National Agreement Performance Information 2012-13

Appendix

Steering Committee for the Review of Government Service Provision

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Contents

Ste	eering Committee	iii
Co	ontents	v
A	Appendix — National Agreements	1
	A.1 Introduction	1
	A.2 Population data	1
	A.3 Geography	8
	A.4 Measuring socioeconomic status	9
	A.5 Statistical concepts used in the Reports	11
	A.6 References	19
	A.7 Acronyms and abbreviations	21
	A.8 Attachment tables	22

CONTENTS

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A Appendix — National Agreements

Attachment tables

Attachment tables are identified in references throughout this appendix by an 'AA' prefix (for example, table AA.3). A full list of attachment tables is provided at the end of this appendix.

A.1 Introduction

This appendix contains contextual information to assist the COAG Reform Council to interpret the performance data presented in the reports on the:

- National Healthcare Agreement
- National Affordable Housing Agreement
- National Disability Agreement
- National Indigenous Reform Agreement
- National Education Agreement
- *National Agreement for Skills and Workforce Development* (the Reports).

The information provided in this appendix covers five themes:

- general population data
- Indigenous population data
- geography
- measuring socioeconomic status
- statistical concepts.

A.2 Population data

There are many different ways to estimate population counts. The official population estimates are referred to as the Estimated Resident Population (ERP),

and link people to a place of usual residence within Australia. However, there may be some instances where ERP data are not available for particular socio-demographic groups or for required time periods. In these instances, population estimates are derived from other data collections or are projected based on a series of assumptions. Details on the different population counts used in the Reports are provided below.

Estimated resident population

ERP data are derived from Census counts of usual residents (excluding overseas visitors) and adjusted for net Census undercount and Australian residents estimated to have been temporarily overseas at the time of the Census. ERP counts are generally higher than Census counts.

ERP data are updated quarterly by adjusting for the following changes for the relevant quarter:

- adding birth registrations
- subtracting death registrations
- adjusting for overseas migration (and interstate migration for State and Territory counts).

After each Census, estimates for the quarterly ERP in the preceding intercensal period are finalised by incorporating an additional adjustment (intercensal discrepancy) to ensure that the total intercensal change between the two Census dates (sum of quarterly ERP) aligns with the difference between the two Census dates.

'Intercensal error' refers to the difference between the latest preliminary Census based ERP figures for 30 June 2011 and the ERP figures based on the previous (2006) Census, which were estimated forward using births, deaths and migration data. In future, the ABS will refer to this as 'intercensal difference'. 'Intercensal discrepancy' is determined after rebasing is complete and is the remaining unattributable portion after the intercensal error is adjusted for all revisions to component data (ABS 2013 Feature Article 1).

Estimated resident population for 2012-13 National Agreement reporting

For the 2012-13 National Healthcare Agreement (NHA), National Disability Agreement (NDA), and National Affordable Housing Agreement (NAHA) performance reports, where ERP data are required for performance indicators they

are based on the 2011 Census (with the exception of ERP used for non-Indigenous comparisons, which is based on the 2006 Census for comparability with Indigenous population data).

Changes to the ERP this cycle include:

- final rebasing the population estimates have been updated to produce final rebased population estimates back to 2007 and a final base ERP for 30 June 2011¹.
- recasting the final rebasing also included a one-off 'recasting' of ERP from June 2006 back to September 1991 to accommodate the impact of a methodological improvement in the 2011 estimates of Census undercount which resulted in a high intercensal error (the net undercount was 40 per cent less than previous methods have indicated)².

The main impact of rebased population estimates on time series reporting of National Agreement performance indicators has been a reduction in population estimates (see table A.1). The proportionality of age groups, states and territories and sexes has not significantly changed as the result of recasting the ERP series (ABS 2013 Feature Article 2).

The Labour Force Survey (LFS) is the only ABS population and social survey (at this stage) which is being re-benchmarked to be consistent with the revised ERP. The LFS estimates revised from 1991 onwards are expected to be released in February 2014 (ABS 2013 Feature Article 4). Whilst a number of ABS population and social surveys are used for NA performance reporting, these do to not include the LFS (LFS data are only used for context). Therefore, the revised ERP do not affect ABS survey data used in the NA performance reports.

In order to provide the most up-to-date context, this Appendix uses the most recent available estimates (that is, ERP final to June 2011 and preliminary after June 2011, based on the 2011 Census). Relevant tables are clearly footnoted.

Table A.1 illustrates the intercensal discrepancy between the June 2011 ERP based on the 2006 Census and the final ERP based on the 2011 Census. The final rebasing of Australia's population estimates using data from the 2011 Census reduced the previous estimate (based on the 2006 Census) by 77 700 people, bringing the total ERP as at June 2011 down to 22 340 000. The intercensal discrepancy ranged from

¹ More information can be found in the ABS Feature Article 1: Final rebasing of Australia's population estimates, September quarter 2006 – June quarter 2011, Cat. No. 3101.0.

² See ABS Feature Article 2: Recasting 20 Years of ERP, Cat. No. 3101.0.

minus 0.4 per cent of the population in the Northern Territory to plus 0.6 per cent of the population in New South Wales (table A.1).

Table A.1 ERP data, 30 June 2011, by Census base

	Final June 2011 ERP (2011 Census base)	Final Intercensa (2006-2	
	'000	<i>'000</i>	Per cent
New South Wales	7 218.5	45.4	0.6
Victoria	5 537.8	24.4	0.4
Queensland	4 476.8	9.1	0.2
Western Australia	2 353.4	-4.4	-0.2
South Australia	1 639.6	3.4	0.2
Tasmania	511.5	0.3	0.1
Australian Capital Territory	368.0	0.4	0.1
Northern Territory	231.3	-1.0	-0.4
Australia (b)	22 340.0	77.7	0.3

 $^{^{}f a}$ A negative number indicates that the 2006 based ERP (unrebased) for June 2011 was higher than the 2011 based ERP (final rebased) for June 2011. $^{f b}$ Includes other territories.

Source: ABS (2013) Australian Demographic Statistics, December 2012, cat. no. 3101.0, Canberra.

Population size and trends

Australia's population is growing. At 31 December 2012, Australia's total population was estimated as 22.9 million (table AA.1). By 2061 the total population is projected to reach 41.5 million people (ABS 2013d, Series B).

Nationally, the average annual growth rate³ (AAGR) of the population between December 2007 and December 2012 was approximately 1.7 per cent (table AA.1). Across jurisdictions, average annual population growth ranged from 0.7 per cent in Tasmania to 3.0 per cent in WA (table AA.1). The annual total population growth rate fell from 2.2 per cent in 2008 to 1.8 per cent in 2012 (table AA.3). Estimated resident population for 30 June and average annual growth rates for the financial year are presented in tables AA.4—AA.6.

More than three quarters of Australia's population lived in the eastern mainland states as at 31 December 2012. New South Wales (32.1 per cent), Victoria (24.8 per cent) and Queensland (20.1 per cent) accounted for the largest shares of

³ The calculation of AAGR is explained on page A.14.

the population. Western Australia (10.8 per cent) and SA (7.3 per cent) accounted for significant shares of the population, while Tasmania (2.2 per cent), the ACT (1.7 per cent) and the NT (1.0 per cent) accounted for smaller shares (table AA.1).

Data for ERP, as at 31 December, for 2007 to 2011 are in table AA.2.

Population, by sex and age

As might be expected, half of the Australian population at 31 December 2012 were female (50.2 per cent) (table AA.1). This distribution was similar across all jurisdictions, ranging from 47.4 per cent in the NT to 50.5 per cent in Victoria and SA (table AA.1). However, the proportion of women in the population increases with age. Nationally, 57.6 per cent of people aged 75 years or over were female, compared with 48.7 per cent of people aged 14 years or younger (table AA.1).

Table A.2 provides data on selected target age groups for populations of interest in the NHA, NDA, NAHA and NIRA performance reports. Data are provided for 31 December 2012, as a mid-point for financial year reporting.

Table A.2 **Proportion of population, by selected age groups,** 31 December 2012 (per cent)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust ^a
0–4 years	6.5	6.4	6.8	6.7	6.0	6.1	6.7	7.9	6.5
5-14 years	12.3	11.9	13.1	12.5	11.7	12.4	11.6	14.6	12.4
15-64 years	66.1	67.2	66.7	68.4	65.7	64.4	70.5	71.4	66.8
65 years or over	15.1	14.5	13.5	12.4	16.6	17.0	11.2	6.1	14.3

a 'Aust' includes other territories.

Source: ABS 2013 (unpublished) Australian Demographic Statistics data collection; table AA.1.

Table A.3 provides data on selected target age groups for populations of interest in the education and training NA reports. Data are provided for 30 June 2012, as a mid-point for the calendar year reporting for the National Education Agreement (NEA) and the National Agreement for Skills and Workforce Development (NASWD).

Table A.3 **Proportion of population, by education and training target** group, 30 June 2012 (per cent)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust ^a
6–15 years	12.3	11.9	13.1	12.5	11.8	12.5	11.5	14.5	12.3
17-24 years	10.7	11.2	11.2	11.4	10.8	10.2	13.1	12.4	11.1
15-64 years	66.2	67.3	66.8	68.4	65.9	64.6	70.7	71.4	66.9
20-64 years	59.9	61.0	60.1	62.0	59.5	58.0	64.3	64.6	60.5

a 'Aust' includes other territories.

Source: ABS (2013) Australian Demographic Statistics, Cat. no. 3101.0; table AA.4.

Immigrant population

In relative terms, Australia is one of the most significant immigrant receiving countries in the developed world. People born outside Australia accounted for 24.6 per cent of the population in August 2011 (ABS 2012a). In August 2011, 42.5 per cent of the population born outside Australia spoke another language and spoke English well or very well (46.8 per cent spoke only English). Nationally, 9.7 per cent of the population born outside Australia reported they did not speak English well or at all (ABS 2012a).

People with disability

People with disability and their carers often experience low levels of income, educational attainment, employment, superannuation, health and wellbeing (PC 2011). The ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC) provides the most complete measure of the prevalence of disability in Australia and is recommended when referring to prevalence rates. The SDAC does not include people living in very remote areas, which affects the comparability of the NT results. SDAC data for people with disability are presented in tables AA.8–AA.10. Data related to disability status are collected in other data collections (for example, the Census), but whilst these data can provide a guide to the differences in characteristics between people with and without disability, these data are not recommended for use as a measure of prevalence.

Geographical location of the population

The Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) has replaced the Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC) from 1 July 2011. Where possible, sub-state population estimates for 30 June 2012 and prior years are available based

on the new geography and have been used for this cycle of reporting where possible.

Indigenous population data

Estimates of the population by Indigenous status are published after each Census. These estimates have historically been labelled 'experimental', as the standard approach to population estimation (as described for ERP above) was not possible because of data quality issues with the births, deaths and internal migration data, and volatility in the Census counts (ABS 2009). Population estimates by Indigenous status are produced for 30 June in each Census year. Final estimates of the Indigenous population based on the 2011 Census of Population and Housing and the results of the Post Enumeration Survey (PES) were released on 30 August 2013. Population estimates by Indigenous status as at 30 June 2011 are in tables AA.13 and AA.14 (by age and sex), and table AA.17 (by remoteness areas).

As population estimates for Indigenous people are currently only available on a five yearly basis, Indigenous population projections are used to provide more regular population counts. However, Indigenous population projections are supported by a complex method based on a set of assumptions, and should be used with caution. Indigenous population projections are currently based on the 2006 Census. It is anticipated that revised projections based on the 2011 Census will be available on 30 April 2014. Table 4 compares the final estimates of the Indigenous population based on the 2011 Census with the Indigenous population projections from the 2006 Census.

Table A.4 Indigenous population estimates and projections, 30 June 2011, by Census base

	June 2011 final estimate (2011 Census base)	June 2011 projection (2006 Census base)	Difference (2006-2011) ^a		
	number	number	number	Per cent	
New South Wales	208 476	168 773	39 703	19.0	
Victoria	47 333	37 647	9 686	20.5	
Queensland	188 954	164 883	24 071	12.7	
Western Australia	88 270	77 694	10 576	12.0	
South Australia	37 408	31 040	6 368	17.0	
Tasmania	24 165	20 580	3 585	14.8	
Australian Capital Territory	6 160	4 825	1 335	21.7	
Northern Territory	68 850	69 855	-1 005	-1.5	
Australia ^b	669 881	575 552	94 329	14.1	

^a A negative number indicates that the 2006 based projection (unrebased) for June 2011 was higher than the 2011 based final estimate (rebased) for June 2011.
^b Includes other territories.

Source: ABS (2013) Estimates of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, June 2011, cat. no. 3238.0.5.001, Canberra; ABS (2009) Experimental Estimates and Projections, Indigenous Australians, 1991 to 2021, Cat. no. 3238.0; Data cube—Projected population, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, Australia, states and territories, 2006–2021.

Data for the projected Indigenous Australian population as at 30 June 2013 and 30 June 2012 (based on the 2006 Census) are provided in tables AA.15 and AA.16, respectively.

Data on selected socio-demographic characteristics of Indigenous people are sourced directly from the Census, with the most recent available data from the 2011 Census. Data on the languages spoken at home by Indigenous people are provided in table AA.18. Data on the composition of families in occupied private dwellings, and occupied dwellings by tenure and landlord type, are provided by Indigenous status in tables AA.19 and AA.20, respectively. These tables remain unchanged from the previous cycle of NA Appendix reporting.

A.3 Geography

From 1 July 2011, the ABS replaced the Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC) with the Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS). The ASGS regions are designed to give the maximum geographic detail for

improved analysis of population data. The population ranges within the ASGS regions are much narrower than their ASGC equivalents⁴.

The ABS structures are built from the Statistical Area Level 1 which is now the smallest geographic unit for the Census. Statistical Local Areas (SLAs) have been superseded by Statistical Area Level 2 (SA2s) which cover more 'functional areas' outside major urban areas and where possible are based on gazetted suburbs and localities with a more consistent population size than the previous SLAs.

Time series

The move from ASGC to ASGS does cause a break in time series for data based on Census Collection Districts, Statistical Local Areas, Statistical Subdivisions, Statistical Divisions and Labour Force Regions.

The change to ASGS has some impact on Remoteness Areas but is not expected to affect comparability over time⁵. However, where other geographic units (for example, SA2s in place of SLAs) are used to map to remoteness areas, a break in time series may occur.

A.4 Measuring socioeconomic status

Common dimensions of socioeconomic status (SES) are employment, educational attainment and income, and these factors have positive associations with health, housing, disability and Indigenous outcomes. Data on each of these individual factors is available in tables AA.25–AA.31.

Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA)

When a single measure is required to represent SES an index can be created which incorporates multiple factors related to SES.

The ABS Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) is an area based measure of SES, and ranks geographic areas across Australia according to the socioeconomic characteristics of the population. ABS produces area-based quantiles (the term used

⁴ For further information see ABS Statistical Geography Fact Sheet – Changes to geographic areas between Censuses http://www.abs.gov.au/websitedbs/D3310114.nsf/home/ASGS+Fact+Sheets, (accessed 11 September 2013)

⁵ For further information see ABS Statistical Geography Fact Sheet –Time Series (ibid).

to collectively describe measures such as percentiles and deciles) which are calculated based on dividing the number of areas into equal groups (ABS 2011).

The SEIFA Index of Relative Socio-economic Disadvantage (SEIFA IRSD) is one of the four SEIFA indices. It is a general socioeconomic index that summarises a range of information about the economic and social resources of people and households within an area. The SEIFA IRSD focuses on relative disadvantage, whereas other SEIFA indices focus on other aspects of SES. SEIFA IRSD scores indicate average scores of all people living in an area and are useful for distinguishing between areas. A lower score indicates that an area is relatively disadvantaged compared to an area with a higher score — but it does not mean that everyone in the area is necessarily disadvantaged. Similarly, a high SEIFA score does not mean that there are no disadvantaged residents in that area (ABS 2006). SEIFA IRSD rankings can be grouped into quintiles, from the most disadvantaged areas (quintile 1) to the least disadvantaged areas (quintile 5).

SEIFA-based measures provide a snapshot of areas at a point in time. The SEIFA indices based on the 2011 Census were released on 28 March 2013 (tables AA.23 and AA.24). For the 2011 SEIFA IRSD, Indigenous status was removed as a data item. However, it is not anticipated to have a significant impact on SEIFA IRSD over time.

For the 2011 Census, changes to the underlying geographical classification also occurred (see section A.3 above). SEIFA 2011 is released according to a new geographical framework — the ASGS — a change from past versions of SEIFA, which used the ASGC. For this cycle of the Reports, changes to the approach to matching postcodes to the new geography has confounded the results for some administrative data, creating a break in the time series in some circumstances.

Where administrative data are available at the postcode level, the ABS previously provided a concordance between postcodes and the geographic unit of Statistical Local Area (SLA), with each SLA having an assigned 2006 SEIFA IRSD score. For this cycle of reporting, the ABS provides a concordance for postcode to the geographic unit of Statistical Area Level 2 (SA2), with each SA2 having an assigned 2011 SEIFA IRSD score. A change from using SLA to the smaller SA2 has led to different results (mainly for Quintile 1) and created a break in the time series. This issue may affect some administrative data for this current cycle of reporting where data series previously used SLA as the geographic unit for SEIFA IRSD. The AIHW has produced comparative tables for this appendix using the geographic areas of both SLA and SA2 to show any impact of changed geography on SEIFA IRSD results (tables AA.21 and AA.22).

The ABS does not recommend comparing SEIFA over time, but notes that if such comparisons are required (for SEIFA data produced on a comparable geography), the top or bottom quantiles (such as deciles or percentiles) should be compared (ABS 2008a, 2011).

Alternative approaches to measuring disadvantage

In the NAs all jurisdictions 'are committed to addressing the issue of social inclusion, including responding to Indigenous disadvantage' (for example, COAG 2012).

SEIFA IRSD (a measure of SES) provides one way of measuring disadvantage amongst the population. Other concepts that measure disadvantage include:

- social inclusion/social exclusion the extent to which an individual participates in society
- poverty lack of access to economic resources
- wellbeing health and sufficiency in all aspects of life
- human development capabilities created through access to basic health care and education (ABS 2012b).

A person who is socially included has the resources, opportunities and capabilities they need to learn, work, engage and have a voice. Multiple disadvantage may put people at risk of social exclusion. Social inclusion may be measured using a range of indicators (Australian Government 2012).

Additional data on the unemployment rate and participation rate are available in tables AA.32 and AA.33. Data have been revised back to 2009 to reflect changes to the ABS method for estimating short term population projections. (The ABS now projects the most recent ERP forward nine months, rather than projecting forward one year.) From 2014, benchmark revisions will be quarterly and apply to the previous 24 months. All data will be revised in January 2014 to reflect the recast ERP (see section A.2).

A.5 Statistical concepts used in the Reports

A summary of the statistical concepts used in the Reports is provided in this section. For more details refer to the Statistical Appendix in the *Report on Government Services 2013* (SCRGSP 2013).

Reliability of estimates

Data for some performance indicators in the Reports are based on samples, either from surveys or from a selection of observations from, for example, administrative databases. The potential for sampling error — that is, the error that occurs by chance because the data are obtained from a sample and not the entire population — means that the reported estimates may not accurately reflect the true value.

These Reports indicate the reliability of estimates based on samples by reporting either relative standard errors (RSEs) or confidence intervals (CIs). RSEs and CIs are calculated based on the standard error (SE). The larger the SE, RSE or CIs, the less reliable is the estimate as an indicator for the whole population (ABS 2010, 2008b).

Standard error

The SE measures the sampling error of an estimate. (There can also be non-sampling error — for example, systematic biases — in the data.) There are several types of SE. A commonly used type of SE in these Reports is the SE of the mean (average). The SE measures how much the estimated mean value may differ from the true population mean value.

Relative standard error

The RSE is used to indicate the reliability of an estimate. The RSE shows the size of the error, relative to the estimate, and is derived by dividing the SE of the estimate, by the estimate.

The RSE is useful for comparing the size of the SE across different sample estimates. As with the SE, the higher the RSE, the less confidence there is that the estimate from the sample is close to the true value of the population mean.

A rule of thumb adopted in the Reports is that estimates with an RSE between 25 and 50 per cent are to be used with caution and estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

Confidence intervals

Confidence intervals (CI) are used to indicate the reliability of an estimate. A CI is a specified interval, with the sample statistic at the centre, within which the corresponding population value can be said to lie with a given level of confidence

(ABS 2008b). Increasing the desired confidence level will widen the CIs. CIs are useful because a range, rather than a single estimate, is more likely to encompass the real figure for the population value being estimated.

CIs are calculated from the population estimate and its associated SE. The most commonly used CI is calculated for 95 per cent levels of probability (where 95 per cent reflects that the estimate is within plus and minus approximately two times the SE). For example, if the estimate from a survey was that 628 300 people report having their needs fully met by a government service, and the associated SE of the estimate was 10 600 people, then the 95 per cent CI would be calculated by:

```
lower confidence limit = 628\ 300 - (2 \times 10\ 600) = 628\ 300 - 21\ 200 = 607\ 100
upper confidence limit = 628\ 300 + (2 \times 10\ 600) = 628\ 300 + 21\ 200 = 649\ 500
```

This indicates that, at the 95 per cent confidence level, the true number of people who perceive that their needs are met by a government service is between 607 100 and 649 500.

The smaller the SE of the estimate, the narrower the CIs and the closer the estimate can be expected to be to the true value.

Confidence intervals also test for statistical differences between sample results (ABS 2008b). For example, assume survey data estimated a result of 30 per cent of people for jurisdiction A who perceived that their needs were met by government services, with a 95 per cent CI of \pm 5 per cent, and a result of 25 per cent for jurisdiction B, with a 95 per cent CI of \pm 10 per cent. These results imply that we can be 95 per cent sure the true result for jurisdiction A lies between 25 and 35 per cent, and the true result for jurisdiction B people lies between 15 and 35 per cent. As these two ranges overlap, it cannot be said with confidence that the results for jurisdiction A and jurisdiction B are statistically different.

Variability in administrative data

Rates derived from administrative data are not subject to sampling error but may still be subject to natural random variation, especially for small counts. A 95 per cent confidence interval for an estimate is a range of values which is very likely (95 times out of 100) to contain the true value. Where the confidence intervals of two estimates do not overlap, it can be concluded that there is a statistically significant difference between the two estimates.

Typically in the standard method (used in AIHW publications), the observed rate is assumed to have natural variability in the numerator count (for example, deaths, hospital visits) but not in the population denominator count. Also, the rate is assumed to have been generated from a normal distribution ('Bell curve'). Random variation in the numerator count is assumed to be centred around the true value — that is, there is no systematic bias. More information on the standard method can be sourced from *Statistical methods in cancer research* by Breslow and Day (1987).

Population measures

Representative time period

Many measures in the Reports are expressed per person (that is, as a proportion of the population). This is to make it easier to compare performance across jurisdictions where the different population size can influence performance.

The Reports include performance data that covers a full 12 month period. Population data are available quarterly. As the population changes over time, an issue arises as to which population figure to use — that at the start of the period, at the end of the period, or some average level. Most indicators in the Reports use mid-point population data (using the mid-point — second quarter for calendar year or fourth quarter for financial year — as a proxy for the average population level). However, some of the the indicators in the Reports use data from the beginning of the reference period (identified in the data sources for relevant tables).

Average Annual Growth Rate (AAGR)

The AAGR is the uniform growth rate that would need to have applied each year for the value in the first year to grow to the value in the final year of the period of analysis. This method is also called a compound annual growth rate, as it allows for the 'cumulative' effect of growth in later periods 'compounding' growth in earlier periods. The formula for calculating a compound annual growth rate is in box A.1.

Box A.1 **AAGR formula**

The formula for calculating a compound annual growth rate (AAGR) is:

$$AAGR(t_0, t_n) = \left| \left(\frac{P_{(t_n)}}{P_{(t_0)}} \right) \left(\frac{1}{t_n - t_0} \right) - 1 \right| \times 100$$

where:

 $\mathbf{P}_{(\mathbf{t_0})}$ is the value in the initial period

 $\mathbf{P}_{(t-)}$ is the value in the last period

 $t_n - t_0$ is the number of periods.

Age standardisation of data

Until recently, the ABS and the AIHW have indicated that the standard population in Australia should be the Estimated Resident Population (Australia's official population estimate) for the years ending in '1' (e.g. 2001 and 2011) and that it should be updated every 10 years.

In March 2013, the ABS and AIHW have recommended that the standard population be revised every 25 years instead of every 10 years, which would reduce the frequency of revisions without reducing the effectiveness of age-standardised comparisons. This would also align the revision cycle with what demographers generally consider to be the timespan of a generation. The next revision is anticipated to be in 2026 (ABS 2013e).

Rationale for age standardisation of data

The age profile of Australians varies across jurisdictions, periods of time, geographic areas and/or population sub-groups (for example, between Indigenous and non-Indigenous populations). Variations in age profiles can affect the likelihood of using a particular service (such as a public hospital) or particular 'events' occurring (such as death, incidence of disease or incarceration). Age standardisation adjusts for the effect of variations in age profiles when comparing service usage, or rates of particular events, across different populations.

While age standardised data are useful for making comparisons across populations, crude (non-adjusted) data are used when reporting on the current situation for a specific population, to reflect the actual levels or service usage or rates of events.

Calculating age-standardised rates and principles

The ABS and AIHW have agreed to a set of principles for undertaking age-standardisation when reporting Indigenous data. All data in the Reports are age-standardised using the direct method employing the principals set out below. For further information on how the principles have been applied to the data reported, please see the Data Quality Statements for relevant indicators.

The direct method has four steps:

- 1. calculate the age-specific rate for each age group
- 2. multiply the age-specific rate by the corresponding standard population for each age group
- 3. sum across the age groups and divide this sum by the total of the standard population to give the age-standardised rate
- 4. convert this to a rate per 1000 or per 100 000 as appropriate.

Before undertaking age-standardisation, analysts must investigate the data being used to understand the age-specific distribution and any limitations that may impact on the results.

Principle 1: The standard population used will now be contingent on the frequency of the standardisation.

Principle 2: If the denominator is less than 30 in any one age group, then do not attempt to produce age-standardised rates.

— Age groups may be collapsed to obtain a denominator of 30 or more (provided that this is in accordance with principle 3 and 4).

Principle 3: If the total number of Indigenous deaths is less than 20, then do not attempt to produce age-standardised rates.

- Combining several years of data, or aggregating jurisdictions should be considered to obtain a total of 20 or more deaths.
- If this does not meet the purpose (i.e. data are required for time series or jurisdictional comparisons), or does not result in greater than 20 deaths in

total, then other measures and contextual information should be reported instead of age-standardised rates which could include total number of deaths, crude rates, age-specific rates, age-specific rate ratios and median age at death.

Principle 4: Age-standardised rates should be calculated using the five year age groupings of 0–4 to 75+ (provided Principles 2 and 3 for denominator and numerator are met).

— 10 year age groups may be used to overcome small numbers (20 year age groups are too wide and should not be used).

Principle 5: Additional contextual information (most importantly age-specific rates and ratios) should be provided in addition to age-standardised rates when:

- a) the age standardised rates and rate ratios lie largely outside the range of the age-specific rates and rate ratios
- b) the pattern of age specific rates of the Indigenous and non-Indigenous populations differ substantially (for example, deaths from a certain cause concentrate on younger ages for Indigenous population while for non-Indigenous they may occur at older ages)
- c) the age-specific death rates depart from the assumption of a uniform increase in death with age (for example, injury which peaks in the young adult to middle-ages and certain cancers amenable to treatment for some age groups)
- d) the condition of interest is largely confined to a specific age range (for example, STIs, and women who give birth). In such instances, age-standardisation could be restricted to include the age groups within this age range only.

Principle 6: For conditions restricted to a specific age group (for example, conditions originating in the perinatal period and SIDS), it is recommended to report the age-specific rate for the age group of interest instead of the age-standardised rate.

Notes regarding the application of these principles:

1. Analysts should apply these principles keeping in mind that a consistent time series will need to be maintained and valid comparisons ensured. The guidelines should not result in a widely different methodology being used for data being compared across time or across jurisdictions. Analysts should make decisions

- regarding the application of these principles based on an assessment of the data from the outset of their analyses.
- 2. These principles may need to be reviewed at some point in the future in order to take into account any changes in Indigenous mortality and Indigenous population estimates. A sensible time for such a review would be to coincide with a change of standard population (that is, every 10 years).

Principles for calculating the top diagnoses and causes for hospital and mortality data

Causes or diagnoses are listed from highest to lowest Indigenous crude numbers for the most recent aggregate-year combined period (depending on the indicator specifications). The top 5 or 6 causes or diagnoses need to be re-assessed each reporting period. If a change is identified, data may be backcast to the baseline year for the most recent set of top 5 or 6 causes or diagnoses to ensure a consistent time series.

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A.7 Acronyms and abbreviations

AAGR Average Annual Growth Rate

ABS Australian Bureau of Statistics

ACT Australian Capital Territory

ASGC Australian Standard Geographical Classification

ASGS Australian Statistical Geography Standard

Aust Australia

CI confidence interval

COAG Council of Australian Governments

ERP estimated resident population

IRSD Index of Relative Social Disadvantage

na not available
np not published

NSW New South Wales

NT Northern Territory

Old Oueensland

RSE relative standard error

SA South Australia

SA2 Statistical Area Level 2

SDAC Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers

SLA Statistical Local Area

SE standard error

SEIFA Socio-economic Indexes for Areas

SES socioeconomic status

Tas Tasmania
Vic Victoria

WA Western Australia

A.8 National Agreement performance reporting: Appendix

- attachment

Attachment contents

Population	

- Table AA.1 Estimated resident population by age and sex, 31 December 2012 ('000)
- Table AA.2 Estimated resident population by age at 31 December, 2007–2011 ('000)
- **Table AA.3** Population growth rates 2008–2012
- **Table AA.4** Estimated resident population by age and sex, 30 June 2012 ('000)
- **Table AA.5** Estimated resident population by age at 30 June, 2007–2011 ('000)
- **Table AA.6** Population growth rates 2007-08 to 2011-12
- **Table AA.7** Persons by language spoken at home, August 2011 ('000)
- **Table AA.8** Proportion of population with reported disability, by age and sex, 2012 (per cent)
- **Table AA.9** Persons with reported disability, people aged 0–64 years, 2012
- Table AA.10 Age standardised disability rates, 2012 (per cent)
- **Table AA.11** Estimated resident population by remoteness area, 30 June 2012
- Table AA.12 Estimated resident population by remoteness area, 30 June 2011
- **Table AA.13** Estimated resident Australian population, by Indigenous status, age and sex, 30 June 2011 ('000)
- **Table AA.14** Proportion of Indigenous people of the total population, by age and sex, 30 June 2011 (per cent)
- Table AA.15 Projected Indigenous Australian population, by age and sex 30 June 2013 (number)
- Table AA.16 Projected Indigenous Australian population, by age and sex 30 June 2012 (number)
- Table AA.17 Estimated resident population, by remoteness areas and Indigenous status, 2011
- Table AA.18 Language spoken at home by Indigenous people, 2011
- **Table AA.19** Families and persons in families in occupied private dwellings by Indigenous status and family/household composition, August 2011
- **Table AA.20** Occupied private dwellings by tenure type and landlord type, by Indigenous status of households, August 2011

Socioeconomic status

- Table AA.21 Proportion of the total population living in areas of relative disadvantage, 2007–2012 (per cent)
- **Table AA.22** Proportion of the population living in areas of relative disadvantage, by age, by year (per cent)
- Table AA.23 Population by SEIFA guintiles, 2011
- **Table AA.24** Index of Relative Socio-economic Disadvantage, by jurisdictional area quintiles, 2011 (SEIFA score)
- Table AA.25 Weekly equivalised gross household income decile, by Indigenous status of household, 2011
- Table AA.26 Weekly equivalised gross household income decile, by Indigenous status of household, 2006
- **Table AA.27** Number of people receiving ABSTUDY, Austudy or Youth allowance income support payments, by Indigenous status, 2007–2013 ('000)
- **Table AA.28** People aged 20 years or over, by highest year of school completed and Indigenous status, 2012-13 ('000)
- Table AA.29 Level of highest education, persons aged 20–64 years, 2012
- Table AA.30 Level of highest education, persons aged 20–64 years, 2011
- **Table AA.31** Level of highest educational attainment, persons aged 20–64 years, by Indigenous status, 2012-13 ('000)

General economic

- **Table AA.32** Unemployment rate (original) of labour force participants aged 15 years or over by sex, by year, June 2001-2013 (per cent)
- **Table AA.33** Labour force participation rate (original) of the civilian population aged 15 years or over by sex, by year, June 2001-2013 (per cent)

Population

Table AA.1 Estimated resident population by age and sex, 31 December 2012 ('000) (a), (b)

	(a), (b)								
	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
Males									
0-4 years	244.6	187.0	160.3	84.6	51.0	16.3	13.3	9.7	766.8
0 years	48.8	39.0	32.1	17.3	10.5	3.1	2.8	2.0	155.7
1 year	48.3	37.3	31.6	16.9	10.2	3.2	2.7	2.0	152.3
2 years	49.3	37.0	31.8	16.8	10.0	3.2	2.6	1.9	152.6
3 years	49.3	37.0	32.4	16.8	10.2	3.3	2.6	1.9	153.5
4 years	48.9	36.8	32.5	16.7	10.1	3.3	2.6	1.9	152.7
5-9 years	236.9	176.9	157.2	80.2	49.6	16.2	11.8	9.1	738.1
5 years	48.6	36.5	32.2	16.7	10.0	3.3	2.4	1.9	151.7
6 years	48.3	36.2	32.1	16.4	10.0	3.3	2.4	1.9	150.7
7 years	47.6	35.4	31.8	16.0	9.9	3.3	2.4	1.8	148.4
8 years	46.5	34.6	30.9	15.7	9.9	3.2	2.3	1.8	144.9
9 years	45.9	34.2	30.2	15.4	9.8	3.1	2.2	1.8	142.5
10-14 years	229.0	169.7	152.6	77.2	49.9	16.6	10.8	8.7	714.5
10 years	45.5	33.7	30.1	15.1	9.7	3.2	2.2	1.7	141.3
11 years	45.6	33.7	30.6	15.2	9.8	3.3	2.1	1.8	142.2
12 years	46.0	33.9	30.7	15.4	10.0	3.3	2.2	1.8	143.3
13 years	45.9	34.0	30.5	15.7	10.2	3.4	2.2	1.7	143.6
14 years	45.9	34.4	30.6	15.8	10.2	3.4	2.2	1.7	144.1
15–19 years	238.4	182.2	156.9	81.2	53.6	17.6	12.3	8.7	750.9
15 years	46.4	35.0	30.7	15.7	10.2	3.4	2.2	1.7	145.4
16 years	47.0	35.5	30.9	16.0	10.5	3.5	2.2	1.7	147.3
17 years	47.7	36.2	31.5	16.3	10.9	3.6	2.4	1.8	150.3
18 years	48.4	37.4	31.8	16.5	11.0	3.6	2.6	1.8	153.0
19 years	48.9	38.2	31.9	16.7	11.1	3.5	2.9	1.8	154.9
20-24 years	256.4	209.4	167.0	94.9	58.8	16.4	17.2	10.5	830.8
25–29 years	264.4	220.0	169.6	106.7	58.4	15.1	17.2	11.8	863.5
30-34 years	258.7	207.1	158.5	95.2	53.4	14.3	15.6	10.6	813.7
35-39 years	247.0	194.4	155.0	87.1	51.8	14.7	14.0	9.3	773.5
40-44 years	255.9	203.8	166.1	93.4	58.2	17.3	13.8	9.4	818.2
45-49 years	240.1	186.5	152.6	85.4	56.4	16.9	12.2	8.3	758.4
50-54 years	245.7	184.5	152.0	82.4	57.3	18.7	12.0	8.0	760.7
55–59 years	221.7	165.2	135.1	72.9	52.3	17.6	10.3	6.9	682.0
60-64 years	198.6	146.4	123.8	63.6	47.9	16.7	9.0	5.6	611.6
65-69 years	173.2	125.9	106.3	51.5	41.3	14.5	7.2	3.7	523.7
70-74 years	125.7	92.9	75.0	36.3	29.9	10.5	4.8	2.2	377.4
75–79 years	92.5	68.8	51.0	25.3	22.6	7.2	3.3	1.1	271.8
80-84 years	66.3	49.5	34.6	17.3	16.7	5.0	2.2	0.6	192.3
85 or over	53.5	40.3	27.0	13.3	14.2	3.9	1.8	0.3	154.2
Total (no.)	3 648.5	2 810.5	2 300.5	1 248.3	823.4	255.5	188.9	124.5	11 402.2
Total (% of State total)	49.6	49.5	49.9	50.5	49.5	49.9	49.8	52.6	49.8
Females									
0-4 years	232.3	177.1	151.8	80.5	48.5	15.2	12.3	9.0	726.8

Table AA.1 Estimated resident population by age and sex, 31 December 2012 ('000) (a), (b)

	(a), (b)								
	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
0 years	46.5	36.9	30.1	16.4	9.8	3.0	2.5	1.9	147.1
1 year	45.8	35.3	30.1	16.2	9.7	3.0	2.5	1.8	144.4
2 years	46.6	34.9	30.3	16.1	9.6	3.0	2.5	1.8	144.7
3 years	46.8	35.2	30.6	15.9	9.7	3.1	2.5	1.8	145.5
4 years	46.5	34.9	30.6	16.0	9.7	3.1	2.3	1.8	145.0
5-9 years	223.1	167.9	148.4	77.0	47.4	15.0	11.1	8.6	698.7
5 years	46.0	34.7	30.2	16.0	9.7	3.1	2.3	1.7	143.7
6 years	45.5	34.4	30.2	15.8	9.6	3.1	2.3	1.7	142.7
7 years	44.7	33.6	30.0	15.5	9.5	3.0	2.3	1.7	140.3
8 years	43.6	32.8	29.3	15.0	9.3	2.9	2.2	1.7	136.8
9 years	43.3	32.4	28.7	14.8	9.3	2.9	2.1	1.7	135.2
10-14 years	216.6	161.7	145.0	74.7	47.7	15.6	10.5	8.1	680.0
10 years	43.0	32.1	28.6	14.7	9.3	3.0	2.1	1.7	134.6
11 years	43.1	32.1	29.1	14.8	9.3	3.1	2.1	1.7	135.2
12 years	43.5	32.4	29.1	15.0	9.5	3.1	2.1	1.7	136.4
13 years	43.6	32.7	29.0	15.1	9.7	3.2	2.1	1.6	136.9
14 years	43.4	32.4	29.2	15.1	9.8	3.2	2.1	1.5	136.9
15-19 years	224.9	173.0	149.7	76.9	51.1	16.1	11.7	7.5	710.9
15 years	43.8	32.8	29.5	15.0	9.9	3.2	2.1	1.5	137.9
16 years	44.3	33.6	29.6	15.1	10.1	3.3	2.2	1.5	139.6
17 years	45.0	34.5	29.9	15.3	10.2	3.3	2.2	1.5	142.0
18 years	45.7	35.6	30.2	15.6	10.3	3.2	2.4	1.5	144.5
19 years	46.1	36.6	30.5	15.9	10.6	3.1	2.7	1.5	146.9
20-24 years	247.2	202.5	164.3	88.8	55.9	15.3	16.2	8.7	799.0
25-29 years	263.4	217.3	166.9	97.1	56.2	14.9	16.8	10.7	843.4
30-34 years	259.7	207.2	158.3	89.4	52.5	14.7	15.5	9.8	807.3
35-39 years	250.6	197.1	157.3	84.3	51.6	15.2	13.9	8.8	778.9
40-44 years	262.9	210.4	169.3	90.1	58.1	17.8	14.0	8.8	831.5
45-49 years	244.8	192.5	155.7	83.3	56.7	17.5	12.7	7.6	770.9
50-54 years	250.9	190.2	155.7	82.0	58.6	19.1	12.5	7.4	776.4
55-59 years	226.6	171.5	137.2	73.1	54.1	17.9	10.8	6.3	697.5
60-64 years	201.5	153.0	123.0	63.2	49.8	16.4	9.6	4.5	621.1
65–69 years	175.0	131.3	105.2	50.7	43.5	14.3	7.6	2.9	530.5
70-74 years	131.1	98.4	75.0	37.5	32.3	10.4	5.1	1.7	391.6
75-79 years	105.3	79.5	55.6	28.9	26.2	8.1	3.9	1.0	308.5
80-84 years	86.8	65.4	44.2	22.7	22.2	6.4	3.0	0.6	251.4
85 or over	97.8	72.8	47.8	24.3	26.4	6.9	3.4	0.5	279.9
Total (no.)	3 700.4	2 869.1	2 310.5	1 224.4	838.8	256.9	190.6	112.3	11 504.2
Total (% of State total)	50.4	50.5	50.1	49.5	50.5	50.1	50.2	47.4	50.2
Persons									
0-4 years	476.8	364.1	312.0	165.1	99.5	31.5	25.6	18.7	1 493.5
0 years	95.4	75.9	62.3	33.6	20.2	6.2	5.3	3.9	302.8
1 year	94.2	72.6	61.7	33.1	19.9	6.3	5.1	3.8	296.6

Table AA.1 Estimated resident population by age and sex, 31 December 2012 ('000) (a), (b)

	<u>a), (b)</u>								
	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
2 years	95.8	71.9	62.1	32.9	19.6	6.2	5.1	3.7	297.4
3 years	96.1	72.1	63.0	32.8	19.9	6.4	5.1	3.7	299.0
4 years	95.4	71.6	63.1	32.7	19.9	6.5	4.9	3.7	297.7
5–9 years	460.0	344.8	305.6	157.2	97.1	31.3	22.9	17.7	1 436.7
5 years	94.6	71.2	62.4	32.7	19.8	6.4	4.7	3.6	295.4
6 years	93.9	70.6	62.3	32.3	19.6	6.4	4.7	3.6	293.3
7 years	92.3	69.1	61.8	31.5	19.4	6.3	4.6	3.6	288.7
8 years	90.1	67.5	60.2	30.6	19.2	6.1	4.4	3.5	281.6
9 years	89.1	66.6	58.9	30.2	19.1	6.0	4.3	3.4	277.7
10-14 years	445.6	331.4	297.5	151.9	97.6	32.2	21.3	16.8	1 394.5
10 years	88.5	65.9	58.8	29.8	19.0	6.2	4.2	3.4	275.9
11 years	88.7	65.9	59.7	30.0	19.1	6.3	4.2	3.5	277.4
12 years	89.6	66.3	59.8	30.4	19.5	6.5	4.3	3.4	279.8
13 years	89.5	66.6	59.5	30.8	19.9	6.6	4.3	3.2	280.5
14 years	89.3	66.8	59.8	30.9	20.0	6.6	4.3	3.2	281.0
15–19 years	463.3	355.2	306.6	158.0	104.7	33.6	24.0	16.2	1 461.8
15 years	90.2	67.8	60.2	30.8	20.1	6.6	4.3	3.2	283.3
16 years	91.3	69.0	60.6	31.1	20.5	6.8	4.4	3.2	286.9
17 years	92.7	70.7	61.5	31.6	21.1	6.9	4.6	3.3	292.3
18 years	94.1	72.9	62.0	32.0	21.3	6.8	5.0	3.3	297.6
19 years	95.0	74.8	62.3	32.6	21.6	6.6	5.6	3.3	301.8
20-24 years	503.5	411.9	331.3	183.7	114.7	31.7	33.5	19.2	1 629.8
25–29 years	527.8	437.3	336.5	203.7	114.6	30.0	34.1	22.4	1 706.9
30-34 years	518.5	414.4	316.8	184.6	105.8	29.0	31.1	20.4	1 621.0
35-39 years	497.6	391.6	312.4	171.4	103.5	29.9	27.8	18.1	1 552.5
40-44 years	518.8	414.2	335.4	183.5	116.3	35.1	27.8	18.2	1 649.7
45-49 years	484.9	379.0	308.3	168.7	113.0	34.3	24.9	15.9	1 529.3
50-54 years	496.6	374.7	307.6	164.3	115.9	37.8	24.5	15.4	1 537.0
55-59 years	448.2	336.7	272.3	145.9	106.4	35.5	21.2	13.1	1 379.6
60-64 years	400.1	299.4	246.8	126.8	97.7	33.1	18.6	10.1	1 232.8
65-69 years	348.2	257.3	211.5	102.2	84.8	28.7	14.8	6.6	1 054.2
70-74 years	256.8	191.3	150.1	73.8	62.2	21.0	9.9	3.9	769.0
75–79 years	197.8	148.3	106.6	54.2	48.8	15.4	7.1	2.0	580.3
80-84 years	153.1	114.9	78.8	40.0	38.9	11.4	5.2	1.2	443.7
85 or over	151.2	113.1	74.8	37.6	40.6	10.8	5.3	0.7	434.1
Total (no.)	7 348.9	5 679.6	4 610.9	2 472.7	1 662.2	512.4	379.6	236.9	22 906.4
Total (% of Australian pop.)	32.1	24.8	20.1	10.8	7.3	2.2	1.7	1.0	100.0
AAGR, 2007 to 2012 (d) (%)	1.3	1.8	2.1	3.0	1.0	0.7	2.0	1.8	1.7

⁽a) Totals may not add as a result of rounding.

⁽b) These data have been benchmarked to the 2011 Census of Population and Housing and are the preliminary ERP for this period.

⁽c) Includes other territories.

Table AA.1 Estimated resident population by age and sex, 31 December 2012 ('000)
(a), (b)

NSW Vic Qld WA SA Tas ACT NT Aust (c)

Source: ABS (unpublished) Australian Demographic Statistics; ABS (2013) Australian Demographic Statistics, Cat. no. 3101.0.

⁽d) Average annual growth rate (AAGR) over 5 years (December 2007–December 2012) using figures from tables AA.1 and AA.2. See section A.4 in the Report for details on the estimation method.

Table AA.2 Estimated resident population by age at 31 December, 2007–2011 ('000) (a), (b)

(a)), (b)								
	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
2007									
0-4 years	448.8	327.8	280.4	139.2	92.3	31.3	22.0	18.0	1 360.0
5-9 years	435.5	318.0	275.6	137.4	94.1	31.5	20.5	17.2	1 330.1
10-14 years	447.3	331.7	287.0	144.0	100.1	33.8	21.4	16.6	1 382.0
15–19 years	461.4	351.4	289.0	150.2	105.4	34.0	25.1	16.1	1 432.7
20-24 years	476.2	379.3	297.2	156.6	109.1	31.3	30.4	18.0	1 498.3
25–29 years	481.3	369.6	286.5	148.7	99.4	28.0	28.9	18.8	1 461.5
30-34 years	481.6	367.3	286.7	147.4	99.1	28.8	26.4	18.1	1 455.5
35-39 years	507.5	397.5	312.2	163.2	112.1	33.9	26.8	18.2	1 571.5
40-44 years	484.9	373.6	297.0	157.9	112.4	33.9	24.6	16.2	1 500.8
45-49 years	497.4	372.7	300.8	157.9	116.4	37.5	24.9	15.7	1 523.4
50-54 years	451.3	338.0	271.1	144.2	108.2	35.2	22.6	13.9	1 384.7
55-59 years	409.2	305.7	250.8	129.3	100.8	33.2	20.6	11.4	1 261.2
60-64 years	357.7	263.9	217.3	105.8	88.0	29.5	16.2	7.9	1 086.3
65-69 years	270.8	201.3	158.8	78.4	66.2	22.2	10.9	4.8	813.5
70-74 years	221.1	164.5	119.6	60.5	54.7	17.5	8.0	2.6	648.6
75-79 years	188.7	140.5	97.6	49.1	48.4	14.4	6.3	1.6	546.6
80-84 years	144.0	107.7	72.0	35.6	39.0	10.9	4.9	0.9	415.0
85 or over	119.3	88.9	60.3	29.5	32.8	9.0	3.9	0.6	344.3
Total (no.)	6 883.9	5 199.5	4 160.0	2 135.0	1 578.5	495.9	344.2	216.6	21 016.1
Total (% of	32.8	24.7	19.8	10.2	7.5	2.4	1.6	1.0	100.0
Australian pop.)	02.0		10.0						10010
2008									
0–4 years	461.2	337.7	293.6	146.3	94.5	32.2	22.7	18.3	1 406.7
5–9 years	436.9	320.4	279.9	140.0	93.7	31.2	20.7	17.4	1 340.4
10–14 years	446.2	331.4	289.6	146.0	99.8	33.6	21.3	16.6	1 384.7
15–19 years	465.6	356.8	296.9	153.1	106.3	34.1	25.6	16.5	1 455.1
20–24 years	489.8	396.3	307.8	165.5	111.3	31.8	31.0	18.6	1 552.5
25–29 years	501.5	389.7	304.0	161.0	104.1	28.8	30.2	20.1	1 539.7
30-34 years	482.6	371.2	289.4	152.7	98.7	28.5	26.8	18.4	1 468.6
35–39 years	515.4	402.2	321.0	167.9	111.8	33.8	27.5	18.6	1 598.4
40-44 years	481.0	377.1	300.2	161.0	111.9	33.7	24.7	16.4	1 506.3
45–49 years	503.2	377.8	307.8	162.3	117.0	37.7	25.0	16.0	1 547.0
50-54 years	460.5	345.1	277.9	148.2	109.5	35.8	22.8	14.2	1 414.1
55–59 years	414.5	309.7	254.1	131.9	101.6	33.7	20.6	11.9	1 278.1
60-64 years	373.7	276.6	228.0	111.9	91.7	30.7	17.1	8.4	1 138.3
65–69 years	282.1	208.5	166.7	81.4	68.3	23.2	11.3	5.1	846.7
70–74 years	227.4	169.0	124.5	62.9	56.0	18.0	8.4	2.8	669.1
75–79 years	188.3	140.9	97.8	49.4	47.8	14.6	6.3	1.6	546.7
80-84 years	147.0	110.0	73.8	36.6	39.5	11.0	5.0	1.0	423.8
85 or over	124.8	93.0	62.7	30.7	34.1	9.3	4.1	0.6	359.4
Total (no.)	7 001.8	5 313.3	4 275.6	2 208.9	1 597.9	501.8	351.1	222.5	21 475.6
Total (% of Australian pop.)	32.6	24.7	19.9	10.3	7.4	2.3	1.6	1.0	100.0

Table AA.2 Estimated resident population by age at 31 December, 2007–2011 ('000) (a). (b)

(a), (b)										
	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)	
2009										
0-4 years	470.5	346.3	301.3	151.2	96.5	32.5	23.4	18.6	1 440.5	
5-9 years	439.3	323.6	284.6	141.8	93.7	31.0	21.0	17.6	1 352.7	
10-14 years	445.7	330.8	291.0	147.1	99.5	33.4	21.2	16.5	1 385.4	
15-19 years	465.4	358.7	301.3	153.8	106.5	34.2	25.6	16.6	1 462.2	
20-24 years	499.2	410.2	315.8	171.5	114.1	32.3	31.9	19.3	1 594.6	
25-29 years	515.6	409.0	317.5	170.5	108.9	29.8	31.4	21.3	1 604.3	
30-34 years	486.6	377.6	292.7	156.6	99.7	28.3	27.4	18.6	1 487.8	
35-39 years	517.5	402.8	323.2	168.9	110.6	33.3	27.7	18.7	1 602.8	
40-44 years	482.9	383.9	305.1	164.3	112.3	33.8	25.1	16.9	1 524.6	
45-49 years	504.1	379.9	310.8	164.4	116.8	37.3	24.9	16.1	1 554.5	
50-54 years	469.7	353.0	284.9	151.9	111.3	36.5	23.2	14.6	1 445.3	
55-59 years	421.0	314.9	257.4	134.5	102.4	34.1	20.7	12.3	1 297.5	
60-64 years	384.5	285.9	235.7	116.9	94.6	31.6	17.9	8.9	1 176.2	
65-69 years	295.4	217.3	176.2	85.2	71.1	24.3	12.0	5.4	887.0	
70-74 years	234.5	174.2	130.3	65.5	57.6	18.6	8.7	3.0	692.5	
75-79 years	188.3	141.2	98.5	50.0	47.4	14.7	6.4	1.7	548.2	
80-84 years	149.7	112.3	75.5	37.6	39.9	11.2	5.0	1.0	432.3	
85 or over	131.4	97.6	65.6	32.2	35.7	9.7	4.4	0.6	377.2	
Total (no.)	7 101.5	5 419.2	4 367.5	2 263.7	1 618.6	506.5	357.9	227.8	21 865.6	
Total (% of	32.5	24.8	20.0	10.4	7.4	2.3	1.6	1.0	100.0	
Australian pop.)	32.3	24.0	20.0	10.4	7.4	2.5	1.0	1.0	100.0	
2010										
0–4 years	473.7	350.9	303.3	154.4	97.3	32.1	23.9	18.5	1 454.2	
5-9 years	444.5	328.7	290.1	145.1	94.3	31.0	21.4	17.6	1 372.9	
10-14 years	445.5	330.2	292.3	148.1	98.7	33.1	21.1	16.4	1 385.7	
15-19 years	462.0	355.6	302.3	154.0	105.9	34.0	25.3	16.3	1 455.6	
20-24 years	499.0	411.0	319.2	174.7	114.6	32.4	33.1	19.6	1 603.9	
25-29 years	521.1	419.6	323.7	179.4	111.6	30.4	32.4	21.8	1 640.4	
30-34 years	493.6	386.1	297.4	162.2	101.0	28.5	28.3	18.9	1 516.3	
35-39 years	513.2	398.4	319.9	168.9	108.1	32.4	27.7	18.5	1 587.4	
40-44 years	492.2	393.9	314.0	169.8	113.5	34.4	25.9	17.3	1 561.3	
45-49 years	499.3	379.9	310.2	165.7	115.6	36.4	24.9	16.1	1 548.2	
50-54 years	479.9	360.2	292.1	155.8	113.1	37.3	23.6	14.8	1 477.0	
55-59 years	429.1	321.7	261.6	138.3	103.4	34.7	20.7	12.5	1 322.2	
60-64 years	394.6	294.0	242.3	121.9	97.1	32.6	18.4	9.5	1 210.6	
65-69 years	309.9	227.4	186.2	89.2	74.8	25.5	12.7	5.7	931.4	
70-74 years	241.8	179.3	136.3	67.9	59.0	19.4	9.1	3.3	716.2	
75-79 years	190.1	142.2	100.2	51.1	47.2	14.8	6.6	1.8	554.0	
80-84 years	152.4	114.4	77.1	38.8	39.9	11.3	5.1	1.1	440.0	
85 or over	138.1	102.2	68.6	33.8	37.3	10.1	4.7	0.6	395.2	
Total (no.)	7 179.9	5 495.7	4 436.9	2 319.1	1 632.5	510.2	364.8	230.3	22 172.5	
Total (% of	32.4	24.8	20.0	10.5	7.4	2.3	1.6	1.0	100.0	
Australian pop.)	VAT	1.0	20.0	. 0.0		2.0		1.0		

Table AA.2 Estimated resident population by age at 31 December, 2007–2011 ('000) (a), (b)

(a ₂	(a), (b)										
	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)		
2011											
0-4 years	473.8	354.1	307.1	158.8	98.1	31.8	24.4	18.5	1 466.8		
5-9 years	451.9	336.6	297.3	150.6	95.6	31.1	22.1	17.6	1 403.0		
10-14 years	445.3	330.3	295.2	149.9	98.0	32.8	21.1	16.6	1 389.4		
15-19 years	461.5	354.5	303.8	155.3	105.3	33.7	24.5	16.1	1 455.0		
20-24 years	499.9	410.8	324.0	178.9	114.7	32.1	33.4	19.3	1 613.4		
25-29 years	524.2	428.6	329.5	190.9	113.3	30.4	33.2	22.1	1 672.6		
30-34 years	504.9	399.0	305.6	171.6	103.0	28.8	29.5	19.5	1 562.1		
35-39 years	504.2	393.4	315.3	169.0	105.2	31.1	27.6	18.1	1 564.1		
40-44 years	506.8	406.1	325.6	177.1	115.6	35.0	26.8	17.8	1 611.0		
45-49 years	491.8	378.8	308.7	166.8	114.1	35.3	24.7	16.0	1 536.4		
50-54 years	489.4	367.7	300.2	159.9	114.8	37.8	24.0	15.1	1 509.0		
55-59 years	438.6	329.4	266.8	142.3	104.8	35.2	20.9	12.8	1 350.9		
60-64 years	398.5	297.4	245.3	125.0	97.7	33.0	18.5	9.8	1 225.3		
65-69 years	328.3	241.3	198.4	95.0	79.7	27.1	13.6	6.0	989.5		
70-74 years	248.9	185.2	143.0	70.8	60.4	20.2	9.5	3.6	741.8		
75-79 years	193.3	144.7	103.0	52.4	47.8	15.0	6.8	1.9	564.8		
80-84 years	153.4	115.0	78.3	39.6	39.6	11.4	5.2	1.2	443.7		
85 or over	143.8	107.3	71.6	35.6	39.0	10.5	4.9	0.7	413.3		
Total (no.)	7 258.5	5 580.1	4 518.5	2 389.7	1 646.6	512.0	371.0	232.7	22 512.1		
Total (% of Australian pop.)	32.2	24.8	20.1	10.6	7.3	2.3	1.6	1.0	100.0		

⁽a) Totals may not add as a result of rounding.

Source: ABS (unpublished) Australian Demographic Statistics, Cat. no. 3101.0.

⁽b) 2007 to 2010 data have been revised to the final rebased population estimates whilst 2011 as at December is preliminary data. Both sets of data are based on 2011 Census of Population and Housing.

⁽c) Includes other territories.

Table AA.3 Population growth rates 2008–2012 (a), (b)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
Estimated resident popul	ation									
31 December 2007	'000	6 883.9	5 199.5	4 160.0	2 135.0	1 578.5	495.9	344.2	216.6	21 016.1
31 December 2008	'000	7 001.8	5 313.3	4 275.6	2 208.9	1 597.9	501.8	351.1	222.5	21 475.6
31 December 2009	'000	7 101.5	5 419.2	4 367.5	2 263.7	1 618.6	506.5	357.9	227.8	21 865.6
31 December 2010	'000	7 179.9	5 495.7	4 436.9	2 319.1	1 632.5	510.2	364.8	230.3	22 172.5
31 December 2011	'000	7 258.5	5 580.1	4 518.5	2 389.7	1 646.6	512.0	371.0	232.7	22 512.1
31 December 2012	'000	7 348.9	5 679.6	4 610.9	2 472.7	1 662.2	512.4	379.6	236.9	22 906.4
Annual population growth	n rates (d)									
2007–08	%	1.7	2.2	2.8	3.5	1.2	1.2	2.0	2.7	2.2
2008–09	%	1.4	2.0	2.1	2.5	1.3	0.9	1.9	2.4	1.8
2009–10	%	1.1	1.4	1.6	2.4	0.9	0.7	1.9	1.1	1.4
2010–11	%	1.1	1.5	1.8	3.0	0.9	0.4	1.7	1.0	1.5
2011–12	%	1.2	1.8	2.0	3.5	0.9	0.1	2.3	1.8	1.8

⁽a) Data are based on usual place of residence. Totals may not add as a result of rounding.

Source: ABS (unpublished) Australian Demographic Statistics, Cat. no. 3101.0.

⁽b) Data are sourced from tables AA.1 and AA.2 and use final rebased ERP to 2010 and preliminary ERP from 2011, based on the 2011 Census.

⁽c) Includes other territories.

⁽d) Growth rates are from 31 December in one year to 31 December in the following year (for example, 31 December 2008 to 31 December 2009).

Table AA.4 Estimated resident population by age and sex, 30 June 2012 ('000) (a), (b)

	(a), (b)								
	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
Males									
0-4 years	243.5	184.3	158.8	83.0	50.8	16.5	13.0	9.7	759.6
0 years	47.7	37.8	31.6	17.0	10.5	3.3	2.7	2.1	152.6
1 year	48.7	36.5	31.0	16.3	9.9	3.2	2.6	1.9	150.2
2 years	49.5	37.0	31.9	16.7	10.2	3.3	2.6	2.0	153.1
3 years	48.9	36.6	32.2	16.5	10.1	3.3	2.6	1.9	152.1
4 years	48.6	36.5	32.1	16.5	10.1	3.4	2.5	1.9	151.5
5-9 years	234.8	174.8	154.9	78.5	49.3	16.1	11.6	9.1	729.0
5 years	48.2	36.1	31.8	16.4	9.9	3.3	2.4	1.9	150.0
6 years	48.1	36.0	32.0	16.1	10.1	3.3	2.5	1.9	149.9
7 years	46.9	34.7	31.2	15.6	9.7	3.3	2.3	1.8	145.5
8 years	45.9	34.3	30.2	15.5	9.9	3.1	2.2	1.7	142.9
9 years	45.6	33.7	29.7	14.9	9.6	3.1	2.2	1.8	140.8
10-14 years	228.6	169.3	151.9	76.9	50.0	16.8	10.7	8.7	713.0
10 years	45.1	33.4	30.2	14.9	9.8	3.2	2.1	1.7	140.5
11 years	46.0	33.8	30.6	15.3	9.8	3.3	2.1	1.8	142.8
12 years	45.9	33.7	30.4	15.3	10.1	3.4	2.2	1.7	142.7
13 years	45.8	34.1	30.2	15.8	10.2	3.4	2.2	1.7	143.3
14 years	45.8	34.4	30.6	15.5	10.1	3.4	2.2	1.8	143.8
15–19 years	238.1	181.9	156.2	80.5	53.8	17.6	12.4	8.6	749.3
15 years	46.7	35.0	30.5	15.7	10.3	3.5	2.2	1.7	145.5
16 years	46.7	35.3	31.0	16.0	10.6	3.5	2.2	1.7	147.0
17 years	47.9	36.4	31.6	16.1	11.0	3.7	2.4	1.8	151.0
18 years	48.0	37.3	31.5	16.2	10.8	3.6	2.5	1.7	151.6
19 years	48.8	37.9	31.6	16.5	11.2	3.4	3.0	1.7	154.1
20-24 years	255.3	209.8	165.8	94.0	59.0	16.4	17.2	10.5	828.2
25–29 years	263.5	218.5	168.4	103.7	58.3	15.2	17.1	11.7	856.9
30-34 years	254.9	203.0	155.3	91.5	52.6	14.2	15.2	10.3	797.3
35-39 years	247.8	194.0	155.7	86.1	52.2	14.9	13.8	9.3	773.9
40-44 years	253.6	202.4	164.1	92.1	58.4	17.4	13.6	9.3	810.9
45-49 years	241.5	185.9	152.4	84.8	56.6	17.0	12.1	8.3	758.8
50-54 years	244.2	182.8	150.4	81.3	57.1	18.8	11.9	8.0	754.6
55-59 years	219.6	163.5	134.0	71.9	51.9	17.5	10.2	6.8	675.7
60-64 years	197.9	145.4	123.2	63.1	47.7	16.7	9.0	5.5	608.5
65-69 years	168.6	122.4	103.2	49.7	40.3	14.1	7.0	3.6	508.9
70-74 years	123.7	91.6	73.5	35.7	29.5	10.4	4.7	2.1	371.2
75-79 years	91.1	67.6	49.8	24.7	22.3	7.1	3.2	1.0	266.9
80-84 years	66.4	49.4	34.4	17.2	16.9	5.0	2.3	0.6	192.2
85 or over	51.7	38.7	26.2	12.9	13.8	3.8	1.8	0.3	149.1
Total (no.)	3 624.8	2 785.4	2 278.3	1 227.5	820.4	255.4	186.6	123.5	11 304.0
Total (% of State total)	49.6	49.5	49.9	50.5	49.5	49.9	49.8	52.5	49.8
Females									
0-4 years	231.1	174.8	150.7	79.2	48.5	15.3	12.1	9.0	720.7

Table AA.4 Estimated resident population by age and sex, 30 June 2012 ('000) (a), (b)

	(a), (b)								
	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
0 years	45.4	36.0	29.9	16.0	9.9	3.1	2.5	1.9	144.6
1 year	46.1	34.2	29.9	15.8	9.6	3.0	2.4	1.7	142.6
2 years	46.8	35.2	30.2	15.9	9.6	3.0	2.5	1.8	145.1
3 years	46.5	34.7	30.5	15.6	9.7	3.1	2.4	1.8	144.3
4 years	46.2	34.6	30.3	16.0	9.7	3.1	2.3	1.8	144.0
5-9 years	221.1	165.7	146.1	75.6	47.1	15.0	10.9	8.6	690.2
5 years	45.6	34.2	29.6	15.6	9.7	3.1	2.2	1.7	141.8
6 years	45.3	34.1	30.2	15.7	9.5	3.1	2.3	1.8	142.0
7 years	43.9	32.8	29.4	14.9	9.4	2.9	2.2	1.7	137.2
8 years	43.2	32.6	28.8	14.7	9.2	2.9	2.1	1.7	135.1
9 years	43.2	32.0	28.2	14.7	9.3	2.9	2.0	1.7	134.2
10-14 years	216.3	161.1	144.6	74.1	47.8	15.7	10.4	8.1	678.2
10 years	42.7	32.0	28.6	14.5	9.3	3.1	2.0	1.7	133.9
11 years	43.3	31.9	29.1	14.8	9.4	3.1	2.1	1.7	135.5
12 years	43.7	32.6	28.7	14.9	9.6	3.2	2.1	1.6	136.3
13 years	43.3	32.4	28.9	15.1	9.8	3.3	2.1	1.6	136.6
14 years	43.4	32.1	29.2	14.9	9.8	3.1	2.1	1.5	136.0
15–19 years	224.4	173.2	148.6	76.2	51.2	16.2	11.7	7.5	709.2
15 years	44.0	33.1	29.4	14.9	9.9	3.3	2.1	1.5	138.2
16 years	44.1	33.5	29.4	15.0	10.1	3.3	2.1	1.5	139.0
17 years	45.3	34.6	30.0	15.2	10.2	3.3	2.2	1.6	142.5
18 years	45.3	35.3	29.7	15.3	10.3	3.1	2.5	1.5	143.1
19 years	45.7	36.7	30.2	15.7	10.7	3.2	2.8	1.5	146.4
20-24 years	246.2	202.2	162.7	87.6	56.1	15.4	16.3	8.7	795.3
25-29 years	262.1	215.0	165.4	94.1	56.1	15.0	16.6	10.7	835.0
30-34 years	255.8	203.2	155.2	86.4	51.7	14.7	15.1	9.6	791.8
35-39 years	251.8	197.2	157.8	83.6	52.0	15.4	13.8	8.8	780.5
40-44 years	260.5	209.3	167.1	89.1	58.1	17.9	13.8	8.8	824.7
45-49 years	246.5	192.1	155.8	82.9	56.9	17.7	12.5	7.7	772.1
50-54 years	249.3	188.5	153.9	80.8	58.4	19.1	12.4	7.3	769.9
55-59 years	223.9	169.6	135.6	72.3	53.7	17.8	10.8	6.2	690.0
60-64 years	199.9	151.6	122.0	62.4	49.6	16.3	9.5	4.4	615.8
65-69 years	170.6	127.5	102.3	49.0	42.4	13.9	7.3	2.8	515.7
70-74 years	129.0	96.9	73.1	36.8	31.8	10.3	5.0	1.7	384.6
75-79 years	104.4	78.7	54.9	28.5	26.0	8.1	3.8	0.9	305.3
80-84 years	87.4	65.6	44.3	22.7	22.5	6.4	3.0	0.6	252.4
85 or over	96.1	71.4	46.9	23.8	26.1	6.8	3.3	0.4	274.9
Total (no.)	3 676.3	2 843.7	2 287.2	1 205.2	835.9	256.9	188.3	111.6	11 406.3
Total (% of State	50.4	50.5	50.1	49.5	50.5	50.1	50.2	47.5	50.2
total)	JU. T	30.3	30.1	70.0	50.5	30.1	30.2	-77.5	50.2
Persons									
0-4 years	474.6	359.1	309.5	162.2	99.2	31.7	25.0	18.8	1 480.3
0 years	93.1	73.8	61.5	33.0	20.3	6.3	5.1	4.0	297.2
1 year	94.8	70.6	60.9	32.2	19.4	6.2	5.0	3.7	292.9

Table AA.4 Estimated resident population by age and sex, 30 June 2012 ('000) (a), (b)

	(a), (b)								
	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
2 years	96.4	72.2	62.1	32.6	19.7	6.2	5.1	3.8	298.2
3 years	95.4	71.2	62.7	32.0	19.9	6.5	5.0	3.7	296.4
4 years	94.8	71.2	62.3	32.5	19.8	6.5	4.7	3.7	295.5
5–9 years	455.9	340.5	301.0	154.1	96.4	31.1	22.4	17.7	1 419.2
5 years	93.8	70.3	61.4	32.1	19.6	6.4	4.6	3.6	291.8
6 years	93.5	70.1	62.2	31.7	19.6	6.4	4.8	3.6	291.8
7 years	90.8	67.4	60.6	30.5	19.1	6.2	4.5	3.5	282.7
8 years	89.1	66.9	59.0	30.1	19.1	6.0	4.3	3.4	277.9
9 years	88.9	65.8	57.9	29.7	18.9	6.1	4.3	3.5	275.0
10-14 years	444.9	330.4	296.5	150.9	97.9	32.5	21.1	16.8	1 391.2
10 years	87.8	65.4	58.8	29.4	19.0	6.3	4.1	3.4	274.3
11 years	89.3	65.7	59.7	30.1	19.2	6.4	4.2	3.6	278.2
12 years	89.6	66.3	59.1	30.2	19.7	6.6	4.3	3.3	279.0
13 years	89.1	66.5	59.1	30.9	20.0	6.7	4.3	3.2	279.8
14 years	89.2	66.5	59.8	30.4	19.9	6.5	4.2	3.3	279.8
15–19 years	462.5	355.1	304.9	156.6	105.1	33.8	24.1	16.2	1 458.5
15 years	90.7	68.1	59.9	30.5	20.2	6.8	4.3	3.2	283.7
16 years	90.9	68.8	60.4	31.0	20.7	6.8	4.3	3.2	286.0
17 years	93.2	71.1	61.6	31.4	21.2	7.0	4.6	3.4	293.5
18 years	93.3	72.6	61.2	31.6	21.1	6.7	5.0	3.2	294.7
19 years	94.5	74.6	61.7	32.2	21.8	6.6	5.8	3.3	300.5
20-24 years	501.5	412.0	328.5	181.7	115.0	31.9	33.5	19.2	1 623.5
25–29 years	525.7	433.5	333.8	197.9	114.3	30.2	33.7	22.4	1 692.0
30-34 years	510.7	406.3	310.5	177.9	104.3	28.9	30.3	19.9	1 589.1
35-39 years	499.5	391.2	313.5	169.7	104.2	30.3	27.6	18.1	1 554.3
40-44 years	514.1	411.7	331.3	181.2	116.5	35.2	27.3	18.1	1 635.6
45-49 years	488.0	378.0	308.3	167.8	113.4	34.7	24.6	16.0	1 530.9
50-54 years	493.4	371.3	304.4	162.1	115.5	37.9	24.4	15.3	1 524.5
55-59 years	443.6	333.2	269.6	144.2	105.6	35.3	21.0	13.0	1 365.7
60-64 years	397.7	297.0	245.2	125.5	97.2	33.0	18.5	9.9	1 224.3
65-69 years	339.2	249.8	205.5	98.8	82.7	28.0	14.3	6.3	1 024.6
70-74 years	252.7	188.5	146.6	72.4	61.3	20.6	9.7	3.8	755.9
75–79 years	195.5	146.3	104.7	53.2	48.3	15.2	7.0	1.9	572.2
80-84 years	153.8	115.0	78.7	39.9	39.4	11.4	5.2	1.2	444.6
85 or over	147.8	110.1	73.1	36.6	39.9	10.6	5.1	0.7	424.0
Total (no.)	7 301.1	5 629.1	4 565.5	2 432.7	1 656.3	512.3	374.9	235.2	22 710.4
Total (% of	32.1	24.8	20.1	10.7	7.3	2.3	1.7	1.0	100.0
Australian pop.)	J2. I	24.0	20.1	10.7	1.3	2.3	1.7	1.0	100.0
AAGR, 2007 to 2012 (d) (%)	1.3	1.8	2.1	2.9	1.1	8.0	1.8	1.9	1.7

⁽a) Totals may not add as a result of rounding.

⁽b) These data are preliminary and have been benchmarked to the 2011 Census of Population and Housing.

⁽c) Includes other territories.

Table AA.4 Estimated resident population by age and sex, 30 June 2012 ('000) (a), (b)

NSW Vic Qld WA SA Tas ACT NT Aust (c)

Source: ABS (2013) Australian Demographic Statistics, Cat. no. 3101.0, Population by age and sex tables, Table 8.

⁽d) Average annual growth rate (AAGR) over 5 years (June 2007–2012) using figures from tables AA.4 and AA.5. See section AA.2 in the Report for details on the estimation method.

Table AA.5 Estimated resident population by age at 30 June, 2007–2011 ('000) (a), (b)

(b)								
	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
2007									
0-4 years	442.8	322.1	274.0	136.0	91.0	30.8	21.8	17.9	1 336.5
5-9 years	435.3	317.5	274.2	136.7	94.4	31.6	20.6	17.1	1 327.6
10-14 years	448.6	332.2	285.8	143.6	100.3	34.0	21.6	16.5	1 382.8
15-19 years	457.9	349.0	285.2	148.8	104.9	33.9	25.0	15.9	1 420.7
20-24 years	472.0	374.0	295.1	153.9	108.8	31.1	30.4	17.6	1 483.1
25-29 years	472.3	362.5	279.7	144.0	97.8	27.7	28.5	18.2	1 431.0
30-34 years	483.5	367.4	286.7	146.2	99.8	29.0	26.4	18.0	1 457.1
35-39 years	502.1	394.9	307.1	160.9	112.1	33.8	26.5	18.0	1 555.7
40-44 years	488.8	373.7	296.4	157.1	112.9	34.2	24.7	16.2	1 504.2
45-49 years	493.7	369.5	296.9	155.8	115.9	37.4	24.9	15.5	1 509.9
50-54 years	447.3	335.3	268.3	142.9	107.7	35.0	22.7	13.7	1 373.1
55-59 years	407.2	304.2	249.3	128.2	100.4	32.9	20.6	11.2	1 254.2
60-64 years	348.0	256.2	210.9	102.4	85.7	28.6	15.7	7.7	1 055.2
65-69 years	266.8	198.6	155.6	77.3	65.2	21.7	10.6	4.7	800.6
70-74 years	218.8	162.5	117.7	59.4	54.3	17.2	7.9	2.5	640.2
75–79 years	189.4	140.7	97.6	49.0	48.7	14.5	6.2	1.6	547.7
80-84 years	142.7	106.5	71.2	35.1	38.7	10.9	4.9	0.9	410.9
85 or over	116.8	86.9	59.3	28.9	32.1	8.9	3.7	0.6	337.1
Total (no.)	6 834.2	5 153.5	4 111.0	2 106.1	1 570.6	493.3	342.6	213.7	20 827.6
Total (% of	32.8	24.7	19.7	10.1	7.5	2.4	1.6	1.0	100.0
Australian pop.)	02.0		1011		110			110	100.0
2008									
0–4 years	454.3	332.6	287.5	143.0	93.4	31.7	22.3	18.2	1 383.1
5–9 years	436.1	319.1	277.3	138.6	94.0	31.4	20.6	17.4	1 334.7
10-14 years	446.8	331.4	288.6	144.8	99.8	33.6	21.3	16.6	1 383.1
15–19 years	464.9	355.0	293.4	152.0	106.2	34.1	25.5	16.3	1 447.6
20–24 years	482.8	388.3	302.8	161.2	110.3	31.5	30.8	18.4	1 526.4
25–29 years	491.4	379.2	295.3	154.6	101.6	28.3	29.6	19.6	1 500.0
30–34 years	480.5	368.7	287.4	149.5	98.7	28.5	26.7	18.2	1 458.3
35–39 years	513.0	400.8	317.7	166.1	112.2	34.0	27.2	18.4	1 589.6
40-44 years	481.5	374.1	297.9	159.1	112.0	33.7	24.7	16.3	1 499.4
45–49 years	500.9	376.0	304.9	160.4	116.9	37.5	25.0	15.9	1 537.8
50-54 years	455.7	340.9	274.1	146.1	108.7	35.4	22.7	14.0	1 397.8
55-59 years	411.2	307.2	252.5	130.5	101.2	33.3	20.6	11.7	1 268.6
60-64 years	367.7	271.6	223.7	109.2	90.1	30.3	16.7	8.2	1 117.6
65–69 years	275.3	204.2	162.2	79.5	67.1	22.6	11.1	4.9	827.2
70-74 years	224.1	166.5	121.7	61.6	55.3	17.7	8.2	2.8	657.9
75–79 years	188.6	140.7	97.8	49.3	48.1	14.5	6.3	1.6	546.9
80-84 years	146.0	109.2	73.1	36.2	39.3	11.0	4.9	0.9	420.6
85 or over	122.5	90.9	61.6	30.1	33.6	9.3	4.0	0.6	352.6
Total (no.)	6 943.5	5 256.4	4 219.5	2 171.7	1 588.7	498.6	348.4	219.9	21 249.2
Total (% of Australian pop.)	32.7	24.7	19.9	10.2	7.5	2.3	1.6	1.0	100.0

Table AA.5 Estimated resident population by age at 30 June, 2007–2011 ('000) (a), (b)

(b)								
	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
2009									
0-4 years	466.0	341.7	299.1	149.2	95.6	32.5	23.0	18.6	1 425.7
5-9 years	437.9	322.0	282.2	140.8	93.6	31.0	20.8	17.5	1 346.1
10-14 years	445.9	331.2	290.7	146.9	99.8	33.6	21.3	16.6	1 386.3
15-19 years	466.4	359.0	300.0	154.0	106.7	34.2	25.6	16.5	1 462.4
20-24 years	496.0	406.4	313.4	169.5	112.9	32.1	31.7	19.2	1 581.4
25-29 years	509.8	401.0	312.1	166.4	106.7	29.2	30.9	20.9	1 577.3
30-34 years	483.6	373.9	290.8	154.8	99.0	28.4	27.1	18.5	1 476.4
35-39 years	517.4	403.2	323.3	168.8	111.3	33.6	27.7	18.8	1 604.3
40-44 years	480.4	380.0	301.9	162.6	112.0	33.6	24.9	16.6	1 512.1
45-49 years	505.0	379.3	310.3	163.7	117.1	37.7	25.0	16.1	1 554.4
50-54 years	465.0	349.3	281.5	150.1	110.5	36.1	23.0	14.4	1 430.1
55-59 years	417.4	312.1	255.8	133.1	102.0	33.9	20.7	12.1	1 287.2
60-64 years	378.9	281.2	232.3	114.4	93.3	31.1	17.5	8.7	1 157.5
65-69 years	288.5	212.6	171.2	83.3	69.5	23.7	11.6	5.3	865.9
70-74 years	230.8	171.4	127.3	64.3	56.8	18.3	8.5	2.9	680.3
75–79 years	188.2	141.3	98.1	49.7	47.6	14.7	6.4	1.7	547.6
80-84 years	148.6	111.1	74.8	37.2	39.8	11.1	5.0	1.0	428.6
85 or over	128.1	95.2	64.1	31.5	34.9	9.5	4.2	0.6	368.2
Total (no.)	7 053.8	5 371.9	4 328.8	2 240.3	1 608.9	504.4	354.8	226.0	21 691.7
Total (% of	32.5	24.8	20.0	10.3	7.4	2.3	1.6	1.0	100.0
Australian pop.)	02.0	2-110	20.0	1010	•••	2.0	1.0	110	10010
2010									
0–4 years	474.2	349.6	304.2	153.5	97.3	32.5	23.8	18.8	1 454.0
5–9 years	441.1	325.3	287.1	143.1	93.8	30.9	21.1	17.6	1 360.2
10-14 years	445.5	330.1	291.2	147.6	99.2	33.3	21.0	16.4	1 384.5
15–19 years	463.7	357.4	302.1	154.0	106.4	34.2	25.5	16.5	1 460.0
20-24 years	500.3	413.0	318.5	173.3	115.0	32.4	32.7	19.6	1 605.1
25-29 years	519.7	415.9	321.7	174.9	110.7	30.2	32.1	21.8	1 627.3
30–34 years	488.9	380.9	294.3	158.8	100.3	28.3	27.7	18.7	1 498.2
35–39 years	517.3	401.8	322.7	169.3	109.7	33.0	27.9	18.7	1 600.5
40-44 years	485.3	387.8	308.1	166.5	112.7	34.0	25.4	17.1	1 537.1
45–49 years	503.1	380.4	311.1	165.3	116.5	37.0	24.9	16.2	1 554.8
50-54 years	474.5	356.7	288.2	153.9	112.1	36.9	23.4	14.6	1 460.6
55–59 years	424.8	317.8	259.2	136.2	102.8	34.3	20.7	12.5	1 308.4
60–64 years	390.0	290.4	239.1	119.3	95.9	32.1	18.2	9.2	1 194.4
65–69 years	302.5	221.9	181.3	87.1	72.8	24.9	12.2	5.5	908.4
70–74 years	238.3	177.0	133.4	66.6	58.4	19.0	8.9	3.2	704.9
75–79 years	188.7	141.3	99.2	50.4	47.2	14.7	6.5	1.7	549.8
80-84 years	151.3	113.8	76.4	38.2	40.0	11.2	5.1	1.1	437.0
85 or over	135.1	100.0	66.9	32.9	36.5	9.9	4.5	0.6	386.6
Total (no.)	7 144.3	5 461.1	4 404.7	2 290.8	1 627.3	508.8	361.8	229.8	22 031.8
Total (% of Australian pop.)	32.4	24.8	20.0	10.4	7.4	2.3	1.6	1.0	100.0

Table AA.5 Estimated resident population by age at 30 June, 2007–2011 ('000) (a), (b)

	<i>5)</i>								
	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
2011									
0-4 years	473.4	352.0	304.3	156.4	97.4	31.8	24.1	18.5	1 458.1
5-9 years	448.0	332.7	293.7	147.7	95.0	31.1	21.7	17.6	1 387.6
10-14 years	445.9	330.1	293.8	149.0	98.3	33.0	21.1	16.6	1 387.9
15–19 years	460.7	354.6	302.9	154.4	105.8	33.9	25.0	16.1	1 453.5
20-24 years	499.5	412.4	321.8	177.3	115.1	32.4	33.5	19.4	1 611.7
25-29 years	522.6	424.8	326.9	185.3	112.7	30.5	32.9	21.9	1 658.2
30-34 years	498.4	391.8	301.0	166.2	101.9	28.5	28.8	19.2	1 536.2
35-39 years	508.3	395.3	317.4	168.7	106.4	31.8	27.5	18.3	1 573.9
40-44 years	499.5	400.4	320.2	173.5	114.6	34.8	26.4	17.7	1 587.2
45-49 years	495.5	379.3	309.3	166.1	114.8	35.8	24.8	16.0	1 541.8
50-54 years	485.5	363.8	296.2	157.9	114.1	37.6	23.8	15.0	1 494.1
55-59 years	433.5	325.6	264.1	140.3	103.9	34.9	20.8	12.6	1 336.0
60-64 years	399.0	297.6	245.4	124.5	98.1	33.0	18.6	9.7	1 226.0
65-69 years	317.3	232.9	191.2	91.3	76.6	26.1	13.0	5.8	954.3
70-74 years	245.3	181.8	139.4	69.1	59.6	19.8	9.2	3.5	727.7
75–79 years	191.5	143.1	101.3	51.7	47.3	14.8	6.7	1.8	558.3
80-84 years	153.9	115.3	78.0	39.3	39.9	11.3	5.1	1.1	444.0
85 or over	140.9	104.4	69.9	34.6	38.1	10.3	4.8	0.6	403.6
Total (no.)	7 218.5	5 537.8	4 476.8	2 353.4	1 639.6	511.5	368.0	231.3	22 340.0
Total (% of Australian pop.)	32.3	24.8	20.0	10.5	7.3	2.3	1.6	1.0	100.0

⁽a) Totals may not add as a result of rounding.

Source: ABS (unpublished) Australian Demographic Statistics; ABS (2013) Australian Demographic Statistics, Cat. no. 3101.0, Population by age and sex tables, Table 7; and ABS (2013) Population by Age and Sex, Regions of Australia 2012, Cat. No. 3235.0.

⁽b) These data are final population estimates rebased to the 2011 Census of Population and Housing.

⁽c) Includes other territories.

Table AA.6 Population growth rates 2007-08 to 2011-12 (a), (b)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
Estimated resident por	oulation									
30 June 2007	'000	6 834.2	5 153.5	4 111.0	2 106.1	1 570.6	493.3	342.6	213.7	20 827.6
30 June 2008	'000	6 943.5	5 256.4	4 219.5	2 171.7	1 588.7	498.6	348.4	219.9	21 249.2
30 June 2009	'000	7 053.8	5 371.9	4 328.8	2 240.3	1 608.9	504.4	354.8	226.0	21 691.7
30 June 2010	'000	7 144.3	5 461.1	4 404.7	2 290.8	1 627.3	508.8	361.8	229.8	22 031.8
30 June 2011	'000	7 218.5	5 537.8	4 476.8	2 353.4	1 639.6	511.5	368.0	231.3	22 340.0
30 June 2012	'000	7 301.1	5 629.1	4 565.5	2 432.7	1 656.3	512.3	374.9	235.2	22 710.4
Annual population grow	wth rates (d)									
2007–08	%	1.6	2.0	2.6	3.1	1.1	1.1	1.7	2.9	2.0
2008–09	%	1.6	2.2	2.6	3.2	1.3	1.2	1.8	2.8	2.1
2009–10	%	1.3	1.7	1.8	2.3	1.1	0.9	2.0	1.7	1.6
2010–11	%	1.0	1.4	1.6	2.7	0.8	0.5	1.7	0.7	1.4
2011–12	%	1.1	1.6	2.0	3.4	1.0	0.2	1.9	1.7	1.7

⁽a) Data are based on usual place of residence. Totals may not add as a result of rounding.

Source: ABS (unpublished) Australian Demographic Statistics; ABS (2013) Australian Demographic Statistics, Cat. no. 3101.0; and ABS (2013) Population by Age and Sex, Regions of Australia 2012, Cat. No. 3235.0.

⁽b) Data are sourced from tables AA.4 and AA.5 and use final rebased (2007-2011) and preliminary (2012) ERP based on the 2011 Census.

⁽c) Includes other territories.

⁽d) Growth rates are from 30 June in one year to 30 June in the following year (for example, 30 June 2007 to 30 June 2008).

Table AA.7 Persons by language spoken at home, August 2011 ('000) (a), (b), (c)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (d)
Speaks English only	5 013.3	3 874.9	3 676.0	1 776.0	1 303.1	454.1	278.0	133.0	16 509.3
Speaks other language									
Arabic	184.3	68.4	11.4	12.0	7.5	0.9	2.4	0.3	287.2
Assyrian	21.0	9.9	0.2	0.1	_	-	_	_	31.3
Australian Indigenous Languages	1.3	0.5	12.1	9.6	3.6	0.1	0.1	34.4	61.8
Chinese Languages: Total (e)	295.5	195.1	64.7	50.6	28.1	3.3	11.0	2.7	651.3
Dutch	9.3	9.5	7.8	5.6	3.1	1.1	0.6	0.2	37.2
French	19.0	16.3	9.9	7.7	2.1	0.7	1.6	0.4	57.7
German	23.4	20.1	16.4	8.7	7.5	1.7	1.9	8.0	80.4
Greek	86.6	116.8	11.4	5.3	25.3	1.2	2.8	2.9	252.2
Hungarian	7.0	7.4	3.3	1.1	1.5	0.2	0.4	0.1	20.9
Indo-Aryan Languages: Bengali	21.5	6.9	2.2	1.9	1.5	0.1	1.4	0.2	35.6
Indo-Aryan Languages: Hindi	52.8	32.7	13.2	5.0	4.4	0.5	2.3	0.4	111.4
Indo-Aryan Languages: Punjabi	21.5	31.1	7.9	4.8	4.4	0.2	1.0	0.3	71.2
Indo-Aryan Languages: Sinhalese	9.4	28.2	4.3	2.9	1.7	0.2	1.3	0.2	48.2
Indo-Aryan Languages: Urdu	17.7	11.1	2.7	2.4	1.3	0.1	1.3	0.2	36.8
Indo-Aryan Languages: Other	36.4	18.3	9.1	6.9	6.4	0.8	1.2	0.6	79.6
Indo-Aryan Languages: Total	159.4	128.2	39.4	23.9	19.8	1.9	8.5	1.9	382.8
Iranic Languages: Dari	6.7	7.8	1.0	2.1	2.2	_	0.3	_	20.2
Iranic Languages: Persian (excluding Dari)	17.0	10.8	4.3	5.0	4.1	0.2	0.7	_	42.2
Iranic Languages: Other	3.8	3.3	0.6	0.9	0.9	_	0.1	_	9.6
Iranic Languages: Total	27.5	21.9	5.9	8.0	7.2	0.2	1.1	0.1	71.9
Italian	83.2	124.9	21.7	31.4	33.3	1.3	3.3	0.7	299.8
Japanese	14.4	8.6	13.1	4.4	1.8	0.4	0.9	0.2	43.7
Khmer	10.3	11.8	1.9	1.3	3.7	_	0.3	0.2	29.5
Korean	47.4	10.3	12.7	3.9	3.1	0.5	1.5	0.3	79.8
Macedonian	29.5	30.9	1.2	5.9	0.7	_	0.6	_	68.8
Maltese	13.3	18.2	1.4	0.4	0.9	_	0.2	_	34.4

Table AA.7 Persons by language spoken at home, August 2011 ('000) (a), (b), (c)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (d)
Polish	14.9	16.5	5.1	6.0	6.2	0.8	1.1	0.1	50.7
Portuguese	16.3	5.1	4.8	5.0	1.1	0.1	0.5	0.5	33.3
Russian	16.5	16.5	4.8	2.1	3.1	0.3	0.7	0.1	44.1
Samoan	14.9	7.6	12.8	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.1	36.6
Serbian	22.2	17.6	4.6	5.1	4.3	0.1	1.1	0.1	55.1
Southeast Asian Austronesian Languages: Fillipino	21.1	14.5	8.7	5.7	3.0	0.3	8.0	1.3	55.4
Southeast Asian Austronesian Languages: Indonesian	24.8	13.9	4.4	9.1	1.6	0.2	1.0	1.0	55.9
Southeast Asian Austronesian Languages: Tagalog	37.1	16.5	12.4	8.3	3.8	0.5	1.1	1.8	81.5
Southeast Asian Austronesian Languages: Other	4.5	6.1	3.1	6.5	1.5	0.3	0.4	0.5	23.5
Southeast Asian Austronesian Languages: Total	87.5	51.1	28.6	29.5	9.8	1.2	3.3	4.5	216.2
Spanish	55.6	29.0	15.6	8.2	4.9	8.0	2.9	0.4	117.5
Tamil	21.5	17.5	3.5	4.1	1.7	0.2	1.4	0.3	50.2
Thai	15.7	7.6	5.5	4.6	1.4	0.4	8.0	0.7	36.7
Turkish	22.3	32.9	1.9	1.5	0.7	0.1	0.2	0.1	59.6
Vietnamese	87.5	86.6	21.9	16.5	16.0	0.3	3.8	0.9	233.4
Other (f)	124.3	126.6	75.6	56.0	27.7	4.2	8.8	3.9	427.1
Total Other Languages	1 554.3	1 235.4	423.8	325.1	229.5	22.2	64.7	56.7	3 912.9
Language spoken at home not stated	350.0	243.7	232.9	138.2	64.0	19.1	14.5	22.2	1 085.5
Total	6 917.7	5 354.0	4 332.7	2 239.2	1 596.6	495.4	357.2	211.9	21 507.7

⁽a) This table has not changed from the previous report.

Source: ABS (unpublished) 2011 Census of Population and Housing.

⁽b) Count of persons, based on place of usual residence.

⁽c) This list of languages consists of the most common Language spoken at home responses reported in the 2006 Census.

⁽d) Includes other territories.

⁽e) Chinese languages' consists of 'Cantonese', 'Mandarin', 'Chinese not further defined', 'Hakka', 'Hokkien', 'Teochew', 'Wu' and 'Chinese not elsewhere classified'.

⁽f) Comprises languages not identified individually, 'Inadequately described' and 'Non-verbal, so described'.

⁻ Nil or rounded to zero.

Table AA.8 Proportion of population with reported disability, by age and sex, 2012 (per cent) (a)

(per	cent) (a)								
	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Males									
0-4 years	3.7	2.2*	2.9*	3.1*	6.3*	12.7*	3.7*	5.5*	3.7
5-14 years	11.6	11.0	9.4	11.9	11.8	13.3	13.8	8.5*	11.2
15-24 years	6.4	8.5	7.6	6.4	10.2	11.6	8.9	4.0*	7.8
25-34 years	8.1	9.2	8.4	7.0	11.5	10.6	5.0*	2.9*	8.5
35-44 years	10.5	11.5	11.9	9.2	11.8	15.4	15.5	8.0*	11.2
45-54 years	18.6	17.8	16.7	14.2	17.8	25.3	11.0	9.7	17.5
55-59 years	26.7	26.9	28.1	20.1	29.7	30.3	22.9	13.3*	26.4
60-64 years	31.0	33.1	34.0	29.7	35.2	42.7	19.9	31.4	32.5
65-69 years	37.7	44.0	37.5	39.8	42.4	46.4	29.1	37.6*	39.9
70-74 years	40.0	43.5	46.9	44.6	43.6	58.7	42.1	53.6	43.5
75-79 years	59.1	52.1	54.6	56.7	53.4	71.3	36.8	36.8*	56.2
80-84 years	61.1	73.5	66.5	66.4	71.6	69.5	49.2	92.3	66.7
85 or over	79.1	81.2	82.3	76.7	79.8	80.3	93.4	52.1*	80.2
Total (no. 000s)	657.5	526.8	404.8	193.0	169.1	62.1	26.2	9.5	2 047.5
Total (% of male									
population with	17.9	18.5	17.5	15.8	20.6	24.8	14.1	12.0	18.0
disability) (b)									
Females	0.0*	4.4*	4.0*	4.0*	C 4*	7.0**	0.0**		0.5
0–4 years	2.3*	4.1*	4.2*	4.8*	6.1*	7.3**	2.9**	- 0*	3.5
5–14 years	6.0	5.2	6.8	7.7	5.8	11.3	7.1*	6.3*	6.2
15–24 years	6.2	8.7	8.2	8.8	9.6	11.8	10.7	6.9*	8.0
25–34 years	7.7	9.4	10.1	7.8	11.8	14.3	7.5	3.4*	8.9
35–44 years	11.4	12.8	11.3	9.3	12.6	16.0	16.9	7.0*	11.7
45–54 years	19.5	19.7	16.9	13.8	22.4	23.8	17.2	12.9	18.6
55–59 years	24.0	26.9	26.4	20.7	31.4	32.5	25.9	13.2*	25.6
60–64 years	31.8	37.1	27.9	32.3	40.0	32.0	32.9	22.1*	33.0
65–69 years	39.5	43.8	36.2	32.9	35.9	43.6	36.4	38.7	39.2
70–74 years	40.3	51.9	43.4	43.7	43.7	47.2	40.1	41.7	44.7
75–79 years	52.2	58.9	55.2	54.6	56.8	62.7	50.3	47.6	55.2
80–84 years	65.5	72.6	62.6	60.7	65.8	66.5	78.5	41.8*	66.5
85 or over	80.0	81.3	82.7	91.2	78.8	84.0	73.3	58.9	81.8
Total (no. 000s)	691.4	589.1	416.4	197.3	187.8	63.2	33.1	7.6	2 186.2
Total (% of female population with disability) (b)	18.5	20.3	18.0	16.7	22.4	24.5	17.6	10.5	19.0

Table AA.8 Proportion of population with reported disability, by age and sex, 2012 (per cent) (a)

(pc)	ociit) (a)								
	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Persons									
0-4 years	3.5	3.1	3.2	3.5	5.7	6.2*	3.6*	3.3*	3.6
5-14 years	9.0	8.3	8.3	9.6	8.8	12.3	10.7	7.7	8.8
15-24 years	6.5	8.6	7.9	7.7	9.5	11.9	9.5	5.9*	7.8
25-34 years	7.8	9.2	9.4	8.0	11.1	12.2	6.3	3.6	8.7
35-44 years	10.9	12.5	11.1	9.4	12.0	15.4	15.5	7.1	11.4
45-54 years	19.0	18.6	16.6	13.9	20.0	23.7	14.1	12.0	18.1
55-59 years	25.2	26.5	26.6	19.7	30.1	33.0	21.2	14.9	25.8
60-64 years	31.8	34.6	31.5	30.6	38.3	39.5	25.5	26.0	32.8
65-69 years	39.7	43.7	35.8	36.7	39.3	43.2	32.0	37.0	39.5
70-74 years	40.1	47.2	46.1	44.2	43.7	53.6	40.2	42.3	44.2
75-79 years	55.1	55.2	55.7	56.5	56.5	66.4	42.1	52.8	55.6
80-84 years	63.5	72.9	64.9	62.8	68.8	68.4	62.3	53.3	66.6
85 or over	79.6	81.4	83.0	85.0	79.9	83.5	77.9	53.6	81.2
Total (no. 000s)	1 350.5	1 114.3	820.7	389.8	357.1	125.1	59.2	17.4	4 234.2
Total (% of total									
population with disability) (b)	18.2	19.4	17.7	16.3	21.5	24.6	15.8	11.5	18.5

^{*} Estimate has relevant standard error greater than 25 per cent but less than 50 per cent and should be used with caution.

Source: ABS (unpublished) Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers, 2012, Cat. no. 4430.0.

^{**} Estimate has relative standard error greater than 50 per cent and is considered too unreliable for general use.

⁽a) The SDAC is not conducted in very remote areas. This has a small impact on estimates, except for the NT where such persons make up a relatively large proportion of the population.

⁽b) Refers to the proportion of the general population in each State and Territory.

⁻ Nil or rounded to zero.

Table AA.9 Persons with reported disability, people aged 0–64 years, 2012 (a)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Number										
Profound/ severe disability	'000	246.1	189.8	143.9	55.3	58.1	20.7	11.4	3.8	727.7
Other disability	'000	540.0	465.2	356.5	179.9	151.3	54.7	28.4	7.9	1 785.2
Total disability	'000	787.7	652.4	500.6	234.9	210.0	75.8	40.0	11.6	2 513.6
No disability	'000	5 529.0	4 264.7	3 499.9	1 861.0	1 175.6	348.0	292.4	127.5	17 097.5
Total	'000	6 316.7	4 916.6	4 002.4	2 095.0	1 384.9	423.6	332.4	139.3	19 610.5
Proportion										
Profound/ severe disability	%	3.9	3.9	3.6	2.6	4.2	4.9	3.4	2.7	3.7
Other disability	%	8.5	9.5	8.9	8.6	10.9	12.9	8.5	5.7	9.1
Total disability	%	12.5	13.3	12.5	11.2	15.2	17.9	12.0	8.3	12.8
No disability	%	87.5	86.7	87.4	88.8	84.9	82.2	88.0	91.5	87.2
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
95 per cent confidence interval for p	oroportion									
Profound/ severe disability	±	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.2
Other disability	±	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	1.6	1.1	1.1	0.3
Total disability	±	0.7	0.9	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.9	1.4	1.4	0.4
No disability	±	0.7	0.9	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.9	1.4	1.4	0.4

⁽a) The SDAC is not conducted in very remote areas. This has a small impact on estimates, except for the NT where such persons make up a relatively large proportion of the population.

Source: ABS (unpublished) Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers, 2012, Cat. no. 4430.0.

Table AA.10 Age standardised disability rates, 2012 (per cent) (a), (b), (c)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Severe/profound core activity limitation (d)	5.9	6.0	5.3	5.1	5.9	6.7	5.9	4.7	5.8
All with reported disability	16.9	18.2	17.1	16.1	19.1	22.1	16.3	13.3	17.4

- (a) Rates are age standardised to 2001.
- (b) Includes people of all ages.
- (c) The SDAC is not conducted in very remote areas. This has a small impact on estimates, except for the NT where such persons make up a relatively large proportion of the population.
- (d) Core activities comprise communication, mobility and self care.

Source: ABS (unpublished) Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers, Australia, 2012, Cat. No. 4430.0.

Table AA.11 Estimated resident population by remoteness area, 30 June 2012 (a), (b)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
Number of people										
Major cities	'000	5 403.4	4 294.0	2 828.5	1 862.7	1 214.0		374.2		15 976.8
Regional areas										
Inner regional	'000	1 414.2	1 084.5	927.1	218.8	179.5	335.9	0.7		4 161.2
Outer regional	'000	444.5	245.9	671.9	185.2	202.4	165.6		131.9	2 047.4
Total regional	'000	1 858.7	1 330.4	1 598.9	404.0	382.0	501.6	0.7	131.9	6 208.6
Remote areas										
Remote	'000	30.6	4.7	79.5	101.2	45.5	8.4		49.1	319.0
Very remote	'000	8.5		58.7	64.8	14.9	2.4		54.1	206.1
Total remote	'000	39.1	4.7	138.2	166.0	60.3	10.8		103.2	525.0
Total	'000	7 301.1	5 629.1	4 565.5	2 432.7	1 656.3	512.3	374.9	235.2	22 710.4
Share of population										
Major cities	%	74.0	76.3	62.0	76.6	73.3		99.8		70.4
Regional areas										
Inner regional	%	19.4	19.3	20.3	9.0	10.8	65.6	0.2		18.3
Outer regional	%	6.1	4.4	14.7	7.6	12.2	32.3		56.1	9.0
Total regional	%	25.5	23.6	35.0	16.6	23.1	97.9	0.2	56.1	27.3
Remote areas										
Remote	%	0.4	0.1	1.7	4.2	2.7	1.6		20.9	1.4
Very remote	%	0.1		1.3	2.7	0.9	0.5		23.0	0.9
Total remote	%	0.5	0.1	3.0	6.8	3.6	2.1		43.9	2.3

⁽a) Preliminary ERP based on 2011 Census, according to the 2011 edition of the Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS).

Source: ABS (2013) Regional Population Growth, Australia, 2010-11, Cat. no. 3218.0.

⁽b) There are no very remote areas in Victoria; no major cities in Tasmania; no outer regional or remote areas in the ACT; and no inner regional or major cities in the NT.

⁽c) Includes other territories.

^{..} Not applicable.

Table AA.12 Estimated resident population by remoteness area, 30 June 2011 (a), (b)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
Number of people										
Major cities	'000	5 333.1	4 215.0	2 769.9	1 798.7	1 200.5		367.4		15 684.6
Regional areas										
Inner regional	'000	1 403.3	1 072.9	910.3	210.9	177.4	335.1	0.6	••	4 111.0
Outer regional	'000	443.2	245.1	660.0	181.9	201.8	165.4		129.1	2 026.5
Total regional	'000	1 846.4	1 318.0	1 570.3	392.8	379.2	500.6	0.6	129.1	6 137.5
Remote areas										
Remote	'000	30.5	4.8	78.1	98.9	45.2	8.5		48.7	314.6
Very remote	'000	8.5		58.4	63.0	14.8	2.4		53.5	203.3
Total remote	'000	39.0	4.8	136.5	161.9	60.0	10.9		102.2	518.0
Total	'000	7 218.5	5 537.8	4 476.8	2 353.4	1 639.6	511.5	368.0	231.3	22 340.0
Share of population										
Major cities	%	73.9	76.1	61.9	76.4	73.2		99.8		70.2
Regional areas										
Inner regional	%	19.4	19.4	20.3	9.0	10.8	65.5	0.2		18.4
Outer regional	%	6.1	4.4	14.7	7.7	12.3	32.3		55.8	9.1
Total regional	%	25.6	23.8	35.1	16.7	23.1	97.9	0.2	55.8	27.5
Remote areas										
Remote	%	0.4	0.1	1.7	4.2	2.8	1.7		21.1	1.4
Very remote	%	0.1		1.3	2.7	0.9	0.5		23.1	0.9
Total remote	%	0.5	0.1	3.0	6.9	3.7	2.1		44.2	2.3

⁽a) Final ERP rebased on 2011 Census, according to the 2011 edition of the Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS).

Source: ABS (2013) Regional Population Growth, Australia, 2011-12, Cat. no. 3218.0.

⁽b) There are no very remote areas in Victoria; no major cities in Tasmania; no outer regional or remote areas in the ACT; and no inner regional or major cities in the NT.

⁽c) Includes other territories.

^{..} Not applicable.

Table AA.13 Estimated resident Australian population, by Indigenous status, age and sex, 30 June 2011 ('000) (a), (b)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
Indigenous males		_			_				
0-4 years	13 195	3 007	12 700	5 230	2 282	1 513	390	3 868	42 197
5–9 years	12 779	2 788	11 871	5 107	2 233	1 430	327	4 056	40 608
10–14 years	12 784	2 759	11 414	5 110	2 158	1 519	315	3 761	39 836
15–19 years	12 121	2 705	10 644	4 727	2 071	1 377	443	3 529	37 627
20–24 years	9 347	2 273	8 389	4 293	1 825	1 091	390	3 369	30 980
25–29 years	7 166	1 727	6 905	3 623	1 520	873	311	3 083	25 216
30-34 years	5 599	1 305	5 727	2 876	1 071	598	189	2 483	19 861
35–39 years	5 822	1 392	5 696	2 874	1 092	597	194	2 386	20 063
40-44 years	5 777	1 413	5 356	2 629	1 076	694	163	2 152	19 268
45-49 years	5 039	1 200	4 595	2 180	956	583	151	1 721	16 431
50–54 years	4 656	947	3 684	1 835	723	552	117	1 447	13 970
55–59 years	3 474	751	2 764	1 288	592	454	101	1 051	10 482
60-64 years	2 543	509	1 862	852	378	331	46	669	7 195
65–69 years	1 647	322	1 160	517	252	209	26	410	4 544
70–74 years	995	210	650	270	144	118	12	230	2 634
75–79 years	574	115	367	172	89	np	np	132	1 523
80-84 years	255	75	189	94	49	np	np	83	791
85 or over	134	45	109	54	43	np	np	49	457
Total	103 907	23 543	94 082	43 731	18 554	12 076	3 181	34 479	333 683
Total (% of all males)	2.9	0.9	4.2	3.7	2.3	4.7	1.7	28.4	3.0
Non-Indigenous males									
0–4 years	229 841	177 806	143 691	74 707	47 364	14 991	12 122	5 741	706 330
5–9 years	217 869	167 692	139 030	69 990	46 446	14 705	10 858	4 937	671 597
10-14 years	216 451	166 645	138 881	70 882	47 987	15 499	10 393	4 887	671 707
15-19 years	225 253	178 953	144 290	74 440	52 194	16 265	12 387	5 086	708 972
20-24 years	244 895	208 745	154 448	87 500	57 304	15 550	16 696	7 132	792 490
25-29 years	255 722	212 856	158 476	93 260	55 867	14 430	16 445	8 430	815 868

SCRGSP REPORT TO CRC DECEMBER 2013

Table AA.13 Estimated resident Australian population, by Indigenous status, age and sex, 30 June 2011 ('000) (a), (b)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
30-34 years	243 061	194 448	144 312	81 969	50 341	13 449	14 198	7 358	749 350
35-39 years	246 106	193 859	151 777	82 558	52 155	14 929	13 551	7 064	762 141
40-44 years	240 634	195 483	153 345	85 156	56 373	16 423	12 992	6 954	767 480
45-49 years	240 562	185 445	148 166	81 552	56 125	17 148	11 966	6 627	747 716
50-54 years	235 703	178 088	142 877	77 302	55 733	18 032	11 495	6 329	725 657
55-59 years	211 267	159 411	128 896	68 699	50 527	16 989	10 038	5 660	651 587
60-64 years	196 839	145 318	121 744	61 974	47 875	16 335	9 040	4 781	604 003
65-69 years	156 153	113 902	95 029	45 432	37 082	12 921	6 334	2 815	469 709
70-74 years	119 080	88 167	69 289	33 665	28 492	9 786	4 418	1 734	354 662
75-79 years	87 968	65 527	47 506	23 540	21 655	np	np	815	256 888
80-84 years	65 643	49 177	33 634	16 823	16 930	np	np	483	189 781
85 or over	48 155	35 894	24 486	11 870	12 841	np	np	171	138 613
Total	3 481 202	2 717 416	2 139 877	1 141 319	793 291	242 714	179 815	87 004	10 784 551
Total (% of all males)	97.1	99.1	95.8	96.3	97.7	95.3	98.3	71.6	97.0
All males									
0-4 years	243 036	180 813	156 391	79 937	49 646	16 504	12 512	9 609	748 527
5-9 years	230 648	170 480	150 901	75 097	48 679	16 135	11 185	8 993	712 205
10-14 years	229 235	169 404	150 295	75 992	50 145	17 018	10 708	8 648	711 543
15-19 years	237 374	181 658	154 934	79 167	54 265	17 642	12 830	8 615	746 599
20-24 years	254 242	211 018	162 837	91 793	59 129	16 641	17 086	10 501	823 470
25-29 years	262 888	214 583	165 381	96 883	57 387	15 303	16 756	11 513	841 084
30-34 years	248 660	195 753	150 039	84 845	51 412	14 047	14 387	9 841	769 211
35-39 years	251 928	195 251	157 473	85 432	53 247	15 526	13 745	9 450	782 204
40-44 years	246 411	196 896	158 701	87 785	57 449	17 117	13 155	9 106	786 748
45-49 years	245 601	186 645	152 761	83 732	57 081	17 731	12 117	8 348	764 147
50-54 years	240 359	179 035	146 561	79 137	56 456	18 584	11 612	7 776	739 627
55-59 years	214 741	160 162	131 660	69 987	51 119	17 443	10 139	6 711	662 069
60-64 years	199 382	145 827	123 606	62 826	48 253	16 666	9 086	5 450	611 198

Table AA.13 Estimated resident Australian population, by Indigenous status, age and sex, 30 June 2011 ('000) (a), (b)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
65-69 years	157 800	114 224	96 189	45 949	37 334	13 130	6 360	3 225	474 253
70-74 years	120 075	88 377	69 939	33 935	28 636	9 904	4 430	1 964	357 296
75–79 years	88 542	65 642	47 873	23 712	21 744	np	np	947	258 411
80-84 years	65 898	49 252	33 823	16 917	16 979	np	np	566	190 572
85 or over	48 289	35 939	24 595	11 924	12 884	np	np	220	139 070
Total	3 585 109	2 740 959	2 233 959	1 185 050	811 845	254 790	182 996	121 483	11 118 234
Total (% of State total)	49.7	49.5	49.9	50.4	49.5	49.8	49.7	52.5	49.8
Indigenous females									
0–4 years	12 815	2 966	12 113	5 205	2 176	1 507	307	3 545	40 649
5–9 years	11 979	2 658	11 539	5 267	2 085	1 290	323	3 781	38 935
10-14 years	12 100	2 756	11 159	4 970	2 155	1 388	344	3 508	38 395
15-19 years	11 512	2 481	9 872	4 462	1 888	1 305	304	3 321	35 155
20-24 years	8 859	2 387	8 228	4 095	1 794	1 106	372	3 332	30 186
25-29 years	7 194	1 697	6 945	3 525	1 524	908	283	3 091	25 174
30-34 years	5 868	1 465	5 919	2 967	1 161	678	200	2 554	20 820
35–39 years	6 472	1 387	6 027	2 838	1 177	679	179	2 461	21 237
40-44 years	6 557	1 453	5 830	2 885	1 168	794	168	2 378	21 239
45-49 years	5 806	1 185	4 820	2 340	1 020	657	169	1 757	17 758
50-54 years	4 853	965	3 984	1 944	871	569	120	1 526	14 842
55–59 years	3 628	796	2 973	1 503	587	414	100	1 076	11 080
60-64 years	2 639	585	2 151	1 028	442	302	45	799	7 995
65-69 years	1 745	382	1 409	611	295	175	33	480	5 136
70-74 years	1 150	255	854	394	206	138	15	325	3 338
75-79 years	703	173	529	242	140	np	np	220	2 099
80-84 years	440	112	310	148	98	np	np	123	1 289
85 or over	249	87	210	115	67	np	np	94	871
Total	104 569	23 790	94 872	44 539	18 854	12 089	2 979	34 371	336 198
Total (% of all females)	2.9	0.9	4.2	3.8	2.3	4.7	1.6	31.3	3.0

Table AA.13 Estimated resident Australian population, by Indigenous status, age and sex, 30 June 2011 ('000) (a), (b)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
Non-Indigenous females									
0–4 years	217 554	168 172	135 826	71 273	45 604	13 810	11 313	5 338	668 938
5–9 years	205 346	159 591	131 308	67 292	44 212	13 663	10 203	4 801	636 494
10-14 years	204 614	157 896	132 306	68 028	45 957	14 608	10 034	4 411	637 927
15–19 years	211 784	170 444	138 055	70 778	49 655	14 940	11 845	4 160	671 705
20-24 years	236 364	199 042	150 705	81 450	54 129	14 656	16 054	5 546	758 007
25-29 years	252 489	208 514	154 617	84 936	53 828	14 266	15 870	7 325	791 912
30-34 years	243 857	194 600	145 056	78 429	49 339	13 808	14 219	6 756	746 130
35-39 years	249 866	198 639	153 945	80 473	51 944	15 598	13 585	6 352	770 469
40-44 years	246 569	202 002	155 632	82 850	55 986	16 862	13 062	6 204	779 257
45-49 years	244 046	191 442	151 732	80 072	56 653	17 453	12 543	5 900	759 932
50-54 years	240 267	183 823	145 619	76 789	56 818	18 423	12 101	5 674	739 594
55–59 years	215 137	164 675	129 464	68 823	52 170	17 068	10 598	4 826	662 844
60-64 years	196 945	151 185	119 655	60 606	49 410	16 059	9 440	3 468	606 807
65-69 years	157 804	118 274	93 625	44 700	39 014	12 753	6 633	2 047	474 871
70-74 years	124 028	93 122	68 604	34 750	30 768	9 766	4 785	1 200	367 037
75-79 years	102 297	77 320	52 884	27 713	25 456	np	np	663	297 831
80-84 years	87 525	65 963	43 840	22 259	22 852	np	np	451	252 171
85 or over	92 359	68 364	45 074	22 599	25 120	np	np	316	263 666
Total	3 528 851	2 773 068	2 147 947	1 123 820	808 915	244 604	182 010	75 438	10 885 592
Total (% of all females)	97.1	99.1	95.8	96.2	97.7	95.3	98.4	68.7	97.0
All females									
0–4 years	230 369	171 138	147 939	76 478	47 780	15 317	11 620	8 883	709 587
5–9 years	217 325	162 249	142 847	72 559	46 297	14 953	10 526	8 582	675 429
10-14 years	216 714	160 652	143 465	72 998	48 112	15 996	10 378	7 919	676 322
15-19 years	223 296	172 925	147 927	75 240	51 543	16 245	12 149	7 481	706 860
20-24 years	245 223	201 429	158 933	85 545	55 923	15 762	16 426	8 878	788 193
25-29 years	259 683	210 211	161 562	88 461	55 352	15 174	16 153	10 416	817 086

Table AA.13 Estimated resident Australian population, by Indigenous status, age and sex, 30 June 2011 ('000) (a), (b)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
30-34 years	249 725	196 065	150 975	81 396	50 500	14 486	14 419	9 310	766 950
35-39 years	256 338	200 026	159 972	83 311	53 121	16 277	13 764	8 813	791 706
40-44 years	253 126	203 455	161 462	85 735	57 154	17 656	13 230	8 582	800 496
45-49 years	249 852	192 627	156 552	82 412	57 673	18 110	12 712	7 657	777 690
50-54 years	245 120	184 788	149 603	78 733	57 689	18 992	12 221	7 200	754 436
55-59 years	218 765	165 471	132 437	70 326	52 757	17 482	10 698	5 902	673 924
60-64 years	199 584	151 770	121 806	61 634	49 852	16 361	9 485	4 267	614 802
65-69 years	159 549	118 656	95 034	45 311	39 309	12 928	6 666	2 527	480 007
70-74 years	125 178	93 377	69 458	35 144	30 974	9 904	4 800	1 525	370 375
75–79 years	103 000	77 493	53 413	27 955	25 596	np	np	883	299 930
80-84 years	87 965	66 075	44 150	22 407	22 950	np	np	574	253 460
85 or over	92 608	68 451	45 284	22 714	25 187	np	np	410	264 537
Total	3 633 420	2 796 858	2 242 819	1 168 359	827 769	256 693	184 989	109 809	11 221 790
Total (% of State total)	50.3	50.5	50.1	49.6	50.5	50.2	50.3	47.5	50.2
Indigenous persons									
0–4 years	26 010	5 973	24 813	10 435	4 458	3 020	697	7 413	82 846
5-9 years	24 758	5 446	23 410	10 374	4 318	2 720	650	7 837	79 543
10-14 years	24 884	5 515	22 573	10 080	4 313	2 907	659	7 269	78 231
15–19 years	23 633	5 186	20 516	9 189	3 959	2 682	747	6 850	72 782
20-24 years	18 206	4 660	16 617	8 388	3 619	2 197	762	6 701	61 166
25–29 years	14 360	3 424	13 850	7 148	3 044	1 781	594	6 174	50 390
30-34 years	11 467	2 770	11 646	5 843	2 232	1 276	389	5 037	40 681
35-39 years	12 294	2 779	11 723	5 712	2 269	1 276	373	4 847	41 300
40-44 years	12 334	2 866	11 186	5 514	2 244	1 488	331	4 530	40 507
45-49 years	10 845	2 385	9 415	4 520	1 976	1 240	320	3 478	34 189
50-54 years	9 509	1 912	7 668	3 779	1 594	1 121	237	2 973	28 812
55-59 years	7 102	1 547	5 737	2 791	1 179	868	201	2 127	21 562
60-64 years	5 182	1 094	4 013	1 880	820	633	91	1 468	15 190

Table AA.13 Estimated resident Australian population, by Indigenous status, age and sex, 30 June 2011 ('000) (a), (b)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
65-69 years	3 392	704	2 569	1 128	547	384	59	890	9 680
70-74 years	2 145	465	1 504	664	350	256	27	555	5 972
75–79 years	1 277	288	896	414	229	153	11	352	3 622
80-84 years	695	187	499	242	147	98	5	206	2 080
85 or over	383	132	319	169	110	65	7	143	1 328
Total	208 476	47 333	188 954	88 270	37 408	24 165	6 160	68 850	669 881
Total (% of State total)	2.9	0.9	4.2	3.8	2.3	4.7	1.7	29.8	3.0
Non-Indigenous persons									
0–4 years	447 395	345 978	279 517	145 980	92 968	28 801	23 435	11 079	1 375 268
5–9 years	423 215	327 283	270 338	137 282	90 658	28 368	21 061	9 738	1 308 091
10–14 years	421 065	324 541	271 187	138 910	93 944	30 107	20 427	9 298	1 309 634
15–19 years	437 037	349 397	282 345	145 218	101 849	31 205	24 232	9 246	1 380 677
20-24 years	481 259	407 787	305 153	168 950	111 433	30 206	32 750	12 678	1 550 497
25–29 years	508 211	421 370	313 093	178 196	109 695	28 696	32 315	15 755	1 607 780
30-34 years	486 918	389 048	289 368	160 398	99 680	27 257	28 417	14 114	1 495 480
35–39 years	495 972	392 498	305 722	163 031	104 099	30 527	27 136	13 416	1 532 610
40-44 years	487 203	397 485	308 977	168 006	112 359	33 285	26 054	13 158	1 546 737
45-49 years	484 608	376 887	299 898	161 624	112 778	34 601	24 509	12 527	1 507 648
50-54 years	475 970	361 911	288 496	154 091	112 551	36 455	23 596	12 003	1 465 251
55–59 years	426 404	324 086	258 360	137 522	102 697	34 057	20 636	10 486	1 314 431
60-64 years	393 784	296 503	241 399	122 580	97 285	32 394	18 480	8 249	1 210 810
65–69 years	313 957	232 176	188 654	90 132	76 096	25 674	12 967	4 862	944 580
70-74 years	243 108	181 289	137 893	68 415	59 260	19 552	9 203	2 934	721 699
75-79 years	190 265	142 847	100 390	51 253	47 111	14 658	6 698	1 478	554 719
80-84 years	153 168	115 140	77 474	39 082	39 782	11 236	5 125	934	441 952
85 or over	140 514	104 258	69 560	34 469	37 961	10 239	4 784	487	402 279
Total	7 010 053	5 490 484	4 287 824	2 265 139	1 602 206	487 318	361 825	162 442	21 670 143
Total (% of State total)	97.1	99.1	95.8	96.2	97.7	95.3	98.3	70.2	97.0

Table AA.13 Estimated resident Australian population, by Indigenous status, age and sex, 30 June 2011 ('000) (a), (b)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
All persons									
0–4 years	473 405	351 951	304 330	156 415	97 426	31 821	24 132	18 492	1 458 114
5–9 years	447 973	332 729	293 748	147 656	94 976	31 088	21 711	17 575	1 387 634
10-14 years	445 949	330 056	293 760	148 990	98 257	33 014	21 086	16 567	1 387 865
15-19 years	460 670	354 583	302 861	154 407	105 808	33 887	24 979	16 096	1 453 459
20-24 years	499 465	412 447	321 770	177 338	115 052	32 403	33 512	19 379	1 611 663
25-29 years	522 571	424 794	326 943	185 344	112 739	30 477	32 909	21 929	1 658 170
30-34 years	498 385	391 818	301 014	166 241	101 912	28 533	28 806	19 151	1 536 161
35-39 years	508 266	395 277	317 445	168 743	106 368	31 803	27 509	18 263	1 573 910
40-44 years	499 537	400 351	320 163	173 520	114 603	34 773	26 385	17 688	1 587 244
45-49 years	495 453	379 272	309 313	166 144	114 754	35 841	24 829	16 005	1 541 837
50-54 years	485 479	363 823	296 164	157 870	114 145	37 576	23 833	14 976	1 494 063
55-59 years	433 506	325 633	264 097	140 313	103 876	34 925	20 837	12 613	1 335 993
60-64 years	398 966	297 597	245 412	124 460	98 105	33 027	18 571	9 717	1 226 000
65-69 years	317 349	232 880	191 223	91 260	76 643	26 058	13 026	5 752	954 260
70-74 years	245 253	181 754	139 397	69 079	59 610	19 808	9 230	3 489	727 671
75-79 years	191 542	143 135	101 286	51 667	47 340	14 811	6 709	1 830	558 341
80-84 years	153 863	115 327	77 973	39 324	39 929	11 334	5 130	1 140	444 032
85 or over	140 897	104 390	69 879	34 638	38 071	10 304	4 791	630	403 607
Total	7 218 529	5 537 817	4 476 778	2 353 409	1 639 614	511 483	367 985	231 292	22 340 024
Total (% of Aust. pop)	32.3	24.8	20.0	10.5	7.3	2.3	1.6	1.0	100.0

⁽a) Final estimates of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander (Indigenous), non-Indigenous and total populations of Australia at 30 June 2011, based on results of the 2011 Census of Population and Housing.

⁽b) The estimates are based on 2011 Census of Population and Housing counts of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians adjusted for net undercount as measured by the Post Enumeration Survey. The extent of undercoverage of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians in the 2011 Census and the relatively small sample size of the Post Enumeration Survey to adjust for that undercoverage means the estimates should be interpreted with caution.

⁽c) Includes other territories.

Table AA.13 Estimated resident Australian population, by Indigenous status, age and sex, 30 June 2011 ('000) (a), (b)

NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)

np Not published but included in totals.

Source: ABS (2013) Estimates of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, June 2011, Cat. no. 3238.0.55.001.

Table AA.14 Proportion of Indigenous people of the total population, by age and sex, 30 June 2011 (per cent) (a), (b)

	sex, 30 Jui	ne 2011	(per cen	t) (a), (b)				
	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
Indigenous mal	es								
0-4 years	5.4	1.7	8.1	6.5	4.6	9.2	3.1	40.3	5.6
5–9 years	5.5	1.6	7.9	6.8	4.6	8.9	2.9	45.1	5.7
10-14 years	5.6	1.6	7.6	6.7	4.3	8.9	2.9	43.5	5.6
15-19 years	5.1	1.5	6.9	6.0	3.8	7.8	3.5	41.0	5.0
20-24 years	3.7	1.1	5.2	4.7	3.1	6.6	2.3	32.1	3.8
25-29 years	2.7	0.8	4.2	3.7	2.6	5.7	1.9	26.8	3.0
30-34 years	2.3	0.7	3.8	3.4	2.1	4.3	1.3	25.2	2.6
35-39 years	2.3	0.7	3.6	3.4	2.1	3.8	1.4	25.2	2.6
40-44 years	2.3	0.7	3.4	3.0	1.9	4.1	1.2	23.6	2.4
45-49 years	2.1	0.6	3.0	2.6	1.7	3.3	1.2	20.6	2.2
50-54 years	1.9	0.5	2.5	2.3	1.3	3.0	1.0	18.6	1.9
55-59 years	1.6	0.5	2.1	1.8	1.2	2.6	1.0	15.7	1.6
60-64 years	1.3	0.3	1.5	1.4	0.8	2.0	0.5	12.3	1.2
65-69 years	1.0	0.3	1.2	1.1	0.7	1.6	0.4	12.7	1.0
70-74 years	0.8	0.2	0.9	8.0	0.5	1.2	0.3	11.7	0.7
75-79 years	0.6	0.2	8.0	0.7	0.4	np	np	13.9	0.6
80-84 years	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.6	0.3	np	np	14.7	0.4
85 or over	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.5	0.3	np	np	22.3	0.3
Total	2.9	0.9	4.2	3.7	2.3	4.7	1.7	28.4	3.0
Indigenous fem	ales								
0-4 years	5.6	1.7	8.2	6.8	4.6	9.8	2.6	39.9	5.7
5-9 years	5.5	1.6	8.1	7.3	4.5	8.6	3.1	44.1	5.8
10-14 years	5.6	1.7	7.8	6.8	4.5	8.7	3.3	44.3	5.7
15-19 years	5.2	1.4	6.7	5.9	3.7	8.0	2.5	44.4	5.0
20-24 years	3.6	1.2	5.2	4.8	3.2	7.0	2.3	37.5	3.8
25-29 years	2.8	0.8	4.3	4.0	2.8	6.0	1.8	29.7	3.1
30-34 years	2.3	0.7	3.9	3.6	2.3	4.7	1.4	27.4	2.7
35-39 years	2.5	0.7	3.8	3.4	2.2	4.2	1.3	27.9	2.7
40-44 years	2.6	0.7	3.6	3.4	2.0	4.5	1.3	27.7	2.7
45-49 years	2.3	0.6	3.1	2.8	1.8	3.6	1.3	22.9	2.3
50-54 years	2.0	0.5	2.7	2.5	1.5	3.0	1.0	21.2	2.0
55-59 years	1.7	0.5	2.2	2.1	1.1	2.4	0.9	18.2	1.6
60-64 years	1.3	0.4	1.8	1.7	0.9	1.8	0.5	18.7	1.3
65-69 years	1.1	0.3	1.5	1.3	8.0	1.4	0.5	19.0	1.1
70-74 years	0.9	0.3	1.2	1.1	0.7	1.4	0.3	21.3	0.9
75-79 years	0.7	0.2	1.0	0.9	0.5	np	np	24.9	0.7
80-84 years	0.5	0.2	0.7	0.7	0.4	np	np	21.4	0.5
85 or over	0.3	0.1	0.5	0.5	0.3	np	np	22.9	0.3
Total	2.9	0.9	4.2	3.8	2.3	4.7	1.6	31.3	3.0
Indigenous pers	sons								
0-4 years	5.5	1.7	8.2	6.7	4.6	9.5	2.9	40.1	5.7
5-9 years	5.5	1.6	8.0	7.0	4.5	8.7	3.0	44.6	5.7

Table AA.14 Proportion of Indigenous people of the total population, by age and sex, 30 June 2011 (per cent) (a), (b)

	,		. (100.00	, (,,	,				
	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
10-14 years	5.6	1.7	7.7	6.8	4.4	8.8	3.1	43.9	5.6
15-19 years	5.1	1.5	6.8	6.0	3.7	7.9	3.0	42.6	5.0
20-24 years	3.6	1.1	5.2	4.7	3.1	6.8	2.3	34.6	3.8
25-29 years	2.7	0.8	4.2	3.9	2.7	5.8	1.8	28.2	3.0
30-34 years	2.3	0.7	3.9	3.5	2.2	4.5	1.4	26.3	2.6
35-39 years	2.4	0.7	3.7	3.4	2.1	4.0	1.4	26.5	2.6
40-44 years	2.5	0.7	3.5	3.2	2.0	4.3	1.3	25.6	2.6
45-49 years	2.2	0.6	3.0	2.7	1.7	3.5	1.3	21.7	2.2
50-54 years	2.0	0.5	2.6	2.4	1.4	3.0	1.0	19.9	1.9
55-59 years	1.6	0.5	2.2	2.0	1.1	2.5	1.0	16.9	1.6
60-64 years	1.3	0.4	1.6	1.5	0.8	1.9	0.5	15.1	1.2
65-69 years	1.1	0.3	1.3	1.2	0.7	1.5	0.5	15.5	1.0
70-74 years	0.9	0.3	1.1	1.0	0.6	1.3	0.3	15.9	0.8
75-79 years	0.7	0.2	0.9	0.8	0.5	1.0	0.2	19.2	0.6
80-84 years	0.5	0.2	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.9	0.1	18.1	0.5
85 or over	0.3	0.1	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.6	0.1	22.7	0.3
Total	2.9	0.9	4.2	3.8	2.3	4.7	1.7	29.8	3.0

- (a) Final estimates of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander (Indigenous), non-Indigenous and total populations of Australia at 30 June 2011, based on results of the 2011 Census of Population and Housing.
- (b) The estimates are based on 2011 Census of Population and Housing counts of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians adjusted for net undercount as measured by the Post Enumeration Survey. The extent of undercoverage of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians in the 2011 Census and the relatively small sample size of the Post Enumeration Survey to adjust for that undercoverage means the estimates should be interpreted with caution.
- (c) Includes other territories.

np Not published but included in totals.

Source: ABS (2013) Estimates of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, June 2011, Cat. no. 3238.0.55.001.

Table AA.15 Projected Indigenous Australian population, by age and sex 30 June 2013 (number) (a)

Males		Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (b)
IVIAIES									
0-4 years	11 695	2 446	11 597	4 783	1 970	1 403	316	4 154	38 364
5-9 years	10 054	2 114	10 117	4 276	1 733	1 124	256	3 875	33 549
10-14 years	9 561	2 105	9 794	4 443	1 817	1 147	239	4 006	33 112
15-19 years	9 926	2 151	9 713	4 411	1 795	1 167	293	3 626	33 082
20-24 years	9 135	2 162	8 904	4 167	1 700	1 191	274	3 608	31 141
25-29 years	6 752	1 596	6 570	3 442	1 344	915	246	3 080	23 945
30-34 years	5 240	1 208	5 561	2 895	1 013	656	178	2 622	19 373
35-39 years	4 542	1 036	4 905	2 497	903	509	168	2 458	17 018
40-44 years	4 682	1 118	4 904	2 400	917	544	138	2 076	16 779
45-49 years	4 099	962	4 118	2 124	780	492	118	1 840	14 533
50-54 years	3 706	821	3 354	1 734	641	486	102	1 380	12 224
55-59 years	3 030	670	2 562	1 329	508	425	89	1 162	9 775
60-64 years	2 190	525	1 902	865	364	322	56	772	6 996
65-69 years	1 482	331	1 288	586	207	np	np	461	4 355
70-74 years	926	221	623	373	144	np	np	271	2 558
75–79 years	548	115	350	178	71	np	np	118	1 380
80-84 years	256	67	206	87	45	np	np	67	728
85 or over	105	35	83	44	19	np	np	37	323
Total	87 929	19 683	86 551	40 634	15 971	10 381	2 473	35 613	299 235
Total (% of State total)	49.9	49.8	49.8	50.4	49.3	50.0	50.1	49.3	49.8
Females									
0-4 years	11 111	2 322	11 036	4 550	1 880	1 327	304	3 962	36 492
5-9 years	9 430	2 105	9 735	4 139	1 690	1 097	281	3 738	32 215
10-14 years	9 128	2 041	9 490	4 275	1 773	1 041	265	3 830	31 843
15–19 years	9 421	2 143	9 222	3 975	1 774	1 195	249	3 505	31 484
20-24 years	8 390	2 075	8 562	3 852	1 692	1 065	253	3 396	29 285
25-29 years	6 469	1 500	6 449	3 359	1 346	873	216	3 094	23 306

Table AA.15 Projected Indigenous Australian population, by age and sex 30 June 2013 (number) (a)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (b)
30-34 years	5 318	1 221	5 504	2 769	1 041	686	168	2 816	19 523
35-39 years	4 807	1 139	5 173	2 390	959	556	166	2 533	17 723
40-44 years	5 362	1 169	5 391	2 490	958	650	162	2 430	18 612
45-49 years	4 795	1 043	4 419	2 236	879	629	139	1 969	16 109
50-54 years	4 270	858	3 766	1 829	761	558	116	1 540	13 698
55-59 years	3 163	699	2 987	1 429	569	397	94	1 362	10 700
60-64 years	2 508	562	2 218	1 043	371	299	55	924	7 980
65-69 years	1 677	397	1 456	731	300	np	np	641	5 202
70-74 years	1 090	259	873	435	182	np	np	411	3 250
75-79 years	677	137	531	272	118	np	np	285	2 020
80-84 years	374	95	305	151	67	np	np	135	1 127
85 or over	194	68	157	85	41	np	np	80	625
Total	88 184	19 833	87 274	40 010	16 401	10 373	2 468	36 651	301 194
Total (% of State total)	50.1	50.2	50.2	49.6	50.7	50.0	49.9	50.7	50.2
Persons									
0-4 years	22 806	4 768	22 633	9 333	3 850	2 730	620	8 116	74 856
5-9 years	19 484	4 219	19 852	8 415	3 423	2 221	537	7 613	65 764
10-14 years	18 689	4 146	19 284	8 718	3 590	2 188	504	7 836	64 955
15–19 years	19 347	4 294	18 935	8 386	3 569	2 362	542	7 131	64 566
20-24 years	17 525	4 237	17 466	8 019	3 392	2 256	527	7 004	60 426
25-29 years	13 221	3 096	13 019	6 801	2 690	1 788	462	6 174	47 251
30-34 years	10 558	2 429	11 065	5 664	2 054	1 342	346	5 438	38 896
35-39 years	9 349	2 175	10 078	4 887	1 862	1 065	334	4 991	34 741
40-44 years	10 044	2 287	10 295	4 890	1 875	1 194	300	4 506	35 391
45-49 years	8 894	2 005	8 537	4 360	1 659	1 121	257	3 809	30 642
50-54 years	7 976	1 679	7 120	3 563	1 402	1 044	218	2 920	25 922
55-59 years	6 193	1 369	5 549	2 758	1 077	822	183	2 524	20 475
60-64 years	4 698	1 087	4 120	1 908	735	621	111	1 696	14 976

Table AA.15 Projected Indigenous Australian population, by age and sex 30 June 2013 (number) (a)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (b)
65-69 years	3 159	728	2 744	1 317	507	np	np	1 102	9 557
70-74 years	2 016	480	1 496	808	326	np	np	682	5 808
75–79 years	1 225	252	881	450	189	np	np	403	3 400
80-84 years	630	162	511	238	112	np	np	202	1 855
85 or over	299	103	240	129	60	np	np	117	948
Total	176 113	39 516	173 825	80 644	32 372	20 754	4 941	72 264	600 429

⁽a) Based on the 2006 Census of Population and Housing, Series B.

Source: ABS (2009) Experimental Estimates and Projections, Indigenous Australians, 1991 to 2021, Cat. no. 3238.0; Data cube—Projected population, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, Australia, states and territories, 2006–2021.

⁽b) Includes other territories.

np Not published but included in totals.

Table AA.16 Projected Indigenous Australian population, by age and sex 30 June 2012 (number) (a)

14510701.10	rojected marge	nous Austre	anan popula	tion, by ago	and SCA SU	dunc zorz (ilulliber) (a)		
	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (b)
Males									
0-4 years	11 347	2 369	11 228	4 681	1 915	1 349	309	4 110	37 324
5-9 years	9 799	2 057	9 898	4 222	1 715	1 093	246	3 910	32 954
10-14 years	9 749	2 115	9 791	4 546	1 827	1 161	247	3 927	33 373
15-19 years	9 923	2 183	9 755	4 372	1 776	1 196	299	3 648	33 164
20-24 years	8 735	2 028	8 311	4 036	1 638	1 149	260	3 485	29 652
25-29 years	6 491	1 542	6 416	3 281	1 296	860	230	3 023	23 146
30-34 years	5 022	1 162	5 258	2 867	948	610	173	2 537	18 591
35-39 years	4 593	1 028	4 966	2 500	919	510	175	2 416	17 111
40-44 years	4 617	1 087	4 804	2 316	912	542	125	2 093	16 505
45-49 years	4 017	956	3 986	2 084	760	488	122	1 778	14 196
50-54 years	3 627	794	3 227	1 688	624	479	90	1 368	11 907
55-59 years	2 912	655	2 443	1 285	494	406	91	1 084	9 377
60-64 years	2 099	502	1 806	808	330	307	52	731	6 639
65-69 years	1 401	308	1 189	557	207	np	np	428	4 317
70-74 years	878	200	563	342	137	np	np	263	2 493
75–79 years	515	108	344	179	67	np	np	108	1 386
80-84 years	241	65	191	82	44	np	np	69	729
85 or over	95	30	87	43	20	np	np	36	331
Total	86 061	19 189	84 263	39 889	15 629	10 547	2 471	35 014	293 195
Total (% of State total	49.9	49.8	49.8	50.4	49.3	50.0	50.0	49.3	49.8
Females									
0-4 years	10 780	2 247	10 686	4 452	1 828	1 275	297	3 923	35 503
5-9 years	9 228	2 087	9 574	4 134	1 681	1 051	280	3 744	31 790
10-14 years	9 201	2 075	9 443	4 260	1 760	1 061	269	3 801	31 883
15–19 years	9 528	2 103	9 145	3 996	1 776	1 215	240	3 455	31 465
20-24 years	7 947	1 989	8 123	3 716	1 635	1 017	237	3 287	27 963

Table AA.16 Projected Indigenous Australian population, by age and sex 30 June 2012 (number) (a)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (b)
25-29 years	6 254	1 458	6 276	3 281	1 284	868	216	3 112	22 760
30-34 years	5 115	1 173	5 314	2 681	1 029	634	164	2 745	18 863
35-39 years	4 934	1 133	5 251	2 406	949	559	164	2 527	17 932
40-44 years	5 273	1 150	5 253	2 472	952	652	163	2 407	18 332
45-49 years	4 819	1 014	4 297	2 167	879	615	132	1 876	15 803
50-54 years	4 061	832	3 599	1 759	719	543	115	1 523	13 157
55-59 years	3 010	686	2 867	1 394	551	367	91	1 282	10 256
60-64 years	2 379	522	2 066	973	352	288	46	863	7 495
65-69 years	1 557	366	1 344	666	269	np	np	624	5 020
70-74 years	1 035	247	841	420	184	np	np	387	3 237
75-79 years	645	134	502	261	115	np	np	280	2 010
80-84 years	363	95	278	142	66	np	np	128	1 107
85 or over	184	65	158	84	38	np	np	76	630
Total	86 313	19 376	85 017	39 264	16 067	10 530	2 471	36 040	295 206
Total (% of State total)	50.1	50.2	50.2	49.6	50.7	50.0	50.0	50.7	50.2
Persons									
0-4 years	22 127	4 616	21 914	9 133	3 743	2 624	606	8 033	72 827
5–9 years	19 027	4 144	19 472	8 356	3 396	2 144	526	7 654	64 744
10-14 years	18 950	4 190	19 234	8 806	3 587	2 222	516	7 728	65 256
15-19 years	19 451	4 286	18 900	8 368	3 552	2 411	539	7 103	64 629
20-24 years	16 682	4 017	16 434	7 752	3 273	2 166	497	6 772	57 615
25–29 years	12 745	3 000	12 692	6 562	2 580	1 728	446	6 135	45 906
30-34 years	10 137	2 335	10 572	5 548	1 977	1 244	337	5 282	37 454
35-39 years	9 527	2 161	10 217	4 906	1 868	1 069	339	4 943	35 043
40-44 years	9 890	2 237	10 057	4 788	1 864	1 194	288	4 500	34 837
45-49 years	8 836	1 970	8 283	4 251	1 639	1 103	254	3 654	29 999
50-54 years	7 688	1 626	6 826	3 447	1 343	1 022	205	2 891	25 064

Table AA.16 Projected Indigenous Australian population, by age and sex 30 June 2012 (number) (a)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (b)
55–59 years	5 922	1 341	5 310	2 679	1 045	773	182	2 366	19 633
60-64 years	4 478	1 024	3 872	1 781	682	595	98	1 594	14 134
65-69 years	2 958	674	2 533	1 223	476	np	np	1 052	9 337
70-74 years	1 913	447	1 404	762	321	np	np	650	5 730
75–79 years	1 160	242	846	440	182	np	np	388	3 396
80-84 years	604	160	469	224	110	np	np	197	1 836
85 or over	279	95	245	127	58	np	np	112	961
Total	172 374	38 565	169 280	79 153	31 696	21 077	4 942	71 054	588 401
Proportion of State									
or Territory population (%) (c)	2.3	0.7	3.6	3.2	1.9	4.1	1.3	30.3	2.6

⁽a) Based on the 2006 Census of Population and Housing, Series B.

Source: ABS (2009) Experimental Estimates and Projections, Indigenous Australians, 1991 to 2021, Cat. no. 3238.0; Data cube-Projected population, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, Australia, states and territories, 2006–2021; ABS (2012) Australian Demographic Statistics, September quarter 2011, Cat. no. 3101.0.

⁽b) Includes other territories.

⁽c) As the projections are based on the 2006 Census, the denominator used to calculate the proportion is the 30 June 2012 ERP based on the 2006 Census. **np** Not published but included in totals.

Table AA.17 Estimated resident population, by remoteness areas and Indigenous status, 2011 (a)

status	s, 2011 (a)	20116	Non India	ronous.	Tota	- J
	Indiger		Non-Indig			
N. O. (L.W.L.)	Number	Per cent	Number	Per cent	Number	Per cent
New South Wales						
Major cities	93 071	44.6	5 240 001	74.7	5 333 072	73.9
Inner regional	70 159	33.7	1 333 097	19.0	1 403 256	19.4
Outer regional	35 833	17.2	407 385	5.8	443 218	6.1
Remote	6 059	2.9	24 445	0.3	30 504	0.4
Very remote	3 354	1.6	5 125	0.1	8 479	0.1
Total	208 476	100.0	7 010 053	100.0	7 218 529	100.0
Victoria						
Major cities	23 622	49.9	4 191 365	76.3	4 214 987	76.1
Inner regional	16 620	35.1	1 056 336	19.2	1 072 956	19.4
Outer regional	6 990	14.8	238 092	4.3	245 082	4.4
Remote	101	0.2	4 691	0.1	4 792	0.1
Very remote						
Total	47 333	100.0	5 490 484	100.0	5 537 817	100.0
Queensland						
Major cities	57 936	30.7	2 711 963	63.2	2 769 899	61.9
Inner regional	37 911	20.1	872 479	20.3	910 390	20.3
Outer regional	57 183	30.3	602 801	14.1	659 984	14.7
Remote	13 219	7.0	64 921	1.5	78 140	1.7
Very remote	22 705	12.0	35 660	0.8	58 365	1.3
Total	188 954	100.0	4 287 824	100.0	4 476 778	100.0
Western Australia						
Major cities	33 587	38.1	1 765 125	77.9	1 798 712	76.4
Inner regional	6 492	7.4	204 439	9.0	210 931	9.0
Outer regional	12 794	14.5	169 022	7.5	181 816	7.7
Remote	14 974	17.0	83 934	3.7	98 908	4.2
Very remote	20 423	23.1	42 619	1.9	63 042	2.7
Total	88 270	100.0	2 265 139	100.0	2 353 409	100.0
South Australia						
Major cities	18 778	50.2	1 181 717	73.8	1 200 495	73.2
Inner regional	3 136	8.4	174 212	10.9	177 348	10.8
Outer regional	9 103	24.3	192 703	12.0	201 806	12.3
Remote	1 551	4.1	43 598	2.7	45 149	2.8
Very remote	4 840	12.9	9 976	0.6	14 816	0.9
Total	37 408	100.0	1 602 206	100.0	1 639 614	100.0
Tasmania						
Major cities						
Inner regional	13 111	54.3	322 038	66.1	335 149	65.5
Outer regional	10 265	42.5	155 152	31.8	165 417	32.3
Remote	614	2.5	7 852	1.6	8 466	1.7
Very remote	175	0.7	2 276	0.5	2 451	0.5
Total	24165	100.0	487318	100.0	511483	100.0

Table AA.17 Estimated resident population, by remoteness areas and Indigenous status, 2011 (a)

	Indiger	nous	Non-Indig	genous	Tota	al
	Number	Per cent	Number	Per cent	Number	Per cent
Australian Capital Territory	24 165	100.0	487 318	100.0	511 483	100.0
Major cities	6 160	100.0	361 825	100.0	367 985	100.0
Inner regional	••					
Outer regional	••					
Remote	••					
Very remote						
Total	6 160	100.0	361 825	100.0	367 985	100.0
Northern Territory						
Major cities						
Inner regional						**
Outer regional	13 961	20.3	115 145	70.9	129 106	55.8
Remote	14 757	21.4	33 960	20.9	48 717	21.1
Very remote	40 132	58.3	13 337	8.2	53 469	23.1
Total	68 850	100.0	162 442	100.0	231 292	100.0
Australia (b)						
Major cities	233 146	34.8	15 451 394	71.3	15 684 540	70.2
Inner regional	147 683	22.0	3 963 346	18.3	4 111 029	18.4
Outer regional	146 129	21.8	1 880 300	8.7	2 026 429	9.1
Remote	51 275	7.7	263 401	1.2	314 676	1.4
Very remote	91 648	13.7	111 702	0.5	203 350	0.9
Total (c)	669 881	100.0	21 670 143	100.0	22 340 024	100.0

⁽a) The estimates of the Indigenous and non-Indigenous populations presented in this table are final based on 2011 Census of Population and Housing counts of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians adjusted for net undercount as measured by the Post Enumeration Survey. The extent of undercoverage of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians in the 2011 Census and the relatively small sample size of the Post Enumeration Survey to adjust for that undercoverage means the estimates should be interpreted with caution.

Source: ABS (unpublished) Estimates of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, June 2011.

⁽b) Includes other territories.

⁽c) Includes 'rest of state'.

^{..} Not applicable

Table AA.18 Language spoken at home by Indigenous people, 2011 (a), (b)

	Unit	NSW	Vic.	Qld	WA	SA	Tas.	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
People aged 0–14 years										
Speaks English only	no.	60 103	12 622	50 998	20 474	9 088	6 760	1 599	6 622	168 325
Speaks an Australian Indigenous I	language and	speaks Englis	sh							
Well or very well	no.	271	107	2 817	2 158	686	17	27	6 517	12 620
Not well or at all	no.	39	13	1 079	514	255	_	5	4 138	6 043
Not stated (d)	no.	8	3	51	38	29	_	_	296	425
Total	no.	318	123	3 947	2 710	970	17	32	10 951	19 088
Speaks other language (e)	no.	670	283	1 838	247	93	42	24	129	3 329
Total (f)	no.	61 091	13 028	56 783	23 431	10 151	6 819	1 655	17 702	190 742
Not stated (d)	no.	55	16	165	56	35	4	3	307	641
People aged 15–24 years										
Speaks English only	no.	31 612	6 857	25 307	10 545	4 839	3 649	1 096	3 503	87 438
Speaks an Australian Indigenous	language and	speaks Englis	sh							
Well or very well	no.	179	72	1 974	1 632	670	9	11	5 699	10 250
Not well or at all	no.	5	4	99	104	29	_	_	833	1 074
Not stated (d)	no.	_	3	17	25	13	_	_	123	181
Total	no.	184	79	2 090	1 761	712	9	11	6 655	11 505
Speaks other language (e)	no.	262	135	990	75	47	24	23	46	1 602
Total (e)	no.	32 058	7 071	28 387	12 381	5 598	3 682	1 130	10 204	100 545
Not stated (d)	no.	8	3	29	25	13	3	_	127	208
People aged 25-44 years										
Speaks English only	no.	37 884	8 721	32 931	13 898	6 153	4 558	1 350	4 812	110 358
Speaks an Australian Indigenous	language and s	speaks Engli	sh							
Well or very well	no.	342	111	3 076	2 572	1 000	19	30	9 118	16 280
Not well or at all	no.	7	3	132	160	67	_	_	1 000	1 369
Not stated (d)	no.	7	3	17	33	19	_	_	155	234
Total	no.	356	117	3 225	2 765	1 086	19	30	10 273	17 883
Speaks other language (e)	no.	433	191	1 197	174	79	30	23	95	2 225

SCRGSP REPORT TO CRC DECEMBER 2013

Table AA.18 Language spoken at home by Indigenous people, 2011 (a), (b)

	Unit	NSW	Vic.	Qld	WA	SA	Tas.	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
Total (e)	no.	38 673	9 029	37 353	16 837	7 318	4 607	1 403	15 180	130 466
Not stated (d)		31	11	38	45	23	_	_	155	303
People aged 45 years or over										
Speaks English only	no.	33 500	7 113	24 159	9 839	4 929	4 086	798	3 306	87 774
Speaks an Australian Indigenous la	anguage and	speaks Englis	sh							
Well or very well	no.	317	79	2 172	1 825	600	17	25	5 200	10 245
Not well or at all	no.	16	5	287	305	113	_	4	908	1 638
Not stated (d)	no.	4	_	17	58	17	_	_	97	193
Total	no.	337	84	2 476	2 188	730	17	29	6 205	12 076
Speaks other language (e)	no.	277	148	793	113	53	23	16	61	1 488
Total (e)	no.	34 114	7 345	27 428	12 140	5 712	4 126	843	9 572	101 338
Not stated (d)		18	12	37	67	26	3	_	100	263
Total										
Speaks English only	no.	163 099	35 313	133 395	54 756	25 009	19 053	4 843	18 243	453 895
Speaks an Australian Indigenous la	anguage and	speaks Englis	sh							
Well or very well	no.	1 109	369	10 039	8 187	2 956	62	93	26 534	49 395
Not well or at all	no.	67	25	1 597	1 083	464	_	9	6 879	10 124
Not stated (d)	no.	19	9	102	154	78	_	_	671	1 033
Total	no.	1 195	403	11 738	9 424	3 498	62	102	34 084	60 552
Speaks other language (d)	no.	1 642	757	4 818	609	272	119	86	331	8 644
Total (e)	no.	165 936	36 473	149 951	64 789	28 779	19 234	5 031	52 658	523 091
Not stated (d)	no.	112	42	269	193	97	10	3	689	1 415
People who stated language at home	е									
Speaks English only	%	98.3	96.8	89.0	84.5	86.9	99.1	96.3	34.6	86.8
Speaks an Australian Indigenous la	anguage and	speaks Englis	sh							
Well or very well	%	0.7	1.0	6.7	12.6	10.3	0.3	1.8	50.4	9.4
Not well or at all	%	_	0.1	1.1	1.7	1.6	_	0.2	13.1	1.9
Not stated (d)	%	_	_	0.1	0.2	0.3	_	0.0	1.3	0.2

SCRGSP REPORT TO CRC DECEMBER 2013

Table AA.18 Language spoken at home by Indigenous people, 2011 (a), (b)

	Unit	NSW	Vic.	Qld	WA	SA	Tas.	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
Total	%	0.7	1.1	7.8	14.5	12.2	0.3	2.0	64.7	11.6
Speaks other language (e)	%	1.0	2.1	3.2	0.9	0.9	0.6	1.7	0.6	1.7
Total (f)	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Speakers of an Australian Indigeno	us language at	home, by En	glish proficie	ncy						
Well or very well	%	92.8	91.6	85.5	86.9	84.5	100.0	91.2	77.8	81.6
Not well or at all	%	5.6	6.2	13.6	11.5	13.3	_	8.8	20.2	16.7
Not stated (d)	%	1.6	2.2	0.9	1.6	2.2	_	_	2.0	1.7
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

⁽a) This table has not changed from the previous report.

Source: ABS (unpublished) 2011 Census of Population and Housing.

⁽b) Count of persons, based on place of usual residence.

⁽c) Includes other territories, as a result components may not add to total.

⁽d) Includes cases where language spoken at home was stated but proficiency in spoken English was not stated.

⁽e) Includes persons whose language spoken at home was inadequately described.

⁽f) Excludes persons whose language spoken at home was not stated.

⁻ Nil or rounded to zero.

Table AA.19 Families and persons in families in occupied private dwellings by Indigenous status and family/household composition, August 2011 (a), (b), (c)

composition, Au	gust 20	11 (a), (b), ((C)							
	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (d)
Indigenous (e)										
Family										
Couple family with children	%	41.9	41.6	44.2	42.0	39.1	47.7	44.2	47.8	43.2
Couple family without children	%	24.4	28.2	23.2	20.3	23.7	30.3	28.7	18.1	23.6
One parent family	%	31.5	28.0	29.9	34.5	34.0	21.1	24.6	31.2	30.7
Other family	%	2.2	2.2	2.7	3.2	3.1	1.0	2.5	2.9	2.5
Total	'000	47.7	10.7	40.8	16.5	7.7	6.4	1.5	12.2	143.6
Person										
Couple family with children	%	53.6	54.2	56.1	52.9	50.2	60.8	56.7	59.2	55.0
Couple family without children	%	15.3	18.2	13.9	11.9	14.9	19.6	18.7	10.1	14.4
One parent family	%	29.6	26.1	28.1	33.0	32.6	19.0	22.9	28.7	28.9
Other family	%	1.5	1.5	1.8	2.2	2.2	0.7	1.7	2.0	1.7
Total	'000	154.8	33.5	138.9	57.8	25.0	19.8	4.8	48.3	483.0
Non-Indigenous (f)										
Family										
Couple family with children	%	45.7	46.2	42.8	45.1	41.7	39.4	46.4	45.9	44.7
Couple family without children	%	36.9	36.7	40.0	39.3	40.8	42.6	37.8	39.5	38.2
One parent family	%	15.8	15.3	15.5	13.9	15.9	16.7	14.4	13.3	15.4
Other family	%	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.7
Total	'000	1 769.5	1 393.0	1 100.5	565.0	419.5	126.9	91.5	35.5	5 501.9
Person										
Couple family with children	%	60.0	60.6	57.4	59.7	56.1	53.8	60.8	60.6	59.2
Couple family without children	%	24.8	24.7	27.5	26.7	28.5	30.0	25.7	26.7	25.9
One parent family	%	13.9	13.4	14.0	12.3	14.2	15.2	12.4	11.7	13.7
Other family	%	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.2	0.9	1.1	1.0	1.2
Total	'000	5 220.8	4 112.2	3 165.8	1 624.9	1 186.4	354.0	264.9	101.9	16 032.3

Total (includes Indigenous status not stated) (g)

Table AA.19 Families and persons in families in occupied private dwellings by Indigenous status and family/household composition, August 2011 (a), (b), (c)

oompoordon, Ad	9401 <u>-</u>0	· · (4), (5), (
	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (d)
Family										
Couple family with children	%	45.5	46.0	42.8	44.9	41.5	39.7	46.2	46.3	44.6
Couple family without children	%	36.6	36.7	39.5	38.8	40.6	42.1	37.6	34.0	37.8
One parent family	%	16.3	15.5	16.1	14.5	16.3	17.0	14.6	17.9	15.9
Other family	%	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.3	1.6	1.8	1.7
Total	'000	1 829.6	1 414.6	1 148.2	585.3	430.3	134.2	93.4	48.0	5 684.1
Person										
Couple family with children	%	59.7	60.4	57.2	59.3	55.8	54.0	60.7	60.0	59.0
Couple family without children	%	24.6	24.7	26.9	26.2	28.3	29.5	25.6	21.4	25.6
One parent family	%	14.5	13.6	14.6	13.1	14.7	15.5	12.6	17.2	14.2
Other family	%	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.2	0.9	1.1	1.4	1.2
Total	'000	5 408.6	4 174.7	3 322.8	1 692.4	1 219.0	376.2	270.7	150.9	16 617.1

⁽a) This table has not changed from the previous report. It is based on same method as 2006.

Source: ABS (unpublished) 2011 Census of Population and Housing.

⁽b) Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data.

⁽c) Excludes family members who were temporarily absent on Census Night.

⁽d) Includes other territories.

⁽e) An Indigenous family is a family where either the reference person and/or spouse/partner is of Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander origin.

⁽f) Non-indigenous family includes families where reference person stated 'non-indigenous' & partner 'not stated' and vice versa.

⁽g) Includes members of an 'Indigenous' and 'Other' family who are of Indigenous, non-Indigenous or not stated status.

Table AA.20 Occupied private dwellings by tenure type and landlord type, by Indigenous status of households, August 2011 (a), (b), (c)

(a), (b), (c)	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (d)
Households with Indigenous persons (e)									
Owned or being purchased (f)	29 075	7 475	19 075	6 993	4 207	4 852	1 021	2 392	75 096
Rented									
Real estate agent	16 581	4 246	15 205	2 852	1 912	1 367	403	808	43 387
State or Territory housing authority	14 076	3 218	10 866	6 528	3 383	1 413	619	4 904	45 012
Person not in same household (g)	5 811	1 449	5 381	1 786	1 137	1 085	225	577	17 454
Housing co-operative/community/church group	2 912	482	2 871	1 333	578	92	58	1 514	9 884
Other landlord type (h)	1 552	333	2 102	1 115	305	239	37	546	6 233
Landlord type not stated	701	168	616	253	116	77	16	182	2 129
Total	41 633	9 896	37 041	13 867	7 431	4 273	1 358	8 531	124 099
Other tenure type (i)	521	138	339	157	139	47	8	167	1 516
Tenure type not stated	2 682	807	2 063	1 115	564	247	57	801	8 336
Total	73 911	18 316	58 518	22 132	12 341	9 419	2 444	11 891	209 047
Total households									
Owned or being purchased (f)	1 644 298	1 362 947	982 484	534 960	421 683	135 692	87 130	28 158	5 197 581
Rented									
Real estate agent	430 133	316 543	287 411	102 786	67 012	18 271	16 963	8 706	1 247 848
State or Territory housing authority	108 841	54 766	53 888	31 875	37 964	10 318	9 410	7 472	314 690
Person not in same household (g)	144 052	107 772	119 925	68 459	48 425	16 721	10 259	5 235	520 915
Housing co-operative/community/church group	17 197	8 834	9 597	5 072	6 822	1 454	590	1 764	51 377
Other landlord type (h)	27 427	16 277	31 302	18 187	8 567	2 746	1 896	5 848	112 348
Landlord type not stated	15 402	11 393	11 290	5 445	3 938	1 445	476	879	50 282
Total	743 052	515 585	513 413	231 824	172 728	50 955	39 594	29 904	2 297 460
Other tenure type (i)	20 418	14 621	14 306	8 879	8 936	1 493	814	578	70 071
Tenure type not stated	63 530	51 536	37 100	18 493	15 694	4 685	1 886	2 252	195 210
Total	2 471 298	1 944 689	1 547 303	794 156	619 041	192 825	129 424	60 892	7 760 322

⁽a) This table has not changed from the previous report.

Table AA.20 Occupied private dwellings by tenure type and landlord type, by Indigenous status of households, August 2011 (a), (b), (c)

NSW Vic Qld WA SA Tas ACT NT Aust (d)

- (b) Count of occupied private dwellings, based on place of enumeration.
- (c) Excludes 'Visitors only' and 'Other not classifiable' households.
- (d) Includes other territories.
- (e) A household with Indigenous person(s) is any household that had at least one person of any age as a resident at the time of the Census who identified as being of Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander origin.
- (f) Includes dwellings being purchased under a rent/buy scheme.
- (g) Comprises dwellings being rented from a parent/other relative or other person.
- (h) Comprises dwellings being rented through a 'Residential park (includes caravan parks and marinas)', 'Employer-government (includes Defence Housing Authority)' and 'Employer-other employer (private)'.
- (i) Includes dwellings 'Being occupied under a life tenure scheme'.

Source: ABS (unpublished) 2011 Census of Population and Housing.

Socioeconomic status

Table AA.21 Proportion of the total population living in areas of relative disadvantage, 2007–2012 (per cent) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas (f)	ACT	NT	Aust
2012 - SA2 based	geography, SEIFA	2011 indices							
Quintile 1	24.6	16.4	19.0	9.7	25.3	43.9	0.2	32.9	20.0
Quintile 2	22.4	18.0	18.8	18.0	28.5	16.1	1.3	14.6	20.0
Quintile 3	17.2	21.6	24.6	23.3	15.0	18.6	3.0	13.9	20.0
Quintile 4	14.0	24.7	22.2	20.0	21.2	19.3	32.6	23.4	20.0
Quintile 5	21.8	19.3	15.4	29.0	10.0	2.2	62.8	15.2	20.0
2011 - SA2 based	geography, SEIFA	2011 indices							
Quintile 1	24.6	16.5	18.8	9.3	25.3	44.0	0.3	33.0	20.0
Quintile 2	22.5	18.1	18.7	17.7	28.4	16.1	1.3	14.6	20.0
Quintile 3	17.2	21.5	24.8	23.4	14.9	18.6	3.1	14.0	20.0
Quintile 4	14.0	24.6	22.0	20.7	21.3	19.2	33.1	23.3	20.0
Quintile 5	21.8	19.4	15.7	29.0	10.1	2.1	62.2	15.1	20.0
2011 - SLA based	geography, SEIFA	2011 indices							
Quintile 1	24.3	15.0	21.2	5.1	27.1	55.9	0.6	35.5	20.0
Quintile 2	25.5	19.2	16.9	11.9	27.6	10.7	0.9	9.6	20.0
Quintile 3	18.1	19.0	21.3	35.6	11.2	17.3	0.9	12.8	20.0
Quintile 4	12.3	26.1	24.0	22.5	20.0	16.1	21.3	21.2	20.0
Quintile 5	19.9	20.6	16.6	25.0	14.1		76.3	21.0	20.0
2010 - SLA based	geography, SEIFA	2006 indices							
Quintile 1	21.4	15.9	21.5	5.8	31.3	58.2	0.3	39.5	19.8
Quintile 2	26.9	17.3	15.7	19.1	21.5	7.3	2.2	6.4	20.0
Quintile 3	16.3	21.9	20.3	33.6	14.5	18.6	3.4	17.6	20.0
Quintile 4	15.4	22.4	25.0	19.9	18.6	15.9	27.8	26.2	20.1
Quintile 5	20.1	22.6	17.4	21.7	14.2		66.4	10.3	20.1

Table AA.21 Proportion of the total population living in areas of relative disadvantage, 2007–2012 (per cent) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas (f)	ACT	NT	Aust
2009 - SLA based	geography, SEIFA	2006 indices							
Quintile 1	21.4	15.9	21.5	5.9	31.3	58.4	0.3	39.4	19.9
Quintile 2	26.9	17.2	15.7	19.0	21.4	7.2	2.2	6.5	20.0
Quintile 3	16.3	21.9	20.3	33.4	14.4	18.6	3.3	17.8	20.0
Quintile 4	15.3	22.2	24.9	19.7	18.7	15.9	27.6	25.8	20.0
Quintile 5	20.0	22.7	17.6	22.0	14.3		66.6	10.5	20.2
2008 - SLA based	geography, SEIFA	2006 indices							
Quintile 1	21.4	16.0	21.6	6.0	31.3	58.5	0.3	39.6	20.0
Quintile 2	26.9	17.3	15.7	19.0	21.3	7.2	2.2	6.6	20.0
Quintile 3	16.3	21.8	20.3	33.3	14.3	18.5	3.3	18.0	19.9
Quintile 4	15.3	22.0	24.9	19.5	18.9	15.8	27.7	25.3	19.9
Quintile 5	20.0	22.8	17.5	22.3	14.4		66.6	10.6	20.2
2007 - SLA based	geography, SEIFA	2006 indices							
Quintile 1	21.5	16.1	21.7	6.0	31.3	58.5	0.3	40.0	20.1
Quintile 2	27.0	17.4	15.7	19.0	21.2	7.1	2.1	6.7	20.0
Quintile 3	16.3	21.9	20.8	33.5	15.0	18.6	3.3	18.7	20.1
Quintile 4	15.2	21.8	24.4	18.8	18.1	15.8	27.9	24.1	19.5
Quintile 5	20.0	22.9	17.5	22.7	14.4		66.4	10.5	20.3

⁽a) The quintiles shown in this table are ranked according to Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) Index of Relative Socioeconomic Disadvantage (IRSD) area scores at the national level, where the 20 per cent of the population living in Statistical Local Areas (SLA) or Statistical Area Level 2s (SA2) with the lowest scores (relatively most disadvantaged) are given a quintile number of 1, and the 20 per cent of the population living in areas with the highest scores (relatively least disadvantaged) are given a quintile number of 5.

⁽b) The SEIFA IRSD — as used by AIHW — are sorted by SLA or SA2, and quintiles have approximately equal population sizes.

⁽c) The substate geography changed from SLAs to SA2s in 2011. 2011 data is provided for quintiles determined by using SLA geography based SEIFA and quintiles determined by using SA2 geography based SEIFA.

⁽d) Data excludes people who could not be assigned to a SEIFA quintile because they had no usual residence, or they lived in an SLA or SA2 that could not be assigned to a quintile.

⁽e) SEIFA indices are updated following each Census of Population and Housing. SEIFA 2006 is used for 2007 through to 2010. SEIFA 2011 is used for 2011 and 2012.

Table AA.21 Proportion of the total population living in areas of relative disadvantage, 2007–2012 (per cent) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas (f)	ACT	NT	Aust

⁽f) There are no quintile 5 SLAs in Tasmania.

Source: AIHW (unpublished).

^{..} Not applicable.

Table AA.22 Proportion of the population living in areas of relative disadvantage, by age, by year (per cent) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	2012 - SA geograpi SEIFA	hy, 2011	geograp	2011 - SA2 based geography, 2011 SEIFA indices		geography, 2011 based geog		SEIFA	2010 - SI geograpi SEIFA	hy, 2006	2009 - SL geograph SEIFA	ny, 2006	2008 - SL geograph SEIFA i	ny, 2006	6 geography, 20	
	65 years or over	85 years or over	65 years or over	85 years or over	65 years or over	85 years or over	65 years or over	85 years or over	65 years or over	85 years or over	65 years or over	85 years or over	65 years or over	85 years or over		
Quintile 1	15.8	2.0	15.4	1.9	15.1	1.8	14.6	1.8	14.4	1.7	14.3	1.6	14.2	1.6		
Quintile 2	15.5	2.0	15.2	2.0	15.8	2.0	15.1	1.9	14.9	1.8	14.7	1.8	14.6	1.7		
Quintile 3	14.2	1.8	13.9	1.8	12.5	1.6	13.1	1.7	12.9	1.6	12.8	1.6	12.8	1.5		
Quintile 4	12.5	1.7	12.2	1.7	12.7	1.7	12.0	1.6	11.8	1.5	11.7	1.5	11.7	1.5		
Quintile 5	12.8	1.8	12.4	1.7	13.0	1.9	13.0	1.9	12.7	1.8	12.6	1.8	12.5	1.8		
Australia (f)	14.2	1.9	13.8	1.8	13.8	1.8	13.6	1.8	13.3	1.7	13.2	1.7	13.1	1.6		

⁽a) The quintiles shown in this table are ranked according to Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) Index of Relative Socioeconomic Disadvantage (IRSD) area scores at the national level, where the 20 per cent of the population living in Statistical Local Areas (SLA) or Statistical Area Level 2s (SA2) with the lowest scores (relatively most disadvantaged) are given a quintile number of 1, and the 20 per cent of the population living in areas with the highest scores (relatively least disadvantaged) are given a quintile number of 5.

Source: AIHW (unpublished).

⁽b) As the Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) Index of Relative Socio-economic Disadvantage (IRSD) is an area-based measure, it masks distribution of wealth in some geographical areas. A single household or person within an area may have different characteristics to that of the general population in the area.

⁽c) The substate geography changed from SLAs to SA2s in 2011. 2011 data is provided for quintiles determined by using SLA geography based SEIFA and quintiles determined by using SA2 geography based SEIFA.

⁽d) Quintile data excludes people who could not be assigned to a SEIFA quintile, because they had no usual residence, or they lived in a SLA or SA2 that could not be assigned to a quintile.

⁽e) SEIFA indices are updated following each Census of Population and Housing. SEIFA 2006 is used for 2007 through to 2010. SEIFA 2011 is used for 2011 and 2012.

⁽f) Australia total includes people living in areas that were not assigned to a SEIFA quintile, including other territories.

Table AA.23 **Population by SEIFA quintiles, 2011 (a), (b)**

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
Population ('000)									
Quintile 1	1 578.7	901.7	802.3	280.1	373.3	156.7	7.3	58.4	4 159.1
Quintile 2	1 369.5	968.6	902.8	398.8	387.6	124.7	19.4	28.5	4 201.0
Quintile 3	1 221.1	1 136.8	948.9	443.7	312.2	105.6	45.5	39.9	4 253.9
Quintile 4	1 198.3	1 204.6	898.5	515.2	304.3	66.7	96.4	44.0	4 328.4
Quintile 5	1 508.0	1 119.3	746.5	568.6	211.4	39.3	182.5	34.6	4 410.3
No SEIFA Score (d)	42.0	23.2	33.9	32.5	7.6	2.4	6.1	6.6	155.1
Total	6 917.7	5 354.2	4 333.0	2 238.9	1 596.3	495.4	357.2	212.0	21 507.7
Population (per cent)									
Quintile 1	22.8	16.8	18.5	12.5	23.4	31.6	2.0	27.6	19.3
Quintile 2	19.8	18.1	20.8	17.8	24.3	25.2	5.4	13.4	19.5
Quintile 3	17.7	21.2	21.9	19.8	19.6	21.3	12.7	18.8	19.8
Quintile 4	17.3	22.5	20.7	23.0	19.1	13.5	27.0	20.8	20.1
Quintile 5	21.8	20.9	17.2	25.4	13.2	7.9	51.1	16.3	20.5
No SEIFA Score (d)	0.6	0.4	0.8	1.5	0.5	0.5	1.7	3.1	0.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

⁽a) The quintiles shown in this table (derived from percentiles) are ranked according to SEIFA Index of Relative Socio-economic Disadvantage area scores at the national level, where Quintile 1 comprises the 20 per cent of Statistical Area Level 1 (SA1) with the lowest scores (relatively most disadvantaged), and Quintile 5 the 20 per cent of the SA1s with the highest scores (relatively least disadvantaged).

⁽b) SEIFA IRSD scores refer to the general level of relative socioeconomic disadvantage of an area. Note that a single score for an area can mask the diversity of households within an area. A single household or person within an area may have different characteristics to that of the general population in the area. SA1s are the smallest geographical area for which Census data is available, so were used to minimise this diversity.

⁽c) Australian totals include Other Territories.

⁽d) Approximately 4 per cent of SA1s could not be given a score, due to low populations or high levels of non-response in the ABS Population Census. Source: ABS (2013) Socio-economic indexes for Areas, 2011, Cat. no. 2033.0.55.001.

Table AA.24 Index of Relative Socio-economic Disadvantage, by jurisdictional area quintiles, 2011 (SEIFA score) (a), (b), (c), (d)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (e)
Quintile 1									
Lower score of range	323	348	410	284	341	501	689	121	121
Upper score of range	917	943	934	960	916	887	1036	649	931
Quintile 2									
Lower score of range	917	943	934	960	916	887	1036	651	931
Upper score of range	988	1007	995	1015	977	951	1070	966	997
Quintile 3									
Lower score of range	988	1007	995	1015	977	951	1070	968	997
Upper score of range	1038	1046	1035	1054	1023	1002	1096	1029	1041
Quintile 4									
Lower score of range	1038	1046	1035	1054	1023	1002	1096	1029	1041
Upper score of range	1084	1082	1073	1089	1067	1042	1120	1067	1081
Quintile 5									
Lower score of range	1084	1082	1073	1089	1067	1042	1120	1067	1081
Upper score of range	1184	1182	1169	1173	1169	1145	1193	1151	1193

⁽a) The quintiles shown in this table (derived from percentiles) are ranked according to SEIFA Index of Relative Socio-economic Disadvantage area scores within each state/territory, and the national level as a whole, where Quintile 1 comprises the 20 per cent of Statistical Area Level 1 (SA1) with the lowest scores (relatively most disadvantaged), and Quintile 5 the 20 per cent of the SA1s with the highest scores (relatively least disadvantaged).

Source: ABS (2013) Socio-economic indexes for Areas, 2011, Cat. no. 2033.0.55.001.

⁽b) SEIFA IRSD scores refer to the general level of relative socioeconomic disadvantage of an area. Note that a single score for an area can mask the diversity of households within an area. A single household or person within an area may have different characteristics to that of the general population in the area. SA1s are the smallest geographical area for which Census data is available, so were used to minimise this diversity.

⁽c) Only the upper and lower score are shown to capture the range of scores within each quintile.

⁽d) Approximately 4 per cent of SA1s could not be given a score, due to low populations or high levels of non-response in the ABS Population Census.

⁽e) Australian totals include Other Territories.

Table AA.25 Weekly equivalised gross household income decile, by Indigenous status of household, 2011 (a), (b)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
Indigenous										
Decile 1	%	22.8	22.0	20.0	25.9	26.3	20.1	16.2	31.4	22.7
Decile 2	%	9.4	9.0	8.0	7.7	10.3	10.8	3.5	8.6	8.8
Decile 3	%	15.9	14.7	16.3	13.9	16.0	16.5	7.5	15.9	15.6
Decile 4	%	12.2	12.0	12.8	9.3	12.0	13.1	7.3	9.2	11.9
Decile 5	%	8.1	8.8	8.5	7.1	7.7	9.6	6.1	5.9	8.1
Decile 6	%	9.1	9.5	10.0	7.8	8.5	10.0	10.1	6.6	9.1
Decile 7	%	7.5	8.1	8.1	7.3	6.7	7.2	10.2	6.4	7.6
Decile 8	%	6.5	6.9	7.2	7.7	5.6	6.4	12.2	6.5	6.9
Decile 9	%	4.8	4.9	5.1	6.6	4.1	3.9	12.8	5.4	5.1
Decile 10	%	3.9	4.2	3.9	6.8	2.7	2.6	14.0	4.1	4.2
Total	'000	63.6	15.7	50.0	17.9	10.5	8.4	2.2	9.9	178.2
Household income not stated or not known	'000	10.3	2.6	8.5	4.3	1.8	1.0	0.3	2.0	30.9
Total (d)	'000	73.9	18.3	58.5	22.1	12.3	9.4	2.4	11.9	209.0
Other										
Decile 1	%	10.2	10.3	8.8	8.3	10.4	11.2	5.3	5.1	9.7
Decile 2	%	10.9	10.4	10.3	9.1	12.9	14.5	5.0	4.5	10.6
Decile 3	%	11.5	11.6	11.7	9.6	12.8	14.4	5.9	5.4	11.4
Decile 4	%	9.5	10.1	10.2	8.2	10.4	11.0	5.3	5.5	9.7
Decile 5	%	8.0	8.7	8.7	7.6	9.2	9.2	6.1	7.3	8.4
Decile 6	%	9.8	10.5	10.7	9.9	10.8	10.6	8.9	10.4	10.2
Decile 7	%	9.7	10.3	10.7	10.6	10.1	9.3	10.7	12.6	10.2
Decile 8	%	9.9	10.1	10.5	11.7	9.2	8.2	13.5	15.5	10.3
Decile 9	%	9.3	8.8	9.2	11.5	7.5	6.3	16.7	16.1	9.4
Decile 10	%	11.1	9.3	9.1	13.4	6.7	5.2	22.5	17.6	10.2
Total	'000	2 149.4	1 726.1	1 325.9	678.7	549.8	165.4	115.3	42.5	6 753.7

Table AA.25 Weekly equivalised gross household income decile, by Indigenous status of household, 2011 (a), (b)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (c)
Household income not stated or not known	'000	248.0	200.3	162.9	93.3	56.9	18.0	11.7	6.5	797.6
Total (d)	'000	2 397.4	1 926.4	1 488.8	772.0	606.7	183.4	127.0	49.0	7 551.3
Total Population										
Decile 1	%	10.6	10.4	9.2	8.8	10.7	11.6	5.6	10.1	10.0
Decile 2	%	10.9	10.4	10.2	9.1	12.8	14.3	5.0	5.2	10.5
Decile 3	%	11.6	11.6	11.9	9.7	12.9	14.5	5.9	7.4	11.5
Decile 4	%	9.6	10.1	10.3	8.3	10.4	11.1	5.3	6.2	9.7
Decile 5	%	8.0	8.7	8.7	7.6	9.2	9.2	6.1	7.0	8.4
Decile 6	%	9.7	10.5	10.6	9.9	10.8	10.6	8.9	9.7	10.2
Decile 7	%	9.6	10.3	10.6	10.5	10.0	9.2	10.7	11.4	10.1
Decile 8	%	9.8	10.1	10.4	11.6	9.2	8.1	13.5	13.8	10.2
Decile 9	%	9.2	8.8	9.1	11.4	7.4	6.2	16.6	14.1	9.2
Decile 10	%	10.9	9.2	9.0	13.2	6.6	5.1	22.4	15.1	10.1
Total	'000	2 213.0	1 741.8	1 375.9	696.6	560.3	173.8	117.5	52.4	6 931.8
Household income not stated or not known	'000	258.3	202.9	171.4	97.5	58.7	19.0	12.0	8.5	828.5
Total (d)	'000	2 471.3	1 944.7	1 547.3	794.2	619.0	192.8	129.4	60.9	7 760.3

⁽a) This table has not changed from the previous report.

Source: ABS (unpublished) 2011 Census of Population and Housing.

⁽b) Deciles are based on total equivalised gross household income measures obtained from the ABS Census of Population and Housing (2011).

⁽c) Includes other territories.

⁽d) Excludes the population whose income was 'Not applicable'.

Table AA.26 Weekly equivalised gross household income decile, by Indigenous status of household, 2006 (a), (b), (c)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (d)
Indigenous										
Decile 1	%	19.4	18.5	14.1	20.3	22.1	14.3	14.4	23.9	18.1
Decile 2	%	19.7	16.8	17.6	19.8	19.8	18.9	9.4	25.6	19.1
Decile 3	%	10.2	9.6	10.6	9.1	10.5	11.4	5.3	11.8	10.3
Decile 4	%	11.7	11.7	13.4	10.9	11.2	14.5	7.0	8.4	11.9
Decile 5	%	9.8	10.8	11.7	9.3	10.2	12.2	6.5	6.5	10.2
Decile 6	%	7.3	8.5	8.7	7.3	7.1	8.3	7.2	5.7	7.7
Decile 7	%	7.0	7.5	8.4	6.8	6.3	7.6	11.5	5.1	7.3
Decile 8	%	6.6	7.5	7.6	7.3	6.1	6.9	12.9	5.8	7.0
Decile 9	%	4.5	4.9	4.7	4.8	4.0	3.7	13.3	4.5	4.7
Decile 10	%	3.9	4.3	3.2	4.4	2.8	2.2	12.6	2.8	3.7
Total	'000	48.6	11.9	38.7	14.9	8.3	7.0	1.6	9.3	140.4
Household income no stated or not known	t '000	8.7	2.2	7.2	3.5	1.6	1.0	0.2	1.9	26.3
Total (e)	'000	57.2	14.2	45.9	18.4	9.9	7.9	1.8	11.2	166.7
Other										
Decile 1	%	10.7	10.4	8.9	9.1	11.3	11.6	6.0	6.0	10.1
Decile 2	%	9.2	9.0	8.8	7.5	9.8	11.4	3.8	3.6	8.9
Decile 3	%	10.4	10.4	10.5	9.6	12.0	13.7	5.6	5.3	10.4
Decile 4	%	8.8	9.2	9.7	8.3	9.7	10.6	4.9	5.4	9.0
Decile 5	%	10.4	11.4	11.7	11.0	12.0	12.5	8.3	9.4	11.1
Decile 6	%	9.3	10.2	10.9	10.4	10.7	10.5	8.3	10.8	10.1
Decile 7	%	8.2	8.6	9.3	8.9	8.3	7.9	9.0	10.0	8.6
Decile 8	%	10.8	11.3	11.9	12.5	11.0	9.6	14.4	16.7	11.4
Decile 9	%	9.6	9.3	9.3	10.8	8.2	6.7	16.1	16.4	9.5
Decile 10	%	12.7	10.3	9.2	11.8	7.2	5.5	23.7	16.3	10.9
Total	'000	2 018.5	1 571.2	1 193.6	602.3	517.2	155.5	103.8	38.9	6 201.5

Table AA.26 Weekly equivalised gross household income decile, by Indigenous status of household, 2006 (a), (b), (c)

	•	•				•		•	. ,, , ,, ,	•
	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (d)
Household income not stated or not known	'000	252.5	196.3	152.1	82.5	56.8	18.4	11.3	5.8	775.9
Total (e)	'000	2 271.0	1 767.5	1 345.7	684.8	574.0	174.0	115.1	44.7	6 977.4
Total Population										
Decile 1	%	10.9	10.5	9.0	9.4	11.4	11.7	6.1	9.5	10.2
Decile 2	%	9.4	9.0	9.1	7.8	10.0	11.7	3.9	7.9	9.1
Decile 3	%	10.4	10.4	10.5	9.6	11.9	13.6	5.6	6.6	10.4
Decile 4	%	8.9	9.2	9.8	8.4	9.7	10.8	5.0	6.0	9.1
Decile 5	%	10.4	11.4	11.7	11.0	12.0	12.5	8.2	8.9	11.1
Decile 6	%	9.3	10.2	10.8	10.3	10.6	10.4	8.3	9.8	10.0
Decile 7	%	8.2	8.6	9.3	8.9	8.2	7.9	9.1	9.0	8.6
Decile 8	%	10.7	11.2	11.8	12.4	10.9	9.5	14.3	14.6	11.3
Decile 9	%	9.4	9.3	9.1	10.6	8.1	6.5	16.1	14.1	9.4
Decile 10	%	12.5	10.3	9.0	11.7	7.1	5.4	23.5	13.7	10.7
Total	'000	2 067.0	1 583.1	1 232.3	617.2	525.6	162.5	105.4	48.2	6 341.9
Household income not stated or not known	'000	261.2	198.5	159.3	86.0	58.4	19.4	11.5	7.7	802.2
Total (e)	'000	2 328.2	1 781.7	1 391.6	703.2	584.0	181.9	116.9	55.9	7 144.1

⁽a) This table has not changed from the previous report.

Source: ABS (unpublished) 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

⁽b) Deciles are based on total equivalised gross household income measures obtained from the ABS Census of Population and Housing (2006).

⁽c) Data is provided for occupied private dwellings (households).

⁽d) Includes other territories.

⁽e) Excludes the population whose income was 'Not applicable'.

Table AA.27 Number of people receiving ABSTUDY, Austudy or Youth allowance income support payments, by Indigenous status, 2007–2013 ('000) (a), (b) (c)

	b), (c)								
	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust (d)
Indigenous									_
ABSTUDY (e))								
2007	3 632	874	2 754	1 218	933	379	89	661	10 548
2008	3 803	904	2 726	1 147	911	320	78	693	10 591
2009	4 068	935	2 789	1 285	951	347	119	697	11 195
2010	4 297	965	2 877	1 321	935	346	117	624	11 491
2011	4 639	998	3 050	1 184	958	402	108	673	12 045
2012	4 391	951	2 785	1 009	840	334	129	558	11 010
2013	3 680	880	2 355	804	758	301	102	480	9 363
Austudy (f)									
2007	27	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	61
2008	26	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	73
2009	35	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np
2010	37	21	24	np	np	np	np	np	106
2011	39	20	27	np	np	np	np	np	110
2012	56	20	46	np	np	np	np	np	142
2013	68	np	45	np	np	np	np	np	165
Youth allowar	nce (g)								
2007	4 543	826	3 082	2 032	835	521	102	1 973	13 914
2008	4 572	818	3 219	1 941	860	472	113	1 817	13 812
2009	5 038	946	4 025	2 211	880	536	115	1 573	15 348
2010	5 098	1 088	4 736	2 332	983	532	119	1 776	16 682
2011	5 026	1 014	4 833	2 312	1 001	506	122	1 699	14 151
2012	4 709	1 008	4 476	2 041	960	525	94	1 472	15 305
2013	6 001	1 287	5 711	2 662	1 216	591	140	2 032	19 648
Non-Indigenous (h)								
Austudy (f)									
2007	8 482	7 950	5 280	2 784	2 795	1 062	475	125	28 953
2008	9 154	8 269	4 882	2 442	2 754	1 093	462	108	29 164
2009	11 050	9 484	5 707	2 703	3 054	1 147	561	102	34 081
2010	12 357	10 467	6 540	2 930	3 058	1 096	564	109	37 233
2011	12 588	11 249	7 119	3 196	3 203	1 055	521	118	39 103
2012	12 906	11 903	7 730	3 071	3 393	1 132	589	135	40 900
2013	14 404	13 041	9 237	3 351	3 806	1 223	622	152	45 874
Youth allowar	nce (g)								
2007	105 471	92 181	54 942	23 969	27 341	10 309	4 892	1 099	320 204
2008	103 716	88 833	51 320	21 606	26 718	9 781	4 640	963	307 577
2009	114 534	97 836	60 742	24 669	28 796	10 179	5 652	914	346 223
2010	120 927	104 094	67 522	27 050	30 307	10 521	6 004	957	368 800
2011	129 654	112 390	72 421	27 939	33 135	11 471	5 057	1 121	394 534
2012	108 939	98 801	63 077	23 474	29 056	9 654	5 529	847	339 969
2013	107 328	100 139	65 613	23 400	29 166	9 402	5 507	847	341 848

Table AA.27 Number of people receiving ABSTUDY, Austudy or Youth allowance income support payments, by Indigenous status, 2007–2013 ('000) (a), (b), (c)

NSW Vic Qld WA SA Tas ACT NT Aust (d)

- (a) Indigenous: Customer identified as being Indigenous Australian. This includes if the customer has identified himself or herself as being of Aboriginal, Torres Strait Islander or South Seas Islander origin. Please note that Centrelink officially defines Indigenous Australians as being of Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander descent. Includes the following categories: Aboriginal; Aboriginal & Torres Strait & South Sea Islander; Aboriginal & South Sea Islander; Both Aboriginal & Torres Strait Islander; Torres Strait Islander & South Sea Islander.
 - Non-Indigenous: Customer not identified as being Indigenous Australian. Please note that it is optional for customers to identify as Indigenous so this limitation should be considered in any application or use of this information. These data may represent an undercount. Includes the following categories: not Aboriginal/Torres Strait but is South Sea Islander; not Aboriginal/Torres Strait/South Sea Islander; South Sea Islander; does not wish to declare if they are or are not Indigenous.
- (b) All cells that have a value of less than 20, including zero, have been changed to display not published (np). This rule has been employed for privacy reasons. Where the total fields are included these will only have a value when it does not make it possible to work out the value of any "<20" fields. Not published (np) will be inserted in cells when it may be possible to estimate customer numbers. This will prevent information from being broken down or manipulated to the degree that individuals may be identified, and to cover the legal requirement to protect an individual's privacy.
- (c) All data are point in time data. Depending on the particular payment type, data are reported at various points in time across June and July. Data includes recipients who are determined to be current (i.e. entitled to be paid) on the Centrelink payment system.
- (d) The Australian total includes population where State/Territory was unknown and where an individual resides internationally.
- (e) Living allowance for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander customers aged 16–64 years studying or undertaking an Australian Apprenticeship. In January 2012 the Family Tax Benefit became the primary payment for full-time secondary students aged at least 16 years which has resulted in a decrease in the number of recipients of student payments.
- (f) Income support payment for customers aged 25 years or more and studying or undertaking an Australian Apprenticeship full-time. Customers must be aged 25 years or over to qualify.
- (g) Income support payment for young people who are studying, undertaking training or an Australian Apprenticeship, looking for work or sick. Customers must be aged 16–24 years to qualify. For those looking for full-time work a change in the age of eligibility from 16-21 years to 16-22 years and a more generous income test for that group took place from 1 January 2012 which reflects an increase in the Youth Allowance data.
- (h) Non-Indigenous category includes population where Indigenous status was unknown.

np Not published.

Source: Centrelink (unpublished).

Table AA.28 People aged 20 years or over, by highest year of school completed and Indigenous status, 2012-13 ('000)

		, —	, .	,					
	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Indigenous									
Year 8 or below (a)	12.2	2.6	10.1	5.1	2.3	1.3	*0.2	8.7	42.5
Year 9 or equivalent	16.1	3.1	9.5	4.5	2.2	1.1	*0.2	4.5	41.2
Year 10 or equivalent	37.2	6.1	28.4	15.0	4.1	5.1	0.6	8.6	105.2
Year 11 or equivalent	9.0	3.3	11.2	7.6	4.4	1.1	*0.1	5.9	42.6
Year 12 or equivalent	23.1	6.6	28.6	9.9	5.0	3.0	2.1	7.3	85.6
Not stated	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	97.6	21.8	87.8	42.1	18.0	11.6	3.1	35.0	317.1
Non-Indigenous									
Year 8 or below (a)	123.1	100.4	69.6	24.5	26.0	7.7	*2.7	2.3	356.2
Year 9 or equivalent	192.7	147.5	93.2	39.6	37.4	19.5	*3.2	4.6	537.9
Year 10 or equivalent	983.3	454.3	631.2	325.4	159.4	99.8	28.9	23.0	2 705.4
Year 11 or equivalent	188.5	446.2	209.3	179.8	199.6	23.9	8.9	18.4	1 274.6
Year 12 or equivalent	2 700.2	2 223.1	1 610.6	844.9	538.6	125.6	184.8	68.6	8 296.5
Not stated	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	4 187.9	3 371.5	2 613.9	1 414.3	961.0	276.4	228.7	116.9	13 170.6

⁽a) Includes no educational attainment.

Source: ABS (unpublished) 2012-13 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey and ABS (unpublished) Survey of Education and Work, 2012, Cat. no. 6227.0.

^{*} Estimate has relevant standard error greater than 25 per cent but less than 50 per cent and should be used with caution.

⁻ Nil or rounded to zero.

Table AA.29 Level of highest education, persons aged 20–64 years, 2012 (a), (b)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Persons ('000)										
Level of highest non-school qualification	n									
Postgraduate Degree	no.	292.8	207.2	110.3	63.9	37.4	12.0	25.2	6.0	754.8
Grad Diploma/Grad Certificate	no.	84.1	119.0	51.2	37.4	21.8	7.7	13.9	3.3	338.4
Bachelor Degree	no.	899.9	727.7	481.4	275.1	156.5	46.9	63.0	23.5	2 673.9
Advanced Diploma/Diploma	no.	485.6	402.2	273.7	155.8	98.6	23.7	19.4	14.4	1 473.3
Certificate III/IV	no.	814.3	564.6	539.9	294.3	201.2	65.1	32.9	23.2	2 535.5
Certificate II (c)	no.	145.5	90.1	88.3	43.9	35.4	11.3	4.7	2.1	421.3
Highest year of school completed (d)										
Year 12	no.	2 718.1	2 226.9	1 639.0	849.8	542.0	128.3	185.4	71.4	8 360.7
Year 10/11	no.	1 208.4	907.2	861.7	516.2	365.5	130.6	39.1	47.1	4 075.8
Below Year 10	no.	335.1	251.4	173.8	68.5	65.7	28.8	6.1	9.6	939.0
Total persons (e)	no.	4 261.6	3 385.5	2 674.5	1 434.4	973.2	287.6	230.6	128.1	13 375.5
Proportion of total										
Level of highest non-school qualification	n									
Postgraduate Degree	%	6.9	6.1	4.1	4.5	3.8	4.2	10.9	4.7	5.6
Grad Diploma/Grad Certificate	%	2.0	3.5	1.9	2.6	2.2	2.7	6.0	2.5	2.5
Bachelor Degree	%	21.1	21.5	18.0	19.2	16.1	16.3	27.3	18.3	20.0
Advanced Diploma/Diploma	%	11.4	11.9	10.2	10.9	10.1	8.2	8.4	11.2	11.0
Certificate III/IV	%	19.1	16.7	20.2	20.5	20.7	22.6	14.3	18.1	19.0
Certificate II (c)	%	3.4	2.7	3.3	3.1	3.6	3.9	2.0	1.6	3.1
Highest year of school completed (d)										
Year 12	%	63.8	65.8	61.3	59.2	55.7	44.6	80.4	55.7	62.5
Year 10/11	%	28.4	26.8	32.2	36.0	37.6	45.4	17.0	36.8	30.5
Below Year 10	%	7.9	7.4	6.5	4.8	6.8	10.0	2.7	7.5	7.0
Total persons (e)	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
RSE of proportion										

Level of highest non-school qualification

SCRGSP REPORT TO CRC DECEMBER 2013

Table AA.29 Level of highest education, persons aged 20–64 years, 2012 (a), (b)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Postgraduate Degree	%	3.7	6.2	6.8	9.4	8.1	11.1	8.4	17.1	2.9
Grad Diploma/Grad Certificate	%	9.5	8.2	12.0	9.5	9.8	11.8	10.5	13.8	4.7
Bachelor Degree	%	2.7	2.3	4.1	3.4	4.1	6.0	5.0	7.3	1.3
Advanced Diploma/Diploma	%	2.7	3.0	4.1	4.2	4.7	6.0	11.2	9.4	1.7
Certificate III/IV	%	2.7	2.6	3.2	3.8	3.2	3.3	8.6	5.9	1.2
Certificate II (c)	%	5.9	8.4	6.5	9.6	7.7	10.9	22.3	23.2	3.9
Highest year of school completed (d)										
Year 12	%	0.8	1.4	1.1	1.5	1.6	2.8	1.8	2.8	0.6
Year 10/11	%	2.0	2.9	1.8	2.4	2.6	2.8	6.8	3.7	1.0
Below Year 10	%	3.7	5.5	5.9	9.4	7.3	7.4	21.7	14.4	2.4
95 per cent confidence interval										
Level of highest non-school qualificat	tion									
Postgraduate Degree	%	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.8	0.6	0.9	1.8	1.6	0.3
Grad Diploma/Grad Certificate	%	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.6	1.2	0.7	0.2
Bachelor Degree	%	1.1	1.0	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.9	2.7	2.6	0.5
Advanced Diploma/Diploma	%	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.8	2.1	0.4
Certificate III/IV	%	1.0	0.9	1.3	1.5	1.3	1.5	2.4	2.1	0.4
Certificate II (c)	%	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.2
Highest year of school completed (d)										
Year 12	%	1.1	1.9	1.3	1.8	1.8	2.4	2.8	3.1	0.7
Year 10/11	%	1.1	1.5	1.1	1.7	1.9	2.5	2.3	2.6	0.6
Below Year 10	%	0.6	8.0	8.0	0.9	1.0	1.4	1.1	2.1	0.3

⁽a) Based on level of highest non-school qualification and highest year of school completed.

⁽b) The exclusion of people in very remote areas in SEW should have negligible impact on non-Indigenous results for all states and territories.

⁽c) Includes people whose level of highest non-school qualification was Certificate I and II not further defined.

⁽d) For people without non-school qualifications, together with those whose highest level of non-school qualification, was Certificate I, Certificate not further defined or whose level of education could not be determined.

⁽e) Components do not add to the total as people are only counted once in the total.

Table AA.29 Level of highest education, persons aged 20–64 years, 2012 (a), (b)

Uni		SW Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
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Source: ABS (unpublished) Survey of Education and Work, 2012, Cat. no. 6227.0.

Table AA.30 Level of highest education, persons aged 20–64 years, 2011 (a), (b)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Persons ('000)										
Level of highest non-school qualification										
Postgraduate Degree	no.	259.8	191.1	104.1	56.7	32.9	8.7	23.0	5.5	681.8
Grad Diploma/Grad Certificate	no.	87.5	98.0	53.2	28.7	20.1	5.7	14.8	2.9	310.8
Bachelor Degree	no.	849.3	701.8	450.8	234.5	160.6	45.1	62.2	19.8	2 524.1
Advanced Diploma/Diploma	no.	445.5	352.2	255.9	143.0	95.6	23.3	22.3	9.1	1 347.0
Certificate III/IV	no.	806.4	573.2	572.5	283.1	181.2	62.0	27.2	24.4	2 530.1
Certificate II (c)	no.	157.8	103.7	78.9	40.2	39.4	13.3	5.0	3.2	441.5
Highest year of school completed (d)										
Year 12	no.	2 627.7	2 111.3	1 560.3	828.3	535.7	128.8	180.0	60.6	8 032.7
Year 10/11	no.	1 273.9	956.5	941.4	506.5	361.4	130.2	39.8	51.1	4 260.7
Below Year 10	no.	397.2	299.8	184.0	76.5	73.0	28.0	6.8	11.7	1 077.1
Total Persons (e)	no.	4 298.7	3 367.6	2 685.6	1 411.3	970.1	287.0	226.7	123.4	13 370.5
Proportion of total										
Level of highest non-school qualification										
Postgraduate Degree	%	6.0	5.7	3.9	4.0	3.4	3.0	10.1	4.4	5.1
Grad Diploma/Grad Certificate	%	2.0	2.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.0	6.5	2.3	2.3
Bachelor Degree	%	19.8	20.8	16.8	16.6	16.6	15.7	27.4	16.1	18.9
Advanced Diploma/Diploma	%	10.4	10.5	9.5	10.1	9.9	8.1	9.8	7.4	10.1
Certificate III/IV	%	18.8	17.0	21.3	20.1	18.7	21.6	12.0	19.8	18.9
Certificate II (c)	%	3.7	3.1	2.9	2.8	4.1	4.6	2.2	2.6	3.3
Highest year of school completed (d)										
Year 12	%	61.1	62.7	58.1	58.7	55.2	44.9	79.4	49.1	60.1
Year 10/11	%	29.6	28.4	35.1	35.9	37.3	45.4	17.6	41.4	31.9
Below Year 10	%	9.2	8.9	6.9	5.4	7.5	9.8	3.0	9.5	8.1
Total Persons (e)	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
RSE of proportion										

RSE of proportion

Level of highest non-school qualification

Table AA.30 Level of highest education, persons aged 20–64 years, 2011 (a), (b)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Postgraduate Degree	%	6.4	5.5	7.9	6.2	11.9	14.1	9.8	11.7	2.8
Grad Diploma/Grad Certificate	%	5.7	8.4	11.8	11.3	13.1	19.3	10.3	17.1	3.8
Bachelor Degree	%	2.3	3.0	3.3	4.6	3.5	7.5	5.4	6.7	1.5
Advanced Diploma/Diploma	%	2.8	3.9	4.3	4.6	6.1	7.8	9.6	7.0	1.8
Certificate III/IV	%	3.3	3.2	2.9	3.3	3.9	5.6	7.0	7.0	1.5
Certificate II (c)	%	5.6	7.5	8.0	10.3	10.7	11.5	16.1	21.1	3.5
Highest year of school completed (d)										
Year 12	%	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.9	3.5	2.2	3.2	0.6
Year 10/11	%	2.2	1.8	1.8	2.4	2.6	3.4	8.9	3.2	1.0
Below Year 10	%	4.2	4.7	8.0	6.5	7.3	8.4	15.7	9.1	2.3
95 per cent confidence interval										
Level of highest non-school qualification										
Postgraduate Degree	%	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.8	0.8	2.0	1.0	0.3
Grad Diploma/Grad Certificate	%	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.7	1.3	8.0	0.2
Bachelor Degree	%	0.9	1.2	1.1	1.5	1.1	2.3	2.9	2.1	0.5
Advanced Diploma/Diploma	%	0.6	8.0	0.8	0.9	1.2	1.2	1.9	1.0	0.4
Certificate III/IV	%	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	2.4	1.6	2.7	0.6
Certificate II (c)	%	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	8.0	1.0	0.7	1.1	0.2
Highest year of school completed (d)										
Year 12	%	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.8	2.0	3.1	3.5	3.1	0.7
Year 10/11	%	1.3	1.0	1.2	1.7	1.9	3.1	3.1	2.6	0.6
Below Year 10	%	0.8	0.8	1.1	0.7	1.1	1.6	0.9	1.7	0.4

⁽a) Based on level of highest non-school qualification and highest year of school completed.

⁽b) The exclusion of people in very remote areas in SEW should have negligible impact on non-Indigenous results for all states and territories.

⁽c) Includes people whose level of highest non-school qualification was Certificate I and II not further defined.

⁽d) For people without non-school qualifications, together with those whose highest level of non-school qualification, was Certificate I, Certificate not further defined or whose level of education could not be determined.

⁽e) Components do not add to the Total as people are only counted once in the Total.

Table AA.30 Level of highest education, persons aged 20–64 years, 2011 (a), (b)

Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
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Source: ABS (unpublished) Survey of Education and Work, 2011, cat. no. 6227.0.

Table AA.31 Level of highest educational attainment, persons aged 20–64 years, by Indigenous status, 2012-13 ('000) (a)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Indigenous									
Bachelor Degree or above	6.7	2.3	4.2	1.8	1.5	1.0	0.9	1.4	19.8
Advanced Diploma/Diploma	7.1	1.8	6.6	*1.5	0.9	0.9	*0.3	1.1	20.2
Certificate III/IV	24.8	6.8	19.3	8.0	5.4	2.9	0.5	4.8	72.5
Year 12 or Cert I /II (b)(c)(d)	15.4	3.7	19.3	9.4	3.1	np	np	8.3	62.2
Year 11(d)	*4.2	*0.8	6.3	4.7	1.4	np	np	3.4	21.0
Year 10 or below (d)	39.4	6.5	32.2	16.7	5.7	4.4	0.5	16.0	121.3
Total (d)	97.6	21.8	87.8	42.1	18.0	11.6	3.1	35.0	317.1
Non-Indigenous									
Postgraduate Degree	292.3	206.3	109.3	62.8	37.0	11.9	25.2	6.0	750.9
Grad Diploma/Grad Certificate	83.1	119.0	51.2	37.1	21.8	7.7	13.9	3.3	337.1
Bachelor Degree	898.1	727.7	477.9	274.3	155.7	46.7	62.7	22.9	2 665.9
Total (Bachelor Degree or above)	1 273.5	1 053.0	638.4	374.2	214.5	66.3	101.9	32.1	3 753.8
Advanced Diploma/Diploma	478.7	401.8	271.4	155.1	97.4	22.9	19.0	13.3	1 459.7
Certificate III/IV	798.2	559.2	525.5	290.3	199.0	62.2	32.7	21.4	2 488.5
Year 12 or Cert I /II (b)(c)	859.4	717.5	617.1	292.6	205.5	44.5	54.7	23.0	2 814.1
Year 11	81.0	212.6	107.6	87.0	96.6	11.0	3.6	9.2	608.6
Year 10 or below (d)	697.1	427.4	454.0	215.0	148.1	69.6	16.8	17.8	2 045.8
Total (d)	4 187.9	3 371.5	2 613.9	1 414.3	961.0	276.4	228.7	116.9	13 170.6

⁽a) Table excludes 'Level of highest educational attainment not stated' and 'Indigenous status not stated'.

Source: ABS (unpublished) 2012-13 NATSIHS and ABS (unpublished) Survey of Education and Work, 2012, Cat. no. 6227.0.

⁽b) Includes Certificate I or II not further defined.

⁽c) Year 12 or Certificate II equivalent highest educational attainment. Includes Certificate I level attaintment.

⁽d) Includes No non-school qualification and Level not determined.

^{*} Estimate has relevant standard error greater than 25 per cent but less than 50 per cent and should be used with caution. **np** Not published.

General economic indicators

Table AA.32 Unemployment rate (original) of labour force participants aged 15 years or over by sex, by year, June 2001-2013 (per cent) (a), (b)

	years or	over by	sex, by	year, Ju	ne 2001	-2013 (p	er cent) ((a), (b)	
	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Male									
June 2001	6.1	5.9	8.5	8.2	7.9	9.8	6.6	8.6	7.0
June 2002	6.0	6.0	7.0	5.9	7.4	9.3	5.1	4.6	6.3
June 2003	6.1	5.7	6.4	5.5	6.5	9.4	4.2	6.1	6.1
June 2004	5.3	5.2	5.3	4.4	6.1	7.8	3.3	6.7	5.3
June 2005	4.9	4.9	3.9	4.4	5.0	6.2	2.7	4.9	4.6
June 2006	5.2	4.6	4.0	3.0	4.6	7.4	2.8	4.4	4.6
June 2007	4.3	3.8	3.1	3.4	4.9	4.3	3.0	5.4	3.9
June 2008	4.4	4.3	3.3	2.8	4.5	3.3	2.5	3.7	3.9
June 2009	6.4	6.6	5.9	5.4	5.6	4.5	3.8	4.5	6.1
June 2010	5.3	5.1	5.0	3.8	4.9	7.3	3.1	2.9	5.0
June 2011	4.9	4.2	4.7	4.4	4.9	5.0	4.2	3.5	4.6
June 2012	5.1	4.8	4.8	2.6	6.0	8.0	3.9	4.5	4.8
June 2013	5.1	5.8	6.5	4.5	5.6	8.9	3.3	5.3	5.6
Female									
June 2001	5.5	6.3	7.7	7.7	6.4	7.4	4.4	5.6	6.4
June 2002	6.0	6.0	8.0	4.8	5.9	6.9	3.9	5.4	6.2
June 2003	5.4	5.7	7.0	5.0	5.4	6.6	3.5	5.9	5.7
June 2004	5.4	5.1	5.7	5.7	6.0	5.0	3.1	5.1	5.4
June 2005	4.9	5.2	5.5	5.0	5.3	5.0	3.1	3.9	5.1
June 2006	5.2	5.1	5.0	3.8	4.4	5.1	2.1	5.2	4.9
June 2007	4.8	5.3	4.0	4.1	4.4	5.6	3.0	3.4	4.7
June 2008	4.8	4.7	4.3	3.7	4.6	4.3	2.1	3.6	4.5
June 2009	6.3	5.2	4.8	5.4	4.5	3.9	3.3	3.0	5.4
June 2010	5.0	5.5	5.4	4.5	5.2	4.6	3.2	2.8	5.1
June 2011	5.5	4.8	5.6	4.0	4.4	5.1	3.8	3.2	5.1
June 2012	5.1	5.8	5.4	4.8	5.8	5.9	3.8	3.8	5.3
June 2013	5.6	5.3	5.8	4.5	5.5	8.7	3.9	5.9	5.5
Persons									
June 2001	5.8	6.1	8.1	8.0	7.2	8.8	5.6	7.2	6.7
June 2002	6.0	6.0	7.5	5.4	6.7	8.2	4.5	4.9	6.3
June 2003	5.7	5.7	6.7	5.3	6.0	8.2	3.8	6.0	5.9
June 2004	5.3	5.2	5.5	5.0	6.1	6.6	3.2	6.0	5.3
June 2005	4.9	5.0	4.6	4.7	5.2	5.6	2.9	4.5	4.8
June 2006	5.2	4.8	4.5	3.3	4.5	6.4	2.5	4.7	4.7
June 2007	4.5	4.5	3.5	3.7	4.7	4.9	3.0	4.5	4.2
June 2008	4.5	4.5	3.7	3.2	4.5	3.8	2.3	3.7	4.1
June 2009	6.4	5.9	5.4	5.4	5.1	4.2	3.6	3.8	5.7
June 2010	5.2	5.3	5.2	4.1	5.0	6.0	3.2	2.9	5.0
June 2011	5.2	4.5	5.1	4.2	4.7	5.0	4.0	3.4	4.8
June 2012	5.1	5.3	5.1	3.6	5.9	7.0	3.8	4.2	5.0
June 2013	5.3	5.6	6.2	4.5	5.6	8.8	3.6	5.5	5.5

Table AA.32 Unemployment rate (original) of labour force participants aged 15 years or over by sex, by year, June 2001-2013 (per cent) (a), (b)

NSW Vic Qld WA SA Tas ACT NT Aust

- (a) The LFS sample covers about 0.33 per cent of the Australian civilian population aged 15 years or over. The LFS is designed primarily to provide estimates of key labour force statistics for the whole of Australia and, secondarily, for each State and Territory.
- (b) Figures for 2009 to 2012 have been revised since the previous cycle due to rebenchmarking revisions which occurred in July 2010 and November 2012. Further revisions to all data will occur from January 2014 when the ERP base will be changed from 2006 to 2011.

Source: ABS (2013) Labour Force, Australia, Cat. no. 6202.0, Table 12, Labour force status by sex - states and territories.

Table AA.33 Labour force participation rate (original) of the civilian population aged 15 years or over by sex, by year, June 2001-2013 (per cent) (a), (b)

	(b)								
	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Male									
June 2001	70.5	72.6	72.3	75.3	67.9	66.5	78.7	80.2	71.8
June 2002	70.7	72.1	73.1	75.1	68.6	65.9	77.4	79.5	71.8
June 2003	70.4	70.7	71.7	75.0	69.5	66.2	76.0	78.6	71.2
June 2004	70.7	71.6	72.2	73.5	69.8	67.8	76.7	75.6	71.5
June 2005	70.6	72.5	73.3	75.8	69.6	67.1	76.7	72.2	72.1
June 2006	70.6	72.5	73.3	75.7	68.8	68.3	77.4	75.9	72.1
June 2007	71.2	72.6	74.1	76.5	68.8	67.4	78.7	77.1	72.6
June 2008	71.8	72.7	73.7	75.8	70.4	68.3	78.0	77.3	72.8
June 2009	70.8	72.0	73.6	76.4	68.8	66.2	77.2	82.3	72.2
June 2010	70.4	71.9	74.4	76.2	68.9	66.6	76.4	78.9	72.2
June 2011	70.0	72.7	72.8	76.2	69.8	65.4	78.0	75.8	72.0
June 2012	70.0	71.7	72.4	76.2	69.3	65.4	75.9	76.7	71.6
June 2013	70.4	72.0	71.9	75.9	69.0	65.1	76.4	80.9	71.7
Female									
June 2001	54.0	54.6	57.5	58.4	52.0	49.6	68.4	69.7	55.3
June 2002	53.7	54.6	57.1	57.1	53.2	50.1	68.0	66.7	55.1
June 2003	54.6	55.8	58.1	57.2	54.1	49.8	66.7	65.5	55.9
June 2004	54.4	54.8	57.6	57.0	53.6	51.2	66.7	66.4	55.5
June 2005	55.4	56.4	60.0	59.2	55.0	52.9	68.2	64.6	57.1
June 2006	56.4	57.1	59.9	59.5	55.7	54.9	69.0	68.6	57.8
June 2007	56.1	57.6	60.9	60.5	55.6	52.8	68.5	68.3	58.0
June 2008	57.0	57.9	61.3	60.7	56.0	55.1	68.4	70.8	58.6
June 2009	57.5	57.6	61.3	60.8	57.5	55.1	67.4	71.5	58.8
June 2010	56.0	58.4	61.4	60.7	57.1	57.2	69.6	67.5	58.6
June 2011	57.0	59.2	61.7	60.7	57.3	54.9	67.9	67.6	59.1
June 2012	56.7	59.7	59.9	61.3	56.8	54.7	69.3	67.9	58.8
June 2013	57.6	59.3	59.8	60.5	56.1	56.3	67.9	70.5	58.9
Persons									
June 2001	62.1	63.4	64.8	66.8	59.8	57.8	73.4	75.0	63.4
June 2002	62.1	63.1	65.0	66.1	60.7	57.8	72.6	73.3	63.3
June 2003	62.3	63.1	64.8	66.1	61.6	57.8	71.2	72.2	63.4
June 2004	62.4	63.0	64.8	65.2	61.5	59.3	71.5	71.1	63.4
June 2005	62.8	64.3	66.5	67.5	62.2	59.8	72.3	68.5	64.5
June 2006	63.4	64.6	66.5	67.6	62.1	61.4	73.1	72.3	64.8
June 2007	63.5	64.9	67.4	68.6	62.0	59.9	73.5	72.7	65.2
June 2008	64.3	65.2	67.4	68.3	63.0	61.5	73.1	74.1	65.6
June 2009	64.0	64.7	67.4	68.7	63.0	60.5	72.2	77.0	65.4
June 2010	63.0	65.0	67.9	68.5	62.9	61.8	73.0	73.2	65.3
June 2011	63.4	65.8	67.2	68.6	63.4	60.1	72.8	71.8	65.4
June 2012	63.2	65.6	66.1	68.9	63.0	60.0	72.6	72.4	65.1
June 2013	63.9	65.5	65.8	68.3	62.4	60.6	72.1	75.8	65.2

Table AA.33 Labour force participation rate (original) of the civilian population aged 15 years or over by sex, by year, June 2001-2013 (per cent) (a), (b)

NSW Vic Qld WA SA Tas ACT NT Aust

- (a) The LFS sample covers about 0.33 per cent of the Australian civilian population aged 15 years or over. The LFS is designed primarily to provide estimates of key labour force statistics for the whole of Australia and, secondarily, for each State and Territory.
- (b) Figures for 2009 to 2012 have been revised since the previous cycle due to rebenchmarking revisions which occurred in July 2010 and November 2012. Further revisions to all data will occur from January 2014 when the ERP base will be changed from 2006 to 2011.

Source: ABS (2013) Labour Force, Australia, Cat. no. 6202.0, Table 12, Labour force status by sex - states and territories.