11A Services for people with a disability attachment

Definitions for the indicators and descriptors in this attachment are in section 11A.3. Unsourced information was obtained from Commonwealth, State or Territory Governments.

11A.1 All jurisdictions' data

Descriptors

Table 11A.1 People aged 5–64 years, severity of handicap by jurisdiction, 1993 ('000)^a

	•	•							
	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT b	N7 ^b ,	Aust
Disability with moderate to no									
handicap ^d	340.0	287.0	227.4	128.9	107.3	30.9	19.8	9.4	1 150.7
Severe handicap	63.9	54.5	44.3	20.4	16.2	5.3	4.3	2.1	211.0
Profound handicap	55.5	37.6	28.0	14.0	14.3	4.4	2.7	0.8	157.3
Total population aged 5 to 64									
years	4	3	2	1	1	379.2	255.0	146.8	14 289.2
	828.9	609.5	524.7	378.6	166.6				

^a Caution should be used where there are small differences in the results, which are affected by sample and estimate size, see table 11A.23.
^b Estimates for jurisdictions with smaller populations should be interpreted with caution because of small sample sizes.
^c Data for the NT exclude remote areas.
^d 'Moderate to no handicap' includes moderate handicap, mild handicap, disability with no handicap and undetermined handicap.

Sources: ABS (Disability, Ageing and Carers, Australia 1993: Summary of Findings, Cat. no. 4430.0); Black and Maples (1998).

Table 11A.2 All people, area of handicap by jurisdiction, 1993 ('000)a

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WΑp	SAb	Tas ^b	ACT b	<i>N7</i> b, c	Aust
Self-care	312.1	247.9	173.7	98.6	106.2	30.2	15.7	5.2	989.5
Mobility	602.1	470.8	315.4	167.0	185.3	50.9	24.3	11.6	1 827.5
Communication	160.9	133.7	77.6	42.0	43.3	12.9	6.7	2.1	479.1
Schooling	49.2	37.0	29.5	19.7	15.3	4.3	3.9	0.5	159.4
Employment	472.0	375.6	283.1	141.4	150.5	46.1	19.9	9.3	1 497.9
Persons with a handicap younger than 5 years	17.0	14.7	10.6	6.2	4.4	2.0	0.9	0.6	56.4
Total population older than 5 years	5 620.0	4 166.7	2 950.6	1 576.6	1 367.2	438.0	279.0	156.0	16 556.7
Total population aged 0–4 years	440.2	320.8	236.5	126.4	98.9	34.9	22.5	17.4	1 298.0

^a The total may be less than the sum of the components as persons may have more than one area of handicap. Caution should be used where there are small differences in the results, which are affected by sample and estimate size, see table 11A.23. ^b Estimates for jurisdictions with smaller populations should be interpreted with caution because of small sample sizes. ^c Data for the NT exclude remote areas.

Sources: ABS (Disability, Ageing and Carers, Australia 1993: Summary of Findings, Cat. no. 4430.0); ABS (Estimated Residential Population by sex and age 1996, Cat. no. 3201.0).

Table 11A.3 People with a disability — all ages living in households: proportion not receiving adequate help for activities for which they required help, 1993 (per cent)^a

Activity for which help was needed	Proportion not receiving all the help they need
Self-care	5.8
Mobility	9.7
Verbal communication	23.2
Health care	7.6
Home help	14.9
Home maintenance	7.3
Meal preparation	12.5
Personal affairs	6.8
Transport	6.9

a Caution should be used where there are small differences in the results, which are affected by sample and estimate size, see table 11A.23.

Source: ABS (Disability, Ageing and Carers, Australia 1993: Summary of Findings, Cat. no. 4430.0).

Table 11A.4 People with a disability — all ages living in households: main reason for not going out as often as preferred, 1993 (per cent)^a

	People with a disability
Whether went out as often as liked	
Did not go out ^b	3.0
Yes	74.1
No	22.9
Total persons with a disability living in households ('000)	3 018.4
Main reason did not go out as often as liked	
Own illness or condition	48.2
Others' illness or condition	6.6
Expense	16.3
Lack of time	5.0
Transport difficulties	6.0
Fear or lack of someone to go out with	7.1
Other reasons	10.8
Total persons who did not go out as often as liked ('000)	689.9

^a Caution should be used where there are small differences in the results, which are affected by sample and estimate size, see table 11A.23.
^b People who said they did not go out were not asked whether they went out as often as preferred.

Source: ABS (Disability, Ageing and Carers: Disability and Disabling Conditions, Australia 1993, Cat. no. 4433.0).

Table 11A.5 Clients of government and non-government CSDA services by service type, 1997 (number)^{a,b}

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Boonla waing State or Tarrit									71001
People using State or Territ	Oly GOVE	emment	aumms	ilerea Cs	SDA SEI	vices			
Accommodation support	0.000	0.000	040	4 0 4 0	705	00	400	0	0.700
Government	2 906	3 869°		1 042	795	99	133	0	9 760
Non-government	3 034	2 056	2 072	1 021	1 188	543	81	142	10 137
Organisation not stated	0	0	0	20	0	0	0	0	20
Community support ^e									
Government	1 878	1 072	506	1 252 d	687	130	54	0	5 579
Non-government	1 380	2 205	503	749	788	76	91	14	5 806
Organisation not stated	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	10
Community access									
Government	1 180	221	23	257	37	112	0	0	1 830
Non-government	1 933	5 333	1 615	369	352	350	32	58	10 042
Organisation not stated	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
Respite									
Government	217	130	54	81	8	12	18	0	520
Non-government	185	330	391	196	60	23	67	13	1 290
Organisation not stated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other/not stated									
Government	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Non-government	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	12
Organisation not stated	0	305	0	0	10	0	13	2	330
People using Commonweal	th Gover	nment a	dministe	ered CSI	DA servi	ces			
Employment services									
Government f	221	90	24	10	0	0	8	15	368
Non-government	5 803	3 991	2 626	2 037	2 070	584	254	93	17 458
Organisation not stated	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	0	14

^a An individual may be counted more than once if more than one service type was accessed on the 'snapshot' day. The CSDA MDS 'snapshot day' is the basis for information about people receiving a service from a service provider. ^b Excludes data for recipients of CSDA funded psychiatric services and data that were not collected for recipients of some CSDA funded community support services. ^c Client numbers for accommodation support services in Victoria were collected over a 12 month period and sourced from the Victorian Department of Human Services. ^d Included multiple counting of clients who receive more than one service under community support. This represented 778 individual clients in WA. ^e Data for recipients of some CSDA-funded community support services were not collected. ^f Included State/Territory and local government delivered employment services.

Table 11A.6 Recipients of CSDA funded services, disability type nominated as the client's primary disability by jurisdiction, 1997 (per cent)

	Cwlth	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Developmental delay	0.0	4.5	2.7	1.8	0.2	1.3	1.0	1.6	1.5	1.9
Intellectual disability	73.3	70.0	64.2	68.9	74.5	61.0	84.7	68.7	41.8	69.4
Specific learning/ADD	8.0	0.6	0.5	0.4	1.2	0.5	0.7	2.9	0.0	0.7
Autism	1.0	3.3	2.9	1.2	2.6	1.7	1.0	3.5	4.0	2.1
Physical disability	8.3	13.1	14.5	18.2	13.2	11.5	6.0	14.1	25.6	12.4
Acquired brain injury	3.0	2.3	2.8	3.2	3.2	5.8	3.4	4.5	6.7	3.1
Deaf and blind	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.3
Vision impairment	2.1	1.2	3.7	1.1	0.5	11.2	0.2	1.0	0.9	2.6
Hearing impairment	1.5	0.8	1.2	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.0	0.2	0.6	1.0
Speech impairment	0.1	0.6	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.4
Psychiatric disability	7.9	1.5	1.0	1.4	0.5 ^a	0.4	0.5	1.6	13.7	3.1
Neurological disability	1.9	1.7	4.1	3.1	2.9	5.0	2.5	1.2	4.9	2.8
Not stated	0.1	0.1	1.4	0.0	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.4
Total (per cent)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total (number)	17 840	12 713	14 661	6 080	4 999	3 926	1 345	489	266	62 319

 $^{^{}f a}$ The Health Department of WA provides services to people with a psychiatric disabilities which have not been counted in the CSDA MDS collection.

Table 11A.7 Recipients of CSDA funded services, disability type nominated as one of the client's disabilities by jurisdiction, 1997 (per cent)^a

	Cwlth	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Developmental delay	0.0	5.7	4.4	2.7	0.9	1.7	1.1	1.8	3.1	2.7
Intellectual disability	78.1	80.2	75.3	78.9	78.5	68.7	88.8	79.6	57.9	77.5
Specific learning/ADD	2.0	3.9	1.5	1.9	5.7	1.8	1.5	4.5	0.9	2.5
Autism	1.8	7.1	6.0	2.3	3.5	3.7	3.1	7.4	5.8	4.3
Physical disability	16.8	35.9	32.2	38.4	36.0	33.0	26.8	34.2	49.7	29.5
Acquired brain injury	3.5	3.6	4.0	4.8	5.9	6.5	3.5	5.3	8.5	4.2
Deaf and blind	0.2	1.0	0.9	0.4	1.1	8.0	0.7	0.6	1.2	0.7
Vision impairment	6.7	12.6	13.6	14.4	18.5	20.2	7.6	9.0	12.8	12.1
Hearing impairment	5.4	7.4	6.5	5.3	8.3	5.2	3.7	3.5	11.0	6.2
Speech impairment	8.5	34.2	26.0	27.8	13.0	23.4	26.3	26.4	32.9	21.7
Psychiatric disability	11.2	10.2	8.3	4.1	2.7 ^b	6.9	8.2	8.8	17.7	8.6
Neurological disability	7.7	21.7	16.9	11.3	19.5	17.8	11.1	12.5	25.9	14.8
Total (per cent)	141.8	223.1	195.5	192.1	193.5	189.7	182.2	193.5	227. 4	184.8
Total (number)	17 840	12 713	14 661	6 080	4 999	3 926	1 345	489	266	62 319

 $^{^{}f a}$ Individuals may have more than one disability type. $^{f b}$ The Health Department of WA provides services to people with a psychiatric disabilities which have not been counted in the CSDA MDS collection.

Table 11A.8 Recipients of CSDA funded services, disability type nominated as one of the client's disabilities (adjusted to sum to 100 per cent) by jurisdiction, 1997 (per cent)^a

	Cwlth	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Developmental delay	0.0	2.6	2.3	1.4	0.5	0.9	0.6	1.0	1.3	1.5
Intellectual disability	55.1	35.9	38.5	41.1	40.6	36.2	48.7	41.1	25.5	41.9
Specific learning/ADD	1.4	1.7	8.0	1.0	2.9	0.9	8.0	2.3	0.4	1.4
Autism	1.3	3.2	3.0	1.2	1.8	1.9	1.7	3.8	2.6	2.3
Physical disability	11.8	16.1	16.5	20.0	18.6	17.4	14.7	17.7	21.9	16.0
Acquired brain injury	2.5	1.6	2.1	2.5	3.0	3.4	1.9	2.8	3.8	2.3
Deaf and blind	0.1	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.4
Vision impairment	4.7	5.6	7.0	7.5	9.5	10.7	4.2	4.7	5.6	6.6
Hearing impairment	3.8	3.3	3.3	2.8	4.3	2.7	2.0	1.8	4.8	3.4
Speech impairment	6.0	15.3	13.3	14.5	6.7	12.3	14.4	13.6	14.5	11.7
Psychiatric disability	7.9	4.6	4.2	2.2	1.4 ^b	9 3.7	4.5	4.6	7.8	4.7
Neurological disability	5.4	9.7	8.6	5.9	10.1	9.4	6.1	6.5	11.4	8.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100. 0	100.0
Total (number)	17 840	12 713	14 661	6 080	4 999	3 926	1 345	489	266	62 319

^a Individuals may have more than one disability type. ^b The Health Department of WA provides services to people with a psychiatric disabilities which have not been counted in the CSDA MDS collection. Source: Black and Maples (1998).

Table 11A.9 Nominal government expenditure under the CSDA by service type, (\$'000)a

	Cwlth	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Accommodation	on Support									
1994-95	2 051 b	na	209 854	84 561 ^{c}	79 423	na	30 435	na	na	na
1995-96	181 b	na	251 384	91 175 ^{c}	83 791	87 140	31 304	na	na	na
1996-97	0	303 378	264 330	104 950 c	93 578	87 398	35 211	15 987	5 946	910 777
1997-98	0	327 155	277 403	112 966	106 107	87 996	35 725	13 519	7 977 9	968 848
Community St	upport									
1994-95	11 003	na	33 140	13 407 d	2 575	na	3 443	na	na	na
1995-96	11 656	na	47 165	17 489 d	2 551	16 325	4 534	na	na	na
1996-97	11 610	54 402	51 329	16 994 d	3 583	20 274	4 453	1 801	1 697	166 143
1997-98	11 671	57 379	50 900	18 639	5 403	29 054	4 141	4 146	2 439 9	183 771
Community A	ccess									
1994-95	549	na	54 159	6 890 d	8 237	na	3 343	na	na	na
1995-96	147	na	52 418	9 397 d	8 976	6 284	5 914	na	na	na
1996-97	355	45 461	65 922	10 275 d	10 723	5 786	5 964	898	1 480	146 864
1997-98	380	45 094	91 581	15 288	12 368	4 994	6 881	978	1 342 9	178 907
Respite Service	ces									
1994-95	0	na	6 286	8 910 ^{c}	10 759 ^f	na	1 831	na	na	na
1995-96	0	na	19 237	10 067 ¢	11 181 ^f	4 858	2 772	na	na	na
1996-97	0	21 566	19 070	11 325 ^{c}	13 978 [†]	4 556	3 208	1 759	929	76 393
1997-98	0	26 389	20 004	15 481	17 181	5 720	3 692	1 803	868 9	91 137
Employment S	Services									
1994-95	172 993	na	0	0	0	na	0	na	na	na
1995-96	181 563	na	0	0	0	0	0	na	na	na
1996-97	191 053	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	191 063
1997-98	201 767	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	201 767

Table 11A.10 (Continued)

	Cwlth	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Other Suppor	Services									
1994-95	15 337	na	22 145	1 734	13 095	na	341	na	na	na
1995-96	13 664	na	27 980	1 617	14 338	6 568	521	na	na	na
1996-97	10 690	17 292	20 799	1 429	17 353	6 938	580	64	12	75 157
1997-98	14 280	17 246	18 380	3 968	21 807	9 399	724	64	51 9	85 918
Administration	n expenditure									
1994-95	16 436	20 770	45 801	16 757 e	8 794	2 545	7 634	765	395	119 896
1995-96	16 972	na	42 437	26 451 e	9 575	3 361	8 029	1 032	407	na
1996-97	18 074	28 895	45 275	28 427	10 805	3 577	9 297	1 384	579	146 314
1997-98	18 805	35 272	48 726	28 794	10 787	4 381	8 074	1 609	706	157 154
Total expend	iture on CSDA	services								
1994-95	218 370	326 371	371 385	132 259	122 884	124 009	47 781	16 200	9 997	1 369 255
1995-96	224 183	395 397	440 622	156 196	130 411	127 466	52 761	18 200	10 413	1 555 648
1996-97	231 782	456 404	466 725	173 400	150 021	131 587	58 562	20 175	10 643	1 699 300
1997-98	246 903	473 263	506 993	195 136	164 282	143 586	59 237	15 916	13 384	1 818 701

^a Related only to services for which a jurisdiction had a direct responsibility. ^b Accommodation expenditure in 1994-95 and 1995-96 related to services which have since been transferred from the Commonwealth to State and Territory Governments. ^c 'Respite' was separated from 'accommodation support' based on the approximate proportion of time spent on respite in each departmental area office. ^d Residential Program Officers were not separately costed by the department. Therefore, 'community access' was overstated and 'community support' was understated by the same amount (considered to be an insignificant amount). ^e The method for apportioning corporate expenditure changed from 1994-95 to 1995-96. ^f Expenditure identified also included 'family support' as costs in relation to 'respite' were unable to be separated. ^g NT funded grants received 5 quarter payments in 1997-98, instead of 4 quarters, due to advance first quarter payments for 1998-99. **na** Not available.

Table 11A.11 Real government expenditure under the CSDA by service type, (in 1997-98 dollars '000)a

	•		•		_			•		
	Cwlth	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Accommodation	on Support									
1994-95	2 177 b	na	222 775	89 767 °	84 314	na	32 309	na	na	na
1995-96	187 b	na	258 891	93 898 c	86 293	89 743	32 239	na	na	na
1996-97	0	307 063	267 540	106 225 ^{c}	94 715	88 460	35 638	16 181	6 018	921 839
1997-98	0	327 155	277 403	112 966	106 107	87 996	35 725	13 519	7 977 9	968 848
Community Su	upport									
1994-95	11 681	na	35 181	14 232 d	2 734	na	3 655	na	na	na
1995-96	12 004	na	48 574	18 011 d	2 627	16 813	4 669	na	na	na
1996-97	11 751	55 063	51 953	17 200 d	3 627	20 521	4 507	1 823	1 717	168 161
1997-98	11 671	57 379	50 900	18 639	5 403	29 054	4 141	4 146	2 439 9	183 771
Community Ac	ccess									
1994-95	583	na	57 494	7 314 d	8 744	na	3 549	na	na	na
1995-96	151	na	53 984	9 678 d	9 244	6 471	6 091	na	na	na
1996-97	359	46 013	66 723	10 400 d	10 853	5 856	6 036	909	1 49	148 648
1997-98	380	45 094	91 581	15 288	12 368	4 994	6 881	978	1 34	178 907
Respite Service	es									
1994-95	0	na	6 673	9 459 c	11 421 ^f	na	1 944	na	na	na
1995-96	0	na	19 812	10 368 ^{c}	11 515 ^f	5 003	2 855	na	na	na
1996-97	0	21 828	19 302	11 463 ^{c}	14 148 ^f	4 611	3 247	1 781	940	77 321
1997-98	0	26 389	20 004	15 481	17 181	5 720	3 692	1 803	868 9	91 137
Employment S	Services									
1994-95	183 6	na	0	0	0	na	0	na	na	na

1995-96	186 9	na	0	0	0	0	0	na	na	na
1996-97	193 3	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	193 384
1997-98	201 7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	201 767

Table 11A.12 (Continued)

	Cwlth	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Other Support	Services									
1994-95	16 282	na	23 509	1 840	13 902	na	362	na	na	na
1995-96	14 072	na	28 816	1 665	14 766	6 764	537	na	na	na
1996-97	10 820	17 502	21 052	1 446	17 564	7 022	587	65	12	76 070
1997-98	14 280	17 246	18 380	3 968	21 807	9 399	724	64	51 9	85 918
Administration	expenditure									
1994-95	17 448	22 049	48 621	17 789 e	9 335	2 701	8 104	812	419	127 278
1995-96	17 479	na	43 705	27 241 ^e	9 861	3 461	8 269	1 063	420	na
1996-97	18 294	29 246	45 825	28 772	10 937	3 621	9 410	1 400	586	148 091
1997-98	18 805	35 272	48 726	28 794	10 787	4 381	8 074	1 609	706	157 154
Total expend	iture on CSDA se	ervices								
1994-95	231 815	346 466	394 252	140 403	130 450	131 644	50 722	17 197	10 613	1 453 562
1995-96	230 878	407 206	453 782	160 861	134 305	131 273	54 337	18 744	10 724	1 602 109
1996-97	234 598	461 947	472 394	175 506	151 843	133 185	59 273	20 420	10 772	1 719 939
1997-98	246 903	473 263	506 993	195 136	164 282	143 586	59 237	15 916	13 384	1 818 701

For notes refer to table 11A.9. **na** Not available.

Effectiveness

Outcomes

Table 11A.13 Accommodation clients receiving community based care or support, (per cent)^a

	NSW	Vic b	Qld	WAc	SA	Tas	ACT ^d	NT	Aust ^d
Proportio	n receiving	communit	y-based ca	are or sup	port				
1995	51.3	64.2	79.6	60.3	42.7	54.4	92.0	100.0	57.4
1996	54.0	77.0	77.1	66.0	46.5	54.4	na	100.0	61.9
1997	53.9	79.3	79.6	58.2	46.6	56.1	100.0	100.0	65.9

a 'Community based care or support' included group homes, attendant care, outreach/other 'in-home'/dropin support, alternative family placement and other accommodation. An individual may have been counted more than once if more than one services type was accessed on the 'snapshot' day. Data excluded psychiatric services. ^b Client numbers for accommodation support services in Victoria were collected over a 12 month period. ^c Data for recipients of CSDA services funded by WA cover a 12 month period and have been adjusted for multiple use of services. ^d 1996 CSDA MDS excludes ACT data. na Not available.

Sources: Black and Maples (1998); Black et al (1998); Madden et al (1997).

Table 11A.14 People with a disability and the total population in the labour force, 1993 (per cent)^a

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	$SA^{\mathbf{b}}$	Tas b	ACT b	N7b	Aust
Labour force participation r	ate						,	,	
People with a disability aged 15 to 64	52.8	55.1	53.7	61.2	54.0	50.3	68.4	74.8	54.9
Employment rate									
People with a disability aged 15 to 64	82.5	82.1	78.7	84.9	83.4	82.8	91.4	82.8	82.2
General population aged 15 to 64	89.5	87.8	89.5	91.0	90.0	86.8	93.1	92.3	89.3

^a There were differences between the two surveys (ABS survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers; ABS Labour Force Survey, Australia) in the sample size, the scope of the rules applied and the complexity of the questions used to determine labour force status. ^b Estimates for smaller jurisdictions should be interpreted with caution because of small sample sizes.

Sources: ABS (Disability, Ageing and Carers: Disability and Disabling Conditions, Australia 1993, Cat. no. 4433.0); ABS (The Labour Force, Australia, Cat. no. 6203.0).

Quality

No comparable data available.

Access

Table 11A.15 Proportion of the estimated potential population using accommodation support services, (per cent)^a

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT ^e	NT	Aust ^e
1995	4.4	6.0	4.4	6.0	6.8	6.7	3.9	2.2	5.2
1996	4.5	6.2	4.2 ^c	5.8 d	6.3	6.1	na	3.0	5.1
1997	4.5	6.2 b	4.1	5.3	6.4	6.3	3.2	2.9	5.1

^a An individual may be counted more than once if more than one service type was accessed on the 'snapshot' day. Data excluded psychiatric services. Data were adjusted to account for the assumption of differing disability rates amongst the indigenous population across jurisdictions. ^b Client numbers for accommodation support services in Victoria were collected over a 12 month period. ^c 1996 data on the 'Intellectual Disability Service' services funded by Queensland were collected over a fortnight. ^d 1996 data for recipients of CSDA services funded by WA cover a 12 month period and have been adjusted for multiple use of services. ^e 1996 CSDA MDS excludes ACT data. na Not available.

Sources: Black and Maples (1998); Black et al (1998); Madden et al (1997).

Table 11A.16 Proportion of the estimated potential population using employment services (per cent)^a

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
1995	13.4	15.1	12.5	15.2	14.8	13.2	10.1	6.2 b	13.8
1997	8.9	7.9	6.8	9.8	12.8	12.1	6.5	3.9	8.6

^a An individual may be counted more than once if more than one service type was accessed on the 'snapshot' day. Data excluded psychiatric services. Data were adjusted to account for the assumption of differing disability rates amongst the indigenous population across jurisdictions. ^b NT data should be interpreted with caution as only 67 per cent of NT service providers responded to the 1995 CSDA MDS collection.

Sources: Black and Maples (1998); Madden et al (1997).

Table 11A.17 Proportion of people with a severe or profound handicap aged 15 – 64 years who received an employment place or day activity place, (per cent)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
1997	8.0	11.0	7.0	8.2	9.2	12.0	5.2	5.8	8.7

Table 11A.18 Users of accommodation services, by severity of disability, 1997^a

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Moderate to no handicap	No	522	499	398	121	138	23	22	16	1 739
% of all handicap	%	8.8	9.9	13.4	5.9	7.0	3.6	10.3	11.4	9.2
Severe handicap	No	2 656	2 464	1 163	870	910	315	113	60	8 551
% of all handicap	%	44.9	48.8	39.2	42.3	46.0	49.1	52.8	42.6	45.1
Profound handicap	No	2 740	2 088	1 406	1 064	932	304	79	65	8 678
% of all handicap	%	46.3	41.3	47.4	51.8	47.1	47.4	36.9	46.1	45.8
All handicap	No	5 918	5 051	2 967	2 055	1 980	642	214	141	18 968

 $^{^{\}mathbf{a}}$ An individual may be counted more than once if more than one service type was accessed on the 'snapshot' day. Data exclude psychiatric services.

Table 11A.19 Users of employment services, by severity of disability, 1997 (per cent)^a

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Moderate to no handicap	No	1 456	1 023	574	497	408	118	22	31	4 129
% of all handicap	%	24.4	26.5	21.9	24.1	19.7	20.2	8.4	29.5	23.6
Severe handicap	No	3 512	2 393	1 740	1 191	1 305	389	208	62	10 800
% of all handicap	%	58.8	61.9	66.5	57.8	63.1	66.6	79.4	59.1	61.6
Profound handicap	No	1 003	450	302	371	356	77	32	12	2 603
% of all handicap	%	16.8	11.6	11.5	18.0	17.2	13.2	12.2	11.4	14.9
All handicap	No	5 971	3 866	2 616	2 059	2 069	584	262	105	17 532

 $^{^{\}mathbf{a}}$ An individual may be counted more than once if more than one service type was accessed on the 'snapshot' day.

Efficiency

Nominal government expenditure per place, (\$)1 Table 11A.20

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WAc	SA	Tas	ACT ^e	NTf	Aust
Cost per	governmen	nt institutio	nal/large r	esidential	place				
1994-95	61 889 a	40 735	57 244	57 003	68 732	101 351	51 007	0	67 617
1995-96	64 243 a	43 163	60 962	56 791	67 456	90 330	39 245	0	64 383
1996-97	65 284 a	46 327	87 522	67 014	69 076	91 144	51 686	0	71 769
1997-98	72 975 a	52 099	80 304	67 358	56 024	84 078	62 865	0	69 760
Cost per	governmen	nt commun	nity accom	modation a	and care	place			
1994-95	60 449	47 339	45 133	37 251	52 074	50 125	84 636	0	57 578
1995-96	62 816	53 143	53 131	37 804	53 559	67 533	80 060	0	60 927
1996-97	56 160	52 746	62 961	43 405	61 988	72 864	66 017	0	60 782
1997-98	78 341	56 248	69 179	55 320	59 617	71 005	60 467	0	65 306
Governm	ent grants	per non-g	overnmen	t institution	al/large i	residential	place		
1994-95	28 596	32 407	16 663	19 567 d	22 578	19 855	0	0	24 576
1995-96	31 724	33 464	16 667	20 491 d	24 327	21 720	0	0	26 197
1996-97	26 336	27 318	16 161	21 061 ^{d}	29 141	23 925	0	0	24 775
1997-98	27 338	35 830	15 544	26 137	24 399	23 564	0	0	26 873
Governm	ent grants	per non-g	overnmen	t communi	ty accom	modation a	and care p	lace	
1994-95	39 662	26 787	7 861	43 059 d	31 397	45 435	13 192	53 619	39 484
1995-96	38 068	28 330	11 638	41 615 d	32 967	49 669	13 939	54 392	40 003
1996-97	42 428	30 352	10 374	26 754 d	33 134	55 713	18 433	56 654	41 250
1997-98	33 797 b	40 698	13 365	34 941	45 664	67 392	18 381	78 859 9	52 182

a NSW was unable to separate out professional and other non-accommodation services provided within the institutional environment. b The level of transition funding paid to non-government providers changed from previous years. ^c Improvements in the data collection process in WA has allowed the number of individuals provided with accommodation placements for 1995-96 and 1996-97 to be reported. Bed numbers were used for 1994-95 places data as the number of individuals placed in was less accurate. Improved data quality and realignment of some non-government services across programs explain in part changes in the places data over time. d Expenditure on non-government provided accommodation in 1996-97, reflects adjustments made following a review to improve costing at program and output level in WA. Places which were jointly funded by the government agency and the non-government service provider were unable to be separated. ^e The ACT Government did not purchase non-government provided institutional or large residential accommodation care and support. ^f The NT Government did not provide institutional or large residential accommodation, or community accommodation care and support, and did not purchase non-government provided institutional or large residential accommodation. 9 NT funded grants received 5 quarter payments in 1997-98, instead of 4 quarters, due to advance first quarter payments for 1998-99.

The data in this table has been revised since publication of the paper version of the Report.

Table 11A.21 Real government expenditure per place, (\$)²

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WAc	SA	Tas	ACT ^e	N7f	Aust
Cost per	governmen	nt institutio	nal/large r	esidential	place				
1994-95	65 700 a	43 244	60 769	60 513	72 964	107 591	54 148	0	71 780
1995-96	66 162 a	44 452	62 782	58 487	69 471	93 028	40 418	0	66 306
1996-97	66 077 a	46 890	88 585	67 828	69 915	92 251	52 314	0	72 641
1997-98	72 975 a	52 099	80 304	67 358	56 024	84 078	62 865	0	69 760
Cost per	governmen	nt commun	nity accom	modation a	and care	place			
1994-95	64 171	50 254	47 911	39 544	55 280	53 211	89 847	0	61 123
1995-96	64 692	54 731	54 718	38 933	55 159	69 550	82 451	0	62 747
1996-97	56 842	53 386	63 726	43 932	62 741	73 749	66 819	0	61 520
1997-98	78 341	56 248	69 179	55 320	59 617	71 005	60 467	0	65 306
Governm	ent grants	per non-g	overnmen	t institution	nal/large i	residential	place		
1994-95	30 356	34 403	17 689	20 772 d	23 968	21 078	0	0	26 089
1995-96	32 672	34 464	17 165	21 103 d	25 054	22 368	0	0	26 980
1996-97	26 656	27 650	16 357	21 317 d	29 495	24 216	0	0	25 076
1997-98	27 338	35 830	15 544	26 137	24 399	23 564	0	0	26 873
Governm	ent grants _l	per non-g	overnmen	t communi	ty accom	modation a	and care p	olace	
1994-95	42 104	28 436	8 345	45 710 d	33 330	48 233	14 004	56 921	41 915
1995-96	39 205	29 176	11 985	42 858 d	33 952	51 152	14 355	56 017	41 198
1996-97	42 943	30 720	10 500	27 079 d	33 537	56 390	18 656	57 342	41 751
1997-98	33 797 b	40 698	13 365	34 941	45 664	67 392	18 381	78 859 9	52 182

For notes refer to table 11A.20.

Table 11A.22 Administration expenditure as a proportion of total expenditure, (per cent)^a

	Cwlthb	NSWc	Vic	Q <i>ld</i> d	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NTe	All juris. ^c
1994-95	7.5	6.4	12.3	12.7	7.2	2.1	16.0	4.7	3.9	8.8
1995-96	7.6	na	9.6	16.9	7.3	2.6	15.2	5.7	3.9	9.3
1996-97	7.8	6.3	9.7	16.4	7.2	2.7	15.9	6.9	5.4	8.6
1997-98	7.6	7.5	9.6	14.8	6.6	3.1	13.6	10.1	5.3	8.6

^a The Commonwealth, NSW, Tasmania and the ACT apportioned umbrella department administration costs on the basis of the disability services proportion of total departmental budget. Victoria and WA apportioned umbrella department administration costs using the method of apportionment used by the department. Queensland, SA and the NT apportioned umbrella department administration costs using full time equivalent employees. ^b The Commonwealth Government administers a different set of services to State and Territory Governments. The 1996-97 Commonwealth figure included a one-off expense of \$320 000 for voluntary redundancy packages. ^c No 1995-96 data were available for NSW. ^d The method for apportioning corporate expenditure in Queensland changed from 1994-95 to 1995-96. ^e The NT grants funded organisations were advanced the first quarter 1996-97 payments in 1995-96. Therefore, expenditure for 1996-97 did not include the full years funding to organisations. Some CSDA funded organisations were advanced the first quarter payments in 1996-97 for the 1997-98 financial year; therefore expenditure for 1996-97 included the first quarter allocation for 1997-98. na Not available.

² The data in this table has been revised since publication of the paper version of the Report.

Efficiency

Nominal government expenditure per place, (\$)1 Table 11A.22

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WAc	SA	Tas	ACT ^e	NTf	Aust
Cost per g	overnmen	nt institutio	nal/large i	residential	place				
1994-95	61 889 a	40 735	57 244	57 003	68 732	101 351	51 007	0	56 661
1995-96	64 243 a	43 163	60 962	56 791	67 456	90 330	39 245	0	58 414
1996-97	65 284 a	46 327	87 522	67 014	69 076	91 144	51 686	0	63 967
1997-98	72 975 a	52 099	80 304	67 358	56 024	84 078	62 865	0	65 826
Cost per g	overnmen	t commui	nity accom	modation	and care	place			
1994-95	60 449	47 339	45 133	37 251	52 074	50 125	84 636	0	50 664
1995-96	62 816	53 143	53 131	37 804	53 559	67 533	80 060	0	54 880
1996-97	56 160	52 746	62 961	43 405	61 988	72 864	66 017	0	54 987
1997-98	78 341	56 248	69 179	55 320	59 617	71 005	60 467	0	63 741
Governme	nt grants	per non-g	overnmen	t institutior	nal/large	residential	place		
1994-95	28 596	32 407	16 663	19 567 d	22 578	19 855	0	0	25 246
1995-96	31 724	33 464	16 667	20 491 d	24 327	21 720	0	0	26 830
1996-97	26 336	27 318	16 161	21 061 ^d	29 141	23 925	0	0	24 776
1997-98	27 338	35 830	15 544	26 137	24 399	23 564	0	0	26 259
Governme	nt grants	per non-g	overnmen	t communi	ity accon	nmodation	and care p	olace	
1994-95	39 662	26 787	7 861	43 059 d	31 397	45 435	13 192	53 619	27 492
1995-96	38 068	28 330	11 638	41 615 d	32 967	49 669	13 939	54 392	31 693
1996-97	42 428	30 352	10 374	26 754 d	33 134	55 713	18 433	56 654	32 952
1997-98	33 797 b	40 698	13 365	34 941	45 664	67 392	18 381	78 859 9	35 781

a NSW was unable to separate out professional and other non-accommodation services provided within the institutional environment. b The level of transition funding paid to non-government providers changed from previous years. c Improvements in the data collection process in WA has allowed the number of individuals provided with accommodation placements for 1995-96 and 1996-97 to be reported. Bed numbers were used for 1994-95 places data as the number of individuals placed in was less accurate. Improved data quality and realignment of some non-government services across programs explain in part changes in the places data over time. d Expenditure on non-government provided accommodation in 1996-97, reflects adjustments made following a review to improve costing at program and output level in WA. Places which were jointly funded by the government agency and the non-government service provider were unable to be separated. ^e The ACT Government did not purchase non-government provided institutional or large residential accommodation care and support. ^f The NT Government did not provide institutional or large residential accommodation, or community accommodation care and support, and did not purchase non-government provided institutional or large residential accommodation. 9 NT funded grants received 5 quarter payments in 1997-98, instead of 4 quarters, due to advance first quarter payments for 1998-99.

¹ The data in this table have been revised since publication of the paper version of the Report.

Table 11A.23 Real government expenditure per place, (\$)²

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WAc	SA	Tas	ACT ^e	N7f	Aust
Cost per government institutional/large residential place									
1994-95	65 700 a	43 244	60 769	60 513	72 964	107 591	54 148	0	60 150
1995-96	66 162 a	44 452	62 782	58 487	69 471	93 028	40 418	0	60 158
1996-97	66 077 a	46 890	88 585	67 828	69 915	92 251	52 314	0	64 744
1997-98	72 975 a	52 099	80 304	67 358	56 024	84 078	62 865	0	65 826
Cost per g	governmen	nt commui	nity accom	modation	and care	place			
1994-95	64 171	50 254	47 911	39 544	55 280	53 211	89 847	0	53 391
1995-96	64 692	54 731	54 718	38 933	55 159	69 550	82 451	0	56 519
1996-97	56 842	53 386	63 726	43 932	62 741	73 749	66 819	0	55 654
1997-98	78 341	56 248	69 179	55 320	59 617	71 005	60 467	0	63 741
Governme	ent grants	per non-g	overnmen	t institutior	nal/large	residential	place		
1994-95	30 356	34 403	17 689	20 772 ^d	23 968	21 078	0	0	26 800
1995-96	32 672	34 464	17 165	21 103 ^d	25 054	22 368	0	0	27 632
1996-97	26 656	27 650	16 357	21 317 d	29 495	24 216	0	0	25 077
1997-98	27 338	35 830	15 544	26 137	24 399	23 564	0	0	26 259
Government grants per non-government community accommodation and care place									
1994-95	42 104	28 436	8 345	45 710 d	33 330	48 233	14 004	56 921	29 184
1995-96	39 205	29 176	11 985	42 858 d	33 952	51 152	14 355	56 017	32 640
1996-97	42 943	30 720	10 500	27 079 d	33 537	56 390	18 656	57 342	33 352
1997-98	33 797 b	40 698	13 365	34 941	45 664	67 392	18 381	78 859 9	35 781

For notes refer to table 11A.20.

Table 11A.24 Administration expenditure as a proportion of total expenditure, (per cent)^a

	Cwlth ^b	NSW ^c	Vic	Qla ^d	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT ^e	All juris. ^c
1994-95	7.5	6.4	12.3	12.7	7.2	2.1	16.0	4.7	3.9	8.8
1995-96	7.6	na	9.6	16.9	7.3	2.6	15.2	5.7	3.9	9.3
1996-97	7.8	6.3	9.7	16.4	7.2	2.7	15.9	6.9	5.4	8.6
1997-98	7.6	7.5	9.6	14.8	6.6	3.1	13.6	10.1	5.3	8.6

^a The Commonwealth, NSW, Tasmania and the ACT apportioned umbrella department administration costs on the basis of the disability services proportion of total departmental budget. Victoria and WA apportioned umbrella department administration costs using the method of apportionment used by the department. Queensland, SA and the NT apportioned umbrella department administration costs using full time equivalent employees. ^b The Commonwealth Government administers a different set of services to State and Territory Governments. The 1996-97 Commonwealth figure included a one-off expense of \$320 000 for voluntary redundancy packages. ^c No 1995-96 data were available for NSW. ^d The method for apportioning corporate expenditure in Queensland changed from 1994-95 to 1995-96. ^e The NT grants funded organisations were advanced the first quarter 1996-97 payments in 1995-96. Therefore, expenditure for 1996-97 did not include the full years funding to organisations. Some CSDA funded organisations were advanced the first quarter payments in 1996-97 for the 1997-98 financial year; therefore expenditure for 1996-97 included the first quarter allocation for 1997-98. na Not available.

² The data in this table have been revised since the publication of the Report.

11A.2 Information on sample data

Table 11A.25 Relative standard error of estimates for the Survey of Disability Ageing and Carers^a

Estimate	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
·000	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
100						120.0	80.0	150.0	
200						90.0	60.0	100.0	
300				116.7	103.3	76.7	46.7	80.0	
400			107.5	100.0	90.0	65.0	40.0	67.5	100.0
500		108.0	96.0	90.0	80.0	58.0	36.0	60.0	92.0
600		98.3	88.3	81.7	73.3	53.3	31.7	53.3	85.0
700	100.0	91.4	81.4	74.3	68.6	50.0	30.0	50.0	78.6
800	93.8	86.3	76.3	70.0	63.8	46.3	27.5	46.3	73.8
900	88.9	81.1	72.2	65.6	60.0	43.3	25.6	43.3	70.0
1 000	84.0	77.0	68.0	62.0	57.0	41.0	24.0	41.0	67.0
1 100	80.0	73.6	65.5	59.1	53.6	39.1	22.7	39.1	64.5
1 200	76.7	70.0	62.5	56.7	51.7	37.5	21.7	36.7	61.7
1 300	73.8	67.7	60.0	53.8	49.2	35.4	20.8	35.4	60.0
1 400	70.7	65.0	57.9	52.1	47.9	34.3	20.0	34.3	57.9
1 500	70.0	62.7	55.3	50.0	46.0	32.7	19.3	32.7	56.0
1 600	65.6	60.6	53.8	48.1	44.4	31.9	18.8	31.9	54.4
1 700	64.7	58.8	51.8	47.1	42.9	30.6	18.2	30.6	52.9
1 800	61.1	58.3	50.6	45.6	41.7	29.4	17.8	29.4	51.1
1 900	60.5	55.3	48.9	44.2	40.5	28.9	16.8	28.9	50.0
2 000	60.0	55.0	48.0	43.0	39.5	28.0	16.5	28.0	49.0
2 100	57.1	52.4	46.7	41.9	38.6	27.1	16.2	27.1	47.6
2 200	56.8	52.3	45.5	40.9	37.3	26.4	15.5	26.8	47.7
2 300	54.3	50.0	43.5	40.0	36.5	25.7	15.2	26.1	45.7
2 400	54.2	50.0	43.8	38.8	35.8	25.4	15.0	25.4	45.8
2 500	52.0	48.0	42.0	38.0	34.8	24.8	14.4	24.8	44.0
3 000	48.3	45.0	38.3	35.0	31.7	22.3	13.0	22.3	40.0
3 500	44.3	41.4	35.7	31.4	28.6	20.3	12.0	20.6	37.1
4 000	41.3	37.5	33.8	30.0	27.5	18.8	11.0	19.3	35.0
4 500	38.9	35.6	31.1	27.8	25.6	17.3	10.2	18.0	33.3
5 000	36.0	34.0	29.0	26.0	24.0	16.4	9.8	17.0	32.0
6 000	33.3	30.8	26.7	23.3	21.7	14.7	8.7	15.5	29.2
8 000	28.1	26.3	22.5	20.0	18.1	12.3	7.4	13.1	25.0
10 000	25.0	23.5	20.0	17.5	16.0	10.5	6.4	11.5	22.5
20 000	17.0	15.8	13.8	11.8	10.8	6.8	4.2	8.0	15.5

^a The ABS considers that only estimates with relative standard errors of 25 per cent or less are sufficiently reliable for most purposes. Estimates greater than 25 per cent are subject to sampling variability too high for most practical purposes and should be treated with caution and viewed as merely indicative of the magnitude involved. .. Not applicable.

Source: ABS (Disability, Ageing and Carers, Australia 1993: Summary of Findings, Cat. no. 4430.0).

11A.3 Definitions

Table 11A.26 **Terminology**

Term	Definition
CSDA Minimum Data Set (MDS)	The CSDA MDS, which specified data items and their definitions to be collected from all services funded or provided under the Commonwealth/State Disability Agreement. These data items were agreed and developed by all jurisdictions working in cooperation with the Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (which collated and published national data from the collection).
Disability but no handicap (ABS)	Persons with a disability who were not identified as having a handicap in responding to the ABS Survey of Disability Aging and Carers. They stated that they had one of the broad limitations, restrictions or impairments as given for disability, but then stated that they were not restricted in any of the specific tasks given to identify persons with a handicap.
Handicap (ABS)	The ABS Survey of Disability Aging and Carers uses the term 'handicap' as a proxy for the level of support needed by respondents with a disability. It was defined as a limitation to perform certain tasks associated with daily living. The limitation had to result from a disability and affect one or more of the following areas: self care; mobility; verbal communication; schooling; or employment. Persons aged less than 5 years with one or more disabilities were all regarded as having a handicap but were not classified by area or severity of handicap (given difficulties in determining whether the needs of children aged less than 5 years were a function of their age or their disability).
Impairment	Any loss or abnormality of psychological, physiological or anatomical structure or function
Mild handicap (ABS)	Those people with a disability who did not require help or supervision with tasks relevant to self care, mobility and verbal communication but who used an aid or had a mild mobility handicap or could not easily pick up an object from the floor
Moderate handicap (ABS)	Those people with a disability who did not require help or supervision with tasks relevant to self care, mobility and verbal communication but who had difficulty performing one or more of these tasks
People using CSDA accommodation services	People on the snapshot day (the day agreed to as part of the CSDA MDS except for WA where the numbers on an average day were used) using one or more services corresponding to the following CSDA MDS services types: 1.01 institution/large residential; 1.02 hostels; 1.03 group houses; 1.04 attendant care; 1.05 outreach support/other in-home support/drop-in support; 1.06 alternative family placement; and 1.07 other accommodation

Table 11A.27 (Continued)

Term	Definition
People using CSDA community access services	People on the snapshot day (except for WA where the numbers on an average day were used) using one or more services corresponding to the following CSDA MDS services types: 3.01 continuing education/independent living training/adult training centre; 3.02 post school options/social and community support/community access; and 3.03 other community access and day programs
People using CSDA community support services	People on the snapshot day (except for WA where the numbers on an average day were used) using one or more services corresponding to the following CSDA MDS services types: 2.01 advocacy; 2.02 information/referral; 2.03 combined advocacy/information; 2.04 early childhood intervention; 2.05 recreation/holiday programs; 2.06 therapy (physiotherapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy); 2.07 family/individual case practice/management; 2.08 behaviour intervention/specialist intervention; 2.09 counselling: individual/family/group; 2.10 brokerage/direct funding; 2.11 mutual support/self help groups; 2.12 print disability; 2.13 resource teams/regional teams; and 2.14 other community support
People using CSDA employment services	People on the snapshot day using one or more services corresponding to the following CSDA MDS service types: 5.01 open employment; 5.02 supported employment; 5.03 combined open and supported employment; 5.04 employment support — State or Territory funded, no job placement; and 5.05 other employment
People using CSDA other support	People on the snapshot day (except for WA where the numbers on an average day were used) using one or more services corresponding to the following CSDA MDS services types: 6.01 service evaluation — training; 6.02 peak bodies; 6.03 research and development; and 6.04 other
People using CSDA respite services	People on the snapshot day (except for WA where the numbers on an average day were used) using one or more services corresponding to the following CSDA MDS services types: 4.01 own home respite; 4.02 centre based/respite homes; 4.03 host family respite/peer support respite; and 4.04 other respite/flexible respite/combination
Potential labour force	The population with the potential to require disability employment services. This is defined as all people aged 15 – 65 years with a severe or profound handicap. The denominator is scaled for the variation in the labour force participation rate across jurisdictions.

Table 11A.28 (Continued)

Term

Definition

Potential population

The population with the potential to require disability support services. This is defined as all people younger than 65 years with a severe or profound handicap.

The ABS concept of 'severe or profound' handicap, relating as it does to the need for assistance with everyday activities of self care, mobility and verbal communication, was argued to be the most relevant population figure for disability services. However, the relatively high standard errors in the prevalence rates for smaller jurisdictions, as well as the need to adjust for the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population, made it necessary to prepare special estimates of the 'potential population' for disability services. These estimates, prepared by the Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW), were used in the performance indicators when population data was needed in the denominator.

Briefly, the national age—sex specific rates of severe and profound handicap were applied to the 1995 age and sex structure of each jurisdiction to give an 'expected current estimate' of people with a severe or profound handicap, who were aged under 65 years, in that jurisdiction.

People of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin were given a weighting of 2 in these estimates, in recognition of their greater prevalence rates of disability and their relatively greater representation in CSDA services.

Principal carer (ABS)

A person aged 15 years or more who provided the most informal care for the activities of self care, mobility or verbal communication. Recipient (including people with a disability and older people) chose their principal carers from the main carers nominated for the activities of self care, mobility or verbal communication. A recipient could identify only one carer as the principle carer.

Profound handicap (ABS)

Those people with a disability who always require help or supervision in one or more of self care, mobility, and verbal communication. The level of severity of a person's handicap was determined based on the person's ability to perform tasks relevant to these areas and on the amount and type of help required. Where a person experienced difficulty in more than one area, the area with the highest level of severity determined the overall level of handicap.

Real expenditure

Actual expenditure adjusted for changes in prices, using the GDP(E) price deflator, and expressed in terms of final year prices

Severe handicap (ABS)

Those people with a disability who sometimes required help or supervision with tasks relevant to self care, mobility and verbal communication

Table 11A.29 (Continued)

Term

Definition

Total people with a disability (ABS)

'in the context of health experience a disability is any restriction or lack (resulting from an impairment) of ability to perform an activity in the manner or within the range considered normal for a human being' (ABS 1993a).

To estimate the total number of people with a disability the ABS defined a person with a disability as one who experienced one or more of the following limitations, restrictions or impairments which had lasted, or was likely to last, for a period of six months or more: loss of sight (even when wearing glasses or contact lenses); loss of hearing; speech difficulties in native languages; blackouts fits or loss of consciousness; slowness at learning or understanding; incomplete use of arms or fingers; difficulty gripping or holding small objects; incomplete use of feet or legs; treatment of nerves or an emotional condition; restriction in physical activities or in doing physical work; disfigurement or deformity; long term effects of head injury, stroke or any other brain damage; a mental illness requiring help or supervision; treatment or medication for a long term condition or ailment and still restricted; and any other long term condition resulting in a restriction.

Table 11A.30 Indicators

Indicator

Definition

Accommodation clients receiving community based care or support

People using MDS service types 1.03 to 1.07 as a proportion of all people using CSDA accommodation services excluding services provided to people with a psychiatric disability

Administration expenditure as a proportion of total expenditure

The numerator — expenditure by jurisdictions on administering the system as a whole (including the regional disability program administration, regional administration, the central program policy branch administration, the disability program administration and the disability program share of corporate administration costs under the umbrella department, but excluding administration expenditure on individual services) — divided by the denominator — total government expenditure on providing and funding services for people with a disability (including expenditure on both programs and administration, direct expenditures and grants to government service providers, and government grants to non-government service providers, but excluding provider funded contributions towards disability services, expenditure on HACC, psychiatric and housing services, and therapy expenditure where possible)

Cost per government provided community accommodation and care place

The numerator — government expenditure on government provided community accommodation and care as defined by CSDA MDS category 1.03 and where the service had fewer than six clients divided by the denominator — the average number of places of this type available over the financial year.

Table 11A.31	(Continued)
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Indicator	Definition
Cost per government provided institutional/large residential place	The numerator — government expenditure on government provided institutional/large residential accommodation and care, as defined by CSDA MDS categories 1.01 and 1.02, and where a service had six or more clients divided by the denominator — the average number of places of this type available over the financial year.
Government funding per non-government community accommodation and care place	The numerator — government expenditure on government provided community accommodation and care as defined by CSDA MDS category 1.03 and where the service had fewer than six clients (Government contributions to non-government providers per place represented only a proportion of the total cost of providing a place with this proportion varying between jurisdictions) — the denominator — the average number of places of this type available over the financial year.
Government funding per non-government institutional/large residential place	The numerator — government funding to non-government provided institutional/large residential accommodation and care, as defined by CSDA MDS categories 1.01 and 1.02, and where the service had six or more clients (Government per place contributions to non-government providers represented only a proportion of the total cost of providing a place with this proportion varying between jurisdictions) — divided by the denominator — the average number of places of this type available over the financial year.
Labour force participation rate for people with a disability	Total number of people with a disability in the labour force (where the labour force included all people who were employed or unemployed), divided by the total number of people with a disability aged 15 years and over
	An <i>employed person</i> was a person aged 15 years or more, who in his or her main job during the enumeration period:
	□ worked one hour or more for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind in a job or business, or on a farm (included employees, employers and self-employed persons);
	 worked one hour or more without pay in a family business or on a farm (excluded persons undertaking other unpaid voluntary work); or
	□ was an employer, employee, or self-employed person or unpaid family helper who had a job, business or farm, but was not at work.
	An <i>unemployed person</i> was a person aged 15 years or more who was not employed during the enumeration period, but was looking for work.
Participation rate for the total population	Total number of people aged 15 years or more in the labour force (where the labour force included all people who were employed or unemployed), divided by the total number of people aged 15 years and over
Proportion of people with a disability employed	Total number of people with a disability who were in the labour force and employed, divided by the total number of people with a disability in the labour force

Table 11A.32 (Continued)

Indicator	Definition
Proportion of people with a disability unemployed	Total number of people with a disability who were in the labour force but unemployed, divided by the total number of people with a disability in the labour force
Proportion of the total population employed	Total number of people aged 15 – 64 years who were in the labour force and employed, divided by the total number of people aged 15 – 64 years in the labour force
Proportion of the total population unemployed	Total number of people aged 15 – 64 years who were in the labour force but unemployed, divided by the total number of people aged 15 – 64 years in the labour force