total (g) (h)	100.0	–	–	100.0	–	–	100.0	–	–	
People who accepted form ('000)	168.0	–	–	179.1	–	–	347.0	–	–	
People 18 years or over ('000)	178.8	–	–	187.1	–	–	366.0	–	–	
2008										
Used substances in last 12 months										
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	24.3	2.9	6.2	11.6	1.6	7.0	17.6	1.8	5.2	
Amphetamines or speed	6.1	1.6	13.1	2.8	0.8	14.8	4.3	0.8	9.9	
Analgesics and sedatives for non-medical use (d)	6.1	1.5	12.9	5.2	1.2	12.0	5.6	1.0	9.0	
Kava	1.8	1.1	30.6	0.7	0.4	31.6	1.2	0.6	23.4	
Total used substances in last 12 months (e) (f)	29.8	3.1	5.4	17.6	2.0	5.7	23.3	2.0	4.3	
Used substances but not in last 12 months	24.4	2.7	5.7	19.8	2.0	5.2	22.0	1.8	4.1	
Total ever used substances (e) (f)	54.3	3.5	3.3	37.5	2.4	3.2	45.4	2.3	2.6	
Never used substances	45.4	3.5	3.9	61.7	2.4	2.0	54.1	2.3	2.2	
Not stated (g)	0.3	0.3	47.5	0.8	0.5	31.3	0.6	0.3	25.8	
Total (g) (h)	100.0	–	–	100.0	–	–	100.0	–	–	
People who accepted form ('000)	124.3	–	–	141.5	–	–	265.7	–	–	
People 18 years or over ('000)	137.7	–	–	153.3	–	–	290.9	–	–	
2002										
Used substances in last 12 months										
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	23.0	2.7	5.9	13.9	1.8	6.6	18.2	1.7	4.8	

TABLE 11A.2.2

Table 11A.2.2 **Substance use for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 18 years or over), by sex, by substance used, 2002, 2008, 2012-13, 2014-15 and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

Unit	Males			Females			Persons		
	Prop.	95% CI	RSE (c)	Prop.	95% CI	RSE (c)	Prop.	95% CI	RSE (c)
	%	±	%	%	±	%	%	±	%
Amphetamines or speed	4.1	1.2	15.1	3.4	1.2	17.5	3.7	0.8	11.5
Analgesics and sedatives for non-medical use (d)	3.9	1.4	18.0	5.4	1.8	17.2	4.7	1.1	11.6
Kava	1.5	0.9	29.4	1.3	0.8	33.3	1.4	0.7	24.4
Total used substances in last 12 months (e) (f)	27.5	3.0	5.5	19.1	2.4	6.3	23.1	2.0	4.4
Used substances but not in last 12 months	17.8	2.4	6.9	15.6	2.0	6.6	16.6	1.6	4.8
Total ever used substances (e) (f)	45.4	3.1	3.5	34.9	2.5	3.6	39.9	2.0	2.6
Never used substances	54.0	3.1	2.9	64.8	2.4	1.9	59.7	2.0	1.7
Not stated (g)	0.5	0.6	56.5	0.3	0.2	32.9	0.4	0.3	37.6
Total (g) (h)	100.0	–	–	100.0	–	–	100.0	–	–
People who accepted form ('000)	112.6	–	–	123.4	–	–	236.0	–	–
People 18 years or over ('000)	119.2	–	–	132.2	–	–	251.4	–	–

Prop. = Proportion **RSE** = Relative standard error. **CI** = Confidence interval.

- (a) Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data. Discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals. Estimates with a relative standard error of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution; estimates with a relative standard error greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.
- (b) The substance use questions are comparable across the 2002, 2008 and 2014-15 NATSISS and the 2012-13 NATSIHS. However, when comparing between surveys, it should be noted that there are differences in the proportion of people who did not accept the substance use form (6 per cent in 2002, 9 per cent in 2008, 5 per cent in 2012-13 and 9 per cent in 2014-15). Also, in 2014-15, people were only asked about their use of substances in the last 12 months and not whether they had ever used substances.
- (c) Proportions with a relative standard error (RSE) of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution. Proportions with an RSE greater than 50 per cent (or where the RSE is reported with an 'np') are considered too unreliable for general use.
- (d) Includes pain killers, tranquilisers and sleeping pills.

TABLE 11A.2.2

Table 11A.2.2 **Substance use for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 18 years or over), by sex, by substance used, 2002, 2008, 2012-13, 2014-15 and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Males</i>				<i>Females</i>			<i>Persons</i>		
	<i>Prop.</i>	<i>95% CI</i>	<i>RSE (c)</i>		<i>Prop.</i>	<i>95% CI</i>	<i>RSE (c)</i>	<i>Prop.</i>	<i>95% CI</i>	<i>RSE (c)</i>
	<i>Unit</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>±</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>±</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>±</i>	<i>%</i>

(e) Includes heroin, cocaine, petrol, LSD/synthetic hallucinogens, naturally occurring hallucinogens, ecstasy/designer drugs, and other inhalants. Includes methadone for non-medical purposes in 2008, 2012-13 and 2014-15.

(f) Sum of components may be more than total as people may have reported more than one type of substance used.

(g) This category comprises people who accepted the substance use form but did not state if they had ever used substances.

(h) People who accepted the substance use form.

na Not available. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Note: 2018-19 NATSIHS data have been sourced by the Productivity Commission from TableBuilder.

Source: ABS (unpublished) 2018-19 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey, Cat. no. 4714.0; ABS (unpublished) 2014-15 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey, Cat. no. 4714.0; ABS (unpublished) Australian Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey 2012-13 (2012-13 NATSIHS component); ABS (unpublished) National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey 2008, Cat. no. 4714.0; ABS (unpublished) National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey 2002, Cat no. 4714.0.

TABLE 11A.2.3

Table 11A.2.3 **Substance use for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 18 years or over), by remoteness, by substance used, 2002, 2004-05, 2008, 2012-13, 2014-15, and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Non-remote total</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Remote total</i>	<i>Australia</i>
2018-19									
Proportion									
Used substances in last 12 months									
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	%	21.7	25.2	27.1	23.9	26.3	24.6	25.0	24.1
Amphetamines or speed	%	4.3	3.8	3.9	4.1	2.1	0.2	0.9	3.4
Analgesics and sedatives for non-medical use (c)	%	5.2	3.8	3.3	4.3	1.7	1.0	1.3	3.8
Other		8.6	6.9	5.3	6.9	2.4	0.8	1.6	6.0
Kava	%	2.1	1.5	0.3	1.3	1.0	2.2	1.5	1.4
Total used substances in last 12 months (d) (e)	%	27.9	29.6	29.0	28.7	28.4	26.5	27.0	28.4
Has not used substances in the last 12 months	%	69.6	69.1	68.1	69.0	71.3	73.5	72.7	69.6
Used substances but not in last 12 months	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Total ever used substances	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Never used substances	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Not stated (f)	%	2.6	1.7	2.9	2.5	0.3	—	0.1	2.1
Don't know		—	—	—	—	—	0.4	0.3	—
Total (f) (g)	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
People who accepted form ('000)	no.	166.2	96.0	79.7	342.0	28.9	50.5	79.6	422.1
People 18 years or over ('000)	no.	185.4	111.5	96.0	392.0	33.0	61.0	94.2	486.3
95 per cent confidence interval									
Used substances in last 12 months									
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	±	3.7	5.2	5.4	2.5	4.3	3.8	2.9	2.2
Amphetamines or speed	±	1.9	2.1	1.9	1.2	1.4	np	0.6	1.0
Analgesics and sedatives for non-medical use (c)	±	1.9	2.3	2.6	1.3	1.1	np	0.8	1.1

TABLE 11A.2.3

Table 11A.2.3 **Substance use for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 18 years or over), by remoteness, by substance used, 2002, 2004-05, 2008, 2012-13, 2014-15, and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Non-remote total</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Remote total</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Other		3.0	3.0	2.0	1.7	1.9	0.6	0.8	1.4
Kava	±	1.4	np	np	0.7	0.7	1.1	0.7	0.6
Total used substances in last 12 months (d) (e)	±	4.4	5.6	5.6	2.9	4.1	3.7	2.8	2.5
Has not used substances in the last 12 months	±	4.8	6.0	5.1	2.8	6.4	3.2	3.0	2.5
Used substances but not in last 12 months	±	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Total ever used substances	±	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Never used substances	±	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Not stated (f)	±	1.8	1.3	1.9	1.1	np	—	np	0.9
Don't know		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
People who accepted form ('000)	±	4.6	5.5	5.6	8.7	1.4	3.0	3.3	9.1
People 18 years or over ('000)	±	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.1	0.1	0.2	—
Relative standard error (h)									
Used substances in last 12 months									
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	%	8.6	10.5	10.1	5.4	8.4	7.8	5.9	4.6
Amphetamines or speed	%	22.6	28.5	25.3	14.7	35.2	np	34.1	14.7
Analgesics and sedatives for non-medical use (c)	%	19.0	30.9	39.9	15.7	33.9	np	32.8	14.6
Other		17.6	22.3	19.6	12.4	40.0	41.3	25.6	11.5
Kava	%	33.5	np	np	29.0	37.2	25.5	23.8	22.6
Total used substances in last 12 months (d) (e)	%	8.1	9.7	9.8	5.2	7.3	7.2	5.3	4.5
Has not used substances in the last 12 months	%	3.5	4.4	3.8	2.1	4.6	2.2	2.1	1.8
Used substances but not in last 12 months	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Total ever used substances	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Never used substances	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na

TABLE 11A.2.3

Table 11A.2.3 **Substance use for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 18 years or over), by remoteness, by substance used, 2002, 2004-05, 2008, 2012-13, 2014-15, and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Non-remote total</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Remote total</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Not stated (f)		36.3	39.8	33.6	22.2	np	–	np	21.3
Don't know	%	–	–	–	–	–	np	np	np
People who accepted form ('000)	no.	1.4	2.9	3.6	1.3	2.5	3.0	2.1	1.1
People 18 years or over ('000)	no.	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	–
2014-15									
Proportion									
Used substances in last 12 months									
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	%	19.4	19.9	19.9	19.7	24.4	15.7	18.7	19.6
Amphetamines or speed	%	7.6	6.5	5.3	6.5	2.1	np	0.7	5.3
Analgesics and sedatives for non-medical use (c)	%	17.8	16.4	11.9	15.9	3.8	1.8	2.7	13.0
Kava	%	2.6	1.3	np	1.4	np	np	0.8	1.3
Total used substances in last 12 months (d) (e)	%	35.1	35.2	28.6	33.4	27.0	17.9	21.0	30.8
Has not used substances in the last 12 months	%	63.9	64.7	70.5	65.7	72.7	82.0	78.5	68.6
Used substances but not in last 12 months	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Total ever used substances	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Never used substances	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Not stated (f)	%	0.8	0.6	1.6	0.7	0.9	0.1	0.3	0.6
Total (f) (g)	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
People who accepted form ('000)	no.	131.2	78.5	75.1	285.2	29.7	50.7	80.5	365.2
People 18 years or over ('000)	no.	139.2	84.7	86.3	310.5	32.1	57.1	89.0	399.7
95 per cent confidence interval									
Used substances in last 12 months									
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	±	3.3	4.9	4.1	2.3	3.8	3.4	2.6	1.8

TABLE 11A.2.3

Table 11A.2.3 **Substance use for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 18 years or over), by remoteness, by substance used, 2002, 2004-05, 2008, 2012-13, 2014-15, and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Non-remote total</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Remote total</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Amphetamines or speed	±	2.2	2.5	2.1	1.3	1.4	np	0.6	1.0
Analgesics and sedatives for non-medical use (c)	±	3.2	4.3	3.7	2.0	2.3	1.5	1.3	1.6
Kava	±	1.7	1.0	np	0.8	np	np	0.6	0.6
Total used substances in last 12 months (d) (e)	±	4.4	5.3	4.5	2.9	4.0	3.2	2.5	2.3
Has not used substances in the last 12 months	±	4.2	4.7	5.0	2.8	4.4	2.0	2.1	2.2
Used substances but not in last 12 months	±	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Total ever used substances	±	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Never used substances	±	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Not stated (f)	±	0.7	np	np	0.5	np	np	np	0.4
People who accepted form ('000)	±	2.4	3.0	4.6	6.0	1.4	2.6	2.9	6.9
People 18 years or over ('000)	±	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2
Relative standard error (h)									
Used substances in last 12 months									
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	%	8.8	12.7	10.6	5.9	8.0	11.0	7.1	4.8
Amphetamines or speed	%	15.0	19.3	19.6	10.3	33.1	np	39.6	9.9
Analgesics and sedatives for non-medical use (c)	%	9.0	13.4	15.7	6.5	31.5	41.5	23.7	6.4
Kava	%	33.5	38.6	np	30.4	np	np	41.3	24.7
Total used substances in last 12 months (d) (e)	%	6.4	7.7	8.1	4.4	7.5	9.3	6.2	3.8
Has not used substances in the last 12 months	%	3.4	3.7	3.7	2.2	3.1	1.3	1.4	1.7
Used substances but not in last 12 months	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Total ever used substances	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Never used substances	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Not stated (f)	%	45.6	np	np	39.2	np	np	np	31.6

TABLE 11A.2.3

Table 11A.2.3 **Substance use for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 18 years or over), by remoteness, by substance used, 2002, 2004-05, 2008, 2012-13, 2014-15, and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Non-remote total</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Remote total</i>	<i>Australia</i>
People who accepted form ('000)	no.	0.9	1.9	3.1	1.1	2.5	2.6	1.8	1.0
People 18 years or over ('000)	no.	0.1	0.2	0.2	–	0.2	0.1	0.1	–
2012-13									
Proportion									
Used substances in last 12 months									
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	%	19.5	21.4	17.3	19.2	19.0	15.4	16.9	18.7
Amphetamines or speed	%	3.0	3.7	2.2	3.1	np	np	0.9	2.5
Analgesics and sedatives for non-medical use (c)	%	5.0	4.5	3.7	4.5	2.7	np	1.7	3.9
Kava	%	1.4	np	np	1.2	np	np	1.9	1.3
Total used substances in last 12 months (d) (e)	%	23.9	24.2	21.7	23.4	21.3	17.0	18.7	22.3
Used substances but not in last 12 months	%	28.4	25.4	22.0	25.6	22.9	14.0	17.3	23.8
Total ever used substances (d) (e)	%	52.4	50.5	43.9	49.6	44.2	32.0	36.2	46.6
Never used substances	%	43.9	45.8	54.7	47.2	55.5	66.6	62.5	50.7
Not stated (f)	%	3.0	1.8	1.0	2.1	np	np	np	1.8
Total (f) (g)	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
People who accepted form ('000)	no.	123.0	72.1	74.4	269.6	27.7	49.7	77.5	347.0
People 18 years or over ('000)	no.	129.0	76.4	77.1	283.2	29.5	53.4	83.0	366.0
95 per cent confidence interval									
Used substances in last 12 months									
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	±	2.8	4.6	3.4	1.9	4.1	3.6	2.7	1.6
Amphetamines or speed	±	1.2	2.1	1.3	0.8	np	np	0.6	0.6
Analgesics and sedatives for non-medical use (c)	±	1.6	1.7	2.1	1.0	2.3	np	1.2	0.8
Kava	±	1.0	np	np	0.6	np	np	1.5	0.6

TABLE 11A.2.3

Table 11A.2.3 **Substance use for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 18 years or over), by remoteness, by substance used, 2002, 2004-05, 2008, 2012-13, 2014-15, and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Non-remote total</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Remote total</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Total used substances in last 12 months (d) (e)	±	3.3	4.5	3.8	2.0	4.4	4.0	3.0	1.7
Used substances but not in last 12 months	±	3.2	4.3	5.1	2.3	5.2	3.6	2.9	1.9
Total ever used substances (d) (e)	±	3.6	5.2	5.2	2.5	6.8	4.6	3.5	2.1
Never used substances	±	3.6	5.6	5.0	2.5	6.2	6.1	4.3	2.2
Not stated (f)	±	1.3	1.4	1.0	0.7	np	np	np	0.6
People who accepted form ('000)	±	2.2	2.0	1.5	3.2	1.4	1.6	2.1	3.5
People 18 years or over ('000)	±	0.4	0.3	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.2	0.9	0.3
Relative standard error (h)									
Used substances in last 12 months									
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	%	7.3	10.9	9.9	5.1	10.9	11.8	8.1	4.3
Amphetamines or speed	%	20.0	28.2	29.2	13.5	np	np	35.3	13.0
Analgesics and sedatives for non-medical use (c)	%	16.3	19.7	28.5	11.5	42.9	np	38.0	11.2
Kava	%	37.0	np	np	25.3	np	np	39.6	21.7
Total used substances in last 12 months (d) (e)	%	7.0	9.5	9.0	4.5	10.6	12.0	8.1	3.9
Used substances but not in last 12 months	%	5.8	8.6	11.8	4.6	11.6	13.2	8.5	4.1
Total ever used substances (d) (e)	%	3.5	5.3	6.1	2.6	7.8	7.4	4.9	2.3
Never used substances	%	4.2	6.2	4.6	2.7	5.7	4.6	3.5	2.2
Not stated (f)	%	21.7	40.0	49.3	18.2	np	np	np	17.5
People who accepted form ('000)	no.	0.9	1.4	1.0	0.6	2.5	1.6	1.4	0.5
People 18 years or over ('000)	no.	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.2	1.6	0.2	0.6	–

TABLE 11A.2.3

Table 11A.2.3 **Substance use for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 18 years or over), by remoteness, by substance used, 2002, 2004-05, 2008, 2012-13, 2014-15, and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Non-remote total</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Remote total</i>	<i>Australia</i>
2008									
Proportion									
Used substances in last 12 months									
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	%	17.9	19.6	19.3	18.8	20.2	10.7	14.1	17.6
Amphetamines or speed	%	7.8	3.5	3.7	5.5	2.3	0.3	1.0	4.3
Analgesics and sedatives for non-medical use (c)	%	7.7	6.4	5.9	6.9	3.3	1.5	2.1	5.6
Kava	%	1.4	1.8	0.4	1.2	–	1.8	1.2	1.2
Total used substances in last 12 months (d) (e)	%	26.4	25.6	23.7	25.4	23.0	14.0	17.2	23.3
Used substances but not in last 12 months	%	26.1	23.6	23.7	24.7	18.1	11.6	13.9	22.0
Total ever used substances (d) (e)	%	52.5	49.3	47.5	50.2	41.1	25.8	31.3	45.3
Never used substances	%	47.2	50.4	50.9	49.1	58.5	73.9	68.4	54.1
Not stated (f)	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Total (f) (g)	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
People who accepted form ('000)	no.	88.1	56.2	53.0	197.2	24.5	44.0	68.5	265.7
People 18 years or over ('000)	no.	92.7	58.2	64.9	215.8	27.0	48.1	75.1	290.9
95 per cent confidence interval									
Used substances in last 12 months									
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	±	3.3	4.8	4.1	2.3	4.7	2.6	2.3	1.8
Amphetamines or speed	±	2.1	1.4	2.0	1.1	1.5	0.3	0.6	0.8
Analgesics and sedatives for non-medical use (c)	±	2.0	2.6	2.0	1.3	1.5	1.0	0.8	1.0
Kava	±	1.1	1.3	0.5	0.6	–	1.8	1.2	0.6
Total used substances in last 12 months (d) (e)	±	3.7	5.3	4.5	2.5	4.7	3.1	2.5	2.0
Used substances but not in last 12 months	±	3.4	4.1	4.0	2.3	4.6	2.3	2.0	1.8

TABLE 11A.2.3

Table 11A.2.3 **Substance use for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 18 years or over), by remoteness, by substance used, 2002, 2004-05, 2008, 2012-13, 2014-15, and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Non-remote total</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Remote total</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Total ever used substances (d) (e)	±	4.0	5.5	6.4	3.0	7.1	3.9	3.2	2.3
Never used substances	±	4.0	5.5	6.7	3.0	7.0	3.8	3.1	2.3
Relative standard error (h)									
Used substances in last 12 months									
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	%	9.5	12.5	10.8	6.3	11.8	12.2	8.2	5.2
Amphetamines or speed	%	13.8	20.8	27.0	10.4	32.6	56.5	28.6	9.9
Analgesics and sedatives for non-medical use (c)	%	13.1	20.8	16.9	9.8	23.5	32.9	18.7	9.0
Kava	%	39.8	37.3	57.7	25.6	—	51.9	52.1	23.4
Total used substances in last 12 months (d) (e)	%	7.2	10.6	9.7	5.1	10.4	11.3	7.3	4.3
Used substances but not in last 12 months	%	6.7	8.9	8.7	4.7	12.9	10.3	7.4	4.1
Total ever used substances (d) (e)	%	3.9	5.7	6.9	3.0	8.8	7.7	5.2	2.6
Never used substances	%	4.3	5.6	6.7	3.1	6.1	2.6	2.3	2.2
2004-05									
Used substances in last 12 months									
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	%	26.1	18.8	20.6	22.5	na	na	na	na
Amphetamines or speed	%	10.5	5.3	4.1	7.3	na	na	na	na
Analgesics and sedatives for non-medical use (c)	%	5.6	6.8	5.7	6.0	na	na	na	na
Kava	%	1.3	0.6	np	0.8	na	na	na	na
Total used substances in last 12 months (d) (e)	%	31.1	26.9	24.4	28.0	na	na	na	na
Used substances but not in last 12 months	%	23.7	19.7	19.8	21.5	na	na	na	na
Total ever used substances (d) (e)	%	55.4	47.3	44.6	50.1	na	na	na	na
Never used substances	%	42.9	49.9	54.2	48.0	na	na	na	na
Not stated (f)	%	1.7	2.8	1.1	1.8	na	na	na	na

TABLE 11A.2.3

Table 11A.2.3 **Substance use for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 18 years or over), by remoteness, by substance used, 2002, 2004-05, 2008, 2012-13, 2014-15, and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Non-remote total</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Remote total</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Total (f) (g)	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	na	na	na	na
People who accepted form ('000)	no.	65.9	40.8	42.6	149.2	na	na	na	na
People 18 years or over ('000)	no.	78.7	51.4	55.4	185.5	na	na	na	na
95 per cent confidence interval									
Used substances in last 12 months									
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	±	3.8	4.5	3.6	2.3	na	na	na	na
Amphetamines or speed	±	3.6	3.6	2.5	1.9	na	na	na	na
Analgesics and sedatives for non-medical use (c)	±	1.6	4.3	2.2	1.5	na	na	na	na
Kava	±	1.2	0.7	np	0.5	na	na	na	na
Total used substances in last 12 months (d) (e)	±	4.0	5.9	4.1	2.7	na	na	na	na
Used substances but not in last 12 months	±	3.7	4.4	3.1	2.3	na	na	na	na
Total ever used substances (d) (e)	±	3.8	7.1	4.0	2.8	na	na	na	na
Never used substances	±	3.9	7.0	4.0	2.9	na	na	na	na
Not stated (f)	±	1.2	1.6	0.8	0.7	na	na	na	na
Relative standard error (h)									
Used substances in last 12 months									
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	%	7.4	12.2	8.8	5.2	na	na	na	na
Amphetamines or speed	%	17.3	34.6	31.0	13.6	na	na	na	na
Analgesics and sedatives for non-medical use (c)	%	14.6	32.3	20.0	12.8	na	na	na	na
Kava	%	45.5	63.0	np	33.9	na	na	na	na
Total used substances in last 12 months (d) (e)	%	6.6	11.1	8.5	4.9	na	na	na	na
Used substances but not in last 12 months	%	8.0	11.5	8.0	5.4	na	na	na	na
Total ever used substances (d) (e)	%	3.5	7.7	4.6	2.9	na	na	na	na

TABLE 11A.2.3

Table 11A.2.3 **Substance use for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 18 years or over), by remoteness, by substance used, 2002, 2004-05, 2008, 2012-13, 2014-15, and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Non-remote total</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Remote total</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Never used substances	%	4.6	7.2	3.8	3.1	na	na	na	na
Not stated (f)	%	35.2	29.9	38.8	19.5	na	na	na	na
2002									
Proportion									
Used substances in last 12 months									
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	%	24.2	19.4	16.2	20.4	17.5	11.1	13.0	18.2
Amphetamines or speed	%	8.3	3.0	2.5	5.1	1.1	np	0.4	3.7
Analgesics and sedatives for non-medical use (c)	%	5.1	6.2	6.1	5.7	3.5	1.5	2.1	4.7
Kava	%	0.7	1.1	0.4	0.7	0.7	4.3	3.2	1.4
Total used substances in last 12 months (d) (e)	%	28.3	25.8	21.6	25.5	20.5	15.6	17.0	23.1
Used substances but not in last 12 months	%	19.5	20.2	16.0	18.5	12.3	11.6	11.8	16.6
Total ever used substances (d) (e)	%	48.1	46.1	37.8	44.3	33.0	27.3	29.0	39.9
Never used substances	%	51.2	53.7	61.9	55.3	66.6	72.5	70.7	59.7
Not stated (f)	%	0.8	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.4
Total (f) (g)	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
People who accepted form ('000)	no.	70.4	44.2	54.0	168.6	20.0	47.4	67.4	236.0
People 18 years or over ('000)	no.	76.0	48.5	57.5	182.1	21.2	48.1	69.3	251.4
95 per cent confidence interval									
Used substances in last 12 months									
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	±	4.5	4.3	2.4	2.3	3.5	2.4	2.0	1.7
Amphetamines or speed	±	2.5	1.4	0.9	1.2	0.7	np	0.3	0.8
Analgesics and sedatives for non-medical use (c)	±	2.7	2.5	2.1	1.5	1.4	0.8	0.8	1.1
Kava	±	0.7	1.0	0.4	0.4	0.7	3.1	2.1	0.7

TABLE 11A.2.3

Table 11A.2.3 **Substance use for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 18 years or over), by remoteness, by substance used, 2002, 2004-05, 2008, 2012-13, 2014-15, and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Non-remote total</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Remote total</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Total used substances in last 12 months (d) (e)	±	4.8	5.2	3.2	2.5	3.6	3.6	2.7	2.0
Used substances but not in last 12 months	±	3.9	4.2	2.6	2.1	2.8	2.9	2.1	1.6
Total ever used substances (d) (e)	±	4.6	5.2	3.5	2.5	4.3	5.3	3.6	2.0
Never used substances	±	4.5	5.3	3.4	2.5	4.3	5.3	3.6	2.0
Not stated (f)	±	1.0	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3
Relative standard error (h)									
Used substances in last 12 months									
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	%	9.5	11.3	7.6	5.7	10.1	11.1	7.8	4.8
Amphetamines or speed	%	15.2	24.2	18.4	11.9	33.2	np	34.4	11.5
Analgesics and sedatives for non-medical use (c)	%	27.1	20.2	17.2	13.2	20.2	28.4	18.5	11.6
Kava	%	48.1	46.0	50.1	28.4	50.3	36.5	34.1	24.4
Total used substances in last 12 months (d) (e)	%	8.6	10.2	7.5	5.1	8.9	11.8	8.0	4.4
Used substances but not in last 12 months	%	10.3	10.7	8.2	5.8	11.5	12.6	9.1	4.8
Total ever used substances (d) (e)	%	4.9	5.8	4.7	2.9	6.7	9.9	6.4	2.6
Never used substances	%	4.5	5.0	2.8	2.3	3.3	3.7	2.6	1.7
Not stated (f)	%	65.5	75.6	39.6	44.7	52.9	71.2	49.7	37.6

(a) Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data. Discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals. Estimates with a relative standard error of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution; estimates with a relative standard error greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

Table 11A.2.3 **Substance use for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 18 years or over), by remoteness, by substance used, 2002, 2004-05, 2008, 2012-13, 2014-15, and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Non-remote total</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Remote total</i>	<i>Australia</i>
(b) The substance use questions are comparable across the 2002, 2008 and 2014-15 NATSISS, and the 2012-13 and 2018-19 NATSIHS. However, when comparing between surveys, it should be noted that there are differences in the proportion of people who did not accept the substance use form (6 per cent in 2002, 9 per cent in 2008, 5 per cent in 2012-13, 9 per cent in 2014-15 and 11 per cent in 2018-19). In 2014-15, people were only asked about their use of substances in the last 12 months and not whether they had ever used substances. Respondents in 2014-15 in non-remote areas were able to complete the substance use form using the interviewer's laptop via computer-assisted self-enumeration, while in 2008 this was only on a paper form. In 2018-19, 'Ice' was including as an additional output to 'Amphetamines or speed'.									
(c) Includes pain killers, tranquilisers and sleeping pills.									
(d) Includes heroin, cocaine, petrol, LSD/synthetic hallucinogens, naturally occurring hallucinogens, ecstasy/designer drugs, and other inhalants. Includes methadone for non-medical purposes in 2008, 2012-13, 2014-15 and 2018-19.									
(e) Sum of components may be more than total as people may have reported more than one type of substance used.									
(f) This category comprises people who accepted the substance use form but did not state if they had ever used substances.									
(g) People who accepted the substance use form.									
(h) Proportions with a relative standard error (RSE) of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution. Proportions with an RSE greater than 50 per cent (or where the RSE is reported with an 'np') are considered too unreliable for general use.									

np Not published. **na** Not available. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Note: 2018-19 NATSIHS data have been sourced by the Productivity Commission from TableBuilder.

Source: ABS (unpublished) 2018-19 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey, Cat. no. 4714.0; ABS (unpublished) 2014-15 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey, Cat. no. 4714.0; ABS (unpublished) Australian Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey 2012-13 (2012-13 NATSIHS component); ABS (unpublished) National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey 2008, Cat. no. 4714.0; ABS (unpublished) National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey 2002, Cat no. 4714.0.

TABLE 11A.2.4

Table 11A.2.4 **Substance use for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), by sex, by substance used, 2014-15 and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	Males				Females				Persons				
	Est.	Prop.	95%CI	RSE (c)	Est.	Prop.	95%CI	RSE (c)	Est.	Prop.	95%CI	RSE (c)	
	Unit	'000	%	±	%	'000	%	±	%	'000	%	±	%
2018-19													
Substance used in last 12 months:													
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	64.4	31.9	3.3	5.2	40.8	18.1	2.9	8.1	104.6	24.5	2.2	4.6	
Amphetamines or speed	10.3	5.1	1.7	16.9	4.1	1.8	0.8	23.3	14.3	3.3	0.9	14.6	
Pain-killers or analgesics for non-medical purposes	7.2	3.6	1.6	22.8	6.0	2.7	1.3	25.1	13.4	3.1	1.0	16.7	
Tranquillisers or sleeping pills for non-medical purposes	4.1	2.0	1.3	32.4	4.3	1.9	1.1	28.6	8.0	1.9	0.8	21.8	
Sub-total: analgesics & sedatives for non-medical use (d)	8.5	4.2	1.7	20.9	8.2	3.6	1.5	20.8	16.4	3.8	1.1	14.9	
Kava	3.2	1.6	0.9	29.3	2.4	1.1	0.8	38.9	5.9	1.4	0.6	22.6	
Petrol and other inhalants	2.9	1.4	1.3	45.7	1.5	0.7	np	np	3.8	0.9	0.7	40.8	
Other (e)	15.8	7.8	2.5	16.5	8.5	3.8	1.4	18.9	24.7	5.8	1.3	11.5	
Total used substances in last 12 months (e) (f)	75.2	37.3	3.7	5.0	48.7	21.6	3.1	7.3	123.3	28.9	2.5	4.4	
Has not used substances in the last 12 months	126.9	62.9	3.9	3.2	176.3	78.4	3.2	2.1	303.5	71.0	2.2	1.6	
Total (g) (h)	201.8	100.0	–	–	225.0	100.0	–	–	427.2	100.0	–	–	
People who accepted form	205.0	87.1	2.7	1.6	231.1	89.3	2.3	1.3	436.3	88.4	1.7	1.0	
People 15 years or over	235.3	100.0	–	–	258.7	100.0	–	–	493.5	100.0	–	–	

TABLE 11A.2.4

Table 11A.2.4 **Substance use for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), by sex, by substance used, 2014-15 and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	Males				Females				Persons				
	Est.	Prop.	95%CI	RSE (c)	Est.	Prop.	95%CI	RSE (c)	Est.	Prop.	95%CI	RSE (c)	
	Unit	'000	%	±	%	'000	%	±	%	'000	%	±	%
2014-15													
Substance used in last 12 months:													
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	48.1	25.3	3.4	6.9	29.2	13.8	1.7	6.4	77.2	19.2	1.8	4.8	
Amphetamines or speed	12.1	6.4	1.7	13.5	6.8	3.2	0.9	14.9	19.3	4.8	0.9	9.9	
Pain-killers or analgesics for non-medical purposes	18.3	9.6	1.7	9.3	29.7	14.1	2.3	8.2	48.2	12.0	1.6	6.8	
Tranquillisers or sleeping pills for non-medical purposes	5.8	3.1	1.1	17.7	7.9	3.7	1.0	13.1	13.7	3.4	0.8	11.3	
Sub-total: analgesics & sedatives for non-medical use (d)	20.1	10.6	1.8	8.8	32.0	15.1	2.2	7.6	52.1	13.0	1.6	6.4	
Kava	3.1	1.6	1.0	31.6	1.7	0.8	0.5	31.0	4.9	1.2	0.6	24.7	
Petrol and other inhalants	1.3	0.7	0.5	35.6	1.5	0.7	0.4	32.2	2.9	0.7	0.3	24.6	
Other (e)	12.9	6.8	1.9	14.4	7.1	3.4	1.1	16.3	19.9	5.0	1.1	11.1	
Total used substances in last 12 months (e) (f)	64.9	34.2	3.4	5.0	57.8	27.3	2.9	5.4	122.7	30.6	2.3	3.8	
Has not used substances in the last 12 months	124.8	65.7	3.2	2.5	153.9	72.7	3.0	2.1	278.8	69.5	2.2	1.6	
Total (g) (h)	100.0	100.0	—	—	100.0	100.0	—	—	100.0	100.0	—	—	
People who accepted form	190.9	—	—	—	212.9	—	—	—	403.7	—	—	—	
People 15 years or over	212.6	—	—	—	231.1	—	—	—	443.4	—	—	—	

Est. = Estimate. **Prop.** = Proportion **RSE** = Relative standard error. **CI** = Confidence interval.

TABLE 11A.2.4

Table 11A.2.4 **Substance use for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), by sex, by substance used, 2014-15 and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Males</i>					<i>Females</i>					<i>Persons</i>				
	<i>Est.</i>	<i>Prop.</i>	<i>95%CI</i>	<i>RSE (c)</i>		<i>Est.</i>	<i>Prop.</i>	<i>95%CI</i>	<i>RSE (c)</i>		<i>Est.</i>	<i>Prop.</i>	<i>95%CI</i>	<i>RSE (c)</i>	
	<i>Unit</i>	<i>'000</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>±</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>'000</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>±</i>	<i>%</i>		<i>'000</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>±</i>	<i>%</i>	

- (a) Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data. Discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals. Estimates with a relative standard error of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution.
- (b) Excludes persons aged 15–17 years who were not present for interview or answered by proxy with selected person present, and also excludes persons aged 18 years or over who answered by proxy and were not present for interview.
- (c) Proportions with a relative standard error (RSE) of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution. Proportions with an RSE greater than 50 per cent (or where the RSE is reported with an 'np') are considered too unreliable for general use.
- (d) Includes pain killers, tranquilisers and sleeping pills.
- (e) Includes heroin, cocaine, petrol, LSD/synthetic hallucinogens, naturally occurring hallucinogens, ecstasy/designer drugs, and other inhalants. Includes methadone for non-medical purposes in 2014-15.
- (f) Sum of components may be more than total as persons may have reported more than one type of substance used.
- (g) This category comprises people who accepted the substance use form but did not state if they had ever used substances.
- (h) People who accepted the substance use form.
- Nil or rounded to zero. **np** Not published

Source : ABS (unpublished) 2014-15 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey; ABS (unpublished) 2018-19 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey.

TABLE 11A.2.5

Table 11A.2.5 **Substance use for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), by remote/non-remote, by substance used, 2014-15 and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

Unit	Non-remote				Remote				Total			
	Est.	Prop.	95%CI	RSE (c)	Est.	Prop.	95%CI	RSE (c)	Est.	Prop.	95%CI	RSE (c)
	'000	%	±	%	'000	%	±	%	'000	%	±	%
2018-19												
Substance used in last 12 months:												
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	84.6	24.4	2.6	5.5	20.0	24.8	2.8	5.8	104.6	24.5	2.2	4.6
Amphetamines or speed	14.0	4.0	1.2	14.7	0.7	0.9	0.6	34.1	14.3	3.3	0.9	14.6
Pain-killers or analgesics for non-medical purposes	12.1	3.5	1.3	18.5	0.8	1.0	0.8	41.1	13.4	3.1	1.0	16.7
Tranquillisers or sleeping pills for non-medical purposes	7.6	2.2	1.0	23.1	0.2	0.2	np	np	8.0	1.9	np	21.8
Sub-total: analgesics & sedatives for non-medical use (d)	15.5	4.5	1.4	15.8	1.0	1.2	0.8	32.8	16.4	3.8	1.1	14.9
Kava	4.6	1.3	0.7	29.0	1.2	1.5	0.7	23.8	5.9	1.4	0.6	22.6
Petrol and other inhalants	3.3	1.0	0.9	47.0	0.4	0.5	0.5	46.1	3.8	0.9	0.7	40.8
Other (e)	23.3	6.7	1.6	12.3	1.0	1.2	0.7	28.1	24.7	5.8	1.3	11.5
Total used substances in last 12 months (e) (f)	101.7	29.4	2.9	5.1	21.7	26.9	2.8	5.3	123.3	28.9	2.5	4.4
Has not used substances in the last 12 months	244.9	70.7	2.8	2.0	58.9	73.1	3.3	2.3	303.5	71.0	2.2	1.6
Total (g) (h)	346.4	100.0	2.9	1.5	80.6	100.0	4.1	2.1	427.2	100.0	2.5	1.3
People who accepted form	355.4	88.7	2.1	1.2	80.8	87.0	3.2	1.9	436.3	88.4	1.7	1.0
People 15 years or over	400.5	..	..	0.6	92.9	..	..	0.8	493.5	..	..	0.5

TABLE 11A.2.5

Table 11A.2.5 **Substance use for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), by remote/non-remote, by substance used, 2014-15 and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

Unit	Non-remote				Remote				Total			
	Est.	Prop.	95%CI	RSE (c)	Est.	Prop.	95%CI	RSE (c)	Est.	Prop.	95%CI	RSE (c)
	'000	%	±	%	'000	%	±	%	'000	%	±	%
2014-15												
Substance used in last 12 months:												
Marijuana, hashish or cannabis resin	61.7	19.6	2.3	5.9	15.8	18.4	2.6	7.1	77.2	19.2	1.8	4.8
Amphetamines or speed	18.5	5.9	1.2	10.3	0.6	0.7	0.5	39.6	19.3	4.8	0.9	9.9
Pain-killers or analgesics for non-medical purposes	46.4	14.7	2.0	7.0	2.1	2.5	1.2	24.3	48.2	12.0	1.6	6.8
Tranquillisers or sleeping pills for non-medical purposes	13.5	4.3	1.0	11.4	0.5	0.6	0.4	35.6	13.7	3.4	0.8	11.3
Sub-total: analgesics & sedatives for non-medical use (d)	49.9	15.9	2.1	6.6	2.2	2.5	1.2	23.7	52.1	13.0	1.6	6.4
Kava	3.9	1.2	0.7	30.4	0.6	0.7	0.6	41.3	4.9	1.2	0.6	24.7
Petrol and other inhalants	2.4	0.8	0.5	29.4	np	np	np	np	2.9	0.7	0.3	24.6
Other (e)	19.0	6.0	1.4	11.5	0.9	1.0	0.6	32.0	19.9	5.0	1.1	11.1
Total used substances in last 12 months (e) (f)	104.6	33.2	2.8	4.3	17.9	20.9	2.5	6.1	122.7	30.6	2.3	3.8
Has not used substances in the last 12 months	210.8	66.9	2.9	2.2	68.1	79.2	2.0	1.3	278.8	69.5	2.2	1.6
Total (g) (h)	100.0	100.0	–	–	100.0	100.0	–	–	100.0	100.0	–	–
People who accepted form	317.5	–	–	–	86.4	–	–	–	403.7	–	–	–
People 15 years or over	346.8	–	–	–	96.7	–	–	–	443.4	–	–	–

Est. = Estimate. Prop. = Proportion RSE = Relative standard error. CI = Confidence interval.

TABLE 11A.2.5

Table 11A.2.5 **Substance use for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), by remote/non-remote, by substance used, 2014-15 and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	Non-remote				Remote				Total			
	Est.	Prop.	95%CI	RSE (c)	Est.	Prop.	95%CI	RSE (c)	Est.	Prop.	95%CI	RSE (c)
	Unit	'000	%	±	%	'000	%	±	%	'000	%	±

- (a) Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data. Discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals. Estimates with a relative standard error of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution.
- (b) Excludes persons aged 15–17 years who were not present for interview or answered by proxy with selected person present, and also excludes persons aged 18 years or over who answered by proxy and were not present for interview.
- (c) Proportions with a relative standard error (RSE) of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution. Proportions with an RSE greater than 50 per cent (or where the RSE is reported with an 'np') are considered too unreliable for general use.
- (d) Includes pain killers, tranquilisers and sleeping pills.
- (e) Includes heroin, cocaine, petrol, LSD/synthetic hallucinogens, naturally occurring hallucinogens, ecstasy/designer drugs, and other inhalants. Includes methadone for non-medical purposes in 2014-15.
- (f) Sum of components may be more than total as persons may have reported more than one type of substance used.
- (g) This category comprises people who accepted the substance use form but did not state if they had ever used substances.
- (h) People who accepted the substance use form.

np Not published. – Nil or rounded to zero. .. Not applicable.

Sources: ABS (unpublished) 2018-19 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey; ABS (unpublished) 2014-15 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey.

TABLE 11A.2.6

Table 11A.2.6 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over) reporting substance use in the last 12 months, by age, by sex, 2014-15 and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>15-17</i>	<i>18-24</i>	<i>25-34</i>	<i>35-44</i>	<i>45-54</i>	<i>55 or over</i>	<i>Total 15 or over (c)</i>
2018-19								
Estimate								
Male	'000	1.2	15.4	26.0	13.0	12.1	7.1	75.2
Female	'000	3.0	12.7	12.9	7.4	8.0	5.0	48.7
Persons	'000	4.2	28.3	39.0	20.1	20.3	11.8	123.3
Proportion								
Male	%	23.1	34.5	50.9	39.5	37.5	20.2	34.8
Female	%	34.5	29.9	23.4	19.2	21.7	11.5	20.1
Persons	%	30.7	32.2	36.7	28.3	29.4	15.0	26.9
95 per cent Confidence Interval								
Male	±	17.8	8.1	9.0	7.9	9.8	6.4	3.4
Female	±	18.1	7.9	5.8	6.5	6.1	5.0	2.9
Persons	±	13.4	5.7	5.3	4.6	5.6	3.8	2.3
Relative Standard Error (d)								
Male	%	39.3	12.0	9.0	10.2	13.4	16.2	5.0
Female	%	26.7	13.4	12.6	17.2	14.3	22.4	7.3
Persons	%	22.3	9.1	7.3	8.3	9.7	12.8	4.4
2014-15								
Estimate								
Male	'000	4.3	16.6	17.0	12.1	10.3	4.2	64.9
Female	'000	6.3	14.2	15.9	10.2	7.7	3.8	57.8
Persons	'000	10.2	30.8	33.4	22.3	17.9	8.1	122.7

TABLE 11A.2.6

Table 11A.2.6 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over) reporting substance use in the last 12 months, by age, by sex, 2014-15 and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>15-17</i>	<i>18-24</i>	<i>25-34</i>	<i>35-44</i>	<i>45-54</i>	<i>55 or over</i>	<i>Total 15 or over (c)</i>
Proportion								
Male	%	23.5	39.8	39.9	38.0	38.5	14.6	34.2
Female	%	32.1	32.5	34.7	26.5	23.9	11.9	27.3
Persons	%	26.5	35.9	38.0	31.7	30.4	13.5	30.6
95 per cent Confidence Interval								
Male	±	11.9	7.1	7.8	7.1	5.8	4.2	3.4
Female	±	11.3	7.1	5.5	4.7	5.4	3.9	2.9
Persons	±	8.2	5.2	4.9	4.3	3.6	2.8	2.3
Relative Standard Error (d)								
Male	%	25.9	9.1	10.0	9.5	7.7	14.6	5.0
Female	%	18.0	11.1	8.1	9.1	11.6	16.9	5.4
Persons	%	15.8	7.4	6.6	6.9	6.1	10.7	3.8

(a) Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data. Discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals. Estimates with a relative standard error of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution.

(b) People who accepted the substance use form.

(c) Total excludes 'not stated' and persons who did not answer substance use questions.

(d) Proportions with a relative standard error (RSE) of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution. Proportions with an RSE greater than 50 per cent (or where the RSE is reported with an 'np') are considered too unreliable for general use.

Source: ABS (unpublished) 2014-15 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey; ABS (unpublished) National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey, 2018-19.

TABLE 11A.2.7

Table 11A.2.7 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over) reporting substance use in the last 12 months, by state and territory, by sex, 2014-15 and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
2018-19										
Estimate										
Male	'000	22.0	6.0	21.7	10.0	4.8	2.4	0.8	7.7	75.2
Female	'000	18.1	4.7	10.7	6.3	3.5	1.9	0.3	3.3	48.7
Persons	'000	40.7	10.7	32.1	15.9	8.3	4.5	1.1	10.6	123.3
Proportion										
Male	%	31.5	37.7	35.0	38.4	41.4	30.7	34.7	37.8	34.8
Female	%	21.7	26.3	15.7	21.7	24.7	19.7	13.6	16.1	20.1
Persons	%	26.8	31.3	24.7	28.7	32.0	25.7	24.7	26.0	26.9
95 per cent Confidence Interval										
Male	±	7.2	9.4	6.2	9.3	11.0	8.7	16.6	6.8	3.4
Female	±	6.0	8.7	6.1	6.0	8.1	6.6	12.9	3.2	2.9
Persons	±	4.6	6.0	4.7	6.0	7.4	5.3	6.3	4.0	2.3
Relative Standard Error (d)										
Male	%	11.7	12.7	9.0	12.4	13.5	14.4	24.4	9.2	5.0
Female	%	14.1	16.8	19.9	14.1	16.8	17.2	48.5	10.1	7.3
Persons	%	8.8	9.8	9.8	10.7	11.8	10.6	13.0	7.9	4.4
2014-15										
Estimate										
Male	'000	19.0	7.2	17.9	7.8	4.1	2.6	1.0	5.4	64.9
Female	'000	19.6	4.8	15.6	7.9	3.5	2.1	0.8	3.4	57.8
Persons	'000	39.1	11.8	33.6	15.8	7.8	4.8	1.7	8.7	122.7

TABLE 11A.2.7

Table 11A.2.7 **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over) reporting substance use in the last 12 months, by state and territory, by sex, 2014-15 and 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (c)</i>
Proportion										
Male	%	32.4	51.0	32.3	34.0	42.5	34.0	46.2	28.6	34.2
Female	%	29.1	31.1	26.3	28.7	30.8	26.7	39.0	16.1	27.3
Persons	%	31.0	39.8	29.3	31.6	37.3	30.8	40.2	21.8	30.6
95 per cent Confidence Interval										
Male	±	7.2	7.1	6.4	7.3	10.5	6.1	9.9	5.3	3.4
Female	±	6.5	6.6	5.5	5.9	6.5	5.8	9.5	4.6	2.9
Persons	±	5.0	4.9	4.2	4.5	5.5	4.3	6.4	3.6	2.3
Relative Standard Error (d)										
Male	%	11.4	7.1	10.1	11.0	12.6	9.1	10.9	9.4	5.0
Female	%	11.4	10.9	10.7	10.4	10.7	11.1	12.4	14.5	5.4
Persons	%	8.2	6.3	7.3	7.3	7.5	7.2	8.1	8.4	3.8

(a) Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data. Discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals. Estimates with a relative standard error of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution.

(b) People who accepted the substance use form.

(c) Total excludes 'not stated' and persons who did not answer substance use questions.

(d) Proportions with a relative standard error (RSE) of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution. Proportions with an RSE greater than 50 per cent (or where the RSE is reported with an 'np') are considered too unreliable for general use.

Source : ABS (unpublished) 2014-15 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey; ABS (unpublished) National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Survey, 2018-19.

TABLE 11A.2.8

Table 11A.2.8 **Hospital separations related to drug use, by Indigenous status, by classification, 2010-11 to 2018-19 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Number									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander									
Poisoning	1 353	1 649	1 800	1 918	1 969	2 365	2 661	2 517	2 499
Accidental poisoning	243	315	362	342	365	425	474	477	479
Mental/behavioural disorders	1 350	1 553	1 755	1 907	2 443	3 351	3 423	3 470	3 898
Other	82	88	95	117	121	125	96	112	121
Total	2 785	3 290	3 650	3 942	4 533	5 841	6 180	6 099	6 518
Non-Indigenous (e)									
Poisoning	26 090	27 364	27 114	26 868	28 667	31 496	32 362	29 201	28 357
Accidental poisoning	3 774	3 939	4 097	4 328	4 580	5 081	5 197	5 003	4 818
Mental/behavioural disorders	14 882	16 850	17 987	20 653	25 044	28 830	27 894	27 411	28 689
Other	431	473	507	436	393	429	389	336	269
Total	41 403	44 687	45 608	47 957	54 104	60 755	60 645	56 948	57 315
Not stated									
Poisoning	577	501	514	513	532	492	463	394	392
Accidental poisoning	104	74	79	67	88	102	102	n.p.	88
Mental/behavioural disorders	446	685	843	821	858	893	872	865	798
Other	14	18	21	30	23	10	10	n.p.	11
Total	1 037	1 204	1 378	1 364	1 413	1 395	1 345	1 262	1 201
Crude rate per 100 000									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander									
Poisoning	190	227	242	253	254	299	330	306	298
Accidental poisoning	34	43	49	45	47	54	59	58	57
Mental/behavioural disorders	190	213	236	251	315	424	425	422	465

TABLE 11A.2.8

Table 11A.2.8 **Hospital separations related to drug use, by Indigenous status, by classification, 2010-11 to 2018-19 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Other	12	12	13	15	16	16	12	14	14
Total	391	452	491	519	585	739	767	742	777
Non-Indigenous (e)									
Poisoning	122	126	122	119	125	136	137	122	117
Accidental poisoning	18	18	19	19	20	22	22	21	20
Mental/behavioural disorders	69	77	81	92	110	124	118	114	118
Other	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
Total	193	205	206	213	237	262	257	238	236
Age-standardised rate per 100 000 (f)									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander									
Poisoning	201	244	265	273	275	321	348	331	322
Accidental poisoning	34	44	53	48	52	60	64	65	66
Mental/behavioural disorders	197	219	246	261	334	449	446	450	492
Other	6	7	8	9	9	10	7	9	10
Total	403	470	519	544	618	781	801	790	824
Non-Indigenous (e)									
Poisoning	123	127	125	121	128	139	141	125	119
Accidental poisoning	18	18	18	19	20	22	22	21	19
Mental/behavioural disorders	70	79	83	94	113	128	122	118	122
Other	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1
Total	195	208	210	217	242	269	265	245	242
Rate ratio (g)									
Poisoning	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.7
Accidental poisoning	2.0	2.5	2.9	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.9	3.1	3.4

TABLE 11A.2.8

Table 11A.2.8 **Hospital separations related to drug use, by Indigenous status, by classification, 2010-11 to 2018-19 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Mental/behavioural disorders	2.8	2.8	3.0	2.8	3.0	3.5	3.7	3.8	4.0
Other	3.0	3.3	3.2	4.7	5.1	5.3	4.2	5.8	8.0
Total	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.9	3.0	3.2	3.4

(a) Categories are based on ICD-10-AM classification of diseases (International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 10th Revision, Australian Modification). ICD-10-AM codes for poisoning, mental/behavioural disorders and other conditions are based on Principal diagnoses. External cause codes for accidental poisoning are based on any external cause reported. This may lead to overlap between 'accidental poisoning' and the other categories.

(b) Data are from public and private hospitals in all jurisdictions.

(c) From 2012-13, data exclude inter-hospital contracted patients to private sector hospitals in WA.

(d) Rates per 100 000 population are calculated using population estimates and projections based on 2016 Census data.

(e) 'Non-Indigenous' only includes hospitalisations of people explicitly identified as non-Indigenous, except for WA where it includes all hospitalisations not explicitly recorded as Indigenous (WA hospitalisations data does not separately identify records as Non-indigenous or not stated).

(f) Rates are directly age-standardised using the Australian 2001 standard population. Age groups used for age standardisation are from 0-4 years in five yearly groups up to 70-74 years old and 75 years plus.

(g) Rate ratio is the age-standardised Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander hospitalisation rate divided by the non-Indigenous hospitalisation rate.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) National Hospital Morbidity Database.

TABLE 11A.2.9

Table 11A.2.9 **Hospital separations related to drug use, by Indigenous status, by classification, NSW, Victoria, Queensland, WA, SA and public hospitals in the NT, 2004-05 to 2018-19 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Number															
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander															
Poisoning	939	1 031	971	1 007	1 106	1 211	1 301	1 580	1 748	1 840	1 885	2 258	2 565	2 383	2 402
Accidental poisoning	224	220	180	182	225	267	240	297	359	334	343	417	463	454	466
Mental/behavioural disorders	1 024	1 102	1 071	1 141	1 006	1 071	1 316	1 495	1 702	1 854	2 365	3 193	3 283	3 293	3 736
Other	70	55	79	77	71	80	78	81	93	112	114	122	93	103	116
Total	2 033	2 188	2 121	2 225	2 183	2 362	2 695	3 156	3 543	3 806	4 364	5 573	5 941	5 779	6 254
Non-Indigenous (e)															
Poisoning	23 865	23 141	23 420	23 898	25 557	25 358	25 088	26 343	26 075	25 690	27 358	29 942	30 828	27 499	26 834
Accidental poisoning	3 908	3 648	3 731	3 758	3 772	3 842	3 674	3 838	3 970	4 202	4 445	4 880	5 033	4 768	4 606
Mental/behavioural disorders	12 136	12 715	12 837	12 728	12 705	13 276	14 399	16 268	17 394	19 945	24 017	27 363	26 808	25 965	27 660
Other	553	512	529	500	488	435	409	445	492	415	368	402	379	326	261
Total	36 554	36 368	36 786	37 126	38 750	39 069	39 896	43 056	43 961	46 050	51 743	57 707	58 015	53 790	54 755
Not stated															
Poisoning	425	533	516	489	523	520	535	471	490	492	500	459	436	356	365
Accidental poisoning	86	75	81	81	76	89	92	72	76	65	83	93	93	np	81
Mental/behavioural disorders	291	338	339	384	302	280	435	668	818	789	826	807	803	767	765
Other	15	16	9	17	7	9	11	17	19	28	21	9	8	np	9
Total	731	887	864	890	832	809	981	1 156	1 327	1 309	1 347	1 275	1 247	1 126	1 139
Crude rate per 100 000															
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander															
Poisoning	159.5	170.9	157.0	158.9	170.4	182.3	191.4	227.4	246.3	253.9	254.8	299.2	333.3	303.6	300.0

TABLE 11A.2.9

Table 11A.2.9 **Hospital separations related to drug use, by Indigenous status, by classification, NSW, Victoria, Queensland, WA, SA and public hospitals in the NT, 2004-05 to 2018-19 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Accidental poisoning	38.1	36.5	29.1	28.7	34.7	40.2	35.3	42.8	50.6	46.1	46.4	55.3	60.2	57.8	58.2
Mental/behavioural disorders	174.0	182.7	173.2	180.0	155.0	161.2	193.6	215.2	239.8	255.8	319.7	423.1	426.6	419.5	466.6
Other	11.9	9.1	12.8	12.2	10.9	12.0	11.5	11.7	13.1	15.5	15.4	16.2	12.1	13.1	14.5
Total	345.4	362.8	343.0	351.1	336.3	355.5	396.5	454.3	499.1	525.1	590.0	738.5	771.9	736.2	781.0
Non-Indigenous (e)															
Poisoning	128.0	122.5	122.1	122.2	128.0	124.7	121.6	125.7	122.3	118.5	124.4	134.1	135.8	119.2	114.4
Accidental poisoning	21.0	19.3	19.4	19.2	18.9	18.9	17.8	18.3	18.6	19.4	20.2	21.9	22.2	20.7	19.6
Mental/behavioural disorders	65.1	67.3	66.9	65.1	63.6	65.3	69.8	77.6	81.6	92.0	109.2	122.5	118.1	112.6	117.9
Other	3.0	2.7	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.3	1.9	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.4	1.1
Total	196.0	192.6	191.7	189.8	194.1	192.2	193.4	205.5	206.1	212.5	235.2	258.4	255.6	233.2	233.4
Age-standardised rate per 100 000 (f)															
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander															
Poisoning	166.6	177.3	165.9	162.5	181.7	190.3	201.8	245.9	270.0	275.3	275.3	321.9	350.6	328.3	325.0
Accidental poisoning	37.1	33.5	28.1	25.9	32.9	39.2	35.7	43.9	54.8	49.2	51.1	61.5	65.0	64.7	67.6
Mental/behavioural disorders	167.0	179.8	171.9	180.6	158.6	161.9	200.1	219.6	249.9	265.5	338.7	446.5	448.2	447.4	492.4
Other	6.6	5.1	7.1	7.6	6.0	6.8	6.3	6.9	7.8	9.4	9.0	10.3	7.3	8.3	9.6
Total	340.2	362.2	345.0	350.7	346.3	359.0	408.2	472.4	527.6	550.1	623.0	778.7	806.1	783.9	827.1
Non-Indigenous (e)															
Poisoning	128.9	123.3	122.9	122.9	128.7	125.5	122.7	127.4	124.6	120.7	126.9	137.3	139.6	122.6	117.3
Accidental poisoning	21.2	19.5	19.6	19.3	18.9	18.9	17.8	18.3	18.6	19.3	20.1	21.8	22.0	20.5	19.5
Mental/behavioural disorders	66.0	68.3	68.0	66.2	64.6	66.3	70.9	79.1	83.3	94.0	112.1	126.2	121.7	116.1	122.0

TABLE 11A.2.9

Table 11A.2.9 **Hospital separations related to drug use, by Indigenous status, by classification, NSW, Victoria, Queensland, WA, SA and public hospitals in the NT, 2004-05 to 2018-19 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Other	3.2	2.9	2.9	2.7	2.5	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.0	1.7	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.2
Total	198.0	194.5	193.8	191.8	195.8	194.0	195.6	208.7	210.3	216.7	240.7	265.3	263.1	240.2	240.5
Rate ratio (g)															
Poisoning	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.9	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.5	2.7	2.8
Accidental poisoning	1.8	1.7	1.4	1.3	1.7	2.1	2.0	2.4	2.9	2.5	2.5	2.8	3.0	3.2	3.5
Mental/behavioural disorders	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.7	2.5	2.4	2.8	2.8	3.0	2.8	3.0	3.5	3.7	3.9	4.0
Other	2.1	1.8	2.4	2.8	2.4	3.1	3.0	3.1	3.3	4.7	5.3	5.4	4.3	5.5	8.0
Total	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.9	3.1	3.3	3.4

(a) Categories are based on ICD-10-AM classification of diseases (International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 10th Revision, Australian Modification). ICD-10-AM codes for poisoning, mental/behavioural disorders and other conditions are based on Principal diagnoses. External cause codes for accidental poisoning are based on any external cause reported. This may lead to overlap between 'accidental poisoning' and the other categories.

(b) Data exclude private hospitals from the NT.

(c) From 2012-13, data exclude inter-hospital contracted patients to private sector hospitals in WA.

(d) Rates per 100 000 population are calculated using population estimates and projections based on 2016 Census data.

(e) 'Non-Indigenous' only includes hospitalisations of people explicitly identified as non-Indigenous, except for WA where it includes all hospitalisations not explicitly recorded as Indigenous (WA hospitalisations data does not separately identify records as Non-indigenous or not stated).

(f) Rates are directly age-standardised using the Australian 2001 standard population. Age groups used for age standardisation are from 0-4 years in five yearly groups up to 70-74 years old and 75 years plus.

(g) Rate ratio is the age-standardised Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander hospitalisation rate divided by the 'Other' persons hospitalisation rate.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) National Hospital Morbidity Database.

TABLE 11A.2.10

Table 11A.2.10 **Hospital separations related to drug use, by Indigenous status, by sex, by classification, 2010–2012 and 2016–2018 (age-standardised rate per 100 000 population) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	Males			Females			All persons (f)		
	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	Non-Indigenous (g)	Rate ratio (h)	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	Non-Indigenous (g)	Rate ratio (h)	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	Non-Indigenous (g)	Rate ratio (h)
2016–2018									
Poisoning									
T36-T39: antibiotics and hormones	48.9	24.0	2.0	125.2	59.4	2.1	87.1	41.4	2.1
T40: narcotics, including opium, heroin, methadone and cocaine	70.6	20.4	3.5	54.6	16.8	3.3	62.0	18.6	3.3
T42: antiepileptic, sedative-hypnotic and antiparkinsonism drugs	65.3	25.8	2.5	75.7	37.1	2.0	70.5	31.5	2.2
T43: psychotropic drugs, includes antidepressants	95.9	28.9	3.3	135.4	52.8	2.6	115.5	40.7	2.8
T52: toxic effect of organic solvents	4.7	1.1	4.3	3.3	0.8	4.1	4.0	1.0	4.0
Total poisoning	285.3	100.2	2.8	394.1	167.0	2.4	339.0	133.2	2.5
Accidental poisoning									
X41: includes antidepressants and barbiturates	44.6	14.3	3.1	33.0	13.0	2.5	38.6	13.7	2.8
X42: narcotics (includes cannabis, cocaine, heroin, opium, methadone) and hallucinogens	39.1	11.1	3.5	25.4	8.4	3.0	31.9	9.7	3.3
X46: organic solvents, including petroleum derivatives	2.5	0.6	4.2	1.6	0.3	5.3	2.0	0.4	5.0
X49: unspecified (includes glues and paints)	np	0.3	na	np	0.3	na	np	0.3	na

TABLE 11A.2.10

Table 11A.2.10 **Hospital separations related to drug use, by Indigenous status, by sex, by classification, 2010–2012 and 2016–2018 (age-standardised rate per 100 000 population) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Males</i>			<i>Females</i>			<i>All persons (f)</i>		
	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous (g)</i>	<i>Rate ratio (h)</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous (g)</i>	<i>Rate ratio (h)</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous (g)</i>	<i>Rate ratio (h)</i>
Total accidental poisoning	74.9	23.1	3.2	54.7	19.5	2.8	64.3	21.3	3.0
Mental/behavioural disorders									
F11: from use of opioids	53.4	21.3	2.5	37.5	14.3	2.6	45.2	17.8	2.5
F12: from use of cannabinoids	122.8	29.1	4.2	78.3	13.7	5.7	100.7	21.5	4.7
F13: from use of sedatives	9.9	6.9	1.4	7.1	6.4	1.1	8.5	6.7	1.3
F14: from use of cocaine	np	5.5	na	np	1.0	na	1.5	3.2	0.5
F15: from use of other stimulants	267.7	68.1	3.9	186.3	33.7	5.5	226.2	50.8	4.5
F16: from use of hallucinogens	np	1.7	na	np	0.5	na	1.1	1.1	1.0
F18: from use of volatile solvents	5.7	0.2	28.5	3.3	0.1	33.0	4.5	0.1	45.0
F19: from use of multiple drug and psychoactive substances	69.4	24.1	2.9	50.7	13.4	3.8	60.0	18.8	3.2
Total mental/behavioural disorders	532.4	156.8	3.4	364.9	83.1	4.4	447.8	120.0	3.7
Other									
B17.1: acute hepatitis C	np	0.4	na	np	0.1	na	1.3	0.2	6.5
O35.5: maternal care for suspected damage to fetus by drugs	..	..	na	np	np	na	np	np	na
P96.1: neonatal withdrawal symptoms from maternal use of drugs of addiction	7.0	1.4	5.0	6.0	1.2	5.0	6.5	1.3	5.0
Total 'other'	8.8	1.8	4.9	7.1	1.4	5.1	7.9	1.6	4.9
Total	826.5	258.8	3.2	766.1	251.5	3.0	794.7	254.8	3.1

TABLE 11A.2.10

Table 11A.2.10 **Hospital separations related to drug use, by Indigenous status, by sex, by classification, 2010–2012 and 2016–2018 (age-standardised rate per 100 000 population) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	Males			Females			All persons (f)		
	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	Non-Indigenous (g)	Rate ratio (h)	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	Non-Indigenous (g)	Rate ratio (h)	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	Non-Indigenous (g)	Rate ratio (h)
2010–2012									
Poisoning									
T36-T39: antibiotics and hormones	38.0	20.5	1.9	73.8	50.5	1.5	56.0	35.2	1.6
T40: narcotics, including opium, heroin, methadone and cocaine	35.2	15.8	2.2	29.9	13.3	2.2	32.2	14.5	2.2
T42: antiepileptic, sedative-hypnotic and antiparkinsonism drugs	48.1	28.4	1.7	63.3	43.9	1.4	55.8	36.1	1.5
T43: psychotropic drugs, includes antidepressants	55.3	27.5	2.0	95.1	48.5	2.0	75.5	37.9	2.0
T52: toxic effect of organic solvents	4.3	1.3	3.3	2.2	0.9	2.4	3.2	1.1	2.9
Total poisoning	180.9	93.4	1.9	264.3	157.1	1.7	222.8	124.9	1.8
Accidental poisoning									
X41: includes antidepressants and barbiturates	29.3	11.8	2.5	24.8	12.0	2.1	26.8	11.9	2.3
X42: narcotics (includes cannabis, cocaine, heroin, opium, methadone) and hallucinogens	17.0	8.1	2.1	14.6	6.0	2.4	15.7	7.0	2.2
X46: organic solvents, including petroleum derivatives	1.9	0.7	2.7	np	0.3	na	1.2	0.5	2.4

TABLE 11A.2.10

Table 11A.2.10 **Hospital separations related to drug use, by Indigenous status, by sex, by classification, 2010–2012 and 2016–2018 (age-standardised rate per 100 000 population) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	Males			Females			All persons (f)		
	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	Non-Indigenous (g)	Rate ratio (h)	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	Non-Indigenous (g)	Rate ratio (h)	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	Non-Indigenous (g)	Rate ratio (h)
X49: unspecified (includes glues and paints)	np	0.3	na	np	0.4	na	np	0.3	na
Total accidental poisoning	43.2	18.7	2.3	36.1	16.9	2.1	39.4	17.8	2.2
Mental/behavioural disorders									
F11: from use of opioids	41.6	22.0	1.9	38.8	15.2	2.6	40.1	18.6	2.2
F12 from use of cannabinoids	78.8	20.1	3.9	57.0	8.7	6.6	67.9	14.4	4.7
F13 from use of sedatives	8.9	6.7	1.3	10.7	7.8	1.4	9.8	7.3	1.3
F14: from use of cocaine	np	0.9	na	np	0.5	na	np	0.7	na
F15: from use of other stimulants	51.1	19.1	2.7	30.9	9.9	3.1	40.7	14.5	2.8
F16: from use of hallucinogens	np	0.7	na	np	0.2	na	np	0.5	na
F18: from use of volatile solvents	9.6	0.3	32.0	8.8	0.1	88.0	9.2	0.2	46.0
F19: from use of multiple drug and psychoactive substances	48.3	24.0	2.0	29.3	12.6	2.3	38.7	18.4	2.1
Total mental/behavioural disorders	240.0	93.9	2.6	176.3	55.0	3.2	207.7	74.6	2.8
Other									
B17.1: acute hepatitis C	np	0.5	na	np	0.2	na	np	0.4	na
O35.5: maternal care for suspected damage to fetus by drugs	..	..	na	np	np	na	np	np	na
P96.1: neonatal withdrawal symptoms from maternal use of drugs of addiction	6.0	1.9	3.2	4.8	1.7	2.8	5.4	1.8	3.0

TABLE 11A.2.10

Table 11A.2.10 **Hospital separations related to drug use, by Indigenous status, by sex, by classification, 2010–2012 and 2016–2018 (age-standardised rate per 100 000 population) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	Males			Females			All persons (f)		
	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	Non-Indigenous (g)	Rate ratio (h)	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	Non-Indigenous (g)	Rate ratio (h)	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	Non-Indigenous (g)	Rate ratio (h)
Total 'other'	8.0	2.4	3.3	5.5	1.9	2.9	6.7	2.2	3.0
Total	428.9	189.7	2.3	446.1	214.1	2.1	437.2	201.6	2.2

- (a) Categories are based on ICD-10-AM classification of diseases (International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 10th Revision, Australian Modification). ICD-10-AM codes for poisoning, mental/behavioural disorders and other conditions are based on Principal diagnoses. External cause codes for accidental poisoning are based on any external cause reported. This may lead to overlap between 'accidental poisoning' and the other categories.
- (b) Data are from public and private hospitals in all jurisdictions.
- (c) From 2012-13, data exclude inter-hospital contracted patients to private sector hospitals in WA.
- (d) Rates per 100 000 population are calculated using population estimates and projections based on 2016 Census data. As these data span two years, the population denominator used in calculating rates is a weighted sum of mid year population estimates. For 2016–2018 this includes 50% of the population as at 30 June 2016, 100% of the population as at 30 June 2017 and 50% of the population at 30 June 2018.
- (e) Rates are directly age-standardised using the Australian 2001 standard population. Age groups used for age standardisation are from 0-4 years in five yearly groups up to 70-74 years old and 75 years plus.
- (f) Persons data includes sex not stated and indeterminate.
- (g) 'Non-Indigenous' only includes hospitalisations of people explicitly identified as non-Indigenous, except for WA where it includes all hospitalisations not explicitly recorded as Indigenous (WA hospitalisations data does not separately identify records as Non-indigenous or not stated).
- (h) Rate ratio is the age-standardised Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander hospitalisation rate divided by the non-Indigenous Australians' hospitalisation rate.

np Not published .. Not applicable **na** Not available

Source: AIHW (unpublished) National Hospital Morbidity Database.

TABLE 11A.2.11

Table 11A.2.11 **Hospital separations related to drug use, by Indigenous status, by remoteness, by classification, 2010–2012 and 2016–2018 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	2010–2012			2016–2018		
	Major cities	Inner and outer regional	Remote and very remote	Major cities	Inner and outer regional	Remote and very remote
Number						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander						
Poisoning	1 265	1 296	401	2 338	2 225	481
Accidental poisoning	260	206	np	482	344	87
Mental/behavioural disorders	1 323	1 027	448	3 169	2 413	807
Other	86	77	np	108	89	7
Total	2 674	2 400	852	5 615	4 727	1 295
Non-Indigenous (f)						
Poisoning	36 443	15 477	795	42 014	17 526	823
Accidental poisoning	5 352	2 129	116	7 366	2 444	133
Mental/behavioural disorders	24 717	5 895	335	42 572	9 599	468
Other	649	242	7	519	192	9
Total	61 809	21 614	1 137	85 105	27 317	1 300
Not-stated						
Poisoning	698	315	16	533	231	16
Accidental poisoning	116	49	np	119	37	np
Mental/behavioural disorders	939	152	np	1 253	328	np
Other	23	7	np	8	5	np
Total	1 660	474	24	1 794	564	30
Crude rate per 100 000						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander						
Poisoning	232.7	205.2	151.3	382.3	310.3	160.3
Accidental poisoning	47.8	32.6	30.6	78.8	48.0	29.0

TABLE 11A.2.11

Table 11A.2.11 Hospital separations related to drug use, by Indigenous status, by remoteness, by classification, 2010–2012 and 2016–2018 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	2010–2012			2016–2018		
	Major cities	Inner and outer regional	Remote and very remote	Major cities	Inner and outer regional	Remote and very remote
Mental/behavioural disorders	243.4	162.6	169.0	518.1	336.5	269.0
Other	15.8	12.2	np	17.7	12.4	2.3
Total	491.9	380.1	321.4	918.1	659.2	431.6
Non-Indigenous (f)						
Poisoning	117.6	134.1	105.0	121.0	144.1	120.0
Accidental poisoning	17.3	18.4	15.3	21.2	20.1	19.4
Mental/behavioural disorders	79.8	51.1	44.2	122.6	78.9	68.2
Other	2.1	2.1	0.9	1.5	1.6	1.3
Total	199.5	187.3	150.1	245.1	224.6	189.5
Age-standardised rate per 100 000 (g)						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander						
Poisoning	260.3	218.9	152.1	413.4	329.1	175.4
Accidental poisoning	54.3	29.6	30.1	91.1	51.7	28.7
Mental/behavioural disorders	263.3	174.8	149.5	555.0	372.9	248.1
Other	9.9	6.3	np	10.5	7.8	np
Total	533.5	400.0	302.2	978.9	709.8	425.0
Non-Indigenous (f)						
Poisoning	116.7	144.3	108.3	122.2	158.6	136.8
Accidental poisoning	17.0	19.2	15.1	20.9	20.6	19.0
Mental/behavioural disorders	78.2	59.3	45.0	121.2	95.1	73.2
Other	2.1	2.3	np	1.5	1.8	np
Total	197.0	205.9	154.1	245.0	255.6	211.3

TABLE 11A.2.11

Table 11A.2.11 **Hospital separations related to drug use, by Indigenous status, by remoteness, by classification, 2010–2012 and 2016–2018 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	2010–2012			2016–2018		
	Major cities	Inner and outer regional	Remote and very remote	Major cities	Inner and outer regional	Remote and very remote
	Rate ratio (h)					
Poisoning	2.2	1.5	1.4	3.4	2.1	1.3
Accidental poisoning	3.2	1.5	2.0	4.4	2.5	1.5
Mental/behavioural disorders	3.4	2.9	3.3	4.6	3.9	3.4
Other	4.7	2.7	na	7.0	4.3	na
Total	2.7	1.9	2.0	4.0	2.8	2.0

- (a) Categories are based on ICD-10-AM classification of diseases (International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 10th Revision, Australian Modification). ICD-10-AM codes for poisoning, mental/behavioural disorders and other conditions are based on Principal diagnoses. External cause codes for accidental poisoning are based on any external cause reported. This may lead to overlap between 'accidental poisoning' and the other categories.
- (b) Data are from public and private hospitals in all jurisdictions.
- (c) From 2012-13, data exclude inter-hospital contracted patients to private sector hospitals in WA.
- (d) Disaggregation by remoteness area is based on the ABS' 2011 Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) and relates to the patient's usual residence, not the location of hospital. Hence, rates represent the number of separations for patients living in each remoteness area divided by the total number of people living in that remoteness area in the jurisdiction.
- (e) Rates per 100 000 population are calculated using population estimates and projections based on 2016 Census data. As these data span two years, the population denominator used in calculating rates is a weighted sum of June year population estimates. For 2016–2018 this includes 50 percent of the population as at 30 June 2016, 100 percent of the population as at 30 June 2017 and 50 percent of the population at 30 June 2018.
- (f) 'Non-Indigenous' only includes hospitalisations of people explicitly identified as non-Indigenous, except for WA where it includes all hospitalisations not explicitly recorded as Indigenous (WA hospitalisations data does not separately identify records as Non-indigenous or not stated).
- (g) Rates are directly age-standardised using the Australian 2001 standard population. Age groups used for age standardisation are from 0-4 years in five yearly groups up to 70-74 years old and 75 years plus.
- (h) Rate ratio is the age-standardised Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander hospitalisation rate divided by the non-Indigenous Australians' hospitalisation rate.
na Not applicable. np Not published.

Table 11A.2.11 **Hospital separations related to drug use, by Indigenous status, by remoteness, by classification, 2010–2012 and 2016–2018 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

2010–2012			2016–2018		
<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner and outer regional</i>	<i>Remote and very remote</i>	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner and outer regional</i>	<i>Remote and very remote</i>

Source : AIHW (unpublished) National Hospital Morbidity Database.

TABLE 11A.2.12

Table 11A.2.12 **Hospital separations related to drug use, by Indigenous status, by state and territory, 2010–2012 and 2016–2018 (age-standardised rate per 100 000 population) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2016–2018									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	1 008.2	788.9	708.5	814.5	1 182.6	386.0	959.3	450.3	824.4
Non-Indigenous (g)	288.6	219.4	297.8	243.6	268.2	235.9	225.3	269.7	267.4
Rate ratios (h)	3.5	3.6	2.4	3.3	4.4	1.6	4.3	1.7	3.1
2010–2012									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	546.7	434.8	365.3	557.2	641.4	184.6	450.7	240.8	454.8
Non-Indigenous (g)	238.8	203.6	203.9	212.1	202.0	135.8	144.8	142.3	214.8
Rate ratios (h)	2.3	2.1	1.8	2.6	3.2	1.4	3.1	1.7	2.1

(b) Categories are based on ICD-10-AM classification of diseases (International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 10th Revision, Australian Modification). Drug use includes ICD-10-AM codes for poisoning, mental/behavioural disorders and other conditions based on Principal diagnoses. It also includes external cause codes for accidental poisoning based on any external cause reported.

(a) Data exclude private hospitals from the NT.

(c) From 2012-13, data exclude inter-hospital contracted patients to private sector hospitals in WA.

(d) Rates per 100 000 population are calculated using population estimates and projections based on 2016 Census data. As these data span two years, the population denominator used in calculating rates is a weighted sum of mid year population estimates. For 2016–2018 this includes 50 percent of the population as at 30 June 2016, 100 percent of the population as at 30 June 2017 and 50 percent of the population at 30 June 2018.

(e) Rates are directly age-standardised using the Australian 2001 standard population. Age groups used for age standardisation are from 0-4 years in five yearly groups up to 70-74 years old and 75 years plus.

(f) Data are reported by place of residence of the patient hospitalised.

(g) 'Non-Indigenous' only includes hospitalisations of people explicitly identified as non-Indigenous, except for WA where it includes all hospitalisations not explicitly recorded as Indigenous (WA hospitalisations data does not separately identify records as Non-indigenous or not stated).

(h) Rate ratio is the age-standardised Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander hospitalisation rate divided by the non-Indigenous Australians' hospitalisation rate.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) National Hospital Morbidity Database.

TABLE 11A.2.13

Table 11A.2.13 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander hospital separations related to drug use, by sex, by classification, 2010–2012 and 2016–2018 (a), (b), (c)

	Number			Crude rate per 100 000 (d)		
	Male	Female	Persons (e)	Male	Female	Persons (e)
2016–2018						
Poisoning						
T36-T39: antibiotics and hormones	364	1 070	1 434	44.7	131.3	88.0
T40: narcotics, including opium, heroin, methadone and cocaine	439	377	816	54.0	46.3	50.1
T42: antiepileptic, sedative-hypnotic and antiparkinsonism drugs	442	559	1 001	54.3	68.6	61.5
T43: psychotropic drugs, includes antidepressants	724	1 118	1 842	89.0	137.2	113.1
T52: toxic effect of organic solvents	51	34	85	6.3	4.2	5.2
Total Poisoning	2 020	3 158	5 178	248.3	387.4	317.9
Accidental poisoning						
X41: includes antidepressants and barbiturates	326	264	590	40.1	32.4	36.2
X42: narcotics (includes cannabis, cocaine, heroin, opium, methadone) and hallucinogens	243	171	414	29.9	21.0	25.4
X46: organic solvents, including petroleum derivatives	31	18	49	3.8	2.2	3.0
X49: unspecified (includes glues and paints)	5	9	14	0.6	1.1	0.9
Total Accidental poisoning	530	421	951	65.1	51.7	58.4
Mental/behavioural disorders						
F11: from use of opioids	344	259	603	42.3	31.8	37.0
F12 from use of cannabinoids	1 055	635	1 690	129.7	77.9	103.8
F13 from use of sedatives	67	48	115	8.2	5.9	7.1
F14: from use of cocaine	18	7	25	2.2	0.9	1.5
F15: from use of other stimulants	1 992	1 442	3 434	244.8	176.9	210.8
F16: from use of hallucinogens	14	7	21	1.7	0.9	1.3
F18: from use of volatile solvents	60	32	92	7.4	3.9	5.6
F19: from use of multiple drug and psychoactive substances	530	383	913	65.1	47.0	56.1
Total Mental/behavioural disorders	4 080	2 813	6 893	501.5	345.1	423.2
Other						
B17.1: Acute hepatitis C	14	np	np	1.7	0.9	1.3
O35.5: Maternal care for suspected damage to fetus by drugs	..	np	np	..	np	np

Table 11A.2.13 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander hospital separations related to drug use, by sex, by classification, 2010–2012 and 2016–2018 (a), (b), (c)

	Number			Crude rate per 100 000 (d)		
	Male	Female	Persons (e)	Male	Female	Persons (e)
P96.1: Neonatal withdrawal symptoms from maternal use of drugs of addiction	103	83	186	12.7	10.2	11.4
Total Other	117	91	208	14.4	11.2	12.8
Total	6 217	6 062	12 279	764.1	743.7	753.9
2010–2012						
Poisoning						
T36-T39: antibiotics and hormones	255	537	792	35.5	74.3	55.0
T40: narcotics, including opium, heroin, methadone and cocaine	202	197	399	28.2	27.3	27.7
T42: antiepileptic, sedative-hypnotic and antiparkinsonism drugs	297	400	697	41.4	55.4	48.4
T43: psychotropic drugs, includes antidepressants	382	670	1 052	53.2	92.7	73.0
T52: toxic effect of organic solvents	40	22	62	5.6	3.0	4.3
Total Poisoning	1 176	1 826	3 002	163.9	252.7	208.4
Accidental poisoning						
X41: includes antidepressants and barbiturates	202	182	384	28.2	25.2	26.7
X42: narcotics (includes cannabis, cocaine, heroin, opium, methadone) and hallucinogens	106	96	202	14.8	13.3	14.0
X46: organic solvents, including petroleum derivatives	np	np	28	2.9	1.0	1.9
X49: unspecified (includes glues and paints)	np	np	7	np	np	0.5
Total Accidental poisoning	299	259	558	41.7	35.8	38.7
Mental/behavioural disorders						
F11: from use of opioids	252	256	508	35.1	35.4	35.3
F12: from use of cannabinoids	577	405	982	80.4	56.0	68.2
F13: from use of sedatives	54	65	119	7.5	9.0	8.3
F14: from use of cocaine	np	np	9	1.0	0.3	0.6
F15: from use of other stimulants	340	216	556	47.4	29.9	38.6
F16: from use of hallucinogens	np	np	11	1.0	0.6	0.8
F18: from use of volatile solvents	86	81	167	12.0	11.2	11.6
F19: from use of multiple drug and psychoactive substances	347	204	551	48.4	28.2	38.3
Total Mental/behavioural disorders	1 670	1 233	2 903	232.7	170.6	201.6

Table 11A.2.13 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander hospital separations related to drug use, by sex, by classification, 2010–2012 and 2016–2018 (a), (b), (c)

	Number			Crude rate per 100 000 (d)		
	Male	Female	Persons (e)	Male	Female	Persons (e)
Other						
B17.1: Acute hepatitis C	11	5	16	1.5	0.7	1.1
O35.5: Maternal care for suspected damage to fetus by drugs	..	–	–	..	–	–
P96.1: Neonatal withdrawal symptoms from maternal use of drugs of addiction	87	67	154	12.1	9.3	10.7
Total Other	98	72	170	13.7	10.0	11.8
Total	2 944	3 131	6 075	410.3	433.3	421.8

(a) Categories are based on ICD-10-AM classification of diseases (International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 10th Revision, Australian Modification). ICD-10-AM codes for poisoning, mental/behavioural disorders and other conditions are based on Principal diagnoses. External cause codes for accidental poisoning are based on any external cause reported. This may lead to overlap between 'accidental poisoning' and the other categories.

(b) Data are from public and private hospitals in all jurisdictions.

(c) From 2012-13, data exclude inter-hospital contracted patients to private sector hospitals in WA.

(d) Rates per 100 000 population are calculated using population estimates and projections based on 2016 Census data. As these data span two years, the population denominator used in calculating rates is a weighted sum of mid year population estimates. For 2016–2018 this includes 50% of the population as at 30 June 2016, 100% of the population as at 30 June 2017 and 50% of the population at 30 June 2018.

(e) Persons data includes sex not stated and indeterminate.

np Not published .. Not applicable – Nil or rounded to zero

Source: AIHW (unpublished) National Hospital Morbidity Database.

TABLE 11A.2.14

Table 11A.2.14 **Drug-induced deaths, by Indigenous status, by sex, NSW, Queensland, WA, SA and the NT, 2009–2013 and 2014–2018 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h)**

	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander (i)						Non-Indigenous					
	NSW	Qld (j)	WA	SA	NT	Total (k)	NSW	Qld (j)	WA	SA	NT	Total (k)
2014–2018												
Age-standardised rate per 100 000 population												
Males	22.2	15.2	20.2	np	np	17.1	9.2	9.7	10.7	8.5	6.9	9.5
Females	14.3	7.3	14.1	np	np	11.0	4.5	5.0	6.0	5.4	np	5.0
Persons	18.1	11.1	17.2	19.7	np	14.0	6.8	7.3	8.4	7.0	5.4	7.2
Variability bands (±)												
Males	9.3	8.5	14.0	np	np	5.0	1.0	1.3	1.8	2.0	5.6	0.7
Females	7.4	5.6	11.6	np	np	3.9	0.7	0.9	1.4	1.6	np	0.5
Persons	5.9	5.0	9.1	16.0	np	3.2	0.6	0.8	1.1	1.3	3.5	0.4
2009–2013												
Age-standardised rate per 100 000 population												
Males	13.9	9.9	np	27.8	np	11.8	7.9	8.5	9.1	8.2	5.7	8.2
Females	11.8	6.3	np	np	np	8.6	4.6	4.7	5.2	5.2	np	4.8
Persons	12.9	8.2	7.9	20.5	np	10.3	6.2	6.6	7.2	6.7	3.8	6.5
Variability bands (±)												
Males	8.0	8.0	np	27.0	np	4.6	0.9	1.3	1.8	2.0	6.3	0.6
Females	7.8	7.4	np	np	np	4.3	0.7	0.9	1.3	1.6	np	0.5
Persons	5.7	5.7	7.4	15.9	np	3.2	0.6	0.8	1.1	1.3	3.6	0.4

(a) Causes of death attributable to drug-induced mortality are based on codes of the International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 10th Revision (ICD-10). See Appendix 2, Tabulation of Selected Causes of Death in *Causes of Death, Australia, 2018*, cat. no. 3303.0.

(b) All causes of death data from 2006 onward are subject to a revisions process - once data for a reference year are 'final', they are no longer revised. Affected data in this table are: 2009-2015 (final), 2016 (revised), 2017 and 2018 (preliminary). See Explanatory Notes 59-62 in *Causes of Death, Australia, 2018* (cat. no. 3303.0) and *Causes of Death Revisions, 2015 Final Data (Technical Note)* and *2016 Revised Data (Technical Note)* in *Causes of Death, Australia, 2017* (cat. no. 3303.0).

TABLE 11A.2.14

Table 11A.2.14 **Drug-induced deaths, by Indigenous status, by sex, NSW, Queensland, WA, SA and the NT, 2009–2013 and 2014–2018 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h)**

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander (i)						Non-Indigenous					
NSW	Qld (j)	WA	SA	NT	Total (k)	NSW	Qld (j)	WA	SA	NT	Total (k)

(c) Data based on reference year.

(d) Data are presented in five-year groupings due to the volatility of small numbers each year.

(e) Deaths where the Indigenous status of the deceased was not stated are excluded from analysis.

(f) Age-standardised death rates enable the comparison of death rates between populations with different age structures by relating them to a standard population. The current ABS standard population is all persons in the Australian population at 30 June 2001. Standardised death rates (SDRs) are expressed per 100 000 persons. SDRs in this table have been calculated using the indirect method, age-standardised by five year age group to 75 years or over. Rates calculated using the indirect method are not comparable to rates calculated using the direct method.

(g) Denominators used in the calculation of rates for the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population are Estimates and Projections, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 2006 to 2031 (ABS Cat. no. 3238.0, series B, 2016 base). There are no comparable population data for the non-Indigenous population. Denominators used in the calculation of rates for comparison with the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population have been derived by subtracting Indigenous population estimates/projections from total estimated resident population and should be used with care, as these data include population units for which Indigenous status were not stated.

(h) Data are reported individually by jurisdiction of residence for NSW, Queensland, WA, SA and the NT only. These five states have been included due to there being evidence of sufficient levels of identification and sufficient numbers of deaths to support mortality analysis.

(i) Data on deaths of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people are affected by differing levels of coverage of deaths identified as Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander across states and territories. Care should be exercised in analysing these data, particularly in making comparisons across states and territories and between the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous data.

(j) Care should be taken when interpreting deaths data for Queensland as they are affected by recent changes in the timeliness of birth and death registrations. Queensland deaths data for 2010 have been adjusted to minimise the impact of late registration of deaths on mortality indicators.

(k) Total includes data for NSW, Queensland, WA, SA and the NT only.

np Not published.

Source: ABS (unpublished) Causes of Death, Australia, cat. no. 3303.0; ABS (unpublished) Estimates and Projections, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 2006 to 2031, cat. no. 3238.0

TABLE 11A.2.15

Table 11A.2.15 **Drug involvement in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous homicide incidents 1999-2000 to 2017-18 (a), (b)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander (c)</i>		<i>Non-Indigenous (d)</i>		<i>Inter-Racial (e)</i>		<i>Total</i>	
	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
2017-18								
Both victim and offender under influence of drugs	2	10.0	8	5.9	–	–	10	6.0
Victim under influence of drugs but not offender	1	5.0	10	7.4	–	–	11	6.6
Offender under influence of drugs but not victim	1	5.0	7	5.2	–	–	8	4.8
Neither under influence of drugs	16	80.0	110	81.5	12	100.0	138	82.6
Total	20	100.0	135	100.0	12	100.0	167	100.0
2016-17								
Both victim and offender under influence of drugs	4	20.0	13	7.4	4	25.0	21	10.0
Victim under influence of drugs but not offender	4	20.0	10	5.7	3	18.8	17	8.1
Offender under influence of drugs but not victim	–	–	11	6.3	–	–	11	5.2
Neither under influence of drugs	12	60.0	141	80.6	9	56.3	162	76.8
Total	20	100.0	175	100.0	16	100.0	211	100.0
2015-16								
Both victim and offender under influence of drugs	3	21.4	5	4.1	1	11.1	9	6.3
Victim under influence of drugs but not offender	2	14.3	16	13.2	3	33.3	21	14.6
Offender under influence of drugs but not victim	1	7.1	4	3.3	3	33.3	8	5.6
Neither under influence of drugs	11	78.6	76	62.8	6	66.7	93	64.6
Total	17	100.0	101	100.0	13	100.0	131	100.0
2014-15								
Both victim and offender under influence of drugs	–	–	12	9.9	2	22.2	14	9.7
Victim under influence of drugs but not offender	4	28.6	27	22.3	2	22.2	33	22.9
Offender under influence of drugs but not victim	–	–	6	5.0	–	–	6	4.2

TABLE 11A.2.15

Table 11A.2.15 **Drug involvement in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous homicide incidents 1999-2000 to 2017-18 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander (c)</i>		<i>Non-Indigenous (d)</i>		<i>Inter-Racial (e)</i>		<i>Total</i>	
		<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Neither under influence of drugs		10	71.4	76	62.8	5	55.6	91	63.2
Total		14	100.0	121	100.0	9	100.0	144	100.0
2013-14									
Both victim and offender under influence of drugs		–	–	18	12.8	1	10.0	19	10.9
Victim under influence of drugs but not offender		2	8.3	9	6.4	–	–	11	6.3
Offender under influence of drugs but not victim		5	20.8	26	18.4	4	40.0	35	20.0
Neither under influence of drugs		17	70.8	88	62.4	5	50.0	110	62.9
Total		24	100.0	141	100.0	10	100.0	175	100.0
2012-13									
Both victim and offender under influence of drugs		1	4.0	13	10.5	5	25.0	19	11.2
Victim under influence of drugs but not offender		2	8.0	14	11.3	1	5.0	17	10.1
Offender under influence of drugs but not victim		2	8.0	15	12.1	5	25.0	22	13.0
Neither under influence of drugs		20	80.0	82	66.1	9	45.0	111	65.7
Total		25	100.0	124	100.0	20	100.0	169	100.0
2011-12									
Both victim and offender under influence of drugs		–	–	8	7.0	1	10.0	9	6.3
Victim under influence of drugs but not offender		3	15.8	15	13.0	–	–	18	12.5
Offender under influence of drugs but not victim		–	–	10	8.7	1	10.0	11	7.6
Neither under influence of drugs		16	84.2	82	71.3	8	80.0	106	73.6
Total		19	100.0	115	100.0	10	100.0	144	100.0
2010-11									
Both victim and offender under influence of drugs		3	10.3	8	6.9	1	6.3	12	7.5

TABLE 11A.2.15

Table 11A.2.15 **Drug involvement in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous homicide incidents 1999-2000 to 2017-18 (a), (b)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander (c)</i>		<i>Non-Indigenous (d)</i>		<i>Inter-Racial (e)</i>		<i>Total</i>	
	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Victim under influence of drugs but not offender	1	3.4	17	14.7	3	18.8	21	13.0
Offender under influence of drugs but not victim	1	3.4	11	9.5	–	–	12	7.5
Neither under influence of drugs	24	82.8	80	69.0	12	75.0	116	72.0
Total	29	100.0	116	100.0	16	100.0	161	100.0
2009-10								
Both victim and offender under influence of drugs	–	–	5	3.4	–	–	5	2.7
Victim under influence of drugs but not offender	4	23.5	13	8.7	2	12.5	19	10.4
Offender under influence of drugs but not victim	3	17.6	13	8.7	3	18.8	19	10.4
Neither under influence of drugs	10	58.8	118	79.2	11	68.8	139	76.4
Total	17	100.0	149	100.0	16	100.0	182	100.0
2008-09								
Both victim and offender under influence of drugs	4	17.4	16	9.9	2	12.5	22	11.0
Victim under influence of drugs but not offender	2	8.7	22	13.7	2	12.5	26	13.0
Offender under influence of drugs but not victim	2	8.7	11	6.8	3	18.8	16	8.0
Neither under influence of drugs	15	65.2	112	69.6	9	56.3	136	68.0
Total	23	100.0	161	100.0	16	100.0	200	100.0
2007-08								
Both victim and offender under influence of drugs	1	3.4	4	2.0	–	–	5	2.1
Victim under influence of drugs but not offender	1	3.4	29	14.8	–	–	30	12.4
Offender under influence of drugs but not victim	1	3.4	16	8.2	–	–	17	7.1
Neither under influence of drugs	26	89.7	147	75.0	16	100.0	189	78.4
Total	29	100.0	196	100.0	16	100.0	241	100.0

TABLE 11A.2.15

Table 11A.2.15 **Drug involvement in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous homicide incidents 1999-2000 to 2017-18 (a), (b)**

Unit	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander (c)		Non-Indigenous (d)		Inter-Racial (e)		Total	
	no.	%	no.	%	no.	%	no.	%
2006-07								
Both victim and offender under influence of drugs	2	6.5	20	10.3	–	–	22	9.1
Victim under influence of drugs but not offender	5	16.1	37	19.0	–	–	42	17.4
Offender under influence of drugs but not victim	–	–	13	6.7	1	6.3	14	5.8
Neither under influence of drugs	24	77.4	125	64.1	15	93.8	164	67.8
Total	31	100.0	195	100.0	16	100.0	242	100.0
2005-06								
Both victim and offender under influence of drugs	2	5.3	16	8.3	2	13.3	20	8.1
Victim under influence of drugs but not offender	9	23.7	29	15.0	2	13.3	40	16.3
Offender under influence of drugs but not victim	4	10.5	14	7.3	–	–	18	7.3
Neither under influence of drugs	23	60.5	134	69.4	11	73.3	168	68.3
Total	38	100.0	193	100.0	15	100.0	246	100.0
2004-05								
Both victim and offender under influence of drugs	4	11.8	12	6.3	1	12.5	17	7.4
Victim under influence of drugs but not offender	2	5.9	41	21.7	2	25.0	45	19.5
Offender under influence of drugs but not victim	–	–	20	10.6	1	12.5	21	9.1
Neither under influence of drugs	28	82.4	116	61.4	4	50.0	148	64.1
Total	34	100.0	189	100.0	8	100.0	231	100.0
2003-04								
Both victim and offender under influence of drugs	3	12.0	9	4.3	–	–	12	4.7
Victim under influence of drugs but not offender	1	4.0	28	13.3	2	11.1	31	12.3
Offender under influence of drugs but not victim	2	8.0	20	9.5	2	11.1	24	9.5

TABLE 11A.2.15

Table 11A.2.15 **Drug involvement in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous homicide incidents 1999-2000 to 2017-18 (a), (b)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander (c)</i>		<i>Non-Indigenous (d)</i>		<i>Inter-Racial (e)</i>		<i>Total</i>	
	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Neither under influence of drugs	19	76.0	153	72.9	14	77.8	186	73.5
Total	25	100.0	210	100.0	18	100.0	253	100.0
2002-03								
Both victim and offender under influence of drugs	1	2.9	26	12.3	2	10.5	29	10.9
Victim under influence of drugs but not offender	4	11.8	34	16.0	5	26.3	43	16.2
Offender under influence of drugs but not victim	–	–	20	9.4	–	–	20	7.5
Neither under influence of drugs	29	85.3	132	62.3	12	63.2	173	65.3
Total	34	100.0	212	100.0	19	100.0	265	100.0
2001-02								
Both victim and offender under influence of drugs	4	8.3	15	6.1	1	6.3	20	6.5
Victim under influence of drugs but not offender	3	6.3	25	10.2	–	–	28	9.1
Offender under influence of drugs but not victim	2	4.2	17	6.9	2	12.5	21	6.8
Neither under influence of drugs	39	81.3	188	76.7	13	81.3	240	77.7
Total	48	100.0	245	100.0	16	100.0	309	100.0
2000-01								
Both victim and offender under influence of drugs	1	2.6	18	8.7	2	14.3	21	8.0
Victim under influence of drugs but not offender	7	17.9	20	9.6	2	14.3	29	11.1
Offender under influence of drugs but not victim	1	2.6	10	4.8	1	7.1	12	4.6
Neither under influence of drugs	30	76.9	160	76.9	9	64.3	199	76.2
Total	39	100.0	208	100.0	14	100.0	261	100.0
1999-2000								
Both victim and offender under influence of drugs	6	17.6	20	9.5	2	12.5	28	10.8

TABLE 11A.2.15

Table 11A.2.15 **Drug involvement in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous homicide incidents 1999-2000 to 2017-18 (a), (b)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander (c)</i>		<i>Non-Indigenous (d)</i>		<i>Inter-Racial (e)</i>		<i>Total</i>	
	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Victim under influence of drugs but not offender	5	14.7	35	16.7	–	–	40	15.4
Offender under influence of drugs but not victim	1	2.9	12	5.7	–	–	13	5.0
Neither under influence of drugs	22	64.7	143	68.1	14	87.5	179	68.8
Total	34	100.0	210	100.0	16	100.0	260	100.0

(a) Homicide includes murder and manslaughter, but excludes driving causing death. Data reflects information available at the time of reporting and is subject to change.

(b) Where an offender has been identified. Excludes cases where Indigenous status of victim or offender, or drug involvement is unknown. In the case of multiple offenders, table includes the primary victim and offender only (based on AIC NHMP incident classification).

(c) Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander homicides are where both victims and offenders of homicide are either Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islanders.

(d) Non-Indigenous homicides are where both victims and offenders are not Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander. Includes victims and offenders who are Caucasian, Asian and Maori/Pacific Islanders.

(e) Inter-racial homicides are where either the victim or the offender is Indigenous. Includes homicides involving: an Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander offender and non-Indigenous victim, and non-Indigenous offender and an Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander victim.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source : Australian Institute of Criminology (unpublished) National Homicide Monitoring Program 2000–2018 [computer file].

Section 11.3

Table 11A.3.1 State and territory legislation on juvenile diversions

<i>S/T</i>	<i>Legislation</i>	<i>Scope</i>
NSW	<i>Young Offenders Act 1997</i>	Young offenders can be diverted using warnings, police cautions and youth justice conferences. Warnings apply for the least serious offences, while more serious offences may elicit cautions, conferences and finally court for the most serious offences. Infringement notices consisting of an on the spot fine can be issued for certain offences.
VIC	<i>Children and Justice Legislation Amendment (Youth Justice Reform) Act 2017</i>	A statutory youth diversion scheme in which cautioning of offenders is left to the discretion of police officers. Only the courts can refer a young person to a restorative process.
QLD	<i>Youth Justice Act 1992 and Youth Justice and Other Legislation (Inclusion of 17-year-old Persons) Amendment Act 2016</i>	Diversionary methods include 'caution' and 'community conference' as alternatives to 'arrest', 'notice to appear', 'summons' or 'warrant'. As of February 2018, Queensland treats 17 year-olds under Youth Justice laws instead of as adults.
WA	<i>Young Offenders Act 1994</i>	Under the Act, police officers can issue young offenders with a formal written caution, or the matter can be transferred to a Juvenile Justice Team (JJT) via police or court referral. Where the matter is referred to a JJT, young people are held accountable for their offending behaviour through meetings with their families, victims and police. No criminal conviction is recorded against the young person.
SA	<i>Young Offenders Act 1993</i>	Legislates for a three tiered system of diversion, involving informal cautions, formal cautions and family conferences
Tas	<i>Youth Justice Act 1997</i>	Under the Act, a juvenile must agree to the convening of a community conference and must sign an undertaking to attend the conference. The juvenile, the relevant police officer and the victim (if present at the conference) must agree on the outcome of a community conference.
ACT	<i>Crimes (Restorative Justice) Act 2004</i>	The Act allows for juveniles to be referred by the police, during the court process, or post sentence. The Act stipulates that an offender is deemed eligible for restorative justice if they 'accept responsibility for the commission of the offence' and agree to take part in a restorative justice process.
NT	<i>Youth Justice Act 2005</i>	The scheme consists of verbal warnings, written warnings, formal cautions, family conferences and victim/offender conferences.
Source:	Based on Richards, K. (2010) <i>Police-Referred Restorative Justice for Juveniles in Australia</i> , Trends & Issues in Crime and Criminal Justice, Australian Institute of Criminology, but updated to take new legislation into account.	

TABLE 11A.3.2

Table 11A.3.2 **Youth diversions as a proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by state and territory (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i> (b)	<i>VIC</i> (c)	<i>Qld</i> (d)	<i>WA</i> (e)	<i>SA</i> (f)	<i>Tas</i> (g)	<i>ACT</i> (h)	<i>NT</i> (i)
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander								
2018-19	23.4	11.6	19.1	43.2	10.3	na	14.9	43.6
2017-18	23.5	13.2	22.2	36.0	37.2	na	13.5	45.4
2016-17	23.3	12.2	23.6	34.2	42.3	na	12.3	41.8
2015-16	23.6	11.3	25.1	39.0	39.3	na	22.2	41.3
2014-15	23.6	10.8	24.1	38.5	28.8	na	16.1	34.7
2013-14	24.9	17.3	23.5	35.5	29.6	na	19.9	33.1
2012-13	26.6	16.7	24.0	35.2	29.9	na	25.0	28.3
2011-12	24.6	16.6	26.1	40.2	28.5	na	na	24.9
2010-11	23.9	22.7	29.3	35.7	28.9	na	na	41.9
2009-10	26.1	18.6	32.0	31.7	28.4	na	na	37.5
2008-09	22.7	20.4	30.2	29.6	29.7	na	na	37.3
2007-08	21.6	21.2	28.3	na	35.7	na	na	41.6
2006-07	21.9	22.4	29.4	na	33.8	na	na	33.9
2005-06	22.7	19.6	na	na	34.0	na	na	36.4
2004-05	25.4	20.2	na	na	35.6	na	na	32.3
2003-04	25.6	na	na	na	36.1	na	na	31.8
2002-03	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	39.6
2001-02	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	43.2
Non-Indigenous								
2018-19	59.3	21.1	35.5	51.7	15.3	na	35.1	49.6
2017-18	59.4	22.7	38.8	53.9	51.0	na	35.0	60.6
2016-17	60.3	20.4	41.2	52.6	63.6	na	47.7	64.2
2015-16	59.5	19.8	43.6	54.4	59.8	na	54.6	55.6
2014-15	60.5	23.4	44.5	54.2	46.7	na	42.8	48.2
2013-14	58.8	26.3	41.8	56.1	49.7	na	45.5	54.1
2012-13	54.2	28.5	42.5	58.8	49.1	na	40.0	40.4
2011-12	57.6	32.0	44.9	56.6	50.5	na	na	46.1
2010-11	56.0	34.7	52.5	59.3	48.7	na	na	66.4
2009-10	52.9	35.8	54.6	59.4	50.7	na	na	58.1
2008-09	45.9	39.5	56.1	60.3	54.1	na	na	63.8
2007-08	44.3	40.6	55.8	na	58.5	na	na	52.2
2006-07	45.7	43.4	57.6	na	51.6	na	na	38.1
2005-06	46.2	38.9	na	na	49.0	na	na	46.2
2004-05	48.8	38.5	na	na	45.2	na	na	58.2
2003-04	53.5	na	na	na	51.9	na	na	51.6
2002-03	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	57.8
2001-02	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	55.7

TABLE 11A.3.2

Table 11A.3.2 **Youth diversions as a proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by state and territory (per cent) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i> (b)	<i>VIC</i> (c)	<i>Qld</i> (d)	<i>WA</i> (e)	<i>SA</i> (f)	<i>Tas</i> (g)	<i>ACT</i> (h)	<i>NT</i> (i)
Unknown								
2018-19	74.7	74.3	na	76.6	18.2	na	na	na
2017-18	72.3	76.8	na	74.0	45.5	na	na	na
2016-17	73.8	82.3	na	75.8	72.9	na	na	na
2015-16	76.3	76.2	na	74.1	70.4	na	na	na
2014-15	72.9	74.8	na	67.3	71.7	na	na	na
2013-14	65.3	81.7	na	70.4	56.5	na	na	na
2012-13	49.7	75.5	na	78.2	61.0	na	na	na
2011-12	68.9	80.3	na	72.6	50.0	na	na	na
2010-11	65.4	78.8	na	74.6	31.8	na	na	na
2009-10	66.2	79.9	na	72.6	21.5	na	na	na
2008-09	45.6	87.5	na	67.7	41.9	na	na	na
2007-08	47.0	89.1	na	na	38.6	na	na	na
2006-07	49.4	85.2	na	na	64.5	na	na	na
2005-06	44.3	77.6	na	na	63.4	na	na	na
2004-05	44.0	74.4	na	na	67.0	na	na	na
2003-04	48.1	na	na	na	77.4	na	na	na
2002-03	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2001-02	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Total								
2018-19	53.2	21.2	na	47.8	14.4	na	na	na
2017-18	52.2	22.5	na	44.5	46.1	na	na	na
2016-17	53.2	20.5	na	43.2	57.1	na	na	na
2015-16	53.1	19.6	na	46.6	52.8	na	na	na
2014-15	52.9	22.5	na	46.2	40.9	na	na	na
2013-14	50.9	26.1	na	45.3	43.1	na	na	na
2012-13	47.9	27.9	na	47.2	42.8	na	na	na
2011-12	50.7	31.1	na	49.4	44.1	na	na	na
2010-11	49.3	34.3	na	48.7	43.3	na	na	na
2009-10	46.9	34.8	na	47.6	44.8	na	na	na
2008-09	40.2	38.5	na	47.1	48.4	na	na	na
2007-08	38.9	39.8	na	na	53.2	na	na	na
2006-07	40.0	42.5	na	na	48.4	na	na	na
2005-06	40.2	37.9	na	na	47.5	na	na	na
2004-05	42.5	38.1	na	na	44.8	na	na	na
2003-04	46.1	na	na	na	51.0	na	na	na
2002-03	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2001-02	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na

Table 11A.3.2 Youth diversions as a proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by state and territory (per cent) (a)

	<i>NSW</i> (b)	<i>VIC</i> (c)	<i>Qld</i> (d)	<i>WA</i> (e)	<i>SA</i> (f)	<i>Tas</i> (g)	<i>ACT</i> (h)	<i>NT</i> (i)
(a) Juvenile diversion is defined as the number of juveniles who would otherwise be proceeded against (that is, taken to court) but who are diverted by police as a proportion of all juvenile offenders formally dealt with by police. The term diverted includes diversions of offenders away from the courts by way of: community conference, diversionary conference, formal cautioning by police, family conferences and other diversionary programs (for example, to drug assessment/treatment). Offenders who would not normally be sent to court for the offence detected and are treated by police in a less formal manner (for example, issued warnings or infringement notices) are excluded.								
(b) NSW data are for calendar years. The proportion of juvenile diversions are calculated excluding infringement notices.								
(c) Historical data for Victoria differ from previous reports. Please note the quality of recording for Standard Indigenous Question data item has declined over time and there is now a greater proportion of missing/not stated/unknown Indigenous status. Victoria Police have advised that an issue with the extraction of SIQ responses from LEAP may be contributing to the declining data quality.								
(d) Only those offenders whose age and Indigenous status were identified are included.								
(e) WA juvenile diversions include formal cautions and referrals to Juvenile Justice Teams.								
(f) SA data are for calendar years. Prior to 1 July 2007, the recording of the racial identity of the alleged offender largely reflected the apprehending officer's opinion based on the physical appearance of the individual. From 1 July 2007, South Australia Police adopted the standard ABS question on Indigenous status for alleged offenders. Juvenile diversions include both formal cautions and transfers to a family conference.								
(g) Data disaggregated by Indigenous status are not available for Tasmania.								
(h) ACT proportion of juvenile diversions has been calculated on total recorded police contacts with juveniles comprising juvenile cautions, referrals to diversionary conferencing, juveniles taken into protective custody and charges pertaining to juveniles.								
(i) NT data are for calendar years. Data refers to apprehension cases rather than individual persons, therefore, there may be a number of cases that relate to one person.								

na Not available.

Source : State and territory governments (unpublished); table 11A.3.3; table 11A.3.7; table 11A.3.24; table 11A.38; table 11A.40; table 11A.3.54; table 11A.55.

TABLE 11A.3.3

Table 11A.3.3 **NSW, juvenile diversions for offenders (aged 10–17 years), by Aboriginal status, 2004 to 2019 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Aboriginal</i>	<i>Non- Aboriginal</i>	<i>Unknown</i>	<i>Total</i>
2019					
Proceeded against other than to court					
Youth justice conference	no.	250	562	184	996
Caution–Young Offenders Act	no.	1 050	4 822	1 643	7 515
Cannabis caution	no.	–	6	2	8
Criminal infringement notice	no.	–	9	4	13
Infringement notice	no.	321	3 227	14 474	18 022
Liquor Offence Compliance Notice (e)	no.				
Warnings–Young Offenders Act (f)	no.	567	7 677	1 779	10 023
Total	no.	2 188	16 303	18 086	36 577
Proceeded against to court	no.	6 114	8 969	1 225	16 308
Total	no.	8 302	25 272	19 311	52 885
Proportion diverted	%	26.4	64.5	93.7	69.2
Proportion diverted (excl. infringement notice)	%	23.4	59.3	74.7	53.2
2018					
Proceeded against other than to court					
Youth justice conference	no.	230	483	193	906
Caution–Young Offenders Act	no.	1 126	4 950	1 315	7 391
Cannabis caution	no.	–	7	2	9
Criminal infringement notice	no.	1	6	1	8
Infringement notice	no.	305	3 482	15 536	19 323
Liquor Offence Compliance Notice (e)	no.	na	na	na	na
Warnings–Young Offenders Act (f)	no.	559	7 486	1 250	9 295
Total	no.	2 221	16 414	18 297	36 932
Proceeded against to court	no.	6 227	8 846	1 059	16 132
Total	no.	8 448	25 260	19 356	53 064
Proportion diverted	%	26.3	65.0	94.5	69.6
Proportion diverted (excl. infringement notice)	%	23.5	59.4	72.3	52.2
2017					
Proceeded against other than to court					
Youth justice conference	no.	164	455	126	745
Caution–Young Offenders Act	no.	1 119	5 110	1 458	7 687
Cannabis caution	no.	1	10	–	11
Criminal infringement notice	no.	4	6	1	11
Infringement notice	no.	410	4 601	17 050	22 061
Liquor Offence Compliance Notice (e)	no.	na	na	na	na
Warnings–Young Offenders Act (f)	no.	624	8 418	1 323	10 365

TABLE 11A.3.3

Table 11A.3.3 **NSW, juvenile diversions for offenders (aged 10–17 years), by Aboriginal status, 2004 to 2019 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Aboriginal</i>	<i>Non- Aboriginal</i>	<i>Unknown</i>	<i>Total</i>
Total	no.	2 322	18 600	19 958	40 880
Proceeded against to court	no.	6 310	9 220	1 030	16 560
Total	no.	8 632	27 820	20 988	57 440
Proportion diverted	%	26.9	66.9	95.1	71.2
Proportion diverted (excl. infringement notice)	%	23.3	60.3	73.8	53.2
2016					
Proceeded against other than to court					
Youth justice conference	no.	143	404	83	630
Caution–Young Offenders Act	no.	1 049	4 986	1 051	7 086
Cannabis caution	no.	1	12	1	14
Criminal infringement notice	no.	1	8	–	9
Infringement notice	no.	497	7 773	10 970	19 240
Liquor Offence Compliance Notice (e)	no.	na	na	na	na
Warnings–Young Offenders Act (f)	no.	563	7 793	1 387	9 743
Total	no.	2 254	20 976	13 492	36 722
Proceeded against to court	no.	5 676	8 974	783	15 433
Total	no.	7 930	29 950	14 275	52 155
Proportion diverted	%	28.4	70.0	94.5	70.4
Proportion diverted (excl. infringement notice)	%	23.6	59.5	76.3	53.1
2015					
Proceeded against other than to court					
Youth justice conference	no.	272	478	100	850
Caution–Young Offenders Act	no.	1 195	5 423	884	7 502
Cannabis caution	no.	–	8	2	10
Criminal infringement notice	no.	3	14	1	18
Infringement notice	no.	579	11 852	7 474	19 905
Liquor Offence Compliance Notice (e)	no.	–	1	–	1
Warnings–Young Offenders Act (f)	no.	465	8 569	1 112	10 146
Total	no.	2 514	26 345	9 573	38 432
Proceeded against to court	no.	6 266	9 467	781	16 514
Total	no.	8 780	35 812	10 354	54 946
Proportion diverted	%	28.6	73.6	92.5	69.9
Proportion diverted (excl. infringement notice)	%	23.6	60.5	72.9	52.9
2014					
Proceeded against other than to court					
Youth justice conference	no.	211	536	62	809

TABLE 11A.3.3

Table 11A.3.3 **NSW, juvenile diversions for offenders (aged 10–17 years), by Aboriginal status, 2004 to 2019 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Aboriginal</i>	<i>Non- Aboriginal</i>	<i>Unknown</i>	<i>Total</i>
Caution–Young Offenders Act	no.	1 245	5 439	717	7 401
Cannabis caution	no.	2	11	–	13
Criminal infringement notice	no.	5	11	2	18
Infringement notice	no.	451	8 844	4 471	13 766
Liquor Offence Compliance Notice (e)	no.	–	–	–	–
Warnings–Young Offenders Act (f)	no.	514	7 072	622	8 208
Total	no.	2 428	21 913	5 874	30 215
Proceeded against to court	no.	5 975	9 173	744	15 892
Total	no.	8 403	31 086	6 618	46 107
Proportion diverted	%	28.9	70.5	88.8	65.5
Proportion diverted (excl. infringement notice)	%	24.9	58.8	65.3	50.9
2013					
Proceeded against other than to court					
Youth justice conference	no.	251	660	83	994
Caution–Young Offenders Act	no.	1 249	5 890	716	7 855
Cannabis caution	no.	1	8	–	9
Criminal infringement notice	no.	4	12	–	16
Infringement notice	no.	396	8 098	4 113	12 607
Liquor Offence Compliance Notice (e)	no.	–	1	–	1
Warnings–Young Offenders Act (f)	no.	392	6 166	443	7 001
Total	no.	2 293	20 835	5 355	28 483
Proceeded against to court	no.	5 238	10 780	1 257	17 275
Total	no.	7 531	31 615	6 612	45 758
Proportion diverted	%	30.4	65.9	81.0	62.2
Proportion diverted (excl. infringement notice)	%	26.6	54.2	49.7	47.9
2012					
Proceeded against other than to court					
Youth justice conference	no.	174	688	74	936
Caution–Young Offenders Act	no.	1 317	6 978	750	9 045
Cannabis caution	no.	–	8	1	9
Criminal infringement notice	no.	1	24	–	25
Infringement notice	no.	347	7 701	3 426	11 474
Liquor Offence Compliance Notice (e)	no.	–	–	–	–
Warnings–Young Offenders Act (f)	no.	430	6 858	388	7 676
Total	no.	2 269	22 257	4 639	29 165
Proceeded against to court	no.	5 903	10 736	548	17 187
Total	no.	8 172	32 993	5 187	46 352

TABLE 11A.3.3

Table 11A.3.3 **NSW, juvenile diversions for offenders (aged 10–17 years), by Aboriginal status, 2004 to 2019 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Aboriginal</i>	<i>Non- Aboriginal</i>	<i>Unknown</i>	<i>Total</i>
Proportion diverted	%	27.8	67.5	89.4	62.9
Proportion diverted (excl. infringement notice)	%	24.6	57.6	68.9	50.7
2011					
Proceeded against other than to court					
Youth justice conference	no.	228	838	48	1 114
Caution–Young Offenders Act	no.	1 421	8 663	582	10 666
Cannabis caution	no.	–	9	–	9
Criminal infringement notice	no.	3	32	–	35
Infringement notice	no.	408	8 115	3 465	11 988
Liquor Offence Compliance Notice (e)	no.	–	–	2	2
Warnings–Young Offenders Act (f)	no.	343	6 421	225	6 989
Total	no.	2 403	24 078	4 322	30 803
Proceeded against to court	no.	6 344	12 547	453	19 344
Total	no.	8 747	36 625	4 775	50 147
Proportion diverted	%	27.5	65.7	90.5	61.4
Proportion diverted (excl. infringement notice)	%	23.9	56.0	65.4	49.3
2010					
Proceeded against other than to court					
Youth justice conference	no.	222	888	40	1 150
Caution–Young Offenders Act	no.	1 763	9 271	618	11 652
Cannabis caution	no.	–	11	1	12
Criminal infringement notice	no.	5	28	3	36
Infringement notice	no.	390	8 505	1 960	10 855
Liquor Offence Compliance Notice (e)	no.	–	–	1	1
Warnings–Young Offenders Act (f)	no.	320	3 800	177	4 297
Total	no.	2 700	22 503	2 800	28 003
Proceeded against to court	no.	6 527	12 487	428	19 442
Total	no.	9 227	34 990	3 228	47 445
Proportion diverted	%	29.3	64.3	86.7	59.0
Proportion diverted (excl. infringement notice)	%	26.1	52.9	66.2	46.9
2009					
Proceeded against other than to court					
Youth justice conference	no.	190	1 260	59	1 509
Caution–Young Offenders Act	no.	1 607	9 358	599	11 564
Cannabis caution	no.	1	9	2	12
Criminal infringement notice	no.	6	13	1	20

TABLE 11A.3.3

Table 11A.3.3 **NSW, juvenile diversions for offenders (aged 10–17 years), by Aboriginal status, 2004 to 2019 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Aboriginal</i>	<i>Non- Aboriginal</i>	<i>Unknown</i>	<i>Total</i>
Infringement notice	no.	366	7 366	462	8 194
Liquor Offence Compliance Notice (e)	no.	–	1	2	3
Total	no.	2 170	18 007	1 125	21 302
Proceeded against to court	no.	6 132	12 546	791	19 469
Total	no.	8 302	30 553	1 916	40 771
Proportion diverted	%	26.1	58.9	58.7	52.2
Proportion diverted (excl. infringement notice)	%	22.7	45.9	45.6	40.2
2008					
Proceeded against other than to court					
Youth justice conference	no.	155	958	62	1 175
Caution–Young Offenders Act	no.	1 607	9 702	561	11 870
Cannabis caution	no.	–	7	3	10
Criminal infringement notice	no.	3	21	–	24
Infringement notice	no.	389	7 483	605	8 477
Liquor Offence Compliance Notice (e)	no.	–	–	3	3
Total	no.	2 154	18 171	1 234	21 559
Proceeded against to court	no.	6 402	13 451	710	20 563
Total	no.	8 556	31 622	1 944	42 122
Proportion diverted	%	25.2	57.5	63.5	51.2
Proportion diverted (excl. infringement notice)	%	21.6	44.3	47.0	38.9
2007					
Proceeded against other than to court					
Youth justice conference	no.	210	870	108	1 188
Caution–Young Offenders Act	no.	1 456	9 199	524	11 179
Cannabis caution	no.	1	9	2	12
Criminal infringement notice	no.	–	3	2	5
Infringement notice	no.	435	7 043	553	8 031
Total	no.	2 102	17 124	1 189	20 415
Proceeded against to court	no.	5 956	12 001	651	18 608
Total	no.	8 058	29 125	1 840	39 023
Proportion diverted	%	26.1	58.8	64.6	52.3
Proportion diverted (excl. infringement notice)	%	21.9	45.7	49.4	40.0
2006					
Proceeded against other than to court					
Youth justice conference	no.	221	745	36	1 002
Caution–Young Offenders Act	no.	1 413	8 516	463	10 392

TABLE 11A.3.3

Table 11A.3.3 **NSW, juvenile diversions for offenders (aged 10–17 years), by Aboriginal status, 2004 to 2019 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Aboriginal</i>	<i>Non- Aboriginal</i>	<i>Unknown</i>	<i>Total</i>
Cannabis caution	no.	—	4	1	5
Criminal infringement notice	no.	—	6	—	6
Infringement notice	no.	413	6 715	549	7 677
Total	no.	2 047	15 986	1 049	19 082
Proceeded against to court	no.	5 557	10 795	628	16 980
Total	no.	7 604	26 781	1 677	36 062
Proportion diverted	%	26.9	59.7	62.6	52.9
Proportion diverted (excl. infringement notice)	%	22.7	46.2	44.3	40.2
2005					
Proceeded against other than to court					
Youth justice conference	no.	289	866	45	1 200
Caution—Young Offenders Act	no.	1 481	8 236	397	10 114
Cannabis caution	no.	—	9	—	9
Criminal infringement notice	no.	—	3	—	3
Infringement notice	no.	445	6 212	680	7 337
Total	no.	2 215	15 326	1 122	18 663
Proceeded against to court	no.	5 200	9 547	563	15 310
Total	no.	7 415	24 873	1 685	33 973
Proportion diverted	%	29.9	61.6	66.6	54.9
Proportion diverted (excl. infringement notice)	%	25.4	48.8	44.0	42.5
2004					
Proceeded against other than to court					
Youth justice conference	no.	228	1 146	73	1 447
Caution—Young Offenders Act	no.	1 421	8 163	442	10 026
Cannabis caution	no.	—	6	—	6
Criminal infringement notice	no.	—	1	—	1
Infringement notice	no.	343	6 336	675	7 354
Total	no.	1 992	15 652	1 190	18 834
Proceeded against to court	no.	4 781	8 088	555	13 424
Total	no.	6 773	23 740	1 745	32 258
Proportion diverted	%	29.4	65.9	68.2	58.4
Proportion diverted (excl. infringement notice)	%	25.6	53.5	48.1	46.1

Table 11A.3.3 NSW, juvenile diversions for offenders (aged 10–17 years), by Aboriginal status, 2004 to 2019 (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Aboriginal</i>	<i>Non- Aboriginal</i>	<i>Unknown</i>	<i>Total</i>
(a) This table represents persons of interest (POIs) or alleged offenders who have come to the attention of NSW Police for a recorded criminal incident (driving offences are excluded). Some POIs are formally proceeded against to court and some are proceeded against other than to court whilst others are not proceeded against. The POIs included in the table above have all been proceeded against. POIs are not a count of unique offenders. Where an individual is involved in multiple criminal incidents throughout the year they will appear as a POI multiple times. (b) Under the <i>Young Offenders Act 1997</i> (NSW), when police apprehend a young person they must first consider whether the young person is entitled to be diverted under the Act by way of warning, caution or youth justice conference. (c) Previous reports have included juvenile offenders initially proceeded against to court by Police and then referred to Youth Justice Conference or given a caution by the court under the <i>Young Offenders Act</i>. They are now counted as being proceeded against to court by Court Attendance Notice as that was the method of proceeding used by the Police. Consequently data in this report is not comparable with data in previously published reports. (d) Driving offences have been excluded. (e) Since mid-2008, police have issued compliance notices for breaches of liquor licensing regulations/legislation. Commonly these are for relatively minor breaches eg. fail to display regulated signs. (f) Data on warnings is only available from January 2010 onwards due to changes in how warnings are recorded. – Nil or rounded to zero.					

Source: NSW Bureau of Crime Statistic and Research (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.4

Table 11A.3.4 **NSW, juvenile diversions for offenders (aged 10–17 years), by Aboriginal status, by sex, 2014 to 2019 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

		Males				Females			
	Unit	Aboriginal	Non- Aboriginal	Unknown	Total	Aboriginal	Non- Aboriginal	Unknown	Total
2019									
Proceeded against other than to court									
Youth justice conference	no.	203	400	141	744	47	162	43	252
Caution–Young Offenders Act	no.	690	3 399	1 153	5 242	360	1 423	490	2 273
Cannabis caution	no.	–	5	2	7	–	1	–	1
Criminal infringement notice	no.	–	5	2	7	–	4	2	6
Infringement notice	no.	214	2 402	9 308	11 924	107	824	5 154	6 085
Liquor Offence Compliance Notice (e)	no.	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Warnings–Young Offenders Act (f)	no.	349	5 277	1 197	6 823	218	2 395	582	3 195
Total	no.	1 456	11 488	11 803	24 747	732	4 809	6 271	11 812
Proceeded against to court	no.	4 704	6 836	901	12 441	1 407	2 133	323	3 863
Total	no.	6 160	18 324	12 704	37 188	2 139	6 942	6 594	15 675
Proportion diverted	%	23.6	62.7	92.9	66.5	34.2	69.3	95.1	75.4
Proportion diverted (excl. infringement notice)	%	20.9	57.1	73.5	50.8	30.8	65.1	77.6	59.7
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2018									
Proceeded against other than to court									
Youth justice conference	no.	176	377	135	688	54	106	58	218
Caution–Young Offenders Act	no.	748	3 402	876	5 026	377	1 539	437	2 353
Cannabis caution	no.	–	6	2	8	–	1	–	1

TABLE 11A.3.4

Table 11A.3.4 **NSW, juvenile diversions for offenders (aged 10–17 years), by Aboriginal status, by sex, 2014 to 2019 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	Unit	Males				Females			
		Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Unknown	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Unknown	Total
Criminal infringement notice	no.	1	5	–	6	–	1	1	2
Infringement notice	no.	212	2 493	9 728	12 433	93	987	5 795	6 875
Liquor Offence Compliance Notice (e)	no.	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Warnings–Young Offenders Act (f)	no.	345	5 122	865	6 332	214	2 355	385	2 954
Total	no.	1 482	11 405	11 606	24 493	738	4 989	6 676	12 403
Proceeded against to court	no.	4 732	6 584	735	12 051	1 494	2 260	323	4 077
Total	no.	6 214	17 989	12 341	36 544	2 232	7 249	6 999	16 480
Proportion diverted	%	23.8	63.4	94.0	67.0	33.1	68.8	95.4	75.3
Proportion diverted (excl. infringement notice)	%	21.2	57.5	71.9	50.0	30.2	63.9	73.2	57.6
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2017									
Proceeded against other than to court									
Youth justice conference	no.	132	351	102	585	32	103	24	159
Caution–Young Offenders Act	no.	749	3 540	995	5 284	369	1 559	462	2 390
Cannabis caution	no.	1	9	–	10	–	1	–	1
Criminal infringement notice	no.	2	3	1	6	2	3	–	5
Infringement notice	no.	280	3 227	10 693	14 200	130	1 367	6 320	7 817
Liquor Offence Compliance Notice (e)	no.	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Warnings–Young Offenders Act (f)	no.	395	5 818	892	7 105	227	2 584	430	3 241
Total	no.	1 559	12 948	12 683	27 190	760	5 617	7 236	13 613

TABLE 11A.3.4

Table 11A.3.4 **NSW, juvenile diversions for offenders (aged 10–17 years), by Aboriginal status, by sex, 2014 to 2019 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	Unit	Males				Females			
		Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Unknown	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Unknown	Total
Proceeded against to court	no.	4 948	7 115	794	12 857	1 356	2 096	232	3 684
Total	no.	6 507	20 063	13 477	40 047	2 116	7 713	7 468	17 297
Proportion diverted	%	24.0	64.5	94.1	67.9	35.9	72.8	96.9	78.7
Proportion diverted (excl. infringement notice)	%	20.5	57.7	71.5	50.3	31.7	67.0	79.8	61.1
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2016									
Proceeded against other than to court									
Youth justice conference	no.	107	310	62	479	35	93	21	149
Caution–Young Offenders Act	no.	693	3 469	734	4 896	356	1 501	315	2 172
Cannabis caution	no.	–	10	1	11	1	2	–	3
Criminal infringement notice	no.	–	7	–	7	1	1	–	2
Infringement notice	no.	333	5 486	7 118	12 937	164	2 253	3 809	6 226
Liquor Offence Compliance Notice (e)	no.	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Warnings–Young Offenders Act (f)	no.	392	5 439	900	6 731	170	2 334	486	2 990
Total	no.	1 525	14 721	8 815	25 061	727	6 184	4 631	11 542
Proceeded against to court	no.	4 254	7 063	581	11 898	1 421	1 899	201	3 521
Total	no.	5 779	21 784	9 396	36 959	2 148	8 083	4 832	15 063
Proportion diverted	%	26.4	67.6	93.8	67.8	33.8	76.5	95.8	76.6
Proportion diverted (excl. infringement notice)	%	21.9	56.7	74.5	50.5	28.4	67.4	80.4	60.2

TABLE 11A.3.4

Table 11A.3.4 **NSW, juvenile diversions for offenders (aged 10–17 years), by Aboriginal status, by sex, 2014 to 2019 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	Unit	Males				Females			
		Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Unknown	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Unknown	Total
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2015									
Proceeded against other than to court									
Youth justice conference	no.	203	393	67	663	56	81	33	170
Caution–Young Offenders Act	no.	792	3 769	618	5 179	397	1 638	265	2 300
Cannabis caution	no.	–	6	2	8	–	2	–	2
Criminal infringement notice	no.	3	7	1	11	–	7	–	7
Infringement notice	no.	408	8 709	4 995	14 112	170	3 120	2 460	5 750
Liquor Offence Compliance Notice (e)	no.	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–
Warnings–Young Offenders Act (f)	no.	314	5 930	755	6 999	150	2 615	353	3 118
Total	no.	1 720	18 815	6 438	26 973	773	7 463	3 111	11 347
Proceeded against to court	no.	4 921	7 491	622	13 034	1 342	1 939	158	3 439
Total	no.	6 641	26 306	7 060	40 007	2 115	9 402	3 269	14 786
Proportion diverted	%	25.9	71.5	91.2	67.4	36.5	79.4	95.2	76.7
Proportion diverted (excl. infringement notice)	%	21.0	57.4	69.9	49.7	31.0	69.1	80.5	61.9
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2014									
Proceeded against other than to court									
Youth justice conference	no.	153	420	49	622	57	116	13	186
Caution–Young Offenders Act	no.	818	3 859	495	5 172	421	1 568	222	2 211

TABLE 11A.3.4

Table 11A.3.4 **NSW, juvenile diversions for offenders (aged 10–17 years), by Aboriginal status, by sex, 2014 to 2019 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	Unit	Males				Females			
		Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Unknown	Total	Aboriginal	Non-Aboriginal	Unknown	Total
Cannabis caution	no.	2	8	–	10	–	3	–	3
Criminal infringement notice	no.	5	8	2	15	–	3	–	3
Infringement notice	no.	341	6 683	3 089	10 113	110	2 140	1 368	3 618
Liquor Offence Compliance Notice (e)	no.	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Warnings–Young Offenders Act (f)	no.	363	5 106	421	5 890	150	1 955	201	2 306
Total	no.	1 682	16 084	4 056	21 822	738	5 785	1 804	8 327
Proceeded against to court	no.	4 760	7 167	568	12 495	1 213	1 985	176	3 374
Total	no.	6 442	23 251	4 624	34 317	1 951	7 770	1 980	11 701
Proportion diverted	%	26.1	69.2	87.7	63.6	37.8	74.5	91.1	71.2
Proportion diverted (excl. infringement notice)	%	22.0	56.7	63.0	48.4	34.1	64.7	71.2	58.3
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na

TABLE 11A.3.4

Table 11A.3.4 **NSW, juvenile diversions for offenders (aged 10–17 years), by Aboriginal status, by sex, 2014 to 2019 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

Unit	Males				Females			
	Aboriginal	Non- Aboriginal	Unknown	Total	Aboriginal	Non- Aboriginal	Unknown	Total

- (a) This table represents persons of interest (POIs) or alleged offenders who have come to the attention of NSW Police for a recorded criminal incident (driving offences are excluded). Some POIs are formally proceeded against to court and some are proceeded against other than to court whilst others are not proceeded against. The POIs included in the table above have all been proceeded against. POIs are not a count of unique offenders. Where an individual is involved in multiple criminal incidents throughout the year they will appear as a POI multiple times. Correspondingly, no person of interest information will be recorded for criminal incidents in which there is no known suspect. This is very common among incidents of property crime which have a low clear up rate. It should be noted that in previous annual recorded crime reports, data on alleged offenders were categorised by date of reporting to police (or date the incident was detected by police). Given there can be a delay between an event being recorded by police and police commencing legal proceedings this resulted in fewer alleged offenders being counted, particularly during the last three months of the reporting period. For this reason, since the 2017 annual report, alleged offender data is categorised by the date the alleged offender was proceeded against. Therefore in Section 4 the year refers to the year in which alleged offenders were proceeded against. It does not refer to the year in which a criminal incident or incidents were reported to police. For example, if an incident was reported to police in 2016 but the alleged offender was not apprehended and charged until 2017, the alleged offender is counted in 2017. As such, Section 4 of this report is not comparable with alleged offender data published prior to the 2017 annual report. Comparable data for all years is available on request.
- (b) Under the *Young Offenders Act 1997* (NSW), when police apprehend a young person they must first consider whether the young person is entitled to be diverted under the Act by way of warning, caution or youth justice conference.
- (c) Previous reports have included juvenile offenders initially proceeded against to court by Police and then referred to Youth Justice Conference or given a caution by the court under the *Young Offenders Act*. They are now counted as being proceeded against to court by Court Attendance Notice as that was the method of proceeding used by the Police. Consequently data in this report is not comparable with data in previously published reports.
- (d) Driving offences have been excluded.
- (e) Since mid-2008, police have issued compliance notices for breaches of liquor licensing regulations/legislation. Commonly these are for relatively minor breaches eg. fail to display regulated signs.
- (f) Data on warnings is only available from January 2010 onwards due to changes in how warnings are recorded.

na Not available. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Source : NSW Bureau of Crime Statistic and Research (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.5

Table 11A.3.5 **NSW, alleged juvenile offenders (aged 10–17 years) proceeded against by police (non-court proceeding only), by Indigenous status, by sex, by offence type 2019 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Aboriginal</i>			<i>Non-Aboriginal</i>	
		<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>		<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>
Homicide	%	–	–	–	–	–
Assault	%	9.3	19.0	–	5.4	9.8
Sexual offences	%	–	–	–	0.2	0.1
Abduction and kidnapping	%	–	–	–	–	–
Robbery	%	0.3	–	–	0.1	–
Blackmail and extortion	%	–	–	–	–	–
Harassment, threatening behaviour and private nuisance	%	2.1	3.0	–	1.3	1.2
Other offences against the person	%	–	–	–	0.1	–
Theft	%	29.7	26.5	–	12.1	15.5
Arson	%	1.2	0.7	–	0.4	0.2
Malicious damage to property	%	11.2	7.0	–	4.5	2.6
Drug offences	%	4.3	3.0	–	7.2	5.3
Prohibited and regulated weapons offences	%	1.7	0.4	–	2.1	0.7
Disorderly conduct	%	13.0	8.9	–	6.5	4.2
Betting and gaming offences	%	–	–	–	–	–
Liquor offences	%	0.7	0.1	–	1.5	2.0
Pornography offences	%	0.1	0.1	–	0.2	0.4
Prostitution offences	%	–	–	–	–	–
Against justice procedures	%	1.4	1.6	–	0.6	0.7
Transport regulatory offences	%	22.5	28.0	–	54.8	55.8
Other offences	%	2.6	1.6	–	2.9	1.5
Total	%	100.0	100.0		100.0	100.0

TABLE 11A.3.5

Table 11A.3.5 **NSW, alleged juvenile offenders (aged 10–17 years) proceeded against by police (non-court proceeding only), by Indigenous status, by sex, by offence type 2019 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	Unit	Aboriginal		Non-Aboriginal	
		Male	Female	Male	Female
Total	no.	1 456	732	11 488	4 809

- (a) This table represents persons of interest (POIs) or alleged offenders who have come to the attention of NSW Police for a recorded criminal incident (driving offences are excluded). Some POIs are formally proceeded against to court and some are proceeded against other than to court whilst others are not proceeded against. The POIs included in the table above have all been proceeded against. POIs are not a count of unique offenders. Where an individual is involved in multiple criminal incidents throughout the year they will appear as a POI multiple times. Correspondingly, no person of interest information will be recorded for criminal incidents in which there is no known suspect. This is very common among incidents of property crime which have a low clear up rate. It should be noted that in previous annual recorded crime reports, data on alleged offenders were categorised by date of reporting to police (or date the incident was detected by police). Given there can be a delay between an event being recorded by police and police commencing legal proceedings this resulted in fewer alleged offenders being counted, particularly during the last three months of the reporting period. For this reason, since the 2017 annual report, alleged offender data is categorised by the date the alleged offender was proceeded against. Therefore in Section 4 the year refers to the year in which alleged offenders were proceeded against. It does not refer to the year in which a criminal incident or incidents were reported to police. For example, if an incident was reported to police in 2016 but the alleged offender was not apprehended and charged until 2017, the alleged offender is counted in 2017. As such, Section 4 of this report is not comparable with alleged offender data published prior to the 2017 annual report. Comparable data for all years is available on request.
- (b) Under the *Young Offenders Act 1997* (NSW), when police apprehend a young person they must first consider whether the young person is entitled to be diverted under the Act by way of warning, caution or youth justice conference.
- (c) Previous reports have included juvenile offenders initially proceeded against to court by Police and then referred to Youth Justice Conference or given a caution by the court under the Young Offenders Act. They are now counted as being proceeded against to court by Court Attendance Notice as that was the method of proceeding used by the Police. Consequently data in this report is not comparable with data in previously published reports.
- (d) Unknown Aboriginal status and gender have been excluded. Excluded from this table were 1 554 juvenile POIs whose status was recorded by NSW Police as 'legal process—not further classified'.
- Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: NSW Bureau of Crime Statistics and Research (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.6

Table 11A.3.6 **NSW, alleged juvenile offenders (aged 10–17 years) proceeded against by police, by Aboriginal status, by offence type 2019 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Proceeded against to court</i>	<i>Infringement notice</i>	<i>Youth conference</i>	<i>Caution– Young Offenders Act</i>	<i>Cannabis caution</i>	<i>Criminal infringement notice</i>	<i>Warnings– Young Offenders Act</i>	<i>Total of categories</i>	<i>Total offenders</i>	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
2019										
Aboriginal										
Homicide	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	–	–
Assault	75.6	–	3.2	19.4	–	–	1.8	100.0	1 124	13.5
Sexual offences	100.0	–	–	–	–	–	–	100.0	69	0.8
Abduction and kidnapping	100.0	–	–	–	–	–	–	100.0	8	0.1
Robbery	97.9	–	0.5	1.0	–	–	0.5	100.0	191	2.3
Blackmail and extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	–	–
Harassment, threatening behaviour and private nuisance	90.6	–	1.1	6.0	–	–	2.4	100.0	553	6.7
Other offences against the person	100.0	–	–	–	–	–	–	100.0	24	0.3
Theft	70.7	0.1	5.7	19.5	–	–	3.9	100.0	2 139	25.8
Arson	54.0	–	14.0	26.0	–	–	6.0	100.0	50	0.6
Malicious damage to property	74.0	–	3.0	19.2	–	–	3.8	100.0	823	9.9
Drug offences	66.1	–	3.2	24.7	–	–	6.0	100.0	251	3.0
Prohibited and regulated weapons offences	74.1	–	1.9	16.7	–	–	7.4	100.0	108	1.3
Disorderly conduct	60.4	0.8	4.5	14.5	–	–	19.8	100.0	642	7.7
Betting and gaming offences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	–	–
Liquor offences	8.3	41.7	–	8.3	–	–	41.7	100.0	12	0.1
Pornography offences	–	–	50.0	50.0	–	–	–	100.0	2	–

TABLE 11A.3.6

Table 11A.3.6 **NSW, alleged juvenile offenders (aged 10–17 years) proceeded against by police, by Aboriginal status, by offence type 2019 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Proceeded against to court</i>	<i>Infringement notice</i>	<i>Youth conference</i>	<i>Caution– Young Offenders Act</i>	<i>Cannabis caution</i>	<i>Criminal infringement notice</i>	<i>Warnings– Young Offenders Act</i>	<i>Total of categories</i>	<i>Total offenders</i>	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Prostitution offences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	–	–
Against justice procedures	98.0	0.1	0.2	0.8	–	–	0.9	100.0	1 636	19.7
Transport regulatory offences	2.7	55.0	–	0.2	–	–	42.0	100.0	547	6.6
Other offences	59.3	5.7	7.3	15.4	–	–	12.2	100.0	123	1.5
Total	73.6	3.9	3.0	12.6	–	–	6.8	100.0	8 302	100.0
Non-Aboriginal										
Homicide	100.0	–	–	–	–	–	–	100.0	7	–
Assault	56.9	0.1	4.1	36.6	–	–	2.3	100.0	2 525	10.0
Sexual offences	88.6	–	1.5	8.7	–	–	1.1	100.0	264	1.0
Abduction and kidnapping	100.0	–	–	–	–	–	–	100.0	11	–
Robbery	98.6	–	0.5	1.0	–	–	–	100.0	419	1.7
Blackmail and extortion	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	–	–
Harassment, threatening behaviour and private nuisance	78.1	–	1.7	15.8	–	–	4.4	100.0	951	3.8
Other offences against the person	67.6	–	8.1	24.3	–	–	–	100.0	37	0.1
Theft	45.8	0.2	6.5	39.3	–	0.1	8.1	100.0	3 949	15.6
Arson	17.1	–	26.3	46.1	–	–	10.5	100.0	76	0.3
Malicious damage to property	59.1	0.5	3.3	31.3	–	–	5.8	100.0	1 555	6.2
Drug offences	29.1	–	2.1	56.9	0.4	0.1	11.4	100.0	1 535	6.1
Prohibited and regulated weapons offences	35.4	2.2	1.2	41.1	–	–	20.1	100.0	418	1.7
Disorderly conduct	33.3	2.1	2.9	20.6	–	0.3	40.8	100.0	1 424	5.6

TABLE 11A.3.6

Table 11A.3.6 **NSW, alleged juvenile offenders (aged 10–17 years) proceeded against by police, by Aboriginal status, by offence type 2019 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Proceeded against to court</i>	<i>Infringement notice</i>	<i>Youth conference</i>	<i>Caution– Young Offenders Act</i>	<i>Cannabis caution</i>	<i>Criminal infringement notice</i>	<i>Warnings– Young Offenders Act</i>	<i>Total of categories</i>	<i>Total offenders</i>	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	no.	%
Betting and gaming offences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	–	–
Liquor offences	3.2	63.3	–	6.4	–	–	27.2	100.0	283	1.1
Pornography offences	22.4	–	2.0	57.1	–	–	18.4	100.0	49	0.2
Prostitution offences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	–	–
Against justice procedures	94.9	0.4	0.1	2.8	–	–	1.8	100.0	2 177	8.6
Transport regulatory offences	0.6	31.6	0.2	0.4	–	–	67.2	100.0	9 037	35.8
Other offences	27.0	22.0	1.4	28.5	–	–	21.1	100.0	555	2.2
Total	35.5	12.8	2.2	19.1	–	–	30.4	100.0	25 272	100.0
2018										
Aboriginal	73.7	3.6	2.7	13.3	–	–	6.6	100.0	8 448	..
Non-Aboriginal	35.0	13.8	1.9	19.6	–	–	29.6	100.0	25 260	..
2017										
Aboriginal	73.1	4.7	1.9	13.0	–	–	7.2	100.0	8 632	..
Non-Aboriginal	33.1	16.5	1.6	18.4	–	–	30.3	100.0	27 820	..
2016										
Aboriginal	71.6	6.3	1.8	13.2	–	–	7.1	100.0	7 930	..
Non-Aboriginal	30.0	26.0	1.3	16.6	–	–	26.0	100.0	29 950	..
2015										
Aboriginal	71.4	6.6	3.1	13.6	–	–	5.3	100.0	8 780	..
Non-Aboriginal	26.4	33.1	1.3	15.1	–	–	23.9	100.0	35 812	..

TABLE 11A.3.6

Table 11A.3.6 **NSW, alleged juvenile offenders (aged 10–17 years) proceeded against by police, by Aboriginal status, by offence type 2019 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Proceeded against to court</i>	<i>Infringement notice</i>	<i>Youth conference</i>	<i>Caution– Young Offenders Act</i>	<i>Cannabis caution</i>	<i>Criminal infringement notice</i>	<i>Warnings– Young Offenders Act</i>	Total of categories	Total offenders	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i>
	<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	no.	%

- (a) This table represents persons of interest (POIs) or alleged offenders who have come to the attention of NSW Police for a recorded criminal incident (driving offences are excluded). Some POIs are formally proceeded against to court and some are proceeded against other than to court whilst others are not proceeded against. The POIs included in the table above have all been proceeded against. POIs are not a count of unique offenders. Where an individual is involved in multiple criminal incidents throughout the year they will appear as a POI multiple times. Correspondingly, no person of interest information will be recorded for criminal incidents in which there is no known suspect. This is very common among incidents of property crime which have a low clear up rate. It should be noted that in previous annual recorded crime reports, data on alleged offenders were categorised by date of reporting to police (or date the incident was detected by police). Given there can be a delay between an event being recorded by police and police commencing legal proceedings this resulted in fewer alleged offenders being counted, particularly during the last three months of the reporting period. For this reason, since the 2017 annual report, alleged offender data is categorised by the date the alleged offender was proceeded against. Therefore in Section 4 the year refers to the year in which alleged offenders were proceeded against. It does not refer to the year in which a criminal incident or incidents were reported to police. For example, if an incident was reported to police in 2016 but the alleged offender was not apprehended and charged until 2017, the alleged offender is counted in 2017. As such, Section 4 of this report is not comparable with alleged offender data published prior to the 2017 annual report. Comparable data for all years is available on request.
- (b) Under the *Young Offenders Act 1997* (NSW), when police apprehend a young person they must first consider whether the young person is entitled to be diverted under the Act by way of warning, caution or youth justice conference.
- (c) Unknown Aboriginal status have been excluded.
- (d) Previous reports have included juvenile offenders initially proceeded against to court by Police and then referred to Youth Justice Conference or given a caution by the court under the *Young Offenders Act*. They are now counted as being proceeded against to court by Court Attendance Notice as that was the method of proceeding used by the Police. Consequently data in this report is not comparable with data in previously published reports.
- (e) Driving offences have been excluded.
– Nil or rounded to zero. ... Not applicable.

Source : NSW Bureau of Crime Statistics and Research (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.7

Table 11A.3.7 **Victoria, proportion of alleged young offenders (aged 10–17 years) cautioned when processed by police, by Indigenous status, 2004-05 to 2018-19 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous</i>	<i>Unknown/Not stated</i>	<i>Total alleged offenders</i>
Number of total alleged offenders					
2018-19	no.	2 299	15 585	440	18 324
2017-18	no.	2 514	16 025	384	18 923
2016-17	no.	2 781	17 284	389	20 454
2015-16	no.	2 692	16 964	328	19 984
2014-15	no.	2 496	16 514	250	19 260
2013-14	no.	2 109	16 285	278	18 672
2012-13	no.	2 125	17 473	277	19 875
2011-12	no.	2 124	17 932	299	20 355
2010-11	no.	1 930	19 714	302	21 946
2009-10	no.	2 274	23 170	289	25 733
2008-09	no.	2 179	22 267	352	24 798
2007-08	no.	2 151	21 293	488	23 932
2006-07	no.	1 866	19 568	454	21 888
2005-06	no.	1 731	17 286	353	19 370
2004-05	no.	1 536	14 892	571	16 999
Proportion of alleged offenders cautioned					
2018-19	%	11.6	21.1	74.3	21.2
2017-18	%	13.2	22.7	76.8	22.5
2016-17	%	12.2	20.4	82.3	20.5
2015-16	%	11.3	19.8	76.2	19.6
2014-15	%	10.8	23.4	74.8	22.5
2013-14	%	17.3	26.3	81.7	26.1
2012-13	%	16.7	28.5	75.5	27.9
2011-12	%	16.6	32.0	80.3	31.1
2010-11	%	22.7	34.7	78.8	34.3
2009-10	%	18.6	35.8	79.9	34.8
2008-09	%	20.4	39.5	87.5	38.5
2007-08	%	21.2	40.6	89.1	39.8
2006-07	%	22.4	43.4	85.2	42.5
2005-06	%	19.6	38.9	77.6	37.9
2004-05	%	20.2	38.5	74.4	38.1

(a) Indigenous status data are derived using the revised CSA most frequent recorded status of an individual as recorded by Victoria Police, and may not represent the Indigenous status recorded by police at the time of the incident.

(b) Percentages are based on the proportion of young offenders cautioned each time they are proceeded against by police in a financial year. If an alleged offender is proceeded against more than once within the financial year, they will be recorded for each incident separately.

Table 11A.3.7 **Victoria, proportion of alleged young offenders (aged 10–17 years) cautioned when processed by police, by Indigenous status, 2004-05 to 2018-19 (a), (b), (c)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous</i>	<i>Unknown/Not stated</i>	<i>Total alleged offenders</i>

(c) Data for historical years have been revised and should not be compared to data reported in previous Overcoming Indigenous Disadvantage Reports.

Source: Victorian Crime Statistics Agency (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.8

Table 11A.3.8 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) cautioned, by type of offence, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2013-14 to 2018-19 (a), (b)**

		Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander			Non-Indigenous		
	Unit	Male	Female	Persons	Male	Female	Persons
2018-19							
Proportion of offenders diverted, by type of offence							
Offences against the person	%	20.3	21.1	20.6	16.5	17.6	16.8
Property and deception offences	%	62.7	69.7	65.5	51.7	65.8	56.1
Drug offences	%	7.0	1.8	4.9	16.4	9.3	14.2
Public order and security offences	%	7.6	5.5	6.7	13.1	4.7	10.5
Justice procedures offences	%	1.3	1.8	1.5	0.9	1.9	1.2
Other offences	%	1.3	–	0.7	1.4	0.7	1.2
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total diversions	no.	158	109	267	2 252	1 040	3 293
Total number of offenders	no.	1 634	665	2 299	11 568	4 016	15 585
Proportion of offenders diverted	%	9.7	16.4	11.6	19.5	25.9	21.1
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	na	na	na	na	na	na
2017-18							
Proportion of offenders diverted, by type of offence							
Offences against the person	%	16.4	24.0	18.7	13.6	15.7	14.2
Property and deception offences	%	61.6	67.0	63.3	58.9	67.2	61.3
Drug offences	%	9.9	4.0	8.1	12.4	8.4	11.2
Public order and security offences	%	10.3	5.0	8.7	12.6	6.2	10.8
Justice procedures offences	%	0.9	–	0.6	0.9	1.8	1.2
Other offences	%	0.9	–	0.6	1.7	0.7	1.4
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 11A.3.8

Table 11A.3.8 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) cautioned, by type of offence, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2013-14 to 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>			<i>Non-Indigenous</i>		
		<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Persons</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Persons</i>
Total diversions	no.	232	100	332	2 589	1 050	3 639
Total number of offenders	no.	1 859	655	2 514	12 407	3 618	16 025
Proportion of offenders diverted	%	12.5	15.3	13.2	20.9	29.0	22.7
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	na	na	na	na	na	na
2016-17							
Proportion of offenders diverted, by type of offence							
Offences against the person	%	15.1	25.4	18.8	12.9	13.7	13.2
Property and deception offences	%	64.7	59.8	62.9	58.7	73.3	63.2
Drug offences	%	7.8	8.2	7.9	13.4	6.6	11.3
Public order and security offences	%	10.6	3.3	7.9	11.5	4.4	9.3
Justice procedures offences	%	0.9	1.6	1.2	0.7	1.2	0.9
Other offences	%	0.9	1.6	1.2	2.7	0.8	2.2
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total diversions	no.	218	122	340	2 451	1 079	3 530
Total number of offenders	no.	2 059	722	2 781	13 482	3 802	17 284
Proportion of offenders diverted	%	10.6	16.9	12.2	18.2	28.4	20.4
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	na	na	na	na	na	na
2015-16							
Proportion of offenders diverted, by type of offence							
Offences against the person	%	13.1	31.8	19.7	13.0	13.4	13.1
Property and deception offences	%	69.2	59.8	65.9	58.5	71.8	62.3

TABLE 11A.3.8

Table 11A.3.8 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) cautioned, by type of offence, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2013-14 to 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>			<i>Non-Indigenous</i>		
		<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Persons</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Persons</i>
Drug offences	%	10.1	1.9	7.2	13.5	7.8	11.9
Public order and security offences	%	5.6	6.5	5.9	10.5	5.0	8.9
Justice procedures offences	%	1.0	–	0.7	0.9	1.8	1.1
Other offences	%	1.0	–	0.7	3.7	0.2	2.7
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total diversions	no.	198	107	305	2 400	962	3 362
Total number of offenders	no.	1 975	717	2 692	13 568	3 396	16 964
Proportion of offenders diverted	%	10.0	14.9	11.3	17.7	28.3	19.8
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	na	na	na	na	na	na
2014-15							
Proportion of offenders diverted, by type of offence							
Offences against the person	%	14.2	15.1	14.5	12.7	13.0	12.8
Property and deception offences	%	67.2	72.1	68.8	61.7	71.7	64.6
Drug offences	%	9.3	5.8	8.2	12.8	8.4	11.5
Public order and security offences	%	6.0	2.3	4.8	8.7	4.6	7.5
Justice procedures offences	%	1.1	4.7	2.2	1.1	1.4	1.2
Other offences	%	2.2	–	1.5	3.0	0.8	2.4
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total diversions	no.	183	86	269	2 749	1 120	3 869
Total number of offenders	no.	1 855	641	2 496	13 069	3 445	16 514
Proportion of offenders diverted	%	9.9	13.4	10.8	21.0	32.5	23.4

TABLE 11A.3.8

Table 11A.3.8 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) cautioned, by type of offence, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2013-14 to 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	Unit	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander			Non-Indigenous		
		Male	Female	Persons	Male	Female	Persons
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	na	na	na	na	na	na
2013-14							
Proportion of offenders diverted, by type of offence							
Offences against the person	%	14.8	16.7	15.4	12.5	16.5	13.6
Property and deception offences	%	73.0	74.2	73.4	63.7	70.8	65.7
Drug offences	%	4.1	4.2	4.1	11.8	6.0	10.2
Public order and security offences	%	5.7	3.3	4.9	8.0	4.1	6.9
Justice procedures offences	%	1.6	1.7	1.6	0.7	1.5	0.9
Other offences	%	0.8	–	0.5	3.3	1.1	2.7
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total diversions	no.	244	120	364	3 075	1 211	4 286
Total number of offenders	no.	1 587	522	2 109	12 938	3 347	16 285
Proportion of offenders diverted	%	15.4	23.0	17.3	23.8	36.2	26.3
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	na	na	na	na	na	na

(a) Indigenous status data are derived using the revised CSA most frequent recorded status of an individual as recorded by Victoria Police, and may not represent the Indigenous status recorded by police at the time of the incident.

(b) Percentages are based on the proportion of young offenders cautioned each time they are proceeded against by police in a financial year. If an alleged offender is proceeded against more than once within the financial year, they will be recorded for each incident separately.

na Not available. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Source : Victorian Crime Statistics Agency (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.9

Table 11A.3.9 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2018-19 (a)**

	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Other (b)</i>	<i>Intent to summons</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%	%	%	no.	%
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander								
Offences against the person	8.1	36.8	33.0	–	22.1	100.0	682	29.6
Property and deception offences	12.9	18.7	58.7	0.1	9.6	100.0	1 359	59.1
Drug offences	37.8	5.4	51.4	–	5.4	100.0	37	1.6
Public order and security offences	14.5	30.6	23.4	18.5	12.9	100.0	124	5.4
Justice procedures offences	2.2	24.7	65.6	2.2	5.4	100.0	93	4.0
Other offences	33.3	33.3	–	–	33.3	100.0	6	0.3
Total	11.6	24.8	49.2	1.2	13.3	100.0	2 301	100.0
Non-Indigenous								
Offences against the person	10.5	31.3	32.5	–	25.7	100.0	5 299	34.0
Property and deception offences	23.9	21.0	40.3	–	14.9	100.0	7 743	49.7
Drug offences	62.8	10.1	22.0	–	5.1	100.0	742	4.8
Public order and security offences	29.5	24.9	20.2	15.5	9.9	100.0	1 171	7.5
Justice procedures offences	6.9	29.9	36.6	6.9	19.6	100.0	576	3.7
Other offences	69.1	20.0	3.6	–	7.3	100.0	55	0.4
Total	21.1	24.6	35.0	1.4	17.9	100.0	15 586	100.0
Unknown/Not stated								
Offences against the person	43.2	12.6	–	–	44.1	100.0	111	25.0
Property and deception offences	90.7	4.2	2.3	–	2.8	100.0	216	48.6
Drug offences	95.1	–	4.9	–	–	100.0	41	9.2
Public order and security offences	59.3	6.8	–	30.5	3.4	100.0	59	13.3
Justice procedures offences	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	–	100.0	8	1.8

TABLE 11A.3.9

Table 11A.3.9 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2018-19 (a)**

	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Other (b)</i>	<i>Intent to summons</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%	%	%	no.	%
Other offences	77.8	22.2	–	–	–	100.0	9	2.0
Total	73.6	7.0	2.0	4.5	12.8	100.0	444	100.0

(a) Indigenous status data are derived using the revised CSA most frequent recorded status of an individual as recorded by Victoria Police, and may not represent the Indigenous status recorded by police at the time of the incident.

(b) The category 'Other' includes penalty infringement notice, not authorised, warrant issued, notice to appear, presentment and other statuses.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source : Victorian Crime Statistics Agency (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.10

Table 11A.3.10 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2017-18 (a)**

	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Other (b)</i>	<i>Intent to summons</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%	%	%	no.	%
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander								
Offences against the person	9.6	35.8	37.5	0.3	16.7	100.0	645	25.7
Property and deception offences	13.2	18.5	58.1	–	10.1	100.0	1 585	63.0
Drug offences	55.1	12.2	28.6	–	4.1	100.0	49	1.9
Public order and security offences	20.7	25.0	27.1	18.6	8.6	100.0	140	5.6
Justice procedures offences	2.2	27.5	50.5	2.2	17.6	100.0	91	3.6
Other offences	50.0	50.0	–	–	–	100.0	4	0.2
Total	13.2	23.6	50.2	1.2	11.9	100.0	2 514	100.0
Non-Indigenous								
Offences against the person	10.1	32.8	33.7	–	23.4	100.0	5 113	31.9
Property and deception offences	26.1	21.5	38.4	–	13.9	100.0	8 548	53.3
Drug offences	66.2	8.4	20.9	–	4.4	100.0	616	3.8
Public order and security offences	36.6	21.5	15.3	16.5	10.1	100.0	1 072	6.7
Justice procedures offences	6.8	31.9	40.8	2.6	17.9	100.0	615	3.8
Other offences	78.1	7.8	3.1	3.1	7.8	100.0	64	0.4
Total	22.7	25.0	34.6	1.2	16.4	100.0	16 028	100.0
Unknown/Not stated								
Offences against the person	51.5	11.8	2.9	–	33.8	100.0	68	17.8
Property and deception offences	89.5	2.4	1.0	–	7.1	100.0	210	55.0
Drug offences	93.3	–	–	–	6.7	100.0	30	7.9
Public order and security offences	57.4	–	–	38.9	3.7	100.0	54	14.1
Justice procedures offences	25.0	25.0	–	25.0	25.0	100.0	8	2.1

TABLE 11A.3.10

Table 11A.3.10 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2017-18 (a)**

	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Other (b)</i>	<i>Intent to summons</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%	%	%	no.	%
Other offences	100.0	–	–	–	–	100.0	12	3.1
Total	77.5	3.9	1.0	6.0	11.5	100.0	382	100.0

(a) Indigenous status data are derived using the revised CSA most frequent recorded status of an individual as recorded by Victoria Police, and may not represent the Indigenous status recorded by police at the time of the incident.

(b) The category 'Other' includes penalty infringement notice, not authorised, warrant issued, notice to appear, presentment and other statuses.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source : Victorian Crime Statistics Agency (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.11

Table 11A.3.11 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2016-17 (a)**

	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Other (b)</i>	<i>Intent to summons</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%	%	%	no.	%
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander								
Offences against the person	9.3	36.6	37.6	–	16.5	100.0	686	24.7
Property and deception offences	12.1	20.7	56.2	0.1	10.8	100.0	1 763	63.4
Drug offences	49.1	12.7	30.9	–	7.3	100.0	55	2.0
Public order and security offences	18.2	22.3	35.1	16.9	7.4	100.0	148	5.3
Justice procedures offences	4.0	30.2	50.8	1.6	13.5	100.0	126	4.5
Other offences	50.0	50.0	–	–	–	100.0	4	0.1
Total	12.2	25.0	49.7	1.0	12.1	100.0	2 782	100.0
Non-Indigenous								
Offences against the person	9.9	30.3	36.1	–	23.6	100.0	4 689	27.1
Property and deception offences	21.7	19.5	47.6	–	11.2	100.0	10 286	59.5
Drug offences	62.7	12.9	19.2	–	5.2	100.0	636	3.7
Public order and security offences	32.5	24.9	18.1	15.1	9.5	100.0	1 013	5.9
Justice procedures offences	5.5	31.9	44.0	2.7	16.0	100.0	562	3.3
Other offences	76.8	12.1	5.1	2.0	4.0	100.0	99	0.6
Total	20.4	22.8	41.4	1.0	14.4	100.0	17 285	100.0
Unknown/Not stated								
Offences against the person	62.5	8.9	3.6	–	25.0	100.0	56	14.4
Property and deception offences	90.4	1.0	2.4	–	6.2	100.0	209	53.6
Drug offences	90.5	4.8	–	–	4.8	100.0	42	10.8
Public order and security offences	73.1	7.7	–	15.4	3.8	100.0	52	13.3
Justice procedures offences	20.0	20.0	20.0	–	40.0	100.0	10	2.6

TABLE 11A.3.11

Table 11A.3.11 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2016-17 (a)**

	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Other (b)</i>	<i>Intent to summons</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%	%	%	no.	%
Other offences	90.5	–	–	9.5	–	100.0	21	5.4
Total	82.3	3.8	2.3	2.6	9.0	100.0	390	100.0

(a) Indigenous status data are derived using the revised CSA most frequent recorded status of an individual as recorded by Victoria Police, and may not represent the Indigenous status recorded by police at the time of the incident.

(b) The category 'Other' includes penalty infringement notice, not authorised, warrant issued, notice to appear, presentment and other statuses.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source : Victorian Crime Statistics Agency (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.12

Table 11A.3.12 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2015-16 (a)**

	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Other (b)</i>	<i>Intent to summons</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%	%	%	no.	%
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander								
Offences against the person	8.5	34.2	39.4	–	17.9	100.0	710	26.3
Property and deception offences	12.7	20.2	57.0	–	10.2	100.0	1 583	58.7
Drug offences	48.9	17.0	29.8	–	4.3	100.0	47	1.7
Public order and security offences	15.1	33.6	21.8	16.8	12.6	100.0	119	4.4
Justice procedures offences	0.9	35.9	54.5	4.3	4.3	100.0	231	8.6
Other offences	33.3	33.3	33.3	–	–	100.0	6	0.2
Total	11.4	25.8	50.1	1.1	11.7	100.0	2 696	100.0
Non-Indigenous								
Offences against the person	10.2	30.1	35.2	–	24.4	100.0	4 314	25.4
Property and deception offences	21.5	20.0	46.1	–	12.4	100.0	9 753	57.5
Drug offences	68.1	10.1	16.2	–	5.6	100.0	586	3.5
Public order and security offences	28.8	22.6	19.4	18.9	10.3	100.0	1 039	6.1
Justice procedures offences	3.3	29.1	47.8	10.8	9.1	100.0	1 160	6.8
Other offences	78.4	12.1	6.0	1.7	1.7	100.0	116	0.7
Total	19.8	22.9	40.5	1.9	14.8	100.0	16 968	100.0
Unknown/Not stated								
Offences against the person	63.5	3.2	–	–	33.3	100.0	63	19.2
Property and deception offences	84.6	3.7	4.9	–	6.8	100.0	162	49.4
Drug offences	100.0	–	–	–	–	100.0	18	5.5
Public order and security offences	64.4	3.4	–	28.8	3.4	100.0	59	18.0
Justice procedures offences	25.0	25.0	–	25.0	25.0	100.0	8	2.4

TABLE 11A.3.12

Table 11A.3.12 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2015-16 (a)**

	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Other (b)</i>	<i>Intent to summons</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%	%	%	no.	%
Other offences	77.8	11.1	–	11.1	–	100.0	18	5.5
Total	75.9	4.3	2.4	6.4	11.0	100.0	328	100.0

(a) Indigenous status data are derived using the revised CSA most frequent recorded status of an individual as recorded by Victoria Police, and may not represent the Indigenous status recorded by police at the time of the incident.

(b) The category 'Other' includes penalty infringement notice, not authorised, warrant issued, notice to appear, presentment and other statuses.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Victorian Crime Statistics Agency (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.13

Table 11A.3.13 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2014-15 (a)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>Caution</i> %	<i>Summons</i> %	<i>Arrest</i> %	<i>Other (b)</i> %	<i>Intent to summons</i> %	<i>Total</i> %	<i>Total</i> no.	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i> %
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander								
Offences against the person	8.0	31.6	40.1	–	20.3	100.0	237	24.6
Property and deception offences	17.1	17.6	55.4	–	9.9	100.0	545	56.7
Drug offences	71.4	14.3	14.3	–	–	100.0	14	1.5
Public order and security offences	17.6	19.6	29.4	15.7	17.6	100.0	51	5.3
Justice procedures offences	1.8	31.0	38.9	19.5	8.8	100.0	113	11.7
Other offences	100.0	–	–	–	–	100.0	2	0.2
Total	14.0	22.7	47.6	3.1	12.6	100.0	962	100.0
Non-Indigenous								
Offences against the person	16.9	25.2	26.1	–	31.8	100.0	1 501	23.0
Property and deception offences	39.5	13.5	32.6	0.1	14.3	100.0	3 753	57.6
Drug offences	79.4	7.3	8.7	–	4.5	100.0	355	5.4
Public order and security offences	47.1	17.8	8.8	17.8	8.5	100.0	410	6.3
Justice procedures offences	5.3	25.8	45.8	14.4	8.6	100.0	430	6.6
Other offences	80.3	16.7	–	–	3.0	100.0	66	1.0
Total	35.1	17.0	28.9	2.1	16.9	100.0	6 515	100.0
Unknown/Not stated								
Offences against the person	8.8	35.2	36.2	–	19.7	100.0	3 110	26.1
Property and deception offences	17.8	22.0	46.9	–	13.3	100.0	6 775	56.8
Drug offences	57.0	19.8	18.9	–	4.4	100.0	344	2.9
Public order and security offences	19.8	31.1	14.4	26.0	8.7	100.0	620	5.2
Justice procedures offences	2.7	22.1	50.6	17.8	6.9	100.0	1 002	8.4

TABLE 11A.3.13

Table 11A.3.13 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2014-15 (a)**

	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Other (b)</i>	<i>Intent to summons</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%	%	%	no.	%
Other offences	76.1	17.9	3.0	–	3.0	100.0	67	0.6
Total	15.8	25.8	41.7	2.9	13.9	100.0	11 918	100.0

(a) Indigenous status data are based on responses to the ABS Standard Indigenous Question, when asked by Victoria Police at the time of the incident.

(b) The category 'Other' includes penalty infringement notice, not authorised, warrant issued, notice to appear, presentment and other statuses.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Crime Statistics Agency (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.14

Table 11A.3.14 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2013-14 (a)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>Caution</i> %	<i>Summons</i> %	<i>Arrest</i> %	<i>Other (b)</i> %	<i>Intent to summons</i> %	<i>Total</i> %	<i>Total</i> no.	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i> %
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander								
Offences against the person	13.5	29.6	35.4	–	21.5	100.0	223	25.9
Property and deception offences	25.7	20.4	43.6	0.4	9.8	100.0	509	59.2
Drug offences	57.1	14.3	14.3	–	14.3	100.0	14	1.6
Public order and security offences	27.5	22.5	22.5	22.5	5.0	100.0	40	4.7
Justice procedures offences	2.9	55.9	32.4	2.9	5.9	100.0	68	7.9
Other offences	33.3	33.3	33.3	–	–	100.0	6	0.7
Total	21.4	25.7	39.1	1.5	12.3	100.0	860	100.0
Non-Indigenous								
Offences against the person	19.3	29.0	23.5	–	28.2	100.0	1 581	24.1
Property and deception offences	39.2	16.1	32.9	0.6	11.2	100.0	3 904	59.5
Drug offences	76.7	9.2	11.0	–	3.1	100.0	292	4.5
Public order and security offences	42.3	15.4	10.3	25.5	6.5	100.0	428	6.5
Justice procedures offences	8.4	36.0	44.0	3.3	8.4	100.0	275	4.2
Other offences	90.1	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	100.0	81	1.2
Total	35.6	19.5	28.3	2.2	14.4	100.0	6 561	100.0
Unknown/Not stated								
Offences against the person	10.9	36.0	29.4	–	23.6	100.0	2 891	44.1
Property and deception offences	23.4	23.1	41.7	0.3	11.5	100.0	6 665	101.6
Drug offences	65.0	13.2	17.4	–	4.5	100.0	357	5.4
Public order and security offences	23.5	27.9	10.4	31.0	7.2	100.0	635	9.7
Justice procedures offences	3.8	37.4	49.0	2.8	7.0	100.0	602	9.2

TABLE 11A.3.14

Table 11A.3.14 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2013-14 (a)**

	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Other (b)</i>	<i>Intent to summons</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%	%	%	no.	%
Other offences	79.2	5.2	2.6	–	13.0	100.0	77	1.2
Total	20.8	27.1	36.1	2.1	13.9	100.0	11 227	171.1

(a) Indigenous status data are based on responses to the ABS Standard Indigenous Question, when asked by Victoria Police at the time of the incident.

(b) The category 'Other' includes penalty infringement notice, not authorised, warrant issued, notice to appear, presentment and other statuses.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Crime Statistics Agency (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.15

Table 11A.3.15 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2012-13 (a)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>Caution</i> %	<i>Summons</i> %	<i>Arrest</i> %	<i>Other (b)</i> %	<i>Intent to summons</i> %	<i>Total</i> %	<i>Total</i> no.	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i> %
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander								
Offences against the person	9.7	35.4	35.9	–	19.0	100.0	195	21.7
Property and deception offences	18.5	17.4	54.3	0.4	9.4	100.0	552	61.3
Drug offences	64.0	8.0	20.0	–	8.0	100.0	25	2.8
Public order and security offences	21.2	21.2	10.6	31.8	15.2	100.0	66	7.3
Justice procedures offences	3.3	55.0	31.7	–	10.0	100.0	60	6.7
Other offences	100.0	–	–	–	–	100.0	2	0.2
Total	17.2	23.8	44.6	2.6	11.9	100.0	900	100.0
Non-Indigenous								
Offences against the person	18.5	29.0	25.2	0.1	27.2	100.0	1 745	24.2
Property and deception offences	41.1	17.8	30.4	0.5	10.3	100.0	4 360	60.5
Drug offences	80.8	6.0	10.2	–	3.0	100.0	266	3.7
Public order and security offences	42.9	18.3	6.4	24.9	7.5	100.0	518	7.2
Justice procedures offences	14.6	40.2	27.9	4.1	13.2	100.0	219	3.0
Other offences	85.3	7.4	2.1	–	5.3	100.0	95	1.3
Total	37.0	20.6	26.2	2.2	13.9	100.0	7 203	100.0
Unknown/Not stated								
Offences against the person	12.8	32.2	33.4	0.1	21.6	100.0	2 947	40.9
Property and deception offences	25.4	22.9	40.5	0.3	10.8	100.0	7 217	100.2
Drug offences	62.7	15.0	16.7	–	5.6	100.0	354	4.9
Public order and security offences	25.5	23.9	12.5	27.8	10.2	100.0	686	9.5
Justice procedures offences	7.0	49.6	30.8	4.1	8.4	100.0	415	5.8

TABLE 11A.3.15

Table 11A.3.15 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2012-13 (a)**

	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Other (b)</i>	<i>Intent to summons</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%	%	%	no.	%
Other offences	75.0	16.7	4.2	2.1	2.1	100.0	96	1.3
Total	23.1	26.0	35.7	2.0	13.2	100.0	11 715	162.6

(a) Indigenous status data are based on responses to the ABS Standard Indigenous Question, when asked by Victoria Police at the time of the incident.

(b) The category 'Other' includes penalty infringement notice, not authorised, warrant issued, notice to appear, presentment and other statuses.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Crime Statistics Agency (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.16

Table 11A.3.16 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2011-12 (a)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>Caution</i> %	<i>Summons</i> %	<i>Arrest</i> %	<i>Other (b)</i> %	<i>Intent to summons</i> %	<i>Total</i> %	<i>Total</i> no.	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i> %
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander								
Offences against the person	8.7	37.2	35.9	0.9	17.3	100.0	231	23.4
Property and deception offences	18.2	21.6	53.0	0.3	7.0	100.0	644	65.2
Drug offences	60.0	13.3	13.3	–	13.3	100.0	15	1.5
Public order and security offences	14.8	31.5	18.5	24.1	11.1	100.0	54	5.5
Justice procedures offences	5.1	61.5	28.2	–	5.1	100.0	39	3.9
Other offences	100.0	–	–	–	–	100.0	5	0.5
Total	16.3	27.1	45.2	1.7	9.6	100.0	988	100.0
Non-Indigenous								
Offences against the person	18.1	29.5	27.6	–	24.8	100.0	1 715	22.5
Property and deception offences	44.4	19.2	24.2	0.3	12.0	100.0	4 673	61.4
Drug offences	74.9	6.4	14.6	–	4.1	100.0	267	3.5
Public order and security offences	42.1	16.8	8.3	23.1	9.7	100.0	589	7.7
Justice procedures offences	10.3	48.6	24.8	8.4	7.9	100.0	214	2.8
Other offences	84.8	11.3	2.6	–	1.3	100.0	151	2.0
Total	39.2	21.6	23.0	2.2	14.1	100.0	7 609	100.0
Unknown/Not stated								
Offences against the person	13.4	31.8	34.3	0.1	20.5	100.0	2 834	37.2
Property and deception offences	30.0	24.2	33.7	0.4	11.6	100.0	7 201	94.6
Drug offences	69.4	13.5	11.9	–	5.2	100.0	310	4.1
Public order and security offences	31.1	25.1	10.7	23.2	9.8	100.0	784	10.3
Justice procedures offences	6.1	55.7	24.5	4.2	9.5	100.0	379	5.0

TABLE 11A.3.16

Table 11A.3.16 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2011-12 (a)**

	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Other (b)</i>	<i>Intent to summons</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%	%	%	no.	%
Other offences	77.5	12.6	2.1	1.0	6.8	100.0	191	2.5
Total	27.1	26.7	30.9	2.0	13.3	100.0	11 699	153.8

(a) Indigenous status data are based on responses to the ABS Standard Indigenous Question, when asked by Victoria Police at the time of the incident.

(b) The category 'Other' includes penalty infringement notice, not authorised, warrant issued, notice to appear, presentment and other statuses.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Crime Statistics Agency (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.17

Table 11A.3.17 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2010-11 (a)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>Caution</i> %	<i>Summons</i> %	<i>Arrest</i> %	<i>Other (b)</i> %	<i>Intent to summons</i> %	<i>Total</i> %	<i>Total</i> no.	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i> %
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander								
Offences against the person	17.2	35.3	29.9	–	17.6	100.0	204	22.1
Property and deception offences	27.1	19.7	39.0	0.4	13.9	100.0	569	61.8
Drug offences	63.6	18.2	18.2	–	–	100.0	22	2.4
Public order and security offences	28.6	19.5	16.9	29.9	5.2	100.0	77	8.4
Justice procedures offences	5.4	56.8	27.0	5.4	5.4	100.0	37	4.0
Other offences	33.3	50.0	16.7	–	–	100.0	12	1.3
Total	25.1	25.0	33.9	2.9	13.1	100.0	921	100.0
Non-Indigenous								
Offences against the person	19.2	28.6	27.9	–	24.3	100.0	1 805	20.9
Property and deception offences	47.5	20.0	23.1	0.2	9.1	100.0	5 453	63.2
Drug offences	72.9	10.8	12.3	–	3.9	100.0	203	2.4
Public order and security offences	43.6	21.2	7.1	19.9	8.2	100.0	637	7.4
Justice procedures offences	16.1	37.9	29.5	11.6	4.9	100.0	224	2.6
Other offences	66.1	23.1	0.7	0.7	9.4	100.0	307	3.6
Total	41.8	22.2	22.1	1.9	12.0	100.0	8 629	100.0
Unknown/Not stated								
Offences against the person	14.8	33.9	31.2	0.1	20.1	100.0	2 729	31.6
Property and deception offences	32.8	23.4	34.0	0.4	9.4	100.0	7 786	90.2
Drug offences	71.0	9.4	15.0	–	4.5	100.0	286	3.3
Public order and security offences	30.4	26.1	11.8	23.2	8.4	100.0	878	10.2
Justice procedures offences	8.0	41.2	32.9	9.2	8.6	100.0	325	3.8

TABLE 11A.3.17

Table 11A.3.17 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2010-11 (a)**

	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Other (b)</i>	<i>Intent to summons</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%	%	%	no.	%
Other offences	55.7	34.7	1.9	–	7.7	100.0	366	4.2
Total	29.6	26.4	30.4	2.2	11.5	100.0	12 370	143.4

(a) Indigenous status data are based on responses to the ABS Standard Indigenous Question, when asked by Victoria Police at the time of the incident.

(b) The category 'Other' includes penalty infringement notice, not authorised, warrant issued, notice to appear, presentment and other statuses.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Crime Statistics Agency (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.18

Table 11A.3.18 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2009-10 (a)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>Caution</i> %	<i>Summons</i> %	<i>Arrest</i> %	<i>Other (b)</i> %	<i>Intent to summons</i> %	<i>Total</i> %	<i>Total</i> no.	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i> %
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander								
Offences against the person	14.0	44.4	25.2	–	16.4	100.0	214	19.2
Property and deception offences	20.9	21.2	49.0	0.3	8.7	100.0	737	66.1
Drug offences	60.0	20.0	20.0	–	–	100.0	10	0.9
Public order and security offences	11.9	37.3	16.4	25.4	9.0	100.0	67	6.0
Justice procedures offences	11.4	54.5	29.5	–	4.5	100.0	44	3.9
Other offences	23.3	58.1	4.7	–	14.0	100.0	43	3.9
Total	19.1	29.3	39.7	1.7	10.1	100.0	1 115	100.0
Non-Indigenous								
Offences against the person	21.1	30.4	28.3	0.1	20.1	100.0	1 931	18.2
Property and deception offences	47.4	20.2	23.9	0.4	8.1	100.0	6 979	65.8
Drug offences	74.0	10.3	10.3	–	5.3	100.0	262	2.5
Public order and security offences	44.6	21.4	7.5	15.9	10.6	100.0	791	7.5
Justice procedures offences	8.5	48.2	28.6	6.3	8.5	100.0	224	2.1
Other offences	62.7	24.2	0.5	0.5	12.2	100.0	418	3.9
Total	42.8	22.6	22.3	1.6	10.6	100.0	10 605	100.0
Unknown/Not stated								
Offences against the person	16.0	33.0	31.4	0.1	19.5	100.0	2 739	25.8
Property and deception offences	32.2	24.0	34.8	0.3	8.7	100.0	9 336	88.0
Drug offences	71.0	15.4	10.4	–	3.1	100.0	259	2.4
Public order and security offences	33.2	30.2	9.5	17.0	10.1	100.0	877	8.3
Justice procedures offences	8.6	49.8	29.7	5.0	6.9	100.0	303	2.9

TABLE 11A.3.18

Table 11A.3.18 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2009-10 (a)**

	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Other (b)</i>	<i>Intent to summons</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%	%	%	no.	%
Other offences	49.0	40.4	1.1	1.3	8.2	100.0	473	4.5
Total	29.9	27.1	30.9	1.4	10.7	100.0	13 987	131.9

(a) Indigenous status data are based on responses to the ABS Standard Indigenous Question, when asked by Victoria Police at the time of the incident.

(b) The category 'Other' includes penalty infringement notice, not authorised, warrant issued, notice to appear, presentment and other statuses.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Crime Statistics Agency (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.19

Table 11A.3.19 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2008-09 (a)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>Caution</i> %	<i>Summons</i> %	<i>Arrest</i> %	<i>Other (b)</i> %	<i>Intent to summons</i> %	<i>Total</i> %	<i>Total</i> no.	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i> %
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander								
Offences against the person	17.6	39.4	26.7	–	16.3	100.0	221	19.9
Property and deception offences	23.6	21.3	45.3	0.3	9.5	100.0	750	67.4
Drug offences	33.3	33.3	33.3	–	–	100.0	6	0.5
Public order and security offences	26.4	35.8	18.9	3.8	15.1	100.0	53	4.8
Justice procedures offences	–	45.5	50.0	–	4.5	100.0	44	4.0
Other offences	33.3	41.0	5.1	–	20.5	100.0	39	3.5
Total	22.0	27.3	39.1	0.4	11.2	100.0	1 113	100.0
Non-Indigenous								
Offences against the person	20.9	29.9	28.5	0.1	20.7	100.0	1 852	17.2
Property and deception offences	49.4	19.3	22.3	0.1	8.9	100.0	7 292	67.9
Drug offences	69.9	10.7	16.3	–	3.1	100.0	196	1.8
Public order and security offences	49.2	26.3	7.8	4.5	12.2	100.0	689	6.4
Justice procedures offences	14.7	38.7	32.8	–	13.7	100.0	204	1.9
Other offences	73.3	19.1	0.8	–	6.9	100.0	509	4.7
Total	45.3	21.8	21.5	0.4	11.0	100.0	10 742	100.0
Unknown/Not stated								
Offences against the person	17.1	34.9	30.3	0.1	17.6	100.0	2 393	22.3
Property and deception offences	36.2	24.2	30.1	0.2	9.3	100.0	8 650	80.5
Drug offences	60.3	16.7	17.6	–	5.4	100.0	239	2.2
Public order and security offences	44.5	33.0	10.9	4.2	7.3	100.0	779	7.3
Justice procedures offences	9.3	45.9	34.3	–	10.4	100.0	268	2.5

TABLE 11A.3.19

Table 11A.3.19 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2008-09 (a)**

	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Other (b)</i>	<i>Intent to summons</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%	%	%	no.	%
Other offences	60.8	30.2	1.7	0.3	6.9	100.0	582	5.4
Total	34.2	27.3	27.6	0.4	10.5	100.0	12 911	120.2

(a) Indigenous status data are based on responses to the ABS Standard Indigenous Question, when asked by Victoria Police at the time of the incident.

(b) The category 'Other' includes penalty infringement notice, not authorised, warrant issued, notice to appear, presentment and other statuses.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Crime Statistics Agency (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.20

Table 11A.3.20 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2007-08 (a)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>Caution</i> %	<i>Summons</i> %	<i>Arrest</i> %	<i>Other (b)</i> %	<i>Intent to summons</i> %	<i>Total</i> %	<i>Total</i> no.	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i> %
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander								
Offences against the person	13.3	43.8	23.3	–	19.6	100.0	240	20.1
Property and deception offences	20.8	27.7	40.2	–	11.3	100.0	808	67.7
Drug offences	40.0	20.0	40.0	–	–	100.0	10	0.8
Public order and security offences	25.4	40.3	22.4	–	11.9	100.0	67	5.6
Justice procedures offences	–	31.6	57.9	–	10.5	100.0	38	3.2
Other offences	30.0	56.7	6.7	–	6.7	100.0	30	2.5
Total	19.3	32.4	35.5	–	12.7	100.0	1 193	100.0
Non-Indigenous								
Offences against the person	22.9	30.4	24.8	0.1	21.8	100.0	1 960	18.6
Property and deception offences	52.2	21.9	17.7	–	8.1	100.0	7 024	66.6
Drug offences	65.1	13.4	15.6	–	5.9	100.0	186	1.8
Public order and security offences	50.1	29.0	8.5	–	12.4	100.0	655	6.2
Justice procedures offences	18.5	37.0	37.5	0.9	6.0	100.0	216	2.0
Other offences	69.6	24.5	0.4	–	5.5	100.0	510	4.8
Total	47.0	24.2	18.0	–	10.7	100.0	10 551	100.0
Unknown/Not stated								
Offences against the person	17.9	32.5	29.8	0.1	19.7	100.0	2 382	22.6
Property and deception offences	38.0	24.6	27.9	–	9.4	100.0	8 044	76.2
Drug offences	64.0	13.8	14.8	–	7.4	100.0	203	1.9
Public order and security offences	42.9	34.0	8.6	–	14.6	100.0	742	7.0
Justice procedures offences	8.6	36.6	46.1	–	8.6	100.0	243	2.3

TABLE 11A.3.20

Table 11A.3.20 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2007-08 (a)**

	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Other (b)</i>	<i>Intent to summons</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%	%	%	no.	%
Other offences	67.4	24.3	1.3	–	7.1	100.0	552	5.2
Total	35.6	26.8	26.0	–	11.6	100.0	12 166	115.3

(a) Indigenous status data are based on responses to the ABS Standard Indigenous Question, when asked by Victoria Police at the time of the incident.

(b) The category 'Other' includes penalty infringement notice, not authorised, warrant issued, notice to appear, presentment and other statuses.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Crime Statistics Agency (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.21

Table 11A.3.21 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2006-07 (a)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>Caution</i> %	<i>Summons</i> %	<i>Arrest</i> %	<i>Other (b)</i> %	<i>Intent to summons</i> %	<i>Total</i> %	<i>Total</i> no.	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i> %
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander								
Offences against the person	16.9	40.4	30.9	–	11.8	100.0	178	17.7
Property and deception offences	26.2	31.5	36.0	–	6.4	100.0	692	68.8
Drug offences	46.2	15.4	38.5	–	–	100.0	13	1.3
Public order and security offences	39.3	35.7	14.3	–	10.7	100.0	56	5.6
Justice procedures offences	–	32.3	61.3	–	6.5	100.0	31	3.1
Other offences	30.6	58.3	5.6	–	5.6	100.0	36	3.6
Total	24.9	34.1	33.6	–	7.5	100.0	1 006	100.0
Non-Indigenous								
Offences against the person	23.7	31.7	21.3	–	23.2	100.0	1 786	17.5
Property and deception offences	50.9	21.9	18.5	–	8.7	100.0	6 835	66.9
Drug offences	69.1	8.0	17.0	–	5.9	100.0	188	1.8
Public order and security offences	57.4	27.5	6.5	–	8.6	100.0	659	6.4
Justice procedures offences	18.4	22.7	47.3	–	11.6	100.0	207	2.0
Other offences	66.5	26.9	0.4	–	6.2	100.0	546	5.3
Total	47.1	24.0	17.8	–	11.1	100.0	10 221	100.0
Unknown/Not stated								
Offences against the person	20.4	32.7	24.6	0.1	22.2	100.0	1 887	18.5
Property and deception offences	42.2	26.5	22.0	–	9.2	100.0	7 091	69.4
Drug offences	67.7	12.6	15.2	–	4.5	100.0	223	2.2
Public order and security offences	48.6	29.9	9.7	–	11.8	100.0	609	6.0
Justice procedures offences	13.5	27.9	49.4	–	9.2	100.0	251	2.5

TABLE 11A.3.21

Table 11A.3.21 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2006-07 (a)**

	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Other (b)</i>	<i>Intent to summons</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%	%	%	no.	%
Other offences	64.4	26.5	0.9	–	8.2	100.0	584	5.7
Total	39.8	27.6	21.1	–	11.5	100.0	10 645	104.1

(a) Indigenous status data are based on responses to the ABS Standard Indigenous Question, when asked by Victoria Police at the time of the incident.

(b) The category 'Other' includes penalty infringement notice, not authorised, warrant issued, notice to appear, presentment and other statuses.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Crime Statistics Agency (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.22

Table 11A.3.22 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2005-06 (a)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>Caution</i> %	<i>Summons</i> %	<i>Arrest</i> %	<i>Other (b)</i> %	<i>Intent to summons</i> %	<i>Total</i> %	<i>Total</i> no.	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i> %
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander								
Offences against the person	13.3	31.0	32.9	—	22.8	100.0	158	15.0
Property and deception offences	20.9	21.7	51.3	—	6.0	100.0	764	72.4
Drug offences	53.8	15.4	15.4	—	15.4	100.0	13	1.2
Public order and security offences	21.2	48.1	26.9	—	3.8	100.0	52	4.9
Justice procedures offences	4.7	30.2	60.5	—	4.7	100.0	43	4.1
Other offences	24.0	48.0	8.0	—	20.0	100.0	25	2.4
Total	19.6	25.3	46.3	—	8.8	100.0	1 055	100.0
Non-Indigenous								
Offences against the person	20.8	33.1	19.4	0.1	26.5	100.0	1 542	16.7
Property and deception offences	45.4	23.6	20.0	—	10.9	100.0	6 131	66.6
Drug offences	69.4	12.0	12.6	—	6.0	100.0	183	2.0
Public order and security offences	50.0	32.8	6.8	—	10.5	100.0	592	6.4
Justice procedures offences	18.5	26.9	46.2	—	8.4	100.0	238	2.6
Other offences	67.2	24.0	1.0	—	7.9	100.0	521	5.7
Total	42.6	25.7	18.5	—	13.2	100.0	9 207	100.0
Unknown/Not stated								
Offences against the person	16.1	33.6	24.2	0.1	25.9	100.0	1 522	16.5
Property and deception offences	37.7	25.4	26.1	—	10.8	100.0	6 069	65.9
Drug offences	67.4	14.7	10.1	—	7.8	100.0	218	2.4
Public order and security offences	42.0	36.4	8.1	—	13.5	100.0	555	6.0
Justice procedures offences	11.2	34.5	47.0	—	7.2	100.0	249	2.7

TABLE 11A.3.22

Table 11A.3.22 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2005-06 (a)**

	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Other (b)</i>	<i>Intent to summons</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%	%	%	no.	%
Other offences	53.7	35.9	0.8	–	9.5	100.0	482	5.2
Total	35.2	28.0	23.5	–	13.2	100.0	9 095	98.8

(a) Indigenous status data are based on responses to the ABS Standard Indigenous Question, when asked by Victoria Police at the time of the incident.

(b) The category 'Other' includes penalty infringement notice, not authorised, warrant issued, notice to appear, presentment and other statuses.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Crime Statistics Agency (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.23

Table 11A.3.23 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2004-05 (a)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>Caution</i> %	<i>Summons</i> %	<i>Arrest</i> %	<i>Other (b)</i> %	<i>Intent to summons</i> %	<i>Total</i> %	<i>Total</i> no.	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i> %
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander								
Offences against the person	9.6	33.7	34.3	1.1	21.3	100.0	178	20.8
Property and deception offences	26.5	24.3	38.0	–	11.1	100.0	539	63.0
Drug offences	40.0	40.0	20.0	–	–	100.0	10	1.2
Public order and security offences	18.8	52.2	15.9	–	13.0	100.0	69	8.1
Justice procedures offences	–	25.0	62.5	6.3	6.3	100.0	32	3.7
Other offences	32.1	46.4	7.1	–	14.3	100.0	28	3.3
Total	21.7	29.4	35.2	0.5	13.2	100.0	856	100.0
Non-Indigenous								
Offences against the person	20.3	29.0	26.3	–	24.4	100.0	1 232	15.6
Property and deception offences	47.2	24.1	18.6	–	10.0	100.0	5 272	67.0
Drug offences	64.2	8.1	21.9	–	5.8	100.0	260	3.3
Public order and security offences	39.4	38.5	9.7	–	12.4	100.0	507	6.4
Justice procedures offences	12.2	29.9	42.1	–	15.9	100.0	164	2.1
Other offences	54.2	35.3	0.5	–	10.0	100.0	439	5.6
Total	42.7	26.0	18.8	–	12.4	100.0	7 874	100.0
Unknown/Not stated								
Offences against the person	15.7	32.2	29.7	–	22.4	100.0	1 269	16.1
Property and deception offences	38.0	26.5	25.2	–	10.3	100.0	5 413	68.7
Drug offences	65.4	9.3	19.1	–	6.1	100.0	246	3.1
Public order and security offences	32.9	46.8	7.2	–	13.0	100.0	607	7.7
Justice procedures offences	9.6	30.3	52.0	–	8.1	100.0	198	2.5

TABLE 11A.3.23

Table 11A.3.23 **Victoria, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders (aged 10–17 years) processed by police, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2004-05 (a)**

	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Other (b)</i>	<i>Intent to summons</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%	%	%	no.	%
Other offences	52.4	37.3	0.9	–	9.4	100.0	534	6.8
Total	35.3	29.2	23.4	–	12.1	100.0	8 267	105.0

(a) Indigenous status data are based on responses to the ABS Standard Indigenous Question, when asked by Victoria Police at the time of the incident.

(b) The category 'Other' includes penalty infringement notice, not authorised, warrant issued, notice to appear, presentment and other statuses.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Crime Statistics Agency (unpublished).

Table 11A.3.24 Queensland, proportion of alleged young offenders (aged 10–16 years) cautioned or had a community conference as a method of being processed by police, by Indigenous status, 2006-07 to 2018-19 (a), (b)

	Number of total alleged offenders (no.)		Proportion of alleged offenders cautioned or had a community conference (%)	
	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	Non-Indigenous	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	Non-Indigenous
2018-19 (c)	21 609	27 423	19.1	35.5
2017-18	19 287	21 485	22.2	38.8
2016-17	17 553	20 823	23.6	41.2
2015-16	14 476	20 056	25.1	43.6
2014-15	13 025	19 361	24.1	44.5
2013-14	13 739	18 579	23.5	41.8
2012-13	13 976	19 539	24.0	42.5
2011-12	15 914	21 301	26.1	44.9
2010-11	12 560	21 773	29.3	52.5
2009-10	12 078	23 376	32.0	54.6
2008-09	10 134	22 771	30.2	56.1
2007-08	10 849	20 554	28.3	55.8
2006-07	12 276	24 465	29.4	57.6

(a) Only those offenders whose age and Indigenous status were identified are included.

(b) Indigenous status is based on self-identification by the juvenile.

(c) 2018-19 data includes 10–17 year olds — *Youth Justice and Other Legislation (Inclusion of 17 year old Persons) Amendment Act 2016*

Source: Queensland Police Service (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.25

Table 11A.3.25 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–17 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	Total	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	no.	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Homicide	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–
Other homicide	2	–	–	1	–	–	–	3	–	–
Assault	649	304	49	265	–	20	30	1 317	23.1	3.7
Sexual offences	41	39	13	8	–	1	32	134	29.1	9.7
Robbery	326	34	20	22	–	23	–	425	8.0	4.7
Other offences against the person	53	24	5	15	–	7	2	106	22.6	4.7
Offences against the person	1 072	401	87	311	–	51	64	1 986	20.2	4.4
Unlawful entry	3 023	739	147	378	–	120	20	4 427	16.7	3.3
Arson	23	12	9	6	–	1	–	51	23.5	17.6
Other property damage	1 131	486	85	574	–	31	33	2 340	20.8	3.6
Unlawful use of motor vehicle	1 488	205	46	162	–	83	5	1 989	10.3	2.3
Other theft (excl. unlawful entry)	2 575	726	132	1 201	1	114	14	4 763	15.2	2.8
Fraud	227	89	12	115	–	30	1	474	18.8	2.5
Handling stolen goods	272	68	8	198	1	6	3	556	12.2	1.4
Offences against property	8 739	2 325	439	2 634	2	385	76	14 600	15.9	3.0
Drug offences	400	274	15	318	–	4	239	1 250	21.9	1.2
Prostitution offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Liquor (excluding drunkenness)	21	19	–	32	–	–	12	84	22.6	–
Breach domestic violence order	89	9	–	9	–	16	–	123	7.3	–
Trespassing and vagrancy offences	472	181	35	288	–	10	9	995	18.2	3.5

TABLE 11A.3.25

Table 11A.3.25 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–17 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	Total	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	no.	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>
Weapons act offences	101	43	2	103	–	1	2	252	17.1	0.8
Good order offences	1 000	209	16	793	–	21	37	2 076	10.1	0.8
Stock offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Traffic and related offences	86	9	4	33	–	4	–	136	6.6	2.9
Miscellaneous offences	26	65	2	7	–	4	3	107	60.7	1.9
Total other offences	2 195	809	74	1 583	–	60	302	5 023	16.1	1.5
Total all offences	12 006	3 535	600	4 528	2	496	442	21 609	16.4	2.8
Non-Indigenous										
Homicide	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other homicide	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	–	–
Assault	557	640	132	267	–	13	94	1 703	37.6	7.8
Sexual offences	45	130	95	14	–	1	61	346	37.6	27.5
Robbery	404	62	87	29	–	24	1	607	10.2	14.3
Other offences against the person	74	82	18	18	–	4	1	197	41.6	9.1
Offences against the person	1 084	914	332	328	–	42	157	2 857	32.0	11.6
Unlawful entry	1 038	605	117	249	–	39	7	2 055	29.4	5.7
Arson	23	38	24	6	–	2	1	94	40.4	25.5
Other property damage	669	778	144	538	–	24	34	2 187	35.6	6.6
Unlawful use of motor vehicle	928	206	115	154	–	48	5	1 456	14.1	7.9
Other theft (excl. unlawful entry)	1 969	1 837	219	1 753	–	89	24	5 891	31.2	3.7
Fraud	425	347	43	180	–	35	1	1 031	33.7	4.2
Handling stolen goods	218	125	19	188	–	7	7	564	22.2	3.4

TABLE 11A.3.25

Table 11A.3.25 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–17 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>
Offences against property	5 270	3 936	681	3 068	–	244	79	13 278	29.6	5.1
Drug offences	661	1 957	126	1 168	–	9	1 389	5 310	36.9	2.4
Prostitution offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Liquor (excluding drunkenness)	41	89	–	24	–	1	41	196	45.4	–
Breach domestic violence order	65	11	–	21	–	–	4	101	10.9	–
Trespassing and vagrancy offences	309	422	41	403	–	1	14	1 190	35.5	3.4
Weapons act offences	131	239	10	191	–	2	12	585	40.9	1.7
Good order offences	980	485	36	1 340	1	12	131	2 985	16.2	1.2
Stock offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Traffic and related offences	118	50	7	295	–	5	4	479	10.4	1.5
Miscellaneous offences	20	359	28	9	–	1	25	442	81.2	6.3
Total other offences	2 325	3 612	248	3 451	1	31	1 620	11 288	32.0	2.2
Total all offences	8 679	8 462	1 261	6 847	1	317	1 856	27 423	30.9	4.6

(a) Only those offenders whose age and Indigenous status were identified are included.

(b) Indigenous status is based on self-identification by the juvenile.

(c) 'Other' signifies that the offender is known and sufficient evidence has been obtained but there is a bar to prosecution or other official process.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Queensland Police Service (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.26

Table 11A.3.26 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2017-18 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Homicide	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–
Other homicide	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–
Assault	530	315	51	220	–	4	20	1 140	27.6	4.5
Sexual offences	24	36	8	4	–	–	30	102	35.3	7.8
Robbery	256	16	21	10	–	11	–	314	5.1	6.7
Other offences against the person	53	21	4	15	–	7	–	100	21.0	4.0
Offences against the person	865	388	84	249	–	22	50	1 658	23.4	5.1
Unlawful entry	2 697	707	139	428	–	81	6	4 058	17.4	3.4
Arson	25	20	13	2	–	1	–	61	32.8	21.3
Other property damage	1 018	517	109	564	–	9	19	2 236	23.1	4.9
Unlawful use of motor vehicle	1 271	162	51	128	–	66	1	1 679	9.6	3.0
Other theft (excl. unlawful entry)	2 263	755	128	1 020	–	52	17	4 235	17.8	3.0
Fraud	243	75	122	63	2	15	–	520	14.4	23.5
Handling stolen goods	224	92	11	182	–	5	3	517	17.8	2.1
Offences against property	7 741	2 328	573	2 387	2	229	46	13 306	17.5	4.3
Drug offences	236	228	6	162	–	–	180	812	28.1	0.7
Prostitution offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Liquor (excluding drunkenness)	14	14	1	18	–	–	5	52	26.9	1.9
Breach domestic violence order	27	2	–	7	–	1	1	38	5.3	–
Trespassing and vagrancy offences	532	238	29	334	–	1	5	1 139	20.9	2.5

TABLE 11A.3.26

Table 11A.3.26 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2017-18 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	Total	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	no.	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>
Weapons act offences	80	44	3	33	–	–	1	161	27.3	1.9
Good order offences	859	255	19	750	–	8	32	1 923	13.3	1.0
Stock offences	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	3	100.0	–
Traffic and related offences	74	8	2	13	–	1	–	98	8.2	2.0
Miscellaneous offences	30	49	5	8	–	1	4	97	50.5	5.2
Total other offences	1 852	841	65	1 325	–	12	228	4 323	19.5	1.5
Total all offences	10 458	3 557	722	3 961	2	263	324	19 287	18.4	3.7
Non-Indigenous										
Homicide	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	–
Other homicide	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Assault	538	535	111	247	–	12	76	1 519	35.2	7.3
Sexual offences	47	134	87	14	–	–	71	353	38.0	24.6
Robbery	314	40	34	14	–	16	–	418	9.6	8.1
Other offences against the person	48	72	13	20	–	–	4	157	45.9	8.3
Offences against the person	949	781	245	295	–	28	151	2 449	31.9	10.0
Unlawful entry	917	521	90	238	–	54	6	1 826	28.5	4.9
Arson	29	28	9	8	–	2	–	76	36.8	11.8
Other property damage	606	712	171	507	–	10	32	2 038	34.9	8.4
Unlawful use of motor vehicle	675	122	52	95	–	19	1	964	12.7	5.4
Other theft (excl. unlawful entry)	1 453	1 819	194	1 401	–	32	22	4 921	37.0	3.9
Fraud	330	349	52	137	–	18	3	889	39.3	5.8
Handling stolen goods	158	136	11	169	2	4	2	482	28.2	2.3

TABLE 11A.3.26

Table 11A.3.26 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2017-18 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>
Offences against property	4 168	3 687	579	2 555	2	139	66	11 196	32.9	5.2
Drug offences	379	1 324	65	615	–	4	756	3 143	42.1	2.1
Prostitution offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Liquor (excluding drunkenness)	14	37	2	19	1	–	9	82	45.1	2.4
Breach domestic violence order	35	1	–	10	–	1	2	49	2.0	–
Trespassing and vagrancy offences	273	450	32	387	–	2	11	1 155	39.0	2.8
Weapons act offences	76	193	9	94	–	2	10	384	50.3	2.3
Good order offences	697	403	57	1 136	1	9	79	2 382	16.9	2.4
Stock offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Traffic and related offences	44	23	1	44	–	1	–	113	20.4	0.9
Miscellaneous offences	18	438	18	17	–	–	41	532	82.3	3.4
Total other offences	1 536	2 869	184	2 322	2	19	908	7 840	36.6	2.3
Total all offences	6 653	7 337	1 008	5 172	4	186	1 125	21 485	34.1	4.7

(a) Only those offenders whose age and Indigenous status were identified are included.

(b) Indigenous status is based on self-identification by the juvenile.

(c) 'Other' signifies that the offender is known and sufficient evidence has been obtained but there is a bar to prosecution or other official process.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Queensland Police Service (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.27

Table 11A.3.27 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2016-17 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Homicide	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other homicide	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–
Assault	406	238	63	207	3	8	27	952	25.0	6.6
Sexual offences	27	24	6	12	–	–	38	107	22.4	5.6
Robbery	113	10	9	13	–	5	2	152	6.6	5.9
Other offences against the person	53	29	6	13	1	–	2	104	27.9	5.8
Offences against the person	600	301	84	245	4	13	69	1 316	22.9	6.4
Unlawful entry	2 252	682	179	420	19	55	45	3 652	18.7	4.9
Arson	29	28	9	1	–	–	2	69	40.6	13.0
Other property damage	872	574	147	469	13	5	35	2 115	27.1	7.0
Unlawful use of motor vehicle	1 185	172	43	192	3	35	5	1 635	10.5	2.6
Other theft (excl. unlawful entry)	1 823	727	181	973	20	34	35	3 793	19.2	4.8
Fraud	221	38	8	87	–	18	2	374	10.2	2.1
Handling stolen goods	201	57	13	115	1	2	5	394	14.5	3.3
Offences against property	6 583	2 278	580	2 257	56	149	129	12 032	18.9	4.8
Drug offences	230	226	7	202	1	–	219	885	25.5	0.8
Prostitution offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Liquor (excluding drunkenness)	8	6	–	19	–	–	1	34	17.6	–
Breach domestic violence order	34	–	–	17	–	–	10	61	–	–
Trespassing and vagrancy offences	423	272	35	281	8	4	13	1 036	26.3	3.4

TABLE 11A.3.27

Table 11A.3.27 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2016-17 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>
Weapons act offences	58	48	2	52	–	–	7	167	28.7	1.2
Good order offences	756	192	31	792	–	6	42	1 819	10.6	1.7
Stock offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Traffic and related offences	67	7	2	18	–	3	–	97	7.2	2.1
Miscellaneous offences	16	60	9	10	1	1	9	106	56.6	8.5
Total other offences	1 592	811	86	1 391	10	14	301	4 205	19.3	2.0
Total all offences	8 775	3 390	750	3 893	70	176	499	17 553	19.3	4.3
Non-Indigenous										
Homicide	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other homicide	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	1	–	100.0
Assault	434	470	104	184	–	11	60	1 263	37.2	8.2
Sexual offences	57	130	76	9	–	–	70	342	38.0	22.2
Robbery	221	22	33	18	–	9	3	306	7.2	10.8
Other offences against the person	51	80	10	9	–	–	3	153	52.3	6.5
Offences against the person	763	702	224	220	–	20	136	2 065	34.0	10.8
Unlawful entry	897	586	133	233	1	22	32	1 904	30.8	7.0
Arson	27	31	11	6	–	–	4	79	39.2	13.9
Other property damage	528	773	139	464	6	13	45	1 968	39.3	7.1
Unlawful use of motor vehicle	529	98	52	99	1	10	14	803	12.2	6.5
Other theft (excl. unlawful entry)	1 137	1 823	257	1 261	8	28	49	4 563	40.0	5.6
Fraud	354	249	82	185	–	11	2	883	28.2	9.3
Handling stolen goods	141	113	19	148	–	–	3	424	26.7	4.5

TABLE 11A.3.27

Table 11A.3.27 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2016-17 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>
Offences against property	3 613	3 673	693	2 396	16	84	149	10 624	34.6	6.5
Drug offences	347	1 301	89	641	10	5	816	3 209	40.5	2.8
Prostitution offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Liquor (excluding drunkenness)	17	52	2	24	1	–	10	106	49.1	1.9
Breach domestic violence order	25	5	–	7	–	–	8	45	11.1	–
Trespassing and vagrancy offences	250	473	74	402	1	6	19	1 225	38.6	6.0
Weapons act offences	74	166	9	91	–	–	9	349	47.6	2.6
Good order offences	654	441	54	1 176	2	5	85	2 417	18.2	2.2
Stock offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Traffic and related offences	34	19	5	43	–	1	–	102	18.6	4.9
Miscellaneous offences	35	546	52	24	–	1	23	681	80.2	7.6
Total other offences	1 436	3 003	285	2 408	14	18	970	8 134	36.9	3.5
Total all offences	5 812	7 378	1 202	5 024	30	122	1 255	20 823	35.4	5.8

(a) Only those offenders whose age and Indigenous status were identified are included.

(b) Indigenous status is based on self-identification by the juvenile.

(c) 'Other' signifies that the offender is known and sufficient evidence has been obtained but there is a bar to prosecution or other official process.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Queensland Police Service (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.28

Table 11A.3.28 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2015-16 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	Total	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	no.	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Homicide	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other homicide	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Assault	353	180	27	187	–	6	25	778	23.1	3.5
Sexual offences	25	34	13	5	–	–	42	119	28.6	10.9
Robbery	87	13	5	12	–	3	1	121	10.7	4.1
Other offences against the person	38	30	12	10	–	2	1	93	32.3	12.9
Offences against the person	503	257	57	214	–	11	69	1 111	23.1	5.1
Unlawful entry	1 792	614	125	359	–	21	46	2 957	20.8	4.2
Arson	28	22	4	4	–	–	–	58	37.9	6.9
Other property damage	750	544	168	387	1	6	32	1 888	28.8	8.9
Unlawful use of motor vehicle	909	148	36	133	–	12	3	1 241	11.9	2.9
Other theft (excl. unlawful entry)	1 464	660	83	675	–	14	84	2 980	22.1	2.8
Fraud	160	46	15	46	–	6	8	281	16.4	5.3
Handling stolen goods	157	75	10	137	–	–	2	381	19.7	2.6
Offences against property	5 260	2 109	441	1 741	1	59	175	9 786	21.6	4.5
Drug offences	133	156	9	181	–	3	232	714	21.8	1.3
Prostitution offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Liquor (excluding drunkenness)	16	19	–	20	1	–	8	64	29.7	–
Breach domestic violence order	25	–	–	5	–	–	5	35	–	–
Trespassing and vagrancy offences	364	212	34	258	–	1	13	882	24.0	3.9

TABLE 11A.3.28

Table 11A.3.28 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2015-16 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	Total	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>
Weapons act offences	32	41	1	40	–	2	3	119	34.5	0.8
Good order offences	671	182	18	670	1	3	26	1 571	11.6	1.1
Stock offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Traffic and related offences	43	4	1	14	–	–	1	63	6.3	1.6
Miscellaneous offences	17	77	12	19	–	–	6	131	58.8	9.2
Total other offences	1 301	691	75	1 207	2	9	294	3 579	19.3	2.1
Total all offences	7 064	3 057	573	3 162	3	79	538	14 476	21.1	4.0
Non-Indigenous										
Homicide	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other homicide	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–
Assault	328	456	88	228	–	3	57	1 160	39.3	7.6
Sexual offences	51	148	59	8	–	–	72	338	43.8	17.5
Robbery	167	16	16	13	–	4	1	217	7.4	7.4
Other offences against the person	35	51	21	18	–	–	4	129	39.5	16.3
Offences against the person	582	671	184	267	–	7	134	1 845	36.4	10.0
Unlawful entry	762	510	106	164	–	13	20	1 575	32.4	6.7
Arson	12	34	16	6	1	–	1	70	48.6	22.9
Other property damage	506	729	167	431	–	6	28	1 867	39.0	8.9
Unlawful use of motor vehicle	340	91	18	74	–	10	5	538	16.9	3.3
Other theft (excl. unlawful entry)	1 009	1 885	189	1 233	–	21	54	4 391	42.9	4.3
Fraud	236	209	49	133	–	6	5	638	32.8	7.7
Handling stolen goods	144	108	12	161	–	–	9	434	24.9	2.8

TABLE 11A.3.28

Table 11A.3.28 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2015-16 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	Total	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	no.	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>
Offences against property	3 009	3 566	557	2 202	1	56	122	9 513	37.5	5.9
Drug offences	394	1 451	72	615	–	1	945	3 478	41.7	2.1
Prostitution offences	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	2	100.0	–
Liquor (excluding drunkenness)	23	80	1	31	–	–	10	145	55.2	0.7
Breach domestic violence order	19	–	–	11	–	–	8	38	–	–
Trespassing and vagrancy offences	256	515	81	390	–	4	12	1 258	40.9	6.4
Weapons act offences	53	180	17	100	–	–	11	361	49.9	4.7
Good order offences	638	423	57	1 183	2	14	54	2 371	17.8	2.4
Stock offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Traffic and related offences	32	23	2	44	–	–	–	101	22.8	2.0
Miscellaneous offences	26	794	71	20	–	–	33	944	84.1	7.5
Total other offences	1 441	3 468	301	2 394	2	19	1 073	8 698	39.9	3.5
Total all offences	5 032	7 705	1 042	4 863	3	82	1 329	20 056	38.4	5.2

(a) Only those offenders whose age and Indigenous status were identified are included.

(b) Indigenous status is based on self-identification by the juvenile.

(c) 'Other' signifies that the offender is known and sufficient evidence has been obtained but there is a bar to prosecution or other official process.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Queensland Police Service (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.29

Table 11A.3.29 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2014-15 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	Total	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	no.	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Homicide	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other homicide	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Assault	329	203	25	163	–	8	27	755	26.9	3.3
Sexual offences	32	45	6	4	–	1	38	126	35.7	4.8
Robbery	89	6	2	10	–	3	2	112	5.4	1.8
Other offences against the person	19	24	1	14	–	–	1	59	40.7	1.7
Offences against the person	469	278	34	191	–	12	68	1 052	26.4	3.2
Unlawful entry	1 484	429	103	364	–	17	39	2 436	17.6	4.2
Arson	12	16	9	10	–	–	2	49	32.7	18.4
Other property damage	673	437	87	405	–	3	21	1 626	26.9	5.4
Unlawful use of motor vehicle	736	95	21	128	–	12	6	998	9.5	2.1
Other theft (excl. unlawful entry)	1 256	641	105	710	1	18	54	2 785	23.0	3.8
Fraud	102	69	52	94	–	9	–	326	21.2	16.0
Handling stolen goods	195	67	9	173	–	–	3	447	15.0	2.0
Offences against property	4 458	1 754	386	1 884	1	59	125	8 667	20.2	4.5
Drug offences	175	173	14	148	–	1	194	705	24.5	2.0
Prostitution offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Liquor (excluding drunkenness)	19	5	1	36	–	–	2	63	7.9	1.6
Breach domestic violence order	17	4	–	7	–	–	4	32	12.5	–
Trespassing and vagrancy offences	376	198	27	319	–	–	8	928	21.3	2.9

TABLE 11A.3.29

Table 11A.3.29 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2014-15 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	Total	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	no.	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>
Weapons act offences	39	30	–	37	–	–	3	109	27.5	–
Good order offences	638	156	24	453	2	5	26	1 304	12.0	1.8
Stock offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Traffic and related offences	33	3	2	21	–	–	–	59	5.1	3.4
Miscellaneous offences	37	44	5	14	–	–	6	106	41.5	4.7
Total other offences	1 334	613	73	1 035	2	6	243	3 306	18.5	2.2
Total all offences	6 261	2 645	493	3 110	3	77	436	13 025	20.3	3.8
Non-Indigenous										
Homicide	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other homicide	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	–	–
Assault	367	377	90	209	2	6	58	1 109	34.0	8.1
Sexual offences	48	150	65	14	–	–	110	387	38.8	16.8
Robbery	131	4	11	13	1	11	5	176	2.3	6.3
Other offences against the person	51	83	18	12	–	2	2	168	49.4	10.7
Offences against the person	600	614	184	248	3	19	175	1 843	33.3	10.0
Unlawful entry	823	472	102	243	–	28	30	1 698	27.8	6.0
Arson	16	33	23	3	–	–	2	77	42.9	29.9
Other property damage	542	828	222	433	–	11	44	2 080	39.8	10.7
Unlawful use of motor vehicle	390	97	24	124	–	16	6	657	14.8	3.7
Other theft (excl. unlawful entry)	987	1 814	220	1 090	1	26	45	4 183	43.4	5.3
Fraud	205	244	71	169	–	3	1	693	35.2	10.2
Handling stolen goods	121	132	11	124	–	1	5	394	33.5	2.8

TABLE 11A.3.29

Table 11A.3.29 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2014-15 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	Total	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>
Offences against property	3 084	3 620	673	2 186	1	85	133	9 782	37.0	6.9
Drug offences	310	1 429	109	563	–	–	831	3 242	44.1	3.4
Prostitution offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Liquor (excluding drunkenness)	10	77	5	31	1	–	10	134	57.5	3.7
Breach domestic violence order	11	3	–	11	–	1	3	29	10.3	–
Trespassing and vagrancy offences	240	443	41	321	–	2	21	1 068	41.5	3.8
Weapons act offences	58	161	12	96	–	–	7	334	48.2	3.6
Good order offences	656	369	34	806	–	3	69	1 937	19.1	1.8
Stock offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Traffic and related offences	36	14	4	46	–	–	2	102	13.7	3.9
Miscellaneous offences	28	770	51	16	–	1	24	890	86.5	5.7
Total other offences	1 349	3 266	256	1 890	1	7	967	7 736	42.2	3.3
Total all offences	5 033	7 500	1 113	4 324	5	111	1 275	19 361	38.7	5.7

(a) Only those offenders whose age, sex and Indigenous status were identified are included.

(b) Indigenous status is based on self-identification by the juvenile.

(c) 'Other' signifies that the offender is known and sufficient evidence has been obtained but there is a bar to prosecution or other official process.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Queensland Police Service (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.30

Table 11A.3.30 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2013-14 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	Total	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	no.	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Homicide	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other homicide	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Assault	366	169	48	172	1	5	30	791	21.4	6.1
Sexual offences	37	46	17	3	–	–	33	136	33.8	12.5
Robbery	110	10	4	16	–	1	1	142	7.0	2.8
Other offences against the person	57	19	3	9	–	–	3	91	20.9	3.3
Offences against the person	570	244	72	200	1	6	67	1 160	21.0	6.2
Unlawful entry	1 584	558	167	421	–	3	20	2 753	20.3	6.1
Arson	16	6	7	2	–	–	1	32	18.8	21.9
Other property damage	789	403	112	497	1	1	22	1 825	22.1	6.1
Unlawful use of motor vehicle	848	160	63	141	–	2	6	1 220	13.1	5.2
Other theft (excl. unlawful entry)	1 395	585	117	744	2	7	37	2 887	20.3	4.1
Fraud	73	16	12	23	–	–	–	124	12.9	9.7
Handling stolen goods	238	63	16	194	–	–	11	522	12.1	3.1
Offences against property	4 943	1 791	494	2 022	3	13	97	9 363	19.1	5.3
Drug offences	142	136	10	131	–	–	186	605	22.5	1.7
Prostitution offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Liquor (excluding drunkenness)	24	17	1	34	2	–	2	80	21.3	1.3
Breach domestic violence order	23	–	–	8	–	–	5	36	–	–
Trespassing and vagrancy offences	308	189	26	290	1	1	3	818	23.1	3.2

TABLE 11A.3.30

Table 11A.3.30 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2013-14 (a), (b)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>Arrest no.</i>	<i>Caution no.</i>	<i>Community conference no.</i>	<i>Notice to appear no.</i>	<i>Summons no.</i>	<i>Warrant no.</i>	<i>Other (c) no.</i>	<i>Total no.</i>	<i>Proportion of cautions %</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference %</i>
Weapons act offences	28	32	2	36	—	—	3	101	31.7	2.0
Good order offences	715	136	15	522	1	1	26	1 416	9.6	1.1
Stock offences	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Traffic and related offences	43	8	—	14	—	—	—	65	12.3	—
Miscellaneous offences	33	51	2	9	—	—	—	95	53.7	2.1
Total other offences	1 316	569	56	1 044	4	2	225	3 216	17.7	1.7
Total all offences	6 829	2 604	622	3 266	8	21	389	13 739	19.0	4.5
Non-Indigenous										
Homicide	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
Other homicide	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—
Assault	381	381	71	211	2	4	62	1 112	34.3	6.4
Sexual offences	47	110	64	9	—	1	79	310	35.5	20.6
Robbery	133	25	5	10	—	4	2	179	14.0	2.8
Other offences against the person	34	40	16	18	—	—	3	111	36.0	14.4
Offences against the person	598	556	156	248	2	9	146	1 715	32.4	9.1
Unlawful entry	886	409	104	258	—	3	34	1 694	24.1	6.1
Arson	43	16	11	3	—	—	2	75	21.3	14.7
Other property damage	578	689	162	684	1	2	50	2 166	31.8	7.5
Unlawful use of motor vehicle	415	165	39	107	—	5	5	736	22.4	5.3
Other theft (excl. unlawful entry)	1 087	1 716	277	1 015	—	7	50	4 152	41.3	6.7
Fraud	149	230	33	108	—	5	2	527	43.6	6.3
Handling stolen goods	133	143	22	168	—	—	7	473	30.2	4.7

TABLE 11A.3.30

Table 11A.3.30 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2013-14 (a), (b)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>Arrest no.</i>	<i>Caution no.</i>	<i>Community conference no.</i>	<i>Notice to appear no.</i>	<i>Summons no.</i>	<i>Warrant no.</i>	<i>Other (c) no.</i>	<i>Total no.</i>	<i>Proportion of cautions %</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference %</i>
Offences against property	3 291	3 368	648	2 343	1	22	150	9 823	34.3	6.6
Drug offences	275	1 200	85	467	1	4	783	2 815	42.6	3.0
Prostitution offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Liquor (excluding drunkenness)	21	112	5	45	1	1	12	197	56.9	2.5
Breach domestic violence order	2	–	–	9	–	–	4	15	–	–
Trespassing and vagrancy offences	183	386	46	274	–	–	13	902	42.8	5.1
Weapons act offences	57	130	5	59	1	–	8	260	50.0	1.9
Good order offences	735	391	30	762	–	5	97	2 020	19.4	1.5
Stock offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Traffic and related offences	47	23	4	51	–	1	2	128	18.0	3.1
Miscellaneous offences	33	595	26	24	–	–	26	704	84.5	3.7
Total other offences	1 353	2 837	201	1 691	3	11	945	7 041	40.3	2.9
Total all offences	5 242	6 761	1 005	4 282	6	42	1 241	18 579	36.4	5.4

(a) Only those offenders whose age, sex and Indigenous status were identified are included.

(b) Indigenous status is based on self-identification by the juvenile.

(c) 'Other' signifies that the offender is known and sufficient evidence has been obtained but there is a bar to prosecution or other official process.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Queensland Police Service (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.31

Table 11A.3.31 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2012-13 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	Total	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	no.	%	%
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Homicide	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other homicide	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	–
Assault	362	172	44	177	–	1	29	785	21.9	5.6
Sexual offences	36	28	13	6	–	1	33	117	23.9	11.1
Robbery	142	15	6	14	–	–	1	178	8.4	3.4
Other offences against the person	40	16	4	12	–	–	2	74	21.6	5.4
Offences against the person	582	231	67	209	–	2	65	1 156	20.0	5.8
Unlawful entry	1 850	576	164	389	–	12	16	3 007	19.2	5.5
Arson	14	10	1	4	–	–	1	30	33.3	3.3
Other property damage	656	531	121	586	–	2	48	1 944	27.3	6.2
Unlawful use of motor vehicle	1 096	161	117	192	–	7	1	1 574	10.2	7.4
Other theft (excl. unlawful entry)	1 369	578	117	851	1	8	32	2 956	19.6	4.0
Fraud	20	16	13	17	4	–	–	70	22.9	18.6
Handling stolen goods	221	61	10	136	–	1	8	437	14.0	2.3
Offences against property	5 226	1 933	543	2 175	5	30	106	10 018	19.3	5.4
Drug offences	125	113	6	126	–	–	164	534	21.2	1.1
Prostitution offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Liquor (excluding drunkenness)	9	28	2	37	–	–	4	80	35.0	2.5
Breach domestic violence order	12	–	–	6	–	–	2	20	–	–
Trespassing and vagrancy offences	194	102	35	167	–	–	9	507	20.1	6.9

TABLE 11A.3.31

Table 11A.3.31 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2012-13 (a), (b)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>Arrest no.</i>	<i>Caution no.</i>	<i>Community conference no.</i>	<i>Notice to appear no.</i>	<i>Summons no.</i>	<i>Warrant no.</i>	<i>Other (c) no.</i>	<i>Total no.</i>	<i>Proportion of cautions %</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference %</i>
Weapons act offences	23	31	2	24	–	–	–	80	38.8	2.5
Good order offences	626	146	23	462	1	2	37	1 297	11.3	1.8
Stock offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Traffic and related offences	48	10	–	22	–	–	–	80	12.5	–
Miscellaneous offences	50	27	4	41	–	–	2	124	21.8	3.2
Total other offences	1 087	457	72	885	1	2	218	2 722	16.8	2.6
Total all offences	6 895	2 621	682	3 269	6	34	389	13 896	18.9	4.9
Non-Indigenous										
Homicide	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–
Other homicide	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	–	–
Assault	418	377	69	213	–	7	55	1 139	33.1	6.1
Sexual offences	43	121	41	4	–	–	80	289	41.9	14.2
Robbery	173	16	13	10	–	3	1	216	7.4	6.0
Other offences against the person	63	66	22	23	–	2	9	185	35.7	11.9
Offences against the person	701	580	145	250	–	12	145	1 833	31.6	7.9
Unlawful entry	1 032	559	172	345	–	31	10	2 149	26.0	8.0
Arson	37	33	13	12	–	1	–	96	34.4	13.5
Other property damage	639	894	255	936	–	6	62	2 792	32.0	9.1
Unlawful use of motor vehicle	447	162	41	129	–	10	3	792	20.5	5.2
Other theft (excl. unlawful entry)	1 013	2 061	338	1 196	–	6	40	4 654	44.3	7.3
Fraud	73	64	25	130	–	–	6	298	21.5	8.4
Handling stolen goods	130	122	34	170	1	–	1	458	26.6	7.4

TABLE 11A.3.31

Table 11A.3.31 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2012-13 (a), (b)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>Arrest no.</i>	<i>Caution no.</i>	<i>Community conference no.</i>	<i>Notice to appear no.</i>	<i>Summons no.</i>	<i>Warrant no.</i>	<i>Other (c) no.</i>	<i>Total no.</i>	<i>Proportion of cautions %</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference %</i>
Offences against property	3 371	3 895	878	2 918	1	54	122	11 239	34.7	7.8
Drug offences	217	1 113	97	413	–	2	677	2 519	44.2	3.9
Prostitution offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Liquor (excluding drunkenness)	20	135	12	50	1	–	10	228	59.2	5.3
Breach domestic violence order	4	4	–	7	–	–	2	17	23.5	–
Trespassing and vagrancy offences	148	393	24	275	–	1	20	861	45.6	2.8
Weapons act offences	41	141	13	84	1	–	4	284	49.6	4.6
Good order offences	661	374	22	634	–	3	94	1 788	20.9	1.2
Stock offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Traffic and related offences	43	18	5	62	–	–	–	128	14.1	3.9
Miscellaneous offences	28	361	21	46	–	–	22	478	75.5	4.4
Total other offences	1 162	2 539	194	1 571	2	6	829	6 303	40.3	3.1
Total all offences	5 234	7 014	1 217	4 739	3	72	1 096	19 375	36.2	6.3

(a) Only those offenders whose age, sex and Indigenous status were identified are included.

(b) Indigenous status is based on self-identification by the juvenile.

(c) 'Other' signifies that the offender is known and sufficient evidence has been obtained but there is a bar to prosecution or other official process.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Queensland Police Service (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.32

Table 11A.3.32 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2011-12 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	Total	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	no.	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Homicide	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–
Other homicide	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Assault	362	175	47	204	–	1	27	816	21.4	5.8
Sexual offences	45	21	6	4	–	–	38	114	18.4	5.3
Robbery	111	5	7	10	–	1	2	136	3.7	5.1
Other offences against the person	40	29	8	20	–	–	1	98	29.6	8.2
Offences against the person	559	230	68	238	–	2	68	1 165	19.7	5.8
Unlawful entry	2 089	781	227	527	1	22	34	3 681	21.2	6.2
Arson	18	14	8	1	–	–	–	41	34.1	19.5
Other property damage	688	518	133	468	2	2	32	1 843	28.1	7.2
Unlawful use of motor vehicle	1 182	173	73	154	–	5	3	1 590	10.9	4.6
Other theft (excl. unlawful entry)	1 837	770	258	922	1	14	46	3 848	20.0	6.7
Fraud	11	12	15	13	–	–	3	54	22.2	27.8
Handling stolen goods	213	65	25	166	1	1	10	481	13.5	5.2
Offences against property	6 038	2 333	739	2 251	5	44	128	11 538	20.2	6.4
Drug offences	110	131	10	101	–	1	154	507	25.8	2.0
Prostitution offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Liquor (excluding drunkenness)	25	47	1	33	–	–	1	107	43.9	0.9
Breach domestic violence order	8	–	–	12	–	–	2	22	36.0	72.0
Trespassing and vagrancy offences	189	161	48	199	–	1	11	609	26.4	7.9

TABLE 11A.3.32

Table 11A.3.32 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2011-12 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>
Weapons act offences	21	34	10	32	—	—	1	98	34.7	10.2
Good order offences	691	214	17	514	—	1	48	1 485	14.4	1.1
Stock offences	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Traffic and related offences	69	6	1	25	—	1	3	105	141.0	276.0
Miscellaneous offences	31	47	5	29	—	—	—	112	42.0	4.5
Total other offences	1 144	640	92	945	—	4	220	3 045	21.0	3.0
Total all offences	7 741	3 203	899	3 434	5	50	416	15 748	20.3	5.7
Non-Indigenous										
Homicide	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other homicide	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
Assault	403	504	119	242	1	1	44	1 314	38.4	9.1
Sexual offences	42	102	45	11	—	1	104	305	33.4	14.8
Robbery	138	8	5	14	—	—	—	165	4.8	3.0
Other offences against the person	63	71	23	22	1	—	4	184	38.6	12.5
Offences against the person	647	685	192	289	2	2	152	1 969	34.8	9.8
Unlawful entry	1 036	814	283	329	—	4	17	2 483	32.8	11.4
Arson	20	36	23	7	—	—	—	86	41.9	26.7
Other property damage	517	977	386	951	1	—	36	2 868	34.1	13.5
Unlawful use of motor vehicle	523	179	104	127	—	1	6	940	19.0	11.1
Other theft (excl. unlawful entry)	989	2 805	419	1 354	—	4	50	5 621	49.9	7.5
Fraud	65	115	24	37	—	—	—	241	47.7	10.0
Handling stolen goods	130	157	34	141	—	—	9	471	33.3	7.2

TABLE 11A.3.32

Table 11A.3.32 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2011-12 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	Total	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>
Offences against property	3 280	5 083	1 273	2 946	1	9	118	12 710	40.0	10.0
Drug offences	229	960	50	334	3	–	634	2 210	43.4	2.3
Prostitution offences	–	1	–	–	–	–	1	2	50.0	–
Liquor (excluding drunkenness)	18	209	13	59	–	–	13	312	67.0	4.2
Breach domestic violence order	6	1	–	1	–	–	3	11	16.0	31.0
Trespassing and vagrancy offences	145	530	77	311	1	–	18	1 082	49.0	7.1
Weapons act offences	51	159	18	67	–	–	3	298	53.4	6.0
Good order offences	687	395	58	623	2	–	117	1 882	21.0	3.1
Stock offences	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	100.0	–
Traffic and related offences	35	23	6	63	–	–	3	130	17.7	4.6
Miscellaneous offences	34	208	83	33	–	–	13	371	56.1	22.4
Total other offences	1 205	2 487	305	1 491	6	–	805	6 299	39.5	4.8
Total all offences	5 132	8 255	1 770	4 726	9	11	1 075	20 978	39.4	8.4

(a) Only those offenders whose age, sex and Indigenous status were identified are included.

(b) Indigenous status is based on self-identification by the juvenile.

(c) 'Other' signifies that the offender is known and sufficient evidence has been obtained but there is a bar to prosecution or other official process.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Queensland Police Service (2012) *Annual Statistical Review 2011-12*, Brisbane.

TABLE 11A.3.33

Table 11A.3.33 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2010-11 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Homicide	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other homicide	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Assault	314	220	46	145	1	3	24	753	29.2	6.1
Sexual offences	28	23	12	7	–	1	40	111	20.7	10.8
Robbery	82	14	15	8	–	1	–	120	11.7	12.5
Other offences against the person	20	8	5	5	–	–	–	38	21.1	13.2
Offences against the person	444	265	78	165	1	5	64	1 022	25.9	7.6
Unlawful entry	1 325	544	175	448	–	1	16	2 509	21.7	7.0
Arson	10	3	7	1	–	–	–	21	14.3	33.3
Other property damage	520	510	135	420	–	4	8	1 597	31.9	8.5
Unlawful use of motor vehicle	619	78	29	144	–	–	4	874	8.9	3.3
Other theft (excl. unlawful entry)	1 232	888	214	903	2	6	31	3 276	27.1	6.5
Fraud	3	14	–	5	–	–	–	22	63.6	–
Handling stolen goods	174	87	19	151	–	–	4	435	20.0	4.4
Offences against property	3 883	2 124	579	2 072	2	11	63	8 734	24.3	6.6
Drug offences	76	120	3	94	–	1	140	434	27.6	0.7
Prostitution offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Liquor (excluding drunkenness)	31	31	2	47	–	–	4	115	27.0	1.7
Breach domestic violence order	11	–	–	5	–	–	3	19	–	–
Trespassing and vagrancy offences	204	137	40	172	–	–	4	557	24.6	7.2

TABLE 11A.3.33

Table 11A.3.33 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2010-11 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	Total	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	no.	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>
Weapons act offences	32	26	3	32	–	–	1	94	27.7	3.2
Good order offences	614	159	24	393	–	–	24	1 214	13.1	2.0
Stock offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Traffic and related offences	28	6	1	22	–	–	–	57	10.5	1.8
Miscellaneous offences	20	26	1	29	–	–	1	77	33.8	1.3
Total other offences	1 016	505	74	794	–	1	177	2 567	19.7	2.9
Total all offences	5 343	2 894	731	3 031	3	17	304	12 323	23.5	5.9
Non-Indigenous										
Homicide	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other homicide	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Assault	382	541	121	266	–	3	38	1 351	40.0	9.0
Sexual offences	21	116	51	13	–	1	83	285	40.7	17.9
Robbery	150	36	18	25	3	3	–	235	15.3	7.7
Other offences against the person	39	72	24	24	–	1	6	166	43.4	14.5
Offences against the person	592	765	214	328	3	8	127	2 037	37.6	10.5
Unlawful entry	849	834	226	317	1	–	11	2 238	37.3	10.1
Arson	19	18	12	3	–	–	–	52	34.6	23.1
Other property damage	580	1 188	313	809	1	1	22	2 914	40.8	10.7
Unlawful use of motor vehicle	357	186	49	107	1	1	3	704	26.4	7.0
Other theft (excl. unlawful entry)	931	3 824	513	1 412	2	2	54	6 738	56.8	7.6
Fraud	37	147	33	19	7	–	4	247	59.5	13.4

TABLE 11A.3.33

Table 11A.3.33 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2010-11 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	Total	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>
Handling stolen goods	130	178	42	141	1	–	2	494	36.0	8.5
Offences against property	2 903	6 375	1 188	2 808	13	4	96	13 387	47.6	8.9
Drug offences	148	915	56	297	–	–	599	2 015	45.4	2.8
Prostitution offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Liquor (excluding drunkenness)	28	260	7	54	–	–	15	364	71.4	1.9
Breach domestic violence order	–	1	–	–	–	–	5	6	16.7	–
Trespassing and vagrancy offences	184	543	51	281	–	–	8	1 067	50.9	4.8
Weapons act offences	38	165	9	68	–	–	9	289	57.1	3.1
Good order offences	617	470	30	638	1	–	82	1 838	25.6	1.6
Stock offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Traffic and related offences	28	29	8	96	–	–	1	162	17.9	4.9
Miscellaneous offences	25	184	23	51	–	–	7	290	63.4	7.9
Total other offences	1 068	2 567	184	1 485	1	–	726	6 031	42.6	3.1
Total all offences	4 563	9 707	1 586	4 621	17	12	949	21 455	45.2	7.4

(a) Only those offenders whose age, sex and Indigenous status were identified are included.

(b) Indigenous status is based on self-identification by the juvenile.

(c) 'Other' signifies that the offender is known and sufficient evidence has been obtained but there is a bar to prosecution or other official process.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Queensland Police Service (2011) *Annual Statistical Review 2010-11*, Brisbane.

TABLE 11A.3.34

Table 11A.3.34 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2009-10 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	Total	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	no.	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Homicide	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other homicide	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Assault	317	198	65	164	–	2	10	756	26.2	8.6
Sexual offences	45	36	10	10	–	–	26	127	28.3	7.9
Robbery	65	11	13	12	–	–	–	101	10.9	12.9
Other offences against the person	23	12	4	8	–	–	–	47	25.5	8.5
Offences against the person	450	257	92	194	–	2	36	1 031	24.9	8.9
Unlawful entry	1 253	687	159	385	–	6	20	2 510	27.4	6.3
Arson	9	2	2	7	–	–	–	20	10.0	10.0
Other property damage	547	416	89	351	–	1	5	1 409	29.5	6.3
Unlawful use of motor vehicle	395	98	30	99	–	1	5	628	15.6	4.8
Other theft (excl. unlawful entry)	1 090	1 104	203	877	–	4	15	3 293	33.5	6.2
Fraud	6	12	4	35	–	–	–	57	21.1	7.0
Handling stolen goods	141	86	9	143	–	–	1	380	22.6	2.4
Offences against property	3 441	2 405	496	1 897	–	12	46	8 297	29.0	6.0
Drug offences	72	106	3	89	–	–	96	366	29.0	0.8
Prostitution offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Liquor (excluding drunkenness)	33	29	–	61	–	–	1	124	23.4	–
Breach domestic violence order	18	–	–	3	–	–	1	22	–	–
Trespassing and vagrancy offences	279	202	34	198	–	–	6	719	28.1	4.7

TABLE 11A.3.34

Table 11A.3.34 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2009-10 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	Total	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	no.	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>
Weapons act offences	20	18	4	38	–	–	1	81	22.2	4.9
Good order offences	637	164	13	447	–	2	12	1 275	12.9	1.0
Stock offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Traffic and related offences	28	6	–	33	–	1	1	69	8.7	–
Miscellaneous offences	30	29	3	32	–	–	–	94	30.9	3.2
Total other offences	1 117	554	57	901	–	3	118	2 750	20.1	2.1
Total all offences	5 008	3 216	645	2 992	–	17	200	12 078	26.6	5.3
Non-Indigenous										
Homicide	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	–
Other homicide	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	–
Assault	431	612	177	301	–	–	37	1 558	39.3	11.4
Sexual offences	71	135	53	15	–	–	61	335	40.3	15.8
Robbery	193	26	17	32	–	3	2	273	9.5	6.2
Other offences against the person	49	107	30	25	–	–	8	219	48.9	13.7
Offences against the person	748	880	277	373	–	3	108	2 389	36.8	11.6
Unlawful entry	1 005	1 004	192	394	–	–	10	2 605	38.5	7.4
Arson	30	30	7	10	–	–	–	77	39.0	9.1
Other property damage	537	1 344	446	704	–	1	26	3 058	44.0	14.6
Unlawful use of motor vehicle	284	202	66	103	–	1	2	658	30.7	10.0
Other theft (excl. unlawful entry)	945	4 454	488	1 501	–	2	24	7 414	60.1	6.6
Fraud	46	140	38	54	–	–	2	280	50.0	13.6
Handling stolen goods	98	209	38	152	–	–	3	500	41.8	7.6

TABLE 11A.3.34

Table 11A.3.34 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2009-10 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	Total	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	no.	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>
Offences against property	2 945	7 383	1 275	2 918	–	4	67	14 592	50.6	8.7
Drug offences	115	888	71	323	–	1	537	1 935	45.9	3.7
Prostitution offences	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–
Liquor (excluding drunkenness)	25	334	12	88	1	–	21	481	69.4	2.5
Breach domestic violence order	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	–
Trespassing and vagrancy offences	182	557	78	278	–	–	4	1 099	50.7	7.1
Weapons act offences	46	180	20	82	–	–	3	331	54.4	6.0
Good order offences	628	467	57	807	–	2	29	1 990	23.5	2.9
Stock offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Traffic and related offences	27	29	7	134	–	–	–	197	14.7	3.6
Miscellaneous offences	34	224	30	68	–	–	4	360	62.2	8.3
Total other offences	1 058	2 679	275	1 781	1	3	598	6 395	41.9	4.3
Total all offences	4 751	10 942	1 827	5 072	1	10	773	23 376	46.8	7.8

(a) Only those offenders whose age, sex and Indigenous status were identified are included.

(b) Indigenous status is based on self-identification by the juvenile.

(c) 'Other' signifies that the offender is known and sufficient evidence has been obtained but there is a bar to prosecution or other official process.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Queensland Police Service (2010) *Annual Statistical Review 2009-10*, Brisbane.

TABLE 11A.3.35

Table 11A.3.35 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	Total	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	no.	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Homicide	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–
Other homicide	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Assault	279	226	55	183	1	1	8	753	30.0	7.3
Sexual offences	37	43	3	3	–	–	11	97	44.3	3.1
Robbery	62	5	19	10	–	–	–	96	5.2	19.8
Other offences against the person	20	12	4	7	–	–	2	45	26.7	8.9
Kidnapping & abduction etc.	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	–	–
Extortion	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Stalking	3	–	–	2	–	–	–	5	–	–
Life endangering acts	14	12	4	5	–	–	2	37	32.4	10.8
Offences against the person	399	286	81	203	1	1	21	992	28.8	8.2
Unlawful entry	1 052	486	72	454	–	2	7	2 073	23.4	3.5
Arson	10	9	1	1	–	–	1	22	40.9	4.5
Other property damage	438	441	111	442	–	–	8	1 440	30.6	7.7
Unlawful use of motor vehicle	404	92	26	157	–	1	–	680	13.5	3.8
Other theft (excl. unlawful entry)	723	669	117	625	–	3	10	2 147	31.2	5.4
Fraud	10	6	–	1	158	69	1	245	2.4	–
Handling stolen goods	91	87	23	123	–	–	2	326	26.7	7.1
Offences against property	2 728	1 802	356	1 807	–	6	29	6 728	26.8	5.3
Drug offences	67	101	6	88	–	–	99	361	28.0	1.7
Prostitution offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

TABLE 11A.3.35

Table 11A.3.35 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	Total	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	no.	%	%
Liquor (excluding drunkenness)	30	47	1	63	–	–	1	142	33.1	0.7
Breach domestic violence order	2	3	–	8	–	–	1	14	21.4	–
Trespassing and vagrancy offences	129	144	13	170	–	–	5	461	31.2	2.8
Weapons act offences	12	23	4	25	–	–	–	64	35.9	6.3
Good order offences	537	134	14	494	–	4	8	1 191	11.3	1.2
Stock offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
Traffic and related offences	41	6	–	42	–	1	–	90	6.7	–
Miscellaneous offences	25	35	5	25	–	–	1	91	38.5	5.5
Total other offences	843	493	43	915	–	5	115	2 414	20.4	1.8
Total all offences	3 970	2 581	480	2 925	–	17	165	10 134	25.5	4.7
Non-Indigenous										
Homicide	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	–	–
Other homicide	6	–	–	–	–	–	–	6	–	–
Assault	376	620	152	281	–	1	29	1 459	42.5	10.4
Sexual offences	55	167	49	20	–	–	48	339	49.3	14.5
Robbery	193	22	42	41	–	1	1	300	7.3	14.0
Other offences against the person	48	89	20	19	–	–	7	183	48.6	10.9
Kidnapping & abduction etc.	6	3	–	1	–	–	–	10	30.0	–
Extortion	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	2	100.0	–
Stalking	9	12	1	1	–	–	1	24	50.0	4.2
Life endangering acts	33	72	19	17	–	–	6	147	49.0	12.9

TABLE 11A.3.35

Table 11A.3.35 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>
Offences against the person	681	898	263	361	–	2	85	2 290	39.2	11.5
Unlawful entry	842	893	354	517	–	5	34	2 645	33.8	13.4
Arson	60	18	28	11	–	–	1	118	15.3	23.7
Other property damage	504	1 543	509	654	–	1	30	3 241	47.6	15.7
Unlawful use of motor vehicle	210	209	92	165	–	4	3	683	30.6	13.5
Other theft (excl. unlawful entry)	651	3 912	548	1 516	–	8	51	6 686	58.5	8.2
Fraud	18	5	–	27	46	–	3	99	5.1	–
Handling stolen goods	84	211	35	177	–	–	7	514	41.1	6.8
Offences against property	2 378	6 944	1 612	3 109	–	19	129	14 191	48.9	11.4
Drug offences	107	710	36	289	–	2	518	1 662	42.7	2.2
Prostitution offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Liquor (excluding drunkenness)	32	398	15	109	–	–	19	573	69.5	2.6
Breach domestic violence order	3	–	–	1	–	–	1	5	–	–
Trespassing and vagrancy offences	104	660	70	265	–	–	10	1 109	59.5	6.3
Weapons act offences	36	179	16	81	–	–	6	318	56.3	5.0
Good order offences	621	609	46	695	2	1	42	2 016	30.2	2.3
Stock offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Traffic and related offences	29	39	15	153	–	–	1	237	16.5	6.3
Miscellaneous offences	32	227	30	70	–	–	11	370	61.4	8.1
Total other offences	964	2 822	228	1 663	2	3	608	6 290	44.9	3.6
Total all offences	4 023	10 664	2 103	5 133	1	10	822	22 771	46.8	9.2

Table 11A.3.35 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Proportion of cautions</i>	<i>Proportion of community conference</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>

(a) Only those offenders whose age, sex and Indigenous status were identified are included.

(b) Indigenous status is based on self-identification by the juvenile.

(c) 'Other' signifies that the offender is known and sufficient evidence has been obtained but there is a bar to prosecution or other official process.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Queensland Police Services (2009) *Annual Statistical Review 2008-09*, Brisbane.

TABLE 11A.3.36

Table 11A.3.36 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence (number) 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander							
Homicide	1	–	–	–	–	–	–
Assault	262	178	39	152	–	2	7
Sexual offences	28	25	4	10	–	1	19
Robbery	123	1	4	14	–	1	–
Extortion	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kidnapping & abduction	1	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other offences against the person	23	7	2	9	–	–	2
Offences against the person	437	211	49	185	–	4	28
Unlawful entry	1 405	556	118	522	1	1	24
Arson	16	5	3	6	–	–	1
Other property damage	533	363	95	364	–	1	14
Unlawful use of motor vehicle	547	105	39	155	–	–	5
Other theft (excl. unlawful entry)	743	725	118	691	–	7	19
Fraud	3	16	5	11	–	–	1
Handling stolen goods	100	67	15	115	–	–	1
Offences against property	3 347	1 837	393	1 864	1	9	65
Drug offences	60	92	10	73	–	–	77
Prostitution offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Liquor (excluding drunkenness)	27	51	4	53	–	–	5
Gaming, racing & betting offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Breach domestic violence order	9	–	–	1	–	–	1
Trespassing and vagrancy offences	138	135	10	207	–	–	5
Weapons act offences	42	32	2	38	–	–	–
Good order offences	566	189	11	436	–	–	6
Stock offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Traffic and related offences	24	11	3	26	–	–	–
Miscellaneous offences	20	21	11	23	–	–	–
Total other offences	886	531	51	857	–	–	94
Total all offences	4 670	2 579	493	2 906	1	13	187
Non-Indigenous							
Homicide	1	–	–	–	–	–	–
Assault	359	480	109	244	1	1	39
Sexual offences	66	120	25	6	–	–	33
Robbery	137	12	20	20	–	–	2
Extortion	2	1	2	–	–	–	–

TABLE 11A.3.36

Table 11A.3.36 Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence (number) 2007-08 (a), (b)

	Arrest	Caution	Community conference	Notice to appear	Summons	Warrant	Other (c)
Kidnapping & abduction	3	2	3	1	–	–	–
Other offences against the person	41	65	14	17	–	–	7
Offences against the person	605	677	168	287	1	1	82
Unlawful entry	836	882	203	431	–	–	8
Arson	30	13	14	2	–	–	5
Other property damage	481	1 488	493	610	–	–	26
Unlawful use of motor vehicle	309	177	107	120	–	–	4
Other theft (excl. unlawful entry)	738	3 496	489	1 030	1	1	44
Fraud	26	167	26	92	–	–	2
Handling stolen goods	100	194	34	148	–	–	2
Offences against property	2 520	6 417	1 366	2 433	1	1	91
Drug offences	113	630	54	304	–	1	453
Prostitution offences	–	–	–	2	–	–	–
Liquor (excluding drunkenness)	39	424	10	116	–	–	19
Gaming, racing & betting offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Breach domestic violence order	1	1	–	2	–	–	–
Trespassing and vagrancy offences	107	516	71	229	–	–	9
Weapons act offences	48	148	17	53	–	–	4
Good order offences	600	563	54	661	–	–	21
Stock offences	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
Traffic and related offences	35	45	7	160	–	–	2
Miscellaneous offences	22	188	115	54	–	–	5
Total other offences	965	2 516	328	1 581	–	1	513
Total all offences	4 090	9 610	1 862	4 301	2	3	686

(a) Only those offenders whose age and sex were identified are included.

(b) Indigenous status is based on self-identification by the juvenile.

(c) 'Other' signifies that the offender is known and sufficient evidence has been obtained but there is a bar to prosecution or other official process.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Queensland Police Services (2008) *Annual Statistical Review 2007-08*, Brisbane.

TABLE 11A.3.37

Table 11A.3.37 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence (number) 2006-07 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander							
Homicide	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Assault	266	206	59	168	–	–	19
Sexual offences	34	40	4	13	–	–	23
Robbery	96	10	6	15	–	–	1
Extortion	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kidnapping & abduction	2	3	–	2	–	–	–
Other offences against the person	21	12	2	13	1	–	6
Offences against the person	420	271	71	211	1	–	49
Unlawful entry	1 453	645	153	734	11	5	13
Arson	9	10	5	4	–	–	6
Other property damage	604	547	159	490	1	1	17
Unlawful use of motor vehicle	480	132	26	211	–	–	3
Other theft (excl. unlawful entry)	935	761	139	839	8	2	35
Fraud	19	21	5	10	–	–	–
Handling stolen goods	105	77	8	133	–	–	2
Offences against property	3 605	2 193	495	2 421	20	8	76
Drug offences	48	97	1	97	–	–	97
Prostitution offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Liquor (excluding drunkenness)	37	64	3	66	–	–	4
Gaming, racing & betting offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Breach domestic violence order	6	–	–	5	–	–	–
Trespassing and vagrancy offences	133	142	16	241	–	–	10
Weapons act offences	24	23	2	21	–	1	–
Good order offences	444	160	11	422	–	1	13
Stock offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Traffic and related offences	26	12	1	43	–	–	–
Miscellaneous offences	67	34	13	49	–	1	2
Total other offences	785	532	47	942	–	3	126
Total all offences	4 810	2 996	613	3 574	21	11	251
Non-Indigenous							
Homicide	1	–	–	–	–	–	–
Assault	321	752	142	283	3	–	89
Sexual offences	46	225	37	37	2	–	83
Robbery	193	30	29	33	–	–	2
Extortion	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

TABLE 11A.3.37

Table 11A.3.37 **Queensland, method of processing juvenile offenders (aged 10–16 years), by Indigenous status, by type of offence (number) 2006-07 (a), (b)**

	<i>Arrest</i>	<i>Caution</i>	<i>Community conference</i>	<i>Notice to appear</i>	<i>Summons</i>	<i>Warrant</i>	<i>Other (c)</i>
Kidnapping & abduction	8	28	9	–	1	–	1
Other offences against the person	38	98	26	35	–	–	14
Offences against the person	606	1 133	242	388	6	–	189
Unlawful entry	865	998	308	558	1	4	26
Arson	23	38	17	5	–	–	–
Other property damage	514	1 860	433	708	1	1	88
Unlawful use of motor vehicle	261	239	61	194	–	–	7
Other theft (excl. unlawful entry)	739	3 733	555	1 160	–	–	89
Fraud	43	305	146	100	1	–	2
Handling stolen goods	108	240	50	149	–	–	3
Offences against property	2 549	7 413	1 569	2 872	3	5	215
Drug offences	146	804	39	357	3	–	542
Prostitution offences	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
Liquor (excluding drunkenness)	56	586	21	123	2	–	58
Gaming, racing & betting offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Breach domestic violence order	4	–	–	1	–	–	2
Trespassing and vagrancy offences	97	710	109	259	–	–	36
Weapons act offences	41	229	25	86	–	–	9
Good order offences	590	703	65	620	1	1	51
Stock offences	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Traffic and related offences	50	63	13	175	–	–	1
Miscellaneous offences	49	340	41	91	–	–	87
Total other offences	1 030	3 432	313	1 707	6	1	786
Total all offences	4 185	11 978	2 124	4 967	15	6	1 190

(a) Only those offenders whose age and sex were identified are included.

(b) Indigenous status is based on self-identification by the juvenile.

(c) 'Other' signifies that the offender is known and sufficient evidence has been obtained but there is a bar to prosecution or other official process.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Queensland Police Services (2008) *Annual Statistical Review 2007-08*, Brisbane.

TABLE 11A.3.38

Table 11A.3.38 WA, juvenile diversions as a proportion of offenders (aged 10–17 years), by Aboriginal status, 2008-09 to 2018-19 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	Other (f)	Caution (oral and written)	Juvenile Justice Team	Total Diversions	Total (Diversions and Other (f))	Proportion diverted
<i>Unit</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Aboriginal						
2018-19	4 882	2 599	1 115	3714	8 596	43.2
2017-18	5 356	2 194	823	3017	8 373	36.0
2016-17	5 112	1 959	699	2658	7 770	34.2
2015-16	4 475	2 120	739	2859	7 334	39.0
2014-15	4 062	1 866	674	2540	6 602	38.5
2013-14	4 443	1 842	606	2448	6 891	35.5
2012-13	4 551	1 817	653	2470	7 021	35.2
2011-12	4 305	2 001	896	2897	7 202	40.2
2010-11	5 195	2 087	796	2883	8 078	35.7
2009-10	6 243	2 107	787	2894	9 137	31.7
2008-09	6 065	2 027	528	2555	8 620	29.6
Non-Aboriginal						
2018-19	2 668	2 423	436	2859	5 527	51.7
2017-18	2 565	2 607	392	2999	5 564	53.9
2016-17	2 745	2 611	430	3041	5 786	52.6
2015-16	2 508	2 580	418	2998	5 506	54.4
2014-15	2 434	2 455	420	2875	5 309	54.2
2013-14	2 339	2 540	455	2995	5 334	56.1
2012-13	2 551	3 081	560	3641	6 192	58.8
2011-12	3 246	3 575	660	4235	7 481	56.6
2010-11	3 558	4 313	869	5182	8 740	59.3
2009-10	4 451	5 475	1 029	6504	10 955	59.4
2008-09	4 143	5 362	929	6291	10 434	60.3
Unknown status						
2018-19	145	402	72	474	619	76.6
2017-18	158	386	63	449	607	74.0
2016-17	121	331	49	380	501	75.8
2015-16	122	313	36	349	471	74.1
2014-15	140	257	31	288	428	67.3
2013-14	107	221	34	255	362	70.4
2012-13	88	269	47	316	404	78.2
2011-12	138	312	53	365	503	72.6
2010-11	131	335	49	384	515	74.6
2009-10	177	392	76	468	645	72.6
2008-09	195	349	60	409	604	67.7

Table 11A.3.38 WA, juvenile diversions as a proportion of offenders (aged 10–17 years), by Aboriginal status, 2008-09 to 2018-19 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	Other (f)	Cautions (oral and written)	Juvenile Justice Team	Total Diversions	Total (Diversions and Other (f))	Proportion diverted
Unit	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	%
			Total			
2018-19	7 695	5 424	1 623	7 047	14 742	47.8
2017-18	8 079	5 187	1 278	6 465	14 544	44.5
2016-17	7 978	4 901	1 178	6 079	14 057	43.2
2015-16	7 105	5 013	1 193	6 206	13 311	46.6
2014-15	6 636	4 578	1 125	5 703	12 339	46.2
2013-14	6 889	4 603	1 095	5 698	12 587	45.3
2012-13	7 190	5 167	1 260	6 427	13 617	47.2
2011-12	7 689	5 888	1 609	7 497	15 186	49.4
2010-11	8 884	6 735	1 714	8 449	17 333	48.7
2009-10	10 871	7 974	1 892	9 866	20 737	47.6
2008-09	10 403	7 738	1 517	9 255	19 658	47.1

- (a) WA juvenile diversions include formal cautions and referrals to Juvenile Justice Teams (JJT).
- (b) Juveniles can also be diverted by the issuing of a Cannabis Intervention Requirement, Drug Diversion (other), Liquor Infringement or a Criminal Code Infringement Notice (CCIN).
- (c) Statistics reflect the number of offenders who have been processed in relation to an incident but not for every offence under the incident unless the offender was processed in a different way for another offence(s).
- (d) Changes to recording and reporting practices implemented between May and November 2017 impact the crime statistics presented in this document. Due to these changes, comparison should be made with caution where it is either of data from before and after the period of recording and reporting changes, or involves data from a period overlapping May-November 2017. As a result, statistics previously provided in 2016 have been revised.
- (e) The Incident Management System (IMS) records ethnicity information using two fields; "Ethnic Appearance" and "Stated Ethnicity". "Ethnic Appearance" refers to an apparent ethnic appearance of the person, as identified by the attending officer, whilst "Stated Ethnicity" is the self-identified ethnicity provided by the person upon questioning. For the purposes of the provided tables, "Aboriginal Status" has been determined based on these IMS fields. "Stated Ethnicity" has been used where possible, with "Ethnic Appearance" used only where the "Stated Ethnicity" is unknown or missing. However, as "Ethnic Appearance" is a subjective assessment, recorded by an officer at the time, these designated ethnicities may be incorrectly attributed.
- (f) Other includes outcomes of arrest, summonsed, notice to attend, and charge preferred. Offence outcomes including the issuing of infringements or specific outcomes of statute barred; not in the public interest; not criminally responsible; fitness to hold; and offender deceased have been excluded.

Source: WA Police (unpublished) FrontLine Incident Management System.

TABLE 11A.3.39

Table 11A.3.39 **WA, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders diverted, by type of offence, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2013-14 to 2018-19 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	Unit	Aboriginal			Non-Aboriginal			Unknown		
		Male	Female	Persons (f)	Male	Female	Persons (f)	Male	Female	Persons (f)
2018-19										
Proportion of offenders diverted, by type of offence										
Crime against the person	%	6.8	13.0	9.0	17.3	20.1	18.2	21.0	20.8	21.1
Crime against property	%	69.8	63.6	67.5	39.0	41.8	39.7	43.0	52.0	46.2
Drug offences	%	2.9	3.0	2.9	13.0	13.0	13.0	7.5	5.4	6.8
Other crime	%	20.4	20.4	20.7	30.8	25.1	29.2	28.5	21.8	25.9
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total diversions	no.	2 577	1 351	3 991	2 110	1 003	3 135	305	202	513
Total number of offenders	no.	7 019	2 516	9 682	4 736	1 649	6 425	416	266	688
Proportion of offenders diverted	%	36.7	53.7	41.2	44.6	60.8	48.8	73.3	75.9	74.6
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2017-18										
Proportion of offenders diverted, by type of offence										
Crime against the person	%	8.2	13.9	10.1	16.5	22.3	18.1	26.8	25.0	26.0
Crime against property	%	66.2	61.4	64.6	39.8	47.8	41.9	44.1	42.9	43.9
Drug offences	%	4.0	3.2	3.7	12.7	11.5	12.4	9.8	11.4	10.4
Other crime	%	21.6	21.5	21.7	31.0	18.5	27.7	19.3	20.7	19.8
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total diversions	no.	2 218	1 013	3 269	2 340	898	3 271	295	184	481
Total number of offenders	no.	7 434	2 202	9 744	5 044	1 385	6 477	436	234	673
Proportion of offenders diverted	%	29.8	46.0	33.5	46.4	64.8	50.5	67.7	78.6	71.5

TABLE 11A.3.39

Table 11A.3.39 **WA, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders diverted, by type of offence, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2013-14 to 2018-19 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	Unit	Aboriginal			Non-Aboriginal			Unknown		
		Male	Female	Persons (f)	Male	Female	Persons (f)	Male	Female	Persons (f)
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2016-17										
Proportion of offenders diverted, by type of offence										
Crime against the person	%	8.0	14.2	10.1	15.3	20.6	16.7	24.8	26.8	25.5
Crime against property	%	64.3	57.5	62.1	41.4	46.8	43.0	40.8	46.3	42.8
Drug offences	%	3.0	2.2	2.7	14.4	12.4	13.8	10.7	2.0	7.9
Other crime	%	24.7	26.2	25.1	28.9	20.2	26.5	23.7	24.8	23.8
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total diversions	no.	1 983	910	2 923	2 372	894	3 293	262	149	416
Total number of offenders	no.	7 300	1 776	9 157	5 209	1 478	6 736	373	184	562
Proportion of offenders diverted	%	27.2	51.2	31.9	45.5	60.5	48.9	70.2	81.0	74.0
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2015-16										
Proportion of offenders diverted, by type of offence										
Crime against the person	%	6.4	14.1	8.9	15.1	19.8	16.3	20.9	21.4	20.9
Crime against property	%	63.7	58.1	61.7	43.8	50.8	45.7	45.7	54.7	48.5
Drug offences	%	4.1	3.6	3.9	13.8	10.6	12.9	9.8	8.5	9.4
Other crime	%	25.8	24.3	25.4	27.2	18.9	25.1	23.6	15.4	21.2
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total diversions	no.	2 118	1 006	3 151	2 367	853	3 249	254	117	373
Total number of offenders	no.	6 647	1 810	8 523	4 973	1 353	6 378	360	147	509

TABLE 11A.3.39

Table 11A.3.39 **WA, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders diverted, by type of offence, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2013-14 to 2018-19 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	Unit	Aboriginal			Non-Aboriginal			Unknown		
		Male	Female	Persons (f)	Male	Female	Persons (f)	Male	Female	Persons (f)
Proportion of offenders diverted	%	31.9	55.6	37.0	47.6	63.0	50.9	70.6	79.6	73.3
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2014-15										
Proportion of offenders diverted, by type of offence										
Crime against the person	%	7.4	16.0	10.1	13.5	18.8	14.8	18.1	26.5	21.1
Crime against property	%	60.7	56.1	59.4	43.4	47.0	44.4	45.6	48.7	46.8
Drug offences	%	5.0	4.5	4.8	13.8	10.2	12.9	6.2	10.6	7.8
Other crime	%	26.9	23.4	25.7	29.3	24.1	27.9	30.1	14.2	24.4
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total diversions	no.	1 915	829	2 783	2 360	768	3 153	193	113	308
Total number of offenders	no.	6 179	1 533	7 780	4 971	1 172	6 180	303	173	479
Proportion of offenders diverted	%	31.0	54.1	35.8	47.5	65.5	51.0	63.7	65.3	64.3
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2013-14										
Proportion of offenders diverted, by type of offence										
Crime against the person	%	6.7	13.0	8.6	13.3	18.4	14.7	17.9	21.5	19.7
Crime against property	%	64.4	55.1	61.4	40.4	46.7	41.9	40.4	49.5	43.9
Drug offences	%	3.6	4.3	3.9	13.5	11.8	13.1	9.0	5.6	7.6
Other crime	%	25.3	27.6	26.1	32.8	23.1	30.3	32.7	23.4	28.8
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total diversions	no.	1 841	838	2 708	2 402	822	3 248	156	107	264

TABLE 11A.3.39

Table 11A.3.39 **WA, proportion of juvenile alleged offenders diverted, by type of offence, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2013-14 to 2018-19 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	Unit	Aboriginal			Non-Aboriginal			Unknown		
		Male	Female	Persons (f)	Male	Female	Persons (f)	Male	Female	Persons (f)
Total number of offenders	no.	6 470	1 571	8 101	4 881	1 199	6 115	260	132	394
Proportion of offenders diverted	%	28.5	53.3	33.4	49.2	68.6	53.1	60.0	81.1	67.0
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na

- (a) WA juvenile diversions include formal cautions and referrals to Juvenile Justice Teams (JJT).
- (b) Diversion reported in this table includes formal cautions and referrals to Juvenile Justice Teams. Juveniles can also be diverted by the issuing of a Cannabis Intervention Requirement, Drug Diversion (other), Liquor Infringement or a Criminal Code Infringement Notice (CCIN).
- (c) Statistics reflect the number of offenders who have been processed in relation to an incident but not for every offence under the incident unless the offender was processed in a different way for another offence(s).
- (d) Changes to recording and reporting practices implemented between May and November 2017 impact the crime statistics presented in this document. Due to these changes, comparison should be made with caution where it is either of data from before and after the period of recording and reporting changes, or involves data from a period overlapping May-November 2017. As a result, statistics previously provided in 2016 have been revised.
- (e) The Incident Management System (IMS) records ethnicity information using two fields; "Ethnic Appearance" and "Stated Ethnicity". "Ethnic Appearance" refers to an apparent ethnic appearance of the person, as identified by the attending officer, whilst "Stated Ethnicity" is the self-identified ethnicity provided by the person upon questioning. For the purposes of the provided tables, "Aboriginal Status" has been determined based on these IMS fields. "Stated Ethnicity" has been used where possible, with "Ethnic Appearance" used only where the "Stated Ethnicity" is unknown or missing. However, as "Ethnic Appearance" is a subjective assessment, recorded by an officer at the time, these designated ethnicities may be incorrectly attributed.
- (f) Total persons includes those with unknown or indeterminate gender and may not be the sum of males and females.

Source: WA Police (unpublished) FrontLine Incident Management System.

TABLE 11A.3.40

Table 11A.3.40 **SA, number and proportion of juvenile diversions, by Indigenous status, 2004 to 2019 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non- Indigenous</i>	<i>Unknown</i>	<i>Total</i>
2019 (d)					
Juvenile apprehensions (e)	no.	1 653	3 140	1 121	5 914
Formal caution	no.	134	412	176	722
Transfer to family conference	no.	37	67	28	132
Proportion diverted	%	10.3	15.3	18.2	14.4
2018 (d)					
Juvenile apprehensions (e)	no.	1 662	3 087	242	4 991
Formal caution	no.	296	786	69	1 151
Transfer to family conference	no.	322	789	41	1 152
Proportion diverted	%	37.2	51.0	45.5	46.1
2017					
Juvenile apprehensions	no.	1 646	3 537	96	5 279
Formal caution	no.	310	1 166	36	1 512
Transfer to family conference	no.	386	1 084	34	1 504
Proportion diverted	%	42.3	63.6	72.9	57.1
2016					
Juvenile apprehensions	no.	1 757	3 288	54	5 099
Formal caution	no.	297	1 020	22	1 339
Transfer to family conference	no.	394	945	16	1 355
Proportion diverted	%	39.3	59.8	70.4	52.8
2015					
Juvenile apprehensions	no.	1 638	3 153	60	4 851
Formal caution	no.	253	901	24	1 178
Transfer to family conference	no.	219	570	19	808
Proportion diverted	%	28.8	46.7	71.7	40.9
2014					
Juvenile apprehensions	no.	1 776	3 588	23	5 387
Formal caution	no.	296	1 078	10	1 384
Transfer to family conference	no.	230	706	3	939
Proportion diverted	%	29.6	49.7	56.5	43.1
2013					
Juvenile apprehensions	no.	2 264	4 426	59	6 749
Formal caution	no.	301	1 241	24	1 566
Transfer to family conference	no.	376	932	12	1 320
Proportion diverted	%	29.9	49.1	61.0	42.8
2012					
Juvenile apprehensions	no.	2 110	5 049	44	7 203
Formal caution	no.	316	1 532	17	1 865

TABLE 11A.3.40

Table 11A.3.40 **SA, number and proportion of juvenile diversions, by Indigenous status, 2004 to 2019 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non- Indigenous</i>	<i>Unknown</i>	<i>Total</i>
Transfer to family conference	no.	285	1 018	5	1 308
Proportion diverted	%	28.5	50.5	50.0	44.1
2011					
Juvenile apprehensions	no.	1 973	5 381	85	7 439
Formal caution	no.	325	1 721	19	2 065
Transfer to family conference	no.	245	900	8	1 153
Proportion diverted	%	28.9	48.7	31.8	43.3
2010					
Juvenile apprehensions	no.	1 937	6 052	181	8 170
Formal caution	no.	318	2 067	25	2 410
Transfer to family conference	no.	233	1 004	14	1 251
Proportion diverted	%	28.4	50.7	21.5	44.8
2009					
Juvenile apprehensions	no.	1 943	6 547	179	8 669
Formal caution	no.	308	2 256	49	2 613
Transfer to family conference	no.	270	1 284	26	1 580
Proportion diverted	%	29.7	54.1	41.9	48.4
2008					
Juvenile apprehensions	no.	1 934	6 866	166	8 966
Formal caution	no.	345	2 608	38	2 991
Transfer to family conference	no.	345	1 409	26	1 780
Proportion diverted	%	35.7	58.5	38.6	53.2
2007					
Juvenile apprehensions	no.	1 725	5 199	530	7 454
Formal caution	no.	301	1 721	241	2 263
Transfer to family conference	no.	282	961	101	1 344
Proportion diverted	%	33.8	51.6	64.5	48.4
2006					
Juvenile apprehensions	no.	1 557	4 365	925	6 847
Formal caution	no.	286	1 391	384	2 061
Transfer to family conference	no.	244	747	202	1 193
Proportion diverted	%	34.0	49.0	63.4	47.5
2005					
Juvenile apprehensions	no.	1 248	4 439	440	6 127
Formal caution	no.	258	1 257	275	1 790
Transfer to family conference	no.	186	751	20	957
Proportion diverted	%	35.6	45.2	67.0	44.8

Table 11A.3.40 **SA, number and proportion of juvenile diversions, by Indigenous status, 2004 to 2019 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non- Indigenous</i>	<i>Unknown</i>	<i>Total</i>
2004					
Juvenile apprehensions	no.	1 054	4 018	469	5 541
Formal caution	no.	200	1 247	355	1 802
Transfer to family conference	no.	181	837	8	1 026
Proportion diverted	%	36.1	51.9	77.4	51.0

- (a) Prior to 1 July 2007 the recording of the racial identity of the alleged offender largely reflected the apprehending officer's opinion based on the physical appearance of the individual. From 1 July 2007, South Australia Police adopted the standard ABS question on Indigenous status for alleged offenders.
- (b) Juvenile diversions include both formal cautions and transfers to a family conference. Juveniles referred to the Youth Court and those who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion were not included.
- (c) This report differs to previous ones due to a different data extraction method used. The previous reports were based on OCSAR's Crime and Justice publications. The current report is based on an extract of SA Police apprehension data relating to individuals aged 10 to 17.9 at the time of the alleged offence. The classification system has also changed from previous reports. This report is based on the Australian and New Zealand Standard Offence Classification (ANZSOC). More information on ANZSOC can be found on the Australian Bureau of Statistics website <http://www.abs.gov.au/>. The counting unit is consistent with previous reports and is based on unique apprehension reports per individual.
- (d) A new crime recording system was implemented by South Australia Police in November 2018. This system change has impacted on the comparability of the data over the time series.
- (e) Numbers of juvenile apprehensions exclude those offences with an unknown method of processing and non-offence matters.

Source: South Australian Police (unpublished data)

TABLE 11A.3.41

Table 11A.3.41 **SA, proportion of juvenile diversions, by type of major offence, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2013 to 2019**
(a), (b)

		Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander			Non-Indigenous		
	Unit	Male	Female	Persons	Male	Female	Persons
2019							
Proportion of offenders diverted, by type of offence							
Homicide and related offences	%	—	—	—	—	—	—
Serious assault	%	5.5	8.2	6.4	2.4	5.0	3.3
Common assault	%	4.5	14.8	8.2	4.7	7.8	5.6
Other acts intended to cause injury	%	0.9	—	0.6	—	2.1	0.6
Sexual assault	%	—	—	—	0.6	0.7	0.6
Non-assaultive sexual offences	%	—	—	—	1.5	2.1	1.7
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	%	0.9	—	0.6	2.4	—	1.7
Abduction and kidnapping/ deprivation of liberty	%	—	—	—	—	—	—
Harassment and threatening behaviour	%	—	—	—	0.3	0.7	0.4
Robbery, extortion and related offences	%	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter	%	18.2	—	11.7	11.6	3.5	9.2
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	%	1.8	—	1.2	1.2	—	0.8
Theft (except motor vehicles)	%	10.0	32.8	18.1	14.5	32.6	19.8
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	%	2.7	6.6	4.1	1.2	1.4	1.3
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	%	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fraud, deception and related offences	%	—	—	—	—	1.4	0.4
Illicit drug offences	%	5.5	8.2	6.4	16.6	15.6	16.3
Weapons and explosives offences	%	5.5	—	3.5	12.8	3.5	10.0
Property damage and environmental pollution	%	17.3	6.6	13.5	8.9	7.8	8.6
Disorderly conduct	%	20.9	16.4	19.3	12.2	12.1	12.1
Regulated public order offences	%	—	1.6	0.6	2.4	2.1	2.3

TABLE 11A.3.41

Table 11A.3.41 **SA, proportion of juvenile diversions, by type of major offence, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2013 to 2019**
(a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>			<i>Non-Indigenous</i>		
		<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Persons</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Persons</i>
Offensive conduct	%	1.8	1.6	1.8	2.1	–	1.5
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	%	3.6	1.6	2.9	3.6	0.7	2.7
Breach of custodial/community orders	%	–	1.6	0.6	–	–	–
Other offences against justice procedures/ government	%	–	–	–	–	–	–
Miscellaneous offences	%	0.9	–	0.6	1.2	0.7	1.0
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total diversions	no.	110	61	171	337	141	479
Total number of offenders	no.	1 231	422	1 653	2 395	744	3 140
Proportion of offenders diverted	%	8.9	14.5	10.3	14.1	19.0	15.3
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	na	na	na	na	na	na
2018							
Proportion of offenders diverted, by type of offence							
Homicide and related offences	%	–	–	–	–	–	–
Serious assault	%	5.2	8.7	6.3	6.9	9.4	7.7
Common assault	%	6.9	14.4	9.2	8.9	13.1	10.2
Other acts intended to cause injury	%	–	0.5	0.2	0.1	–	0.1
Sexual assault	%	–	–	–	1.6	0.2	1.1
Non-assaultive sexual offences	%	0.2	0.5	0.3	2.2	2.7	2.3
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	%	1.7	0.5	1.3	3.0	1.3	2.5
Abduction and kidnapping/ deprivation of liberty	%	–	–	–	–	–	–
Harassment and threatening behaviour	%	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.7	1.0	0.8
Robbery, extortion and related offences	%	0.7	–	0.5	1.0	–	0.7

TABLE 11A.3.41

Table 11A.3.41 **SA, proportion of juvenile diversions, by type of major offence, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2013 to 2019**
(a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>			<i>Non-Indigenous</i>		
		<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Persons</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Persons</i>
Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter	%	11.6	9.2	10.8	4.2	2.3	3.6
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	%	3.5	1.5	2.9	1.5	2.9	1.9
Theft (except motor vehicles)	%	18.7	28.7	21.8	14.6	27.1	18.4
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	%	3.1	2.6	2.9	3.4	4.4	3.7
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	%	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fraud, deception and related offences	%	—	—	—	1.0	0.4	0.8
Illicit drug offences	%	2.6	4.6	3.2	3.6	4.0	3.7
Weapons and explosives offences	%	3.3	1.0	2.6	7.4	2.3	5.8
Property damage and environmental pollution	%	22.2	9.2	18.1	19.1	13.3	17.3
Disorderly conduct	%	13.5	13.8	13.6	11.5	11.0	11.4
Regulated public order offences	%	0.7	—	0.5	0.8	0.4	0.7
Offensive conduct	%	1.2	1.0	1.1	0.9	0.2	0.7
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	%	2.8	2.1	2.6	5.9	3.1	5.1
Breach of custodial/community orders	%	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other offences against justice procedures/ government	%	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.8	0.4	0.7
Miscellaneous offences	%	1.7	0.5	1.3	0.9	0.4	0.8
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total diversions	no.	423	195	618	1 095	480	1 575
Total number of offenders	no.	1 224	438	1 662	2 305	782	3 087
Proportion of offenders diverted	%	34.6	44.5	37.2	47.5	61.4	51.0
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	na	na	na	na	na	na

TABLE 11A.3.41

Table 11A.3.41 **SA, proportion of juvenile diversions, by type of major offence, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2013 to 2019**
(a), (b)

	Unit	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander			Non-Indigenous		
		Male	Female	Persons	Male	Female	Persons
2017							
Proportion of offenders diverted, by type of offence							
Homicide and related offences	%	—	—	—	—	—	—
Serious assault	%	5.7	9.5	6.9	5.7	5.2	5.6
Common assault	%	4.8	13.1	7.5	7.5	10.5	8.3
Other acts intended to cause injury	%	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sexual assault	%	—	—	—	1.5	0.7	1.3
Non-assaultive sexual offences	%	0.2	2.3	0.9	2.8	4.7	3.3
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	%	1.3	2.3	1.6	2.2	0.8	1.9
Abduction and kidnapping/ deprivation of liberty	%	—	—	—	—	—	—
Harassment and threatening behaviour	%	0.2	—	0.1	0.8	0.5	0.7
Robbery, extortion and related offences	%	0.4	—	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.4
Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter	%	9.9	4.5	8.2	6.2	2.7	5.2
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	%	4.2	2.7	3.7	2.1	2.2	2.1
Theft (except motor vehicles)	%	18.1	23.1	19.7	18.2	32.6	22.0
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	%	2.5	3.6	2.9	2.4	2.5	2.4
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	%	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fraud, deception and related offences	%	—	0.5	0.1	0.4	1.2	0.6
Illicit drug offences	%	2.5	0.9	2.0	2.5	2.2	2.4
Weapons and explosives offences	%	3.2	0.5	2.3	6.0	2.4	5.0
Property damage and environmental pollution	%	24.2	15.8	21.6	18.8	11.5	16.8
Disorderly conduct	%	17.3	15.4	16.7	14.8	12.3	14.2

TABLE 11A.3.41

Table 11A.3.41 **SA, proportion of juvenile diversions, by type of major offence, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2013 to 2019**
(a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>			<i>Non-Indigenous</i>		
		<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Persons</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Persons</i>
Regulated public order offences	%	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.4	1.2
Offensive conduct	%	0.6	1.8	1.0	0.9	1.5	1.1
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	%	3.8	2.7	3.4	4.8	3.2	4.4
Breach of custodial/community orders	%	–	0.5	0.1	0.1	–	0.0
Other offences against justice procedures/ government	%	0.2	–	0.1	0.2	0.7	0.4
Miscellaneous offences	%	–	–	–	0.8	0.7	0.8
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total diversions	no.	475	221	696	1 658	592	2 250
Total number of offenders	no.	1 182	464	1 646	2 732	805	3 537
Proportion of offenders diverted	%	40.2	47.6	42.3	60.7	73.5	63.6
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	na	na	na	na	na	na
2016							
Proportion of offenders diverted, by type of offence							
Homicide and related offences	%	–	–	–	–	–	–
Serious assault	%	6.2	10.5	7.5	5.2	7.6	5.9
Common assault	%	4.8	13.3	7.4	7.8	10.7	8.7
Other acts intended to cause injury	%	–	–	–	–	–	–
Sexual assault	%	0.8	–	0.6	1.6	0.7	1.3
Non-assaultive sexual offences	%	1.0	–	0.7	3.8	6.2	4.5
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	%	2.3	0.5	1.7	2.0	1.1	1.8
Abduction and kidnapping/ deprivation of liberty	%	–	–	–	–	–	–

TABLE 11A.3.41

Table 11A.3.41 **SA, proportion of juvenile diversions, by type of major offence, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2013 to 2019**
(a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>			<i>Non-Indigenous</i>		
		<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Persons</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Persons</i>
Harassment and threatening behaviour	%	0.2	–	0.1	0.6	0.9	0.7
Robbery, extortion and related offences	%	–	–	–	0.3	0.4	0.3
Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter	%	9.8	6.7	8.8	4.1	2.4	3.6
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	%	5.4	1.4	4.2	2.0	1.5	1.8
Theft (except motor vehicles)	%	20.6	24.8	21.9	19.5	35.8	24.1
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	%	2.7	3.8	3.0	2.4	2.5	2.4
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	%	–	–	–	–	0.2	0.1
Fraud, deception and related offences	%	0.2	–	0.1	0.4	–	0.3
Illicit drug offences	%	3.3	1.9	2.9	2.4	2.4	2.4
Weapons and explosives offences	%	1.5	1.4	1.4	5.4	2.4	4.5
Property damage and environmental pollution	%	22.0	16.2	20.3	16.8	8.4	14.5
Disorderly conduct	%	15.6	17.6	16.2	16.3	11.3	14.9
Regulated public order offences	%	0.6	0.5	0.6	2.2	1.5	2.0
Offensive conduct	%	0.4	1.0	0.6	1.3	0.9	1.2
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	%	2.1	0.5	1.6	4.2	2.0	3.6
Breach of custodial/community orders	%	–	–	–	–	–	–
Other offences against justice procedures/ government	%	–	–	–	0.5	1.3	0.7
Miscellaneous offences	%	0.4	–	0.3	1.0	–	0.7
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total diversions	no.	481	210	691	1 415	550	1 965
Total number of offenders	no.	1 338	419	1 757	2 461	827	3 288
Proportion of offenders diverted	%	35.9	50.1	39.3	57.5	66.5	59.8

TABLE 11A.3.41

Table 11A.3.41 **SA, proportion of juvenile diversions, by type of major offence, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2013 to 2019**
(a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>			<i>Non-Indigenous</i>		
		<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Persons</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Persons</i>
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	na	na	na	na	na	na
2015							
Total diversions	no.	316	140	472	1 034	413	1 471
Total number of offenders	no.	1 199	365	1 638	2 366	679	3 153
Proportion of offenders diverted	%	26.4	38.4	28.8	43.7	60.8	46.7
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	na	na	na	na	na	na
2014							
Total diversions	no.	341	162	526	1 289	445	1 784
Total number of offenders	no.	1 236	441	1 776	2 770	722	3 588
Proportion of offenders diverted	%	27.6	36.7	29.6	46.5	61.6	49.7
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	na	na	na	na	na	na
2013							
Total diversions	no.	416	238	677	1 588	559	2 173
Total number of offenders	no.	1 582	526	2 264	3 378	961	4 426
Proportion of offenders diverted	%	26.3	45.2	29.9	47.0	58.2	49.1
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	na	na	na	na	na	na

(a) Juvenile diversions include both formal cautions and transfers to a family conference.

(b) Numbers of juvenile apprehensions exclude those offences with an unknown method of processing and non-offence matters.

na Not available. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Table 11A.3.41 **SA, proportion of juvenile diversions, by type of major offence, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2013 to 2019**
(a), (b)

<i>Unit</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>			<i>Non-Indigenous</i>		
	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Persons</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Persons</i>

Source : South Australian Police (unpublished data).

TABLE 11A.3.42

Table 11A.3.42 SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2019 (a)

	Formal caution	Transfer to family conference	Offenders diverted	Transfer to Youth Court	Withdrawn and unknown (b)	Total	Total	Proportion of total offences
Unit	%	%	%	%	%	%	no.	%
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander								
Homicide and related offences	—	—	—	na	—	100.0	—	—
Serious assault	4.6	1.7	6.3	na	93.7	100.0	175	9.9
Common assault	9.5	2.6	12.1	na	87.9	100.0	116	6.5
Other acts intended to cause injury	33.3	—	33.3	na	66.7	100.0	3	0.2
Sexual assault	—	—	—	na	100.0	100.0	10	0.6
Non-assaultive sexual offences	—	—	—	na	100.0	100.0	2	0.1
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	4.5	—	4.5	na	95.5	100.0	22	1.2
Abduction and kidnapping/ deprivation of liberty	—	—	—	na	100.0	100.0	1	0.1
Harassment and threatening behaviour	—	—	—	na	100.0	100.0	7	0.4
Robbery, extortion and related offences	—	—	—	na	100.0	100.0	25	1.4
Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter	5.1	2.7	7.8	na	92.2	100.0	257	14.5
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	1.1	1.1	2.2	na	97.8	100.0	89	5.0
Theft (except motor vehicles)	7.7	3.7	11.4	na	88.6	100.0	271	15.3
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	8.1	3.2	11.3	na	88.7	100.0	62	3.5
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	—	—	—	na	—	100.0	—	—
Fraud, deception and related offences	—	—	—	na	100.0	100.0	6	0.3
Illicit drug offences	7.9	1.8	9.6	na	90.4	100.0	114	6.4
Weapons and explosives offences	6.7	3.3	10.0	na	90.0	100.0	60	3.4
Property damage and environmental pollution	7.6	2.1	9.7	na	90.3	100.0	238	13.4
Disorderly conduct	18.5	0.6	19.1	na	80.9	100.0	173	9.8

TABLE 11A.3.42

Table 11A.3.42 SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2019 (a)

	Formal caution	Transfer to family conference	Offenders diverted	Transfer to Youth Court	Withdrawn and unknown (b)	Total	Total	Proportion of total offences
Unit	%	%	%	%	%	%	no.	%
Regulated public order offences	11.1	–	11.1	na	88.9	100.0	9	0.5
Offensive conduct	33.3	–	33.3	na	66.7	100.0	9	0.5
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	4.4	1.1	5.5	na	94.5	100.0	91	5.1
Breach of custodial/community orders	10.0	–	10.0	na	90.0	100.0	10	0.6
Other offences against justice procedures/ governr	–	–	–	na	100.0	100.0	12	0.7
Miscellaneous offences	8.3	–	8.3	na	91.7	100.0	12	0.7
Total	134	37	171	na	1 603		1 774	100.0
Non-Indigenous								
Homicide and related offences	–	–	–	na	100.0	100.0	1	0.0
Serious assault	3.7	1.7	5.3	na	94.7	100.0	300	8.9
Common assault	9.0	2.6	11.6	na	88.4	100.0	233	6.9
Other acts intended to cause injury	30.0	–	30.0	na	70.0	100.0	10	0.3
Sexual assault	4.5	–	4.5	na	95.5	100.0	67	2.0
Non-assaultative sexual offences	2.9	20.6	23.5	na	76.5	100.0	34	1.0
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	6.7	1.0	7.7	na	92.3	100.0	104	3.1
Abduction and kidnapping/ deprivation of liberty	–	–	–	na	100.0	100.0	1	0.0
Harassment and threatening behaviour	10.5	–	10.5	na	89.5	100.0	19	0.6
Robbery, extortion and related offences	–	–	–	na	100.0	100.0	40	1.2
Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter	18.0	0.9	18.9	na	81.1	100.0	233	6.9
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	2.4	2.4	4.8	na	95.2	100.0	84	2.5
Theft (except motor vehicles)	20.3	0.9	21.2	na	78.8	100.0	449	13.3

TABLE 11A.3.42

Table 11A.3.42 SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2019 (a)

	Formal caution	Transfer to family conference	Offenders diverted	Transfer to Youth Court	Withdrawn and unknown (b)	Total	Total	Proportion of total offences
Unit	%	%	%	%	%	%	no.	%
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	4.4	2.2	6.7	na	93.3	100.0	90	2.7
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	–	–	–	na	–	100.0	–	–
Fraud, deception and related offences	12.5	–	12.5	na	87.5	100.0	16	0.5
Illicit drug offences	13.1	3.4	16.5	na	83.5	100.0	474	14.1
Weapons and explosives offences	23.2	5.4	28.6	na	71.4	100.0	168	5.0
Property damage and environmental pollution	7.7	1.3	9.0	na	91.0	100.0	456	13.5
Disorderly conduct	20.1	0.7	20.9	na	79.1	100.0	278	8.3
Regulated public order offences	35.5	–	35.5	na	64.5	100.0	31	0.9
Offensive conduct	30.4	–	30.4	na	69.6	100.0	23	0.7
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	4.9	2.2	7.1	na	92.9	100.0	182	5.4
Breach of custodial/community orders	–	–	–	na	100.0	100.0	1	0.0
Other offences against justice procedures/ governr	–	–	–	na	100.0	100.0	35	1.0
Miscellaneous offences	10.3	2.6	12.8	na	87.2	100.0	39	1.2
Total	412	67	479	na	2 889		3 368	100.0

(a) A new crime recording system was implemented by South Australia Police in November 2018. This system change has impacted on the comparability of the data over the time series.

(b) The data field for the “Unknown” and Transfers to Youth Court contain differences and are not falling into the correct categories while these issues are being reviewed by South Australia Police. Users are advised to use caution when comparing published 2019 South Australian data to earlier reference periods

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source South Australian Police (unpublished data).

TABLE 11A.3.43

Table 11A.3.43 SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2018 (a)

	Formal caution	Transfer to family conference	Offenders diverted	Transfer to Youth Court	Withdrawn and unknown (b)	Total	Total (b)	Proportion of total offences
Unit	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander								
Homicide and related offences	–	–	–	–	100.0	100.0	2	0.1
Serious assault	7.2	14.4	21.7	43.9	34.4	100.0	180	8.4
Common assault	17.2	17.8	35.0	28.8	36.2	100.0	163	7.6
Other acts intended to cause injury	100.0	–	100.0	–	–	100.0	1	0.0
Sexual assault	–	–	–	50.0	50.0	100.0	10	0.5
Non-assaultative sexual offences	–	50.0	50.0	25.0	25.0	100.0	4	0.2
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	11.1	11.1	22.2	33.3	44.4	100.0	36	1.7
Abduction and kidnapping/ deprivation of liberty	–	–	–	100.0	–	100.0	1	0.0
Harassment and threatening behaviour	20.0	–	20.0	30.0	50.0	100.0	10	0.5
Robbery, extortion and related offences	–	14.3	14.3	33.3	52.4	100.0	21	1.0
Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter	13.7	19.1	32.8	28.9	38.2	100.0	204	9.5
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	3.2	11.3	14.5	37.9	47.6	100.0	124	5.8
Theft (except motor vehicles)	18.7	14.9	33.6	37.1	29.4	100.0	402	18.7
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	11.1	11.1	22.2	40.7	37.0	100.0	81	3.8
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	–	–	–	–	–	100.0	–	–
Fraud, deception and related offences	–	–	–	50.0	50.0	100.0	2	0.1
Illicit drug offences	12.0	12.0	24.1	39.8	36.1	100.0	83	3.9
Weapons and explosives offences	12.9	12.9	25.8	51.6	22.6	100.0	62	2.9
Property damage and environmental pollution	12.3	17.6	29.9	39.0	31.0	100.0	374	17.4
Disorderly conduct	17.4	17.4	34.9	34.4	30.7	100.0	241	11.2

TABLE 11A.3.43

Table 11A.3.43 SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2018 (a)

	Formal caution	Transfer to family conference	Offenders diverted	Transfer to Youth Court	Withdrawn and unknown (b)	Total	Total (b)	Proportion of total offences
Unit	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%
Regulated public order offences	37.5	–	37.5	37.5	25.0	100.0	8	0.4
Offensive conduct	25.0	18.8	43.8	37.5	18.8	100.0	16	0.7
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	10.9	6.5	17.4	45.7	37.0	100.0	92	4.3
Breach of custodial/community orders	–	–	–	20.0	80.0	100.0	5	0.2
Other offences against justice procedures/ government	7.7	7.7	15.4	23.1	61.5	100.0	13	0.6
Miscellaneous offences	66.7	–	66.7	33.3	–	100.0	12	0.6
	296	322	618	797	732		2 147	100.0
Non-Indigenous								
Homicide and related offences	–	–	–	–	100.0	100.0	1	0.0
Serious assault	14.7	28.7	43.4	31.9	24.7	100.0	279	7.7
Common assault	19.9	26.3	46.2	26.6	27.2	100.0	346	9.5
Other acts intended to cause injury	50.0	–	50.0	–	50.0	100.0	2	0.1
Sexual assault	–	26.5	26.5	36.8	36.8	100.0	68	1.9
Non-assaultative sexual offences	2.3	83.7	86.0	9.3	4.7	100.0	43	1.2
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	22.7	12.7	35.5	39.1	25.5	100.0	110	3.0
Abduction and kidnapping/ deprivation of liberty	–	–	–	25.0	75.0	100.0	4	0.1
Harassment and threatening behaviour	17.2	27.6	44.8	27.6	27.6	100.0	29	0.8
Robbery, extortion and related offences	–	24.4	24.4	28.9	46.7	100.0	45	1.2
Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter	11.3	24.4	35.6	33.8	30.6	100.0	160	4.4
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	11.7	15.3	27.0	44.1	28.8	100.0	111	3.0

TABLE 11A.3.43

Table 11A.3.43 SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2018 (a)

	Formal caution	Transfer to family conference	Offenders diverted	Transfer to Youth Court	Withdrawn and unknown (b)	Total	Total (b)	Proportion of total offences
Unit	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%
Theft (except motor vehicles)	27.8	20.2	47.9	30.4	21.7	100.0	605	16.6
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	19.6	18.3	37.9	35.9	26.1	100.0	153	4.2
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	–	–	–	–	–	100.0	–	–
Fraud, deception and related offences	15.0	50.0	65.0	20.0	15.0	100.0	20	0.5
Illicit drug offences	17.0	14.8	31.9	29.7	38.5	100.0	182	5.0
Weapons and explosives offences	38.3	16.8	55.1	19.8	25.1	100.0	167	4.6
Property damage and environmental pollution	18.2	26.6	44.8	30.3	24.9	100.0	610	16.8
Disorderly conduct	34.9	13.9	48.8	30.2	21.0	100.0	367	10.1
Regulated public order offences	52.9	11.8	64.7	23.5	11.8	100.0	17	0.5
Offensive conduct	26.9	15.4	42.3	26.9	30.8	100.0	26	0.7
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	23.6	13.4	37.0	38.9	24.1	100.0	216	5.9
Breach of custodial/community orders	–	–	–	66.7	33.3	100.0	3	0.1
Other offences against justice procedures/ government	3.6	16.1	19.6	35.7	44.6	100.0	56	1.5
Miscellaneous offences	45.0	15.0	60.0	20.0	20.0	100.0	20	0.5
Total	786	789	1 575	1 125	940	100.0	3 640	100.0

(a) Prior to 1 July 2007 the recording of the racial identity of the alleged offender largely reflected the apprehending officer's opinion based on the physical appearance of the individual. From 1 July 2007, South Australia Police adopted the standard ABS question on Indigenous status for alleged offenders.

(b) The 'Total' excludes those offenders with either a 'withdrawn' or 'unknown' outcome.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source South Australian Police (unpublished data).

TABLE 11A.3.44

Table 11A.3.44 SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2017 (a)

	Formal caution	Transfer to family conference	Offenders diverted	Transfer to Youth Court	Withdrawn and unknown (b)	Total	Total (b)	Proportion of total offences
Unit	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander								
Homicide and related offences	—	—	—	—	100.0	100.0	4	0.2
Serious assault	11.0	15.5	26.5	36.5	37.0	100.0	181	7.9
Common assault	14.1	20.8	34.9	44.3	20.8	100.0	149	6.5
Other acts intended to cause injury	—	—	—	—	100.0	100.0	1	0.0
Sexual assault	—	—	—	45.5	54.5	100.0	11	0.5
Non-assaultative sexual offences	—	100.0	100.0	—	—	100.0	6	0.3
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	19.0	7.1	26.2	26.2	47.6	100.0	42	1.8
Abduction and kidnapping/ deprivation of liberty	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Harassment and threatening behaviour	—	14.3	14.3	42.9	42.9	100.0	7	0.3
Robbery, extortion and related offences	—	6.3	6.3	28.1	65.6	100.0	32	1.4
Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter	6.6	20.4	27.0	35.5	37.4	100.0	211	9.2
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	5.1	13.8	18.8	21.0	60.1	100.0	138	6.0
Theft (except motor vehicles)	11.9	16.7	28.6	46.1	25.3	100.0	479	20.8
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	11.1	9.1	20.2	40.4	39.4	100.0	99	4.3
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Fraud, deception and related offences	—	16.7	16.7	33.3	50.0	100.0	6	0.3
Illicit drug offences	14.9	4.1	18.9	66.2	14.9	100.0	74	3.2
Weapons and explosives offences	15.0	25.0	40.0	42.5	17.5	100.0	40	1.7
Property damage and environmental pollution	17.1	21.7	38.8	38.8	22.5	100.0	387	16.8
Disorderly conduct	18.7	19.3	38.0	36.1	25.9	100.0	305	13.3

TABLE 11A.3.44

Table 11A.3.44 **SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2017 (a)**

	<i>Formal caution</i>	<i>Transfer to family conference</i>	Offenders diverted	<i>Transfer to Youth Court</i>	<i>Withdrawn and unknown (b)</i>	<i>Total</i>	Total (b)	<i>Proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%
Regulated public order offences	54.5	–	54.5	45.5	–	100.0	11	0.5
Offensive conduct	25.0	18.8	43.8	43.8	12.5	100.0	16	0.7
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	24.1	3.4	27.6	40.2	32.2	100.0	87	3.8
Breach of custodial/community orders	–	100.0	100.0	–	–	100.0	1	0.0
Other offences against justice procedures/ government	14.3	–	14.3	14.3	71.4	100.0	7	0.3
Miscellaneous offences	–	–	–	75.0	25.0	100.0	4	0.2
	310	386	696	904	698		2 298	100.0
Non-Indigenous								
Homicide and related offences	–	–	–	–	100.0	100.0	2	0.0
Serious assault	17.5	26.6	44.1	31.1	24.8	100.0	286	6.8
Common assault	27.3	29.8	57.1	27.0	16.0	100.0	326	7.8
Other acts intended to cause injury	–	–	–	–	–	100.0	–	–
Sexual assault	3.8	33.3	37.2	43.6	19.2	100.0	78	1.9
Non-assaultative sexual offences	21.1	61.1	82.2	11.1	6.7	100.0	90	2.1
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	22.1	12.3	34.4	45.9	19.7	100.0	122	2.9
Abduction and kidnapping/ deprivation of liberty	–	–	–	–	–	100.0	–	–
Harassment and threatening behaviour	5.7	40.0	45.7	22.9	31.4	100.0	35	0.8
Robbery, extortion and related offences	4.3	17.4	21.7	30.4	47.8	100.0	46	1.1
Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter	3.3	46.0	49.4	27.2	23.4	100.0	239	5.7
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	9.4	27.6	37.0	33.9	29.1	100.0	127	3.0

TABLE 11A.3.44

Table 11A.3.44 SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2017 (a)

	Formal caution	Transfer to family conference	Offenders diverted	Transfer to Youth Court	Withdrawn and unknown (b)	Total	Total (b)	Proportion of total offences
Unit	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%
Theft (except motor vehicles)	39.1	22.6	61.7	26.2	12.1	100.0	801	19.1
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	18.1	18.1	36.2	38.9	24.8	100.0	149	3.6
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	–	–	–	–	–	100.0	–	–
Fraud, deception and related offences	30.0	40.0	70.0	15.0	15.0	100.0	20	0.5
Illicit drug offences	21.7	20.2	41.9	46.5	11.6	100.0	129	3.1
Weapons and explosives offences	44.3	23.4	67.7	21.6	10.8	100.0	167	4.0
Property damage and environmental pollution	22.7	31.4	54.1	30.1	15.7	100.0	700	16.7
Disorderly conduct	43.9	20.9	64.8	23.8	11.4	100.0	492	11.7
Regulated public order offences	71.0	12.9	83.9	16.1	–	100.0	31	0.7
Offensive conduct	66.7	6.1	72.7	21.2	6.1	100.0	33	0.8
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	29.8	9.7	39.5	37.9	22.6	100.0	248	5.9
Breach of custodial/community orders	100.0	–	100.0	–	–	100.0	1	0.0
Other offences against justice procedures/ government	2.4	17.1	19.5	19.5	61.0	100.0	41	1.0
Miscellaneous offences	37.9	24.1	62.1	20.7	17.2	100.0	29	0.7
Total	1 166	1 084	2 250	1 222	720	100.0	4 192	100.0

(a) Prior to 1 July 2007 the recording of the racial identity of the alleged offender largely reflected the apprehending officer's opinion based on the physical appearance of the individual. From 1 July 2007, South Australia Police adopted the standard ABS question on Indigenous status for alleged offenders.

(b) The 'Total' excludes those offenders with either a 'withdrawn' or 'unknown' outcome.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source South Australian Police (unpublished data).

TABLE 11A.3.45

Table 11A.3.45 **SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2016 (a)**

	Formal caution	Transfer to family conference	Offenders diverted	Transfer to Youth Court	Withdrawn and unknown (b)	Total	Total (b)	Proportion of total offences
Unit	%	%	%	%	%	%	no.	%
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander								
Homicide and related offences	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Serious assault	6.6	22.0	28.6	46.7	24.7	100.0	182	7.8
Common assault	10.1	26.8	37.0	42.8	20.3	100.0	138	5.9
Other acts intended to cause injury	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Sexual assault	—	23.5	23.5	70.6	5.9	100.0	17	0.7
Non-assaultative sexual offences	—	83.3	83.3	—	16.7	100.0	6	0.3
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	7.5	22.5	30.0	50.0	20.0	100.0	40	1.7
Abduction and kidnapping/ deprivation of liberty	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Harassment and threatening behaviour	16.7	—	16.7	33.3	50.0	100.0	6	0.3
Robbery, extortion and related offences	—	—	—	32.1	67.9	100.0	28	1.2
Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter	12.1	16.3	28.4	37.2	34.4	100.0	215	9.2
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	3.6	13.9	17.6	40.0	42.4	100.0	165	7.1
Theft (except motor vehicles)	16.2	16.0	32.1	41.5	26.4	100.0	470	20.1
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	8.7	11.5	20.2	52.9	26.9	100.0	104	4.4
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Fraud, deception and related offences	50.0	—	50.0	—	50.0	100.0	2	0.1
Illicit drug offences	25.4	6.3	31.7	55.6	12.7	100.0	63	2.7
Weapons and explosives offences	8.5	12.8	21.3	61.7	17.0	100.0	47	2.0
Property damage and environmental pollution	12.5	21.2	33.7	42.5	23.8	100.0	416	17.8
Disorderly conduct	22.5	14.6	37.1	39.7	23.2	100.0	302	12.9

TABLE 11A.3.45

Table 11A.3.45 **SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2016 (a)**

	<i>Formal caution</i>	<i>Transfer to family conference</i>	Offenders diverted	<i>Transfer to Youth Court</i>	<i>Withdrawn and unknown (b)</i>	<i>Total</i>	Total (b)	<i>Proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%	%	%	no.	%
Regulated public order offences	37.5	12.5	50.0	50.0	–	100.0	8	0.3
Offensive conduct	30.0	10.0	40.0	40.0	20.0	100.0	10	0.4
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	2.3	10.2	12.5	59.1	28.4	100.0	88	3.8
Breach of custodial/community orders	–	–	–	100.0	–	100.0	4	0.2
Other offences against justice procedures/ government	–	–	–	40.0	60.0	100.0	25	1.1
Miscellaneous offences	25.0	25.0	50.0	25.0	25.0	100.0	4	0.2
	297	394	691	1 019	630		2 340	100.0
Non-Indigenous								
Homicide and related offences	–	–	–	–	100.0	100.0	1	–
Serious assault	11.6	24.8	36.4	42.0	21.6	100.0	319	8.3
Common assault	25.3	31.3	56.7	29.0	14.3	100.0	300	7.8
Other acts intended to cause injury	–	–	–	–	100.0	100.0	1	0.0
Sexual assault	4.1	31.5	35.6	41.1	23.3	100.0	73	1.9
Non-assaultative sexual offences	8.8	77.5	86.3	4.9	8.8	100.0	102	2.7
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	19.4	13.0	32.4	43.5	24.1	100.0	108	2.8
Abduction and kidnapping/ deprivation of liberty	–	–	–	–	–	100.0	–	–
Harassment and threatening behaviour	25.0	25.0	50.0	17.9	32.1	100.0	28	0.7
Robbery, extortion and related offences	–	12.0	56.0	56.0	32.0	100.0	50	1.3
Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter	10.2	38.1	48.3	41.5	10.2	100.0	147	3.8
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	11.5	26.0	37.5	38.5	–	100.0	96	2.5

TABLE 11A.3.45

Table 11A.3.45 SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2016 (a)

	Formal caution	Transfer to family conference	Offenders diverted	Transfer to Youth Court	Withdrawn and unknown (b)	Total	Total (b)	Proportion of total offences
Unit	%	%	%	%	%	%	no.	%
Theft (except motor vehicles)	40.2	22.5	62.7	25.3	11.9	100.0	754	19.6
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	18.3	23.5	41.7	28.7	29.6	100.0	115	3.0
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	–	100.0	100.0	–	–	100.0	1	0.0
Fraud, deception and related offences	28.6	14.3	42.9	21.4	35.7	100.0	14	0.4
Illicit drug offences	12.2	23.7	35.9	52.7	11.5	100.0	131	3.4
Weapons and explosives offences	38.1	22.4	60.5	23.8	15.6	100.0	147	3.8
Property damage and environmental pollution	24.0	26.5	50.5	33.8	15.7	100.0	562	14.6
Disorderly conduct	42.3	17.3	59.6	27.0	13.4	100.0	492	12.8
Regulated public order offences	58.3	22.9	81.3	10.4	8.3	100.0	48	1.2
Offensive conduct	51.4	17.1	68.6	17.1	14.3	100.0	35	0.9
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	16.3	12.6	28.9	47.2	24.0	100.0	246	6.4
Breach of custodial/community orders	–	–	–	–	100.0	100.0	1	0.0
Other offences against justice procedures/ government	11.1	14.8	25.9	40.7	33.3	100.0	54	1.4
Miscellaneous offences	30.0	40.0	70.0	25.0	5.0	100.0	20	0.5
Total	1 020	945	1 965	1 242	638		3 845	100.0

(a) Prior to 1 July 2007 the recording of the racial identity of the alleged offender largely reflected the apprehending officer's opinion based on the physical appearance of the individual. From 1 July 2007, South Australia Police adopted the standard ABS question on Indigenous status for alleged offenders.

(b) The 'Total' excludes those offenders with either a 'withdrawn' or 'unknown' outcome.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source South Australian Police (unpublished data).

TABLE 11A.3.46

Table 11A.3.46 SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2015 (a)

	Formal caution	Transfer to family conference	Offenders diverted	Transfer to Youth Court	Withdrawn and unknown (b)	Total	Total (b)	Proportion of total offences
Unit	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander								
Homicide and related offences	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Serious assault	3.5	12.4	15.9	64.6	19.5	100.0	113	5.9
Common assault	19.1	14.9	34.0	54.3	11.7	100.0	94	4.9
Other acts intended to cause injury	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Sexual assault	—	20.0	20.0	60.0	20.0	100.0	15	0.8
Non-assaultative sexual offences	—	75.0	75.0	—	25.0	100.0	4	0.2
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	23.8	9.5	33.3	52.4	14.3	100.0	21	1.1
Abduction and kidnapping/ deprivation of liberty	—	—	—	100.0	—	100.0	3	0.2
Harassment and threatening behaviour	50.0	33.3	83.3	16.7	—	100.0	6	0.3
Robbery, extortion and related offences	—	—	—	67.9	32.1	100.0	28	1.5
Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter	10.6	8.9	19.6	67.2	13.2	100.0	235	12.3
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	4.7	13.2	17.8	67.4	14.7	100.0	129	6.7
Theft (except motor vehicles)	21.4	13.9	35.4	53.9	10.7	100.0	280	14.6
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	5.6	16.7	22.2	61.1	16.7	100.0	54	2.8
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Fraud, deception and related offences	—	10.0	10.0	85.0	5.0	100.0	20	1.0
Illicit drug offences	5.1	2.6	7.7	69.2	23.1	100.0	39	2.0
Weapons and explosives offences	24.0	12.0	36.0	40.0	24.0	100.0	25	1.3
Property damage and environmental pollution	21.1	11.9	33.0	52.8	14.2	100.0	218	11.4
Disorderly conduct	19.8	12.3	32.1	58.0	9.9	100.0	81	4.2

TABLE 11A.3.46

Table 11A.3.46 **SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2015 (a)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>Formal caution</i>	<i>Transfer to family conference</i>	<i>Offenders diverted</i>	<i>Transfer to Youth Court</i>	<i>Withdrawn and unknown (b)</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Total (b)</i>	<i>Proportion of total offences</i>
	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%
Regulated public order offences	66.7	–	66.7	–	33.3	100.0	6	0.3
Offensive conduct	14.3	14.3	28.6	57.1	14.3	100.0	7	0.4
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	21.4	7.1	28.6	47.6	23.8	100.0	42	2.2
Breach of custodial/community orders	8.5	10.5	19.0	67.1	13.9	100.0	459	24.0
Other offences against justice procedures/ government	13.8	3.4	17.2	65.5	17.2	100.0	29	1.5
Miscellaneous offences	33.3	–	33.3	50.0	16.7	100.0	6	0.3
	253	219	472	1 166	276		1 914	100.0
Non-Indigenous								
Homicide and related offences	–	–	–	–	–	100.0	–	–
Serious assault	14.8	20.5	35.2	53.3	11.5	100.0	244	6.7
Common assault	27.6	20.7	48.4	35.4	16.3	100.0	246	6.8
Other acts intended to cause injury	–	100.0	100.0	–	–	100.0	1	0.0
Sexual assault	4.3	13.0	17.4	62.3	20.3	100.0	69	1.9
Non-assaultative sexual offences	22.1	54.0	76.1	11.5	12.4	100.0	113	3.1
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	12.1	6.5	18.7	69.2	12.1	100.0	107	3.0
Abduction and kidnapping/ deprivation of liberty	–	–	–	100.0	–	100.0	1	0.0
Harassment and threatening behaviour	40.5	21.4	61.9	31.0	7.1	100.0	42	1.2
Robbery, extortion and related offences	–	8.9	8.9	82.2	8.9	100.0	45	1.2
Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter	26.9	17.3	44.2	47.0	8.8	100.0	249	6.9
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	7.9	9.0	16.9	64.0	19.1	100.0	89	2.5

TABLE 11A.3.46

Table 11A.3.46 SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2015 (a)

Unit	Formal caution	Transfer to family conference	Offenders diverted	Transfer to Youth Court	Withdrawn and unknown (b)	Total	Total (b)	Proportion of total offences
	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%
Theft (except motor vehicles)	38.0	11.7	49.7	36.9	13.4	100.0	574	15.9
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	30.3	6.6	36.8	55.3	7.9	100.0	76	2.1
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	–	–	–	100.0	–	100.0	1	0.0
Fraud, deception and related offences	28.6	28.6	57.1	42.9	–	100.0	21	0.6
Illicit drug offences	15.0	17.8	32.7	53.3	14.0	100.0	107	3.0
Weapons and explosives offences	50.0	6.3	56.3	31.3	12.5	100.0	96	2.7
Property damage and environmental pollution	24.5	21.6	46.2	40.5	13.4	100.0	546	15.1
Disorderly conduct	36.9	11.9	48.8	35.1	16.1	100.0	168	4.6
Regulated public order offences	77.5	5.0	82.5	10.0	7.5	100.0	40	1.1
Offensive conduct	54.5	4.5	59.1	36.4	4.5	100.0	22	0.6
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	15.9	5.1	21.0	63.1	15.9	100.0	176	4.9
Breach of custodial/community orders	7.5	11.2	18.7	68.3	13.0	100.0	438	12.1
Other offences against justice procedures/ government	34.6	14.3	48.9	41.4	9.8	100.0	133	3.7
Miscellaneous offences	50.0	37.5	87.5	12.5	–	100.0	16	0.4
Total	901	570	1 471	1 682	467		3 620	100.0

(a) Prior to 1 July 2007 the recording of the racial identity of the alleged offender largely reflected the apprehending officer's opinion based on the physical appearance of the individual. From 1 July 2007, South Australia Police adopted the standard ABS question on Indigenous status for alleged offenders.

(b) The 'Total' includes those offenders with either a 'withdrawn' or 'unknown' outcome.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source Office of Crime Statistics and Research (unpublished) Attorney-General's Department, South Australia.

TABLE 11A.3.47

Table 11A.3.47 **SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2014 (a)**

	Formal caution	Transfer to family conference	Offenders diverted	Transfer to Youth Court	Withdrawn and unknown (b)	Total	Total (b)	Proportion of total offences
Unit	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander								
Homicide and related offences	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Serious assault	4.4	14.2	18.6	75.2	6.2	100.0	113	5.7
Common assault	14.8	18.0	32.8	59.0	8.2	100.0	61	3.1
Other acts intended to cause injury	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Sexual assault	—	11.1	11.1	83.3	5.6	100.0	18	0.9
Non-assaultative sexual offences	40.0	40.0	80.0	—	20.0	100.0	5	0.3
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	14.3	—	14.3	71.4	14.3	100.0	7	0.4
Abduction and kidnapping/ deprivation of liberty	—	—	—	100.0	—	100.0	1	0.1
Harassment and threatening behaviour	21.4	7.1	28.6	50.0	21.4	100.0	14	0.7
Robbery, extortion and related offences	—	2.4	2.4	85.7	11.9	100.0	42	2.1
Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter	13.4	11.6	25.0	64.7	10.3	100.0	224	11.4
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	6.8	9.1	15.9	68.2	15.9	100.0	88	4.5
Theft (except motor vehicles)	25.1	13.2	38.2	52.4	9.4	100.0	319	16.2
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	5.4	10.7	16.1	75.0	8.9	100.0	56	2.8
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	—	—	—	100.0	—	100.0	1	0.1
Fraud, deception and related offences	—	—	—	88.9	11.1	100.0	9	0.5
Illicit drug offences	22.2	11.1	33.3	66.7	—	100.0	45	2.3
Weapons and explosives offences	26.1	13.0	39.1	52.2	8.7	100.0	23	1.2
Property damage and environmental pollution	17.1	17.5	34.5	60.0	5.5	100.0	275	13.9
Disorderly conduct	22.4	12.9	35.3	61.2	3.5	100.0	85	4.3

TABLE 11A.3.47

Table 11A.3.47 SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2014 (a)

	Formal caution	Transfer to family conference	Offenders diverted	Transfer to Youth Court	Withdrawn and unknown (b)	Total	Total (b)	Proportion of total offences
Unit	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%
Regulated public order offences	62.5	–	62.5	37.5	–	100.0	8	0.4
Offensive conduct	9.1	9.1	18.2	81.8	–	100.0	11	0.6
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	14.0	2.0	16.0	64.0	20.0	100.0	50	2.5
Breach of custodial/community orders	10.6	8.5	19.1	67.3	13.6	100.0	471	23.9
Other offences against justice procedures/ government	28.6	11.9	40.5	50.0	9.5	100.0	42	2.1
Miscellaneous offences	–	25.0	25.0	25.0	50.0	100.0	4	0.2
Total	296	230	526	1 250	196		1 972	100.0
Non-Indigenous								
Homicide and related offences	–	–	–	–	–	100.0	–	–
Serious assault	16.3	21.1	37.4	53.3	9.3	100.0	246	6.2
Common assault	29.7	24.2	53.9	36.4	9.7	100.0	269	6.8
Other acts intended to cause injury	–	–	–	100.0	–	100.0	2	0.1
Sexual assault	–	31.7	31.7	51.2	17.1	100.0	82	2.1
Non-assaultative sexual offences	23.2	62.5	85.7	10.7	3.6	100.0	112	2.8
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	16.1	6.5	22.6	51.6	25.8	100.0	93	2.4
Abduction and kidnapping/ deprivation of liberty	–	–	–	–	–	100.0	–	–
Harassment and threatening behaviour	47.8	17.4	65.2	26.1	8.7	100.0	23	0.6
Robbery, extortion and related offences	3.0	4.5	7.6	69.7	22.7	100.0	66	1.7
Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter	28.9	29.3	58.2	36.4	5.4	100.0	280	7.1
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	13.7	8.5	22.2	65.8	12.0	100.0	117	3.0

TABLE 11A.3.47

Table 11A.3.47 SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2014 (a)

	Formal caution	Transfer to family conference	Offenders diverted	Transfer to Youth Court	Withdrawn and unknown (b)	Total	Total (b)	Proportion of total offences
Unit	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%
Theft (except motor vehicles)	43.5	13.2	56.7	37.8	5.5	100.0	637	16.1
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	21.6	14.8	36.4	60.2	3.4	100.0	88	2.2
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	—	—	—	100.0	—	100.0	1	0.0
Fraud, deception and related offences	33.3	4.8	38.1	38.1	23.8	100.0	21	0.5
Illicit drug offences	22.4	19.0	41.4	45.7	12.9	100.0	116	2.9
Weapons and explosives offences	44.8	19.8	64.6	31.3	4.2	100.0	96	2.4
Property damage and environmental pollution	29.7	23.1	52.8	40.4	6.8	100.0	559	14.2
Disorderly conduct	44.7	9.7	54.4	39.3	6.3	100.0	206	5.2
Regulated public order offences	79.5	9.1	88.6	9.1	2.3	100.0	44	1.1
Offensive conduct	52.0	8.0	60.0	28.0	12.0	100.0	25	0.6
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	20.1	6.5	26.6	53.8	19.6	100.0	199	5.0
Breach of custodial/community orders	7.3	12.3	19.6	70.1	10.4	100.0	521	13.2
Other offences against justice procedures/ government	36.0	10.3	46.3	46.3	7.4	100.0	136	3.4
Miscellaneous offences	33.3	50.0	83.3	16.7	—	100.0	6	0.2
Total	1 078	706	1 784	1 804	357		3 945	100.0

(a) Prior to 1 July 2007 the recording of the racial identity of the alleged offender largely reflected the apprehending officer's opinion based on the physical appearance of the individual. From 1 July 2007, South Australia Police adopted the standard ABS question on Indigenous status for alleged offenders.

(b) The 'Total' includes those offenders with either a 'withdrawn' or 'unknown' outcome.

— Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Office of Crime Statistics and Research (unpublished) Attorney-General's Department, South Australia.

TABLE 11A.3.48

Table 11A.3.48 **SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2013 (a)**

	Formal caution	Transfer to family conference	Offenders diverted	Transfer to Youth Court	Withdrawn and unknown (b)	Total	Total (b)	Proportion of total offences
Unit	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander								
Homicide and related offences	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Serious assault	8.1	21.3	29.4	66.9	3.7	100.0	136	5.8
Common assault	15.5	32.7	48.2	46.4	5.5	100.0	110	4.7
Other acts intended to cause injury	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Sexual assault	14.3	14.3	28.6	71.4	—	100.0	7	0.3
Non-assaultative sexual offences	20.0	60.0	80.0	20.0	—	100.0	5	0.2
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	20.8	16.7	37.5	41.7	20.8	100.0	24	1.0
Abduction and kidnapping/ deprivation of liberty	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Harassment and threatening behaviour	—	40.0	40.0	60.0	—	100.0	5	0.2
Robbery, extortion and related offences	—	11.3	11.3	86.8	1.9	100.0	53	2.2
Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter	7.5	21.8	29.3	66.5	4.2	100.0	239	10.1
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	7.1	18.8	25.9	68.8	5.4	100.0	112	4.7
Theft (except motor vehicles)	20.4	16.2	36.6	60.8	2.6	100.0	309	13.1
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	15.0	15.0	30.0	68.8	1.3	100.0	80	3.4
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Fraud, deception and related offences	—	—	—	66.7	33.3	100.0	6	0.3
Illicit drug offences	12.1	3.0	15.2	84.8	—	100.0	33	1.4
Weapons and explosives offences	30.8	15.4	46.2	50.0	3.8	100.0	26	1.1
Property damage and environmental pollution	17.0	19.4	36.4	60.2	3.4	100.0	294	12.5
Disorderly conduct	25.2	12.2	37.4	61.7	0.9	100.0	115	4.9

TABLE 11A.3.48

Table 11A.3.48 **SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2013 (a)**

	<i>Formal caution</i>	<i>Transfer to family conference</i>	Offenders diverted	<i>Transfer to Youth Court</i>	<i>Withdrawn and unknown (b)</i>	<i>Total</i>	Total (b)	<i>Proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%
Regulated public order offences	46.2	15.4	61.5	38.5	–	100.0	26	1.1
Offensive conduct	29.4	11.8	41.2	58.8	–	100.0	17	0.7
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	11.3	7.5	18.9	73.6	7.5	100.0	53	2.2
Breach of custodial/community orders	6.1	10.4	16.5	78.6	4.9	100.0	655	27.8
Other offences against justice procedures/ government	21.6	9.8	31.4	60.8	7.8	100.0	51	2.2
Miscellaneous offences	–	25.0	25.0	75.0	–	100.0	4	0.2
Total	301	376	677	1 587	96		2 360	100.0
Non-Indigenous								
Homicide and related offences	–	–	–	50.0	50.0	100.0	2	0.0
Serious assault	16.3	23.3	39.6	57.9	2.5	100.0	240	5.2
Common assault	28.4	29.7	58.1	37.8	4.1	100.0	296	6.4
Other acts intended to cause injury	–	100.0	100.0	–	–	100.0	1	0.0
Sexual assault	7.4	39.7	47.1	44.1	8.8	100.0	68	1.5
Non-assaultative sexual offences	14.6	75.6	90.2	7.3	2.4	100.0	82	1.8
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	12.6	10.5	23.1	54.5	22.4	100.0	143	3.1
Abduction and kidnapping/ deprivation of liberty	–	–	–	–	–	100.0	–	–
Harassment and threatening behaviour	15.2	36.4	51.5	48.5	–	100.0	33	0.7
Robbery, extortion and related offences	–	3.5	3.5	93.0	3.5	100.0	57	1.2
Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter	26.0	24.3	50.3	46.2	3.5	100.0	346	7.4
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	14.9	14.9	29.9	66.4	3.7	100.0	134	2.9

TABLE 11A.3.48

Table 11A.3.48 SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2013 (a)

	Formal caution	Transfer to family conference	Offenders diverted	Transfer to Youth Court	Withdrawn and unknown (b)	Total	Total (b)	Proportion of total offences
Unit	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%
Theft (except motor vehicles)	43.1	18.5	61.5	36.5	1.9	100.0	736	15.8
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	24.8	25.7	50.5	46.7	2.9	100.0	105	2.3
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	–	–	–	–	–	100.0	–	–
Fraud, deception and related offences	26.3	5.3	31.6	63.2	5.3	100.0	19	0.4
Illicit drug offences	18.9	16.0	34.9	60.4	4.7	100.0	106	2.3
Weapons and explosives offences	56.7	15.4	72.1	26.0	1.9	100.0	104	2.2
Property damage and environmental pollution	26.0	26.2	52.2	43.7	4.1	100.0	705	15.1
Disorderly conduct	40.7	8.3	49.0	48.1	2.9	100.0	241	5.2
Regulated public order offences	78.9	3.9	82.9	14.5	2.6	100.0	76	1.6
Offensive conduct	60.0	6.7	66.7	26.7	6.7	100.0	30	0.6
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	16.9	5.9	22.7	57.3	20.0	100.0	255	5.5
Breach of custodial/community orders	10.2	15.9	26.1	68.8	5.0	100.0	696	14.9
Other offences against justice procedures/ government	34.0	16.0	50.0	46.8	3.2	100.0	156	3.3
Miscellaneous offences	51.7	24.1	75.9	24.1	–	100.0	29	0.6
Total	1 241	932	2 173	2 253	234		4 660	100.0

(a) Prior to 1 July 2007 the recording of the racial identity of the alleged offender largely reflected the apprehending officer's opinion based on the physical appearance of the individual. From 1 July 2007, South Australia Police adopted the standard ABS question on Indigenous status for alleged offenders.

(b) The 'Total' includes those offenders with either a 'withdrawn' or 'unknown' outcome.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Office of Crime Statistics and Research (OCSAR) 2016 (unpublished) Attorney-General's Department, South Australia.

TABLE 11A.3.49

Table 11A.3.49 SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2012 (a)

	Formal caution	Transfer to family conference	Offenders diverted	Transfer to Youth Court	Withdrawn and unknown (b)	Total	Total (b)	Proportion of total offences
Unit	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander								
Homicide and related offences	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Serious assault	6.3	19.6	25.9	69.6	4.5	100.0	112	5.0
Common assault	17.0	27.7	44.7	50.0	5.3	100.0	94	4.2
Other acts intended to cause injury	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Sexual assault	14.3	14.3	28.6	71.4	—	100.0	7	0.3
Non-assaultative sexual offences	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	5.3	5.3	10.5	78.9	10.5	100.0	19	0.9
Abduction and kidnapping/ deprivation of liberty	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Harassment and threatening behaviour	—	—	—	100.0	—	100.0	5	0.2
Robbery, extortion and related offences	—	4.5	4.5	84.1	11.4	100.0	44	2.0
Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter	8.0	21.4	29.3	66.7	4.0	100.0	276	12.4
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	5.9	13.4	19.3	73.1	7.6	100.0	119	5.3
Theft (except motor vehicles)	28.2	12.4	40.6	56.4	3.0	100.0	234	10.5
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	9.8	2.4	12.2	80.5	7.3	100.0	41	1.8
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	—	—	—	100.0	—	100.0	1	0.0
Fraud, deception and related offences	25.0	—	25.0	75.0	—	100.0	4	0.2
Illicit drug offences	10.3	2.6	12.8	84.6	2.6	100.0	39	1.7
Weapons and explosives offences	21.7	26.1	47.8	47.8	4.3	100.0	23	1.0
Property damage and environmental pollution	17.1	17.4	34.5	59.2	6.3	100.0	304	13.6
Disorderly conduct	28.4	11.0	39.4	58.7	1.8	100.0	109	4.9

TABLE 11A.3.49

Table 11A.3.49 SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2012 (a)

	Formal caution	Transfer to family conference	Offenders diverted	Transfer to Youth Court	Withdrawn and unknown (b)	Total	Total (b)	Proportion of total offences
Unit	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%
Regulated public order offences	58.1	3.2	61.3	35.5	3.2	100.0	31	1.4
Offensive conduct	40.0	–	40.0	60.0	–	100.0	10	0.4
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	27.0	1.4	28.4	51.4	20.3	100.0	74	3.3
Breach of custodial/community orders	6.2	7.1	13.3	81.8	4.9	100.0	616	27.6
Other offences against justice procedures/ government	29.7	12.5	42.2	50.0	7.8	100.0	64	2.9
Miscellaneous offences	–	28.6	28.6	42.9	28.6	100.0	7	0.3
Total	316	285	601	1 509	123		2 233	100.0
Non-Indigenous								
Homicide and related offences	–	–	–	100.0	–	100.0	5	0.1
Serious assault	15.1	23.8	38.9	57.9	3.2	100.0	252	4.7
Common assault	24.2	35.2	59.4	39.0	1.6	100.0	310	5.8
Other acts intended to cause injury	50.0	–	50.0	50.0	–	100.0	2	0.0
Sexual assault	2.4	37.3	39.8	53.0	7.2	100.0	83	1.6
Non-assaultative sexual offences	11.9	69.0	81.0	14.3	4.8	100.0	42	0.8
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	6.3	4.9	11.1	59.0	29.9	100.0	144	2.7
Abduction and kidnapping/ deprivation of liberty	–	–	–	–	–	100.0	–	–
Harassment and threatening behaviour	7.4	11.1	18.5	77.8	3.7	100.0	27	0.5
Robbery, extortion and related offences	–	14.5	14.5	81.8	3.6	100.0	55	1.0
Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter	18.6	28.8	47.4	49.7	2.9	100.0	441	8.2
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	9.0	19.8	28.8	64.9	6.3	100.0	111	2.1

TABLE 11A.3.49

Table 11A.3.49 SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2012 (a)

	Formal caution	Transfer to family conference	Offenders diverted	Transfer to Youth Court	Withdrawn and unknown (b)	Total	Total (b)	Proportion of total offences
Unit	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%
Theft (except motor vehicles)	50.3	19.0	69.2	27.3	3.4	100.0	991	18.5
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	27.0	18.9	45.9	50.5	3.6	100.0	111	2.1
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	–	–	–	–	–	100.0	–	–
Fraud, deception and related offences	28.6	21.4	50.0	42.9	7.1	100.0	14	0.3
Illicit drug offences	22.7	16.5	39.2	56.7	4.1	100.0	97	1.8
Weapons and explosives offences	52.0	18.2	70.3	28.4	1.4	100.0	148	2.8
Property damage and environmental pollution	25.9	27.0	52.9	44.0	3.1	100.0	834	15.6
Disorderly conduct	49.5	12.9	62.4	31.5	6.1	100.0	311	5.8
Regulated public order offences	78.9	6.3	85.3	11.6	3.2	100.0	95	1.8
Offensive conduct	51.4	11.4	62.9	37.1	–	100.0	35	0.7
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	27.1	3.8	30.9	47.1	22.0	100.0	291	5.4
Breach of custodial/community orders	7.7	7.0	14.7	79.7	5.7	100.0	757	14.2
Other offences against justice procedures/ government	38.7	15.0	53.8	39.9	6.4	100.0	173	3.2
Miscellaneous offences	52.6	10.5	63.2	31.6	5.3	100.0	19	0.4
Total	1 532	1 018	2 550	2 499	299		5 348	100.0

(a) Prior to 1 July 2007 the recording of the racial identity of the alleged offender largely reflected the apprehending officer's opinion based on the physical appearance of the individual. From 1 July 2007, South Australia Police adopted the standard ABS question on Indigenous status for alleged offenders.

(b) The 'Total' includes those offenders with either a 'withdrawn' or 'unknown' outcome.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Office of Crime Statistics and Research (unpublished) Attorney-General's Department, South Australia.

TABLE 11A.3.50

Table 11A.3.50 **SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2011 (a)**

	<i>Formal caution</i>	<i>Transfer to family conference</i>	Offenders diverted	<i>Transfer to Youth Court</i>	<i>Withdrawn and unknown (b)</i>	<i>Total</i>	Total (b)	<i>Proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander								
Homicide and related offences	—	—	—	100.0	—	100.0	2	0.1
Serious assault	10.6	15.5	26.1	64.1	9.9	100.0	142	6.4
Common assault	19.6	22.5	42.2	47.1	10.8	100.0	102	4.6
Other acts intended to cause injury	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Sexual assault	16.7	—	16.7	33.3	50.0	100.0	6	0.3
Non-assaultative sexual offences	—	—	—	100.0	—	100.0	1	0.0
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	—	—	—	82.4	17.6	100.0	17	0.8
Abduction and kidnapping/ deprivation of liberty	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Harassment and threatening behaviour	12.5	—	12.5	75.0	12.5	100.0	8	0.4
Robbery, extortion and related offences	—	2.8	2.8	91.7	5.6	100.0	36	1.6
Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter	8.2	14.2	22.5	64.4	13.1	100.0	267	12.1
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	5.0	10.9	15.8	69.3	14.9	100.0	101	4.6
Theft (except motor vehicles)	28.0	9.2	37.2	53.2	9.6	100.0	282	12.8
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	13.3	13.3	26.7	60.0	13.3	100.0	30	1.4
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Fraud, deception and related offences	—	33.3	33.3	66.7	—	100.0	3	0.1
Illicit drug offences	6.5	3.2	9.7	80.6	9.7	100.0	31	1.4
Weapons and explosives offences	34.6	3.8	38.5	53.8	7.7	100.0	26	1.2
Property damage and environmental pollution	14.9	19.1	34.0	59.4	6.6	100.0	303	13.7
Disorderly conduct	28.5	8.0	36.5	58.4	5.1	100.0	137	6.2

TABLE 11A.3.50

Table 11A.3.50 **SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2011 (a)**

	<i>Formal caution</i>	<i>Transfer to family conference</i>	Offenders diverted	<i>Transfer to Youth Court</i>	<i>Withdrawn and unknown (b)</i>	<i>Total</i>	Total (b)	<i>Proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>		<i>%</i>	no.	<i>%</i>
Regulated public order offences	70.6	5.9	76.5	17.6	5.9	100.0	17	0.8
Offensive conduct	28.6	21.4	50.0	42.9	7.1	100.0	14	0.6
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	27.7	4.6	32.3	41.5	26.2	100.0	65	2.9
Breach of custodial/community orders	6.5	6.4	12.9	75.2	11.9	100.0	565	25.6
Other offences against justice procedures/ government	20.8	9.4	30.2	60.4	9.4	100.0	53	2.4
Miscellaneous offences	33.3	–	33.3	66.7	–	100.0	3	0.1
Total	325	245	570	1 403	238		2 211	100.0
Non-Indigenous								
	–	–	–	–	–	100.0	–	–
Homicide and related offences	–	–	–	100.0	–	100.0	5	29.4
Serious assault	14.4	26.4	40.8	52.8	6.3	100.0	284	1 670.6
Common assault	30.7	28.2	58.9	33.0	8.1	100.0	358	2 105.9
Other acts intended to cause injury	50.0	–	50.0	–	50.0	100.0	2	11.8
Sexual assault	–	24.3	24.3	60.0	15.7	100.0	70	411.8
Non-assaultative sexual offences	9.1	68.2	77.3	13.6	9.1	100.0	44	258.8
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	3.4	3.0	6.5	60.8	32.8	100.0	232	1 364.7
Abduction and kidnapping/ deprivation of liberty	–	–	–	–	–	100.0	–	–
Harassment and threatening behaviour	3.6	28.6	32.1	67.9	–	100.0	28	164.7
Robbery, extortion and related offences	1.2	5.9	7.1	89.4	3.5	100.0	85	500.0
Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter	22.6	18.8	41.4	53.8	4.8	100.0	442	2 600.0

TABLE 11A.3.50

Table 11A.3.50 **SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2011 (a)**

	Formal caution	Transfer to family conference	Offenders diverted	Transfer to Youth Court	Withdrawn and unknown (b)	Total	Total (b)	Proportion of total offences
Unit	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	8.6	19.6	28.2	66.0	5.7	100.0	209	1 229.4
Theft (except motor vehicles)	51.0	13.3	64.3	27.6	8.0	100.0	1 060	6 235.3
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	28.0	17.2	45.2	45.2	9.7	100.0	93	547.1
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Fraud, deception and related offences	39.3	17.9	57.1	39.3	3.6	100.0	28	164.7
Illicit drug offences	15.8	19.2	35.0	54.2	10.8	100.0	120	705.9
Weapons and explosives offences	49.3	12.3	61.6	27.5	10.9	100.0	138	811.8
Property damage and environmental pollution	29.8	22.8	52.6	39.6	7.8	100.0	821	4 829.4
Disorderly conduct	48.0	11.9	59.8	33.7	6.5	100.0	371	2 182.4
Regulated public order offences	89.5	2.0	91.5	3.3	5.2	100.0	153	900.0
Offensive conduct	46.2	10.3	56.4	38.5	5.1	100.0	39	229.4
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	19.9	2.8	22.7	50.6	26.7	100.0	397	2 335.3
Breach of custodial/community orders	5.5	6.5	12.0	79.8	8.2	100.0	802	4 717.6
Other offences against justice procedures/ government	37.1	14.3	51.4	36.6	12.0	100.0	175	1 029.4
Miscellaneous offences	35.3	29.4	64.7	17.6	17.6	100.0	5 956	35 035.3
Total	1 721	900	2 621	2 760	592		5 973	100.0

(a) Prior to 1 July 2007 the recording of the racial identity of the alleged offender largely reflected the apprehending officer's opinion based on the physical appearance of the individual. From 1 July 2007, South Australia Police adopted the standard ABS question on Indigenous status for alleged offenders.

(b) The 'Total' includes those offenders with either a 'withdrawn' or 'unknown' outcome.

— Nil or rounded to zero.

TABLE 11A.3.50

Table 11A.3.50 **SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2011 (a)**

	<i>Formal caution</i>	<i>Transfer to family conference</i>	<i>Offenders diverted</i>	<i>Transfer to Youth Court</i>	<i>Withdrawn and unknown (b)</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Total (b)</i>	<i>Proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%

Source : Office of Crime Statistics and Research (unpublished) Attorney-General's Department, South Australia.

TABLE 11A.3.51

Table 11A.3.51 SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2010 (a)

	Formal caution	Transfer to family conference	Offenders diverted	Transfer to Youth Court	Withdrawn and unknown (b)	Total	Total (b)	Proportion of total offences
Unit	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander								
Homicide and related offences	—	—	—	100.0	—	100.0	1	0.0
Serious assault	6.1	12.2	18.3	71.0	10.7	100.0	131	6.1
Common assault	19.1	23.6	42.7	53.9	3.4	100.0	89	4.1
Other acts intended to cause injury	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Sexual assault	—	—	—	100.0	—	100.0	4	0.2
Non-assaultative sexual offences	—	100.0	100.0	—	—	100.0	1	0.0
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	—	6.3	6.3	81.3	12.5	100.0	16	0.7
Abduction and kidnapping/ deprivation of liberty	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Harassment and threatening behaviour	—	—	—	100.0	—	100.0	5	0.2
Robbery, extortion and related offences	—	5.7	5.7	80.0	14.3	100.0	35	1.6
Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter	6.9	16.7	23.6	62.7	13.8	100.0	276	12.8
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	5.2	13.0	18.2	77.9	3.9	100.0	77	3.6
Theft (except motor vehicles)	30.0	13.4	43.3	49.1	7.6	100.0	277	12.8
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	13.9	16.7	30.6	58.3	11.1	100.0	36	1.7
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Fraud, deception and related offences	—	—	—	100.0	—	100.0	1	0.0
Illicit drug offences	10.3	3.4	13.8	69.0	17.2	100.0	29	1.3
Weapons and explosives offences	31.4	2.9	34.3	60.0	5.7	100.0	35	1.6
Property damage and environmental pollution	20.1	17.7	37.8	56.3	5.9	100.0	254	11.8
Disorderly conduct	25.7	9.2	34.9	56.6	8.6	100.0	152	7.1

TABLE 11A.3.51

Table 11A.3.51 **SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2010 (a)**

	<i>Formal caution</i>	<i>Transfer to family conference</i>	Offenders diverted	<i>Transfer to Youth Court</i>	<i>Withdrawn and unknown (b)</i>	<i>Total</i>	Total (b)	<i>Proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%
Regulated public order offences	40.0	10.0	50.0	40.0	10.0	100.0	30	1.4
Offensive conduct	35.3	–	35.3	58.8	5.9	100.0	17	0.8
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	9.9	3.3	13.2	59.3	27.5	100.0	91	4.2
Breach of custodial/community orders	5.6	4.5	10.2	79.1	10.7	100.0	531	24.6
Other offences against justice procedures/ government	30.9	2.9	33.8	54.4	11.8	100.0	68	3.2
Miscellaneous offences	–	–	–	–	–	100.0	–	–
Total	318	233	551	1 386	219		2 156	100.0
Non-Indigenous								
Homicide and related offences	–	–	–	100.0	–	100.0	9	0.1
Serious assault	11.9	23.3	35.2	58.5	6.3	100.0	352	5.2
Common assault	30.1	23.6	53.6	38.1	8.3	100.0	386	5.7
Other acts intended to cause injury	–	–	–	–	100.0	100.0	1	0.0
Sexual assault	1.6	17.2	18.8	65.6	15.6	100.0	64	0.9
Non-assaultative sexual offences	50.0	33.3	83.3	8.3	8.3	100.0	12	0.2
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	2.8	1.4	4.2	53.1	42.7	100.0	286	4.2
Abduction and kidnapping/ deprivation of liberty	–	–	–	100.0	–	100.0	3	0.0
Harassment and threatening behaviour	7.1	14.3	21.4	71.4	7.1	100.0	28	0.4
Robbery, extortion and related offences	0.9	9.9	10.8	82.9	6.3	100.0	111	1.6
Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter	18.7	25.6	44.3	48.4	7.2	100.0	539	8.0
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	11.3	19.9	31.2	62.4	6.5	100.0	186	2.7

TABLE 11A.3.51

Table 11A.3.51 SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2010 (a)

	Formal caution	Transfer to family conference	Offenders diverted	Transfer to Youth Court	Withdrawn and unknown (b)	Total	Total (b)	Proportion of total offences
Unit	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%
Theft (except motor vehicles)	54.4	16.4	70.7	21.6	7.7	100.0	1 227	18.1
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	25.5	15.2	40.7	47.6	11.7	100.0	145	2.1
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	–	–	–	–	–	100.0	–	–
Fraud, deception and related offences	32.1	25.0	57.1	35.7	7.1	100.0	28	0.4
Illicit drug offences	21.0	12.3	33.3	53.1	13.6	100.0	81	1.2
Weapons and explosives offences	55.5	13.5	69.0	25.8	5.2	100.0	155	2.3
Property damage and environmental pollution	33.3	21.0	54.3	36.9	8.8	100.0	917	13.6
Disorderly conduct	47.0	12.6	59.6	31.8	8.6	100.0	453	6.7
Regulated public order offences	77.0	10.0	87.0	9.0	4.0	100.0	200	3.0
Offensive conduct	44.4	7.4	51.9	37.0	11.1	100.0	54	0.8
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	18.2	2.8	21.0	48.6	30.4	100.0	467	6.9
Breach of custodial/community orders	7.1	6.3	13.4	81.4	5.3	100.0	816	12.1
Other offences against justice procedures/ government	45.2	8.7	53.9	40.0	6.1	100.0	230	3.4
Miscellaneous offences	62.5	18.8	81.3	12.5	6.3	100.0	16	0.2
Total	2 067	1 004	3 071	2 981	714		6 766	100.0

(a) Prior to 1 July 2007 the recording of the racial identity of the alleged offender largely reflected the apprehending officer's opinion based on the physical appearance of the individual. From 1 July 2007, South Australia Police adopted the standard ABS question on Indigenous status for alleged offenders.

(b) The 'Total' includes those offenders with either a 'withdrawn' or 'unknown' outcome.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Office of Crime Statistics and Research (unpublished) Attorney-General's Department, South Australia.

TABLE 11A.3.52

Table 11A.3.52 **SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2009 (a)**

	Formal caution	Transfer to family conference	Offenders diverted	Transfer to Youth Court	Withdrawn and unknown (b)	Total	Total (b)	Proportion of total offences
Unit	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander								
Homicide and related offences	—	—	—	66.7	33.3	100.0	3	0.1
Serious assault	4.8	13.7	18.5	70.2	11.3	100.0	124	5.8
Common assault	20.0	17.6	37.6	52.9	9.4	100.0	85	4.0
Other acts intended to cause injury	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Sexual assault	—	—	—	91.7	8.3	100.0	12	0.6
Non-assaultive sexual offences	—	100.0	100.0	—	—	100.0	1	0.0
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	—	5.0	5.0	75.0	20.0	100.0	20	0.9
Abduction and kidnapping/ deprivation of liberty	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Harassment and threatening behaviour	25.0	—	25.0	75.0	—	100.0	4	0.2
Robbery, extortion and related offences	—	8.3	8.3	88.9	2.8	100.0	36	1.7
Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter	8.2	16.3	24.5	57.6	17.9	100.0	257	12.0
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	6.8	16.9	23.7	73.7	2.5	100.0	118	5.5
Theft (except motor vehicles)	24.1	14.8	39.0	56.6	4.5	100.0	290	13.5
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	18.8	18.8	37.5	52.1	10.4	100.0	48	2.2
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	—	—	—	—	—	100.0	—	—
Fraud, deception and related offences	—	—	—	100.0	—	100.0	1	0.0
Illicit drug offences	9.5	4.8	14.3	61.9	23.8	100.0	21	1.0
Weapons and explosives offences	34.5	24.1	58.6	37.9	3.4	100.0	29	1.4
Property damage and environmental pollution	21.2	20.7	41.9	53.7	4.4	100.0	203	9.5
Disorderly conduct	33.6	10.2	43.8	51.8	4.4	100.0	137	6.4

TABLE 11A.3.52

Table 11A.3.52 **SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2009 (a)**

	<i>Formal caution</i>	<i>Transfer to family conference</i>	Offenders diverted	<i>Transfer to Youth Court</i>	<i>Withdrawn and unknown (b)</i>	<i>Total</i>	Total (b)	<i>Proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%
Regulated public order offences	45.8	8.3	54.2	45.8	–	100.0	24	1.1
Offensive conduct	30.8	–	30.8	69.2	–	100.0	13	0.6
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	16.7	1.9	18.5	37.0	44.4	100.0	108	5.0
Breach of custodial/community orders	4.9	7.7	12.6	81.2	6.2	100.0	548	25.6
Other offences against justice procedures/ government	26.8	14.3	41.1	55.4	3.6	100.0	56	2.6
Miscellaneous offences	–	16.7	16.7	83.3	–	100.0	6	0.3
Total	308	270	578	1 365	201		2 144	100.0
Non-Indigenous								
Homicide and related offences	–	–	–	100.0	–	100.0	6	0.1
Serious assault	8.9	30.8	39.8	52.7	7.5	100.0	425	5.9
Common assault	26.9	30.7	57.6	38.0	4.4	100.0	361	5.0
Other acts intended to cause injury	33.3	–	33.3	33.3	33.3	100.0	3	0.0
Sexual assault	2.3	19.8	22.1	59.3	18.6	100.0	86	1.2
Non-assaultative sexual offences	12.5	50.0	62.5	33.3	4.2	100.0	24	0.3
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	3.8	1.6	5.4	47.3	47.3	100.0	317	4.4
Abduction and kidnapping/ deprivation of liberty	33.3	–	33.3	66.7	–	100.0	3	0.0
Harassment and threatening behaviour	3.4	6.9	10.3	82.8	6.9	100.0	29	0.4
Robbery, extortion and related offences	2.0	8.0	10.0	84.0	6.0	100.0	100	1.4
Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter	22.6	31.8	54.4	41.6	4.0	100.0	531	7.4
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	13.8	28.6	42.4	53.5	4.1	100.0	217	3.0

TABLE 11A.3.52

Table 11A.3.52 SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2009 (a)

	Formal caution	Transfer to family conference	Offenders diverted	Transfer to Youth Court	Withdrawn and unknown (b)	Total	Total (b)	Proportion of total offences
Unit	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%
Theft (except motor vehicles)	55.4	18.7	74.1	23.5	2.4	100.0	1 189	16.5
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	30.0	19.2	49.2	47.7	3.1	100.0	130	1.8
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	100.0	–	100.0	–	–	100.0	2	0.0
Fraud, deception and related offences	38.9	27.8	66.7	27.8	5.6	100.0	36	0.5
Illicit drug offences	24.7	11.2	36.0	57.3	6.7	100.0	89	1.2
Weapons and explosives offences	58.2	10.4	68.7	28.0	3.3	100.0	182	2.5
Property damage and environmental pollution	38.4	26.2	64.6	31.8	3.6	100.0	852	11.8
Disorderly conduct	54.9	14.7	69.7	26.7	3.6	100.0	475	6.6
Regulated public order offences	84.4	5.3	89.8	9.8	0.4	100.0	244	3.4
Offensive conduct	50.8	6.3	57.1	38.1	4.8	100.0	63	0.9
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	16.1	1.8	17.9	45.7	36.4	100.0	682	9.5
Breach of custodial/community orders	7.2	13.2	20.4	74.2	5.4	100.0	853	11.8
Other offences against justice procedures/ government	35.3	14.2	49.5	48.0	2.5	100.0	275	3.8
Miscellaneous offences	41.9	22.6	64.5	22.6	12.9	100.0	31	0.4
Total	2 256	1 284	3 540	3 007	658		7 205	100.0

(a) Prior to 1 July 2007 the recording of the racial identity of the alleged offender largely reflected the apprehending officer's opinion based on the physical appearance of the individual. From 1 July 2007, South Australia Police adopted the standard ABS question on Indigenous status for alleged offenders.

(b) The 'Total' includes those offenders with either a 'withdrawn' or 'unknown' outcome.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Office of Crime Statistics and Research (unpublished) Attorney-General's Department, South Australia.

TABLE 11A.3.53

Table 11A.3.53 **SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2008**
(a)

	<i>Formal caution</i>	<i>Transfer to family conference</i>	<i>Offenders diverted</i>	<i>Transfer to Youth Court</i>	<i>Withdrawn and unknown (b)</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Total (b)</i>	<i>Proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>		<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander								
Homicide and related offences	–	–	–	–	100.0	100.0	1	0.0
Serious assault	6.5	25.4	31.9	64.5	3.6	100.0	138	6.5
Common assault	19.8	25.5	45.3	50.9	3.8	100.0	106	5.0
Other acts intended to cause injury	–	–	–	–	–	100.0	–	–
Sexual assault	–	–	–	45.5	54.5	100.0	11	0.5
Non-assaultative sexual offences	–	33.3	33.3	66.7	–	100.0	3	0.1
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	–	23.1	23.1	30.8	46.2	100.0	13	0.6
Abduction and kidnapping/ deprivation of liberty	–	–	–	–	–	100.0	–	–
Harassment and threatening behaviour	100.0	–	100.0	–	–	100.0	1	0.0
Robbery, extortion and related offences	–	9.8	9.8	85.4	4.9	100.0	41	1.9
Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter	10.0	26.6	36.7	51.6	11.8	100.0	289	13.6
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	9.8	18.8	28.6	67.9	3.6	100.0	112	5.3
Theft (except motor vehicles)	30.1	14.7	44.9	49.3	5.8	100.0	292	13.8
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	8.9	6.7	15.6	75.6	8.9	100.0	45	2.1
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	–	100.0	100.0	–	–	100.0	1	0.0
Fraud, deception and related offences	–	–	–	100.0	–	100.0	1	0.0
Illicit drug offences	11.8	11.8	23.5	64.7	11.8	100.0	17	0.8
Weapons and explosives offences	24.3	10.8	35.1	59.5	5.4	100.0	37	1.7
Property damage and environmental pollution	28.4	20.1	48.5	47.9	3.6	100.0	194	9.2
Disorderly conduct	27.6	11.4	39.0	57.7	3.3	100.0	123	5.8

TABLE 11A.3.53

Table 11A.3.53 **SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2008**
(a)

	<i>Formal caution</i>	<i>Transfer to family conference</i>	Offenders diverted	<i>Transfer to Youth Court</i>	<i>Withdrawn and unknown (b)</i>	<i>Total</i>	Total (b)	<i>Proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%
Regulated public order offences	46.4	28.6	75.0	17.9	7.1	100.0	28	1.3
Offensive conduct	66.7	–	66.7	22.2	11.1	100.0	9	0.4
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	15.7	0.9	16.5	41.7	41.7	100.0	115	5.4
Breach of custodial/community orders	6.7	11.2	17.8	75.3	6.9	100.0	493	23.3
Other offences against justice procedures/ government	26.3	10.5	36.8	57.9	5.3	100.0	38	1.8
Miscellaneous offences	18.2	27.3	45.5	54.5	–	100.0	11	0.5
Total	345	345	690	1 244	185		2 119	100.0
Non-Indigenous								
Homicide and related offences	–	–	–	100.0	–	100.0	3	0.0
Serious assault	12.3	29.2	41.6	55.0	3.5	100.0	373	4.8
Common assault	26.9	31.9	58.8	36.9	4.3	100.0	420	5.4
Other acts intended to cause injury	–	100.0	100.0	–	–	100.0	1	0.0
Sexual assault	10.9	10.9	21.9	67.2	10.9	100.0	64	0.8
Non-assaultative sexual offences	–	81.3	81.3	18.8	–	100.0	16	0.2
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	4.0	3.7	7.7	41.4	50.9	100.0	379	4.9
Abduction and kidnapping/ deprivation of liberty	–	–	–	100.0	–	100.0	2	0.0
Harassment and threatening behaviour	12.1	18.2	30.3	60.6	9.1	100.0	33	0.4
Robbery, extortion and related offences	2.7	13.7	16.4	82.2	1.4	100.0	73	0.9
Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter	23.8	34.8	58.6	38.0	3.4	100.0	647	8.4
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	14.5	33.5	47.9	48.3	3.7	100.0	242	3.1

TABLE 11A.3.53

Table 11A.3.53 **SA, proportion of offenders, by Indigenous status, by method of processing, by type of major offence, 2008**
(a)

	<i>Formal caution</i>	<i>Transfer to family conference</i>	Offenders diverted	<i>Transfer to Youth Court</i>	<i>Withdrawn and unknown (b)</i>	<i>Total</i>	Total (b)	<i>Proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	%	%	%	%		%	no.	%
Theft (except motor vehicles)	58.2	17.3	75.5	22.0	2.5	100.0	1 354	17.5
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	30.3	22.1	52.4	42.8	4.8	100.0	145	1.9
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	66.7	–	66.7	33.3	–	100.0	3	0.0
Fraud, deception and related offences	39.3	28.6	67.9	32.1	–	100.0	28	0.4
Illicit drug offences	12.8	12.8	25.6	62.8	11.6	100.0	86	1.1
Weapons and explosives offences	46.5	16.1	62.6	34.2	3.2	100.0	155	2.0
Property damage and environmental pollution	41.8	27.6	69.4	26.9	3.6	100.0	959	12.4
Disorderly conduct	58.6	13.3	71.9	25.5	2.6	100.0	505	6.5
Regulated public order offences	85.4	5.8	91.3	6.1	2.6	100.0	343	4.4
Offensive conduct	66.0	12.8	78.7	19.1	2.1	100.0	47	0.6
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	13.8	1.5	15.3	32.6	52.1	100.0	847	10.9
Breach of custodial/community orders	5.0	13.5	18.5	75.5	5.9	100.0	740	9.6
Other offences against justice procedures/ government	45.7	9.7	55.4	39.3	5.2	100.0	267	3.4
Miscellaneous offences	43.8	12.5	56.3	25.0	18.8	100.0	16	0.2
Total	2 608	1 409	4 017	2 849	882		7 748	100.0

(a) Prior to 1 July 2007 the recording of the racial identity of the alleged offender largely reflected the apprehending officer's opinion based on the physical appearance of the individual. From 1 July 2007, South Australia Police adopted the standard ABS question on Indigenous status for alleged offenders.

(b) The 'Total' includes those offenders with either a 'withdrawn' or 'unknown' outcome.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Office of Crime Statistics and Research (unpublished) Attorney-General's Department, South Australia.

TABLE 11A.3.54

Table 11A.3.54 **ACT, proportion of juvenile apprehensions diverted, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2012-13 to 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Proportion diverted (%)</i>		<i>Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion (%)</i>		<i>Juvenile apprehensions (no.)</i>	
	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous</i>
2018-19						
Males	13.8	32.1	na	na	80	377
Females	17.6	42.5	na	na	34	153
Total	14.9	35.1	na	na	114	530
2017-18						
Males	10.1	31.6	na	na	89	364
Females	20.5	42.1	na	na	44	171
Total	13.5	35.0	na	na	133	535
2016-17						
Males	13.6	46.5	na	na	88	318
Females	5.6	50.4	na	na	18	133
Total	12.3	47.7	na	na	106	451
2015-16						
Males	22.9	51.3	na	na	48	384
Females	21.2	63.8	na	na	33	138
Total	22.2	54.6	na	na	81	522
2014-15						
Males	19.6	40.6	na	na	56	355
Females	10.8	48.3	na	na	37	143
Total	16.1	42.8	na	na	93	498

TABLE 11A.3.54

Table 11A.3.54 **ACT, proportion of juvenile apprehensions diverted, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2012-13 to 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Proportion diverted (%)</i>		<i>Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion (%)</i>		<i>Juvenile apprehensions (no.)</i>	
	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous</i>
2013-14						
Males	17.1	46.1	na	na	82	388
Females	23.4	44.2	na	na	64	208
Total	19.9	45.5	na	na	146	596
2012-13						
Males	25.2	34.4	na	na	103	532
Females	24.0	50.7	na	na	25	282
Total	25.0	40.0	na	na	128	814

(a) Data relates to number of juveniles apprehended in financial years.

(b) In the ACT, the proportion of juvenile diversions has been calculated on total recorded police contacts with juveniles comprising juvenile cautions, referrals to diversionary conferencing, juveniles taken into protective custody and charges pertaining to juveniles.

na Not available.

Source : Australian Capital Territory (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.55

Table 11A.3.55 **NT, proportion of juvenile apprehensions diverted, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2002 to 2019 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)**

	<i>Proportion diverted (%)</i>		<i>Juvenile apprehensions (no.)</i>	
	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous</i>
2019				
Males	41.2	45.7	1 471	81
Females	53.1	59.4	367	32
Total	43.6	49.6	1 838	113
2018				
Males	43.3	52.1	1 278	96
Females	53.7	80.5	326	41
Total	45.4	60.6	1 604	137
2017				
Males	38.9	57.5	1 140	120
Females	53.3	83.3	289	42
Total	41.8	64.2	1 429	162
2016				
Males	39.4	50.4	1 096	131
Females	47.2	69.4	356	49
Total	41.3	55.6	1 452	180
2015 (g)				
Males	33.7	44.6	1 255	177
Females	38.4	56.8	323	74
Total	34.7	48.2	1 578	251
2014 (g)				
Males	29.7	53.1	1 105	179
Females	49.2	58.1	238	43
Total	33.1	54.1	1 343	222
2013				
Males	26.4	36.2	769	232
Females	35.0	56.7	217	60
Total	28.3	40.4	986	292
2012				
Males	22.1	42.7	737	211
Females	37.5	58.6	160	58
Total	24.9	46.1	897	269
2011				
Males	36.3	62.2	546	222
Females	61.5	83.6	156	55
Total	41.9	66.4	702	277

TABLE 11A.3.55

Table 11A.3.55 **NT, proportion of juvenile apprehensions diverted, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2002 to 2019 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)**

	<i>Proportion diverted (%)</i>		<i>Juvenile apprehensions (no.)</i>	
	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous</i>
2010				
Males	34.7	52.5	861	255
Females	51.8	74.4	166	86
Total	37.5	58.1	1 027	341
2009				
Males	34.9	62.6	919	254
Females	46.6	67.4	238	89
Total	37.3	63.8	1 157	343
2008				
Males	39.9	46.2	791	236
Females	47.1	69.5	240	82
Total	41.6	52.2	1 031	318
2007				
Males	32.3	35.0	781	286
Females	43.4	51.5	136	66
Total	33.9	38.1	917	352
2006				
Males	32.9	42.0	823	283
Females	59.2	66.7	125	57
Total	36.4	46.2	948	340
2005				
Males	26.7	53.4	772	292
Females	67.2	75.9	125	79
Total	32.3	58.2	897	371
2004				
Males	26.6	46.1	831	345
Females	61.2	70.3	147	101
Total	31.8	51.6	978	446
2003				
Males	35.9	51.8	803	299
Females	59.6	76.3	151	97
Total	39.6	57.8	954	396
2002				
Males	39.7	46.7	779	353
Females	66.4	85.0	119	107
Total	43.2	55.7	898	460

Table 11A.3.55 NT, proportion of juvenile apprehensions diverted, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2002 to 2019 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)

	<i>Proportion diverted (%)</i>		<i>Juvenile apprehensions (no.)</i>	
	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous</i>

- (a) Data refers to apprehension cases rather than individual persons, therefore, there may be a number of cases that relate to one person.
- (b) Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander data are based on self-identification by the juvenile.
- (c) Where cases did not result in a diversion, these cases either proceeded to court or were resolved in some other manner (it is not an indicator of the number of matters referred to the courts).
- (d) Offender whose race was unknown have been excluded
- (e) Youths who have committed an excluded traffic offence are not diverted - have been excluded.
- (f) Diversion types includes: Family Conference, Victim Offender Conference, Written Warning, Verbal Warning, Drug Diversion, and Diversion Current.
- (g) Data for 2014 and 2015 has been revised and will differ from previous reports.

Source: Northern Territory Police (unpublished).

TABLE 11A.3.56

Table 11A.3.56 **NT, proportion of alleged juvenile offenders, by whether diverted, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2014 to 2019 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)**

	Unit	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander			Non-Indigenous		
		Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
2019							
Proportion of offenders who participated in diversion	%	48.3	60.4	50.8	20.9	25.7	22.3
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	2.7	6.2	3.4	1.1	2.7	1.6
Proportion of offenders who were denied diversion (g)	%	66.2	47.1	62.3	23.7	14.9	21.1
Total juvenile offenders	no.	1 471	367	1 838	81	32	113
2018							
Proportion of offenders who participated in diversion	%	44.1	54.2	46.1	28.2	44.6	33.1
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	4.1	6.5	4.6	2.3	1.4	2.0
Proportion of offenders who were denied diversion (g)	%	53.7	40.2	51.0	23.7	9.5	19.5
Total juvenile offenders	no.	1 278	326	1 604	96	41	137
2017							
Proportion of offenders who participated in diversion	%	35.3	47.7	37.8	39.0	47.3	41.4
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	1.0	0.9	1.0	—	1.4	0.4
Proportion of offenders who were denied diversion (g)	%	54.5	40.9	51.7	28.8	8.1	22.7
Total juvenile offenders	no.	1 140	289	1 429	120	42	162

TABLE 11A.3.56

Table 11A.3.56 **NT, proportion of alleged juvenile offenders, by whether diverted, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2014 to 2019 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)**

	Unit	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander			Non-Indigenous		
		Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
2016							
Proportion of offenders who participated in diversion	%	34.4	52.0	38.0	37.3	45.9	39.8
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	1.6	2.8	1.8	2.3	1.4	2.0
Proportion of offenders who were denied diversion (g)	%	51.3	55.4	52.2	34.5	18.9	29.9
Total juvenile offenders	no.	1 096	356	1 452	131	49	180
2015 (h)							
Proportion of offenders who participated in diversion	%	33.7	38.4	34.7	44.6	56.8	48.2
Proportion of offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	1.0	2.5	1.3	1.1	5.4	2.4
Proportion of offenders who were denied diversion (g)	%	65.3	59.1	64.0	54.2	37.8	49.4
Total juvenile offenders	no.	1 255	323	1 578	177	74	251
2014 (h)							
Proportion of offenders who participated in diversion	%	29.7	49.2	33.1	53.1	58.1	54.1
Offenders who were eligible, but declined to participate in diversion	%	2.5	1.7	2.4	1.7	2.3	1.8
Proportion of offenders who were denied diversion (g)	%	67.8	49.2	64.5	45.3	39.5	44.1
Total juvenile offenders	no.	1 105	238	1 343	179	43	222

TABLE 11A.3.56

Table 11A.3.56 **NT, proportion of alleged juvenile offenders, by whether diverted, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2014 to 2019 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)**

Unit	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander			Non-Indigenous		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons

(a) Data refers to alleged juvenile offenders rather than apprehension cases. This is not a count of unique offenders. Where an individual is involved in multiple criminal incidents throughout the year they will appear multiple times.

(b) Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander data are based on self-identification by the juvenile.

(c) Where cases did not result in a diversion, these cases either proceeded to court or were resolved in some other manner (it is not an indicator of the number of matters referred to the courts).

(d) Offenders whose race was unknown have been excluded.

(e) Youth offenders with a traffic offence were excluded.

(f) Participation in Diversion includes: Family Conference, Victim Offender Conference, Written Warning, Verbal Warning, Drug Diversion, and Diversion Current.

(g) Offenders were denied diversion as a result of the seriousness of the offence or re-offending.

(h) Data for 2014 and 2015 has been revised and will differ from previous reports.

Source: Northern Territory Police (unpublished).

Table 11A.3.57 NT, proportion of juvenile apprehensions diverted, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2014 to 2019
(a), (b), (c)

OVERCOMING INDIGENOUS
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TABLE 11A.3.57

Table 11A.3.57 **NT, proportion of juvenile apprehensions diverted, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2014 to 2019**
(a), (b), (c)

	<i>Youth Justice Conference</i>	<i>Verbal and written warnings</i>	<i>Drug diversion</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Drug offences	–	16.7	83.3	100.0	12	15.0
Other offences (d)	50.0	50.0	–	100.0	10	12.5
Total	48.8	38.8	12.5	100.0	80	100.0
2017						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander						
Crime against the person	83.9	16.1	–	100.0	62	10.4
Crime against property	53.4	46.6	–	100.0	464	78.1
Drug offences	25.0	12.5	62.5	100.0	8	1.3
Other offences (d)	16.7	83.3	–	100.0	60	10.1
Total	52.5	46.6	0.8	100.0	594	100.0
Non-Indigenous						
Crime against the person	95.0	5.0	–	100.0	20	20.0
Crime against property	51.6	48.4	–	100.0	31	31.0
Drug offences	34.6	7.7	57.7	100.0	26	26.0
Other offences (d)	30.4	69.6	–	100.0	23	23.0
Total	51.0	34.0	15.0	100.0	100	100.0
2016						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander						
Crime against the person	88.9	11.1	–	100.0	72	12.0
Crime against property	70.4	29.6	–	100.0	439	73.4
Drug offences	9.1	9.1	81.8	100.0	22	3.7
Other offences (d)	35.4	64.6	–	100.0	65	10.9
Total	66.6	30.4	3.0	100.0	598	100.0

TABLE 11A.3.57

Table 11A.3.57 **NT, proportion of juvenile apprehensions diverted, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2014 to 2019**
(a), (b), (c)

	<i>Youth Justice Conference</i>	<i>Verbal and written warnings</i>	<i>Drug diversion</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Non-Indigenous						
Crime against the person	77.8	22.2	—	100.0	27	29.7
Crime against property	68.4	31.6	—	100.0	38	41.8
Drug offences	12.5	6.3	81.3	100.0	16	17.6
Other offences (d)	70.0	30.0	—	100.0	10	11.0
Total	61.5	24.2	14.3	100.0	91	100.0
2015 (e)						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander						
Crime against the person	88.5	11.5	—	100.0	52	9.6
Crime against property	62.1	37.9	—	100.0	422	78.0
Drug offences	15.8	—	84.2	100.0	19	3.5
Other offences (d)	18.8	81.3	—	100.0	48	8.9
Total	59.1	37.9	3.0	100.0	541	100.0
Non-Indigenous						
Crime against the person	80.0	20.0	—	100.0	20	17.7
Crime against property	57.1	42.9	—	100.0	49	43.4
Drug offences	5.1	2.6	92.3	100.0	39	34.5
Other offences (d)	60.0	40.0	—	100.0	5	4.4
Total	43.4	24.8	31.9	100.0	113	100.0
2014 (e)						
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander						
Crime against the person	89.4	10.6	—	100.0	47	10.7
Crime against property	58.3	41.7	—	100.0	333	75.5

TABLE 11A.3.57

Table 11A.3.57 **NT, proportion of juvenile apprehensions diverted, by Indigenous status, by type of offence, 2014 to 2019**
(a), (b), (c)

	<i>Youth Justice Conference</i>	<i>Verbal and written warnings</i>	<i>Drug diversion</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Type of offence as a proportion of total offences</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Drug offences	16.7	16.7	66.7	100.0	18	4.1
Other offences (d)	7.0	93.0	–	100.0	43	9.8
Total	54.9	42.4	2.7	100.0	441	100.0
Non-Indigenous						
Crime against the person	72.7	27.3	–	100.0	11	9.4
Crime against property	48.0	52.0	–	100.0	50	42.7
Drug offences	11.1	–	88.9	100.0	45	38.5
Other offences (d)	27.3	72.7	–	100.0	11	9.4
Total	34.2	31.6	34.2	100.0	117	100.0

(a) Data refers to apprehension cases rather than individual persons, therefore, there may be a number of cases that relate to one person. Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander data are based on self-identification by the juvenile.

(b) The cases in this column are youths awaiting assessment or undertaking diversion not listed above. Traffic offences have been excluded from this analysis.

(c) Youth offenders with unknown race have been excluded

(d) Other offences include: Crimes identified during Active Policing (does not include drug offences)

(e) Data for 2014 and 2015 has been revised and will differ from previous reports.

Source: Northern Territory Police (unpublished).

Section 11.4

TABLE 11A.4.1

Table 11A.4.1 **Prisoners with known prior adult imprisonment under sentence, by Indigenous status, by state and territory, at 30 June 2013 to 2019 (number and proportion) (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (d)</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (e)</i>
2019										
Prior imprisonment										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	74.0	66.5	80.0	82.2	76.2	68.6	91.3	80.6	77.8
Non-Indigenous	%	47.3	48.2	57.4	49.3	49.7	61.1	75.4	33.3	50.3
Total prisoners										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	3 104	840	2 873	2 680	681	140	104	1 443	11 866
Non-Indigenous	no.	10 339	7 248	5 903	4 255	2 178	553	362	294	31 133
2018										
Prior imprisonment										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	67.3	65.4	79.9	79.9	71.3	71.3	90.0	81.3	75.3
Non-Indigenous	%	46.4	48.6	56.2	49.5	47.2	61.3	72.8	29.0	49.7
Total prisoners										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	3 344	691	2 745	2 710	661	115	110	1 477	11 849
Non-Indigenous	no.	10 390	6 969	6 095	4 161	2 326	501	364	279	31 095
2017										
Prior imprisonment										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	71.3	65.1	80.2	79.8	71.2	76.1	86.3	80.0	76.3
Non-Indigenous	%	45.5	48.6	55.7	48.4	46.5	58.1	71.8	32.4	49.0
Total prisoners										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	3 197	610	2 724	2 514	706	117	95	1 349	11 307
Non-Indigenous	no.	9 940	6 535	5 758	4 230	2 327	480	344	253	29 870
2016										
Prior imprisonment										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	70.0	68.2	80.6	80.1	68.1	78.3	85.7	80.0	76.0

TABLE 11A.4.1

Table 11A.4.1 **Prisoners with known prior adult imprisonment under sentence, by Indigenous status, by state and territory, at 30 June 2013 to 2019 (number and proportion) (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (d)</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (e)</i>
Non-Indigenous	%	45.8	48.2	56.1	47.3	45.4	57.8	71.3	29.3	48.8
Total prisoners										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	3 037	535	2 461	2 403	571	92	105	1 393	10 596
Non-Indigenous	no.	9 586	5 979	5 281	3 927	2 381	476	328	270	28 216
2015										
Prior imprisonment										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	74.0	67.3	81.8	79.4	67.7	67.1	90.8	80.1	77.2
Non-Indigenous	%	48.7	49.6	58.7	47.4	43.2	59.6	71.1	31.0	50.4
Total prisoners										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	2 846	483	2 306	2 113	629	79	76	1 344	9 885
Non-Indigenous	no.	8 938	5 730	5 007	3 436	2 101	438	311	248	26 214
2014										
Prior imprisonment										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	75.4	66.9	80.8	78.7	66.0	80.6	81.5	77.2	76.8
Non-Indigenous	%	49.8	50.0	59.6	50.0	44.2	59.3	76.3	36.6	51.8
Total prisoners										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	2 492	474	2 243	2 079	562	72	65	1 279	9 266
Non-Indigenous	no.	8 019	5 627	4 806	3 163	1 926	376	321	216	24 454
2013										
Prior imprisonment										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	75.6	65.2	80.1	79.8	70.8	70.0	71.4	77.1	77.0
Non-Indigenous	%	48.9	49.5	57.5	49.7	45.1	63.9	74.1	29.2	50.9
Total prisoners										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	2 297	388	1 898	1 977	496	70	63	1 241	8 430

TABLE 11A.4.1

Table 11A.4.1 Prisoners with known prior adult imprisonment under sentence, by Indigenous status, by state and territory, at 30 June 2013 to 2019 (number and proportion) (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (d)</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (e)</i>
Non-Indigenous	no.	7 476	4 952	4 178	2 947	1 770	413	286	195	22 217
2012										
Prior imprisonment										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	71.2	65.5	75.8	77.0	70.7	70.0	75.5	76.4	74.1
Non-Indigenous	%	46.7	46.0	53.6	44.3	45.6	59.7	70.5	24.8	47.7
Total prisoners										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	2 205	371	1 663	1 969	475	70	49	1 182	7 984
Non-Indigenous	no.	7 312	4 513	3 930	2 995	1 602	424	261	230	21 267
2011										
Prior imprisonment										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	73.8	65.4	77.8	75.1	68.9	73.0	76.2	74.0	74.4
Non-Indigenous	%	47.2	46.7	53.4	41.2	45.8	59.1	72.3	25.2	47.6
Total prisoners										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	2 294	295	1 654	1 772	483	74	42	1 042	7 656
Non-Indigenous	no.	7 729	4 442	3 920	2 876	1 543	435	253	230	21 428
2010										
Prior imprisonment										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	73.6	67.2	78.0	71.3	68.3	65.2	76.2	76.1	73.7
Non-Indigenous	%	48.4	47.8	54.3	41.7	46.7	63.4	60.9	30.8	48.6
Total prisoners										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	2 326	290	1 656	1 863	454	69	42	884	7 584
Non-Indigenous	no.	8 334	4 247	3 959	2 909	1 509	421	235	214	21 828

TABLE 11A.4.1

Table 11A.4.1 **Prisoners with known prior adult imprisonment under sentence, by Indigenous status, by state and territory, at 30 June 2013 to 2019 (number and proportion) (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (d)</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (e)</i>
2009										
Prior imprisonment										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	73.9	66.4	77.4	73.1	70.8	83.3	84.6	76.3	74.4
Non-Indigenous	%	50.0	48.8	53.2	40.5	54.3	67.0	75.1	26.6	49.9
Total prisoners										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	2 374	241	1 576	1 790	449	66	26	864	7 386
Non-Indigenous	no.	8 376	4 109	4 091	2 629	1 511	469	177	192	21 554
2008										
Prior imprisonment										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	72.9	71.0	75.1	70.9	64.6	72.3	70.4	77.8	73.0
Non-Indigenous	%	48.4	51.0	52.1	42.3	52.3	65.6	63.4	28.1	49.6
Total prisoners										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	2 139	245	1 495	1 552	401	65	27	793	6 707
Non-Indigenous	no.	8 134	3 978	4 049	2 214	1 529	450	224	160	20 660
2007										
Prior imprisonment										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	74.4	69.7	81.2	71.9	55.8	84.8	85.0	75.8	74.3
Non-Indigenous	%	48.9	52.3	59.6	42.7	50.3	61.0	55.3	29.9	51.3
Total prisoners										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	2 060	238	1 454	1 652	389	66	20	761	6 629
Non-Indigenous	no.	8 032	3 945	4 113	2 195	1 379	454	219	144	20 388
2006										
Prior imprisonment										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	76.3	74.9	75.6	71.8	60.7	81.1	76.9	76.7	74.4

TABLE 11A.4.1

Table 11A.4.1 **Prisoners with known prior adult imprisonment under sentence, by Indigenous status, by state and territory, at 30 June 2013 to 2019 (number and proportion) (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (d)</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (e)</i>
Non-Indigenous	%	53.7	51.7	54.8	41.2	50.8	65.1	55.4	27.3	52.0
2005										
Prior imprisonment										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	79.9	70.5	82.9	72.9	61.1	82.9	na	74.2	na
Non-Indigenous	%	59.2	51.0	61.7	44.5	57.5	63.2	na	27.4	na
2004										
Prior imprisonment										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	76.0	70.4	80.3	74.0	59.4	62.7	73.1	89.7	76.8
Non-Indigenous	%	52.7	51.6	59.9	44.0	51.0	68.5	42.9	54.0	53.1
2003										
Prior imprisonment										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	73.2	70.1	81.5	72.5	76.2	71.7	87.5	89.7	77.0
Non-Indigenous	%	50.3	52.0	60.8	42.4	61.8	57.0	49.4	48.1	52.8
2002										
Prior imprisonment										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	77.0	82.5	76.8	76.1	69.5	70.5	48.0	89.1	77.6
Non-Indigenous	%	50.2	62.6	61.3	40.1	57.4	59.0	48.4	40.4	54.1
2001										
Prior imprisonment										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	73.7	75.3	77.9	72.2	84.8	80.0	60.0	85.5	76.3
Non-Indigenous	%	51.3	62.5	62.6	38.8	64.4	60.5	52.4	26.4	54.5
2000										
Prior imprisonment										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	%	72.9	77.5	79.4	72.5	89.3	66.7	66.7	81.1	76.2

TABLE 11A.4.1

Table 11A.4.1 **Prisoners with known prior adult imprisonment under sentence, by Indigenous status, by state and territory, at 30 June 2013 to 2019 (number and proportion) (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (d)</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (e)</i>
Non-Indigenous	%	48.0	59.6	60.9	37.5	66.1	56.7	39.8	24.9	52.1

- (a) From 2016, due to perturbation, component cells may not add to published totals.
- (b) Prisoners who have had previous imprisonment in another State or Territory may not be counted as having prior imprisonment. Some states and territories may also include episodes on remand as prior imprisonment. See glossary of *Prisoners in Australia* (ABS Cat. no. 4517.0) for complete definition of prior imprisonment.
- (c) Excludes breaches of periodic detention orders greater than 3 months.
- (d) Prior to 2009, persons sentenced to full-time custody by the ACT were usually held in New South Wales prisons. A new prison facility to house ACT people sentenced to full-time custody, the Alexander Maconochie Centre, began taking prisoners on 30 March 2009. As at 30 June 2009, all ACT prisoners held in New South Wales prisons had been relocated to the new Alexander Maconochie Centre.
- (e) Includes prisoners whose prior imprisonment status is unknown.

na Not available.

Source: ABS (2019) *Prisoners in Australia, 2019*, Cat. No. 4517DO002_2019, tables 29; ABS (2018) *Prisoners in Australia, 2018*, Cat. No. 4517DO002_2018, tables 29; ABS (2017) *Prisoners in Australia, 2017*, Cat. No. 4517DO002_2017, tables 29 and 30; ABS (2016) *Prisoners in Australia, 2016*, Cat. No. 4517DO002_2016, tables 28 and 29; ABS (2015) *Prisoners in Australia 2015*, Cat. No. 4517DO002_2015, tables 28 and 29; ABS (2014) *Prisoners in Australia 2014*, Cat. No. 4517DO002_2014, tables 27 and 28; ABS (2013) *Prisoners in Australia, 2013*, Cat. no. 4517.0, Canberra, 4517D002_2013, tables 29 and 30; ABS (2013) *Prisoners in Australia, 2012*, Cat.no.4517.0, Canberra, 4517D004_2012, table 14; ABS (2011) *Prisoners in Australia, 2011*, Cat.no.4517.0, Canberra, 4517D004_2011, table 14; ABS (2010) *Prisoners in Australia, 2010*, Cat.no.4517.0, Canberra.

TABLE 11A.4.2

Table 11A.4.2 **Proportion of prisoners with known prior adult imprisonment under sentence, by sex, by Indigenous status, by state and territory, at 30 June 2013 to 2019 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (d)</i>
2019										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Males										
Prior imprisonment	%	74.7	67.8	81.0	83.3	75.1	70.3	92.2	81.7	78.7
Total prisoners	no.	2 820	762	2 559	2 378	623	128	90	1 348	10 710
Females										
Prior imprisonment	%	64.7	48.7	72.7	72.5	72.3	52.9	75.0	65.6	69.1
Total prisoners	no.	286	78	311	305	65	17	12	93	1 158
Non-Indigenous										
Males										
Prior imprisonment	%	48.4	49.1	58.6	50.9	50.7	62.6	74.1	32.0	51.4
Total prisoners	no.	9 677	6 754	5 356	3 848	2 044	508	343	272	28 796
Females										
Prior imprisonment	%	32.2	35.7	45.5	33.7	35.6	55.8	63.6	36.8	37.5
Total prisoners	no.	664	498	545	410	135	43	22	19	2 331
2018										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Males										
Prior imprisonment	%	68.7	66.3	81.2	81.3	73.4	76.2	92.6	82.3	76.6
Total prisoners	no.	3 005	614	2 451	2 359	598	105	94	1 387	10 613
Females										
Prior imprisonment	%	54.4	57.0	69.2	70.2	45.5	np	72.2	58.9	64.0
Total prisoners	no.	340	79	295	346	66	6	18	95	1 230

TABLE 11A.4.2

Table 11A.4.2 **Proportion of prisoners with known prior adult imprisonment under sentence, by sex, by Indigenous status, by state and territory, at 30 June 2013 to 2019 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (d)</i>
Non-Indigenous										
Males										
Prior imprisonment	%	47.1	49.6	57.2	51.0	48.4	62.6	71.0	28.4	50.6
Total prisoners	no.	9 653	6 482	5 550	3 764	2 178	476	348	257	28 701
Females										
Prior imprisonment	%	37.0	35.8	45.0	35.9	30.1	np	57.1	50.0	38.6
Total prisoners	no.	735	489	549	396	153	29	21	20	2 394
2017										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Males										
Prior imprisonment	%	72.9	65.9	81.0	81.0	71.9	69.8	91.0	81.3	77.3
Total prisoners	no.	2 881	554	2 469	2 212	645	106	78	1 254	10 199
Females										
Prior imprisonment	%	58.4	62.5	73.8	71.2	57.6	90.9	76.5	62.4	66.3
Total prisoners	no.	317	56	252	299	59	11	17	93	1 106
Non-Indigenous										
Males										
Prior imprisonment	%	46.6	49.6	56.9	49.6	47.6	59.1	72.0	30.7	50.1
Total prisoners	no.	9 257	6 087	5 313	3 845	2 175	455	322	238	27 690
Females										
Prior imprisonment	%	30.4	34.7	40.2	35.8	31.4	58.3	79.2	35.3	34.8
Total prisoners	no.	682	453	445	385	153	24	24	17	2 187

TABLE 11A.4.2

Table 11A.4.2 **Proportion of prisoners with known prior adult imprisonment under sentence, by sex, by Indigenous status, by state and territory, at 30 June 2013 to 2019 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (d)</i>
2016										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Males										
Prior imprisonment	%	71.4	68.6	81.6	81.2	69.5	67.9	86.2	81.3	77.1
Total prisoners	no.	2 724	491	2 228	2 109	518	78	94	1 294	9 534
Females										
Prior imprisonment	%	59.9	59.1	70.1	73.2	52.0	52.6	171.4	57.4	65.5
Total prisoners	no.	309	44	234	291	50	19	7	108	1 062
Non-Indigenous										
Males										
Prior imprisonment	%	46.9	49.3	57.2	48.4	46.2	60.8	68.5	29.9	49.8
Total prisoners	no.	8 951	5 593	4 837	3 586	2 235	424	311	244	26 190
Females										
Prior imprisonment	%	31.2	32.3	44.1	36.8	31.7	46.7	70.0	45.0	36.1
Total prisoners	no.	632	387	447	337	142	45	20	20	2 033
2015										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Males										
Prior imprisonment	%	75.0	67.7	82.2	80.5	67.2	67.1	88.5	82.0	78.1
Total prisoners	no.	2 549	439	2 069	1 855	588	76	78	1 213	8 859
Females										
Prior imprisonment	%	63.2	59.5	80.2	70.5	60.0	100.0	100.0	58.8	68.9
Total prisoners	no.	302	42	237	264	45	3	3	131	1 025

TABLE 11A.4.2

Table 11A.4.2 **Proportion of prisoners with known prior adult imprisonment under sentence, by sex, by Indigenous status, by state and territory, at 30 June 2013 to 2019 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (d)</i>
Non-Indigenous										
Males										
Prior imprisonment	%	49.3	50.6	60.0	48.4	43.7	59.7	72.4	30.6	51.3
Total prisoners	no.	8 378	5 349	4 540	3 174	1 988	414	294	235	24 365
Females										
Prior imprisonment	%	38.8	35.9	45.1	35.9	31.1	29.0	75.0	–	39.3
Total prisoners	no.	564	376	472	259	119	31	20	19	1 849
2014										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Males										
Prior imprisonment	%	76.6	67.4	81.5	79.9	66.0	83.6	80.3	79.1	77.8
Total prisoners	no.	2 256	436	2 013	1 830	520	61	61	1 183	8 360
Females										
Prior imprisonment	%	64.0	60.5	75.2	70.3	66.7	63.6	100.0	53.1	67.5
Total prisoners	no.	236	38	230	249	42	11	4	96	906
Non-Indigenous										
Males										
Prior imprisonment	%	50.6	50.8	60.8	51.2	44.8	60.5	77.4	37.4	52.6
Total prisoners	no.	7 538	5 259	4 367	2 942	1 805	354	301	203	22 769
Females										
Prior imprisonment	%	37.6	39.1	47.6	35.3	36.4	40.9	60.0	23.1	40.4
Total prisoners	no.	481	368	439	221	121	22	20	13	1 685

TABLE 11A.4.2

Table 11A.4.2 **Proportion of prisoners with known prior adult imprisonment under sentence, by sex, by Indigenous status, by state and territory, at 30 June 2013 to 2019 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (d)</i>
2013										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Males										
Prior imprisonment	%	76.0	66.6	80.8	81.0	72.4	71.9	70.0	78.8	77.9
Total prisoners	no.	2 096	359	1 722	1 763	450	64	60	1 143	7 657
Females										
Prior imprisonment	%	72.1	48.3	72.7	70.1	54.3	50.0	100.0	57.1	67.8
Total prisoners	no.	201	29	176	214	46	6	3	98	773
Non-Indigenous										
Males										
Prior imprisonment	%	49.8	50.5	58.9	51.0	45.9	65.1	74.1	30.6	51.9
Total prisoners	no.	7 014	4 605	3 818	2 712	1 669	381	274	186	20 659
Females										
Prior imprisonment	%	35.9	35.7	43.1	34.9	31.7	50.0	75.0	–	37.5
Total prisoners	no.	462	347	360	235	101	32	12	9	1 558

(a) Due to perturbation, component cells may not add to published totals.

(b) Prisoners who have had previous imprisonment in another State or Territory may not be counted as having prior imprisonment. Some states and territories may also include episodes on remand as prior imprisonment. See glossary of *Prisoners in Australia* (ABS Cat. no. 4517.0) for complete definition of prior imprisonment.

(c) Excludes breaches of periodic detention orders greater than 3 months.

(d) Includes prisoners whose prior imprisonment status is unknown.

– Nil or rounded to zero. **np** Not published.

Table 11A.4.2 Proportion of prisoners with known prior adult imprisonment under sentence, by sex, by Indigenous status, by state and territory, at 30 June 2013 to 2019 (a), (b), (c)

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (d)</i>
<i>Source:</i> ABS (2019) <i>Prisoners in Australia, 2019</i>, Cat. No. 45170DO002_2019, tables 29; ABS (2018) <i>Prisoners in Australia, 2018</i>, Cat. No. 45170DO002_2018, tables 29; ABS (2017) <i>Prisoners in Australia, 2017</i>, Cat. No. 45170DO002_2017, tables 29; ABS (2016) <i>Prisoners in Australia, 2016</i>, Cat. No. 45170DO002_2016, tables 29; ABS (2015) <i>Prisoners in Australia 2015</i>, Cat. No. 45170DO002_2015, tables 28; ABS (2014) <i>Prisoners in Australia 2014</i>, Cat. No. 45170DO002_2014, tables 27; ABS (2013) <i>Prisoners in Australia</i>, 2013, Cat. no. 4517.0, Canberra, 45170D002_2013, tables 29.									

TABLE 11A.4.3

Table 11A.4.3 **Proportion of young people with more than one supervised sentence, by sex, by Indigenous status, from 2000-01 to 2013-14, 2014-15, 2015-16, 2016-17, 2017-18 and 2018-19, respectively (a)**

	<i>Male</i>			<i>Female</i>			<i>Persons</i>		
	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous</i>	<i>All young males</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous</i>	<i>All young females</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous</i>	<i>All young people</i>
From 2000-01 to 2018-19									
All young people with more than one supervised sentence	58.9	34.9	42.3	43.2	29.7	34.7	55.1	34.0	40.7
First supervised sentence was community-based supervision	58.8	34.5	41.9	42.9	29.3	34.4	54.9	33.5	40.3
First supervised sentence was detention	61.5	44.7	50.6	56.3	48.5	52.2	60.9	45.0	50.8
From 2000-01 to 2017-18									
All young people with more than one supervised sentence	58.9	34.8	42.1	43.3	29.4	34.5	55.2	33.9	40.6
First supervised sentence was community-based supervision	58.8	34.4	41.7	43.0	29.1	34.2	54.9	33.4	40.2
First supervised sentence was detention	62.2	44.4	50.7	61.0	49.2	54.8	62.1	44.8	51.1
From 2000-01 to 2016-17									
All young people with more than one supervised sentence	58.3	33.7	41.0	42.4	28.2	33.4	54.5	32.7	39.4
First supervised sentence was community-based supervision	58.2	33.2	40.6	42.0	27.9	33.0	54.2	32.3	39.0
First supervised sentence was detention	60.2	43.8	49.5	59.3	47.5	53.0	60.1	44.1	49.8
From 2000-01 to 2015-16									

TABLE 11A.4.3

Table 11A.4.3 **Proportion of young people with more than one supervised sentence, by sex, by Indigenous status, from 2000-01 to 2013-14, 2014-15, 2015-16, 2016-17, 2017-18 and 2018-19, respectively (a)**

	<i>Male</i>			<i>Female</i>			<i>Persons</i>		
	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous</i>	<i>All young males</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous</i>	<i>All young females</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous</i>	<i>All young people</i>
All young people with more than one supervised sentence	58.3	33.2	40.7	41.6	27.5	32.6	54.3	32.2	39.1
First supervised sentence was community-based supervision	58.1	32.6	40.2	41.2	27.1	32.2	54.0	31.6	38.6
First supervised sentence was detention	61.6	45.1	50.9	58.3	47.2	52.4	61.2	45.2	51.0
From 2000-01 to 2014-15									
All young people with more than one supervised sentence	56.7	33.7	39.3	40.4	28.5	31.8	52.8	32.8	37.8
First supervised sentence was community-based supervision	56.4	33.0	38.7	40.2	28.3	31.6	52.4	32.2	37.2
First supervised sentence was detention	63.3	48.3	53.0	48.0	41.5	44.1	61.9	47.8	52.3
From 2000-01 to 2013-14									
All young people with more than one supervised sentence	57.4	34.1	39.6	41.4	28.0	31.8	53.6	33.0	38.1
First supervised sentence was community-based supervision	57.1	33.5	39.0	41.3	27.8	31.6	53.2	32.4	37.5
First supervised sentence was detention	64.3	48.3	53.1	46.2	44.7	45.5	62.6	48.1	52.5

(a) Totals include young people of unknown sex and Indigenous status.

TABLE 11A.4.3

Table 11A.4.3 **Proportion of young people with more than one supervised sentence, by sex, by Indigenous status, from 2000-01 to 2013-14, 2014-15, 2015-16, 2016-17, 2017-18 and 2018-19, respectively (a)**

	Male			Female			Persons		
	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	Non- Indigenous	All young males	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	Non- Indigenous	All young females	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	Non- Indigenous	All young people

Source : AIHW (2020) *Young People Returning to Sentenced Youth Justice Supervision 2018-19*, AIHW JUV 84, Canberra, table S1; AIHW (2019) *Young People Returning to Sentenced Youth Justice Supervision 2017-18*, AIHW JUV 84, Canberra, table S1; AIHW (2018) *Young People Returning to Sentenced Youth Justice Supervision 2016-17*, AIHW JUV 84, Canberra, table S1; AIHW (2017) *Young People Returning to Sentenced Youth Justice Supervision 2015-16*, AIHW JUV 84, Canberra, table S1; AIHW (2016) *Young People Returning to Sentenced Youth Justice Supervision 2014-15*, AIHW JUV 63, Canberra, table S1; AIHW (2015) *Young People Returning to Sentenced Youth Justice Supervision 2015*, AIHW JUV 84, Canberra, table S9.

TABLE 11A.4.4

Table 11A.4.4 **Proportion of young people released from sentenced supervision (aged 10–16 years at time of release) who returned to sentenced supervision with a detention sentence within 6 or 12 months, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2012-13 to 2017-18 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>Male</i>			<i>Female</i>			<i>Persons</i>		
	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous</i>	<i>All young males</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous</i>	<i>All young females</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous</i>	<i>All young people</i>
Young people released in 2017-18									
Released from community-based supervision									
6 months	33.5	31.5	32.6	15.3	8.6	12.5	30.1	26.9	28.8
12 months	38.4	33.8	36.5	22.1	13.0	18.3	35.3	29.6	32.9
Released from detention									
6 months	81.8	77.2	80.3	61.8	35.7	54.2	79.3	72.7	77.1
12 months	81.5	79.9	81.0	65.4	35.3	58.0	79.2	75.2	77.9
Young people released in 2016-17									
Released from community-based supervision									
6 months	23.9	19.3	22.2	19.6	3.8	13.9	23.0	16.6	20.6
12 months	28.8	26.3	27.8	22.2	11.1	17.8	27.5	23.2	25.8
Released from detention									
6 months	59.4	64.6	60.7	54.6	50.0	53.2	58.9	62.7	59.8
12 months	75.9	74.2	75.3	56.5	56.3	56.5	73.6	72.3	73.1
Young people released in 2015-16 (b)									
Released from community-based supervision									
6 months	22.5	15.6	19.6	10.3	11.6	10.8	20.5	14.8	18.1
12 months	30.2	22.2	26.8	17.3	9.6	14.0	27.9	19.9	24.5
Released from detention									
6 months	61.1	63.5	61.8	50.0	75.0	55.3	59.7	64.4	61.1

TABLE 11A.4.4

Table 11A.4.4 **Proportion of young people released from sentenced supervision (aged 10–16 years at time of release) who returned to sentenced supervision with a detention sentence within 6 or 12 months, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2012-13 to 2017-18 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>Male</i>			<i>Female</i>			<i>Persons</i>		
	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous</i>	<i>All young males</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous</i>	<i>All young females</i>	<i>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander</i>	<i>Non-Indigenous</i>	<i>All young people</i>
12 months	75.8	79.7	77.0	55.3	87.5	60.9	73.4	80.1	75.4
Young people released in 2014-15 (c)									
Released from community-based supervision									
6 months	19.2	20.1	19.7	7.4	9.4	8.1	17.0	18.0	17.5
12 months	25.2	23.2	24.5	18.4	10.5	14.8	23.9	20.6	22.5
Released from detention									
6 months	65.5	66.7	65.9	50.0	55.6	51.5	63.4	65.6	64.2
12 months	78.9	80.0	79.3	58.3	71.4	62.0	76.1	79.1	77.1
Young people released in 2013-14 (d)									
Released from community-based supervision									
6 months	23.8	15.9	19.7	16.7	12.2	14.1	22.2	15.0	18.4
12 months	28.3	21.8	24.9	21.7	13.2	17.4	26.9	20.1	23.4
Released from detention									
6 months	61.2	62.7	61.7	46.2	43.8	46.5	58.5	59.3	59.0
12 months	78.7	76.7	78.0	56.3	42.1	51.9	75.3	71.9	74.1
Young people released in 2012-13									
Released from community-based supervision									
6 months	20.5	20.7	20.5	13.3	3.9	8.7	18.9	17.2	17.8
12 months	28.1	23.9	25.6	15.0	11.7	13.6	25.1	21.6	23.1

TABLE 11A.4.4

Table 11A.4.4 Proportion of young people released from sentenced supervision (aged 10–16 years at time of release) who returned to sentenced supervision with a detention sentence within 6 or 12 months, by Indigenous status, by sex, 2012-13 to 2017-18 (per cent) (a)

	Male			Female			Persons		
	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	Non-Indigenous	All young males	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	Non-Indigenous	All young females	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	Non-Indigenous	All young people
Released from detention									
6 months	52.6	46.0	49.5	28.6	60.0	40.0	50.0	47.3	48.5
12 months	68.1	69.2	68.6	73.7	66.7	71.4	68.7	68.9	68.9

(a) Totals include young people of unknown sex and Indigenous status.

(b) The Northern Territory did not supply JJ NMDS data for 2016–17.

(c) The Northern Territory did not supply JJ NMDS data for 2015–16.

(d) Western Australia and the Northern Territory did not supply JJ NMDS data.

Source: AIHW (2020) *Young People Returning to Sentenced Youth Justice Supervision 2018-19*, AIHW JUV 84, Canberra, table S13; AIHW (2019) *Young People Returning to Sentenced Youth Justice Supervision 2017-18*, AIHW JUV 84, Canberra, table S13; AIHW (2018) *Young People Returning to Sentenced Youth Justice Supervision 2016-17*, AIHW JUV 84, Canberra, table S13; AIHW (2017) *Young People Returning to Sentenced Youth Justice Supervision 2015-16*, AIHW JUV 84, Canberra, table S13; AIHW (2016) *Young People Returning to Sentenced Youth Justice Supervision 2014-15*, AIHW JUV 84, Canberra, table S13; AIHW (2015) *Young People Returning to Sentenced Youth Justice Supervision 2015*, AIHW JUV 63, Canberra, table S7.

TABLE 11A.4.5

Table 11A.4.5 **Proportion of offenders who were proceeded against by police, by Indigenous status, by number of times offenders were proceeded against during the reference period, NSW, Queensland, SA, ACT, NT, 2008-09 to 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>2018-19</i>	<i>2017-18</i>	<i>2016-17</i>	<i>2015-16</i>	<i>2014-15</i>	<i>2013-14</i>	<i>2012-13</i>	<i>2011-12</i>	<i>2010-11</i>	<i>2009-10</i>	<i>2008-09</i>
New South Wales												
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander												
1	%	50.3	49.7	49.9	51.0	57.9	51.2	57.0	58.2	58.9	59.8	59.1
2	%	21.4	21.6	20.8	21.2	19.7	21.5	20.6	20.2	20.9	20.8	22.0
3	%	10.0	10.6	10.8	11.2	9.4	10.4	9.8	9.8	9.7	9.7	9.1
4	%	5.9	6.0	6.1	5.7	5.2	6.2	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.5	4.8
5 or more	%	12.3	12.1	12.4	10.9	7.7	10.7	7.7	6.9	5.7	5.1	5.0
Total	no.	12 753	11 681	11 756	11 207	7 337	9 833	8 757	8 980	9 416	9 678	9 601
Non-Indigenous												
1	%	71.5	71.8	71.6	71.7	73.5	73.9	76.4	77.2	76.0	75.8	75.1
2	%	14.7	14.2	14.4	14.6	13.8	14.3	14.4	13.7	14.0	13.7	14.0
3	%	5.5	5.5	5.4	5.6	5.3	5.3	4.8	4.6	4.7	4.8	4.9
4	%	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.6	2.5	2.1	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.3
5 or more	%	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.4	4.8	4.0	2.4	2.4	3.1	3.4	3.7
Total	no.	66 398	66 291	66 471	67 996	61 996	62 657	63 766	66 590	65 081	62 328	61 222
Queensland												
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander												
1	%	49.9	49.8	48.8	49.8	51.5	51.4	53.0	53.8	55.6	55.1	57.4
2	%	21.4	21.5	21.5	21.4	21.3	21.2	21.5	20.9	20.4	21.0	20.9
3	%	10.7	10.7	11.0	10.9	11.0	10.7	10.3	10.4	9.8	9.9	9.3
4	%	5.9	6.1	6.5	6.5	6.0	5.8	5.7	5.3	5.3	5.1	4.7
5 or more	%	12.1	11.9	12.1	11.4	10.2	10.8	9.5	9.6	8.9	8.9	7.7
Total	no.	17 336	17 437	17 679	17 733	17 158	16 790	15 062	14 457	13 644	14 390	13 385

TABLE 11A.4.5

Table 11A.4.5 **Proportion of offenders who were proceeded against by police, by Indigenous status, by number of times offenders were proceeded against during the reference period, NSW, Queensland, SA, ACT, NT, 2008-09 to 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>2018-19</i>	<i>2017-18</i>	<i>2016-17</i>	<i>2015-16</i>	<i>2014-15</i>	<i>2013-14</i>	<i>2012-13</i>	<i>2011-12</i>	<i>2010-11</i>	<i>2009-10</i>	<i>2008-09</i>
Non-Indigenous												
1	%	65.9	66.8	66.3	66.7	68.7	70.6	76.8	75.7	74.6	73.4	71.5
2	%	17.3	17.5	17.4	17.2	17.0	16.5	14.5	14.8	15.3	15.4	16.2
3	%	7.3	7.1	7.1	7.0	6.6	6.1	4.7	4.8	5.2	5.5	5.9
4	%	3.9	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.1	2.9	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.5	2.8
5 or more	%	5.7	5.1	5.5	5.4	4.6	3.9	2.1	2.6	2.7	3.3	3.6
Total	no.	62 770	62 811	65 918	71 317	71 808	68 161	65 520	66 146	59 044	59 218	61 073
South Australia												
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander												
1	%	54.4	56.2	57.8	58.0	60.0	58.5	57.3	59.8	62.4	61.0	60.9
2	%	20.2	21.5	20.4	20.0	19.8	19.7	20.8	20.1	19.2	21.2	20.5
3	%	10.1	8.9	10.0	10.0	9.3	9.0	9.7	8.8	8.9	9.4	9.5
4	%	5.7	5.1	4.8	5.0	4.4	5.0	4.6	5.1	4.4	4.1	4.8
5 or more	%	9.8	8.4	6.9	7.1	6.2	7.6	7.5	6.1	5.0	4.3	4.3
Total	no.	4 322	4 008	4 065	3 655	3 611	3 437	3 624	3 630	3 506	3 664	3 506
Non-Indigenous												
1	%	70.7	72.0	73.5	73.6	76.5	77.8	78.9	79.1	79.1	77.4	76.5
2	%	16.1	15.3	15.0	14.7	13.9	13.4	13.5	13.5	13.1	13.8	13.9
3	%	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.5	4.9	4.7	4.2	4.3	4.0	4.5	5.0
4	%	3.1	3.0	2.6	2.9	2.4	2.0	1.7	1.7	2.0	2.0	2.4
5 or more	%	4.2	3.8	3.0	3.3	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.5	1.7	2.3	2.3
Total	no.	19 603	18 684	20 412	17 848	17 709	17 000	19 726	19 975	19 226	18 653	18 375

TABLE 11A.4.5

Table 11A.4.5 **Proportion of offenders who were proceeded against by police, by Indigenous status, by number of times offenders were proceeded against during the reference period, NSW, Queensland, SA, ACT, NT, 2008-09 to 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>2018-19</i>	<i>2017-18</i>	<i>2016-17</i>	<i>2015-16</i>	<i>2014-15</i>	<i>2013-14</i>	<i>2012-13</i>	<i>2011-12</i>	<i>2010-11</i>	<i>2009-10</i>	<i>2008-09</i>
Australian Capital Territory (c)												
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander												
1	%	61.5	64.8	62.8	68.0	69.5	na	na	na	na	na	na
2	%	18.3	19.4	20.4	20.6	16.8	na	na	na	na	na	na
3	%	8.0	8.6	7.2	5.1	9.1	na	na	na	na	na	na
4	%	4.2	4.6	3.3	3.3	2.7	na	na	na	na	na	na
5 or more	%	8.3	4.3	3.3	4.4	1.3	na	na	na	na	na	na
Total	no.	312	324	304	272	298	na	na	na	na	na	na
Non-Indigenous												
1	%	84.2	82.7	84.4	83.7	85.1	na	na	na	na	na	na
2	%	11.4	11.5	10.2	10.7	10.5	na	na	na	na	na	na
3	%	2.6	3.8	2.8	3.3	2.9	na	na	na	na	na	na
4	%	0.9	1.3	1.3	1.4	0.7	na	na	na	na	na	na
5 or more	%	0.9	0.8	1.6	0.7	0.6	na	na	na	na	na	na
Total	no.	2 048	2 197	2 170	2 142	2 012	na	na	na	na	na	na
Northern Territory												
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander												
1	%	56.0	50.3	54.6	55.6	56.6	55.7	59.7	62.0	64.3	63.1	62.2
2	%	23.5	23.5	22.7	22.0	22.7	22.3	21.7	22.1	20.5	21.5	21.8
3	%	9.7	11.1	9.8	9.5	9.2	10.8	9.5	9.0	8.1	8.1	8.8
4	%	5.0	6.0	4.6	4.6	4.7	4.6	4.5	3.7	4.0	3.7	3.6
5 or more	%	5.9	9.2	8.4	8.4	6.9	6.5	4.6	3.2	3.1	3.5	3.7
Total	no.	4 743	4 994	4 898	5 358	5 079	6 198	5 132	4 537	4 219	4 676	4 884

TABLE 11A.4.5

Table 11A.4.5 **Proportion of offenders who were proceeded against by police, by Indigenous status, by number of times offenders were proceeded against during the reference period, NSW, Queensland, SA, ACT, NT, 2008-09 to 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>2018-19</i>	<i>2017-18</i>	<i>2016-17</i>	<i>2015-16</i>	<i>2014-15</i>	<i>2013-14</i>	<i>2012-13</i>	<i>2011-12</i>	<i>2010-11</i>	<i>2009-10</i>	<i>2008-09</i>
Non-Indigenous												
1	%	75.1	75.6	75.3	75.8	78.8	77.7	80.8	81.7	81.8	81.2	79.7
2	%	16.4	14.6	15.3	14.1	14.2	14.4	12.6	10.9	12.2	12.7	13.5
3	%	5.1	5.3	4.4	5.0	4.2	4.7	4.4	4.3	3.7	3.6	4.0
4	%	1.8	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.3	1.6	1.0	1.7	1.4	1.1	1.5
5 or more	%	1.4	1.7	2.7	3.2	1.8	2.2	1.3	1.5	1.0	1.4	1.2
Total	no.	1 267	1 299	1 283	1 428	1 485	1 690	1 482	1 571	1 445	1 398	1 533

(a) Due to perturbation, component cells may not add to published totals. As such, published proportions may add to more or less than 100 per cent.

(b) Excludes offenders with a penalty notice as their principal method of proceeding (see Explanatory Notes), Cat. No. 4519.0.

(c) In some instances, Indigenous status was obtained by ACT Police without giving the offender the opportunity to self-identify. However, the proportion of records not obtained via self-identification was low, and the impact on the data was minimal (see ABS Explanatory Notes).

na Not available.

Source: ABS (2020) *Recorded Crime — Offenders, 2018-19*, Cat. no. 4519.0, Canberra, Table 25; ABS (2019) *Recorded Crime — Offenders, 2017-18*, Cat. no. 4519.0, Canberra, Table 25; ABS (2018) *Recorded Crime — Offenders, 2016-17*, Cat. no. 4519.0, Canberra, Table 25; ABS (2017) *Recorded Crime — Offenders, 2015-16*, Cat. no. 4519.0, Canberra, Table 25; ABS (2016) *Recorded Crime — Offenders, 2014-15*, Cat. no. 4519.0, Canberra, Table 25; ABS (2015) *Recorded Crime — Offenders, 2013-14*, Cat. no. 4519.0, Canberra, Table 19; ABS (2014) *Recorded Crime — Offenders, 2012-13*, Cat. no. 4519.0, Canberra, Table 20.

TABLE 11A.4.6

Table 11A.4.6 **Proportion of offenders who were proceeded against by police, by Indigenous status, by sex, by age, NSW, Queensland, SA, ACT and NT, during 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	Unit	Males					Females					Persons (c)				
		NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT	NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT	NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander																
Age (years)																
10–14	%	7.4	9.1	5.7	3.8	4.5	8.9	10.2	5.1	4.0	7.1	7.8	9.5	5.6	3.2	5.1
15–19	%	17.2	18.5	13.3	15.6	15.8	17.5	18.0	12.7	9.3	12.1	17.3	18.4	13.0	14.1	15.0
20–24	%	17.4	16.8	15.0	16.0	16.3	15.3	15.9	14.1	17.3	14.2	16.8	16.5	14.8	15.7	16.0
25–29	%	14.9	14.8	14.4	13.9	17.0	14.6	14.5	15.1	8.0	16.0	14.8	14.7	14.6	13.8	16.8
30–34	%	13.0	11.3	16.7	14.8	13.8	13.6	12.2	17.6	13.3	15.9	13.2	11.6	16.8	15.4	14.3
35–39	%	10.1	10.0	12.1	11.4	12.2	11.2	10.2	14.7	12.0	12.0	10.4	10.0	12.9	11.9	12.1
40–44	%	7.4	7.5	9.9	10.5	8.3	7.7	7.6	8.9	8.0	8.8	7.5	7.6	9.6	8.7	8.6
45–49	%	6.3	5.6	6.7	8.9	6.3	5.9	6.3	6.3	4.0	6.7	6.2	5.9	6.6	7.4	6.3
50–54	%	3.5	3.4	3.6	5.9	3.7	3.1	2.7	3.6	–	3.8	3.4	3.2	3.5	3.8	3.7
55–59	%	1.7	1.6	1.4	2.5	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.4	–	0.9	1.6	1.6	1.5	2.2	1.4
60–64	%	0.7	0.6	0.5	–	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.5	–	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.5	–	0.7
65 years or over	%	0.3	0.5	0.4	1.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	–	–	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.3	1.0	0.4
Total (d)	no.	9 144	11 671	2 974	237	3 739	3 605	5 667	1 351	75	1 004	12 753	17 336	4 322	312	4 743
Mean age	years	29.1	28.5	30.6	31.4	30.0	28.8	28.4	30.7	29.5	30.6	29.0	28.5	30.6	31.0	30.1
Median age	years	27.0	26.0	30.0	30.0	28.0	27.0	27.0	31.0	29.0	29.0	27.0	26.0	30.0	30.0	29.0
Non-Indigenous																
Age (years)																
10–14	%	4.0	3.3	2.7	3.2	0.4	7.3	5.3	3.8	6.3	1.7	4.8	3.8	3.0	3.5	0.9
15–19	%	16.2	15.6	10.7	14.2	6.4	21.6	16.0	12.5	20.4	7.3	17.4	15.7	11.1	15.6	6.6
20–24	%	14.9	16.3	11.9	17.7	14.1	14.4	15.2	11.9	16.3	13.7	14.8	16.1	11.9	17.4	14.2
25–29	%	13.8	14.3	13.6	16.2	15.0	12.5	13.8	14.9	13.4	13.7	13.5	14.2	13.9	15.7	14.4

TABLE 11A.4.6

Table 11A.4.6 **Proportion of offenders who were proceeded against by police, by Indigenous status, by sex, by age, NSW, Queensland, SA, ACT and NT, during 2018-19 (a), (b)**

	Unit	Males					Females					Persons (c)				
		NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT	NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT	NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT
30–34	%	12.1	12.3	14.4	12.3	15.3	10.4	12.8	15.2	14.5	18.4	11.7	12.5	14.6	12.9	15.6
35–39	%	11.1	11.6	13.3	12.9	12.9	9.9	11.4	14.2	10.5	12.4	10.8	11.6	13.5	12.3	12.7
40–44	%	8.8	9.0	11.2	7.9	12.5	8.4	9.2	10.8	5.6	16.2	8.8	9.1	11.1	7.4	13.6
45–49	%	7.5	7.3	9.4	7.2	8.7	6.6	7.2	7.6	5.8	5.6	7.3	7.3	9.0	6.7	8.2
50–54	%	4.8	4.2	5.7	3.4	6.5	4.1	4.1	4.5	4.9	3.0	4.7	4.2	5.4	3.7	5.6
55–59	%	3.0	2.6	3.1	2.1	3.8	2.4	2.3	2.5	2.9	4.3	2.8	2.6	2.9	2.4	4.2
60–64	%	1.7	1.5	1.8	1.2	2.4	1.4	1.1	1.1	0.7	1.3	1.7	1.4	1.7	1.1	2.3
65 years or over	%	2.0	1.8	2.2	1.6	2.2	1.0	1.5	1.2	–	1.7	1.7	1.7	2.0	1.4	2.8
Total (d)	no.	51 923	46 640	15 051	1 597	1 028	14 361	16 130	4 545	447	234	66 398	62 770	19 603	2 048	1 267
Mean age	years	32.1	31.9	34.5	31.5	36.1	29.7	31.2	32.6	29.3	33.9	31.6	31.7	34.1	31.0	35.6
Median age	years	30.0	30.0	33.0	29.0	34.0	27.0	29.0	32.0	28.0	33.0	29.0	30.0	33.0	29.0	34.0
Total persons (c) (d) no.		66 155	59 058	19 390	1 832	4 785	19 809	22 117	6 430	520	1 252	86 104	81 180	25 829	2 359	6 044

(a) Due to perturbation, component cells may not add to published totals. As such, published proportions may add to more or less than 100 per cent.

(b) Excludes offenders with a penalty notice as their principal method of proceeding (see Explanatory Notes paragraphs 40–43), Cat. No. 4519.0.

(c) Includes persons with unknown sex.

(d) Includes persons with unknown age.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (2020) *Recorded Crime — Offenders*, 2018-19, Cat. no. 4519.0, Canberra, Table 24.

TABLE 11A.4.7

Table 11A.4.7 **Proportion of offenders who were proceeded against by police, by Indigenous status, by sex, by age, NSW, Queensland, SA, ACT and NT, during 2017-18 (a), (b)**

	Unit	Males					Females					Persons (c)				
		NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT	NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT	NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander																
Age (years)																
10–14	%	8.5	10.4	8.2	6.4	4.0	10.3	9.9	6.7	11.0	4.5	9.0	10.2	7.6	5.6	4.2
15–19	%	18.4	19.0	16.5	12.8	14.4	19.7	18.1	14.5	20.0	9.7	18.7	18.7	15.9	16.0	13.5
20–24	%	17.3	17.3	13.3	17.4	16.7	14.9	14.9	12.4	22.0	15.4	16.6	16.5	13.1	20.4	16.4
25–29	%	14.8	14.3	13.8	16.5	16.9	13.9	15.2	15.3	15.0	18.1	14.6	14.6	14.2	16.0	17.2
30–34	%	11.8	11.0	15.6	10.6	14.5	12.5	12.5	15.5	10.0	17.3	12.0	11.4	15.6	10.5	15.1
35–39	%	9.8	9.4	11.5	11.9	12.1	10.2	10.0	13.3	6.0	12.2	9.9	9.5	12.2	9.9	12.1
40–44	%	7.5	7.2	9.0	9.2	8.6	7.6	7.7	8.8	6.0	9.5	7.5	7.4	8.9	6.8	8.8
45–49	%	6.1	5.7	6.5	8.3	6.4	6.1	6.1	7.4	8.0	6.8	6.1	5.8	6.8	8.6	6.5
50–54	%	3.2	3.0	3.6	3.7	3.9	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.0	3.5	3.1	3.0	3.4	3.1	3.9
55–59	%	1.6	1.6	1.5	–	1.3	1.1	1.7	1.4	3.0	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.2	1.3
60–64	%	0.7	0.8	0.6	–	0.9	0.3	0.7	0.3	–	1.1	0.6	0.8	0.6	–	0.8
65 years or over	%	0.4	0.5	0.2	–	0.3	0.1	0.3	–	–	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.1	–	0.3
Total (d)	no.	8 385	11 816	2 759	218	3 951	3 291	5 621	1 251	100	1 039	11 681	17 437	4 008	324	4 994
Mean age	years	28.6	28.1	29.6	30.4	30.4	28.0	28.6	30.3	27.0	31.3	28.4	28.3	29.8	29.3	30.6
Median age	years	26.0	25.0	29.0	29.0	29.0	26.0	27.0	30.0	24.0	30.0	26.0	26.0	29.0	27.0	29.0
Non-Indigenous																
Age (years)																
10–14	%	4.5	3.7	3.3	2.0	0.8	8.4	5.4	5.1	4.4	2.2	5.4	4.1	3.7	2.7	1.2
15–19	%	17.5	15.6	11.0	17.7	8.3	23.4	16.5	11.8	21.8	10.6	18.8	15.8	11.2	18.4	8.5
20–24	%	15.4	16.9	11.5	20.4	13.9	13.6	15.2	12.4	16.6	15.9	15.1	16.5	11.7	19.6	14.8
25–29	%	14.0	14.5	13.8	15.2	15.7	12.6	14.1	14.4	16.0	16.3	13.7	14.4	13.9	15.2	15.9

TABLE 11A.4.7

Table 11A.4.7 **Proportion of offenders who were proceeded against by police, by Indigenous status, by sex, by age, NSW, Queensland, SA, ACT and NT, during 2017-18 (a), (b)**

	Unit	Males					Females					Persons (c)				
		NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT	NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT	NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT
30–34	%	11.7	12.7	15.0	13.8	15.7	10.3	12.8	15.2	11.7	15.0	11.4	12.7	15.0	13.1	15.3
35–39	%	10.6	11.5	13.3	10.2	11.8	9.7	11.5	13.8	10.3	10.6	10.4	11.5	13.4	10.2	11.9
40–44	%	8.6	8.8	10.7	7.6	10.5	7.8	9.3	10.2	7.9	11.0	8.4	8.9	10.6	7.7	10.7
45–49	%	7.1	6.7	8.9	5.7	9.4	6.3	6.8	8.0	4.8	7.9	6.9	6.7	8.7	5.6	8.5
50–54	%	4.3	4.0	5.5	2.7	6.8	3.7	4.0	4.3	4.4	5.3	4.2	4.0	5.2	2.8	6.4
55–59	%	2.8	2.5	3.2	2.5	3.2	2.2	2.3	2.7	0.6	4.4	2.7	2.4	3.1	2.0	2.9
60–64	%	1.5	1.4	1.7	1.3	2.3	1.0	1.1	1.5	1.8	–	1.4	1.3	1.6	1.1	2.0
65 years or over	%	1.8	1.7	2.0	1.2	1.8	0.9	1.2	0.9	1.2	2.2	1.6	1.5	1.8	1.1	1.8
Total (d)	no.	51 967	47 037	14 401	1 700	1 072	14 281	15 770	4 285	495	227	66 291	62 811	18 684	2 197	1 299
Mean age	years	31.4	31.4	34.1	30.3	35.0	28.9	30.9	32.5	29.6	33.0	30.8	31.3	33.8	30.1	34.6
Median age	years	29.0	29.0	33.0	28.0	33.0	26.0	29.0	32.0	27.0	31.0	28.0	29.0	33.0	27.0	33.0
Total persons (c) (d)	no.	65 617	59 676	20 074	1 917	5 050	19 538	21 712	6 780	595	1 269	85 203	81 387	26 857	2 515	6 322

(a) Due to perturbation, component cells may not add to published totals. As such, published proportions may add to more or less than 100 per cent.

(b) Excludes offenders with a penalty notice as their principal method of proceeding (see Explanatory Notes paragraphs 40–43), Cat. No. 4519.0.

(c) Includes persons with unknown sex.

(d) Includes persons with unknown age.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (2019) *Recorded Crime — Offenders*, 2017-18, Cat. no. 4519.0, Canberra, Table 24.

TABLE 11A.4.8

Table 11A.4.8 **Proportion of offenders who were proceeded against by police, by Indigenous status, by sex, by age, NSW, Queensland, SA, ACT and NT, during 2016-17 (a), (b)**

	Unit	Males					Females					Persons (c)				
		NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT	NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT	NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander																
Age (years)																
10–14	%	8.4	9.7	8.2	2.0	5.4	10.0	8.7	6.5	4.1	6.8	8.8	9.4	7.7	3.3	5.7
15–19	%	20.5	18.8	14.5	17.8	15.5	20.9	18.5	14.6	11.0	13.2	20.6	18.7	14.5	15.8	15.0
20–24	%	17.0	18.2	16.5	22.8	17.0	15.3	17.8	14.5	26.0	14.2	16.5	18.1	15.9	23.8	16.4
25–29	%	13.7	14.0	14.0	17.8	16.4	14.1	13.5	15.1	21.9	17.2	13.8	13.9	14.4	17.6	16.6
30–34	%	11.9	11.5	13.6	12.4	13.8	12.1	12.2	16.3	15.1	16.0	11.9	11.7	14.3	13.6	14.2
35–39	%	9.7	9.0	10.6	6.4	11.6	9.8	9.9	10.1	12.3	12.4	9.7	9.3	10.6	8.1	11.6
40–44	%	8.1	7.9	8.9	8.4	8.8	7.8	8.0	9.7	5.5	9.6	8.0	7.9	9.1	7.0	8.9
45–49	%	5.6	5.2	5.7	5.4	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.4	6.8	7.3	5.7	5.5	6.0	4.0	6.3
50–54	%	2.9	2.9	3.6	4.5	3.3	2.9	3.2	3.6	4.1	2.6	2.9	3.0	3.7	2.6	3.0
55–59	%	1.2	1.6	1.6	–	1.2	0.9	1.3	1.4	–	1.9	1.1	1.5	1.5	–	1.4
60–64	%	0.6	0.7	0.6	–	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.3	–	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.6	–	0.6
65 years or over	%	0.3	0.4	0.3	–	0.4	0.2	0.2	–	–	–	0.2	0.3	0.3	–	0.3
Total (d)	no.	8 162	11 796	2 512	202	4 200	3 039	5 708	1 146	73	1 159	11 207	17 504	3 655	273	5 363
Mean age	years	28.1	28.1	29.5	28.3	29.7	27.8	28.4	29.8	29.2	30.1	28.1	28.2	29.6	28.5	29.8
Median age	years	26.0	26.0	28.0	25.0	28.0	26.0	26.0	29.0	27.0	29.0	26.0	26.0	28.0	26.0	28.0
Non-Indigenous																
Age (years)																
10–14	%	4.1	3.5	3.0	3.2	1.9	7.8	5.2	5.0	6.0	3.1	4.9	3.9	3.5	3.7	2.7
15–19	%	18.3	16.0	11.2	20.7	7.4	23.5	17.1	14.0	27.1	10.4	19.4	16.3	11.8	21.7	8.1
20–24	%	16.5	19.1	14.5	17.8	13.7	14.2	17.5	13.9	16.4	21.5	16.1	18.7	14.4	17.3	15.2
25–29	%	13.4	15.0	14.5	14.5	18.1	11.6	14.2	13.7	12.4	18.7	13.0	14.8	14.3	14.1	18.3

TABLE 11A.4.8

Table 11A.4.8 **Proportion of offenders who were proceeded against by police, by Indigenous status, by sex, by age, NSW, Queensland, SA, ACT and NT, during 2016-17 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Males</i>					<i>Females</i>					<i>Persons (c)</i>				
		<i>NSW</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>
30–34	%	11.9	13.0	14.2	12.8	15.3	10.9	12.2	13.7	13.1	12.8	11.7	12.8	14.1	13.0	15.0
35–39	%	10.3	10.5	12.4	10.3	11.2	10.1	10.6	11.2	6.0	11.4	10.3	10.5	12.1	9.6	11.3
40–44	%	9.0	8.6	10.0	8.1	10.9	8.2	9.0	10.3	7.4	9.3	8.9	8.7	10.1	8.0	10.6
45–49	%	6.6	5.7	7.6	5.5	7.9	5.9	6.0	7.3	4.5	3.1	6.4	5.7	7.5	5.6	6.9
50–54	%	4.3	3.7	5.1	2.3	4.9	3.8	3.9	4.9	2.9	3.1	4.2	3.8	5.0	2.7	4.6
55–59	%	2.6	2.3	3.1	1.8	4.1	2.0	1.9	2.9	–	3.1	2.4	2.2	3.0	1.6	3.6
60–64	%	1.3	1.3	1.7	1.5	1.7	1.0	1.0	1.6	1.9	3.1	1.3	1.2	1.7	1.5	1.8
65 years or over	%	1.5	1.5	2.0	1.3	1.9	0.9	1.3	1.6	–	1.0	1.4	1.4	2.0	1.3	1.8
Total (d)	no.	54 009	52 174	14 011	1 716	1 135	13 939	17 335	3 833	420	289	67 996	69 511	17 848	2 140	1 428
Mean age	years	31.0	30.8	33.4	30.0	34.2	29.0	30.3	32.3	27.8	30.9	30.6	30.7	33.2	29.6	33.6
Median age	years	29.0	28.0	32.0	27.0	32.0	26.0	28.0	31.0	25.0	29.0	28.0	28.0	31.0	27.0	32.0
Total persons (c) (d)	no.	65 421	64 929	20 862	1 916	5 345	18 249	23 412	6 446	494	1 460	83 722	88 340	27 306	2 412	6 810

(a) Due to perturbation, component cells may not add to published totals. As such, published proportions may add to more or less than 100 per cent.

(b) Excludes offenders with a penalty notice as their principal method of proceeding (see Explanatory Notes paragraphs 40–43), Cat. No. 4519.0.

(c) Includes persons with unknown sex.

(d) Includes persons with unknown age.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (2018) *Recorded Crime — Offenders*, 2016-17, Cat. no. 4519.0, Canberra, Table 24.

TABLE 11A.4.9

Table 11A.4.9 **Proportion of offenders who were proceeded against by police, by Indigenous status, by sex, by age, NSW, Queensland, SA, ACT and NT, during 2015-16 (a), (b)**

	Unit	Males					Females					Persons (c)				
		NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT	NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT	NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander																
Age (years)																
10–14	%	8.4	9.6	8.2	2.0	5.4	10.0	8.5	6.5	4.2	6.8	8.8	9.3	7.7	3.3	5.7
15–19	%	20.5	18.7	14.5	17.9	15.6	20.9	18.5	14.6	11.3	13.2	20.6	18.7	14.5	15.8	15.0
20–24	%	17.0	18.2	16.5	22.9	17.0	15.3	18.0	14.5	23.9	14.2	16.5	18.1	15.9	22.1	16.4
25–29	%	13.7	14.1	14.0	17.9	16.4	14.1	13.6	15.1	22.5	17.2	13.8	13.9	14.4	17.6	16.6
30–34	%	11.9	11.5	13.6	12.4	13.7	12.1	12.3	16.3	15.5	16.0	11.9	11.8	14.3	13.6	14.2
35–39	%	9.7	9.0	10.6	6.5	11.6	9.8	9.9	10.1	12.7	12.4	9.7	9.3	10.6	8.1	11.6
40–44	%	8.1	7.9	8.9	9.0	8.8	7.8	8.0	9.7	5.6	9.6	8.0	8.0	9.1	7.4	8.9
45–49	%	5.6	5.2	5.7	5.5	6.0	6.0	5.9	6.4	7.0	7.3	5.7	5.5	6.0	4.0	6.3
50–54	%	2.9	2.9	3.6	4.5	3.3	2.9	3.2	3.6	4.2	2.6	2.9	3.0	3.7	2.6	3.0
55–59	%	1.2	1.6	1.6	–	1.2	0.9	1.3	1.4	–	1.9	1.1	1.5	1.5	–	1.4
60–64	%	0.6	0.8	0.6	–	0.6	0.3	0.6	0.3	–	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.6	–	0.6
65 years or over	%	0.3	0.4	0.3	–	0.4	0.2	0.2	–	–	–	0.2	0.3	0.3	–	0.3
Total (d)	no.	8 162	11 950	2 512	201	4 205	3 039	5 782	1 146	71	1 159	11 207	17 733	3 655	272	5 358
Mean age	years	28.1	28.1	29.5	28.3	29.7	27.8	28.4	29.8	29.3	30.1	28.1	28.2	29.6	28.6	29.8
Median age	years	26.0	26.0	28.0	25.5	28.0	26.0	26.0	29.0	27.0	29.0	26.0	26.0	28.0	26.0	28.0
Non-Indigenous																
Age (years)																
10–14	%	4.1	3.4	3.0	3.4	1.9	7.8	5.2	5.0	5.9	3.1	4.9	3.8	3.5	3.8	2.7
15–19	%	18.3	16.0	11.2	20.7	7.4	23.5	17.0	14.0	25.4	10.4	19.4	16.2	11.8	21.7	8.1
20–24	%	16.5	19.2	14.5	17.6	13.8	14.2	17.5	13.9	16.9	21.5	16.1	18.8	14.4	17.2	15.2
25–29	%	13.4	15.0	14.5	14.7	18.1	11.6	14.2	13.7	11.7	18.7	13.0	14.8	14.3	14.1	18.3

TABLE 11A.4.9

Table 11A.4.9 **Proportion of offenders who were proceeded against by police, by Indigenous status, by sex, by age, NSW, Queensland, SA, ACT and NT, during 2015-16 (a), (b)**

	Unit	Males					Females					Persons (c)				
		NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT	NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT	NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT
30–34	%	11.9	12.9	14.2	12.6	15.4	10.9	12.2	13.7	14.1	12.8	11.7	12.8	14.1	12.9	15.4
35–39	%	10.3	10.4	12.4	10.3	11.2	10.1	10.7	11.2	7.0	11.4	10.3	10.5	12.1	9.4	11.3
40–44	%	9.0	8.6	10.0	7.9	10.9	8.2	9.0	10.3	7.3	9.3	8.9	8.7	10.1	8.0	10.6
45–49	%	6.6	5.7	7.6	5.4	7.9	5.9	6.0	7.3	4.5	3.1	6.4	5.7	7.5	5.3	6.9
50–54	%	4.3	3.8	5.1	2.3	4.9	3.8	3.9	4.9	2.8	3.1	4.2	3.8	5.0	2.7	4.6
55–59	%	2.6	2.3	3.1	1.8	4.1	2.0	1.9	2.9	–	3.1	2.4	2.2	3.0	1.6	3.6
60–64	%	1.3	1.3	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.0	1.0	1.6	1.9	3.1	1.3	1.2	1.7	1.6	1.8
65 years or over	%	1.5	1.5	2.0	1.5	1.9	0.9	1.3	1.6	–	1.0	1.4	1.5	2.0	1.3	1.8
Total (d)	no.	54 009	53 574	14 011	1 713	1 133	13 939	17 745	3 833	426	289	67 996	71 317	17 848	2 142	1 428
Mean age	years	31.0	30.8	33.4	30.0	34.2	29.0	30.4	32.3	27.8	30.9	30.6	30.7	33.2	29.6	33.6
Median age	years	29.0	28.0	32.0	27.0	32.0	26.0	28.0	31.0	25.0	29.0	28.0	28.0	31.0	27.0	32.0
Total persons (c) (d)	no.	65 421	66 491	20 862	1 914	5 346	18 249	23 909	6 446	495	1 460	83 722	90 405	27 306	2 414	6 810

(a) Due to perturbation, component cells may not add to published totals. As such, published proportions may add to more or less than 100 per cent.

(b) Excludes offenders with a penalty notice as their principal method of proceeding (see Explanatory Notes paragraphs 40–43), Cat. No. 4519.0.

(c) Includes persons with unknown sex.

(d) Includes persons with unknown age.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (2017) *Recorded Crime — Offenders*, 2015-16, Cat. no. 4519.0, Canberra, Table 24.

TABLE 11A.4.10

Table 11A.4.10 **Proportion of offenders who were proceeded against by police, by Indigenous status, by sex, by age, NSW, Queensland, SA, ACT and NT, during 2014-15 (a), (b)**

	Unit	Males					Females					Persons (c)				
		NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT	NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT	NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander																
Age (years)																
10–14	%	10.7	8.8	9.1	3.2	4.8	11.8	7.8	7.7	7.6	5.3	10.9	8.5	8.5	2.3	4.9
15–19	%	21.3	20.5	15.2	16.0	15.0	20.7	17.5	13.4	13.9	11.3	21.0	19.5	14.7	15.4	14.1
20–24	%	16.0	18.5	17.0	22.8	17.0	15.4	18.0	15.4	24.1	14.0	15.9	18.3	16.4	22.8	16.3
25–29	%	13.8	13.6	13.7	21.0	16.8	13.4	14.3	15.3	10.1	15.7	13.7	13.8	14.1	18.1	16.5
30–34	%	11.2	11.1	12.7	16.0	15.0	11.6	12.3	17.5	16.5	17.0	11.3	11.4	14.1	18.1	15.5
35–39	%	8.6	9.2	10.5	8.7	11.5	9.7	10.4	11.1	10.1	13.7	9.0	9.6	10.9	8.4	12.1
40–44	%	7.9	7.7	9.3	6.4	8.1	7.2	8.6	9.5	3.8	9.3	7.7	8.0	9.2	5.7	8.4
45–49	%	5.6	4.8	5.6	3.7	6.1	5.0	5.5	5.4	5.1	7.8	5.4	5.0	5.7	5.4	6.5
50–54	%	2.8	3.3	4.0	2.7	3.2	3.0	3.3	4.1	–	3.6	2.8	3.3	4.1	1.3	3.3
55–59	%	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.3	1.2	1.5	1.7	–	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.3	1.4
60–64	%	0.5	0.7	0.4	–	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.4	–	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.4	–	0.8
65 years or over	%	0.3	0.3	0.5	–	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.5	–	–	0.3	0.3	0.3	–	0.3
Total (d)	no.	5 247	11 752	2 505	219	3 930	2 089	5 400	1 111	79	1 150	7 337	17 158	3 611	298	5 079
Mean age	years	27.7	28.0	29.4	28.6	29.9	27.5	28.8	30.0	28.8	31.3	27.6	28.2	29.6	28.7	30.2
Median age	years	25.0	25.0	28.0	27.0	28.0	25.0	27.0	29.0	28.0	31.0	25.0	26.0	28.0	27.0	29.0
Non-Indigenous																
Age (years)																
10–14	%	4.2	3.3	3.2	2.2	1.1	8.2	5.0	5.1	7.7	2.3	5.0	3.7	3.6	3.2	1.5
15–19	%	19.7	17.4	12.0	19.9	9.7	24.4	17.8	14.3	24.8	7.9	20.6	17.5	12.5	20.6	9.8
20–24	%	16.6	20.7	15.0	19.9	15.1	14.0	17.9	14.0	18.5	19.9	16.1	20.0	14.7	19.7	16.0
25–29	%	13.2	15.5	14.3	17.2	17.3	11.2	13.9	13.1	12.3	19.9	12.8	15.1	14.0	16.3	17.9

TABLE 11A.4.10

Table 11A.4.10 **Proportion of offenders who were proceeded against by police, by Indigenous status, by sex, by age, NSW, Queensland, SA, ACT and NT, during 2014-15 (a), (b)**

	Unit	Males					Females					Persons (c)				
		NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT	NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT	NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT
30–34	%	11.6	12.6	13.6	11.3	14.7	10.6	12.3	12.9	11.1	15.0	11.4	12.5	13.5	11.1	14.7
35–39	%	9.7	9.5	11.3	8.6	11.4	9.6	10.2	10.9	8.2	8.3	9.7	9.7	11.2	8.3	11.1
40–44	%	9.1	7.9	10.4	8.3	10.4	8.4	8.8	11.2	5.5	10.2	8.9	8.1	10.5	7.9	10.1
45–49	%	6.2	5.3	8.1	4.7	7.7	5.8	6.1	7.1	6.5	7.1	6.1	5.5	7.9	4.9	7.8
50–54	%	4.3	3.3	5.4	3.6	5.1	3.9	4.0	4.8	2.4	4.9	4.2	3.5	5.3	3.4	4.6
55–59	%	2.4	2.0	2.8	1.7	2.8	2.0	1.8	3.0	2.9	4.9	2.3	1.9	2.8	2.0	3.0
60–64	%	1.4	1.1	1.7	1.3	2.2	1.2	1.1	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.4	1.1	1.8	1.3	2.4
65 years or over	%	1.6	1.3	2.4	1.3	2.2	0.8	1.1	1.5	1.7	–	1.4	1.3	2.3	1.0	1.8
Total (d)	no.	49 373	55 199	14 134	1 595	1 213	12 529	16 613	3 575	416	266	61 996	71 808	17 709	2 012	1 485
Mean age	years	30.7	30.0	33.4	29.6	33.9	28.8	30.2	32.4	28.3	32.3	30.3	30.0	33.2	29.3	33.6
Median age	years	28.0	27.0	31.0	27.0	32.0	26.0	28.0	31.0	25.0	30.0	28.0	27.0	31.0	26.0	31.0
Total persons (c) (d)	no.	62 906	68 120	20 297	1 815	5 168	17 016	22 545	5 851	489	1 418	80 016	90 659	26 147	2 310	6 591

(a) Due to perturbation, component cells may not add to published totals. As such, published proportions may add to more or less than 100 per cent.

(b) Excludes offenders with a penalty notice as their principal method of proceeding (see Explanatory Notes paragraphs 40–43), Cat. No. 4519.0.

(c) Includes persons with unknown sex.

(d) Includes persons with unknown age.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (2016) *Recorded Crime — Offenders*, 2014-15, Cat. no. 4519.0, Canberra, Table 24.

TABLE 11A.4.11

Table 11A.4.11 Proportion of offenders who were proceeded against by police, by Indigenous status, by sex, by age, NSW, Queensland, SA, NT, during 2013-14 (a)

	Unit	Males					Females					Persons (b)				
		NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT	NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT	NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander																
Age (years)																
10–14	%	9.8	8.6	9.2	na	8.2	11.3	8.1	8.6	na	9.9	10.2	8.5	9.2	na	8.5
15–19	%	23.1	21.4	18.6	na	20.1	21.6	19.4	16.8	na	16.4	22.7	20.8	17.8	na	19.2
20–24	%	17.0	18.2	17.5	na	16.1	15.8	16.9	14.7	na	13.7	16.7	17.8	16.6	na	15.5
25–29	%	13.0	13.2	14.9	na	14.4	14.0	14.6	15.7	na	13.7	13.3	13.6	15.1	na	14.2
30–34	%	11.4	11.2	12.4	na	12.2	12.1	11.6	13.1	na	13.5	11.6	11.3	12.7	na	12.5
35–39	%	8.5	9.3	9.4	na	10.0	9.3	10.0	11.1	na	11.8	8.7	9.5	9.9	na	10.4
40–44	%	8.4	7.8	8.1	na	8.5	7.5	9.2	9.6	na	10.1	8.1	8.2	8.6	na	8.8
45–49	%	4.7	5.0	5.0	na	5.6	4.4	5.3	5.3	na	6.7	4.6	5.1	5.3	na	5.8
50–54	%	2.5	2.8	3.2	na	3.0	2.3	3.0	3.2	na	3.0	2.5	2.9	3.2	na	2.9
55–59	%	1.2	1.5	1.4	na	1.3	1.2	1.4	0.7	na	1.6	1.1	1.4	1.3	na	1.4
60–64	%	0.4	0.7	0.2	na	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.4	na	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.4	na	0.4
65 years or over	%	0.3	0.4	0.3	na	0.3	0.2	0.2	–	na	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	na	0.3
Total (c)	no.	7 183	11 512	2 349	na	4 776	2 647	5 285	1 083	na	1 411	9 833	16 790	3 437	na	6 198
Mean age	years	27.1	27.8	28.1	na	28.3	26.8	28.3	28.6	na	29.3	27.1	28.0	28.4	na	28.5
Median age	years	25.0	25.0	26.0	na	27.0	25.0	26.0	27.0	na	28.0	25.0	26.0	27.0	na	27.0
Non-Indigenous																
Age (years)																
10–14	%	3.8	3.0	3.3	na	5.0	7.6	5.4	5.7	na	6.6	4.6	3.6	3.8	na	5.0
15–19	%	19.8	18.3	14.1	na	16.7	24.0	19.0	16.1	na	18.5	20.6	18.4	14.5	na	17.5
20–24	%	17.0	21.3	16.7	na	15.5	14.3	17.9	13.6	na	16.4	16.5	20.5	16.1	na	15.6
25–29	%	13.3	15.7	14.4	na	15.5	11.3	13.9	12.9	na	13.9	12.9	15.3	14.1	na	15.2

TABLE 11A.4.11

Table 11A.4.11 **Proportion of offenders who were proceeded against by police, by Indigenous status, by sex, by age, NSW, Queensland, SA, NT, during 2013-14 (a)**

	Unit	Males					Females					Persons (b)				
		NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT	NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT	NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT
30–34	%	11.7	12.2	12.5	na	12.3	11.1	11.8	12.8	na	9.8	11.6	12.1	12.6	na	12.0
35–39	%	9.7	9.4	10.9	na	9.1	9.4	10.2	10.8	na	9.1	9.7	9.5	10.9	na	8.8
40–44	%	9.0	7.8	9.0	na	8.8	8.5	8.5	10.2	na	11.1	8.9	7.9	9.2	na	9.2
45–49	%	6.2	5.1	7.1	na	5.9	5.9	5.9	7.2	na	6.6	6.1	5.2	7.1	na	6.0
50–54	%	4.1	3.3	5.0	na	4.6	3.8	3.7	5.1	na	4.9	4.1	3.4	5.0	na	4.4
55–59	%	2.4	1.9	2.9	na	2.4	1.9	1.8	2.5	na	4.5	2.4	1.9	2.9	na	2.3
60–64	%	1.4	1.1	1.9	na	1.9	1.2	1.0	1.5	na	–	1.4	1.1	1.8	na	1.8
65 years or over	%	1.5	1.1	2.2	na	2.2	0.8	0.9	1.4	na	–	1.4	1.0	2.0	na	1.8
Total (c)	no.	50 142	52 973	13 488	na	1 402	12 451	15 189	3 511	na	287	62 657	68 161	17 000	na	1 690
Mean age	years	30.6	29.6	32.5	na	30.9	28.9	29.7	31.8	na	30.2	30.3	29.6	32.3	na	30.7
Median age	years	28.0	27.0	30.0	na	28.0	26.0	27.0	30.0	na	29.0	28.0	27.0	30.0	na	28.0
Total persons (b), (c) no.		61 984	65 828	18 910	na	6 208	16 595	20 998	5 569	na	1 704	78 644	86 828	24 482	na	7 921

(a) Excludes offenders with a penalty notice as their principal method of proceeding (see Explanatory Notes paragraphs 40–43), Cat. No. 4519.0.

(b) Includes persons with unknown sex.

(c) Includes persons with unknown age.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (2015) *Recorded Crime — Offenders*, 2013-14, Cat. no. 4519.0, Canberra, Table 18.

TABLE 11A.4.12

Table 11A.4.12 **Proportion of offenders who were proceeded against by police, by Indigenous status, by sex, by age, NSW, Queensland, SA, NT, during 2012-13 (a)**

	Unit	Males					Females					Persons (b)				
		NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT	NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT	NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander																
Age (years)																
10–14	%	10.4	9.1	8.7	na	4.4	9.8	9.1	9.4	na	5.0	10.2	9.1	8.9	na	4.6
15–19	%	23.7	22.2	18.6	na	15.7	21.8	20.4	15.9	na	13.3	23.2	21.6	17.7	na	15.2
20–24	%	16.9	18.0	17.4	na	18.1	16.1	18.2	15.7	na	14.3	16.7	18.0	16.8	na	17.3
25–29	%	12.8	13.7	15.2	na	17.0	12.8	13.4	16.4	na	16.5	12.8	13.6	15.6	na	16.9
30–34	%	10.8	11.3	11.7	na	14.2	11.2	11.3	13.6	na	14.8	10.9	11.3	12.3	na	14.3
35–39	%	8.8	9.1	10.3	na	11.3	10.3	10.5	11.3	na	12.0	9.2	9.6	10.7	na	11.5
40–44	%	7.7	7.3	8.3	na	8.3	8.9	7.9	9.3	na	10.4	8.0	7.5	8.6	na	8.8
45–49	%	5.0	4.9	4.3	na	5.5	5.6	4.8	5.1	na	6.6	5.2	4.9	4.6	na	5.7
50–54	%	2.3	2.5	3.5	na	2.9	2.2	2.8	1.8	na	4.2	2.3	2.6	3.0	na	3.1
55–59	%	1.0	1.2	1.2	na	1.5	0.8	1.2	0.8	na	1.7	0.9	1.2	1.1	na	1.5
60–64	%	0.3	0.5	0.6	na	0.8	0.3	0.3	0.4	na	0.9	0.3	0.5	0.5	na	0.8
65 years or over	%	0.2	0.2	0.3	na	0.4	–	0.2	0.4	na	–	0.1	0.2	0.3	na	0.3
Total (c)	no.	6 398	10 376	2 484	na	4 049	2 357	4 686	1 140	na	1 082	8 755	15 062	3 624	na	5 134
Mean age	years	26.9	27.4	28.2	na	29.6	26.9	27.7	28.2	na	29.6	27.1	27.5	28.3	na	29.9
Median age	years	24.0	25.0	26.0	na	28.0	25.0	25.0	27.0	na	30.0	24.0	25.0	27.0	na	28.0
Non-Indigenous																
Age (years)																
10–14	%	4.2	3.6	3.8	na	2.6	8.6	5.4	6.0	na	4.0	5.1	4.0	4.3	na	2.8
15–19	%	21.0	20.0	16.1	na	11.6	24.6	20.2	17.2	na	13.4	21.7	20.1	16.4	na	11.8
20–24	%	17.2	21.8	17.2	na	17.5	14.3	18.4	14.1	na	23.5	16.6	21.1	16.6	na	18.4
25–29	%	13.1	15.5	13.8	na	18.1	11.6	13.7	12.5	na	9.7	12.8	15.1	13.6	na	16.7

TABLE 11A.4.12

Table 11A.4.12 **Proportion of offenders who were proceeded against by police, by Indigenous status, by sex, by age, NSW, Queensland, SA, NT, during 2012-13 (a)**

	Unit	Males					Females					Persons (b)				
		NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT	NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT	NSW	Qld	SA	ACT	NT
30–34	%	11.3	11.6	11.9	na	10.0	10.4	11.5	12.0	na	10.5	11.1	11.6	11.9	na	10.1
35–39	%	10.1	9.0	10.5	na	10.1	8.6	10.0	11.1	na	9.7	9.8	9.2	10.6	na	10.0
40–44	%	8.7	7.2	9.3	na	11.3	8.6	8.4	9.6	na	10.9	8.6	7.5	9.4	na	11.2
45–49	%	5.7	4.7	6.7	na	6.7	5.8	5.4	7.1	na	8.9	5.7	4.8	6.8	na	7.0
50–54	%	3.9	3.1	4.4	na	4.7	3.8	3.4	4.4	na	3.6	3.9	3.1	4.4	na	4.6
55–59	%	2.2	1.6	2.7	na	3.3	1.9	1.8	2.9	na	3.2	2.2	1.7	2.7	na	3.3
60–64	%	1.3	1.0	1.7	na	2.1	1.2	0.9	1.6	na	1.2	1.3	0.9	1.7	na	2.0
65 years or over	%	1.3	1.0	1.8	na	1.9	0.7	0.8	1.3	na	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.7	na	1.8
Total (c)	no.	49 056	47 800	14 665	na	1 286	12 094	13 273	3 707	na	247	61 224	61 073	18 375	na	1 537
Mean age	years	30.1	28.9	31.7	na	33.1	28.6	29.2	31.3	na	31.5	29.8	29.0	31.6	na	32.8
Median age	years	27.0	26.0	29.0	na	30.0	26.0	26.0	29.0	na	29.0	27.0	26.0	29.0	na	30.0
Total persons (b), (c)	no.	59 946	60 228	19 935	na	5 470	15 845	18 799	5 676	na	1 376	75 860	79 027	25 614	na	6 862

(a) Excludes offenders with a penalty notice as their principal method of proceeding (see Explanatory Notes paragraphs 40–43), Cat. No. 4519.0.

(b) Includes persons with unknown sex.

(c) Includes persons with unknown age.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (2014) *Recorded Crime — Offenders*, 2012-13, Cat. no. 4519.0, Canberra, Table 19.

Section 11.5

TABLE 11A.5.1

Table 11A.5.1 **Community functioning theme and associated variables, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), 2002, 2008 and 2014-15 (a)**

	2002	2008 (b)				2014-15			
	Prop.	Number	Prop.	CI	RSE	Number	Prop.	CI	RSE
	%	no.	%	±	%	no.	%	±	%
Connectedness to family land and history, culture, identity									
Recognises homelands	70.0	234 383	71.7	1.8	1.3	328 619	74.1	1.8	1.3
Speaks an Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander language	21.0	62 629	19.1	1.4	3.7	81 101	18.3	1.4	3.7
Attended Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander cultural event in last 12 months	68.1	205 674	62.9	2.0	1.6	277 740	62.6	2.0	1.6
Identifies with clan group or language group	54.1	203 106	62.1	2.2	1.8	276 275	62.3	2.2	1.8
Feels able to have a say with family and friends some, most or all of the time	..	292 375	89.4	na	na	397 717	89.7	na	na
Feels able to have a say within community on important issues some, most and all of the time	..	157 312	48.0	na	na	219 099	49.4	na	na
Contact with family or friends outside household at least once per week	..	307 515	94.0	na	na	419 447	94.6	na	na
Has friends can confide in	..	246 649	75.4	na	na	365 227	82.4	na	na
Able to get support in time of crisis from outside household — from family member	..	261 506	79.9	na	na	363 795	82.0	na	na
Provides support to relatives outside household	..	166 892	51.0	na	na	219 289	49.5	na	na
Resilience									
Did not feel treated unfairly because Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander in last 12 months (c)	..	na	na	na	na	272 565	61.5	na	na
Did not avoid situations due to unfair treatment (c)	..	na	na	na	na	381 100	85.9	na	na
Can visit homelands (d)	46.2	146 017	44.6	2.1	2.4	219 347	49.5	2.1	2.4
Involvement with Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander organisation (e)	26.1	59 516	18.2	1.5	4.2	88 339	19.9	1.5	4.2

TABLE 11A.5.1

Table 11A.5.1 **Community functioning theme and associated variables, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), 2002, 2008 and 2014-15 (a)**

	2002	2008 (b)				2014-15			
	Prop.	Number	Prop.	CI	RSE	Number	Prop.	CI	RSE
	%	no.	%	±	%	no.	%	±	%
Work allows for cultural responsibilities to be met (employed persons) (f)	22.3	75 028	44.0	na	na	82 783	40.6	na	na
Household member(s) used strategies to meet basic living expenses in last 12 months	48.5	119 147	36.4	na	na	162 554	36.7	na	na
No community problems reported	25.3	84 327	25.8	2.5	4.9	125 569	28.3	2.5	4.9
Community problems reported, but less than three types	29.0	73 788	22.6	1.6	3.6	98 515	22.2	1.6	3.6
Theft not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	57.0	192 535	58.9	2.7	2.3	249 651	56.3	2.7	2.3
Alcohol not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	66.5	192 138	58.7	2.9	2.5	276 543	62.4	2.9	2.5
Illegal drugs not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	67.7	208 039	63.6	2.6	2.1	279 230	63.0	2.6	2.1
Family violence not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	78.8	245 938	75.2	2.2	1.5	333 810	75.3	2.2	1.5
Assault not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	80.1	253 009	77.3	2.0	1.3	352 008	79.4	2.0	1.3
Sexual assault not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	91.9	288 926	88.3	1.6	0.9	409 044	92.2	1.6	0.9
Agrees that most people can be trusted	..	118 975	36.4	na	na	147 493	33.3	na	na
Agrees that their doctor can be trusted	..	260 777	79.7	na	na	358 280	80.8	na	na
Agrees that the hospital can be trusted	..	204 189	62.4	na	na	290 074	65.4	na	na
Agrees that police in the local area can be trusted	..	170 317	52.1	na	na	256 724	57.9	na	na
Agrees that police outside the local area can be trusted	..	133 362	40.8	na	na	202 475	45.7	na	na
Agrees that the local school can be trusted	..	224 734	68.7	na	na	312 032	70.4	na	na

TABLE 11A.5.1

Table 11A.5.1 **Community functioning theme and associated variables, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), 2002, 2008 and 2014-15 (a)**

	2002	2008 (b)				2014-15			
	Prop.	Number	Prop.	CI	RSE	Number	Prop.	CI	RSE
	%	no.	%	±	%	no.	%	±	%
Knows someone in organisation that is comfortable contacting (non-remote areas)	..	132 011	53.8	na	na	196 708	56.7	na	na
Felt able to find general support from outside the household	..	291 459	89.0	na	na	396 555	89.4	na	na
Provided support to someone outside household in last 4 weeks	..	184 537	56.0	na	na	262 265	59.1	na	na
Participated in sport/social/community activities in last 12 months	..	..	..	..	..	429 800	96.9	..	..
Recreational or cultural group	..	46 263	14.0	na	na	85 600	19.3	na	na
Community or special interest group activities	..	42 274	13.0	na	na	80 800	18.2	na	na
Church or religious activities	23.7	49 393	15.1	1.5	5.2	95 400	21.5	1.5	5.2
Watched Indigenous TV	..	177 695	54.0	na	na	309 900	69.9	na	na
Listened to Indigenous radio	..	85 682	26.0	na	na	124 700	28.1	na	na
Leadership									
Child spent time with an Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander leader or elder in last week (4–14 years)	..	65 035	42.0	na	na	75 800	43.8	na	na
Encouragement from elders and council would help child (currently in secondary school) to complete Year 12 (g)	..	7 504	22.0	na	na	9 992	23.6	na	na
Structure and routine/having a role									
Can communicate with English speakers without difficulty (Indigenous language is main language spoken at home)	..	27 179	72.0	na	na	29 030	62.1	na	na
Has lived in only one dwelling for the past year or longer	69.0	255 157	78.0	na	na	341 689	77.1	na	na
Child involved in informal learning activities with carer in last week (0–14 years)	..	180 736	94.0	na	na	232 500	95.5	na	na

TABLE 11A.5.1

Table 11A.5.1 **Community functioning theme and associated variables, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), 2002, 2008 and 2014-15 (a)**

	2002	2008 (b)				2014-15			
	Prop.	Number	Prop.	CI	RSE	Number	Prop.	CI	RSE
	%	no.	%	±	%	no.	%	±	%
Feeling Safe									
Felt safe at home alone after dark	..	261 414	80.0	na	na	372 265	84.0	na	na
Felt safe walking alone in local area after dark	..	172 047	53.0	na	na	237 867	53.6	na	na
Not a victim of physical or threatened violence in the last 12 months	75.7	246 372	75.3	1.6	1.1	344 665	77.7	1.6	1.1
Indigenous culture taught at school (2–14 years, attending school)	..	87 833	53.0	na	na	112 787	54.3	na	na
Was taught Indigenous culture at school or as part of further studies	..	148 592	45.0	na	na	208 374	47.3	na	na
Learnt about own Indigenous clan/language	..	55 947	17.0	na	na	73 385	16.5	na	na
Child not treated unfairly at school because Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander (children aged 2–14 attending school, excluding home school) (c) (h)	..	na	na	na	na	153 454	91.0	na	na
Not incarcerated in the last 5 years	93.0	316 033	97.0	na	na	429 300	96.8	na	na
Never incarcerated	..	297 030	91.0	na	na	404 346	91.2	na	na
Vitality									
Self-assessed health status excellent or very good	44.1	143 004	43.7	1.9	2.2	175 967	39.7	1.9	2.2
Has no disability or (restrictive) long term-health condition	63.5	164 157	50.2	1.8	1.8	243 833	55.0	1.8	1.8
Low/ moderate level of psychological distress (5–11 K5 score)	..	221 717	68.0	na	na	294 290	66.4	na	na
Employed (persons aged 15–64 years in the labour force)	..	167 416	54.0	na	na	204 000	46.0	na	na
Year 12 highest year of school completed (excluding secondary school students)	18.0	66 220	22.1	1.7	3.9	114 100	25.7	1.7	3.9

TABLE 11A.5.1

Table 11A.5.1 **Community functioning theme and associated variables, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), 2002, 2008 and 2014-15 (a)**

	2002	2008 (b)				2014-15			
	Prop.	Number	Prop.	CI	RSE	Number	Prop.	CI	RSE
	%	no.	%	±	%	no.	%	±	%
Has a non-school qualification (25–64 years)	32.0	83 257	40.2	2.6	3.3	150 105	53.5	2.6	3.3
Living in a dwelling that has no major structural problems (all ages)	..	370 606	71.2	2.4	1.7	317 747	71.7	2.4	1.7
Household members used telephone(s) in last month	..	317 203	97.0	3.0	1.6	na	na	3.0	1.6
Used computer in last 12 months	56.0	218 006	66.6	1.8	1.4	na	na	1.8	1.4
Accessed Internet in last 12 months	41.0	192 852	59.0	1.9	1.6	348 436	78.6	1.9	1.6
Has access to motor vehicles whenever needed	55.0	215 689	65.9	1.8	1.4	302 703	68.3	1.8	1.4
Can easily get to places needed	70.0	241 481	73.8	1.7	1.2	333 967	75.3	1.7	1.2
Total persons aged 15 years or over	100.0	327 101	100.0	..	..	443 400	100.0	..	..

(a) Persons aged 15 years or over unless otherwise stated. Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted by the ABS to avoid the release of confidential data. Discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

(b) Some figures are reported rounded to the nearest whole per cent where data were not collected to one decimal place.

(c) Not comparable to previous years as question asked differently in 2014-15.

(d) Proportions calculated in relation to number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 15 or over who identify with a clan group or language group.

(e) People who were involved in cultural activities or ceremonies in the last 12 months

(f) Proportions calculated in relation to number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 15 or over who are employed.

(g) Persons aged 15–19 years.

(h) Excludes not stated.

.. Not applicable. **na** Not available.

TABLE 11A.5.1

Table 11A.5.1 **Community functioning theme and associated variables, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), 2002, 2008 and 2014-15 (a)**

	2002	2008 (b)				2014-15			
	Prop.	Number	Prop.	CI	RSE	Number	Prop.	CI	RSE
	%	no.	%	±	%	no.	%	±	%

Source : ABS (2016) *National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey 2014-15*, Cat. no.4714.0, table 3, 8, 10, 16; ABS (unpublished) *National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey 2014-15*; AHMAC (2017) *Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Performance Framework 2017 report*; AHMAC (2012) *Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Performance Framework 2012 report*.

TABLE 11A.5.2

Table 11A.5.2 **Select variables contributing to community functioning for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), by remoteness, Australia, 2014-15 (per cent) (a), (b)**

	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Total non-remote</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Total remote</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Connectedness to country, land and history; culture and identity								
Recognises homelands	67.4	68.4	76.1	70.2	83.9	90.8	88.5	74.1
Speaks an Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander language	7.2	2.8	14.6	8.0	30.6	68.9	54.9	18.3
Attended Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander cultural event in last 12 months	56.7	53.2	62.3	57.3	73.6	85.7	81.7	62.6
Identifies with clan group or language group	55.6	52.5	65.8	57.6	70.7	83.4	78.9	62.3
Feels able to have a say with family and friends some, most or all of the time	91.4	91.3	89.7	91.1	87.6	83.8	85.2	89.7
Contact with family or friends outside household at least once per week	95.8	92.7	93.7	94.4	95.9	94.3	95.0	94.6
Has friends can confide in	88.9	87.0	84.2	87.1	73.7	60.3	65.4	82.4
Able to get support in time of crisis from outside household—from family member	81.7	80.9	82.7	81.9	82.6	82.9	82.8	82.0
Provides support to relatives outside household	44.6	46.0	50.6	46.6	59.6	59.9	59.9	49.5
Resilience								
Did not feel treated unfairly because Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander in last 12 months	58.9	63.7	60.9	60.8	60.0	65.6	63.7	61.5
Did not avoid situations due to past discrimination	85.7	87.9	84.2	85.9	85.3	86.4	86.3	85.9
Can visit homelands (c)	54.5	45.1	52.0	51.3	46.0	40.8	42.6	49.5
Involvement with Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander organisation (d)	22.2	18.0	20.1	20.4	19.0	17.7	18.1	19.9
Work allows for cultural responsibilities—can meet responsibilities (e)	34.6	33.7	41.5	35.9	53.2	69.6	63.0	40.6
Used strategies to meet living expenses	35.5	36.4	33.8	35.5	38.2	41.8	40.7	36.7

TABLE 11A.5.2

Table 11A.5.2 **Select variables contributing to community functioning for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), by remoteness, Australia, 2014-15 (per cent) (a), (b)**

	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Total non-remote</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Total remote</i>	<i>Australia</i>
No community problems reported	29.6	34.0	33.7	32.0	13.0	16.9	15.2	28.3
Theft not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	57.8	60.0	57.8	58.4	43.8	51.6	48.6	56.3
Alcohol not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	72.7	68.3	66.0	69.6	33.7	37.6	36.2	62.4
Illegal drugs not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	69.9	66.6	67.5	68.3	41.3	45.3	43.9	63.0
Family violence not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	82.1	82.2	79.6	81.5	50.9	54.4	53.1	75.3
Sexual assault not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	95.5	94.3	93.0	94.4	82.3	86.0	84.6	92.2
Assault not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	87.3	87.3	83.2	86.0	55.4	55.6	55.4	79.4
Agrees that most people can be trusted	31.4	32.0	32.4	31.8	34.0	40.9	38.5	33.3
Agrees that their doctor can be trusted	83.3	80.8	79.0	81.5	79.9	76.2	78.0	80.8
Agrees that the hospital can be trusted	67.6	58.7	58.9	62.8	71.8	76.4	74.8	65.4
Agrees that police in the local area can be trusted	61.0	56.6	52.2	57.3	53.4	63.0	59.7	57.9
Agrees that police outside the local area can be trusted	49.1	45.0	42.2	46.1	42.4	44.4	44.0	45.7
Agrees that the local school can be trusted	67.9	67.8	68.0	68.1	72.7	81.9	78.6	70.4
Adult participated in sport/ social/community activities in last 12 months	96.2	97.3	96.2	96.5	95.9	99.0	98.0	96.9
Leadership								
Encouragement from elders and council would help child to complete Year 12 (f)	22.6	19.1	24.3	20.8	35.2	38.5	39.1	23.6

TABLE 11A.5.2

Table 11A.5.2 **Select variables contributing to community functioning for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), by remoteness, Australia, 2014-15 (per cent) (a), (b)**

	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Total non-remote</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Total remote</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Having a role, structure and routine								
In the last 12 months, has lived in only one dwelling	76.9	77.0	72.1	75.8	77.4	83.6	81.7	77.1
Feeling safe								
Felt safe at home alone after dark	83.1	83.8	84.5	83.7	83.9	84.9	84.7	84.0
Felt safe walking alone in local area after dark	49.2	52.2	55.6	51.9	53.9	62.8	59.9	53.6
Not a victim of physical or threatened violence in the last 12 months	77.1	78.7	79.2	78.0	73.3	78.5	76.8	77.7
Was taught Indigenous culture at school or as part of further studies	47.8	45.0	48.4	47.1	41.9	51.3	47.8	47.3
Learnt about own Indigenous clan/language	12.0	11.8	16.8	13.5	20.6	31.8	27.6	16.5
Vitality								
Self-assessed health status excellent or very good	39.3	39.2	38.0	38.9	39.6	43.2	42.0	39.7
Has no disability or (restrictive) long term-health condition	52.6	54.7	58.1	54.8	53.9	57.2	56.2	55.0
Low/moderate level of psychological distress (5–11 K5 score)	66.5	68.0	65.3	66.5	66.2	65.4	65.7	66.4
Living in a dwelling that has no major structural problems	71.3	75.1	76.5	73.8	74.0	58.2	64.0	71.7
Household members used telephone(s) in last month	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Used computer in last 12 months	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Accessed Internet in last 12 months	88.8	86.6	79.4	85.7	62.7	47.5	53.1	78.6
Has access to motor vehicles whenever needed	69.9	75.9	69.7	71.6	63.8	51.7	56.2	68.3
Can easily get to places needed	78.9	79.1	77.6	78.6	67.4	60.5	63.1	75.3
Total persons aged 15 or over	155.3	95.5	96.3	346.8	35.1	61.8	96.7	443.4

TABLE 11A.5.2

Table 11A.5.2 **Select variables contributing to community functioning for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), by remoteness, Australia, 2014-15 (per cent) (a), (b)**

	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Total non- remote</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Total remote</i>	<i>Australia</i>
(a)	Unless otherwise indicated, data are for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population aged 15 or over. Some data items in this table include 'not known' responses for consistency with the denominator as well as OID and published ABS tables							
(b)	Unless otherwise indicated, proportions are of the estimated total Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population aged 15 or over. Where another population is indicated, this has been used to calculate proportions.							
(c)	Proportions calculated in relation to number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 15 or over who identify with a clan group or language group.							
(d)	People who were involved in cultural activities or ceremonies in the last 12 months							
(e)	Proportions calculated in relation to number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over) who are employed.							
(f)	Persons aged 15–19 years.							
	na Not available.							

Source: ABS (2016) *National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey 2014-15*, Cat. no.4714.0; ABS (unpublished) *National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey 2014-15*; AHMAC (2017) *Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Performance Framework 2017* report.

TABLE 11A.5.3

Table 11A.5.3 **Estimates for select variables contributing to community functioning for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), by remoteness, Australia, 2014-15 (number) (a), (b)**

	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Total non-remote</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Total remote</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Connectedness to country, land and history; culture and identity								
Recognises homelands	104 681	65 284	73 297	243 348	29 429	56 131	85 562	328 619
Speaks an Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander language	11 220	2 634	14 104	27 617	10 740	42 609	53 094	81 101
Attended Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander cultural event in last 12 months	88 017	50 782	60 021	198 823	25 823	52 966	78 976	277 740
Identifies with clan group or language group	86 341	50 086	63 371	199 825	24 785	51 587	76 303	276 275
Feels able to have a say with family and friends some, most or all of the time	141 901	87 128	86 406	315 845	30 739	51 777	82 406	397 717
Contact with family or friends outside household at least once per week	148 838	88 486	90 193	327 412	33 657	58 287	91 879	419 447
Has friends can confide in	138 020	83 065	81 107	302 084	25 845	37 268	63 193	365 227
Able to get support in time of crisis from outside household—from family member	126 933	77 229	79 607	284 081	28 992	51 220	80 022	363 795
Provides support to relatives outside household	69 280	43 874	48 722	161 657	20 894	37 039	57 867	219 289
Resilience								
Did not feel treated unfairly because Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander in last 12 months	91 535	60 776	58 640	210 726	21 036	40 562	61 596	272 565
Did not avoid situations due to past discrimination	133 072	83 881	81 070	297 890	29 904	53 384	83 479	381 100
Can visit homelands (c)	84 679	43 070	50 034	177 824	16 130	25 204	41 181	219 347
Involvement with Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander organisation (d)	34 491	17 149	19 317	70 740	6 674	10 944	17 500	88 339
Work allows for cultural responsibilities—can meet responsibilities (e)	29 503	14 740	16 895	61 060	7 211	14 462	21 683	82 783
Used strategies to meet living expenses	55 183	34 796	32 591	123 055	13 411	25 827	39 305	162 554

TABLE 11A.5.3

Table 11A.5.3 **Estimates for select variables contributing to community functioning for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), by remoteness, Australia, 2014-15 (number) (a), (b)**

	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Total non-remote</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Total remote</i>	<i>Australia</i>
No community problems reported	45 933	32 466	32 436	110 835	4 562	10 478	14 701	125 569
Theft not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	89 831	57 253	55 608	202 477	15 380	31 876	46 983	249 651
Alcohol not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	112 963	65 187	63 576	241 423	11 822	23 266	34 966	276 543
Illegal drugs not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	108 653	63 578	65 001	236 723	14 485	28 022	42 407	279 230
Family violence not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	127 540	78 507	76 676	282 693	17 843	33 649	51 330	333 810
Sexual assault not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	148 292	90 019	89 590	327 425	28 865	53 167	81 809	409 044
Assault not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	135 669	83 306	80 109	298 353	19 430	34 385	53 589	352 008
Agrees that most people can be trusted	48 824	30 560	31 200	110 377	11 937	25 308	37 232	147 493
Agrees that their doctor can be trusted	129 370	77 107	76 023	282 739	28 032	47 136	75 391	358 280
Agrees that the hospital can be trusted	105 004	56 067	56 753	217 956	25 173	47 219	72 270	290 074
Agrees that police in the local area can be trusted	94 800	54 065	50 274	198 696	18 726	38 950	57 688	256 724
Agrees that police outside the local area can be trusted	76 255	42 950	40 588	160 001	14 856	27 445	42 574	202 475
Agrees that the local school can be trusted	105 413	64 689	65 491	235 995	25 517	50 601	75 988	312 032
Adult participated in sport/ social/community activities in last 12 months	149 472	92 918	92 598	334 765	33 632	61 185	94 762	429 771
Leadership								
Encouragement from elders and council would help child to complete Year 12 (f)	3 399	1 944	2 304	7 345	1 054	1 603	2 732	9 992

TABLE 11A.5.3

Table 11A.5.3 **Estimates for select variables contributing to community functioning for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), by remoteness, Australia, 2014-15 (number) (a), (b)**

	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Total non-remote</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Total remote</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Having a role, structure and routine								
In the last 12 months, has lived in only one dwelling	119 514	73 482	69 468	262 952	27 161	51 657	78 950	341 689
Feeling safe								
Felt safe at home alone after dark	129 055	79 955	81 317	290 194	29 439	52 473	81 922	372 265
Felt safe walking alone in local area after dark	76 450	49 838	53 512	179 820	18 917	38 822	57 939	237 867
Not a victim of physical or threatened violence in the last 12 months	119 688	75 175	76 269	270 526	25 724	48 521	74 293	344 665
Was taught Indigenous culture at school or as part of further studies	74 348	42 875	46 183	163 009	14 578	30 878	45 443	208 374
Learnt about own Indigenous clan/language	18 707	11 224	16 196	46 859	7 242	19 629	26 686	73 385
Vitality								
Self-assessed health status excellent or very good	61 105	37 415	36 571	135 004	13 883	26 724	40 592	175 967
Has no disability or (restrictive) long term-health condition	81 688	52 189	55 913	189 869	18 896	35 352	54 361	243 833
Low/moderate level of psychological distress (5–11 K5 score)	103 258	64 945	62 839	230 491	23 210	40 403	63 551	294 290
Living in a dwelling that has no major structural problems	110 696	71 690	73 661	256 089	25 971	35 992	61 900	317 747
Household members used telephone(s) in last month	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Used computer in last 12 months	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Accessed Internet in last 12 months	137 954	82 695	76 413	297 234	21 994	29 350	51 334	348 436
Has access to motor vehicles whenever needed	108 575	72 435	67 146	248 245	22 396	31 961	54 347	302 703
Can easily get to places needed	122 559	75 469	74 674	272 656	23 657	37 418	60 990	333 967
Total persons aged 15 or over ('000)	155.3	95.5	96.3	346.8	35.1	61.8	96.7	443.4

TABLE 11A.5.3

Table 11A.5.3 **Estimates for select variables contributing to community functioning for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), by remoteness, Australia, 2014-15 (number) (a), (b)**

	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Total non- remote</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Total remote</i>	<i>Australia</i>
(a) Unless otherwise indicated, data are for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population aged 15 or over. Some data items in this table include 'not known' responses for consistency with the denominator as well as OID and published ABS tables.								
(b) Unless otherwise indicated, proportions are of the estimated total Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population aged 15 or over. Where another population is indicated, this has been used to calculate proportions.								
(c) Proportions calculated in relation to number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 15 or over who identify with a clan group or language group.								
(d) People who were involved in cultural activities or ceremonies in the last 12 months								
(e) Proportions calculated in relation to number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 15 or over who are employed.								
(f) Persons aged 15–19 years.								
na Not available.								

Source: ABS (2016) *National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey 2014-15*, Cat. no.4714.0; ABS (unpublished) *National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey 2014-15*; AHMAC (2017) *Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Performance Framework 2017 report*.

TABLE 11A.5.4

Table 11A.5.4 **Relative standard error and 95 per cent confidence intervals for select variables contributing to community functioning for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), by remoteness, Australia, 2014-15 (per cent) (a), (b)**

	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Total non-remote</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Total remote</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Relative Standard Errors								
Connectedness to country, land and history; culture and identity								
Recognises homelands	2.7	4.1	2.8	1.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.4
Speaks an Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander language	13.3	28.2	16.7	9.4	14.4	5.1	4.3	4.0
Attended Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander cultural event in last 12 months	3.5	5.4	4.5	2.5	3.9	2.0	1.9	1.9
Identifies with clan group or language group	3.5	5.3	4.2	2.3	4.6	2.5	2.3	1.8
Feels able to have a say with family and friends some, most or all of the time	1.0	1.3	2.0	0.8	1.6	2.0	1.4	0.7
Contact with family or friends outside household at least once per week	0.6	1.6	1.2	0.6	0.9	1.0	0.7	0.5
Has friends can confide in	1.4	1.6	2.1	0.9	3.2	5.1	3.0	0.9
Able to get support in time of crisis from outside household—from family member	1.5	2.5	2.6	1.2	2.4	2.1	1.6	1.0
Provides support to relatives outside household	3.5	5.7	4.8	2.5	3.5	4.4	3.0	2.0
Resilience								
Did not feel treated unfairly because Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander in last 12 months	3.0	4.2	4.7	2.1	4.8	3.8	3.0	1.8
Did not avoid situations due to past discrimination	1.4	2.0	2.1	1.1	2.1	1.9	1.4	0.9
Can visit homelands (c)	3.3	7.0	5.9	2.8	7.6	7.3	5.3	2.4
Involvement with Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander organisation (d)	6.9	10.3	10.8	5.0	9.7	13.0	8.5	4.4

TABLE 11A.5.4

Table 11A.5.4 **Relative standard error and 95 per cent confidence intervals for select variables contributing to community functioning for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), by remoteness, Australia, 2014-15 (per cent) (a), (b)**

	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Total non-remote</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Total remote</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Work allows for cultural responsibilities—can meet responsibilities (e)	8.0	12.2	8.6	5.0	6.9	4.0	4.1	4.0
Used strategies to meet living expenses	5.8	7.3	8.8	4.1	6.1	8.0	5.8	3.5
No community problems reported	6.4	8.8	10.7	4.6	15.0	12.4	10.0	4.3
Theft not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	3.8	5.0	6.3	2.7	8.0	6.4	5.1	2.3
Alcohol not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	2.8	3.6	5.5	2.2	8.8	9.0	6.7	2.0
Illegal drugs not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	3.1	3.9	5.6	2.3	6.9	7.5	5.5	2.0
Family violence not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	1.8	2.7	4.2	1.5	5.3	6.2	4.6	1.4
Sexual assault not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	0.7	1.4	2.3	0.8	3.3	2.3	1.9	0.7
Assault not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	1.3	2.1	4.0	1.4	6.8	6.6	5.1	1.4
Agrees that most people can be trusted	5.9	6.8	8.6	3.9	7.7	6.4	5.1	3.3
Agrees that their doctor can be trusted	1.7	2.1	2.6	1.2	2.2	2.5	1.8	1.0
Agrees that the hospital can be trusted	2.8	4.1	3.9	1.9	2.8	2.5	1.9	1.5
Agrees that police in the local area can be trusted	3.0	3.5	5.2	2.1	5.0	3.6	2.8	1.7
Agrees that police outside the local area can be trusted	3.8	5.2	6.1	2.6	6.4	5.0	4.0	2.1
Agrees that the local school can be trusted	2.2	3.2	3.7	1.7	3.5	1.9	1.7	1.4

TABLE 11A.5.4

Table 11A.5.4 **Relative standard error and 95 per cent confidence intervals for select variables contributing to community functioning for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), by remoteness, Australia, 2014-15 (per cent) (a), (b)**

	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Total non-remote</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Total remote</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Adult participated in sport/ social/community activities in last 12 months	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.4	1.0	0.4	0.5	0.3
Leadership								
Encouragement from elders and council would help child to complete Year 12 (f)	20.1	31.6	25.6	14.5	29.8	16.6	14.2	11.1
Having a role, structure and routine								
In the last 12 months, has lived in only one dwelling	2.2	3.0	3.4	1.6	1.9	2.5	1.8	1.3
Feeling safe								
Felt safe at home alone after dark	1.6	2.2	3.1	1.2	2.5	1.9	1.5	1.0
Felt safe walking alone in local area after dark	3.3	4.5	6.3	2.5	5.5	3.6	3.1	2.0
Not a victim of physical or threatened violence in the last 12 months	2.1	3.0	3.3	1.6	3.1	2.2	1.7	1.3
Was taught Indigenous culture at school or as part of further studies	3.7	6.1	6.8	3.0	6.5	5.1	3.8	2.5
Learnt about own Indigenous clan/language	9.8	13.6	20.6	8.9	13.7	9.1	7.3	6.2
Vitality								
Self-assessed health status excellent or very good	4.7	5.7	6.6	3.2	6.1	4.4	3.6	2.6
Has no disability or (restrictive) long term-health condition	3.4	4.8	4.2	2.4	5.7	4.5	3.5	2.0
Low/moderate level of psychological distress (5–11 K5 score)	2.6	3.2	3.3	1.8	4.3	4.2	3.1	1.6
Living in a dwelling that has no major structural problems	3.0	3.3	3.3	1.9	3.2	5.3	3.3	1.7
Household members used telephone(s) in last month	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na

TABLE 11A.5.4

Table 11A.5.4 **Relative standard error and 95 per cent confidence intervals for select variables contributing to community functioning for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), by remoteness, Australia, 2014-15 (per cent) (a), (b)**

	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Total non-remote</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Total remote</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Used computer in last 12 months	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Used Internet in last 12 months	1.0	1.5	2.4	0.9	4.6	5.3	3.3	0.9
Has access to motor vehicles whenever needed	2.5	2.7	3.5	1.8	4.1	5.4	3.5	1.6
Can easily get to places needed	2.1	2.7	2.8	1.4	3.6	4.7	3.1	1.3
Total persons aged 15 or over	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
95 per cent confidence intervals								
Connectedness to country, land and history; culture and identity								
Recognises homelands	3.6	5.5	4.2	2.5	3.8	3.2	2.3	2.0
Speaks an Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander language	1.9	1.5	4.8	1.5	8.6	6.9	4.6	1.4
Attended Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander cultural event in last 12 months	3.9	5.6	5.5	2.8	5.6	3.4	3.0	2.3
Identifies with clan group or language group	3.8	5.5	5.4	2.6	6.4	4.1	3.6	2.2
Feels able to have a say with family and friends some, most or all of the time	1.8	2.3	3.5	1.4	2.7	3.3	2.3	1.2
Contact with family or friends outside household at least once per week	1.1	2.9	2.2	1.1	1.7	1.8	1.3	0.9
Has friends can confide in	2.4	2.7	3.5	1.5	4.6	6.0	3.8	1.5
Able to get support in time of crisis from outside household—from family member	2.4	4.0	4.2	1.9	3.9	3.4	2.6	1.6
Provides support to relatives outside household	3.1	5.1	4.8	2.3	4.1	5.2	3.5	1.9

TABLE 11A.5.4

Table 11A.5.4 **Relative standard error and 95 per cent confidence intervals for select variables contributing to community functioning for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), by remoteness, Australia, 2014-15 (per cent) (a), (b)**

	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Total non-remote</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Total remote</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Resilience								
Did not feel treated unfairly because Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander in last 12 months	3.5	5.2	5.6	2.5	5.6	4.9	3.7	2.2
Did not avoid situations due to past discrimination	2.4	3.4	3.5	1.9	3.5	3.2	2.4	1.5
Can visit homelands (c)	3.5	6.2	6.0	2.8	6.9	5.8	4.4	2.3
Involvement with Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander organisation (d)	3.0	3.6	4.3	2.0	3.6	4.5	3.0	1.7
Work allows for cultural responsibilities—can meet responsibilities (e)	5.4	8.1	7.0	3.5	7.2	5.5	5.1	3.2
Used strategies to meet living expenses	4.0	5.2	5.8	2.9	4.6	6.6	4.6	2.5
No community problems reported	3.7	5.9	7.1	2.9	3.8	4.1	3.0	2.4
Theft not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	6.1	8.1	9.8	4.3	8.0	6.8	5.3	3.4
Alcohol not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	4.0	4.8	7.1	3.0	5.8	6.6	4.8	2.4
Illegal drugs not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	4.2	5.1	7.4	3.1	5.6	6.7	4.7	2.5
Family violence not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	2.9	4.4	6.6	2.4	5.3	6.6	4.8	2.1
Sexual assault not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	1.0	1.8	3.0	1.1	2.7	2.0	1.6	0.9
Assault not reported as a neighbourhood/community problem	2.4	3.9	7.3	2.6	11.0	11.1	8.5	2.5

TABLE 11A.5.4

Table 11A.5.4 **Relative standard error and 95 per cent confidence intervals for select variables contributing to community functioning for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), by remoteness, Australia, 2014-15 (per cent) (a), (b)**

	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Total non-remote</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Total remote</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Agrees that most people can be trusted	3.6	4.3	5.5	2.4	5.1	5.1	3.8	2.2
Agrees that their doctor can be trusted	2.8	3.3	4.0	1.9	3.4	3.7	2.8	1.6
Agrees that the hospital can be trusted	3.7	4.7	4.5	2.3	3.9	3.7	2.8	1.9
Agrees that police in the local area can be trusted	3.6	3.9	5.3	2.4	5.2	4.4	3.3	1.9
Agrees that police outside the local area can be trusted	3.7	4.6	5.0	2.3	5.3	4.4	3.4	1.9
Agrees that the local school can be trusted	2.9	4.3	4.9	2.3	5.0	3.0	2.6	1.9
Adult participated in sport/ social/community activities in last 12 months	1.5	1.1	1.3	0.8	1.9	0.8	1.0	0.6
Leadership								
Encouragement from elders and council would help child (currently in secondary school) to complete Year 12 (f)	8.9	11.8	12.2	5.9	20.6	12.5	10.9	5.1
Having a role, structure and routine								
In the last 12 months, has lived in only one dwelling	3.3	4.5	4.8	2.4	2.9	4.1	2.9	2.0
Feeling safe								
Felt safe at home alone after dark	2.6	3.6	5.1	2.0	4.1	3.2	2.5	1.6
Felt safe walking alone in local area after dark	3.2	4.6	6.9	2.5	5.8	4.4	3.6	2.1
Not a victim of physical or threatened violence in the last 12 months	3.2	4.6	5.1	2.4	4.5	3.4	2.6	2.0
Was taught Indigenous culture at school or as part of further studies	3.5	5.4	6.5	2.8	5.3	5.1	3.6	2.3
Learnt about own Indigenous clan/language	2.3	3.1	6.8	2.4	5.5	5.7	3.9	2.0

TABLE 11A.5.4

Table 11A.5.4 **Relative standard error and 95 per cent confidence intervals for select variables contributing to community functioning for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), by remoteness, Australia, 2014-15 (per cent) (a), (b)**

	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Total non-remote</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Total remote</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Vitality								
Self-assessed health status excellent or very good	3.6	4.4	4.9	2.4	4.7	3.7	3.0	2.0
Has no disability or (restrictive) long term-health condition	3.5	5.1	4.8	2.6	6.0	5.0	3.9	2.2
Low/moderate level of psychological distress (5–11 K5 score)	3.4	4.3	4.2	2.3	5.6	5.4	4.0	2.1
Living in a dwelling that has no major structural problems	4.2	4.9	4.9	2.7	4.6	6.0	4.1	2.4
Household members used telephone(s) in last month	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Used computer in last 12 months	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Used Internet in last 12 months	1.7	2.5	3.7	1.5	5.7	4.9	3.4	1.4
Has access to motor vehicles whenever needed	3.4	4.0	4.8	2.5	5.1	5.5	3.9	2.1
Can easily get to places needed	3.2	4.2	4.3	2.2	4.8	5.6	3.8	1.9
Total persons aged 15 or over	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

- (a) Unless otherwise indicated, data are for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population aged 15 or over. Some data items in this table include 'not known' responses for consistency with the denominator as well as OID and published ABS tables.
- (b) Unless otherwise indicated, proportions are of the estimated total Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population aged 15 or over. Where another population is indicated, this has been used to calculate proportions.
- (c) Proportions calculated in relation to number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 15 or over who identify with a clan group or language group.
- (d) People who were involved in cultural activities or ceremonies in the last 12 months
- (e) Proportions calculated in relation to number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 15 or over who are employed.
- (f) Persons aged 15–19 years.
- .. Not applicable. **na** Not available. – Nil or rounded to zero.

TABLE 11A.5.4

Table 11A.5.4 **Relative standard error and 95 per cent confidence intervals for select variables contributing to community functioning for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), by remoteness, Australia, 2014-15 (per cent) (a), (b)**

	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Total non- remote</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Total remote</i>	<i>Australia</i>

Source: ABS (2016) *National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey 2014-15*, Cat. no.4714.0; ABS (unpublished) *National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey 2014-15*; AHMAC (2017) *Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Performance Framework 2017 report*.

TABLE 11A.5.5

Table 11A.5.5 **Select variables contributing to community functioning for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), by remoteness, Australia, 2008 (per cent) (a), (b)**

	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Total non-remote</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Total remote</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Connectedness to country, land and history; culture and identity								
Recognises homelands	67	63	70	67	80	90	86	72
Speaks an Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander language	8	4	12	8	32	66	54	19
Attended Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander cultural event in last 12 months	56	53	62	57	75	84	81	63
Identifies with clan group or language group	57	52	58	56	72	85	80	62
Feels able to have a say with family and friends some, most or all of the time	91	93	89	91	89	85	86	89
Contact with family or friends outside household at least once per week	94	94	94	94	95	94	94	94
Has friends can confide in	82	81	77	80	73	55	62	75
Able to get support in time of crisis from outside household—from family member	80	80	78	79	86	80	82	80
Provides support to relatives outside household	50	42	50	48	59	61	60	51
Resilience								
Did not feel discriminated against in last 12 months	71	75	71	72	70	76	74	73
Did not avoid situations due to past discrimination	68	73	67	69	66	71	69	69
Can visit homelands (c)	96	68	73	82	64	45	51	72
Involvement with Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander organisation (d)	21	18	17	19	17	15	16	18
Work allows for cultural responsibilities—can meet responsibilities (e)	35	36	41	37	54	75	68	44
Used strategies to meet living expenses	38	33	35	36	43	36	38	36
No community problems reported	21	31	31	27	20	25	23	26

TABLE 11A.5.5

Table 11A.5.5 **Select variables contributing to community functioning for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), by remoteness, Australia, 2008 (per cent) (a), (b)**

	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Total non-remote</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Total remote</i>	<i>Australia</i>
No problems reported for alcohol	61	69	60	63	43	48	46	59
No problems reported for illicit drugs	62	69	68	66	57	58	58	64
No problems reported for family violence	78	82	78	79	63	63	63	75
No problems reported for sexual assault	88	93	89	90	86	83	84	88
Agrees that most people can be trusted	36	34	32	34	38	45	43	36
Agrees that their doctor can be trusted	81	84	78	81	78	76	77	80
Agrees that the hospital can be trusted	59	61	56	59	68	77	74	62
Agrees that police in the local area can be trusted	52	52	45	50	53	61	58	52
Agrees that police outside the local area can be trusted	44	44	34	41	35	44	41	41
Agrees that the local school can be trusted	66	63	66	65	72	82	79	69
Adult participated in sport/ social/community activities in last 3 months	88	88	87	88	91	91	91	89
Leadership								
Not applicable	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Having a role, structure and routine								
In the last 12 months, has lived in only one dwelling	80	73	79	78	79	79	79	78
Feeling safe								
Felt safe at home alone after dark	79	79	79	79	78	84	82	80
Felt safe walking alone in local area after dark	51	47	52	50	53	65	61	53
Not a victim of physical or threatened violence in the last 12 months	74	76	75	74	75	80	78	75
Was taught Indigenous culture at school or as part of further studies	46	44	41	44	43	54	50	45

TABLE 11A.5.5

Table 11A.5.5 **Select variables contributing to community functioning for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), by remoteness, Australia, 2008 (per cent) (a), (b)**

	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Total non-remote</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Total remote</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Learnt about own Indigenous clan/language	12	12	13	12	23	38	32	17
Vitality								
Self-assessed health status excellent or very good	44	49	39	44	39	47	44	44
Has no disability or long term-health condition	46	54	51	50	48	53	51	50
Low/moderate level of psychological distress (5–11 K5 score)	68	70	66	68	67	68	68	68
Living in a dwelling that has no major structural problems	76	81	68	75	66	58	61	71
Household members used telephone(s) in last month	99	100	98	99	93	90	91	97
Used computer in last 12 months	81	75	64	75	47	41	43	67
Used Internet in last 12 months	74	68	56	67	40	32	35	59
Has access to motor vehicles whenever needed	71	67	68	69	60	55	57	66
Can easily get to places needed	79	74	74	76	71	64	66	74
Total persons aged 15 or over	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

(a) Unless otherwise indicated, data are for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population aged 15 or over. Numbers have been rounded to zero decimal places as reported in AHMAC 2012. Relative standard errors and confidence intervals are available at cost upon request through the ABS National Information Referral Service.

(b) Unless otherwise indicated, proportions are of the estimated total Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population aged 15 or over. Where another population is indicated, this has been used to calculate proportions.

(c) Proportions calculated in relation to number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 15 or over who identify with a clan group.

(d) People who were involved in cultural activities or ceremonies in the last 12 months

(e) Proportions calculated in relation to number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 15 or over who are employed.

.. Not applicable.

Source: ABS and AIHW analysis of 2008 NATSISS; AHMAC (2012) *Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Performance Framework 2012 Report*.

TABLE 11A.5.6

Table 11A.5.6 **Estimates for select variables contributing to community functioning for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), by remoteness, Australia, 2008 (number) (a), (b)**

	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Total non-remote</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Total remote</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Connectedness to country, land and history; culture and identity								
Recognises homelands	70 638	42 750	50 847	164 235	23 877	46 271	70 148	234 383
Speaks an Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander language	8 274	2 373	8 369	19 017	9 406	34 207	43 613	62 629
Attended Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander cultural event in last 12 months	59 370	35 423	45 307	140 100	22 393	43 181	65 574	205 674
Identifies with clan group or language group	60 403	35 259	42 008	137 670	21 372	44 065	65 437	203 106
Feels able to have a say with family and friends some, most or all of the time	95 217	62 342	64 657	222 216	26 512	43 647	70 159	292 375
Contact with family or friends outside household at least once per week	98 999	63 159	68 578	230 735	28 391	48 389	76 779	307 515
Has friends can confide in	85 855	54 594	55 993	196 442	21 871	28 336	50 207	246 649
Able to get support in time of crisis from outside household—from family member	83 858	53 940	56 615	194 413	25 763	41 330	67 092	261 506
Provides support to relatives outside household	52 796	28 219	36 624	117 639	17 728	31 525	49 253	166 892
Resilience								
Did not feel discriminated against in last 12 months	75 139	50 498	52 115	177 752	20 913	39 148	60 060	237 812
Did not avoid situations due to past discrimination	71 270	48 861	49 053	169 185	19 746	36 576	56 322	225 507
Can visit homelands (c)	58 248	23 890	30 581	112 719	13 672	19 626	33 297	146 017
Involvement with Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander organisation (d)	22 346	12 277	12 280	46 903	5 051	7 563	12 613	59 516
Work allows for cultural responsibilities—can meet responsibilities (e)	21 091	11 840	14 683	47 614	7 508	19 906	27 414	75 028
Used strategies to meet living expenses	40 081	22 070	25 663	87 815	12 816	18 517	31 333	119 147
No community problems reported	22 107	20 618	22 745	65 469	5 993	12 864	18 857	84 327

TABLE 11A.5.6

Table 11A.5.6 **Estimates for select variables contributing to community functioning for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), by remoteness, Australia, 2008 (number) (a), (b)**

	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Total non-remote</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Total remote</i>	<i>Australia</i>
No problems reported for alcohol	64 327	46 305	43 932	154 564	12 834	24 741	37 575	192 138
No problems reported for illicit drugs	64 970	46 642	49 584	161 196	16 913	29 930	46 843	208 039
No problems reported for family violence	82 384	55 264	56 829	194 477	18 707	32 754	51 461	245 938
No problems reported for sexual assault	92 713	62 427	65 184	220 324	25 505	43 096	68 601	288 926
Agrees that most people can be trusted	37 951	22 682	23 487	84 120	11 431	23 424	34 855	118 975
Agrees that their doctor can be trusted	85 133	56 331	56 829	198 293	23 214	39 270	62 484	260 777
Agrees that the hospital can be trusted	62 001	41 123	41 062	144 185	20 145	39 859	60 004	204 189
Agrees that police in the local area can be trusted	55 047	35 192	32 474	122 713	15 888	31 716	47 604	170 317
Agrees that police outside the local area can be trusted	45 966	29 363	24 705	100 034	10 498	22 829	33 327	133 362
Agrees that the local school can be trusted	69 805	42 575	48 244	160 625	21 607	42 503	64 110	224 734
Adult participated in sport/ social/community activities in last 3 months	92 036	59 611	63 525	215 172	27 128	47 081	74 209	289 381
Leadership								
Not applicable	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Having a role, structure and routine								
In the last 12 months, has lived in only one dwelling	83 802	49 366	57 751	190 919	23 509	40 729	64 237	255 157
Feeling safe								
Felt safe at home alone after dark	83 590	53 426	57 915	194 931	23 284	43 199	66 483	261 414
Felt safe walking alone in local area after dark	53 476	31 413	37 718	122 607	15 807	33 633	49 440	172 047
Not a victim of physical or threatened violence in the last 12 months	77 391	51 088	54 334	182 813	22 331	41 229	63 559	246 372
Was taught Indigenous culture at school or as part of further studies	47 953	29 875	30 048	107 877	12 782	27 933	40 716	148 592

TABLE 11A.5.6

Table 11A.5.6 **Estimates for select variables contributing to community functioning for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (aged 15 years or over), by remoteness, Australia, 2008 (number) (a), (b)**

	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Total non-remote</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>Total remote</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Learnt about own Indigenous clan/language	12 621	7 763	9 433	29 816	6 777	19 353	26 130	55 947
Vitality								
Self-assessed health status excellent or very good	45 988	32 847	28 430	107 265	11 565	24 174	35 739	143 004
Has no disability or long term-health condition	48 867	36 272	37 262	122 402	14 333	27 422	41 755	164 157
Low/moderate level of psychological distress (5–11 K5 score)	71 015	47 349	48 290	166 654	19 981	35 082	55 063	221 717
Living in a dwelling that has no major structural problems	79 594	54 273	49 679	183 546	19 667	29 738	49 405	232 951
Household members used telephone(s) in last month	104 137	67 080	71 694	242 911	27 686	46 606	74 291	317 203
Used computer in last 12 months	85 626	50 771	46 467	182 864	14 133	21 009	35 142	218 006
Used Internet in last 12 months	77 637	45 903	41 111	164 652	11 801	16 400	28 201	192 852
Has access to motor vehicles whenever needed	74 416	45 288	49 885	169 589	17 931	28 168	46 100	215 689
Can easily get to places needed	83 514	50 059	53 876	187 449	21 115	32 917	54 032	241 481
Total persons aged 15 or over	105 217	67 416	72 967	245 600	29 839	51 662	81 501	327 101

(a) Unless otherwise indicated, data are for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population aged 15 or over.

(b) Unless otherwise indicated, proportions are of the estimated total Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population aged 15 or over. Where another population is indicated, this has been used to calculate proportions.

(c) Proportions calculated in relation to number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 15 or over who identify with a clan group.

(d) People who were involved in cultural activities or ceremonies in the last 12 months

(e) Proportions calculated in relation to number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 15 or over who are employed.

.. Not applicable.

Source : ABS and AIHW analysis of 2008 NATSISS; AHMAC (2012) *Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Performance Framework 2012 Report*.