14A Services for people with a disability — attachment

Definitions for the indicators and descriptors in this attachment are in section 14.7 of the chapter in the *Report on Government Services 2008* (2008 Report). Data in this chapter are examined by the Disability Services Working Group, but have not been formally audited by the Secretariat. A peer review process is also undertaken by the Disability Services Working Group in the development of the data definitions. Unsourced information was obtained from the Australian, State and Territory governments.

This file is available in Adobe PDF format on the Review web page (www.pc.gov.au/gsp). Users without Internet access can contact the Secretariat to obtain these tables (details on the inside front cover of the Report).

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Table 14A.1 Users of CSTDA accommodation support services, per 1000 people, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

	NSW (h)	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT (i)	NT	Aust
Indigenous people	using accon	nodation	support s	ervices per	1000 In	digeno	us populati	on aged	under 65
years									
2003-04	1.2	10.4	1.5	2.7	2.6	1.7	np	1.8	2.2
2004-05	1.1	8.5	1.6	2.7	3.3	1.7	np	1.8	2.1
2005-06	1.3	11.0	1.7	2.4	3.5	1.5	np	1.9	2.4
Non-Indigenous pe under 65 years	ople using a	accomoda	ation supp	ort service	s per 10	00 no	n-Indigenou	s popula	tion aged
2003-04	1.1	1.8	1.3	1.7	3.1	2.6	1.1	0.8	1.5
2004-05	1.0	1.4	1.4	1.8	3.4	2.8	1.2	0.6	1.5
2005-06	1.2	1.7	1.4	1.9	3.3	2.7	1.1	0.8	1.6
All people using acc	commodation	services	per 1000	total popula	ation age	d unde	r 65 years		
2003-04	1.1	1.9	1.3	1.7	3.1	2.6	1.1	1.1	1.6
2004-05	1.0	1.4	1.4	1.8	3.4	2.7	1.1	1.0	1.5
2005-06	1.2	1.8	1.4	1.9	3.3	2.6	1.1	1.1	1.6

- (a) Service user data are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each period. Individuals might have accessed services from more than one State or Territory. Where Indigenous status was inconsistently recorded for the same user, the user was counted as an Indigenous Australian.
- (b) Data for all service users exclude 954 service users in 2003-04, 2436 service users in 2004-05 and 687 service users in 2005-06 whose Indigenous status was not reported, thus accomodation support service users per 1000 total population aged under 65 years may differ from other tables. Due to the relatively high missing rate of data, care should be taken when interpreting this indicator.
- (c) Data for users of CSTDA funded accommodation support services exclude specialist psychiatric disability services identified by the jurisdiction.
- (d) Service user data collected under the CSTDA NMDS are not comparable with data from the previous CSDA MDS snapshot day collections.
- (e) Data for users per 1000 people are derived by dividing the number of service users by the number of people aged under 65 years, multiplied by 1000.
- (f) Data quality continues to improve following the implementation of the CSTDA NMDS. However, this indicator needs to be interpreted with care due to a number of factors impacting on data quality. Differences in service type outlet and service user response rates between jurisdictions and across years, for example, should be taken into account when interpreting these data.
- (g) Comparisons of the Indigenous and non-Indigenous populations' access to services should be undertaken with care. The need for services is likely to be greater for Indigenous people than non-Indigenous people due to the higher prevalence of disability. The AIHW estimated that the proportion of Indigenous people aged over 18 years who had a profound or severe core activity limitation is approximately 2.4 times that of non-Indigenous people.
- (h) NSW experienced low and varied data response rates for the three years. This led to underreporting of service user numbers for all years and affected the comparability of the data across the three years.
- (i) ACT data for service users per 1000 Indigenous people are not published as they are based on a small number of service users.
 - **np** Not published.

Table 14A.1 Users of CSTDA accommodation support services, per 1000 people, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

NSW (h) Vic QId WA SA Tas ACT (i) NT Aust Source: ABS, Australian Demographic Statistics, Cat. no. 3101.0 (various issues), Canberra; ABS 2004,

Experimental Projections of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Population 30 June 2001 to 30 June 2009, Cat. no. 3238.0, Canberra; AlHW (unpublished); 2008 Report, table 14A.25.

Table 14A.2 Users of CSTDA employment services, per 1000 people, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Indigenous people us	sing employr	ment servi	ces per 10	000 Indige	nous popu	ulation age	ed 15–64 y	ears	
2003-04	6.6	15.2	5.2	5.3	6.6	6.7	5.6	2.4	6.0
2004-05	7.3	10.9	5.2	5.1	6.5	8.5	6.6	2.4	6.0
2005-06	6.5	12.6	6.1	4.6	6.7	8.2	2.3	1.8	5.9
Non-Indigenous peo	ple using em	ployment	services p	er 1000 r	on-Indige	nous popu	lation aged	d 15–64 y	ears
2003-04	4.1	5.1	4.5	4.6	5.5	5.0	3.9	3.1	4.6
2004-05	4.0	5.1	4.5	4.5	5.8	5.2	3.3	2.9	4.6
2005-06	4.7	5.8	5.3	5.2	6.2	6.4	3.8	3.2	5.2
All people using emp	oloyment ser	vices per	1000 total	populatio	n aged 15-	-64 years			
2003-04	4.1	5.2	4.5	4.6	5.5	5.0	3.9	2.9	4.6
2004-05	4.1	5.2	4.5	4.5	5.8	5.3	3.4	2.8	4.6
2005-06	4.8	5.8	5.3	5.2	6.2	6.5	3.8	2.9	5.3

- (a) Service user data are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each period. Individuals might have accessed services from more than one State or Territory.
- (b) Data for users per 1000 people are derived by dividing the number of service users by the number of people aged 15–64 years, multiplied by 1000.
- (c) Data for all service users exclude 4498 service users in 2003-04, 2665 service users in 2004-05 and 1288 service users in 2005-06 whose Indigenous status was not reported, thus employment service users per 1000 total population aged 15–64 years may differ from other tables. Due to the relatively high missing rate of data, care should be taken when interpreting this indicator.
- (d) Comparisons of the Indigenous and non-Indigenous populations' access to services should be undertaken with care. The need for services is likely to be greater for Indigenous people than non-Indigenous people due to the higher prevalence of disability. The AIHW estimated that the proportion of Indigenous people aged over 18 years who had a profound or severe core activity limitation is approximately 2.4 times that of non-Indigenous people.

Source: ABS, Australian Demographic Statistics, Cat no. 3101.0 (various issues), Canberra; ABS 2004, Experimental Projections of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Population 30 June 2001 to 30 June 2009, Cat. no. 3238.0, Canberra; AIHW (unpublished); 2008 Report, table 14A.26.

Table 14A.3 Users of CSTDA community access services, per 1000 people, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)

	NSW (g)	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas A	<i>CT</i> (h)	NT	Aust
Indigenous people		nity acces	s services	per 1000	Indigenou	s population	on		
2003-04	1.4	10.8	1.7	3.9	3.0	2.0	np	1.6	2.6
2004-05	1.5	9.2	1.8	2.4	4.0	2.1	np	1.5	2.3
2005-06	1.7	10.9	2.0	1.9	4.0	2.4	np	2.0	2.5
Non-Indigenous pe	ople using con	nmunity a	ccess serv	vices per	1000 non-	Indigenous	s populatio	n	
2003-04	1.1	2.5	1.4	3.6	3.1	3.3	1.0	1.1	2.0
2004-05	1.1	2.0	1.7	2.5	3.3	3.3	0.9	1.2	1.8
2005-06	1.3	2.7	1.8	2.3	3.2	3.4	1.0	1.1	2.0
All people using cor	mmunity acces	ss service	s per 1000	total pop	ulation				
2003-04	1.1	2.6	1.4	3.6	3.1	3.2	1.0	1.3	2.0
2004-05	1.1	2.0	1.7	2.5	3.3	3.2	0.9	1.2	1.8
2005-06	1.3	2.8	1.8	2.3	3.2	3.4	1.0	1.4	2.1

- (a) Service user data are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each period. Individuals might have accessed services from more than one State or Territory. Where Indigenous status was inconsistently recorded for the same user, the user was counted as an Indigenous Australian.
- (b) Data for all service users exclude 7283 service users in 2003-04, 5222 service users in 2004-05 and 3057 service users in 2005-06 whose Indigenous status was not reported, thus community access service users per 1000 total population may differ from other tables. This 'not reported' total includes recreation/holiday programs (service type 3.02) who were not required to complete the item on Indigenous status; however those who did provide a response are included in the data. Due to the relatively high missing rate of data, care should be taken when interpreting this indicator.
- (c) Data for users of CSTDA funded community access services exclude specialist psychiatric disability services identified by the jurisdiction.
- (d) Data for users per 1000 people are derived by dividing the number of service users by the number of people aged under 65 years, multiplied by 1000.
- (e) Data quality continues to improve following the implementation of the CSTDA NMDS. However, this indicator needs to be interpreted with care due to a number of factors impacting on data quality. Differences in service type outlet and service user response rates between jurisdictions and across years, for example, should be taken into account when interpreting these data.
- (f) Comparisons of the Indigenous and non-Indigenous populations' access to services should be undertaken with care. The need for services is likely to be greater for Indigenous people than non-Indigenous people due to the higher prevalence of disability. The AIHW estimated that the proportion of Indigenous people aged over 18 years who had a profound or severe core activity limitation is approximately 2.4 times that of non-Indigenous people.
- (g) NSW experienced low and varied data response rates for the three years. This led to underreporting of service user numbers for all years and affected the comparability of the data across the three years.
- (h) ACT data for service users per 1000 Indigenous people are not published as they are based on a small number of service users.

np Not published.

Source: ABS, Australian Demographic Statistics, Cat no. 3101.0 (various issues), Canberra; ABS 2004, Experimental Projections of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Population 30 June 2001 to 30 June 2009, Cat. no. 3238.0, Canberra; AIHW (unpublished); 2008 Report, table 14A.27.

Table 14A.4 Users of CSTDA community support services, per 1000 people, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)

	NSW (g)	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Indigenous people	using commur	nity suppo	rt services	s per 1000) Indigeno	us popula	tion		
2003-04	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2004-05	5.6	15.2	4.6	13.7	18.9	1.9	7.0	5.0	7.6
2005-06	6.6	29.3	5.0	10.2	18.1	2.3	7.3	1.9	8.0
Non-Indigenous ped	ople using cor	nmunity s	upport sei	rvices per	1000 non-	-Indigenou	us populatio	on	
2003-04	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2004-05	3.1	2.6	2.4	6.7	7.2	4.8	8.4	4.5	3.6
2005-06	3.4	5.5	2.6	6.4	8.4	5.3	6.7	2.2	4.5
All people using cor	mmunity supp	ort service	es per 100	00 total po	pulation				
2003-04	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2004-05	3.2	2.7	2.5	6.9	7.5	4.7	8.4	4.7	3.7
2005-06	3.5	5.7	2.7	6.5	8.6	5.2	6.7	2.1	4.6

- (a) Service user data are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each period. Individuals might have accessed services from more than one State or Territory. Where Indigenous status was inconsistently recorded for the same user, the user was counted as an Indigenous Australian.
- (b) Data for all service users exclude 27 356 service users in 2004-05 and 15 013 service users in 2005-06 whose Indigenous status was not reported, thus community support service users per 1000 total population may differ from other tables. Due to the relatively high missing rate of data, care should be taken when interpreting this indicator.
- (c) Data for users of CSTDA funded community support services exclude specialist psychiatric disability services identified by the jurisdiction.
- (d) Data for users per 1000 people are derived by dividing the number of service users by the number of people aged under 65 years, multiplied by 1000.
- (e) Data quality continues to improve following the implementation of the CSTDA NMDS. However, this indicator needs to be interpreted with care due to a number of factors impacting on data quality. Differences in service type outlet and service user response rates between jurisdictions and across years, for example, should be taken into account when interpreting these data.
- (f) Comparisons of the Indigenous and non-Indigenous populations' access to services should be undertaken with care. The need for services is likely to be greater for Indigenous people than non-Indigenous people due to the higher prevalence of disability. The AIHW estimated that the proportion of Indigenous people aged over 18 years who had a profound or severe core activity limitation is approximately 2.4 times that of non-Indigenous people.
- (g) NSW experienced low and varied data response rates for the three years. This led to underreporting of service user numbers for all years and affected the comparability of the data across the three years.

na Not available.

Source: ABS, Australian Demographic Statistics, Cat no. 3101.0 (various issues), Canberra; ABS 2004, Experimental Projections of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Population 30 June 2001 to 30 June 2009, Cat. no. 3238.0, Canberra; AlHW (unpublished); 2008 Report, table 14A.28.

Table 14A.5 Users of CSTDA respite services, per 1000 people, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)

	NSW (g)	Vic	Qld	WA (h)	SA	Tas (i)	ACT (i)	NT	Aust
Indigenous people	using respite s	services p	er 1000	Indigenous	population	n			
2003-04	1.6	9.7	1.5	3.5	1.5	np	np	1.2	2.2
2004-05	1.4	8.2	1.5	2.6	2.2	np	np	0.9	1.9
2005-06	1.6	16.2	2.0	3.8	2.1	0.4	np	1.2	2.9
Non-Indigenous pe	ople using res	pite servi	ces per 1	000 non-Ir	ndigenous	population	on		
2003-04	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2004-05	0.7	1.3	1.0	1.5	1.1	0.7	1.0	0.9	1.0
2005-06	0.8	2.2	1.1	1.4	1.1	0.7	1.0	0.9	1.3
All people using re	spite services p	oer 1000	total pop	ulation					
2003-04	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2004-05	0.7	1.4	1.0	1.6	1.1	0.6	1.0	0.9	1.0
2005-06	0.8	2.3	1.2	1.4	1.2	0.7	1.0	1.0	1.3

- (a) Service user data are estimates after a statistical linkage key is used to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during each period. Individuals might have accessed services from more than one State or Territory. Where Indigenous status was inconsistently recorded for the same user, the user was counted as an Indigenous Australian.
- (b) Data for all service users exclude 3667 service users in 2004-05 and 1791 service users in 2005-06 whose Indigenous status was not reported, thus respite service users per 1000 total population may differ from other tables. Due to the relatively high missing rate of data, care should be taken when interpreting this indicator.
- (c) Data for users of CSTDA funded respite services exclude specialist psychiatric disability services identified by the jurisdiction.
- (d) Data for users per 1000 people are derived by dividing the number of service users by the number of people aged under 65 years, multiplied by 1000.
- (e) Data quality continues to improve following the implementation of the CSTDA NMDS. However, this indicator needs to be interpreted with care due to a number of factors impacting on data quality. Differences in service type outlet and service user response rates between jurisdictions and across years, for example, should be taken into account when interpreting these data.
- (f) Comparisons of the Indigenous and non-Indigenous populations' access to services should be undertaken with care. The need for services is likely to be greater for Indigenous people than non-Indigenous people due to the higher prevalence of disability. The AIHW estimated that the proportion of Indigenous people aged over 18 years who had a profound or severe core activity limitation is approximately 2.4 times that of non-Indigenous people.
- (g) NSW experienced low and varied data response rates for the three years. This led to underreporting of service user numbers for all years and affected the comparability of the data across the three years.
- (h) WA data for 2005-06 have been corrected for miscoding of data and, therefore, vary from the data reported in the AIHW report on Disability Support Services in 2005-06.
- (i) Tasmanian data for 2003-04 and 2004-05 and ACT data for all years for service users per 1000 Indigenous people are not published as they are based on a small number of service users.

na Not available. np Not published.

Source: ABS, Australian Demographic Statistics, Cat no. 3101.0 (various issues), Canberra; ABS 2004, Experimental Projections of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Population 30 June 2001 to 30 June 2009, Cat. no. 3238.0, Canberra; AIHW (unpublished); 2008 Report, table 14A.29.

Labour force participation and employment of people with a profound or severe core activity limitation, by special needs groups, 2006 (per cent) (a), (b), (c) Table 14A.6

		(-) ((-) ((-) (-)							
	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Labour force participation rate									
People in major cities and inner regional areas	18.0	17.1	18.4	22.8	20.2	16.2	30.9	:	18.6
People in outer regional and remote areas	15.9	18.2	17.4	21.5	17.5	14.4	:	21.5	17.5
People born in an English speaking country	19.5	19.9	19.0	24.0	21.2	15.8	33.8	23.3	20.1
People born in a non-English speaking country	12.0	9.4	12.9	15.6	10.6	13.7	20.4	17.8	11.5
Non-Indigenous people	18.0	17.1	18.5	23.0	20.0	15.5	31.8	29.5	18.6
Indigenous people	14.7	18.3	16.4	17.8	13.2	15.4	26.3	13.4	15.7
Employment rate									
People in major cities and inner regional areas	85.0	86.0	85.7	90.4	88.8	86.8	90.4	:	86.4
People in outer regional and remote areas	85.9	86.1	86.9	90.1	9.78	87.9	:	91.4	87.5
People born in an English speaking country	86.1	9.98	85.9	90.4	89.0	9'.28	91.4	91.4	87.1
People born in a non-English speaking country	79.3	82.7	84.0	90.2	84.6	78.3	83.5	85.7	82.3
Non-Indigenous people	85.5	86.3	86.3	90.4	9.88	87.3	90.5	93.9	86.9
Indigenous people	76.4	77.6	76.1	87.9	84.8	82.4	88.5	83.2	79.3
(a) For neonle aged 15-64 years									

(a) For people aged 15-64 years.

were sourced from the SDAC and the ABS disability module. The ASSNP is conceptually comparable with the SDAC and ABS disability module population of people who have a profound or severe core activity limitation, but due to the different collection methodology and shortening of the question set used, the population identified is smaller (but displays very similar characteristics). It is likely that the reduction is at the less severe end of the profound or severe core The ABS 2006 Census module, used to source these data, was designed to measure 'Core Activity Need for Assistance' (ASSNP). In previous years, the data activity limitation population. As such, these data will differ from those of previous years. **(**q)

Profound/severe core activity limitation refers to always or sometimes needing assistance with one or more of the core activities. Core activities comprise communication, mobility and self-care. <u>ပ</u>

.. Not applicable.

ABS (unpublished) 2006 Census of Population and Housing; 2008 Report, table 14A.41.

PEOPLE WITH SERVICES FOR

A DISABILITY

Labour force participation and employment of people with a profound or severe core activity limitation, by special needs groups, 2005 (per cent) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) Table 14A.7

	NSN	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT NT	NT	Aust
Labour force participation rate									
People in major cities and inner regional areas	33.6 ± 6.8	31.4 ± 7.8	35.2 ± 7.5	30.2 ± 9.8	35.9 ± 11.7	$35.9 \pm 11.7 \ 18.2^{*} \pm 10.4$	54.8 ± 18.0	:	33.1 ± 3.6
People in outer regional and remote areas	$32.7^* \pm 22.1$	du	31.7 ± 13.2	$40.8^{*} \pm 21.1$	du	$24.6^{*} \pm 20.3$:	du	30.1 ± 7.0
People born in an English speaking country	35.0 ± 7.5	36.2 ± 8.7	34.6 ± 6.8	32.8 ± 11.1	32.7 ± 9.5	20.4 ± 9.6	55.5 ± 20.6	du	34.5 ± 3.5
People born in a non-English speaking country	$25.1^* \pm 14.8$	$17.8^{*} \pm 12.1$	$31.4^* \pm 26.7$	$29.1^* \pm 21.3$	du	du	du	I	23.6 ± 7.1
Non-Indigenous people	34.6 ± 7.1	30.7 ± 7.7	34.0 ± 6.7	31.4 ± 9.8	33.3 ± 10.2	$33.3 \pm 10.2 \ 20.7^{*} \pm 10.2$	60.2 ± 17.9	du	33.0 + 3.4
Indigenous people	du	du	du	du	I	du	I	du	$23.0^{*} \pm 16.5$
Employment rate									
People in major cities and inner regional areas	90.1 ± 8.7	73.1 ± 16.0	87.6 ± 9.4	95.7 ± 8.6	83.4 ± 13.1	81.3 ± 28.5	100.0	:	85.3 ± 5.2
People in outer regional and remote areas	100.0	du	91.4 ± 17.7	100.0	100.0	100.0	:	du	96.9 ± 6.3
People born in an English speaking country	91.6 ± 8.6	73.2 ± 17.9	89.2 ± 8.2	96.3 ± 7.5	85.1 ± 13.3	96.0 ± 8.5	100.0	du	87.3 ± 9.2
People born in a non-English speaking country	88.1 ± 25.2		$74.9 \pm 35.7 \ 75.5^{*} + 55.9$	100.0	$78.8^{*} \pm 45.6$	I	du	I	81.9 ± 23.8
Non-Indigenous people	91.1 + 7.9	73.1 + 16.0	88.0 + 8.3	96.6 + 6.8	84.3 + 12.6	92.5 + 15.4	100.0	du	86.5 ± 4.7
Indigenous people	du	du	du	du	I	I	I	du	96.0 ± 9.0
(a) For people aged 15–64 years									

For people aged 15-64 years. (a)

Profound/severe core activity limitation refers to always or sometimes needing assistance with one or more of the core activities. Core activities comprise communication, mobility and self-care. **(**q)

A ** indicates a relative standard error (RSE) of between 25 per cent and 50 per cent. Data with RSEs over 50 per cent are not published. <u>ပ</u>

The labour force participation and employment rates reported in this table include 95 per cent confidence intervals (for example, X per cent ± X per cent). **©** Due to differences in collection methodology, the data collected by the ABS Disability Module (used in the Survey of Education and Training Experience) relate to a broader 'disability and long-term health condition' population than the 'disability' population obtained from the much more detailed Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers — however, the characteristics of the populations are similar. The data are suitable for population comparisons, but not for prevalence updates between Disability, Ageing and Carers surveys. (e)

.. Not applicable. - Nil or rounded to zero. np Not published.

ABS (unpublished) Survey of Education and Training Experience, Australia 2005; 2008 Report, table 14A.42.

SERVICES FOR PEOPLE WITH

A DISABILITY