

National Agreement Performance Information 2009-10

National Disability
Agreement

*Steering Committee
for the Review of
Government
Service Provision*

December 2010

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**Steering Committee for the
Review of Government
Service Provision**

Mr Paul McClintock AO
Chairman
COAG Reform Council
Level 24, 6 O'Connell Street
SYDNEY NSW 2000

Dear Mr McClintock

In accordance with Schedule C of the *Intergovernmental Agreement on Federal Financial Relations* I am pleased to submit to you the Steering Committee's report on the performance data for the *National Disability Agreement*.

This report is one of four Steering Committee reports that provide performance data on the National Agreements related to healthcare, affordable housing, disability and Indigenous reform. A separate appendix provides additional contextual information to assist in interpreting the information in this report.

This report was produced with the assistance of Australian, State and Territory Government departments and agencies, and a number of statistical bodies. The Steering Committee would like to record its appreciation for the efforts of all those involved in the development of this report.

Yours sincerely



Gary Banks AO
Chairman

23 December 2010

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This Report

The Steering Committee for the Review of Government Service Provision was requested by COAG to collate information relevant to the performance indicators in the National Agreements, and to provide it to the COAG Reform Council. The COAG Reform Council subsequently requested the Steering Committee to include information on all categories of performance information set out in each National Agreement, including those variously referred to as performance indicators, progress measures, outputs, benchmarks and targets.

The information in this report is an input to the COAG Reform Council's analysis. To facilitate the COAG Reform Council's work, this report contains the following information:

- background and roles and responsibilities of various parties in National Agreement performance reporting
- contextual information relevant to the *National Disability Agreement*
- overview of the outputs, performance indicators, performance benchmarks and key issues in performance reporting for the *National Disability Agreement*
- individual indicator specifications and summaries of data issues
- attachment tables containing the performance data. The electronic version of this report contains electronic links between indicator specifications and attachment tables, to assist navigation through the report. Attachment tables are also available in excel format.

The original data quality statements provided by data collection agencies are also provided as an attachment to this report.

Steering Committee

This Report was produced under the direction of the Steering Committee for the Review of Government Service Provision (SCRGSP). The Steering Committee comprises the following current members:

Mr Gary Banks	Chairman	Productivity Commission
Mr Ron Perry	Aust. Govt.	Department of Prime Minister and Cabinet
Ms Sue Vroombout	Aust. Govt.	Department of the Treasury
Mr David de Carvalho	Aust. Govt.	Department of Finance and Deregulation
Ms Liz Develin	NSW	Department of Premier and Cabinet
Mr Kevin Cosgriff	NSW	NSW Treasury
Ms Katy Haire	Vic	Department of Premier and Cabinet
Mr Tony Bates	Vic	Department of Treasury and Finance
Ms Amanda Scanlon	Qld	Department of the Premier and Cabinet
Mr John O'Connell	Qld	Queensland Treasury
Mr Warren Hill	WA	Department of the Premier and Cabinet
Mr David Christmas	WA	Department of Treasury and Finance
Mr Chris McGowan	SA	Department of the Premier and Cabinet
Mr David Reynolds	SA	Department of Treasury and Finance
Ms Rebekah Burton	Tas	Department of Premier and Cabinet
Ms Pam Davoren	ACT	Chief Minister's Department
Ms Jenny Coccetti	NT	Department of the Chief Minister
Mr Tony Stubbin	NT	NT Treasury
Mr Trevor Sutton		Australian Bureau of Statistics
Dr Penny Allbon		Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

People who also served on the Steering Committee during the production of this Report include:

Mr John Ignatius	Aust. Govt.	Department of Finance and Deregulation
Ms Nazli Munir	NSW	Department of Premier and Cabinet
Mr Mark Ronsisvalle	NSW	NSW Treasury
Ms Sharon Bailey	Qld	Department of the Premier and Cabinet
Ms Lyn Genoni	WA	Department of the Premier and Cabinet
Mr Ben Wilson	SA	Department of the Premier and Cabinet
Ms Chris Christensen	SA	Department of the Premier and Cabinet
Ms Anne Coleman	NT	Department of the Chief Minister

Contents

This Report	V
Steering Committee	VII
Contents	IX
National Disability Agreement performance reporting	1
About this report	1
Performance reporting	7
Changes from the previous National Disability Agreement performance report	11
Context for National Disability Agreement performance reporting	13
Performance benchmarks	24
Performance indicators	37
Data Quality Statements	291
References	320
Acronyms and abbreviations	323
Glossary	326

National Disability Agreement performance reporting

Attachment tables

Data for the performance indicators in this report are presented in a separate set of attachment tables. Attachment tables are identified in references throughout this report by an 'NDA' suffix (for example, table NDA.3.1).

About this report

Background to National Agreement reporting

In November 2008, the Council of Australian Governments (COAG) endorsed a new Intergovernmental Agreement on Federal Financial Relations (IGA) (COAG 2009a). The Ministerial Council for Federal Financial Relations (MCFFR) has general oversight of the operations of the IGA [IGA para. A4(a)].

The IGA included six new National Agreements (NAs):

- *National Healthcare Agreement*
- *National Education Agreement*
- *National Agreement for Skills and Workforce Development*
- *National Affordable Housing Agreement*
- *National Disability Agreement*
- *National Indigenous Reform Agreement.*

COAG also agreed to a new form of payment — National Partnership (NP) payments — to fund specific projects and to facilitate and/or reward states and territories that deliver on nationally significant reforms.

Five of the NAs are associated with a national Specific Purpose Payment (SPP) that can provide funding to the states and territories for the sector covered by the NA. These five SPPs cover schools, vocational education and training (VET), disability services, healthcare and affordable housing. The *National Indigenous Reform Agreement* is not associated with a specific SPP, but draws together Indigenous elements from the other NAs and is associated with several NP agreements.

Under the reforms, each NA contains the objectives, outcomes, outputs and performance indicators for each sector, and clarifies the respective roles and responsibilities of the Commonwealth and the states and territories in the delivery of services. The performance of all governments in achieving mutually agreed outcomes and benchmarks specified in each NA will be monitored and assessed by the COAG Reform Council (CRC).

At its 7 December 2009 meeting, COAG determined that the Heads of Treasuries, in consultation with Senior Officials, would undertake a review of the NAs, NPs and Implementation Plans, and report their findings through the MCFFR to COAG by 31 December 2010. The review will consider:

- how consistent agreements are with the design principles of the IGA
- the clarity and transparency of objectives, outcomes, outputs and roles and responsibilities
- the quantity and quality of performance indicators and benchmarks (COAG 2009b).

National Agreement reporting roles and responsibilities

The IGA states that:

Para. C5 — The performance reporting framework for the National Agreements is based on:

- (a) high-level performance indicators for each National Agreement;
- (b) the *Steering Committee for the Review of Government Service Provision* (the Steering Committee) having overall responsibility for collating the necessary performance data; and
- (c) the [CRC] publishing performance data relating to National Agreements, and National Partnerships to the extent that they support the objectives in National Agreements, within three months of receipt from the Steering Committee, along with a comparative analysis of this performance information that:
 - i. focuses on the high-level National Agreement performance indicators;
 - ii. highlights examples of good practice;

-
- iii. highlights contextual differences between jurisdictions which are relevant to interpreting the data; and
 - iv. reflects COAG's intention to outline transparently the contribution of both levels of government to achieving performance benchmarks and to achieving continuous improvement against the outcomes, outputs and performance indicators.

The CRC are considering the impact of NPs on the achievement of the objectives of the NAs [para. C5 (c)]. The CRC has not requested the Steering Committee to include any performance data related to NPs in this report.

The IGA further specifies that:

The Steering Committee will provide the agreed performance information to the COAG Reform Council, desirably within three months and no later than six months after the reporting period to which the data relates. [para. C10]

Performance information in respect of the education and training sectors will be on a calendar year basis, commencing with performance information for 2008, and for all other sectors will be on a financial year basis, commencing with performance information for 2008-09. [para. C11]

...the *Steering Committee* will comment on the quality of the performance indicator data using quality statements prepared by the collection agencies which set out the quality attributes of the data using the Australian Bureau of Statistics' Quality Framework. [para. C12]

Role of the CRC

The IGA states that:

... the [CRC] will report to the Prime Minister...on:

- a) the publication of performance information for all jurisdictions against National Agreement outcomes and performance benchmarks;
- b) production of an analytical overview of performance information for each National Agreement, and National Partnership to the extent it supports the objectives in a National Agreement, noting that the [CRC] would draw on a range of sources, including existing subject experts;
- c) independent assessment of whether predetermined performance benchmarks have been achieved before an incentive payment to reward nationally significant reforms under National Partnerships is made;
- d) monitoring the aggregate pace of activity in progressing COAG's agreed reform agenda; and
- e) other matters referred by COAG. [para. A11]

The IGA further specifies that:

The [CRC] will provide annual reports to COAG containing the performance data. It will also report its own comparative analysis of the performance of governments in meeting the objectives of the National Agreements. The reports will also highlight examples of good practice and performance so that, over time, innovative reforms or methods of service delivery may be adopted by other jurisdictions. The parties [to the IGA] will provide the [CRC] the information necessary for it to fulfil its role, as directed by COAG. [para. C14]

The [CRCs] reports should be provided to COAG no later than three months after receiving the performance information from the *Steering Committee*. [para. C15]

In preparing its performance information reports, the [CRC] may draw upon other data collection agencies and subject experts it considers relevant to its work. [para. C16]

Role of the Steering Committee

The Steering Committee is required to report twice yearly to the CRC on performance under the NAs. Reports from the Steering Committee to the CRC are required:

- by end-June on the education and training sector (*National Education Agreement* and the *National Agreement for Skills and Workforce Development*), commencing with performance information for 2008
- by end-December on the other sectors (*National Healthcare Agreement*, the *National Affordable Housing Agreement*, the *National Disability Agreement* and the *National Indigenous Reform Agreement*), commencing with performance information for 2008-09
- including the provision of quality statements prepared by the collection agencies (based on the Australian Bureau of Statistics' [ABS] data quality framework).

The CRC has also requested the Steering Committee to collate performance data on the performance benchmarks for the reward components of the following three NP agreements:

- *National Partnership Agreement on Youth Attainment and Transitions*
- *National Partnership Agreement on Essential Vaccines*
- *National Partnership Agreement on the Elective Surgery Waiting List Reduction Plan* (from the second assessment report onwards for this NP).

The Steering Committee will report separately to the CRC on these three NP agreements.

Steering Committee report to Heads of Treasuries on data gaps in the National Performance Reporting Framework

The Steering Committee was asked by the Chair of the Heads of Treasuries Committee on Federal Financial Relations to draw together information on data gaps in the National Performance Reporting Framework. The first report addressed data gaps in the performance indicators in the National Agreements on education and training. The second report addressed data gaps in the indicators for the performance reporting categories covered in this report, and was submitted to the Heads of Treasuries Committee on 23 April 2010.

Role of Ministerial Councils and COAG Working Groups

The IGA states that:

The role of relevant Ministerial Councils, other than the Ministerial Council for Federal Financial Relations, and relevant COAG Working Groups with respect to [the IGA] includes recommending to COAG on:

- a) development of objectives, outcomes, outputs and performance indicators for National Agreements; and
- b) proposing new specific projects and reforms which could be supported by National Partnerships. [para. A9]

Ministerial Councils may also be consulted by the MCFFR, in relation to its roles in:

- maintaining a register of the national minimum data sets [para. C28]
- overseeing progress in improving the quality and timeliness of indicator data and the coordination of improvements in data collection processes, data quality and the timeliness of performance reporting for the National Performance Reporting System [para. C29].

Role of data collection agencies

Data collection agencies are responsible for providing the required data to the Steering Committee and preparing data quality statements ‘... which set out the quality attributes of the data using the ABS’ Quality Framework’ [para. C12].

As noted above, data collection agencies may also be called upon by the CRC, as the CRC prepares its performance information reports [para. C16].

Data collection agencies may also be consulted by the MCFFR, in relation to its roles in:

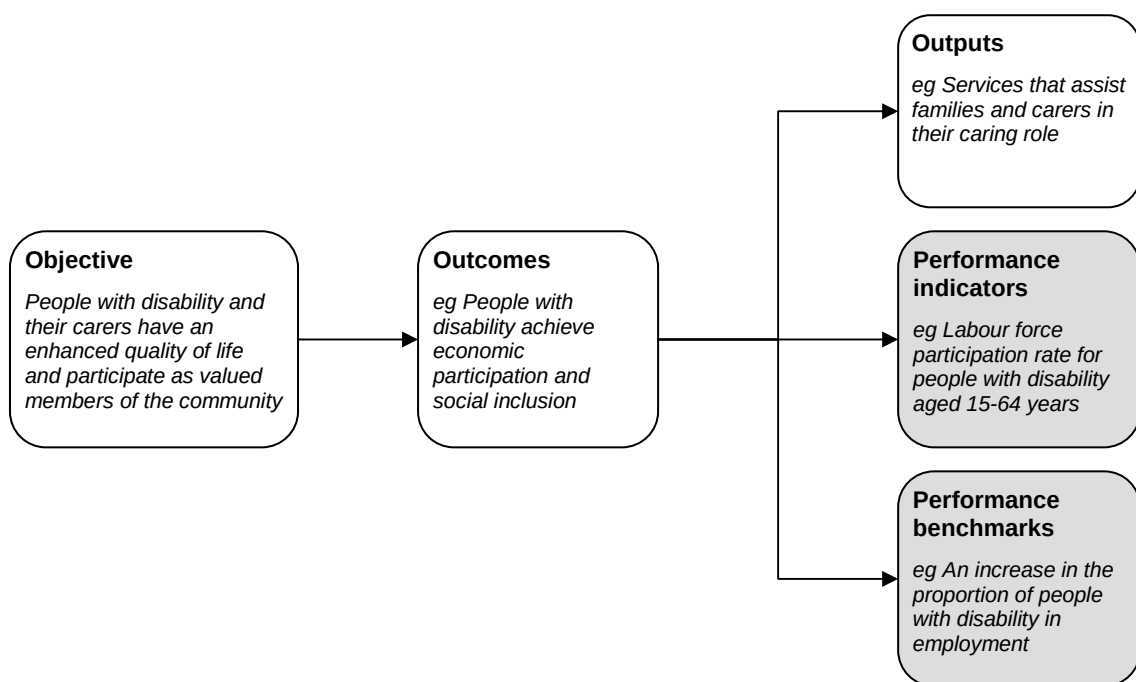
- maintaining a register of the national minimum data sets [para. C28]
- overseeing progress in improving the quality and timeliness of indicator data and the coordination of improvements in data collection processes, data quality and the timeliness of performance reporting for the National Performance Reporting System [para. C29].

Performance reporting

The Steering Committee is required to collate performance information for the *National Disability Agreement* (NDA) (COAG 2009c) and provide it to the CRC no later than 31 December 2010. The CRC has requested the Steering Committee to provide information on all performance categories in the National Agreements (variously referred to as ‘outputs’, ‘progress measures’, ‘performance indicators’, ‘performance benchmarks’ and ‘targets’).

The NDA includes the performance categories of ‘outputs’, ‘performance indicators’ and ‘performance benchmarks’. The links between the objectives, outcomes and associated performance categories in the NDA are illustrated in figure 1.

Figure 1 **NDA performance reporting^{a, b}**



^a Shaded boxes indicate reportable categories of performance information included in this report. ^b Although the NDA has multiple outcomes, outputs, performance indicators and performance benchmarks, only one example of each is included in this figure for illustrative purposes.

This report includes available data for the following:

- NDA performance benchmarks

-
- NDA performance indicators.

This is the second NDA performance report prepared by the Steering Committee, following the baseline report provided to the CRC in December 2009. The CRC has requested that data included in the baseline report not be reproduced in subsequent reports. Therefore, this report contains only data that relate to more recent reporting periods, or which have been revised since the baseline report.

This report contains the original data quality statements completed by relevant data collection agencies. In addition, this report includes comments by the Steering Committee on the quality of reported data based on the data quality statements, and identifies areas for development of NDA ‘performance indicators’ and ‘performance benchmarks’. Box 1 identifies the key issues in reporting on the performance categories in the NDA.

A separate appendix (*National Agreement Performance Information 2009-10: Appendix — Health, Affordable Housing, Disability and Indigenous Reform*) provides general contextual information about each jurisdiction, to assist interpretation of the performance data. Contextual information is provided on population size and trends, family and household characteristics, socioeconomic status and general economic indicators.

The objective of the NDA is that ‘people with disability and their carers have an enhanced quality of life and participate as valued members of the community’, with the focus of the NDA on the provision of specialist disability services for people with disability (though the NDA acknowledges this should be complemented by mainstream services) [para. 12]. In its previous report the Steering Committee identified the provision of mainstream services as an important, and potentially more efficient, way of delivering services to people with disability and their carers. Since that report, the draft National Disability Strategy (NDS) has been released. Further consideration is required to determine whether the NDA and/or the NDS is the more appropriate vehicle for measuring the responsiveness of mainstream services for people with disability.

Box 1 **Key issues in reporting against the NDA**

General comments

- Survey of Disability and Carers (SDAC) and National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey (NATSISS) data are only available every six years. More regular collection is required. The Steering Committee notes that the ABS is considering conducting the SDAC on a three-yearly cycle. Subject to more regular reporting of the SDAC, consideration could also be given to including the disability module in the National Aboriginal Torres Strait Islander Health Survey (NATSIHS), to enable a rolling three-yearly cycle of reporting for Indigenous people to complement three-yearly reporting for the general population.
- State and Territory data from the 2009 SDAC are anticipated to be available from February 2011, outside the IGA timeframe for inclusion in this report.
- The quality of Indigenous data varies substantially between jurisdictions and data sources. Further work is required to improve the quality of information on people with disability by Indigenous status.
- In its previous report the Steering Committee identified the provision of mainstream services as an important, and potentially more efficient, way of delivering services to people with disability and their carers. Since that report, the draft National Disability Strategy (NDS) has been released. Further consideration is required to determine whether the NDA and/or the NDS is the more appropriate vehicle for measuring the responsiveness of mainstream services for people with disability.

Performance benchmarks

- Of the six performance benchmarks, four could not be reported against.
- No new data were available for one performance benchmark:
 - *an increase in the proportion of people with disability in employment.*
- One performance benchmark was reported against using an interim measure:
 - *an increase in the proportion of younger people in, or at risk of entering, residential aged care assisted with more appropriate forms of accommodation, diversionary strategies and/or enhanced services*
- Measures have yet to be developed for three performance benchmarks:
 - *a decrease in the proportion of potential population with unmet demand for services*
 - *an increase in the proportion of people with disability accessing services who have an individualised service plan*
 - *all services are subject to quality improvement systems consistent with National Standards by 2010.*

(Continued next page)

Box 1 (continued)

Performance indicators

- Of the ten performance indicators, six could not be reported against.
- Measures are yet to be developed for two performance indicators:
 - *Proportion of people with disability who are satisfied with the range of disability service options and the quality of support received*
 - *Proportion of carers of people with disability who are satisfied with the range of disability service options and quality of support received.*
- No new data were available for four performance indicators, which utilise SDAC data:
 - *Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years*
 - *Proportion of people with disability who participate in social and community activities* (though 2003 baseline data were provided for one of the new measures for this indicator)
 - *Proportion of the potential population expressing unmet demand for disability support services*
 - *Labour force participation rate for carers aged 15–64 years of people with disability.*
- Of the four indicators reported against, one was reported against using an interim or proxy indicator:
 - *Proportion of carers of people with disability accessing support services to assist in their caring role*

The Steering Committee notes that further work is required to identify the full carer population to reflect more accurately the scope of the indicator.

Changes from the previous National Disability Agreement performance report

The CRC recommended changes to benchmarks and indicators in their NDA report to COAG (CRC 2010). This is consistent with the CRC's role under the IGA that 'the [CRC] may advise on where changes might be made to the performance reporting framework' [IGA para. C30]. The CRC report, including these recommendations, was submitted to COAG on 30 April 2010. COAG has yet to endorse the report.

In anticipation of COAG's endorsement of the CRC recommendations, the Steering Committee has made a number of changes for this NDA report (table 1). More detailed information on these changes is provided in the discussion of each indicator in the sections on 'Performance benchmarks' and 'Performance indicators'.

In general, this report only includes new data that were not included in the baseline report. However, where there has been a change in indicator, measure or data collection, data for previous years have been reported, where possible, to provide a consistent time series.

Table 1 Changes from the previous NDA performance report

<i>Indicator</i>	<i>Change</i>
NDA Benchmark (d) — An increase in the proportion of younger people in, or at risk of entering, residential aged care assisted with more appropriate forms of accommodation, diversionary strategies and/or enhanced services	- the measure of admissions to residential aged care is now reported as a rate (previously a number) - two new measures have been added
NDA Benchmark (e) — An increase in the proportion of Indigenous people with disability receiving disability services	- specialist psychiatric disability services are now excluded from the measure^a - two new measures have been added
NDA Indicator 1 — Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years	two new measures have been added
NDA Indicator 2 — Proportion of people with disability who participate in social and community activities	three new measures have been added
NDA Indicator 3 — Proportion of the potential population accessing disability services	- specialist psychiatric disability services are now excluded from the measure^a - two new measures have been added
NDA Indicator 5 — Proportion of the potential population expressing unmet demand for disability support services	two new measures have been added
NDA Indicator 6 — Number of Indigenous persons with disability receiving disability services as a proportion of the Indigenous potential population requiring services	- specialist psychiatric disability services are now excluded from the measure^a - the interim indicator reported against in the baseline report has been removed - two new measures have been added
NDA Interim Indicator 8 — Proportion of carers of people with disability accessing support services to assist in their caring roles – restricted carer population	specialist psychiatric disability services are now excluded from the measure^a

^a Following a recommendation from the CRC to COAG, specialist psychiatric disability services have been excluded from the disability support services data to improve comparability between jurisdictions. Revised data for the baseline have been provided to ensure comparability over time.

Context for National Disability Agreement performance reporting

The objective of the NDA is ‘People with disability and their carers have an enhanced quality of life and participate as valued members of the community’ [para. 6]. Further to this, the NDA aims to contribute to the following outcomes:

- (a) people with disability achieve economic participation and social inclusion
- (b) people with disability enjoy choice, wellbeing and opportunity to live as independently as possible
- (c) families and carers are well supported [para. 7].

The focus of the NDA is on the provision and funding of specialist disability services.¹ The Steering Committee previously identified the provision of mainstream services as an important, and potentially more efficient, way of delivering services to people with disability and their carers. The draft National Disability Strategy (NDS) has since been released. Further consideration is required to determine whether the NDA and/or the NDS is the more appropriate vehicle for measuring the responsiveness of mainstream services for people with disability.

Roles and responsibilities

The role of the Commonwealth under the NDA is detailed at para. 15. The states and territories’ roles and responsibilities are detailed at para. 16, and shared roles and responsibilities are detailed at para. 14.

In brief, the Commonwealth is responsible for the provision of income support for people with disability, their families and carers, and employment services for people with disability. The states and territories are responsible for the provision of specialist disability services for people with disability (except Disability Employment Services). State and Territory Government expenditure on specialist disability services is predominantly on accommodation support, community support and community access (SCRGSP 2010; SCRGSP 2011).

¹ The NDA replaced the CSTDA on 1 January 2009. The terminology of the CSTDA provided clear parameters for the targeting of specialist disability services to people with profound or severe disabilities.

Disability prevalence

Data on disability prevalence is sourced from the ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC). However, this survey is currently only conducted every six years. Preliminary data from the 2009 SDAC (national estimates only) were released on 16 December 2010 (ABS 2010a), with more detailed information anticipated to be available in early 2011. The latest available SDAC data for this report (State and Territory level) were collected in 2003.

The ABS estimated that, in 2003, one in five people in Australia (3 958 300 or 20.0 per cent) had a reported disability (that is, a core activity limitation, a schooling or employment restriction or an impairment)² (ABS 2004). The national rate of profound or severe core activity limitation was 6.3 per cent. These rates were similar to those identified in the previous survey in 1998 (20.1 per cent and 6.4 per cent respectively). State and Territory rates for 2003 are presented in table 2.

Table 2 Disability rates, by State and Territory, 2003 (age standardised)^a

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust^b</i>
Severe/profound core activity limitation ^c	5.4	6.5	7.6	6.2	6.5	7.4	5.0	np	6.3
All with reported disability	17.7	19.9	22.5	21.4	22.6	22.6	15.8	np	20.0

^a Rates are age standardised to June 2003. ^b Includes the Northern Territory. ^c Core activities comprise communication, mobility and self care. **np** Not published.

Source: ABS (2004) *Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers, Australia, 2003*, Cat. no. 4430.0, Canberra.

The prevalence of disability increases with age. In 2003, the national rate of disability increased from 4.3 per cent for those aged less than five years of age, to 40.6 per cent for people aged 65–69 years and 92.1 per cent for people aged 90 years or over. Similarly, rates for profound or severe disabilities increased with age, reaching 74.2 per cent for people aged 90 years or over (ABS 2004). Further information on the age distribution of people with disability by State and Territory, and by location, was included in the CRC's baseline NDA performance report for 2008-09 (CRC 2010).

In 2003, over half of all Australians with disability had a combination of two or more intellectual, psychiatric, sensory/speech, acquired brain injury or physical/diverse disabilities (AIHW 2009a). The more disabilities people had, the

² Further information on how disability is defined and on different disability types is in the glossary section of this report.

more likely they were to need help with ‘core’ daily activities of self-care, mobility and communication, and the more likely they were to face education restrictions (for children of school age) and employment restrictions (for people aged 15–64 years).

The 2006 ABS Census of Population and Housing (the Census) provides an alternative source of information on people with disability, with questions based around the SDAC concept of severe/profound core activity limitation. The Census provides data at small geographic levels and for small demographic groups, and can provide useful information on the relative differences in prevalence of disability between geographic locations and sub-populations. However, the Census does not include any adjustment for non-response. In 2006, the non-response rate for the questions about need for assistance was 7 per cent in the Indigenous population, and 2 per cent in the non-Indigenous population.

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people

The most comprehensive data on disability prevalence for Indigenous Australians come from the ABS National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey (NATSISS). In 2008, the age standardised profound/severe core activity limitation rate for Indigenous Australians aged 15 years or over was 10.1 per cent (table 3). The rate for all disabilities was 46.6 per cent. A non-Indigenous comparator is not currently available for these data.

Results from the previous NATSISS can be compared with the ABS General Social Survey (both conducted in 2002) to compare Indigenous and non-Indigenous Australians (AIHW 2006). It was estimated that, in 2002, Indigenous Australians aged 18 years or over were 2.4 times more likely than non-Indigenous Australians to have a profound or severe core activity limitation (AIHW 2006).

Table 3 Disability rates for Indigenous people aged 15 years or over, by State and Territory, 2008 (age standardised)^a

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT^b</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Severe/profound core activity limitation ^c	10.6	11.0	8.0	7.8	12.1	11.6	12.4	13.7	10.1
All with reported disability	48.4	50.6	46.1	45.5	49.8	44.6	49.8	41.3	46.6

^a Rates are age standardised to June 2008. ^b The ACT rate for severe/profound core activity limitation has a Relative Standard Error greater than 25 per cent and should be used with caution. ^c Core activities comprise communication, mobility and self care.

Source: ABS (unpublished) 2008 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey.

Location and socioeconomic status

Disability is more common in regional and remote areas than major cities (AIHW 2008a), and in more disadvantaged areas relative to less disadvantaged areas (Bradbury, Norris and Abello 2001).

A report by the AIHW (2009c) looked at the distribution of people with severe disability aged 0–64 years living in capital cities, using data from the 2006 Census. (Although the Census does not provide comprehensive data on disability prevalence, it is the only data source available that has detailed geographical disaggregations for people with disability.) The AIHW found considerable variation in the rate of disability within cities — although disability was less common in metropolitan areas than regional and remote areas at a broad level, there were local areas within cities with relatively high rates of severe disability. The most disadvantaged statistical local areas (SLAs) within a capital city tended to have the highest rates of severe disability, while the most advantaged SLAs tended to have the lowest rates.

A recent study by McPhedran (2010), analysing Household, Income and Labour Dynamics Australia (HILDA) data, found that people with disability living in regional Australia could experience cumulative negative influences of disability and location, particularly in relation to social connectedness. However, the study also found that regional living can be positively associated with community engagement and community-oriented activities, irrespective of disability status.

Cultural and linguistic diversity (CALD)

The ABS defines CALD by three variables:

- country of birth (COB)
- language other than English (LOTE) spoken at home
- English language proficiency.

Because CALD is a combination of factors, it is acknowledged that there is no single definition of CALD and different measures are often used.

There is limited information about people with disability from CALD backgrounds. The 2003 SDAC includes information on COB, and the 2006 Census contains information on COB, LOTE spoken at home and English language proficiency. However, SDAC and Census disability data are not comparable.

In 2003, the age standardised disability prevalence rate was 21.0 per cent for people born in Australia, which is slightly higher than the aged standardised rate for the total population (20.0 per cent). Severe/profound core-activity limitation rates were also slightly higher for people born in Australia (6.5 per cent) than for the total population (6.3 per cent) (ABS 2004). This implies that people living in Australia, but not born in Australia, had marginally lower disability prevalence than those born in Australia.

Education and labour force participation

People with disability may face long-term impairments which, in interaction with various barriers, may hinder their full and effective participation in society (including education and employment) (UN General Assembly 2006). However, the extent to which people with disability are able to be fully involved in society varies. A significant impairment may not be severely disabling if there is a sufficiently supportive and enabling environment (Priestly 2001).

Mavromaras et al (2007) found that, compared to people without disability, people with disability are less likely to have a higher education degree or to have completed year 12. Higher levels of education and more work experience were found to be associated with higher labour force participation rates of people with and without disabilities.

Nationally in 2003, around half of all people aged 15–64 years with no disability had completed year 12 or equivalent (49 per cent), compared to 30 per cent of people with disability, reducing to 24 per cent for people with severe/profound core activity limitation. One in five people aged 15–64 years with no disability had completed a bachelor degree or higher (20 per cent), compared to one in eight people (13 per cent) with disability (which is a similar figure to those with severe/profound core activity limitation) (ABS 2004).

Using data from the survey of education and training experience (SET), people without disability were more than twice as likely as people with severe/profound core activity limitation to have a bachelor degree or higher in 2009 (a ratio of 2.3:1) (ABS 2010b). The data collected by the disability module used in the SET relate to a broader ‘disability and long-term health condition’ population than the ‘disability’ population obtained from the much more detailed SDAC used for reporting against many of the performance indicators in this report. As the characteristics of the populations are similar, SET data are suitable for population comparisons, but not for prevalence updates between cycles of the SDAC. Data by State and Territory from the 2009 SDAC will be available in the *Report on Government Services 2011* (SCRGSP 2011 — due for release on 28 January 2011).

Profile of services for people with disability

NDA Outputs

The NDA has four outputs [para. 8]:

- services that provide skills and supports to people with disability to enable them to live as independently as possible
- services that assist people with disability to live in stable and sustainable living arrangements
- income support for people with disability and their carers
- services that assist families and carers in their caring role.

The NDA outputs are not statistical measures, and were not intended to relate only to specialist disability services. The outputs relate to the broad outcomes for people with disability, which go beyond specialist disability services, to include mainstream services and community and family support.

Some contextual information is available on income support for people with disability and their carers. The Australian Government funds income support payments for people with disability, their carers, and those temporarily incapacitated from work as a result of illness, with payments made to those who meet the eligibility criteria. These payments include: the Disability Support Pension (DSP); the Carer Payment; the Carer Allowance; the Sickness Allowance; and the Mobility Allowance. These income support arrangements do not constitute a NDA service. The disability services chapter in the *Report on Government Services 2010* (SCRGSP 2010) contains further information on outlays on payments and the number of recipients (updated data will be available in the 2011 Report, due for release on 28 January 2011 [SCRGSP 2011]).

Additional information on specialist disability services is provided below. The majority of the information is sourced from the 2008-09 *Disability Support Services* publication (AIHW 2011 [forthcoming]).

Scope of services

Disability services, in the main, are provided to people whose disability has manifest before the age of 65 years and not to people whose disability is age-related.

Demographic shifts and advances in medical technology have resulted in an increased number of people with disability in older age groups. McDermott et al (2010) report the number of people with disability over 50 years of age working in Australian Disability Enterprises³ will increase dramatically over the next 15 years. Although Australia's aged population is likely to be healthier and less physically disabled than its corresponding present cohort, the numbers of Australians with age-specific disability will also be greater because the aged population of Australia is expected to increase, both in absolute terms and as a proportion of the population (Madge 2000).

The Disability Specific Purpose Payment provides funding to the states and territories to contribute to the delivery of specialist disability services (except Disability Employment Services, for which the Australian Government is responsible). However, jurisdictions vary in whether specialist psychiatric disability services and early childhood intervention services are provided under the CSTDA/NDA or other programs (see table 4). The data in table 4 relate to 2008-09 and reflect a combination of CSTDA and NDA scope of services — the NDA replaced the CSTDA on 1 January 2009.

Table 4 Scope of services included under the CSTDA/NDA, by State and Territory, 2008-09

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>
Specialist psychiatric disability services ^a	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	N
Early childhood intervention ^b	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y

^a CSTDA NMDS data were included for users of specialist psychiatric disability services in WA who have psychiatric disability and at least one other disability group. ^b Includes selected services only for the NT.

Source: AIHW (2011) *Disability Support Services 2008-09*, Canberra (forthcoming).

In Victoria, Queensland and (in some cases) WA, specialist psychiatric disability services were provided under the NDA (and the previous CSTDA) during the 2008-09 period. However, in other jurisdictions, specific mental health services were funded and provided under health, rather than disability, portfolios. In this report, following a recommendation from the CRC to COAG, specialist psychiatric disability services have been excluded from the disability support services data, to improve comparability between jurisdictions.

³ The Australian Disability Enterprise sector provides supported employment for workers with disability who are unable to find or maintain work without substantial ongoing support. Australian Disability Enterprises (ADEs) are funded by FaHCSIA, and make up 207 (49.1 per cent) of the 422 disability employment organisations, with 330 (18.1 per cent) of outlets.

Agencies and service type outlets providing specialist disability services

In 2008-09, 2202 CSTDA/NDA agencies consisting of 11 476 service type outlets delivered CSTDA/NDA services across Australia (table 5 and table 6). A 'service type outlet' is the unit of the agency that delivers a particular CSTDA/NDA service type at or from a discrete location. If an agency provides, for example, both accommodation support and respite services, it is counted as two service type outlets.

Counts of service type outlets should be interpreted with caution. The number of service type outlets has increased in recent years both as a result of growing numbers of physical outlets, and because more outlets are providing multiple types of service (and being counted for each type of service they provide).

In 2008-09, 1498 agencies (68.0 per cent) were funded by State and Territory governments, with the remaining 704 (32.0 per cent) funded by the Australian Government (table 5).

Table 5 CSTDA/NDA agencies by State and Territory, 2008-09 (number)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
State and Territory funded	415	379	279	111	130	95	45	44	1 498
Australian Government funded	225	177	113	68	62	24	21	14	704
Total	640	556	392	179	192	119	66	58	2 202

Source: AIHW (2011) *Disability Support Services 2008-09*, Canberra (forthcoming).

In 2008-09, almost 90 per cent of service type outlets were funded by State and Territory governments, with the remaining 10.1 per cent funded by the Australian Government (table 6).

Table 6 CSTDA/NDA service type outlets by funding source, and State and Territory, 2008-09 (number)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
State and Territory funded	3 761	2 502	1 741	877	813	227	216	175	10 312
Australian Government funded	401	278	196	97	114	37	23	18	1 164
Total	4 162	2 780	1 937	974	927	264	239	193	11 476

Source: AIHW (2011) *Disability Support Services 2008-09*, Canberra (forthcoming).

Users of specialist disability services

In 2008-09, approximately 279 374 people of all ages used CSTDA/NDA services in Australia (table 7).

Table 7 Users of CSTDA/NDA services by State and Territory, 2008-09^{a, b, c}

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Service users ('000)	74 233	101 617	41 404	21 619	27 411	6 912	4 928	2 153	279 374

^a Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during the 12-month period. Totals for Australia may not be the sum of service components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12-month period. Service user data were not collected for all CSTDA/NDA service types.

^b Includes service users of all ages. ^c The data include users of employment services.

Source: AIHW (2011) *Disability Support Services 2008-09*, Canberra (forthcoming).

Indigenous Australians accessed CSTDA/NDA services at a higher rate than non-Indigenous Australians. In 2008-09, 4.5 per cent of users of CSTDA/NDA services were Indigenous, compared to 2.5 per cent of the general population who were Indigenous as at 30 June 2006. The proportion of users of CSTDA/NDA services who were Indigenous was higher than the Indigenous proportion of the population in all states and territories except Tasmania (table 8).

Table 8 Users of CSTDA/NDA services as a proportion of population, by Indigenous status and by State and Territory, 2008-09 (per cent)^{a, b, c}

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Indigenous	4.8	2.6	5.6	7.8	3.8	3.2	2.0	49.4	4.5
Non-Indigenous	92.3	85.1	90.9	91.6	92.9	94.2	95.2	44.2	89.2
Not stated/not collected	2.9	12.3	3.5	0.6	3.3	2.6	2.8	6.4	6.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Indigenous proportion of population ^d	2.2	0.7	3.5	3.4	1.8	3.8	1.3	30.4	2.5

^a Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during the 12-month period. Totals for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one state or territory during the 12-month period. Service user data were not collected for all CSTDA/NDA service types. ^b The term 'Indigenous' refers to service users who identified as Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander people. 'Non-Indigenous' refers to service users who reported not being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander background. Not stated/not collected includes both service users for whom Indigenous data were not collected and other service users with no response. ^c Includes service users of all ages ^d At 30 June 2006.

Source: AIHW (2011) *Disability Support Services 2008-09*, Canberra (forthcoming); SCRGSP (2010) *National Agreement Performance Information 2009-10: Appendix — Health, Affordable Housing, Disability and Indigenous Reform*, Productivity Commission, Canberra.

The limited available data indicate that Indigenous Australians have much higher rates of disability than non-Indigenous Australians. For example, it was estimated that in 2002 the proportion of Indigenous Australians aged 18 years or over who had a profound or severe core activity limitation was approximately 2.4 times that of non-Indigenous Australians (AIHW 2006). This suggests that Indigenous Australians with disability may not access services at the same rate as non-Indigenous Australians with disability.

Potential population

The common measure of the population eligible to access specialist disability services is the 'potential population'. 'Potential population' indicates the number of people, aged 0–64 years, with the potential to need specialist disability services, including individuals who meet the service eligibility criteria but who do not demand the services. It is not the same as those who actually need or request services.

Potential populations are estimated for each of the special needs groups (outer regional and remote/very remote areas, Indigenous Australians and people born in a non-English speaking country).

The most accurate estimate of the potential population is derived from the SDAC. To provide an 'expected current estimate' of the potential population in the SDAC intervening years, the 2003 SDAC national age and sex-specific rates of profound or severe core activity limitation are applied to the age and sex structure of each jurisdiction in the current year. These estimates are often used as denominators for various calculations of service access.

Carers

In 2003, approximately 2.5 million people aged 15 years or over provided some assistance to those who needed help because of disability (ABS 2004). Around one in five (474 600) were identified as primary carers, who provided the majority of informal help to a person with disability.

Females are the main providers of informal care, and comprise 56 per cent of all carers of workforce age (15–64 years), and 76 per cent of primary carers (Cass 2008).

Providing care to a person with disability can affect formal participation in the labour force. The impact on the economy as a whole is significant and is likely to

increase, given the projections of growth in the number of people likely to require care over the coming decades (primarily due to the ageing population and the shift from institutional to community care) (NATSEM 2004).

Table 9 presents information on labour force participation by carer status. In 2003, 67.0 per cent of carers participated in the labour force, compared to 77.6 per cent of people who were not carers. Primary carers were much less likely to participate in the labour force than non-primary carers (50.0 per cent compared to 70.8 per cent).

Table 9 Labour force participation of people aged 15–64 years, by carer status, 2003 (per cent)

<i>Carer status</i>	<i>Labour force participation rate (%)</i>	<i>Employment to population rate (%)</i>
Primary carer of people with disability	50.0	48.4
Non-primary carers of people with disability	70.8	66.3
Total carers of people with disability	67.0	63.1
Not a carer	77.6	73.4
Total	76.0	71.9

Source: ABS (unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

The 2006 Families Caring for a Person with a Disability (FCPD) survey was based on a random sample of carers from Centrelink records who received Carer Payment and/or Carer Allowance. The FCPD found that many carers stopped work once they commenced caring, and that the majority of non-employed carers of working age expressed a desire to be in paid employment (Edwards et al 2008). Further analysis of female carers found that providing full time care (as opposed to part time care) was associated with a higher rate of wanting to work (Gray and Edwards 2009).

Performance benchmarks

The CRC has requested the Steering Committee to report against the performance benchmarks identified in the NAs. The performance benchmarks in the NDA are:

- (a) an increase in the proportion of people with disability in employment
- (b) a decrease in the proportion of potential population with unmet demand for services
- (c) an increase in the proportion of people with disability accessing services who have an individualised service plan
- (d) an increase in the proportion of younger people in, or at risk of entering, residential aged care assisted with more appropriate forms of accommodation, diversionary strategies and/or enhanced services
- (e) an increase in the proportion of Indigenous people with disability receiving disability services
- (f) all services are subject to quality improvement systems consistent with National Standards by 2010.

Not all the performance benchmarks in the NDA can be reported against. While some benchmarks are clearly defined, readily measureable and have available data, others require further work on concepts and definitions, or data are not currently available.

Outlined below are the performance benchmarks, any associated issues and, where available, data for the most recent reporting period. (As noted, the CRC has requested that data included in the baseline report not be reproduced in subsequent reports. Therefore, this report contains only data that relate to more recent reporting periods or which have been revised since the baseline report.) Links are provided to the related NDA outcome and, where relevant, to the related performance indicator.

Performance benchmark (a) — An increase in the proportion of people with disability in employment

Key amendments from first cycle of reporting:	No amendments have been made
Outcome:	People with disability achieve economic participation and social inclusion
Measure:	Proportion of people with disability aged 15–64 years who are employed The measure is defined as: • <i>numerator</i> — number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are employed (full time or part time) • <i>denominator</i> — total number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years and is expressed as a <i>percentage</i>
Related performance indicator/s:	Performance indicator 1: Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years
Data source:	<i>Numerator and denominator</i> — <u>Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC)</u> . Data collected every six years
Data provider:	ABS
Data availability:	No new data available
Baseline:	2003
Cross tabulations provided:	Nil

Box 2 Comment on data quality

No new data were available for this report. More regular data collection is required. The Steering Committee notes that:

- the ABS is currently investigating the option of conducting the Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC) on a three-yearly cycle, rather than the proposed biennial supplementary survey
- data on employment status by disability status were collected in the ABS 2009 survey of education and training experience (SET) (ABS 2010b). Data collected by the ABS Disability Module used in this survey relate to a broader 'disability and long-term health condition' population than the 'disability' population obtained from the much more detailed SDAC — however, the characteristics of the populations are similar. Data from the SET are suitable for population comparisons, but not for prevalence updates between SDAC cycles.

Performance benchmark (b) — A decrease in the proportion of potential population with unmet demand for services

Key amendments from first cycle of reporting:	No amendments have been made.
Outcome:	People with disability enjoy choice, wellbeing and the opportunity to live as independently as possible
Measure:	A measure for this benchmark is yet to be developed
Related performance indicator/s:	Performance Indicator 5: Proportion of the potential population expressing unmet demand for disability support services
Data source:	Not yet identified
Data provider:	Not yet identified
Data availability:	Nil
Baseline:	Yet to be determined
Cross tabulations provided:	Nil

Box 3 Comment on data quality

A measure for this benchmark is yet to be developed.

Performance benchmark (c) — An increase in the proportion of people with disability accessing services who have an individualised service plan

Key amendments from first cycle of reporting:	No amendments have been made
Outcome:	People with disability enjoy choice, wellbeing and the opportunity to live as independently as possible
Measure:	A measure for this benchmark is yet to be developed
Related performance indicator/s:	Nil
Data source:	Not yet identified
Data provider:	Not yet identified
Data availability:	Nil
Baseline:	Yet to be determined
Cross tabulations provided:	Nil

Box 4 Comment on data quality

A measure for this benchmark is yet to be developed.

Performance benchmark (d) — An increase in the proportion of younger people in, or at risk of entering, residential aged care assisted with more appropriate forms of accommodation, diversionary strategies and/or enhanced services

Key amendments from first cycle of reporting:	The measure on admissions to residential aged care is now reported as a rate (this was reported as a number for the baseline report). Measures d.2 and d.3 have been added to this report. Data will be backcast for the previous reporting year to reflect the changes above.
Outcome:	People with disability enjoy choice, wellbeing and the opportunity to live as independently as possible
INTERIM Measures:	There are three (<u>interim</u>) measures for this benchmark: • <u>Measure d.1</u> is the rate of people aged 0–64 years admitted to permanent residential aged care • <u>Measure d.2</u> is the number of persons aged 0–64 years receiving permanent residential aged care services • <u>Measure d.3</u> is the number of persons aged 0–64 years who separated from permanent residential aged care to return to home/family <u>Measure d.1</u> is defined as: • <i>numerator</i> — number of persons aged 0–64 years admitted to permanent residential aged care in the reporting period • <i>denominator</i> — estimated potential population for disability support services (people aged 0–64 years with profound or severe core activity limitation) on 30 June at the start of the reporting period and is expressed as a <i>rate per 10 000 potential population</i> <u>Measure d.2</u> is defined as: • <i>numerator</i> — number of persons aged 0–64 years receiving permanent residential aged care services in the reporting period and is expressed as a <i>number</i> <u>Measure d.3</u> is defined as: • <i>numerator</i> — number of persons aged 0–64 years who separated from permanent residential aged care to return to home/family in the reporting period and is expressed as a <i>number</i>
Related performance indicator/s:	Nil
Data source:	(All) <i>Numerator</i> — Department of Health and Ageing (DoHA) <u>Aged and Community Care Management Information System (ACCMIS)</u>. Data are available annually (Measure d.1) <i>Denominator</i> — ABS <u>Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC)</u>. Data are collected every six years. ABS <u>Estimated</u>

Resident Population (ERP). Data are reported quarterly. ABS Census of Population and Housing (Census). Data are collected every five years.

Data are available for reporting annually

Data provider: AIHW

Data availability: 2007-08 (backcast for baseline as revised measure (d.1) and new measures (d.2 and d.3)), 2008-09 and 2009-10

Baseline: 2007-08

Cross tabulations provided: State and Territory by age group (less than 50 years, 50–64 years and total aged 0–64 years)

Box 5 Results

For this report, new data for this benchmark are available for 2007-08, 2008-09, and 2009-10:

- Data by State and Territory are presented in tables NDA.PBd.1 to NDA.PBd.9.

Attachment tables

Table NDA.PBd.1	Rate of people aged 0–64 years admitted to permanent residential aged care, 2009-10 (per 10 000 potential population)
Table NDA.PBd.2	Rate of people aged 0–64 years admitted to permanent residential aged care, 2008-09 (per 10 000 potential population)
Table NDA.PBd.3	Rate of people aged 0–64 years admitted to permanent residential aged care, 2007-08 (per 10 000 potential population)
Table NDA.PBd.4	Number of people aged 0–64 years receiving permanent residential aged care, 2009-10
Table NDA.PBd.5	Number of people aged 0–64 years receiving permanent residential aged care, 2008-09
Table NDA.PBd.6	Number of people aged 0–64 years receiving permanent residential aged care, 2007-08
Table NDA.PBd.7	Number of people aged 0–64 years who separated from permanent residential aged care to return to home/family, 2009-10
Table NDA.PBd.8	Number of people aged 0–64 years who separated from permanent residential aged care to return to home/family, 2008-09
Table NDA.PBd.9	Number of people aged 0–64 years who separated from permanent residential aged care to return to home/family, 2007-08

Box 6 Comment on data quality

The DQS for this indicator has been prepared by the AIHW and is included in its original form in the section in this report titled 'Data Quality Statements'. Key points from the DQS are summarised below.

- The data provide relevant information, at the State and Territory level, on the rate and number of people aged 0–64 years admitted to, receiving, and separated from residential aged care. Data are not available by Indigenous status or socioeconomic status (SES).
- There are issues with the consistency of the numerator and denominator (relevant to measure d.1), as the numerator and denominator are drawn from differently defined populations and different data sources.
- Annual data are available. The most recent available data are for 2009-10.
- Data are comparable over the three years for which data were provided.
- Detailed explanatory notes are publicly available to assist in the interpretation of results.
- Additional data from the data source are available on-line, and on request.

The Steering Committee also notes the following issue.

- Disaggregation of this indicator by Indigenous status and SES is a priority. However, reporting may be limited because cells would need to be suppressed for confidentiality reasons.

Performance benchmark (e) — An increase in the proportion of Indigenous people with disability receiving disability services

Key amendments from first cycle of reporting:

As per the CRC recommendation to COAG, specialist psychiatric disability services have been excluded from the measures for this indicator (data have been backcast for the previous reporting year to reflect this amendment).

For the baseline report a single measure for disability employment services was reported. For this report this measure has been split out into open (measure e.2) and supported (measure e.3) employment services.

As a different denominator is used for the employment measures (15–64 years) to more accurately reflect the target population, the three measures cannot be aggregated.

Additional disaggregations have been added to these measures as per CRC and Steering Committee recommendations

Outcome:

People with disability enjoy choice, wellbeing and the opportunity to live as independently as possible

Measure:

There are three measures for this benchmark:

- Measure e.1 is the proportion of the Indigenous potential population (people with profound or severe core activity limitation) aged 0–64 years who used State/Territory delivered specialist disability services
- Measure e.2 is the proportion of the Indigenous potential population (people with profound or severe core activity limitation) aged 15–64 years who used open employment services
- Measure e.3 is the proportion of the Indigenous potential population (people with profound or severe core activity limitation) aged 15–64 years who used supported employment services

Measure e.1 is defined as:

- *numerator* — number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 0–64 years who used State/Territory delivered disability support services in the reporting period
- *denominator* — estimated Indigenous potential population for State/Territory delivered disability support services (people aged 0–64 years with profound or severe core activity limitation) on 30 June at the start of the reporting period

and is expressed as a *percentage*

Measure e.2 is defined as:

- *numerator* — number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15–64 years who used open employment services in the reporting period
- *denominator* — estimated Indigenous potential population for employment services (people aged 15–64 years with profound or severe core activity limitation) on 30 June at the start of the reporting period

and is expressed as a *percentage*

	<u>Measure e.3</u> is defined as: • <i>numerator</i> — number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15–64 years who used supported employment services in the reporting period • <i>denominator</i> — estimated Indigenous potential population for employment services (people aged 15–64 years with profound or severe core activity limitation) on 30 June at the start of the reporting period and is expressed as a <i>percentage</i> <i>These measures exclude specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and WA</i>
Related performance indicator/s:	Performance Indicator 6: Number of Indigenous persons with disability receiving disability services as a proportion of the Indigenous potential population requiring services
Data source:	<i>Numerator</i> — <u>Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement National Minimum Data Set</u> (CSTDA NMDS). Data are collected annually <i>Denominator</i> — <u>Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers</u> (SDAC). Data are collected every six years. <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> (Census). Data are collected every five years. Annual estimates of <u>Indigenous projected population</u> data are updated every five years following a Census Data are available for reporting annually
Data provider:	AIHW (AIHW to produce data, and AIHW to prepare data quality statement)
Data availability:	2007-08 (backcast for baseline as data revised to exclude specialist psychiatric disability services, and incorporate amended measures) and 2008-09
Baseline:	2007-08
Cross tabulations provided:	This benchmark utilises the data provided for performance indicator 6 (Indigenous people with disability receiving disability services as a proportion of the Indigenous potential population requiring services) Where possible, <u>measure e.1</u> will be further disaggregated by service group. For all four measures: • State and Territory by age group • State and Territory by sex • State and Territory by need for assistance (<u>denominator for this disaggregation will be the State/Territory total of the number of service users in the reporting period</u>) • Nationally by remoteness area Where possible, measure e.1 will be further disaggregated by service group.

Box 7 **Results**

For this report, new data for this indicator are available for 2008-09.

- Data on State/Territory delivered disability services are presented in tables NDA.6.1 to NDA.6.5.
- Data on open employment services are presented in tables NDA.6.11 to NDA.6.14.
- Data on supported employment services are presented in tables NDA.6.19 to NDA.6.22.

Revised and additional data for 2007-08 are included in this report.

- Revised data on State/Territory delivered disability services are presented in tables NDA.6.6 to NDA.6.9.
- Additional data on State/Territory delivered disability services are presented in table NDA.6.10.
- Additional data on open employment services are presented in tables NDA.6.15 to NDA.6.18.
- Additional data on supported employment services are presented in tables NDA.6.23 to NDA.6.26.

Attachment tables

Table NDA.6.1	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by age group and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.2	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by sex and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.3	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.4	Proportion of Indigenous service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.5	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by service group and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.6	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by age group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.7	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by sex and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.8	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.9	Proportion of Indigenous service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08

Table NDA.6.10	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by service group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.11	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by age group and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.12	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by sex and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.13	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.14	Proportion of Indigenous service users aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.15	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by age group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.16	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by sex and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.17	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.18	Proportion of Indigenous service users aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.19	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by age group and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.20	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by sex and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.21	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.22	Proportion of Indigenous service users aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.23	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by age group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.24	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by sex and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.25	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.26	Proportion of Indigenous service users aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08

Box 8 Comment on data quality

Further information on the quality of the data used to inform this performance benchmark is contained in the comment on data quality for performance indicator 6 in the next section on 'Performance Indicators'.

Performance benchmark (f) — All services are subject to quality improvement systems consistent with National Standards by 2010

Key amendments from first cycle of reporting:	No amendments have been made
Outcome:	Yet to be determined
Measure:	A measure for this benchmark has yet to be developed
Related performance indicator/s:	Nil
Data source:	Not yet identified
Data provider:	Not yet identified
Data availability:	Nil
Baseline:	Yet to be determined
Cross tabulations provided:	Nil

Box 9 Comment on data quality

A measure for this benchmark is yet to be developed.

Performance indicators

The performance indicators in this report cover the 10 ‘performance indicators’ included in the NDA (table 10).

In this report, for performance indicators where data quality and/or completeness is an issue, interim measures are provided and are identified as such in the text.

Data for the performance indicators in this report are presented in attachment tables identified in references throughout this report by an ‘NDA’ suffix. The CRC has requested that data included in the baseline report not be reproduced in subsequent reports. Therefore, this report contains only data that relate to more recent reporting periods or which have been revised since the baseline report.

Table 10 Performance indicators in the National Disability Agreement^a

<i>Performance indicator</i>	<i>Page no. in this report</i>
1. Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years	38
2. Proportion of people with disability who participate in social and community activities	40
3. Proportion of the potential population accessing disability services	43
4. Proportion of people with disability who are satisfied with the range of disability service options and the quality of support received	49
5. Proportion of the potential population expressing unmet demand for disability support services	50
6. Number of Indigenous people with disability receiving disability services as a proportion of the Indigenous potential population requiring services	52
7. Labour force participation rate for carers aged 15–64 years of people with disability	57
8. Proportion of carers of people with disability accessing support services to assist in their caring role *Interim indicator: Proportion of carers of people with disability accessing support services to assist in their caring roles – restricted carer population	58
9. Proportion of carers of people with disability who are satisfied with the range of disability service options and quality of support received	62
10. Proportion of people with disability receiving income support	63

^a The performance indicators are presented in this table using the direct wording from the table on pp. 6-7 of the NDA (2009c). This does not necessarily reflect the measures used to report against the indicators in this report. * Interim indicator until indicator 8 can be reported against.

Performance indicator 1: Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years

Key amendments from first cycle of reporting: Additional measure for employment to population rate has been added as per the CRC recommendation to COAG. Additional disaggregations requested by the CRC have also been added

Outcome: People with disability achieve economic participation and social inclusion

Measure: There are three measures for this indicator:

- Measure (1a) is the proportion of people with disability aged 15–64 years, who are in the labour force
- Measure (1b) is the proportion of people with disability aged 15–64 years, who are employed
- Measure (1c) is the proportion of people with disability in the labour force aged 15–64 years, who are unemployed

Measure (1a) is defined as:

- *numerator* — number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force (employed or unemployed)
- *denominator* — total number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years

and is expressed as a *percentage*

Measure (1b) is defined as:

- *numerator* — number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are employed
- *denominator* — total number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years

and is expressed as a *percentage*

Measure (1c) is defined as:

- *numerator* — number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are unemployed
- *denominator* — number of persons with disability in the labour force (employed or unemployed) aged 15–64 years

and is expressed as a *percentage*

Data source: *Numerator and denominator* — (all) Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC). Data are collected every six years

Monthly Population Survey supplementary survey data on disability anticipated to be collected every two years between SDACs (with data collected in April 2011 anticipated to be available in November 2011)

(Indigenous) National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey (NATSISS) for Indigenous data. Data are collected every six years. [2008 NATSISS reported for the baseline. No new data available for this report]

Data provider: ABS

Data availability: No new data available

Cross tabulations provided: Nil

Box 10 Comment on data quality

No new data were available for this report. More regular data collection is required. The Steering Committee notes that:

- the ABS is currently investigating the option of conducting the Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC) on a three-yearly cycle, rather than the proposed biennial supplementary survey
- data on employment status by disability status were collected in the ABS 2009 survey of education and training experience (SET) (ABS 2010b). Data collected by the ABS Disability Module used in this survey relate to a broader 'disability and long-term health condition' population than the 'disability' population obtained from the much more detailed SDAC — however, the characteristics of the populations are similar. Data from the SET are suitable for population comparisons, but not for prevalence updates between SDAC cycles.

Performance indicator 2: Proportion of people with disability who participate in social and community activities

Key amendments from first cycle of reporting: New measures have replaced those in the baseline report for this indicator as per CRC recommendation to COAG. Additional disaggregations have been added as per CRC request. Backcast data have been added (where available) as per CRC request (2002 and 2006 GSS data and 2003 SDAC data)

Outcome: People with disability achieve economic participation and social inclusion

Measure: Social and community participation of people with disability

There are three measures proposed for this indicator:

- Measure (2a) is defined as the proportion of people with disability aged 5–64 years who have had face-to-face contact with ex-household family or friends in the previous week
- Measure (2b) is defined as the proportion of people with disability aged 5–64 years who travelled to a social activity in the last two weeks
- Measure (2c) is defined as the proportion of people with disability aged 5–64 years who report the main reason for not leaving home as often as they would like is their disability or condition

The measures are defined as:

- *numerator* —
 - measure (2a): number of persons aged 5–64 years with disability who had face-to-face contact with ex-household family or friends in the previous week
 - measure (2b): number of persons aged 5–64 years with disability who travelled to a social activity in the last two weeks
 - measure (2c): number of persons aged 5–64 years with disability who report the main reason for not leaving home as often as they would like is their disability or condition
- *denominator* (all measures) — total number of persons with disability aged 5–64 years

and are expressed as *percentages*

Data source: *Numerator and denominator* —

- (All measures) Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC). Data are collected every six years
- (Measure 2a) only, and only for persons with and without disability) General Social Survey (GSS). Data are collected every four years
- (Indigenous people) National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey (NATSISS). Data are collected every six years [2008 NATSISS reported for the baseline. No new data available for this report]

Data provider: ABS

Data availability:	Measure 2a: • GSS — 2002 and 2006 — available Measure 2b: • No new data available (2003 SDAC included in the baseline NDA report) Measure 2c: • 2003 SDAC
Cross tabulations provided:	Measure 2a: • State and Territory, by disability status (with and without) Measure 2c: State and Territory, by: • age and sex • remoteness • country of birth

Box 11 Results

For this report, new data for this indicator are available for measure 2a and measure 2c.

- Measure 2a: Data on the proportion of people with and without disability are presented in tables NDA.2.4 (2002) and NDA.2.5 (2006).
- Measure 2c: 2003 data on the proportion of people with disability are presented in tables NDA.2.1 to NDA.2.3.

Baseline data for measure 2b is available in the Steering Committee's baseline NDA report.

Attachment tables

Table NDA.2.1	Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who report the main reason for not leaving home as often as they would like is their disability or condition, all with reported disability, by age and sex, by State/Territory, 2003
Table NDA.2.2	Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who report the main reason for not leaving home as often as they would like is their disability or condition, all with reported disability, by remoteness area, by State/Territory, 2003
Table NDA.2.3	Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who report the main reason for not leaving home as often as they would like is their disability or condition, all with reported disability, by country of birth, by State/Territory, 2003
Table NDA.2.4	Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who have had face-to-face contact with ex-household family or friends in the previous week, by disability status, by State/Territory, 2002
Table NDA.2.5	Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who have had face-to-face contact with ex-household family or friends in the previous week, by disability status, by State/Territory, 2006

Box 12 **Comment on data quality**

There are three measures for this indicator.

Measure 2a:

- Baseline data are not available for this measure. Baseline data will be available from the 2009 SDAC in 2011. Some relevant information from the 2002 and 2006 General Social Surveys (GSS) is used to provide comparisons for people with and without disability. Data reported are comparable over time. However, GSS estimates are not comparable with SDAC estimates. The GSS uses different questions to the SDAC to identify people with disability, and therefore the GSS should not be used to provide estimates of prevalence. In addition, the scope of the GSS is persons aged 18 years or over, which is different to the scope captured by the SDAC for this measure (persons aged 5–64 years).

Measure 2b:

- Baseline data for this measure were included in the baseline NDA report. No new data are available for this report.

Measure 2c: :

- Baseline data for this measure are included in this report.
- The DQS for this measure has been prepared by the ABS and is included in its original form in the section in this report titled 'Data Quality Statements'. Key points from the DQS are summarised below.
 - The data for measure 2c provide relevant information, at the State and Territory level, on the proportion of people with disability aged 5–64 years who report the main reason for not leaving home as often as they would like is their disability or condition. Data are sourced from the 2003 SDAC. Data are not available by Indigenous status or socioeconomic status (SES).
 - The SDAC does not include people living in very remote areas which affects the comparability of the NT results.
 - The SDAC is conducted every six years, with the most recent available data for 2003.
 - Some SDAC estimates for Tasmania, the ACT and the NT have relative standard errors greater than 25 per cent and should be used with caution.
 - Detailed explanatory notes are publicly available to assist in the interpretation of results.
 - Additional data from the data source are available on-line, and on request.

For all three measures, the Steering Committee notes that:

- SDAC data are only available every six years, and more regular data collection is necessary. The ABS is currently investigating the option of conducting the SDAC on a three-yearly cycle, rather than the proposed biennial supplementary survey.

Performance indicator 3: Proportion of the potential population accessing disability services

Key amendments from first cycle of reporting:

As per the CRC recommendation to COAG, specialist psychiatric disability services have been excluded from the measures for this indicator (data will be backcast for the previous reporting year to reflect this amendment).

For the baseline report a single measure for disability employment services was reported. For this report this measure has been split out into open (measure 3b) and supported (measure 3c) employment services.

As a different denominator is used for the employment measures (15–64 years) to more accurately reflect the target population, the three measures cannot be aggregated.

Additional disaggregations have been added to these measures as per CRC and Steering Committee requests

Outcome:

People with disability enjoy choice, wellbeing and the opportunity to live as independently as possible

Measure:

There are three measures for this indicator:

- Measure 3a is the proportion of the potential population (people with profound or severe core activity limitation) aged 0–64 years who used State/Territory delivered specialist disability services
- Measure 3b is the proportion of the potential population (people with profound or severe core activity limitation) aged 15–64 years who used open employment services
- Measure 3c is the proportion of the potential population (people with profound or severe core activity limitation) aged 15–64 years who used supported employment services

Measure 3a is defined as:

- *numerator* — number of persons aged 0–64 years who used State/Territory delivered disability support services in the reporting period
- *denominator* — estimated potential population for State/Territory delivered disability support services (people aged less than 65 years with profound or severe core activity limitation) on 30 June at the start of the reporting period

and is expressed as a *percentage*

Measure 3b is defined as:

- *numerator* — number of persons aged 15–64 years who used open employment services in the reporting period
- *denominator* — estimated potential population for employment services (people aged 15–64 years with profound or severe core activity limitation) on 30 June at the start of the reporting period

and is expressed as a *percentage*

Measure 3c is defined as:

- *numerator* — number of persons aged 15–64 years who used

	supported employment services in the reporting period • <i>denominator</i> — estimated potential population for employment services (people aged 15–64 years with profound or severe core activity limitation) on 30 June at the start of the reporting period and is expressed as a <i>percentage</i> <i>These measures exclude specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and WA</i>
Data source:	<i>Numerator</i> — <u>Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement National Minimum Data Set</u> (CSTDA NMDS). Data are collected annually <i>Denominator</i> — <u>Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers</u> (SDAC), data are collected every six years. <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> (Census), data are collected every five years. <u>Estimated Resident Population</u> (ERP), data are collected annually Data are available for reporting annually
Data provider:	AIHW (AIHW to produce data; AIHW to prepare data quality statement)
Data availability:	2007-08 (backcast as data revised to exclude specialist psychiatric disability services, and include amended measures) and 2008-09
Cross tabulations provided:	The following disaggregations are presented for all three measures: • Nationally by country of birth • Nationally by remoteness area • State and Territory by need for assistance in life area (<u>denominator for this disaggregation will be the State/Territory total of the number of service users in the reporting period</u>) • State and Territory by sex by age group Where possible, measure 3a has been further disaggregated by service group.

Box 13 Results

For this report, new data for this indicator are available for 2008-09.

- Data on State/Territory delivered disability services are presented in tables NDA.3.1 to NDA.3.15.
- Data on open employment services are presented in tables NDA.3.31 to NDA.3.33.
- Data on supported employment services are presented in tables NDA.3.37 to NDA.3.39.

Revised and additional data for 2007-08 are available.

- Revised and additional data on State/Territory delivered disability support services are presented in tables NDA.3.16 to NDA.3.30.
- Additional data on open employment services are presented in tables NDA.3.34 to table NDA.3.36.
- Additional data on supported employment services are presented in tables NDA.3.40 to NDA.3.42.

Attachment tables

Table NDA.3.1	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.2	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type, (accommodation support), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.3	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community support), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.4	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community access), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.5	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (respite), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.6	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.7	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (accommodation support), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.8	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community support), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.9	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community access), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2008-09

Table NDA.3.10	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (respite), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.11	Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total), by need for assistance in life area, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.12	Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (accommodation support), by need for assistance in life area, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.13	Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community support), by need for assistance in life area, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.14	Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community access), by need for assistance in life area, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.15	Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (respite), by need for assistance in life area, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.16	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.17	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (accommodation support), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.18	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (community support), by service group, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.19	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community access), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.20	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (respite), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.21	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.22	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (accommodation support), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.23	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community support), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.24	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community access), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.25	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (respite), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.26	Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total), by need for assistance in life area, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.27	Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (accommodation support), by need for assistance in life area, 2007-08

Table NDA.3.28	Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community support), by need for assistance in life area, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.29	Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community access), by need for assistance in life area, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.30	Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (respite), by need for assistance in life area, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.31	Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.32	Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.33	Proportion of service users aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.34	Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.35	Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.36	Proportion of service users aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.37	Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.38	Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.39	Proportion of service users aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.40	Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.41	Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.42	Proportion of service users aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08

Box 14 Comment on data quality

The DQS for this indicator has been prepared by the AIHW and is included in its original form in the section in this report titled 'Data Quality Statements'. Key points from the DQS are summarised below.

- The data provide relevant information, at the State and Territory level, on the proportion of the potential population accessing disability support services. Data are not available by socioeconomic status (SES).
- Annual data for the numerator, are available from the CSTDA National Minimum Dataset (NMDS). The most recent available data are for 2008-09. Data for the denominator (measuring the potential population) have been estimated from several different sources, from different years, under key assumptions, which may reduce the accuracy of the estimates. The denominator can be estimated annually.
- Data are comparable for the two years included in this report.
- CSTDA NMDS data are derived from service delivery administrative data. It is assumed that service delivery processes involve the assessment of disability support needs following broadly consistent principles and practices across jurisdictions. However, this assumption is untested.
- Data on Indigenous people accessing disability services in indicator 6 — 'number of Indigenous people with disability requiring disability services as a proportion of the Indigenous potential population requiring services' — are not comparable with data for this indicator.
- Not stated/not collected rates vary substantially across data items and jurisdictions. If the characteristics of the people for whom the information is not available are different to those people for whom information is reported, there is potential for bias to be introduced into the data.
- Additional data from the data source are available on-line, and on request.

The Steering Committee also notes the following issues:

- Disaggregation of this indicator by SES is a priority. The CSTDA NMDS data collection does not currently include identification of SES. Further work is required to determine the appropriate concept and definition of SES for people with disability and their carers, and the most appropriate data collection. The National Disability Information Management Group is investigating this issue.
- Australian governments have committed to closing the gaps between Indigenous and non-Indigenous people. Further data development is needed to allow comparison of outcomes for Indigenous and non-Indigenous people with disability.
- Some data to support this measure have been estimated according to several assumptions (some untested). Further work is required to test these assumptions.

Performance indicator 4: Proportion of people with disability who are satisfied with the range of disability service options and quality of support received

Key amendments from first cycle of reporting:	No amendments have been made
Outcome:	People with disability enjoy choice, wellbeing and the opportunity to live as independently as possible
Measure:	A measure for this indicator has yet to be developed

Box 15

Comment on data quality

A measure for this indicator is yet to be developed.

The Steering Committee notes that data development for this indicator is being undertaken as part of the implementation plan for the National Disability Services Quality Framework.

Performance indicator 5: Proportion of the potential population expressing unmet demand for disability support services

Key amendments from first cycle of reporting: Additional disaggregations were requested by the CRC, however SDAC data were not available in time for inclusion in this report.

Outcome: People with disability enjoy choice, wellbeing and the opportunity to live as independently as possible

Measure: There are three measures for this indicator:

- Measure 5a is the proportion of eligible persons aged 0–64 years waiting to commence service or waiting for additional service (from jurisdiction demand systems)
- Measure 5b is the proportion of people aged 0–64 years in potential population who have taken action in the last 12 months to get more formal assistance but who still need more formal assistance
- Measure 5c is the proportion of people aged 0–64 years in potential population who need more formal assistance than they are currently receiving

Measure 5a is defined as:

- *numerator* — number of eligible persons aged 0–64 years waiting to commence service or waiting for additional service (from jurisdiction demand systems)
- *denominator* — number of persons aged 0–64 years who require and are eligible for disability support services, including persons receiving and not receiving services (from jurisdiction demand systems)

and is expressed as a *percentage*

Measure 5b is defined as:

- *numerator* — number of persons aged 0–64 years in potential population who have taken action in the last 12 months to get more formal assistance but who still need more formal assistance
- *denominator* — number of persons aged 0–64 years in potential population

and is expressed as a *percentage*

Measure 5c is defined as:

- *numerator* — number of persons aged 0–64 years in potential population who need more formal assistance than they are currently receiving
- *denominator* — number of persons aged 0–64 years in potential population

and is expressed as a *percentage*

Data source: *Numerator and denominator* —

- Measure 5a: Jurisdiction demand systems. Data are anticipated to be collected annually. Not yet available
- Measures 5b and 5c: Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC). Data are collected every six years

Data provider: AIHW (measure 5a) and ABS (measures 5b and 5c)

Data availability: Measure 5a:
[Data not yet available]
Measures 5b and 5c:
[No new SDAC data available]

Cross tabulations provided: Nil

Box 16 Comment on data quality

No new data were available for this report. More regular data collection is required. The Steering Committee notes that the ABS is currently investigating the option of conducting the survey of disability, ageing and carers (SDAC) on a three-yearly cycle, rather than the proposed biennial supplementary survey.

Performance indicator 6: Number of Indigenous people with disability receiving disability services as a proportion of the Indigenous potential population requiring services

Key amendments from first cycle of reporting: As per the CRC recommendation to COAG, specialist psychiatric disability services have been excluded from the measures for this indicator (data will be backcast for the previous reporting year to reflect this amendment). For the baseline report a single measure for disability employment services was reported. For this report this measure has been split out into open (measure 6b) and supported (measure 6c) employment services. As a different denominator is used for the employment measures (15–64 years) to more accurately reflect the target population, the three measures cannot be aggregated. Additional disaggregations have been added to these measures as per CRC and Steering Committee requests

Outcome: People with disability enjoy choice, wellbeing and the opportunity to live as independently as possible

Measure: There are three measures for this indicator:

- **Measure 6a** is the proportion of the Indigenous potential population (people with profound or severe core activity limitation) aged 0–64 years who used State/Territory delivered specialist disability services
- **Measure 6b** is the proportion of the Indigenous potential population (people with profound or severe core activity limitation) aged 15–64 years who used open employment services
- **Measure 6c** is the proportion of the Indigenous potential population (people with profound or severe core activity limitation) aged 15–64 years who used supported employment services

Measure 6a is defined as:

- *numerator* — number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 0–64 years who used State/Territory delivered disability support services in the reporting period
 - *denominator* — estimated Indigenous potential population for State/Territory delivered disability support services (people aged 0–64 years with profound or severe core activity limitation) on 30 June at the start of the reporting period
- and is expressed as a *percentage*

Measure 6b is defined as:

- *numerator* — number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15–64 years who used open employment services in the reporting period
 - *denominator* — estimated Indigenous potential population for employment services (people aged 15–64 years with profound or severe core activity limitation) on 30 June at the start of the reporting period
- and is expressed as a *percentage*

Measure 6c is defined as:

- *numerator* — number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	aged 15–64 years who used supported employment services in the reporting period • <i>denominator</i> — estimated Indigenous potential population for employment services (people aged 15–64 years with profound or severe core activity limitation) on 30 June at the start of the reporting period and is expressed as a <i>percentage</i> <i>These measures exclude specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and WA</i>
Data source:	<i>Numerator</i> — <u>Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement National Minimum Data Set</u> (CSTDA NMDS). Data are collected annually <i>Denominator</i> — <u>Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers</u> (SDAC). Data are collected every six years. <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> (Census). Data are collected every five years. Annual estimates of <u>Indigenous projected population</u> data are updated every five years following a Census Data are available for reporting annually
Data provider:	AIHW (AIHW to produce data, and AIHW to prepare data quality statement)
Data availability:	2007-08 (backcast as data revised to exclude specialist psychiatric disability services, and include amended measures) and 2008-09
Cross tabulations provided:	For all three measures: • State and Territory by age group • State and Territory by sex • State and Territory by need for assistance (<u>denominator for this disaggregation will be the State/Territory total of the number of service users in the reporting period</u>) • Nationally by remoteness area Where possible, measure 6a has been further disaggregated by service group.

Box 17 **Results**

For this report, new data for this indicator are available for 2008-09.

- Data on State/Territory delivered disability services are presented in tables NDA.6.1 to NDA.6.5
- Data on open employment services are presented in tables NDA.6.11 to NDA.6.14
- Data on supported employment services are presented in tables NDA.6.19 to NDA.6.22

Revised and additional data are available for 2007-08.

- Revised data on State/Territory delivered disability services are presented in tables NDA.6.6 to NDA.6.9.
- Additional data for accessing State/Territory delivered disability services are presented by service groups and State/Territory in NDA.6.10.
- Additional data for accessing open employment services are presented in tables NDA.6.15 to NDA.6.18.
- Additional data for accessing supported employment services are presented in tables NDA.6.23 to NDA.6.26.

Attachment tables

Table NDA.6.1	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by age group and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.2	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by sex and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.3	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.4	Proportion of Indigenous service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.5	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by service group and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.6	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by age group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.7	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by sex and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.8	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.9	Proportion of Indigenous service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08

Table NDA.6.10	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by service group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.11	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by age group and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.12	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by sex and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.13	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.14	Proportion of Indigenous service users aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.15	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by age group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.16	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by sex and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.17	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.18	Proportion of Indigenous service users aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.19	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by age group and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.20	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by sex and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.21	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.22	Proportion of Indigenous service users aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.23	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by age group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.24	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by sex and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.25	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.26	Proportion of Indigenous service users aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08

Box 18 Comment on data quality

The DQS for this indicator has been prepared by the AIHW and is included in its original form in the section in this report titled 'Data Quality Statements'. Key points from the DQS are summarised below.

- The data provide relevant information, at the State and Territory level, on the proportion of Indigenous people with disability receiving disability support services.
- Annual data for the numerator, are available from the CSTDA National Minimum Dataset (NMDS). The most recent available data are for 2008-09. Data for the denominator (measuring the potential population) have been estimated from several different sources, from different years, under key assumptions, which may reduce the accuracy of the estimates. The denominator can be estimated annually.
- Data are comparable for the two years included in this report.
- CSTDA NMDS data are derived from service delivery administrative data. It is assumed that service delivery processes involve the assessment of disability support needs following broadly consistent principles and practices across jurisdictions. However, this assumption is untested.
- The quality of Indigenous data varies substantially between jurisdictions and data sources. It is recommended that these data be viewed in close conjunction with the associated data quality statement.
- Not stated/not collected rates vary substantially across data items and jurisdictions. If the characteristics of the people for whom the information is not available are different to those people for whom information is reported, there is potential for bias to be introduced into the data.
- Additional data from the data source are available on-line, and on request.

The Steering Committee also notes the following issues:

- Further work is needed to test the many assumptions that underpin the Indigenous potential population (the denominator for this indicator).

Performance indicator 7: Labour force participation rate for carers aged 15–64 years of people with disability

Key amendments from first cycle of reporting:	Inclusion of two measures for ‘primary carer’ to accommodate change in the identification of primary carers in the 2009 SDAC relative to the method used in the 2003 SDAC. Additional disaggregations reported as per CRC request
Outcome:	Families and carers are well supported
Measure:	Proportion of carers of people with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force The measure is defined as: • <i>numerator</i> — number of carers aged 15–64 years (carers of people with disability) who are in the labour force (employed or unemployed) • <i>denominator</i> — total number of carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years and is expressed as a <i>percentage</i>
Data source:	<i>Numerator and denominator</i> — <u>Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC)</u> . Data are collected every six years
Data provider:	ABS
Data availability:	No new data available
Cross tabulations provided:	Nil

Box 19 **Comment on data quality**

No new data were available for this report. More regular data collection is required. The Steering Committee notes that the ABS is currently investigating the option of conducting the survey of disability, ageing and carers (SDAC) on a three-yearly cycle, rather than the proposed biennial supplementary survey.

Interim performance indicator 8: Proportion of carers of people with disability accessing support services to assist in their caring roles – restricted carer population

Key amendments from first cycle of reporting:	As per the CRC recommendation to COAG, specialist psychiatric disability services have been excluded from the measures for this indicator (data will be backcast for the previous reporting year to reflect this amendment) Additional disaggregations reported as requested by the CRC and Steering Committee
Outcome:	Families and carers are well supported
INTERIM Measure:	Proportion of disability support service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer, where the service user accessed services to assist the carer in their caring role The (<u>interim</u>) measure is defined as: • <i>numerator</i> — (interim) number of disability support service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer, where the service user accessed services to assist the carer in their caring role, in the reporting period • <i>denominator</i> — (interim) number of disability support service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer in the reporting period and is expressed as a <i>percentage</i> <i>These measures exclude specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and WA</i>
Data source:	<u>Numerator and denominator — (interim) Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement National Minimum Data Set (CSTDA NMDS)</u>. Data are collected annually
Data provider:	AIHW
Data availability:	2007-08 (backcast as data revised to exclude specialist psychiatric disability services) and 2008-09
Cross tabulations provided:	This indicator is reported for three categories of specialist disability services: 1. In-home accommodation support 2. Community access services 3. Respite services (where possible respite services will be further disaggregated) State and Territory, by: • carer sex by carer age group • carer relationship to care recipient/service user • age of care recipient/service user • carer primary status • carer residency status

Box 20 Results

For this report, new data for this indicator are available for 2008-09.

- Data on in-home accommodation support, community access, and respite services are presented in tables NDA.8.1 to NDA.8.13.

Revised and additional data are available for 2007-08.

- Revised data are presented in tables NDA.8.14 to NDA.8.16, and tables NDA.8.24 to NDA.8.26.
- Additional data are presented in tables NDA.8.17 to NDA.8.23.

Attachment tables

Table NDA.8.1	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer age and carer sex, and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.8.2	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer age and carer sex, and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.8.3	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer age and carer sex, by State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.8.4	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by type of respite service, by State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.8.5	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by age of care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.8.6	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by age of care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.8.7	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by age of care recipient/service user, by State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.8.8	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer relationship to care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.8.9	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer relationship to care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.8.10	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer relationship to care recipient/service user, by State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.8.11	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.8.12	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.8.13	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2008-09

Table NDA.8.14	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer age and carer sex, and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.8.15	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer age and carer sex, and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.8.16	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer age and carer sex, by State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.8.17	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by type of respite service, by State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.8.18	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by age of care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.8.19	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by age of care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.8.20	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by age of care recipient/service user, by State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.8.21	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer relationship to care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.8.22	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer relationship to care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.8.23	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer relationship to care recipient/service user, by State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.8.24	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.8.25	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.8.26	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2007-08

Box 21 Comment on data quality

The DQS for this indicator has been prepared by the AIHW and is included in its original form in the section in this report titled 'Data Quality Statements'. Key points from the DQS are summarised below.

- The data provide relevant information, at the State and Territory level, on the proportion of carers of people with disability accessing support services to assist in their caring role. Data are not available by Indigenous status or socioeconomic status (SES).
- Annual data for the numerator and denominator are available from the CSTDA NMDS collection. The most recent available data are for 2008-09.
- Data are comparable for the two years included in this report.
- CSTDA NMDS data are derived from service delivery administrative data. It is assumed that service delivery processes involve the assessment of disability support needs following broadly consistent principles and practices across jurisdictions. However, this assumption is untested.
- Not stated/not collected rates vary substantially across data items and jurisdictions. If the characteristics of the people for whom the information is not available are different to those people for whom information is reported, there is potential for bias to be introduced into the data.
- Additional data from the data source are available on-line, and on request.

The Steering Committee also notes the following issues:

- The population for this indicator is a subset of carers (that is, carers of people with disability accessing disability support services, not all carers). Further work is required to identify the full population of carers.
- Disaggregation of this indicator by Indigenous status and SES is a priority.
- Reporting of Indigenous status may be limited because cells would need to be suppressed for confidentiality reasons.
- The CSTDA NMDS data collection does not currently include identification of SES. Further work is required to determine the appropriate concept and definition of SES for people with disability and their carers, and the most appropriate data collection. The National Disability Information Management Group is investigating this issue.

Performance indicator 9: Proportion of carers of people with disability who are satisfied with the range of disability service options and quality of support received

Key amendments from first cycle of reporting: No amendments have been made

Outcome: Families and carers are well supported

Measure: A measure for this indicator has yet to be developed

Box 22 Comment on data quality

A measure for this indicator is yet to be developed.

The Steering Committee notes that data development for this indicator is being undertaken as part of the implementation plan for the National Disability Services Quality Framework.

Performance indicator 10: Proportion of people with disability receiving income support

Key amendments from first cycle of reporting:	No amendments have been made
Outcome:	People with disability achieve economic participation and social inclusion
Measure:	Disability income support The measure is defined as: • <i>numerator</i> — number of persons with disability aged 16–62 years who receive the Disability Support Pension (DSP) • <i>denominator</i> — total number of persons with disability aged 16–62 years on 30 June of the previous reporting period as calculated by using age-sex specific disability prevalence rates from the most recent Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC) multiplied by the ERP and is expressed as a <i>percentage</i>
Data source:	<i>Numerator</i> — Centrelink <u>Disability Support Pension</u> data. Data are available annually <i>Denominator</i> — <u>Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers</u> (SDAC) — data are collected every six years <u>National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey</u> (NATSISS) — data are collected every six years <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> (Census) — data are collected every five years <u>Estimated Resident Population</u> (ERP) — data are collected annually Data are available for reporting annually
Data provider:	ABS (FaHCSIA/Centrelink and ABS produce data; ABS prepare Data Quality Statement)
Data availability:	DSP — 26 June 2009, SDAC — 2003, ERP — 30 June 2009, NATSISS — 2009, Census — 2006
Cross tabulations provided:	All persons with disability 16–62 years by State and Territory, by: • sex and age group • country of birth • Indigenous status and sex (number only)

Box 23 Results

For this report, new data for this indicator are available for 26 June 2009.

- Data are presented in tables NDA.10.1 to NDA.10.3.

Attachment tables

Table NDA.10.1	Proportion of people with disability, aged 16–62 years and living in households, who receive the Disability Support Pension, by sex and age group, State/Territory, 26 June 2009
Table NDA.10.2	Proportion of people with disability, aged 16–62 years and living in households, who receive the Disability Support Pension, by country of birth, State/Territory, 26 June 2009
Table NDA 10.3	Number of Indigenous people with disability, aged 16–62 years and living in households, who receive the Disability Support Pension, 26 June 2009

Box 24 **Comment on data quality**

The DQS for this indicator has been prepared by the ABS and is included in its original form in the section in this report titled 'Data Quality Statements'. Key points from the DQS are summarised below.

- The data provide relevant information, by State and Territory, on the proportion of people with disability receiving the disability support pension (DSP). Data are available on the number (not proportion) of Indigenous people with disability receiving DSP. Data are not available by socioeconomic status (SES).
- Annual data are available. The most recent data are for 2009.
- The requirements for receiving DSP are different to the criteria for being considered to have a disability for the purposes of ABS surveys, and therefore the scope of the numerator and denominator are not directly comparable. This may affect the comparability of data over time.

The Steering Committee also notes the following issues:

- The ABS has advised that a suitable denominator is not available for this indicator for Indigenous people for 2009. Unless a method is developed to provide estimates of the Indigenous population with disability between surveys, a denominator will only be available from the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey (NATSISS) every six years.
- Disaggregation of this indicator by SES is a priority. Further work is required to determine the appropriate concept and definition of SES that should be collected for people with disability and their carers, and the most appropriate data collection.

National Agreement performance reporting: National Disability Agreement

Attachment contents

NDA Benchamrk a

NDA Benchamrk b

NDA Benchmark c

NDA Benchmark d

Table NDA.PBd.1 Rate of people aged 0–64 years admitted to permanent residential aged care, 2009-10 (per 10 000 potential population)

Table NDA.PBd.2 Rate of people aged 0–64 years admitted to permanent residential aged care, 2008-09 (per 10 000 potential population)

Table NDA.PBd.3 Rate of people aged 0–64 years admitted to permanent residential aged care, 2007-08 (per 10 000 potential population)

Table NDA.PBd.4 Number of people aged 0–64 years receiving permanent residential aged care, 2009-10

Table NDA.PBd.5 Number of people aged 0–64 years receiving permanent residential aged care, 2008-09

Table NDA.PBd.6 Number of people aged 0–64 years receiving permanent residential aged care, 2007-08

Table NDA.PBd.7 Number of people aged 0–64 years who separated from permanent residential aged care to return to home/family, 2009-10

Table NDA.PBd.8 Number of people aged 0–64 years who separated from permanent residential aged care to return to home/family, 2008-09

Table NDA.PBd.9 Number of people aged 0–64 years who separated from permanent residential aged care to return to home/family, 2007-08

NDA Benchmark e

NDA Benchmark f

NDA Indicator 1

NDA Indicator 2

Table NDA.2.1 Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who report the main reason for not leaving home as often as they would like is their disability or condition, all with reported disability, by age and sex, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)

Table NDA.2.2 Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who report the main reason for not leaving home as often as they would like is their disability or condition, all with reported disability, by remoteness area, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)

Table NDA.2.3 Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who report the main reason for not leaving home as often as they would like is their disability or condition, all with reported disability, by country of birth, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)

Table NDA.2.4 Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who have had face-to-face contact with ex-household family or friends in the previous week, by disability status, by State/Territory, 2002 (per cent)

Table NDA.2.5 Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who have had face-to-face contact with ex-household family or friends in the previous week, by disability status, by State/Territory, 2006 (per cent)

NDA Indicator 3

Table NDA.3.1 Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09

Attachment contents

Table NDA.3.2	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type, (accommodation support), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.3	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community support), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.4	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community access), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.5	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (respite), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.6	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.7	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (accommodation support), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.8	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community support), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.9	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community access), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.10	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (respite), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.11	Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total), by need for assistance in life area, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.12	Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (accommodation support), by need for assistance in life area, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.13	Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community support), by need for assistance in life area, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.14	Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community access), by need for assistance in life area, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.15	Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (respite), by need for assistance in life area, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.16	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.17	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (accommodation support), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.18	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (community support), by service group, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08

Attachment contents

Table NDA.3.19	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community access), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.20	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (respite), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.21	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.22	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (accommodation support), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.23	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community support), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.24	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community access), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.25	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (respite), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.26	Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total), by need for assistance in life area, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.27	Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (accommodation support), by need for assistance in life area, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.28	Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community support), by need for assistance in life area, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.29	Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community access), by need for assistance in life area, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.30	Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (respite), by need for assistance in life area, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.31	Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.32	Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.33	Proportion of service users aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.34	Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.35	Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.36	Proportion of service users aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.37	Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09

Attachment contents

Table NDA.3.38	Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.39	Proportion of service users aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.3.40	Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.41	Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.42	Proportion of service users aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08
NDA Indicator 4	
NDA Indicator 5	
NDA Indicator 6	
Table NDA.6.1	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by age group and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.2	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by sex and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.3	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.4	Proportion of Indigenous service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.5	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by service group and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.6	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by age group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.7	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by sex and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.8	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.9	Proportion of Indigenous service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.10	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by service group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.11	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by age group and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.12	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by sex and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.13	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2008-09

Attachment contents

Table NDA.6.14	Proportion of Indigenous service users aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.15	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by age group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.16	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by sex and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.17	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.18	Proportion of Indigenous service users aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.19	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by age group and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.20	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by sex and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.21	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.22	Proportion of Indigenous service users aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.6.23	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by age group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.24	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by sex and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.25	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.26	Proportion of Indigenous service users aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08
NDA Indicator 7	
NDA Indicator 8	
Table NDA.8.1	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer age and carer sex, and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.8.2	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer age and carer sex, and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.8.3	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer age and carer sex, by State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.8.4	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by type of respite service, by State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.8.5	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by age of care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.8.6	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by age of care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.8.7	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by age of care recipient/service user, by State/Territory, 2008-09

Attachment contents

Table NDA.8.8	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer relationship to care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.8.9	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer relationship to care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.8.10	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer relationship to care recipient/service user, by State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.8.11	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.8.12	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.8.13	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2008-09
Table NDA.8.14	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer age and carer sex, and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.8.15	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer age and carer sex, and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.8.16	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer age and carer sex, by State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.8.17	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by type of respite service, by State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.8.18	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by age of care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.8.19	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by age of care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.8.20	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by age of care recipient/service user, by State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.8.21	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer relationship to care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.8.22	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer relationship to care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.8.23	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer relationship to care recipient/service user, by State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.8.24	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2007-08

Attachment contents

Table NDA.8.25	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.8.26	Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2007-08
NDA Indicator 9	
NDA Indicator 10	
Table NDA.10.1	Proportion of people with disability, aged 16–62 years and living in households, who receive the Disability Support Pension, by sex and age group, State/Territory, 30 June 2009
Table NDA.10.2	Proportion of people with disability, aged 16–62 years and living in households, who receive the Disability Support Pension, by country of birth, State/Territory, 30 June 2009
Table NDA.10.3	Number of Indigenous people with disability, aged 16–62 years and living in households, who receive the Disability Support Pension, 30 June 2009

NDA Benchmark a:

No new data were available for this report.

**An increase in the proportion of
people with disability in
employment**

NDA Benchmark b:

There is currently no agreed measure, nor any available data, to inform this indicator.

A decrease in the proportion of potential population with unmet demand for services

NDA Benchmark c:

There is currently no agreed measure, nor any available data, to inform this indicator.

An increase in the proportion of people with disability accessing services who have an individualised service plan

NDA Benchmark d:

This is an interim indicator.

An increase in the proportion of younger people in, or at risk of entering, residential aged care assisted with more appropriate forms of accommodation, diversionary strategies and/or enhanced services

Table NDA.PBd.1 Rate of people aged 0–64 years admitted to permanent residential aged care, 2009-10 (per 10 000 potential population) (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of people aged 0–64 years admitted to permanent residential aged care in 2009-10										
Less than 50 years	no.	47	35	23	17	15	np	–	np	144
50-64 years	no.	446	260	212	125	88	np	10	np	1 174
Total less than 65 years	no.	493	295	235	142	103	24	10	16	1 318
Estimated potential population for disability support services (people aged less than 65 years with profound or severe core activity limitation) on 30 June 2009										
Less than 50 years	no.	157 398	120 423	100 263	51 016	34 497	10 729	8 057	5 763	488 146
50-64 years	no.	88 649	66 705	54 880	27 675	21 660	7 069	4 287	2 404	273 330
Total less than 65 years	no.	246 048	187 128	155 143	78 691	56 158	17 798	12 344	8 167	761 476
Rate of people aged 0–64 years admitted to permanent residential aged care in 2009-10 (per 10 000 population)										
Less than 50 years	%	3.0	2.9	2.3	3.3	4.3	np	–	np	2.9
50-64 years	%	50.3	39.0	38.6	45.2	40.6	np	23.3	np	43.0
Total less than 65 years	%	20.0	15.8	15.1	18.0	18.3	13.5	8.1	19.6	17.3

(a) Admissions to permanent residential aged care do not include admissions to residential respite care.

(b) Transfers and readmissions during the reporting period are excluded.

– Nil. **np** Not published.

Source: DoHA (Unpublished) Aged and Community Care Management Information System; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2009 and the ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003.

Table NDA.PBd.2 Rate of people aged 0–64 years admitted to permanent residential aged care, 2008-09 (per 10 000 potential population) (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of people aged 0–64 years admitted to permanent residential aged care in 2008-09										
Less than 50 years	no.	72	37	20	13	13	np	–	np	163
50–64 years	no.	443	226	184	122	99	np	17	np	1 128
Total less than 65 years	no.	515	263	204	135	112	28	17	17	1 291
Estimated potential population for disability support services (people aged less than 65 years with profound or severe core activity limitation) on 30 June 2008										
Less than 50 years	no.	155 678	118 499	98 063	49 681	34 314	10 715	7 968	5 668	480 586
50–64 years	no.	86 817	65 046	53 442	26 849	21 233	6 925	4 191	2 314	266 818
Total less than 65 years	no.	242 495	183 545	151 505	76 530	55 547	17 640	12 160	7 982	747 404
Rate of people aged 0-64 years admitted to permanent residential aged care in 2008-09 (per 10 000 population)										
Less than 50 years	%	4.6	3.1	2.0	2.6	3.8	np	–	np	3.4
50–64 years	%	51.0	34.7	34.4	45.4	46.6	np	40.6	np	42.3
Total less than 65 years	%	21.2	14.3	13.5	17.6	20.2	15.9	14.0	21.3	17.3

(a) Admissions to permanent residential aged care do not include admissions to residential respite care.

(b) Transfers and readmissions during the reporting period are excluded.

– Nil. **np** Not published.

Source: DoHA (Unpublished) Aged and Community Care Management Information System; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2008 and the ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003.

Table NDA.PBd.3 Rate of people aged 0–64 years admitted to permanent residential aged care, 2007-08 (per 10 000 potential population) (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of people aged 0–64 years admitted to permanent residential aged care in 2007-08										
Less than 50 years	no.	59	36	16	12	13	np	np	np	141
50–64 years	no.	402	232	174	91	96	np	np	np	1 034
Total less than 65 years	no.	461	268	190	103	109	22	11	11	1 175
Estimated potential population for disability support services (people aged less than 65 years with profound or severe core activity limitation) on 30 June 2007										
Less than 50 years	no.	154 185	116 725	95 859	48 397	34 153	10 710	7 894	5 554	473 477
50–64 years	no.	84 536	63 200	51 778	25 942	20 732	6 743	4 088	2 223	259 241
Total less than 65 years	no.	238 721	179 925	147 636	74 339	54 886	17 453	11 982	7 777	732 718
Rate of people aged 0-64 years admitted to permanent residential aged care in 2007-08 (per 10 000 population)										
Less than 50 years	%	3.8	3.1	1.7	2.5	3.8	np	np	np	3.0
50–64 years	%	47.6	36.7	33.6	35.1	46.3	np	np	np	39.9
Total less than 65 years	%	19.3	14.9	12.9	13.9	19.9	12.6	9.2	14.1	16.0

(a) Admissions to permanent residential aged care do not include admissions to residential respite care.

(b) Transfers and readmissions during the reporting period are excluded.

np Not published.

Source: DoHA (Unpublished) Aged and Community Care Management Information System; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2007 and the ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003.

Table NDA.PBd.4 **Number of people aged 0–64 years receiving permanent residential aged care, 2009-10 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of people aged 0–64 years receiving permanent residential aged care in 2009-10										
Less than 50 years	no.	352	190	160	70	66	20	np	np	874
50–64 years	no.	2 363	1 616	1 351	593	508	183	np	np	6 740
Total less than 65 years	no.	2 715	1 806	1 511	663	574	203	79	63	7 614

(a) Permanent residential aged care does not include residential respite care.

(b) Transfers and readmissions during the reporting period are excluded.

np Not published.

Source: DoHA (Unpublished) Aged and Community Care Management Information System.

Table NDA.PBd.5 **Number of people aged 0–64 years receiving permanent residential aged care, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of people aged 0–64 years receiving permanent residential aged care in 2008-09										
Less than 50 years	no.	385	232	190	69	66	17	np	np	972
50–64 years	no.	2 372	1 620	1 352	566	519	177	np	np	6 728
Total less than 65 years	no.	2 757	1 852	1 542	635	585	194	79	56	7 700

(a) Permanent residential aged care does not include residential respite care.

(b) Transfers and readmissions during the reporting period are excluded.

np Not published.

Source: DoHA (Unpublished) Aged and Community Care Management Information System.

Table NDA.PBd.6 **Number of people aged 0–64 years receiving permanent residential aged care, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of people aged 0–64 years receiving permanent residential aged care in 2007-08										
Less than 50 years	no.	393	249	215	75	64	16	np	np	1 023
50–64 years	no.	2 374	1 596	1 384	538	535	168	np	np	6 707
Total less than 65 years	no.	2 767	1 845	1 599	613	599	184	72	51	7 730

(a) Permanent residential aged care does not include residential respite care.

(b) Transfers and readmissions during the reporting period are excluded.

np Not published.

Source: DoHA (Unpublished) Aged and Community Care Management Information System.

Table NDA.PBd.7 Number of people aged 0–64 years who separated from permanent residential aged care to return to home/family, 2009-10 (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of people aged 0–64 years who separated from permanent residential aged care to return to home/family in 2009-10										
Less than 50 years	no.	9	8	5	np	np	–	–	np	27
50–64 years	no.	46	36	40	np	np	5	np	np	148
Total less than 65 years	no.	55	44	45	12	9	5	np	np	175

(a) Permanent residential aged care does not include residential respite care.

– Nil. **np** Not published.

Source: DoHA (Unpublished) Aged and Community Care Management Information System.

Table NDA.PBd.8 Number of people aged 0–64 years who separated from permanent residential aged care to return to home/family, 2008-09 (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of people aged 0–64 years who separated from permanent residential aged care to return to home/family in 2008-09										
Less than 50 years	no.	7	np	11	np	np	np	–	–	26
50–64 years	no.	59	np	36	np	np	np	np	–	168
Total less than 65 years	no.	66	43	47	20	14	np	np	–	194

(a) Permanent residential aged care does not include residential respite care.

– Nil. **np** Not published.

Source: DoHA (Unpublished) Aged and Community Care Management Information System.

Table NDA.PBd.9 Number of people aged 0–64 years who separated from permanent residential aged care to return to home/family, 2007-08 (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of people aged 0–64 years who separated from permanent residential aged care to return to home/family in 2007-08										
Less than 50 years	no.	10	6	np	np	np	np	–	–	25
50–64 years	no.	51	25	np	np	np	np	–	np	143
Total less than 65 years	no.	61	31	38	19	13	np	–	np	168

(a) Permanent residential aged care does not include residential respite care.

– Nil. **np** Not published.

Source: DoHA (Unpublished) Aged and Community Care Management Information System.

NDA Benchmark e:

Data for this performance benchmark are provided in the data tables for performance indicator 6.

**An increase in the proportion of
Indigenous people with disability
receiving disability services**

NDA Benchmark f:

There is currently no agreed measure, nor any available data, to inform this indicator

**All services are subject to
quality improvement systems
consistent with National
Standards by 2010**

NDA Indicator 1:

No new data were available for this report.

Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years

NDA Indicator 2:

**Proportion of people with
disability who participate in
social and community activities**

Table NDA.2.1 **Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who report the main reason for not leaving home as often as they would like is their disability or condition, all with reported disability, by age and sex, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Proportion										
Male										
5–14 years	%	7.1	15.2	17.0	np	13.5	np	np	np	11.4
15–24 years	%	np	10.6	np	12.1	np	np	np	np	6.9
25–34 years	%	np	8.0	12.5	11.3	15.3	np	np	np	8.9
35–44 years	%	15.1	13.9	10.5	10.8	12.8	np	np	np	12.8
45–54 years	%	13.0	7.5	10.7	7.7	9.7	7.2	np	np	10.0
55–64 years	%	13.4	15.1	11.5	17.8	8.7	18.6	np	np	13.8
Total 5–64 years	%	10.7	11.7	10.9	11.2	10.9	12.3	9.0	np	11.2
Female										
5–14 years	%	np	np	12.4	np	np	–	–	–	5.0
15–24 years	%	13.9	np	21.4	np	–	–	–	–	12.4
25–34 years	%	8.9	np	np	–	np	19.8	np	–	8.8
35–44 years	%	16.1	9.7	13.9	19.0	6.2	np	27.8	–	12.9
45–54 years	%	12.0	18.7	11.7	16.5	12.4	25.7	21.7	–	14.7
55–64 years	%	21.0	19.7	13.9	22.0	10.5	16.0	np	np	17.9
Total 5–64 years	%	14.1	14.4	13.3	9.3	15.1	14.8	15.6	np	13.6
All										
5–14 years	%	5.2	12.0	15.2	np	10.4	np	np	np	9.0
15–24 years	%	9.1	9.1	12.0	8.0	8.2	np	np	np	9.6
25–34 years	%	5.8	7.9	9.6	12.6	10.8	17.5	np	np	8.9
35–44 years	%	15.5	11.9	12.2	8.3	15.8	6.7	16.4	np	12.9
45–54 years	%	12.5	13.3	11.2	10.2	13.0	15.9	17.6	np	12.3
55–64 years	%	17.2	17.3	12.8	14.2	15.4	17.4	12.7	np	15.8
Total 15–64 years	%	12.3	13.0	12.1	10.3	12.9	13.5	12.7	np	12.3

Relative standard errors

Table NDA.2.1 **Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who report the main reason for not leaving home as often as they would like is their disability or condition, all with reported disability, by age and sex, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Male										
5–14 years	%	40.7	28.1	32.1	np	37.6	np	np	np	17.8
15–24 years	%	np	45.3	np	44.1	np	np	np	np	28.7
25–34 years	%	np	35.3	35.2	50.0	34.0	np	np	np	21.0
35–44 years	%	26.4	23.5	26.8	48.7	36.1	np	np	np	12.1
45–54 years	%	24.9	30.8	26.2	41.6	38.0	49.6	np	np	12.1
55–64 years	%	24.1	18.1	31.9	25.3	39.1	31.7	np	np	12.4
Total 5–64 years	%	14.0	9.5	15.1	16.2	17.9	19.8	37.6	np	5.5
Female										
5–14 years	%	np	np	40.9	np	np	–	–	–	32.2
15–24 years	%	45.9	np	24.2	np	–	–	–	–	16.1
25–34 years	%	59.2	np	np	–	55.7	42.2	np	np	23.4
35–44 years	%	28.8	33.6	26.7	47.1	29.0	np	48.0	np	13.4
45–54 years	%	24.8	18.6	22.0	32.0	28.1	24.4	34.6	np	9.7
55–64 years	%	15.5	18.4	21.4	39.2	19.1	41.5	np	np	8.6
Total 5–64 years	%	10.3	13.5	13.2	23.8	16.7	18.9	24.5	np	5.9
All										
5–14 years	%	37.2	31.3	24.0	np	35.0	np	np	np	14.5
15–24 years	%	36.5	37.7	24.7	41.0	35.8	np	np	np	15.9
25–34 years	%	50.6	31.6	30.1	35.4	28.1	33.5	np	np	14.2
35–44 years	%	22.8	18.6	19.3	37.1	22.8	41.2	49.5	np	9.7
45–54 years	%	20.0	16.9	14.6	22.1	24.8	24.2	29.4	np	7.8
55–64 years	%	14.3	12.5	15.2	22.6	17.1	23.4	65.1	np	6.6
Total 15–64 years	%	10.2	8.1	10.6	15.7	12.0	15.1	23.6	np	3.9

95 per cent confidence intervals

Male

Table NDA.2.1 **Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who report the main reason for not leaving home as often as they would like is their disability or condition, all with reported disability, by age and sex, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
5–14 years	%	5.7	8.4	10.7	np	9.9	np	np	np	4.0
15–24 years	%	np	9.4	np	10.5	np	np	np	np	3.9
25–34 years	%	np	5.5	8.6	11.1	10.2	np	np	np	3.7
35–44 years	%	7.8	6.4	5.5	10.3	9.1	np	np	np	3.0
45–54 years	%	6.3	4.5	5.5	6.3	7.2	7.0	np	np	2.4
55–64 years	%	6.3	5.4	7.2	8.8	6.7	11.6	np	np	3.4
Total 5–64 years	%	2.9	2.2	3.2	3.6	3.8	4.8	6.6	np	1.2
Female										
5–14 years	%	np	np	9.9	np	np	–	–	–	3.2
15–24 years	%	12.5	np	10.2	np	–	–	–	–	3.9
25–34 years	%	10.3	np	np	–	np	16.4	np	–	4.0
35–44 years	%	9.1	6.4	7.3	17.5	3.5	np	26.2	–	3.4
45–54 years	%	5.8	6.8	5.0	10.3	6.8	12.3	14.7	–	2.8
55–64 years	%	6.4	7.1	5.8	16.9	3.9	13.0	np	np	3.0
Total 5–64 years	%	2.8	3.8	3.4	4.3	4.9	5.5	7.5	np	1.6
All										
5–14 years	%	3.8	7.4	7.2	np	7.1	np	np	np	2.6
15–24 years	%	6.5	6.7	5.8	6.4	5.8	np	np	np	3.0
25–34 years	%	5.8	4.9	5.7	8.7	5.9	11.5	np	np	2.5
35–44 years	%	6.9	4.3	4.6	6.0	7.1	5.4	15.9	np	2.5
45–54 years	%	4.9	4.4	3.2	4.4	6.3	7.5	10.1	np	1.9
55–64 years	%	4.8	4.2	3.8	6.3	5.2	8.0	16.2	np	2.0
Total 15–64 years	%	2.5	2.1	2.5	3.2	3.0	4.0	5.9	np	0.9

– Nil or rounded to zero. **np** Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.2 **Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who report the main reason for not leaving home as often as they would like is their disability or condition, all with reported disability, by remoteness area, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Proportion										
Remoteness Area										
Major cities	%	13.3	14.4	11.7	12.4	14.4	–	12.7	–	13.3
Inner regional	%	8.6	9.7	13.1	9.6	6.5	16.0	–	–	10.7
Outer regional/remote	%	13.8	10.8	11.6	4.0	11.5	9.2	–	np	10.6
Total	%	12.3	13.0	12.1	10.3	12.9	13.5	12.7	np	12.3
Relative standard errors										
Remoteness Area										
Major cities	%	10.1	8.6	11.1	14.5	14.0	–	23.6	–	4.7
Inner regional	%	26.8	21.1	21.3	46.4	49.0	15.9	–	–	11.7
Outer regional/remote	%	28.8	34.2	24.3	51.7	29.4	31.0	–	np	11.6
Total	%	10.2	8.1	10.6	15.7	12.0	15.1	23.6	np	3.9
95 per cent confidence intervals										
Remoteness Area										
Major cities	%	2.6	2.4	2.5	3.5	4.0	–	5.9	–	1.2
Inner regional	%	4.5	4.0	5.5	8.7	6.2	5.0	–	–	2.5
Outer regional/remote	%	7.8	7.2	5.5	4.1	6.6	5.6	–	np	2.4
Total	%	2.5	2.1	2.5	3.2	3.0	4.0	5.9	np	0.9

– Nil or rounded to zero. **np** Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.3 **Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who report the main reason for not leaving home as often as they would like is their disability or condition, all with reported disability, by country of birth, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Proportion										
Country of birth										
Australia	%	10.6	10.2	12.4	9.3	10.7	14.4	10.0	np	11.0
Other English speaking countries	%	7.1	10.9	8.9	13.1	18.5	np	np	np	10.9
All English speaking countries	%	10.4	10.3	12.0	9.9	11.6	13.7	11.5	np	11.0
Non-English speaking countries	%	22.6	25.0	12.5	13.3	25.9	np	18.7	np	21.3
Total	%	12.3	12.9	12.1	10.3	13.0	13.5	12.7	np	12.3
Relative standard errors										
Country of birth										
Australia	%	12.6	11.1	11.6	18.6	13.0	15.8	29.0	np	4.4
Other English speaking countries	%	45.8	44.1	28.5	28.4	25.2	np	np	np	13.1
All English speaking countries	%	12.9	11.3	10.8	17.9	12.1	15.4	25.6	np	4.1
Non-English speaking countries	%	15.6	18.1	39.0	27.9	25.9	np	60.9	np	11.0
Total	%	10.2	8.4	10.6	15.7	12.0	15.1	23.6	np	3.9
95 per cent confidence intervals										
Country of birth										
Australia	%	2.6	2.2	2.8	3.4	2.7	4.5	5.7	np	0.9
Other English speaking countries	%	6.4	9.4	5.0	7.3	9.1	–	–	np	2.8
All English speaking countries	%	2.6	2.3	2.5	3.5	2.8	4.1	5.8	np	0.9

Table NDA.2.3 **Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who report the main reason for not leaving home as often as they would like is their disability or condition, all with reported disability, by country of birth, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent) (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Non-English speaking countries	%	6.9	8.9	9.6	7.3	13.1	–	22.3	np	4.6
Total	%	2.5	2.1	2.5	3.2	3.1	4.0	5.9	np	0.9

(a) Does not include data where country of birth is unknown or not stated.

– Nil or rounded to zero. **np** Not published.

Source : ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.4

Table NDA.2.4 Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who have had face-to-face contact with ex-household family or friends in the previous week, by disability status, by State/Territory, 2002 (per cent)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Proportion										
Disability status (a)										
With disability	%	79.3	81.5	82.2	88.9	86.9	84.6	86.9	86.4	82.4
Without disability	%	82.5	85.2	81.9	89.4	89.0	88.5	89.7	83.1	84.5
Relative standard errors										
Disability status (a)										
With disability	%	5.0	3.8	4.7	3.5	4.8	4.1	4.4	6.0	2.1
Without disability	%	2.3	2.1	3.2	2.4	3.0	2.7	2.1	4.4	1.3
95 per cent confidence intervals										
Disability status (a)										
With disability	%	7.8	6.1	7.6	6.1	8.2	6.8	7.5	10.2	3.4
Without disability	%	3.7	3.5	5.1	4.2	5.2	4.7	3.7	7.2	2.2

(a) Disability status is collected on the GSS using the short disability question module. This module uses 10 questions to establish disability status where SDAC uses 125 questions. Analysis shows the short module significantly overstates the prevalence of disability.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2002 General Social Survey.

Table NDA.2.5

Table NDA.2.5 Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who have had face-to-face contact with ex-household family or friends in the previous week, by disability status, by State/Territory, 2006 (per cent)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Proportion										
Disability status (a)										
With disability	%	76.4	74.5	72.4	78.2	81.3	82.8	79.7	79.2	75.8
Without disability	%	80.6	82.4	78.0	82.5	84.2	84.9	82.1	79.5	81.2
Relative standard errors										
Disability status (a)										
With disability	%	4.6	6.0	4.4	5.6	4.5	5.1	5.7	4.6	2.4
Without disability	%	2.2	2.4	3.0	3.0	3.2	3.0	2.9	3.0	1.3
95 per cent confidence intervals										
Disability status (a)										
With disability	%	6.9	8.8	6.2	8.6	7.2	8.3	8.9	7.1	3.6
Without disability	%	3.5	3.9	4.6	4.9	5.3	5.0	4.7	4.7	2.1

(a) Disability status is collected on the GSS using the short disability question module. This module uses 10 questions to establish disability status where SDAC uses 125 questions. Analysis shows the short module significantly overstates the prevalence of disability.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2006 General Social Survey.

NDA Indicator 3:

Proportion of the potential population accessing disability services

Table NDA.3.1

Table NDA.3.1 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services (total) 2008-09										
Males										
0–4 years	no.	4 028	4 686	889	644	692	433	569	69	11 953
5–14 years	no.	7 338	7 250	2 636	3 271	2 108	536	1 281	153	24 472
15–24 years	no.	4 402	5 552	2 541	1 994	1 774	396	225	125	16 917
25–34 years	no.	2 605	3 999	1 751	914	1 194	262	155	92	10 913
35–44 years	no.	2 513	3 656	1 742	960	1 352	318	182	105	10 787
45–54 years	no.	2 493	3 669	1 665	808	1 577	370	106	82	10 742
55–64 years	no.	1 777	2 668	1 033	492	1 293	241	54	75	7 626
Total	no.	25 156	31 480	12 257	9 083	9 990	2 556	2 572	701	93 410
Females										
0–4 years	no.	1 913	2 178	556	337	341	314	309	32	5 959
5–14 years	no.	3 239	3 331	1 364	1 561	1 021	276	508	82	11 328
15–24 years	no.	2 853	3 518	1 758	1 203	1 086	220	126	105	10 810
25–34 years	no.	1 966	3 211	1 396	723	871	225	100	99	8 542
35–44 years	no.	1 908	3 345	1 456	713	1 147	264	130	123	9 052
45–54 years	no.	1 981	3 285	1 376	661	1 459	316	105	117	9 275
55–64 years	no.	1 291	2 464	887	469	1 232	191	54	79	6 657
Total	no.	15 151	21 332	8 793	5 667	7 157	1 806	1 332	637	61 623
Total (d)										
0–4 years	no.	5 962	6 871	1 448	981	1 033	747	878	101	17 943
5–14 years	no.	10 594	10 615	4 000	4 832	3 130	812	1 789	235	35 852
15–24 years	no.	7 275	9 083	4 301	3 197	2 860	616	351	230	27 762
25–34 years	no.	4 595	7 223	3 147	1 637	2 066	487	255	191	19 493

Table NDA.3.1

Table NDA.3.1 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
35–44 years	no.	4 437	7 019	3 199	1 673	2 500	582	312	228	19 875
45–54 years	no.	4 488	6 968	3 041	1 469	3 036	686	211	199	20 045
55–64 years	no.	3 078	5 136	1 920	961	2 531	432	108	154	14 303
Total	no.	40 429	52 915	21 056	14 750	17 156	4 362	3 904	1 338	155 273
Estimated potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2008										
Males										
0–4 years	no.	7 618	5 731	4 961	2 444	1 596	551	382	309	23 594
5–14 years	no.	29 105	21 587	18 875	9 392	6 365	2 132	1 346	1 131	89 933
15–24 years	no.	11 013	8 592	6 910	3 593	2 474	739	623	397	34 340
25–34 years	no.	11 408	8 817	6 946	3 624	2 371	642	655	441	34 902
35–44 years	no.	15 563	12 126	9 746	5 164	3 536	1 031	799	559	48 523
45–54 years	no.	19 714	14 832	12 075	6 371	4 657	1 480	958	643	60 730
55–64 years	no.	26 719	19 724	16 740	8 388	6 476	2 163	1 251	749	82 209
Total	no.	121 140	91 408	76 252	38 976	27 475	8 736	6 015	4 229	374 232
Females										
0–4 years	no.	5 454	4 111	3 536	1 744	1 157	391	274	221	16 888
5–14 years	no.	14 839	10 930	9 583	4 695	3 260	1 076	702	564	45 650
15–24 years	no.	10 288	7 967	6 534	3 288	2 324	696	575	359	32 031
25–34 years	no.	11 231	8 589	6 738	3 355	2 269	654	636	424	33 895
35–44 years	no.	17 528	13 735	10 925	5 528	3 910	1 197	902	583	54 308
45–54 years	no.	26 801	20 210	16 411	8 385	6 341	2 037	1 354	794	82 332
55–64 years	no.	35 214	26 595	21 526	10 559	8 811	2 852	1 703	807	108 067
Total	no.	121 355	92 137	75 253	37 554	28 072	8 903	6 145	3 753	373 172

Table NDA.3.1 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total										
0–4 years	no.	13 072	9 842	8 497	4 189	2 753	942	656	531	40 483
5–14 years	no.	43 944	32 518	28 459	14 087	9 625	3 208	2 049	1 695	135 584
15–24 years	no.	21 301	16 559	13 444	6 881	4 797	1 435	1 198	756	66 371
25–34 years	no.	22 639	17 405	13 683	6 979	4 639	1 295	1 290	865	68 797
35–44 years	no.	33 091	25 861	20 671	10 692	7 447	2 228	1 700	1 142	102 831
45–54 years	no.	46 516	35 042	28 485	14 756	10 998	3 517	2 312	1 437	143 063
55–64 years	no.	61 933	46 319	38 267	18 947	15 287	5 014	2 954	1 556	190 276
Total	no.	242 495	183 545	151 505	76 530	55 547	17 640	12 160	7 982	747 404
Proportion of the potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total) in 2008-09										
Males										
0–4 years	%	52.9	81.8	17.9	26.3	43.4	78.6	148.8	22.3	50.7
5–14 years	%	25.2	33.6	14.0	34.8	33.1	25.1	95.1	13.5	27.2
15–24 years	%	40.0	64.6	36.8	55.5	71.7	53.6	36.1	31.5	49.3
25–34 years	%	22.8	45.4	25.2	25.2	50.4	40.8	23.7	20.9	31.3
35–44 years	%	16.1	30.2	17.9	18.6	38.2	30.9	22.8	18.8	22.2
45–54 years	%	12.6	24.7	13.8	12.7	33.9	25.0	11.1	12.8	17.7
55–64 years	%	6.7	13.5	6.2	5.9	20.0	11.1	4.3	10.0	9.3
Total	%	20.8	34.4	16.1	23.3	36.4	29.3	42.8	16.6	25.0
Females										
0–4 years	%	35.1	53.0	15.7	19.3	29.5	80.2	112.8	14.5	35.3
5–14 years	%	21.8	30.5	14.2	33.2	31.3	25.6	72.3	14.5	24.8
15–24 years	%	27.7	44.2	26.9	36.6	46.7	31.6	21.9	29.3	33.7
25–34 years	%	17.5	37.4	20.7	21.5	38.4	34.4	15.7	23.3	25.2
35–44 years	%	10.9	24.4	13.3	12.9	29.3	22.1	14.4	21.1	16.7
45–54 years	%	7.4	16.3	8.4	7.9	23.0	15.5	7.8	14.7	11.3

Table NDA.3.1

Table NDA.3.1 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
55–64 years	%	3.7	9.3	4.1	4.4	14.0	6.7	3.2	9.8	6.2
Total	%	12.5	23.2	11.7	15.1	25.5	20.3	21.7	17.0	16.5
Total (d)										
0–4 years	%	45.6	69.8	17.0	23.4	37.5	79.3	133.7	19.0	44.3
5–14 years	%	24.1	32.6	14.1	34.3	32.5	25.3	87.3	13.9	26.4
15–24 years	%	34.2	54.9	32.0	46.5	59.6	42.9	29.3	30.4	41.8
25–34 years	%	20.3	41.5	23.0	23.5	44.5	37.6	19.8	22.1	28.3
35–44 years	%	13.4	27.1	15.5	15.6	33.6	26.1	18.3	20.0	19.3
45–54 years	%	9.6	19.9	10.7	10.0	27.6	19.5	9.1	13.8	14.0
55–64 years	%	5.0	11.1	5.0	5.1	16.6	8.6	3.7	9.9	7.5
Total	%	16.7	28.8	13.9	19.3	30.9	24.7	32.1	16.8	20.8

- (a) State/Territory delivered disability support services include any of accommodation support, community support (includes case management/co-ordination), community access and respite.
- (b) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.
- (c) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.
- (d) Includes people with not stated sex.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2008 and the ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003.

Table NDA.3.2 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type, (accommodation support), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services (accommodation support) 2008-09										
Males										
0–4 years	no.	np	5	39	np	np	np	np	–	60
5–14 years	no.	np	85	180	np	np	np	np	np	508
15–24 years	no.	484	433	419	345	171	86	19	26	1 982
25–34 years	no.	888	651	564	318	323	94	58	42	2 936
35–44 years	no.	1 279	944	772	416	470	133	92	38	4 142
45–54 years	no.	1 237	971	772	435	573	171	58	22	4 239
55–64 years	no.	878	580	459	209	444	135	np	np	2 735
Total	no.	4 833	3 669	3 205	1 832	2 027	643	248	150	16 602
Females										
0–4 years	no.	np	6	34	np	np	np	np	–	49
5–14 years	no.	np	42	111	np	np	np	np	np	271
15–24 years	no.	319	237	226	209	118	50	17	25	1 201
25–34 years	no.	601	467	414	215	210	85	26	19	2 034
35–44 years	no.	873	678	576	266	412	107	53	26	2 990
45–54 years	no.	972	782	574	321	490	138	42	12	3 330
55–64 years	no.	590	479	341	154	366	82	np	np	2 036
Total	no.	3 381	2 691	2 276	1 217	1 626	477	161	89	11 911
Total (c)										
0–4 years	no.	10	12	73	6	7	np	np	–	110
5–14 years	no.	83	127	291	155	69	np	np	16	779
15–24 years	no.	803	670	645	554	289	136	36	51	3 183
25–34 years	no.	1 494	1 119	978	533	533	179	84	61	4 976
35–44 years	no.	2 155	1 623	1 348	682	882	240	145	64	7 136

Table NDA.3.2 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type, (accommodation support), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
45–54 years	no.	2 211	1 753	1 346	756	1 063	309	100	34	7 571
55–64 years	no.	1 471	1 059	800	363	811	217	43	13	4 775
Total	no.	8 227	6 363	5 481	3 049	3 654	1 120	409	239	28 530
Estimated potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2008										
Males										
0–4 years	no.	7 618	5 731	4 961	2 444	1 596	551	382	309	23 594
5–14 years	no.	29 105	21 587	18 875	9 392	6 365	2 132	1 346	1 131	89 933
15–24 years	no.	11 013	8 592	6 910	3 593	2 474	739	623	397	34 340
25–34 years	no.	11 408	8 817	6 946	3 624	2 371	642	655	441	34 902
35–44 years	no.	15 563	12 126	9 746	5 164	3 536	1 031	799	559	48 523
45–54 years	no.	19 714	14 832	12 075	6 371	4 657	1 480	958	643	60 730
55–64 years	no.	26 719	19 724	16 740	8 388	6 476	2 163	1 251	749	82 209
Total	no.	121 140	91 408	76 252	38 976	27 475	8 736	6 015	4 229	374 232
Females										
0–4 years	no.	5 454	4 111	3 536	1 744	1 157	391	274	221	16 888
5–14 years	no.	14 839	10 930	9 583	4 695	3 260	1 076	702	564	45 650
15–24 years	no.	10 288	7 967	6 534	3 288	2 324	696	575	359	32 031
25–34 years	no.	11 231	8 589	6 738	3 355	2 269	654	636	424	33 895
35–44 years	no.	17 528	13 735	10 925	5 528	3 910	1 197	902	583	54 308
45–54 years	no.	26 801	20 210	16 411	8 385	6 341	2 037	1 354	794	82 332
55–64 years	no.	35 214	26 595	21 526	10 559	8 811	2 852	1 703	807	108 067
Total	no.	121 355	92 137	75 253	37 554	28 072	8 903	6 145	3 753	373 172
Total										
0–4 years	no.	13 072	9 842	8 497	4 189	2 753	942	656	531	40 483
5–14 years	no.	43 944	32 518	28 459	14 087	9 625	3 208	2 049	1 695	135 584

Table NDA.3.2 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type, (accommodation support), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
15–24 years	no.	21 301	16 559	13 444	6 881	4 797	1 435	1 198	756	66 371
25–34 years	no.	22 639	17 405	13 683	6 979	4 639	1 295	1 290	865	68 797
35–44 years	no.	33 091	25 861	20 671	10 692	7 447	2 228	1 700	1 142	102 831
45–54 years	no.	46 516	35 042	28 485	14 756	10 998	3 517	2 312	1 437	143 063
55–64 years	no.	61 933	46 319	38 267	18 947	15 287	5 014	2 954	1 556	190 276
Total	no.	242 495	183 545	151 505	76 530	55 547	17 640	12 160	7 982	747 404
Proportion of the potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (accommodation support) in 2008-09										
Males										
0–4 years	%	np	0.1	0.8	np	np	np	np	–	0.3
5–14 years	%	np	0.4	1.0	np	np	np	np	np	0.6
15–24 years	%	4.4	5.0	6.1	9.6	6.9	11.6	3.1	6.5	5.8
25–34 years	%	7.8	7.4	8.1	8.8	13.6	14.6	8.9	9.5	8.4
35–44 years	%	8.2	7.8	7.9	8.1	13.3	12.9	11.5	6.8	8.5
45–54 years	%	6.3	6.5	6.4	6.8	12.3	11.6	6.1	3.4	7.0
55–64 years	%	3.3	2.9	2.7	2.5	6.9	6.2	np	np	3.3
Total	%	4.0	4.0	4.2	4.7	7.4	7.4	4.1	3.5	4.4
Females										
0–4 years	%	np	0.1	1.0	np	np	np	np	–	0.3
5–14 years	%	np	0.4	1.2	np	np	np	np	np	0.6
15–24 years	%	3.1	3.0	3.5	6.4	5.1	7.2	3.0	7.0	3.7
25–34 years	%	5.4	5.4	6.1	6.4	9.3	13.0	4.1	4.5	6.0
35–44 years	%	5.0	4.9	5.3	4.8	10.5	8.9	5.9	4.5	5.5
45–54 years	%	3.6	3.9	3.5	3.8	7.7	6.8	3.1	1.5	4.0
55–64 years	%	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.5	4.2	2.9	np	np	1.9
Total	%	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.2	5.8	5.4	2.6	2.4	3.2

Table NDA.3.2 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type, (accommodation support), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total (c)										
0–4 years	%	0.1	0.1	0.9	0.1	0.3	np	np	–	0.3
5–14 years	%	0.2	0.4	1.0	1.1	0.7	np	np	0.9	0.6
15–24 years	%	3.8	4.0	4.8	8.1	6.0	9.5	3.0	6.7	4.8
25–34 years	%	6.6	6.4	7.1	7.6	11.5	13.8	6.5	7.1	7.2
35–44 years	%	6.5	6.3	6.5	6.4	11.8	10.8	8.5	5.6	6.9
45–54 years	%	4.8	5.0	4.7	5.1	9.7	8.8	4.3	2.4	5.3
55–64 years	%	2.4	2.3	2.1	1.9	5.3	4.3	1.5	0.8	2.5
Total	%	3.4	3.5	3.6	4.0	6.6	6.3	3.4	3.0	3.8

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

(c) Includes people with not stated sex.

– Nil. **np** Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2008 and the ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003.

Table NDA.3.3 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community support), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services (community support) 2008-09										
Males										
0–4 years	no.	3 974	4 627	865	628	679	432	567	68	11 783
5–14 years	no.	6 506	5 702	2 032	3 097	1 857	470	1 253	104	20 945
15–24 years	no.	2 318	3 155	1 806	1 775	1 537	252	187	76	11 059
25–34 years	no.	1 084	2 846	895	683	979	107	103	44	6 717
35–44 years	no.	1 062	2 008	913	641	1 009	125	112	51	5 899
45–54 years	no.	1 006	2 178	888	501	1 015	152	66	46	5 838
55–64 years	no.	691	1 623	532	273	910	92	40	51	4 209
Total	no.	16 641	22 139	7 931	7 598	7 986	1 630	2 328	440	66 450
Females										
0–4 years	no.	1 876	2 127	545	329	334	314	308	31	5 844
5–14 years	no.	2 890	2 623	1 075	1 447	857	235	486	62	9 635
15–24 years	no.	1 447	1 925	1 145	1 062	905	132	96	63	6 749
25–34 years	no.	818	2 269	667	550	687	111	75	43	5 200
35–44 years	no.	909	2 059	758	494	888	118	91	77	5 374
45–54 years	no.	837	1 931	776	431	959	153	69	73	5 218
55–64 years	no.	548	1 533	496	251	904	94	31	62	3 914
Total	no.	9 325	14 467	5 462	4 564	5 534	1 157	1 156	411	41 934
Total (c)										
0–4 years	no.	5 870	6 760	1 413	957	1 013	746	875	99	17 656
5–14 years	no.	9 408	8 347	3 107	4 544	2 714	705	1 739	166	30 614
15–24 years	no.	3 767	5 084	2 953	2 837	2 442	384	283	139	17 816
25–34 years	no.	1 908	5 124	1 562	1 233	1 667	218	178	87	11 933

Table NDA.3.3 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community support), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
35–44 years	no.	1 977	4 074	1 672	1 135	1 898	243	203	128	11 288
45–54 years	no.	1 845	4 113	1 664	932	1 974	305	135	119	11 062
55–64 years	no.	1 240	3 157	1 028	524	1 816	186	71	113	8 127
Total	no.	26 015	36 659	13 399	12 162	13 524	2 787	3 484	851	108 496
Estimated potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2008										
Males										
0–4 years	no.	7 618	5 731	4 961	2 444	1 596	551	382	309	23 594
5–14 years	no.	29 105	21 587	18 875	9 392	6 365	2 132	1 346	1 131	89 933
15–24 years	no.	11 013	8 592	6 910	3 593	2 474	739	623	397	34 340
25–34 years	no.	11 408	8 817	6 946	3 624	2 371	642	655	441	34 902
35–44 years	no.	15 563	12 126	9 746	5 164	3 536	1 031	799	559	48 523
45–54 years	no.	19 714	14 832	12 075	6 371	4 657	1 480	958	643	60 730
55–64 years	no.	26 719	19 724	16 740	8 388	6 476	2 163	1 251	749	82 209
Total	no.	121 140	91 408	76 252	38 976	27 475	8 736	6 015	4 229	374 232
Females										
0–4 years	no.	5 454	4 111	3 536	1 744	1 157	391	274	221	16 888
5–14 years	no.	14 839	10 930	9 583	4 695	3 260	1 076	702	564	45 650
15–24 years	no.	10 288	7 967	6 534	3 288	2 324	696	575	359	32 031
25–34 years	no.	11 231	8 589	6 738	3 355	2 269	654	636	424	33 895
35–44 years	no.	17 528	13 735	10 925	5 528	3 910	1 197	902	583	54 308
45–54 years	no.	26 801	20 210	16 411	8 385	6 341	2 037	1 354	794	82 332
55–64 years	no.	35 214	26 595	21 526	10 559	8 811	2 852	1 703	807	108 067
Total	no.	121 355	92 137	75 253	37 554	28 072	8 903	6 145	3 753	373 172

Table NDA.3.3 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community support), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total										
0–4 years	no.	13 072	9 842	8 497	4 189	2 753	942	656	531	40 483
5–14 years	no.	43 944	32 518	28 459	14 087	9 625	3 208	2 049	1 695	135 584
15–24 years	no.	21 301	16 559	13 444	6 881	4 797	1 435	1 198	756	66 371
25–34 years	no.	22 639	17 405	13 683	6 979	4 639	1 295	1 290	865	68 797
35–44 years	no.	33 091	25 861	20 671	10 692	7 447	2 228	1 700	1 142	102 831
45–54 years	no.	46 516	35 042	28 485	14 756	10 998	3 517	2 312	1 437	143 063
55–64 years	no.	61 933	46 319	38 267	18 947	15 287	5 014	2 954	1 556	190 276
Total	no.	242 495	183 545	151 505	76 530	55 547	17 640	12 160	7 982	747 404
Proportion of the potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (community support) in 2008-09										
Males										
0–4 years	%	52.2	80.7	17.4	25.7	42.5	78.4	148.3	22.0	49.9
5–14 years	%	22.4	26.4	10.8	33.0	29.2	22.0	93.1	9.2	23.3
15–24 years	%	21.0	36.7	26.1	49.4	62.1	34.1	30.0	19.1	32.2
25–34 years	%	9.5	32.3	12.9	18.8	41.3	16.7	15.7	10.0	19.2
35–44 years	%	6.8	16.6	9.4	12.4	28.5	12.1	14.0	9.1	12.2
45–54 years	%	5.1	14.7	7.4	7.9	21.8	10.3	6.9	7.2	9.6
55–64 years	%	2.6	8.2	3.2	3.3	14.1	4.3	3.2	6.8	5.1
Total	%	13.7	24.2	10.4	19.5	29.1	18.7	38.7	10.4	17.8
Females										
0–4 years	%	34.4	51.7	15.4	18.9	28.9	80.2	112.4	14.0	34.6
5–14 years	%	19.5	24.0	11.2	30.8	26.3	21.8	69.2	11.0	21.1
15–24 years	%	14.1	24.2	17.5	32.3	38.9	19.0	16.7	17.6	21.1
25–34 years	%	7.3	26.4	9.9	16.4	30.3	17.0	11.8	10.1	15.3
35–44 years	%	5.2	15.0	6.9	8.9	22.7	9.9	10.1	13.2	9.9

Table NDA.3.3 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community support), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
45–54 years	%	3.1	9.6	4.7	5.1	15.1	7.5	5.1	9.2	6.3
55–64 years	%	1.6	5.8	2.3	2.4	10.3	3.3	1.8	7.7	3.6
Total	%	7.7	15.7	7.3	12.2	19.7	13.0	18.8	11.0	11.2
Total (c)										
0–4 years	%	44.9	68.7	16.6	22.8	36.8	79.2	133.3	18.7	43.6
5–14 years	%	21.4	25.7	10.9	32.3	28.2	22.0	84.9	9.8	22.6
15–24 years	%	17.7	30.7	22.0	41.2	50.9	26.8	23.6	18.4	26.8
25–34 years	%	8.4	29.4	11.4	17.7	35.9	16.8	13.8	10.1	17.3
35–44 years	%	6.0	15.8	8.1	10.6	25.5	10.9	11.9	11.2	11.0
45–54 years	%	4.0	11.7	5.8	6.3	17.9	8.7	5.8	8.3	7.7
55–64 years	%	2.0	6.8	2.7	2.8	11.9	3.7	2.4	7.3	4.3
Total	%	10.7	20.0	8.8	15.9	24.3	15.8	28.7	10.7	14.5

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

(c) Includes people with not stated sex.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2008 and the ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003.

Table NDA.3.4 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community access), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services (community access) 2008-09										
Males										
0–4 years	no.	20	49	35	11	21	–	np	np	138
5–14 years	no.	317	205	472	273	320	39	np	np	1 700
15–24 years	no.	2 240	1 840	1 067	552	426	166	50	41	6 375
25–34 years	no.	1 478	897	1 040	429	387	163	82	38	4 508
35–44 years	no.	1 180	1 325	835	371	402	166	56	38	4 367
45–54 years	no.	1 070	1 247	711	302	480	182	33	32	4 054
55–64 years	no.	796	892	411	188	347	114	10	22	2 779
Total	no.	7 101	6 455	4 571	2 126	2 383	830	276	202	23 921
Females										
0–4 years	no.	13	37	17	8	11	–	np	np	87
5–14 years	no.	133	144	276	192	226	22	np	np	1 036
15–24 years	no.	1 559	1 223	836	376	335	102	32	35	4 494
25–34 years	no.	1 174	697	837	363	337	116	51	40	3 610
35–44 years	no.	854	1 074	680	286	365	153	44	30	3 483
45–54 years	no.	851	1 129	571	236	519	128	27	24	3 483
55–64 years	no.	557	784	323	187	349	79	9	13	2 301
Total	no.	5 141	5 088	3 540	1 648	2 142	600	193	156	18 494
Total (c)										
0–4 years	no.	33	86	52	19	32	–	np	np	225
5–14 years	no.	451	349	748	465	547	61	np	np	2 738
15–24 years	no.	3 813	3 064	1 903	928	761	268	82	76	10 884
25–34 years	no.	2 655	1 595	1 877	792	724	279	133	78	8 122

Table NDA.3.4 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community access), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
35–44 years	no.	2 036	2 408	1 515	657	767	319	100	68	7 861
45–54 years	no.	1 923	2 379	1 282	538	999	310	60	56	7 542
55–64 years	no.	1 357	1 676	734	375	699	193	19	35	5 087
Total	no.	12 268	11 557	8 111	3 774	4 529	1 430	469	358	42 459
Estimated potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2008										
Males										
0–4 years	no.	7 618	5 731	4 961	2 444	1 596	551	382	309	23 594
5–14 years	no.	29 105	21 587	18 875	9 392	6 365	2 132	1 346	1 131	89 933
15–24 years	no.	11 013	8 592	6 910	3 593	2 474	739	623	397	34 340
25–34 years	no.	11 408	8 817	6 946	3 624	2 371	642	655	441	34 902
35–44 years	no.	15 563	12 126	9 746	5 164	3 536	1 031	799	559	48 523
45–54 years	no.	19 714	14 832	12 075	6 371	4 657	1 480	958	643	60 730
55–64 years	no.	26 719	19 724	16 740	8 388	6 476	2 163	1 251	749	82 209
Total	no.	121 140	91 408	76 252	38 976	27 475	8 736	6 015	4 229	374 232
Females										
0–4 years	no.	5 454	4 111	3 536	1 744	1 157	391	274	221	16 888
5–14 years	no.	14 839	10 930	9 583	4 695	3 260	1 076	702	564	45 650
15–24 years	no.	10 288	7 967	6 534	3 288	2 324	696	575	359	32 031
25–34 years	no.	11 231	8 589	6 738	3 355	2 269	654	636	424	33 895
35–44 years	no.	17 528	13 735	10 925	5 528	3 910	1 197	902	583	54 308
45–54 years	no.	26 801	20 210	16 411	8 385	6 341	2 037	1 354	794	82 332
55–64 years	no.	35 214	26 595	21 526	10 559	8 811	2 852	1 703	807	108 067
Total	no.	121 355	92 137	75 253	37 554	28 072	8 903	6 145	3 753	373 172

Table NDA.3.4 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community access), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total										
0–4 years	no.	13 072	9 842	8 497	4 189	2 753	942	656	531	40 483
5–14 years	no.	43 944	32 518	28 459	14 087	9 625	3 208	2 049	1 695	135 584
15–24 years	no.	21 301	16 559	13 444	6 881	4 797	1 435	1 198	756	66 371
25–34 years	no.	22 639	17 405	13 683	6 979	4 639	1 295	1 290	865	68 797
35–44 years	no.	33 091	25 861	20 671	10 692	7 447	2 228	1 700	1 142	102 831
45–54 years	no.	46 516	35 042	28 485	14 756	10 998	3 517	2 312	1 437	143 063
55–64 years	no.	61 933	46 319	38 267	18 947	15 287	5 014	2 954	1 556	190 276
Total	no.	242 495	183 545	151 505	76 530	55 547	17 640	12 160	7 982	747 404
Proportion of the potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (community access) in 2008-09										
Males										
0–4 years	%	0.3	0.9	0.7	0.4	1.3	–	np	np	0.6
5–14 years	%	1.1	0.9	2.5	2.9	5.0	1.8	np	np	1.9
15–24 years	%	20.3	21.4	15.4	15.4	17.2	22.5	8.0	10.3	18.6
25–34 years	%	13.0	10.2	15.0	11.8	16.3	25.4	12.5	8.6	12.9
35–44 years	%	7.6	10.9	8.6	7.2	11.4	16.1	7.0	6.8	9.0
45–54 years	%	5.4	8.4	5.9	4.7	10.3	12.3	3.4	5.0	6.7
55–64 years	%	3.0	4.5	2.5	2.2	5.4	5.3	0.8	2.9	3.4
Total	%	5.9	7.1	6.0	5.5	8.7	9.5	4.6	4.8	6.4
Females										
0–4 years	%	0.2	0.9	0.5	0.5	1.0	–	np	np	0.5
5–14 years	%	0.9	1.3	2.9	4.1	6.9	2.0	np	np	2.3
15–24 years	%	15.2	15.4	12.8	11.4	14.4	14.6	5.6	9.8	14.0
25–34 years	%	10.5	8.1	12.4	10.8	14.9	17.7	8.0	9.4	10.7
35–44 years	%	4.9	7.8	6.2	5.2	9.3	12.8	4.9	5.1	6.4

Table NDA.3.4 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community access), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
45–54 years	%	3.2	5.6	3.5	2.8	8.2	6.3	2.0	3.0	4.2
55–64 years	%	1.6	2.9	1.5	1.8	4.0	2.8	0.5	1.6	2.1
Total	%	4.2	5.5	4.7	4.4	7.6	6.7	3.1	4.2	5.0
Total (c)										
0–4 years	%	0.3	0.9	0.6	0.5	1.2	–	np	np	0.6
5–14 years	%	1.0	1.1	2.6	3.3	5.7	1.9	np	np	2.0
15–24 years	%	17.9	18.5	14.2	13.5	15.9	18.7	6.8	10.1	16.4
25–34 years	%	11.7	9.2	13.7	11.3	15.6	21.5	10.3	9.0	11.8
35–44 years	%	6.2	9.3	7.3	6.1	10.3	14.3	5.9	6.0	7.6
45–54 years	%	4.1	6.8	4.5	3.6	9.1	8.8	2.6	3.9	5.3
55–64 years	%	2.2	3.6	1.9	2.0	4.6	3.8	0.6	2.2	2.7
Total	%	5.1	6.3	5.4	4.9	8.2	8.1	3.9	4.5	5.7

- (a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.
- (b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.
- (c) Includes people with not stated sex.
– Nil. **np** Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2008 and the ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003.

Table NDA.3.5

Table NDA.3.5 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (respite), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services (respite) 2008-09										
Males										
0–4 years	no.	124	108	85	45	np	np	np	np	371
5–14 years	no.	1 707	2 371	985	536	226	69	52	21	5 959
15–24 years	no.	1 382	2 425	902	504	316	52	71	20	5 659
25–34 years	no.	624	1 133	351	147	129	21	27	11	2 439
35–44 years	no.	423	827	245	134	147	15	31	12	1 830
45–54 years	no.	320	649	188	76	141	np	17	np	1 409
55–64 years	no.	134	378	101	66	np	np	np	np	787
Total	no.	4 714	7 891	2 857	1 508	1 053	185	208	69	18 454
Females										
0–4 years	no.	71	81	62	25	np	np	np	np	245
5–14 years	no.	742	1 069	476	276	113	35	29	12	2 746
15–24 years	no.	916	1 527	621	335	198	37	26	15	3 661
25–34 years	no.	509	926	314	171	128	23	37	28	2 129
35–44 years	no.	323	753	231	123	117	17	30	42	1 633
45–54 years	no.	268	596	151	87	111	np	30	np	1 280
55–64 years	no.	138	389	81	84	np	np	np	np	777
Total	no.	2 967	5 341	1 936	1 101	734	136	159	128	12 471
Total (c)										
0–4 years	no.	196	189	147	70	9	np	np	np	617
5–14 years	no.	2 453	3 452	1 461	812	339	104	81	33	8 721
15–24 years	no.	2 306	3 960	1 523	839	514	89	97	35	9 336
25–34 years	no.	1 144	2 061	665	318	257	44	64	39	4 581

Table NDA.3.5 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (respite), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
35–44 years	no.	753	1 582	476	257	264	32	61	54	3 472
45–54 years	no.	597	1 252	339	163	252	30	47	28	2 705
55–64 years	no.	274	770	182	150	152	np	np	np	1 569
Total	no.	7 723	13 266	4 793	2 609	1 787	321	367	197	31 001
Estimated potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2008										
Males										
0–4 years	no.	7 618	5 731	4 961	2 444	1 596	551	382	309	23 594
5–14 years	no.	29 105	21 587	18 875	9 392	6 365	2 132	1 346	1 131	89 933
15–24 years	no.	11 013	8 592	6 910	3 593	2 474	739	623	397	34 340
25–34 years	no.	11 408	8 817	6 946	3 624	2 371	642	655	441	34 902
35–44 years	no.	15 563	12 126	9 746	5 164	3 536	1 031	799	559	48 523
45–54 years	no.	19 714	14 832	12 075	6 371	4 657	1 480	958	643	60 730
55–64 years	no.	26 719	19 724	16 740	8 388	6 476	2 163	1 251	749	82 209
Total	no.	121 140	91 408	76 252	38 976	27 475	8 736	6 015	4 229	374 232
Females										
0–4 years	no.	5 454	4 111	3 536	1 744	1 157	391	274	221	16 888
5–14 years	no.	14 839	10 930	9 583	4 695	3 260	1 076	702	564	45 650
15–24 years	no.	10 288	7 967	6 534	3 288	2 324	696	575	359	32 031
25–34 years	no.	11 231	8 589	6 738	3 355	2 269	654	636	424	33 895
35–44 years	no.	17 528	13 735	10 925	5 528	3 910	1 197	902	583	54 308
45–54 years	no.	26 801	20 210	16 411	8 385	6 341	2 037	1 354	794	82 332
55–64 years	no.	35 214	26 595	21 526	10 559	8 811	2 852	1 703	807	108 067
Total	no.	121 355	92 137	75 253	37 554	28 072	8 903	6 145	3 753	373 172

Table NDA.3.5 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (respite), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total										
0–4 years	no.	13 072	9 842	8 497	4 189	2 753	942	656	531	40 483
5–14 years	no.	43 944	32 518	28 459	14 087	9 625	3 208	2 049	1 695	135 584
15–24 years	no.	21 301	16 559	13 444	6 881	4 797	1 435	1 198	756	66 371
25–34 years	no.	22 639	17 405	13 683	6 979	4 639	1 295	1 290	865	68 797
35–44 years	no.	33 091	25 861	20 671	10 692	7 447	2 228	1 700	1 142	102 831
45–54 years	no.	46 516	35 042	28 485	14 756	10 998	3 517	2 312	1 437	143 063
55–64 years	no.	61 933	46 319	38 267	18 947	15 287	5 014	2 954	1 556	190 276
Total	no.	242 495	183 545	151 505	76 530	55 547	17 640	12 160	7 982	747 404
Proportion of the potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (respite) in 2008-09										
Males										
0–4 years	%	1.6	1.9	1.7	1.8	np	np	np	np	1.6
5–14 years	%	5.9	11.0	5.2	5.7	3.6	3.2	3.9	1.9	6.6
15–24 years	%	12.5	28.2	13.1	14.0	12.8	7.0	11.4	5.0	16.5
25–34 years	%	5.5	12.9	5.1	4.1	5.4	3.3	4.1	2.5	7.0
35–44 years	%	2.7	6.8	2.5	2.6	4.2	1.5	3.9	2.1	3.8
45–54 years	%	1.6	4.4	1.6	1.2	3.0	np	1.8	np	2.3
55–64 years	%	0.5	1.9	0.6	0.8	np	np	np	np	1.0
Total	%	3.9	8.6	3.7	3.9	3.8	2.1	3.5	1.6	4.9
Females										
0–4 years	%	1.3	2.0	1.8	1.4	np	np	np	np	1.5
5–14 years	%	5.0	9.8	5.0	5.9	3.5	3.3	4.1	2.1	6.0
15–24 years	%	8.9	19.2	9.5	10.2	8.5	5.3	4.5	4.2	11.4
25–34 years	%	4.5	10.8	4.7	5.1	5.6	3.5	5.8	6.6	6.3
35–44 years	%	1.8	5.5	2.1	2.2	3.0	1.4	3.3	7.2	3.0

Table NDA.3.5 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (respite), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
45–54 years	%	1.0	2.9	0.9	1.0	1.8	np	2.2	np	1.6
55–64 years	%	0.4	1.5	0.4	0.8	np	np	np	np	0.7
Total	%	2.4	5.8	2.6	2.9	2.6	1.5	2.6	3.4	3.3
Total (c)										
0–4 years	%	1.5	1.9	1.7	1.7	0.3	np	np	np	1.5
5–14 years	%	5.6	10.6	5.1	5.8	3.5	3.2	4.0	1.9	6.4
15–24 years	%	10.8	23.9	11.3	12.2	10.7	6.2	8.1	4.6	14.1
25–34 years	%	5.1	11.8	4.9	4.6	5.5	3.4	5.0	4.5	6.7
35–44 years	%	2.3	6.1	2.3	2.4	3.5	1.4	3.6	4.7	3.4
45–54 years	%	1.3	3.6	1.2	1.1	2.3	0.9	2.0	1.9	1.9
55–64 years	%	0.4	1.7	0.5	0.8	1.0	np	np	np	0.8
Total	%	3.2	7.2	3.2	3.4	3.2	1.8	3.0	2.5	4.1

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

(c) Includes people with not stated sex.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2008 and the ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003.

Table NDA.3.6 Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2008-09 (a), (b)

	<i>Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services (total) 2008-09</i>	<i>Estimated potential population for State/Territory delivered disability support services 30 June 2008</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total) 2008-09</i>
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Country of birth			
Australia	132 554	596 880	22.2
Other English speaking countries	3 947	50 158	7.9
All English speaking countries	136 501	647 039	21.1
Non-English speaking countries	6 483	100 365	6.5
Total (c)	155 273	747 404	20.8
Remoteness Area			
Major cities	94 362	479 841	19.7
Inner Regional	36 212	174 355	20.8
Outer Regional/ Remote/Very Remote	16 885	93 208	18.1
Total (d)	155 273	747 404	20.8

(a) State/Territory delivered disability support services include any of accommodation support, community support (includes case management/co-ordination), community access and respite.

(b) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(c) Includes people with not stated Country of birth.

(d) Includes people with not stated Remoteness Area.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2008; Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.3.7 Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (accommodation support), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2008-09 (a)

	<i>Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services (accommodation support) 2008-09</i>	<i>Estimated potential population for State/Territory delivered disability support services 30 June 2008</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (accommodation support) 2008-09</i>
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Country of birth			
Australia	26 023	596 880	4.4
Other English speaking countries	846	50 158	1.7
All English speaking countries	27 089	647 039	4.2
Non-English speaking countries	1 066	100 365	1.1
Total (b)	28 530	747 404	3.8
Remoteness Area			
Major cities	18 675	479 841	3.9
Inner Regional	6 916	174 355	4.0
Outer Regional/ Remote/Very Remote	2 698	93 208	2.9
Total (c)	28 530	747 404	3.8

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(b) Includes people with not stated Country of birth.

(c) Includes people with not stated Remoteness Area.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2008; Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.3.8 Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community support), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2008-09 (a)

	<i>Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services (community support) 2008-09</i>	<i>Estimated potential population for State/Territory delivered disability support services 30 June 2008</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (community support) 2008-09</i>
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Country of birth			
Australia	94 857	596 880	15.9
Other English speaking countries	2 838	50 158	5.7
All English speaking countries	97 695	647 039	15.1
Non-English speaking countries	4 681	100 365	4.7
Total (b)	108 496	747 404	14.5
Remoteness Area			
Major cities	66 632	479 841	13.9
Inner Regional	24 165	174 355	13.9
Outer Regional/ Remote/Very Remote	12 278	93 208	13.2
Total (c)	108 496	747 404	14.5

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(b) Includes people with not stated Country of birth.

(c) Includes people with not stated Remoteness Area.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2008; Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.3.9 Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community access), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2008-09 (a)

	<i>Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services (community access) 2008-09</i>	<i>Estimated potential population for State/Territory delivered disability support services 30 June 2008</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (community access) 2008-09</i>
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Country of birth			
Australia	34 873	596 880	5.8
Other English speaking countries	1 139	50 158	2.3
All English speaking countries	36 012	647 039	5.6
Non-English speaking countries	1 833	100 365	1.8
Total (b)	42 459	747 404	5.7
Remoteness Area			
Major cities	26 490	479 841	5.5
Inner Regional	10 024	174 355	5.7
Outer Regional/ Remote/Very Remote	3 888	93 208	4.2
Total (c)	42 459	747 404	5.7

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(b) Includes people with not stated Country of birth.

(c) Includes people with not stated Remoteness Area.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2008; Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.3.10 Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (respite), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2008-09 (a)

	<i>Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services (respite) 2008-09</i>	<i>Estimated potential population for State/Territory delivered disability support services 30 June 2008</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (respite) 2008-09</i>
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Country of birth			
Australia	27 015	596 880	4.5
Other English speaking countries	810	50 158	1.6
All English speaking countries	27 825	647 039	4.3
Non-English speaking countries	1 528	100 365	1.5
Total (b)	31 001	747 404	4.1
Remoteness Area			
Major cities	17 843	479 841	3.7
Inner Regional	8 510	174 355	4.9
Outer Regional/ Remote/Very Remote	4 172	93 208	4.5
Total (c)	31 001	747 404	4.1

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(b) Includes people with not stated Country of birth.

(c) Includes people with not stated Remoteness Area.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2008; Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.3.11 Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total), by need for assistance in life area, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services (total) 2008-09										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	no.	29 006	26 150	17 779	12 507	13 067	3 548	3 169	884	105 540
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	2 717	3 600	1 675	1 427	2 057	525	258	130	12 353
Total needing assistance	no.	31 723	29 750	19 454	13 934	15 124	4 073	3 427	1 014	117 893
No need for help or supervision	no.	355	1 030	226	183	614	82	28	26	2 535
Need for assistance not determined (d)	no.	8 351	22 135	1 376	633	1 418	207	449	298	34 845
Total	no.	40 429	52 915	21 056	14 750	17 156	4 362	3 904	1 338	155 273
Proportion of service users accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total) 2008-09										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	%	71.7	49.4	84.4	84.8	76.2	81.3	81.2	66.1	68.0
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	%	6.7	6.8	8.0	9.7	12.0	12.0	6.6	9.7	8.0
Total needing assistance	%	78.5	56.2	92.4	94.5	88.2	93.4	87.8	75.8	75.9
No need for help or supervision	%	0.9	1.9	1.1	1.2	3.6	1.9	0.7	1.9	1.6
Need for assistance not determined (d)	%	20.7	41.8	6.5	4.3	8.3	4.7	11.5	22.3	22.4
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

- (a) State/Territory delivered disability support services include any of accommodation support, community support (includes case management/co-ordination), community access and respite.
- (b) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.
- (c) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

Table NDA.3.11 Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total), by need for assistance in life area, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c)

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>

(d) Includes people whose need for assistance was 'not stated', 'not collected' or 'not applicable (due to age)'.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09.

Table NDA.3.12 Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (accommodation support), by need for assistance in life area, 2008-09 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services (accommodation support) 2008-09										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	no.	6 853	5 039	4 938	2 909	3 126	1 015	360	211	24 439
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	741	652	486	126	424	99	37	28	2 593
Total needing assistance	no.	7 594	5 691	5 424	3 035	3 550	1 114	397	239	27 032
No need for help or supervision	no.	55	62	27	np	85	6	np	–	241
Need for assistance not determined (c)	no.	578	610	30	np	19	–	np	–	1 257
Total	no.	8 227	6 363	5 481	3 049	3 654	1 120	409	239	28 530
Proportion of service users accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (accommodation support) 2008-09										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	%	83.3	79.2	90.1	95.4	85.6	90.6	88.0	88.3	85.7
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	%	9.0	10.2	8.9	4.1	11.6	8.8	9.0	11.7	9.1
Total needing assistance	%	92.3	89.4	99.0	99.5	97.2	99.5	97.1	100.0	94.7
No need for help or supervision	%	0.7	1.0	0.5	np	2.3	0.5	np	–	0.8
Need for assistance not determined (c)	%	7.0	9.6	0.5	np	0.5	–	np	–	4.4
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

(c) Includes people whose need for assistance was 'not stated', 'not collected' or 'not applicable (due to age)'.

Table NDA.3.12 Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (accommodation support), by need for assistance in life area, 2008-09 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>

– Nil. **np** Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09.

Table NDA.3.13 Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community support), by need for assistance in life area, 2008-09 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services (community support) 2008-09										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	no.	18 777	15 935	11 913	10 538	10 844	2 418	2 847	587	73 509
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	1 350	2 247	747	1 210	1 637	270	219	90	7 755
Total needing assistance	no.	20 127	18 182	12 660	11 748	12 481	2 688	3 066	677	81 264
No need for help or supervision	no.	185	664	126	124	437	45	23	15	1 614
Need for assistance not determined (c)	no.	5 703	17 813	613	290	606	54	395	159	25 618
Total	no.	26 015	36 659	13 399	12 162	13 524	2 787	3 484	851	108 496
Proportion of service users accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (community support) 2008-09										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	%	72.2	43.5	88.9	86.6	80.2	86.8	81.7	69.0	67.8
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	%	5.2	6.1	5.6	9.9	12.1	9.7	6.3	10.6	7.1
Total needing assistance	%	77.4	49.6	94.5	96.6	92.3	96.4	88.0	79.6	74.9
No need for help or supervision	%	0.7	1.8	0.9	1.0	3.2	1.6	0.7	1.8	1.5
Need for assistance not determined (c)	%	21.9	48.6	4.6	2.4	4.5	1.9	11.3	18.7	23.6
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

(c) Includes people whose need for assistance was 'not stated', 'not collected' or 'not applicable (due to age)'.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09.

Table NDA.3.14 Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community access), by need for assistance in life area, 2008-09 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services (community access) 2008-09										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	no.	9 197	7 610	6 579	3 232	3 206	1 016	373	234	31 413
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	913	917	723	241	332	228	40	23	3 416
Total needing assistance	no.	10 110	8 527	7 302	3 473	3 538	1 244	413	257	34 829
No need for help or supervision	no.	130	338	71	53	207	35	np	np	847
Need for assistance not determined (c)	no.	2 028	2 692	738	248	784	151	np	np	6 783
Total	no.	12 268	11 557	8 111	3 774	4 529	1 430	469	358	42 459
Proportion of service users accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (community access) 2008-09										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	%	75.0	65.8	81.1	85.6	70.8	71.0	79.5	65.4	74.0
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	%	7.4	7.9	8.9	6.4	7.3	15.9	8.5	6.4	8.0
Total needing assistance	%	82.4	73.8	90.0	92.0	78.1	87.0	88.1	71.8	82.0
No need for help or supervision	%	1.1	2.9	0.9	1.4	4.6	2.4	np	np	2.0
Need for assistance not determined (c)	%	16.5	23.3	9.1	6.6	17.3	10.6	np	np	16.0
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

- (a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.
- (b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.
- (c) Includes people whose need for assistance was 'not stated', 'not collected' or 'not applicable (due to age)'.

Table NDA.3.14 **Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community access), by need for assistance in life area, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>

np Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09.

Table NDA.3.15 Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (respite), by need for assistance in life area, 2008-09 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services (respite) 2008-09										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	no.	6 764	9 559	4 531	2 377	1 645	np	330	np	25 562
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	376	803	213	125	100	np	33	np	1 670
Total needing assistance	no.	7 140	10 362	4 744	2 502	1 745	np	363	np	27 232
No need for help or supervision	no.	41	76	23	13	7	np	np	np	161
Need for assistance not determined (c)	no.	542	2 828	26	94	35	np	np	np	3 608
Total	no.	7 723	13 266	4 793	2 609	1 787	321	367	197	31 001
Proportion of service users accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (respite) 2008-09										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	%	87.6	72.1	94.5	91.1	92.1	np	89.9	np	82.5
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	%	4.9	6.1	4.4	4.8	5.6	np	9.0	np	5.4
Total needing assistance	%	92.5	78.1	99.0	95.9	97.6	np	98.9	np	87.8
No need for help or supervision	%	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4	np	np	np	0.5
Need for assistance not determined (c)	%	7.0	21.3	0.5	3.6	2.0	np	np	np	11.6
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

- (a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.
- (b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.
- (c) Includes people whose need for assistance was 'not stated', 'not collected' or 'not applicable (due to age)'.

Table NDA.3.15 **Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (respite), by need for assistance in life area, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>

np Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09.

Table NDA.3.16 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services 2007-08										
Males										
0–4 years	no.	3 543	4 644	857	576	583	331	595	103	11 179
5–14 years	no.	6 042	7 235	2 424	3 261	1 932	389	1 181	204	22 559
15–24 years	no.	3 662	5 434	2 333	1 978	1 793	386	175	149	15 804
25–34 years	no.	2 299	3 652	1 607	966	1 123	274	153	93	10 109
35–44 years	no.	2 208	3 494	1 651	1 060	1 313	322	159	113	10 285
45–54 years	no.	2 003	3 544	1 517	885	1 385	352	99	100	9 850
55–64 years	no.	1 401	2 631	927	529	1 136	231	40	79	6 956
Total (d)	no.	21 158	30 714	11 316	9 269	9 265	2 285	2 402	841	86 836
Females										
0–4 years	no.	1 613	2 109	546	349	331	228	311	43	5 489
5–14 years	no.	2 819	3 223	1 341	1 521	988	225	513	124	10 693
15–24 years	no.	2 539	3 462	1 521	1 232	1 178	211	96	120	10 312
25–34 years	no.	1 800	3 035	1 308	777	888	223	96	114	8 189
35–44 years	no.	1 857	3 295	1 344	785	1 254	279	127	157	9 065
45–54 years	no.	1 758	3 477	1 234	724	1 382	312	79	107	9 040
55–64 years	no.	1 101	2 594	801	490	1 229	221	38	85	6 532
Total (d)	no.	13 488	21 263	8 095	5 884	7 250	1 699	1 260	750	59 395
Total (e)										
0–4 years	no.	5 179	6 805	1 406	925	914	560	906	146	16 747
5–14 years	no.	8 903	10 528	3 774	4 783	2 921	614	1 694	328	33 375
15–24 years	no.	6 235	8 913	3 865	3 213	2 973	599	271	269	26 184
25–34 years	no.	4 140	6 700	2 933	1 743	2 014	498	249	207	18 374

Table NDA.3.16 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
35–44 years	no.	4 097	6 801	3 007	1 845	2 568	601	286	270	19 407
45–54 years	no.	3 778	7 032	2 756	1 611	2 767	665	178	207	18 926
55–64 years	no.	2 510	5 234	1 738	1 020	2 368	453	78	164	13 520
Total (d)	no.	34 843	52 177	19 479	15 160	16 525	3 990	3 662	1 591	146 718
Estimated potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2007										
Males										
0–4 years	no.	7 516	5 558	4 745	2 325	1 556	532	371	306	22 909
5–14 years	no.	29 163	21 541	18 699	9 293	6 404	2 151	1 348	1 112	89 712
15–24 years	no.	10 689	8 316	6 687	3 472	2 441	731	622	383	33 340
25–34 years	no.	11 169	8 576	6 725	3 437	2 336	640	634	424	33 942
35–44 years	no.	15 533	12 033	9 543	5 049	3 555	1 041	790	555	48 098
45–54 years	no.	19 441	14 587	11 817	6 216	4 614	1 476	951	626	59 727
55–64 years	no.	25 965	19 120	16 182	8 082	6 295	2 097	1 211	717	79 670
Total	no.	119 476	89 730	74 398	37 874	27 201	8 669	5 928	4 122	367 398
Females										
0–4 years	no.	5 371	3 992	3 379	1 661	1 127	378	266	219	16 393
5–14 years	no.	14 870	10 916	9 489	4 635	3 275	1 087	706	562	45 540
15–24 years	no.	10 084	7 776	6 357	3 188	2 294	693	577	351	31 320
25–34 years	no.	11 025	8 390	6 544	3 232	2 240	657	622	409	33 119
35–44 years	no.	17 442	13 614	10 734	5 436	3 922	1 200	889	573	53 811
45–54 years	no.	26 370	19 853	15 994	8 201	6 282	2 019	1 349	778	80 846
55–64 years	no.	34 082	25 655	20 742	10 110	8 546	2 750	1 644	762	104 291
Total	no.	119 245	90 195	73 238	36 465	27 685	8 784	6 054	3 655	365 320

Table NDA.3.16 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total										
0–4 years	no.	12 887	9 550	8 124	3 986	2 682	910	637	525	39 302
5–14 years	no.	44 033	32 457	28 188	13 928	9 679	3 238	2 054	1 675	135 252
15–24 years	no.	20 773	16 091	13 045	6 661	4 735	1 424	1 199	733	64 660
25–34 years	no.	22 194	16 966	13 269	6 670	4 576	1 297	1 256	833	67 061
35–44 years	no.	32 975	25 646	20 277	10 485	7 477	2 242	1 680	1 129	101 909
45–54 years	no.	45 811	34 440	27 811	14 417	10 896	3 495	2 300	1 403	140 573
55–64 years	no.	60 047	44 775	36 923	18 193	14 841	4 847	2 856	1 479	183 961
Total	no.	238 721	179 925	147 636	74 339	54 886	17 453	11 982	7 777	732 718
Proportion of the potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services										
Males										
0–4 years	%	47.1	83.6	18.1	24.8	37.5	62.2	160.2	33.7	48.8
5–14 years	%	20.7	33.6	13.0	35.1	30.2	18.1	87.6	18.3	25.1
15–24 years	%	34.3	65.3	34.9	57.0	73.4	52.8	28.1	39.0	47.4
25–34 years	%	20.6	42.6	23.9	28.1	48.1	42.8	24.1	22.0	29.8
35–44 years	%	14.2	29.0	17.3	21.0	36.9	30.9	20.1	20.3	21.4
45–54 years	%	10.3	24.3	12.8	14.2	30.0	23.8	10.4	16.0	16.5
55–64 years	%	5.4	13.8	5.7	6.5	18.0	11.0	3.3	11.0	8.7
Total (d)	%	17.7	34.2	15.2	24.5	34.1	26.4	40.5	20.4	23.6
Females										
0–4 years	%	30.0	52.8	16.2	21.0	29.4	60.3	116.8	19.6	33.5
5–14 years	%	19.0	29.5	14.1	32.8	30.2	20.7	72.7	22.0	23.5
15–24 years	%	25.2	44.5	23.9	38.6	51.4	30.4	16.6	34.2	32.9
25–34 years	%	16.3	36.2	20.0	24.0	39.6	34.0	15.4	27.9	24.7
35–44 years	%	10.6	24.2	12.5	14.4	32.0	23.2	14.3	27.4	16.8
45–54 years	%	6.7	17.5	7.7	8.8	22.0	15.5	5.9	13.8	11.2

Table NDA.3.16 Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
55–64 years	%	3.2	10.1	3.9	4.8	14.4	8.0	2.3	11.2	6.3
Total (d)	%	11.3	23.6	11.1	16.1	26.2	19.3	20.8	20.5	16.3
Total (e)										
0–4 years	%	40.2	71.3	17.3	23.2	34.1	61.5	142.1	27.8	42.6
5–14 years	%	20.2	32.4	13.4	34.3	30.2	19.0	82.5	19.6	24.7
15–24 years	%	30.0	55.4	29.6	48.2	62.8	42.1	22.6	36.7	40.5
25–34 years	%	18.7	39.5	22.1	26.1	44.0	38.4	19.8	24.9	27.4
35–44 years	%	12.4	26.5	14.8	17.6	34.3	26.8	17.0	23.9	19.0
45–54 years	%	8.2	20.4	9.9	11.2	25.4	19.0	7.7	14.8	13.5
55–64 years	%	4.2	11.7	4.7	5.6	16.0	9.3	2.7	11.1	7.3
Total (d)	%	14.6	29.0	13.2	20.4	30.1	22.9	30.6	20.5	20.0

- (a) State/Territory delivered disability support services include any of accommodation support, community support (includes case management/co-ordination), community access and respite.
- (b) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.
- (c) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.
- (d) Includes people with not stated age.
- (e) Includes people with not stated sex.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2007; and Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003.

Table NDA.3.17 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (accommodation support), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services (accommodation support) 2007-08										
Males										
0–4 years	no.	np	6	51	37	np	np	np	np	111
5–14 years	no.	np	115	174	171	np	np	np	np	585
15–24 years	no.	408	496	408	332	163	86	14	23	1 929
25–34 years	no.	792	786	534	312	280	90	48	45	2 886
35–44 years	no.	1 128	1 104	743	416	463	132	69	37	4 090
45–54 years	no.	1 011	1 140	723	430	491	162	52	23	4 032
55–64 years	no.	676	666	427	259	350	123	np	np	2 522
Total (c)	no.	4 072	4 325	3 060	1 957	1 794	615	197	151	16 167
Females										
0–4 years	no.	np	8	36	35	np	np	np	np	82
5–14 years	no.	np	43	117	115	np	np	np	np	331
15–24 years	no.	263	300	211	223	121	45	11	20	1 192
25–34 years	no.	487	558	374	198	232	81	23	22	1 971
35–44 years	no.	798	833	544	290	421	111	45	29	3 071
45–54 years	no.	778	908	535	314	468	124	32	21	3 178
55–64 years	no.	454	562	313	169	327	79	np	np	1 925
Total (c)	no.	2 799	3 219	2 130	1 344	1 595	449	127	102	11 757
Total (d)										
0–4 years	no.	8	15	87	72	9	np	np	np	195
5–14 years	no.	74	158	293	286	64	np	np	np	923
15–24 years	no.	672	796	620	556	285	131	25	43	3 125
25–34 years	no.	1 280	1 345	910	510	514	172	71	67	4 864

Table NDA.3.17 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (accommodation support), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
35–44 years	no.	1 929	1 937	1 290	706	885	243	114	66	7 168
45–54 years	no.	1 791	2 048	1 260	746	959	286	84	44	7 216
55–64 years	no.	1 131	1 229	740	428	677	202	29	13	4 449
Total (c)	no.	6 885	7 548	5 200	3 304	3 393	1 065	324	253	27 960
Estimated potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2007										
Males										
0–4 years	no.	7 516	5 558	4 745	2 325	1 556	532	371	306	22 909
5–14 years	no.	29 163	21 541	18 699	9 293	6 404	2 151	1 348	1 112	89 712
15–24 years	no.	10 689	8 316	6 687	3 472	2 441	731	622	383	33 340
25–34 years	no.	11 169	8 576	6 725	3 437	2 336	640	634	424	33 942
35–44 years	no.	15 533	12 033	9 543	5 049	3 555	1 041	790	555	48 098
45–54 years	no.	19 441	14 587	11 817	6 216	4 614	1 476	951	626	59 727
55–64 years	no.	25 965	19 120	16 182	8 082	6 295	2 097	1 211	717	79 670
Total	no.	119 476	89 730	74 398	37 874	27 201	8 669	5 928	4 122	367 398
Females										
0–4 years	no.	5 371	3 992	3 379	1 661	1 127	378	266	219	16 393
5–14 years	no.	14 870	10 916	9 489	4 635	3 275	1 087	706	562	45 540
15–24 years	no.	10 084	7 776	6 357	3 188	2 294	693	577	351	31 320
25–34 years	no.	11 025	8 390	6 544	3 232	2 240	657	622	409	33 119
35–44 years	no.	17 442	13 614	10 734	5 436	3 922	1 200	889	573	53 811
45–54 years	no.	26 370	19 853	15 994	8 201	6 282	2 019	1 349	778	80 846
55–64 years	no.	34 082	25 655	20 742	10 110	8 546	2 750	1 644	762	104 291
Total	no.	119 245	90 195	73 238	36 465	27 685	8 784	6 054	3 655	365 320

Table NDA.3.17 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (accommodation support), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total										
0–4 years	no.	12 887	9 550	8 124	3 986	2 682	910	637	525	39 302
5–14 years	no.	44 033	32 457	28 188	13 928	9 679	3 238	2 054	1 675	135 252
15–24 years	no.	20 773	16 091	13 045	6 661	4 735	1 424	1 199	733	64 660
25–34 years	no.	22 194	16 966	13 269	6 670	4 576	1 297	1 256	833	67 061
35–44 years	no.	32 975	25 646	20 277	10 485	7 477	2 242	1 680	1 129	101 909
45–54 years	no.	45 811	34 440	27 811	14 417	10 896	3 495	2 300	1 403	140 573
55–64 years	no.	60 047	44 775	36 923	18 193	14 841	4 847	2 856	1 479	183 961
Total	no.	238 721	179 925	147 636	74 339	54 886	17 453	11 982	7 777	732 718
Proportion of the potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (accommodation support) in 2007-08										
Males										
0–4 years	%	np	0.1	1.1	1.6	np	np	np	np	0.5
5–14 years	%	np	0.5	0.9	1.8	np	np	np	np	0.7
15–24 years	%	3.8	6.0	6.1	9.6	6.7	11.8	2.3	6.0	5.8
25–34 years	%	7.1	9.2	7.9	9.1	12.0	14.1	7.6	10.6	8.5
35–44 years	%	7.3	9.2	7.8	8.2	13.0	12.7	8.7	6.7	8.5
45–54 years	%	5.2	7.8	6.1	6.9	10.6	11.0	5.5	3.7	6.8
55–64 years	%	2.6	3.5	2.6	3.2	5.6	5.9	np	np	3.2
Total (c)	%	3.4	4.8	4.1	5.2	6.6	7.1	3.3	3.7	4.4
Females										
0–4 years	%	np	0.2	1.1	2.1	np	np	np	np	0.5
5–14 years	%	np	0.4	1.2	2.5	np	np	np	np	0.7
15–24 years	%	2.6	3.9	3.3	7.0	5.3	6.5	1.9	5.7	3.8
25–34 years	%	4.4	6.7	5.7	6.1	10.4	12.3	3.7	5.4	6.0
35–44 years	%	4.6	6.1	5.1	5.3	10.7	9.2	5.1	5.1	5.7

Table NDA.3.17 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (accommodation support), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
45–54 years	%	3.0	4.6	3.3	3.8	7.4	6.1	2.4	2.7	3.9
55–64 years	%	1.3	2.2	1.5	1.7	3.8	2.9	np	np	1.8
Total (c)	%	2.3	3.6	2.9	3.7	5.8	5.1	2.1	2.8	3.2
Total (d)										
0–4 years	%	0.1	0.2	1.1	1.8	0.3	np	np	np	0.5
5–14 years	%	0.2	0.5	1.0	2.1	0.7	np	np	np	0.7
15–24 years	%	3.2	4.9	4.8	8.3	6.0	9.2	2.1	5.9	4.8
25–34 years	%	5.8	7.9	6.9	7.6	11.2	13.3	5.7	8.0	7.3
35–44 years	%	5.8	7.6	6.4	6.7	11.8	10.8	6.8	5.8	7.0
45–54 years	%	3.9	5.9	4.5	5.2	8.8	8.2	3.7	3.1	5.1
55–64 years	%	1.9	2.7	2.0	2.4	4.6	4.2	1.0	0.9	2.4
Total (c)	%	2.9	4.2	3.5	4.4	6.2	6.1	2.7	3.3	3.8

- (a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.
- (b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.
- (c) Includes people with not stated age.
- (d) Includes people with not stated sex.
- np** Not published.
- Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2007; and Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003.

Table NDA.3.18 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (community support), by service group, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services (community support) 2007-08										
Males										
0–4 years	no.	3 493	4 574	823	557	571	331	595	102	10 993
5–14 years	no.	5 446	5 786	1 838	3 050	1 699	316	1 144	165	19 368
15–24 years	no.	2 008	2 743	1 630	1 670	1 445	223	141	102	9 915
25–34 years	no.	922	1 667	834	625	907	113	99	46	5 198
35–44 years	no.	895	1 852	830	558	995	114	93	66	5 395
45–54 years	no.	670	1 955	785	409	989	148	55	80	5 079
55–64 years	no.	459	1 569	463	228	814	94	27	68	3 717
Total (c)	no.	13 893	20 190	7 203	7 097	7 420	1 339	2 154	629	59 709
Females										
0–4 years	no.	1 589	2 056	528	333	322	227	311	43	5 371
5–14 years	no.	2 537	2 567	1 029	1 389	808	190	485	109	9 076
15–24 years	no.	1 290	1 609	995	1 015	847	127	85	81	6 032
25–34 years	no.	687	1 512	630	510	724	106	59	69	4 286
35–44 years	no.	708	1 907	643	425	967	124	85	112	4 959
45–54 years	no.	570	2 127	654	336	1 006	142	50	80	4 950
55–64 years	no.	322	1 685	426	222	878	109	24	74	3 730
Total (c)	no.	7 703	13 498	4 905	4 230	5 552	1 025	1 099	568	38 439
Total (d)										
0–4 years	no.	5 103	6 681	1 354	890	893	559	906	145	16 440
5–14 years	no.	8 001	8 404	2 869	4 440	2 508	506	1 629	274	28 517
15–24 years	no.	3 314	4 355	2 628	2 685	2 293	350	226	183	15 970
25–34 years	no.	1 628	3 181	1 476	1 135	1 632	219	158	115	9 518

Table NDA.3.18 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (community support), by service group, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
35–44 years	no.	1 622	3 764	1 480	983	1 962	238	178	178	10 385
45–54 years	no.	1 247	4 087	1 442	746	1 995	290	105	160	10 045
55–64 years	no.	787	3 256	899	451	1 692	203	51	142	7 466
Total (c)	no.	21 702	33 822	12 148	11 330	12 975	2 365	3 253	1 197	98 435
Estimated potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2007										
Males										
0–4 years	no.	7 516	5 558	4 745	2 325	1 556	532	371	306	22 909
5–14 years	no.	29 163	21 541	18 699	9 293	6 404	2 151	1 348	1 112	89 712
15–24 years	no.	10 689	8 316	6 687	3 472	2 441	731	622	383	33 340
25–34 years	no.	11 169	8 576	6 725	3 437	2 336	640	634	424	33 942
35–44 years	no.	15 533	12 033	9 543	5 049	3 555	1 041	790	555	48 098
45–54 years	no.	19 441	14 587	11 817	6 216	4 614	1 476	951	626	59 727
55–64 years	no.	25 965	19 120	16 182	8 082	6 295	2 097	1 211	717	79 670
Total	no.	119 476	89 730	74 398	37 874	27 201	8 669	5 928	4 122	367 398
Females										
0–4 years	no.	5 371	3 992	3 379	1 661	1 127	378	266	219	16 393
5–14 years	no.	14 870	10 916	9 489	4 635	3 275	1 087	706	562	45 540
15–24 years	no.	10 084	7 776	6 357	3 188	2 294	693	577	351	31 320
25–34 years	no.	11 025	8 390	6 544	3 232	2 240	657	622	409	33 119
35–44 years	no.	17 442	13 614	10 734	5 436	3 922	1 200	889	573	53 811
45–54 years	no.	26 370	19 853	15 994	8 201	6 282	2 019	1 349	778	80 846
55–64 years	no.	34 082	25 655	20 742	10 110	8 546	2 750	1 644	762	104 291
Total	no.	119 245	90 195	73 238	36 465	27 685	8 784	6 054	3 655	365 320

Table NDA.3.18 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (community support), by service group, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total										
0–4 years	no.	12 887	9 550	8 124	3 986	2 682	910	637	525	39 302
5–14 years	no.	44 033	32 457	28 188	13 928	9 679	3 238	2 054	1 675	135 252
15–24 years	no.	20 773	16 091	13 045	6 661	4 735	1 424	1 199	733	64 660
25–34 years	no.	22 194	16 966	13 269	6 670	4 576	1 297	1 256	833	67 061
35–44 years	no.	32 975	25 646	20 277	10 485	7 477	2 242	1 680	1 129	101 909
45–54 years	no.	45 811	34 440	27 811	14 417	10 896	3 495	2 300	1 403	140 573
55–64 years	no.	60 047	44 775	36 923	18 193	14 841	4 847	2 856	1 479	183 961
Total	no.	238 721	179 925	147 636	74 339	54 886	17 453	11 982	7 777	732 718
Proportion of the potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (community support) in 2007-08										
Males										
0–4 years	%	46.5	82.3	17.3	24.0	36.7	62.2	160.2	33.4	48.0
5–14 years	%	18.7	26.9	9.8	32.8	26.5	14.7	84.8	14.8	21.6
15–24 years	%	18.8	33.0	24.4	48.1	59.2	30.5	22.7	26.7	29.7
25–34 years	%	8.3	19.4	12.4	18.2	38.8	17.6	15.6	10.9	15.3
35–44 years	%	5.8	15.4	8.7	11.1	28.0	11.0	11.8	11.9	11.2
45–54 years	%	3.4	13.4	6.6	6.6	21.4	10.0	5.8	12.8	8.5
55–64 years	%	1.8	8.2	2.9	2.8	12.9	4.5	2.2	9.5	4.7
Total (c)	%	11.6	22.5	9.7	18.7	27.3	15.4	36.3	15.3	16.3
Females										
0–4 years	%	29.6	51.5	15.6	20.0	28.6	60.0	116.8	19.6	32.8
5–14 years	%	17.1	23.5	10.8	30.0	24.7	17.5	68.7	19.4	19.9
15–24 years	%	12.8	20.7	15.7	31.8	36.9	18.3	14.7	23.1	19.3
25–34 years	%	6.2	18.0	9.6	15.8	32.3	16.1	9.5	16.9	12.9
35–44 years	%	4.1	14.0	6.0	7.8	24.7	10.3	9.6	19.5	9.2

Table NDA.3.18 Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (community support), by service group, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
45–54 years	%	2.2	10.7	4.1	4.1	16.0	7.0	3.7	10.3	6.1
55–64 years	%	0.9	6.6	2.1	2.2	10.3	4.0	1.5	9.7	3.6
Total (c)	%	6.5	15.0	6.7	11.6	20.1	11.7	18.2	15.5	10.5
Total (d)										
0–4 years	%	39.6	70.0	16.7	22.3	33.3	61.4	142.1	27.6	41.8
5–14 years	%	18.2	25.9	10.2	31.9	25.9	15.6	79.3	16.4	21.1
15–24 years	%	16.0	27.1	20.1	40.3	48.4	24.6	18.9	25.0	24.7
25–34 years	%	7.3	18.7	11.1	17.0	35.7	16.9	12.6	13.8	14.2
35–44 years	%	4.9	14.7	7.3	9.4	26.2	10.6	10.6	15.8	10.2
45–54 years	%	2.7	11.9	5.2	5.2	18.3	8.3	4.6	11.4	7.1
55–64 years	%	1.3	7.3	2.4	2.5	11.4	4.2	1.8	9.6	4.1
Total (c)	%	9.1	18.8	8.2	15.2	23.6	13.6	27.1	15.4	13.4

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

(c) Includes people with not stated age.

(d) Includes people with not stated sex.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2007; and Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003.

Table NDA.3.19 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community access), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services (community access) 2007-08										
Males										
0–4 years	no.	41	np	25	10	13	–	np	np	105
5–14 years	no.	218	np	444	198	287	47	66	np	1 418
15–24 years	no.	1 823	2 113	1 004	506	495	176	40	47	6 194
25–34 years	no.	1 313	1 776	947	439	346	167	75	39	5 095
35–44 years	no.	1 097	1 285	796	355	321	179	47	34	4 114
45–54 years	no.	983	1 181	664	324	309	185	25	21	3 691
55–64 years	no.	716	750	367	186	282	109	np	np	2 425
Total (c)	no.	6 191	7 262	4 247	2 020	2 053	863	264	173	23 052
Females										
0–4 years	no.	16	np	29	8	12	–	np	np	69
5–14 years	no.	108	np	264	142	224	23	47	np	918
15–24 years	no.	1 305	1 413	703	388	459	98	26	33	4 425
25–34 years	no.	1 096	1 295	815	361	294	127	46	34	4 060
35–44 years	no.	970	1 034	641	289	348	148	36	31	3 495
45–54 years	no.	963	1 013	533	235	355	131	19	11	3 258
55–64 years	no.	618	641	308	185	326	88	np	np	2 173
Total (c)	no.	5 077	5 510	3 293	1 608	2 018	615	179	122	18 409
Total (d)										
0–4 years	no.	58	18	54	18	25	–	np	np	175
5–14 years	no.	334	236	710	340	511	70	113	np	2 347
15–24 years	no.	3 131	3 534	1 712	895	954	275	66	80	10 637
25–34 years	no.	2 419	3 078	1 763	800	640	294	121	73	9 173

Table NDA.3.19 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community access), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
35–44 years	no.	2 070	2 324	1 438	644	669	327	83	65	7 618
45–54 years	no.	1 947	2 195	1 198	560	664	316	44	32	6 953
55–64 years	no.	1 334	1 393	675	371	611	198	14	11	4 604
Total (c)	no.	11 294	12 796	7 550	3 630	4 074	1 480	443	295	41 528
Estimated potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2007										
Males										
0–4 years	no.	7 516	5 558	4 745	2 325	1 556	532	371	306	22 909
5–14 years	no.	29 163	21 541	18 699	9 293	6 404	2 151	1 348	1 112	89 712
15–24 years	no.	10 689	8 316	6 687	3 472	2 441	731	622	383	33 340
25–34 years	no.	11 169	8 576	6 725	3 437	2 336	640	634	424	33 942
35–44 years	no.	15 533	12 033	9 543	5 049	3 555	1 041	790	555	48 098
45–54 years	no.	19 441	14 587	11 817	6 216	4 614	1 476	951	626	59 727
55–64 years	no.	25 965	19 120	16 182	8 082	6 295	2 097	1 211	717	79 670
Total	no.	119 476	89 730	74 398	37 874	27 201	8 669	5 928	4 122	367 398
Females										
0–4 years	no.	5 371	3 992	3 379	1 661	1 127	378	266	219	16 393
5–14 years	no.	14 870	10 916	9 489	4 635	3 275	1 087	706	562	45 540
15–24 years	no.	10 084	7 776	6 357	3 188	2 294	693	577	351	31 320
25–34 years	no.	11 025	8 390	6 544	3 232	2 240	657	622	409	33 119
35–44 years	no.	17 442	13 614	10 734	5 436	3 922	1 200	889	573	53 811
45–54 years	no.	26 370	19 853	15 994	8 201	6 282	2 019	1 349	778	80 846
55–64 years	no.	34 082	25 655	20 742	10 110	8 546	2 750	1 644	762	104 291
Total	no.	119 245	90 195	73 238	36 465	27 685	8 784	6 054	3 655	365 320

Table NDA.3.19 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community access), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total										
0–4 years	no.	12 887	9 550	8 124	3 986	2 682	910	637	525	39 302
5–14 years	no.	44 033	32 457	28 188	13 928	9 679	3 238	2 054	1 675	135 252
15–24 years	no.	20 773	16 091	13 045	6 661	4 735	1 424	1 199	733	64 660
25–34 years	no.	22 194	16 966	13 269	6 670	4 576	1 297	1 256	833	67 061
35–44 years	no.	32 975	25 646	20 277	10 485	7 477	2 242	1 680	1 129	101 909
45–54 years	no.	45 811	34 440	27 811	14 417	10 896	3 495	2 300	1 403	140 573
55–64 years	no.	60 047	44 775	36 923	18 193	14 841	4 847	2 856	1 479	183 961
Total	no.	238 721	179 925	147 636	74 339	54 886	17 453	11 982	7 777	732 718
Proportion of the potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (community access) in 2007-08										
Males										
0–4 years	%	0.5	np	0.5	0.4	0.8	–	np	np	0.5
5–14 years	%	0.7	np	2.4	2.1	4.5	2.2	4.9	np	1.6
15–24 years	%	17.1	25.4	15.0	14.6	20.3	24.1	6.4	12.3	18.6
25–34 years	%	11.8	20.7	14.1	12.8	14.8	26.1	11.8	9.2	15.0
35–44 years	%	7.1	10.7	8.3	7.0	9.0	17.2	5.9	6.1	8.6
45–54 years	%	5.1	8.1	5.6	5.2	6.7	12.5	2.6	3.4	6.2
55–64 years	%	2.8	3.9	2.3	2.3	4.5	5.2	np	np	3.0
Total (c)	%	5.2	8.1	5.7	5.3	7.5	10.0	4.5	4.2	6.3
Females										
0–4 years	%	0.3	np	0.9	0.5	1.1	–	np	np	0.4
5–14 years	%	0.7	np	2.8	3.1	6.8	2.1	6.7	np	2.0
15–24 years	%	12.9	18.2	11.1	12.2	20.0	14.1	4.5	9.4	14.1
25–34 years	%	9.9	15.4	12.5	11.2	13.1	19.3	7.4	8.3	12.3
35–44 years	%	5.6	7.6	6.0	5.3	8.9	12.3	4.0	5.4	6.5

Table NDA.3.19 Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community access), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
45–54 years	%	3.7	5.1	3.3	2.9	5.7	6.5	1.4	1.4	4.0
55–64 years	%	1.8	2.5	1.5	1.8	3.8	3.2	np	np	2.1
Total (c)	%	4.3	6.1	4.5	4.4	7.3	7.0	3.0	3.3	5.0
Total (d)										
0–4 years	%	0.5	0.2	0.7	0.5	0.9	–	np	np	0.4
5–14 years	%	0.8	0.7	2.5	2.4	5.3	2.2	5.5	np	1.7
15–24 years	%	15.1	22.0	13.1	13.4	20.1	19.3	5.5	10.9	16.5
25–34 years	%	10.9	18.1	13.3	12.0	14.0	22.7	9.6	8.8	13.7
35–44 years	%	6.3	9.1	7.1	6.1	8.9	14.6	4.9	5.8	7.5
45–54 years	%	4.3	6.4	4.3	3.9	6.1	9.0	1.9	2.3	4.9
55–64 years	%	2.2	3.1	1.8	2.0	4.1	4.1	0.5	0.7	2.5
Total (c)	%	4.7	7.1	5.1	4.9	7.4	8.5	3.7	3.8	5.7

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

(c) Includes people with not stated age.

(d) Includes people with not stated sex.

– Nil. **np** Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2007; and Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003.

Table NDA.3.20 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (respite), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services (respite) 2007-08										
Males										
0–4 years	no.	96	113	96	55	np	np	np	np	368
5–14 years	no.	1 398	2 334	906	578	220	67	49	19	5 564
15–24 years	no.	1 144	2 361	839	509	266	57	47	23	5 232
25–34 years	no.	514	1 074	340	165	110	13	28	8	2 247
35–44 years	no.	328	757	243	144	117	13	26	12	1 639
45–54 years	no.	245	553	172	65	124	np	19	np	1 194
55–64 years	no.	105	360	97	48	np	np	np	np	711
Total (c)	no.	3 830	7 572	2 693	1 576	927	171	175	70	16 987
Females										
0–4 years	no.	55	80	60	37	np	np	np	np	237
5–14 years	no.	650	1 020	457	310	118	27	31	10	2 616
15–24 years	no.	809	1 507	562	385	192	39	27	17	3 526
25–34 years	no.	400	898	303	187	97	18	26	34	1 959
35–44 years	no.	291	695	225	134	108	15	34	46	1 546
45–54 years	no.	206	490	134	94	109	np	22	np	1 084
55–64 years	no.	91	347	73	78	np	np	np	np	675
Total (c)	no.	2 502	5 056	1 814	1 231	688	124	144	135	11 668
Total (d)										
0–4 years	no.	151	193	156	92	10	np	np	np	605
5–14 years	no.	2 067	3 372	1 368	888	338	94	80	29	8 222
15–24 years	no.	1 967	3 874	1 404	895	458	97	74	40	8 783
25–34 years	no.	926	1 975	648	352	207	31	54	42	4 226

Table NDA.3.20 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (respite), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
35–44 years	no.	629	1 454	469	278	225	28	60	58	3 198
45–54 years	no.	459	1 048	306	159	233	22	41	24	2 292
55–64 years	no.	197	711	170	126	144	np	np	np	1 391
Total (c)	no.	6 396	12 666	4 521	2 808	1 615	297	319	205	28 774
Estimated potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2007										
Males										
0–4 years	no.	7 516	5 558	4 745	2 325	1 556	532	371	306	22 909
5–14 years	no.	29 163	21 541	18 699	9 293	6 404	2 151	1 348	1 112	89 712
15–24 years	no.	10 689	8 316	6 687	3 472	2 441	731	622	383	33 340
25–34 years	no.	11 169	8 576	6 725	3 437	2 336	640	634	424	33 942
35–44 years	no.	15 533	12 033	9 543	5 049	3 555	1 041	790	555	48 098
45–54 years	no.	19 441	14 587	11 817	6 216	4 614	1 476	951	626	59 727
55–64 years	no.	25 965	19 120	16 182	8 082	6 295	2 097	1 211	717	79 670
Total	no.	119 476	89 730	74 398	37 874	27 201	8 669	5 928	4 122	367 398
Females										
0–4 years	no.	5 371	3 992	3 379	1 661	1 127	378	266	219	16 393
5–14 years	no.	14 870	10 916	9 489	4 635	3 275	1 087	706	562	45 540
15–24 years	no.	10 084	7 776	6 357	3 188	2 294	693	577	351	31 320
25–34 years	no.	11 025	8 390	6 544	3 232	2 240	657	622	409	33 119
35–44 years	no.	17 442	13 614	10 734	5 436	3 922	1 200	889	573	53 811
45–54 years	no.	26 370	19 853	15 994	8 201	6 282	2 019	1 349	778	80 846
55–64 years	no.	34 082	25 655	20 742	10 110	8 546	2 750	1 644	762	104 291
Total	no.	119 245	90 195	73 238	36 465	27 685	8 784	6 054	3 655	365 320

Table NDA.3.20 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (respite), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total										
0–4 years	no.	12 887	9 550	8 124	3 986	2 682	910	637	525	39 302
5–14 years	no.	44 033	32 457	28 188	13 928	9 679	3 238	2 054	1 675	135 252
15–24 years	no.	20 773	16 091	13 045	6 661	4 735	1 424	1 199	733	64 660
25–34 years	no.	22 194	16 966	13 269	6 670	4 576	1 297	1 256	833	67 061
35–44 years	no.	32 975	25 646	20 277	10 485	7 477	2 242	1 680	1 129	101 909
45–54 years	no.	45 811	34 440	27 811	14 417	10 896	3 495	2 300	1 403	140 573
55–64 years	no.	60 047	44 775	36 923	18 193	14 841	4 847	2 856	1 479	183 961
Total	no.	238 721	179 925	147 636	74 339	54 886	17 453	11 982	7 777	732 718
Proportion of the potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (respite) in 2007-08										
Males										
0–4 years	%	1.3	2.0	2.0	2.4	np	np	np	np	1.6
5–14 years	%	4.8	10.8	4.8	6.2	3.4	3.1	3.6	1.7	6.2
15–24 years	%	10.7	28.4	12.5	14.7	10.9	7.8	7.6	6.0	15.7
25–34 years	%	4.6	12.5	5.1	4.8	4.7	2.0	4.4	1.9	6.6
35–44 years	%	2.1	6.3	2.5	2.9	3.3	1.2	3.3	2.2	3.4
45–54 years	%	1.3	3.8	1.5	1.0	2.7	np	2.0	np	2.0
55–64 years	%	0.4	1.9	0.6	0.6	np	np	np	np	0.9
Total (c)	%	3.2	8.4	3.6	4.2	3.4	2.0	3.0	1.7	4.6
Females										
0–4 years	%	1.0	2.0	1.8	2.2	np	np	np	np	1.4
5–14 years	%	4.4	9.3	4.8	6.7	3.6	2.5	4.4	1.8	5.7
15–24 years	%	8.0	19.4	8.8	12.1	8.4	5.6	4.7	4.8	11.3
25–34 years	%	3.6	10.7	4.6	5.8	4.3	2.7	4.2	8.3	5.9
35–44 years	%	1.7	5.1	2.1	2.5	2.8	1.2	3.8	8.0	2.9

Table NDA.3.20 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (respite), by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
45–54 years	%	0.8	2.5	0.8	1.1	1.7	np	1.6	np	1.3
55–64 years	%	0.3	1.4	0.4	0.8	np	np	np	np	0.6
Total (c)	%	2.1	5.6	2.5	3.4	2.5	1.4	2.4	3.7	3.2
Total (d)										
0–4 years	%	1.2	2.0	1.9	2.3	0.4	np	np	np	1.5
5–14 years	%	4.7	10.4	4.9	6.4	3.5	2.9	3.9	1.7	6.1
15–24 years	%	9.5	24.1	10.8	13.4	9.7	6.8	6.2	5.5	13.6
25–34 years	%	4.2	11.6	4.9	5.3	4.5	2.4	4.3	5.0	6.3
35–44 years	%	1.9	5.7	2.3	2.7	3.0	1.2	3.6	5.1	3.1
45–54 years	%	1.0	3.0	1.1	1.1	2.1	0.6	1.8	1.7	1.6
55–64 years	%	0.3	1.6	0.5	0.7	1.0	np	np	np	0.8
Total (c)	%	2.7	7.0	3.1	3.8	2.9	1.7	2.7	2.6	3.9

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

(c) Includes people with not stated age.

(d) Includes people with not stated sex.

np Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2007; and Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003.

Table NDA.3.21 Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services 2007-08</i>	<i>Estimated potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2007</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services</i>
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Country of birth			
Australia	125 820	585 782	21.5
Other English speaking countries	3 772	48 947	7.7
All English speaking countries	129 592	634 729	20.4
Non-English speaking countries	6 069	97 989	6.2
Total (c)	146 718	732 718	20.0
Remoteness Area			
Major cities	89 213	470 455	19.0
Inner Regional	34 827	171 009	20.4
Outer Regional/ Remote/Very Remote	16 670	91 254	18.3
Total (d)	146 718	732 718	20.0

- (a) State/Territory delivered disability support services include any of accommodation support, community support (includes case management/co-ordination), community access and respite.
- (b) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.
- (c) Includes people with not stated Country of birth.
- (d) Includes people with not stated Remoteness Area.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2007; Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.3.22 Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (accommodation support), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2007-08 (a)

	<i>Number of users of State/Territory disability support services (accommodation support) 2007-08</i>	<i>Estimated potential population for State/Territory delivered disability support services 30 June 2007</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (accommodation support) 2007-08</i>
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Country of birth			
Australia	25 545	585 782	4.4
Other English speaking countries	824	48 947	1.7
All English speaking countries	26 595	634 729	4.2
Non-English speaking countries	1 050	97 989	1.1
Total (b)	27 960	732 718	3.8
Remoteness Area			
Major cities	17 992	470 455	3.8
Inner Regional	6 902	171 009	4.0
Outer Regional/ Remote/Very Remote	2 827	91 254	3.1
Total (c)	27 960	732 718	3.8

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(b) Includes people with not stated Country of birth.

(c) Includes people with not stated Remoteness Area.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2007; Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.3.23 Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community support), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2007-08 (a)

	<i>Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services (community support) 2007-08</i>	<i>Estimated potential population for State/Territory delivered disability support services 30 June 2007</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (community support) 2007-08</i>
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Country of birth			
Australia	86 634	585 782	14.8
Other English speaking countries	2 578	48 947	5.3
All English speaking countries	89 212	634 729	14.1
Non-English speaking countries	4 142	97 989	4.2
Total (b)	98 435	732 718	13.4
Remoteness Area			
Major cities	60 532	470 455	12.9
Inner Regional	22 417	171 009	13.1
Outer Regional/ Remote/Very Remote	11 932	91 254	13.1
Total (c)	98 435	732 718	13.4

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(b) Includes people with not stated Country of birth.

(c) Includes people with not stated Remoteness Area.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2007; Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.3.24 Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community access), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2007-08 (a)

	<i>Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services (community access) 2007-08</i>	<i>Estimated potential population for State/Territory delivered disability support services 30 June 2007</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (community access) 2007-08</i>
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Country of birth			
Australia	34 374	585 782	5.9
Other English speaking countries	1 093	48 947	2.2
All English speaking countries	35 467	634 729	5.6
Non-English speaking countries	1 840	97 989	1.9
Total (b)	41 528	732 718	5.7
Remoteness Area			
Major cities	25 739	470 455	5.5
Inner Regional	9 815	171 009	5.7
Outer Regional/ Remote/Very Remote	3 996	91 254	4.4
Total (c)	41 528	732 718	5.7

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(b) Includes people with not stated Country of birth.

(c) Includes people with not stated Remoteness Area.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2007; Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.3.25 Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (respite), by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2007-08 (a)

	<i>Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services (respite) 2007-08</i>	<i>Estimated potential population for State/Territory delivered disability support services 30 June 2007</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (respite) 2007-08</i>
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Country of birth			
Australia	25 071	585 782	4.3
Other English speaking countries	780	48 947	1.6
All English speaking countries	25 851	634 729	4.1
Non-English speaking countries	1 336	97 989	1.4
Total (b)	28 774	732 718	3.9
Remoteness Area			
Major cities	16 388	470 455	3.5
Inner Regional	7 831	171 009	4.6
Outer Regional/ Remote/Very Remote	4 108	91 254	4.5
Total (c)	28 774	732 718	3.9

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(b) Includes people with not stated Country of birth.

(c) Includes people with not stated Remoteness Area.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2007; Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.3.26 Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total), by need for assistance in life area, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services 2007-08										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	no.	25 107	26 439	16 169	12 654	12 127	3 211	2 997	1 052	99 143
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	2 550	3 818	1 703	1 196	1 995	501	250	153	12 116
Total needing assistance	no.	27 657	30 257	17 872	13 850	14 122	3 712	3 247	1 205	111 259
No need for help or supervision	no.	382	920	239	248	614	67	24	16	2 495
Need for assistance not determined (d)	no.	6 804	21 000	1 368	1 062	1 789	211	391	370	32 964
Total	no.	34 843	52 177	19 479	15 160	16 525	3 990	3 662	1 591	146 718
Proportion of service users accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	%	72.1	50.7	83.0	83.5	73.4	80.5	81.8	66.1	67.6
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	%	7.3	7.3	8.7	7.9	12.1	12.6	6.8	9.6	8.3
Total needing assistance	%	79.4	58.0	91.8	91.4	85.5	93.0	88.7	75.7	75.8
No need for help or supervision	%	1.1	1.8	1.2	1.6	3.7	1.7	0.7	1.0	1.7
Need for assistance not determined (d)	%	19.5	40.2	7.0	7.0	10.8	5.3	10.7	23.3	22.5
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

- (a) State/Territory delivered disability support services include any of accommodation support, community support (includes case management/co-ordination), community access and respite.
- (b) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.
- (c) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

Table NDA.3.26 Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (total), by need for assistance in life area, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>

(d) Includes people whose need for assistance was 'not stated', 'not collected' or 'not applicable (due to age)'.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

Table NDA.3.27 Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (accommodation support), by need for assistance in life area, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services (accommodation support) 2007-08										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	no.	5 989	6 143	4 679	3 138	2 975	955	310	210	24 389
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	558	768	457	101	318	105	14	36	2 355
Total needing assistance	no.	6 547	6 911	5 136	3 239	3 293	1 060	324	246	26 744
No need for help or supervision	no.	48	86	28	14	79	np	–	np	266
Need for assistance not determined (c)	no.	290	551	36	51	21	np	–	np	950
Total	no.	6 885	7 548	5 200	3 304	3 393	1 065	324	253	27 960
Proportion of service users accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (accommodation support) 2007-08										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	%	87.0	81.4	90.0	95.0	87.7	89.7	95.7	83.0	87.2
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	%	8.1	10.2	8.8	3.1	9.4	9.9	4.3	14.2	8.4
Total needing assistance	%	95.1	91.6	98.8	98.0	97.1	99.5	100.0	97.2	95.7
No need for help or supervision	%	0.7	1.1	0.5	0.4	2.3	np	–	np	1.0
Need for assistance not determined (c)	%	4.2	7.3	0.7	1.5	0.6	np	–	np	3.4
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

(c) Includes people whose need for assistance was 'not stated', 'not collected' or 'not applicable (due to age)'.

Table NDA.3.27 **Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (accommodation support), by need for assistance in life area, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>

– Nil. **np** Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

Table NDA.3.28 Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community support), by need for assistance in life area, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services (community support) 2007-08										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	no.	16 342	14 259	10 500	9 821	9 828	2 064	2 683	812	65 990
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	1 277	2 172	772	979	1 689	214	220	113	7 418
Total needing assistance	no.	17 619	16 431	11 272	10 800	11 517	2 278	2 903	925	73 408
No need for help or supervision	no.	146	558	162	152	470	55	11	9	1 562
Need for assistance not determined (c)	no.	3 937	16 833	714	378	988	32	339	263	23 465
Total	no.	21 702	33 822	12 148	11 330	12 975	2 365	3 253	1 197	98 435
Proportion of service users accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (community support) 2007-08										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	%	75.3	42.2	86.4	86.7	75.7	87.3	82.5	67.8	67.0
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	%	5.9	6.4	6.4	8.6	13.0	9.0	6.8	9.4	7.5
Total needing assistance	%	81.2	48.6	92.8	95.3	88.8	96.3	89.2	77.3	74.6
No need for help or supervision	%	0.7	1.6	1.3	1.3	3.6	2.3	0.3	0.8	1.6
Need for assistance not determined (c)	%	18.1	49.8	5.9	3.3	7.6	1.4	10.4	22.0	23.8
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

(c) Includes people whose need for assistance was 'not stated', 'not collected' or 'not applicable (due to age)'.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

Table NDA.3.29 Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community access), by need for assistance in life area, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services (community access) 2007-08										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	no.	7 717	9 508	6 177	2 865	2 831	1 034	366	206	30 670
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	881	1 116	700	159	287	261	24	21	3 449
Total needing assistance	no.	8 598	10 624	6 877	3 024	3 118	1 295	390	227	34 119
No need for help or supervision	no.	196	321	51	61	176	10	5	–	820
Need for assistance not determined (c)	no.	2 500	1 851	622	545	780	175	48	68	6 589
Total	no.	11 294	12 796	7 550	3 630	4 074	1 480	443	295	41 528
Proportion of service users accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (community access) 2007-08										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	%	68.3	74.3	81.8	78.9	69.5	69.9	82.6	69.8	73.9
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	%	7.8	8.7	9.3	4.4	7.0	17.6	5.4	7.1	8.3
Total needing assistance	%	76.1	83.0	91.1	83.3	76.5	87.5	88.0	76.9	82.2
No need for help or supervision	%	1.7	2.5	0.7	1.7	4.3	0.7	1.1	–	2.0
Need for assistance not determined (c)	%	22.1	14.5	8.2	15.0	19.1	11.8	10.8	23.1	15.9
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

(c) Includes people whose need for assistance was 'not stated', 'not collected' or 'not applicable (due to age)'.

Table NDA.3.29 Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (community access), by need for assistance in life area, 2007-08 (a), (b)

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
– Nil.									

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

Table NDA.3.30 Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (respite), by need for assistance in life area, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services (respite) 2007-08										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	no.	5 696	9 299	4 220	2 534	1 495	np	282	np	23 872
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	344	808	245	114	94	np	23	np	1 643
Total needing assistance	no.	6 040	10 107	4 465	2 648	1 589	293	305	121	25 515
No need for help or supervision	no.	20	63	22	35	np	np	8	–	152
Need for assistance not determined (c)	no.	336	2 496	34	125	np	np	6	84	3 107
Total	no.	6 396	12 666	4 521	2 808	1 615	297	319	205	28 774
Proportion of service users accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services (respite) 2007-08										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	%	89.1	73.4	93.3	90.2	92.6	np	88.4	np	83.0
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	%	5.4	6.4	5.4	4.1	5.8	np	7.2	np	5.7
Total needing assistance	%	94.4	79.8	98.8	94.3	98.4	98.7	95.6	59.0	88.7
No need for help or supervision	%	0.3	0.5	0.5	1.2	np	np	2.5	–	0.5
Need for assistance not determined (c)	%	5.3	19.7	0.8	4.5	np	np	1.9	41.0	10.8
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

- (a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.
- (b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.
- (c) Includes people whose need for assistance was 'not stated', 'not collected' or 'not applicable (due to age)'.

Table NDA.3.30 **Proportion of service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services by service group type (respite), by need for assistance in life area, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>

– Nil. **np** Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

Table NDA.3.31 **Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of open employment services 2008-09										
Males										
15–24 years	no.	4 682	2 653	3 275	1 076	1 169	393	128	94	13 469
25–34 years	no.	3 579	2 991	2 742	1 035	966	311	190	51	11 864
35–44 years	no.	3 255	3 100	2 285	865	866	288	149	49	10 857
45–54 years	no.	2 997	2 893	1 916	636	706	237	75	56	9 515
55–64 years	no.	2 070	2 337	1 287	397	446	131	33	26	6 727
Total	no.	16 583	13 974	11 505	4 009	4 153	1 360	575	276	52 432
Females										
15–24 years	no.	2 461	1 473	1 590	587	692	182	105	46	7 135
25–34 years	no.	1 923	1 699	1 402	569	528	158	121	45	6 445
35–44 years	no.	2 240	2 189	1 515	574	574	188	87	41	7 408
45–54 years	no.	2 912	2 891	1 919	574	643	170	69	50	9 228
55–64 years	no.	1 327	1 657	886	293	289	70	29	18	4 569
Total	no.	10 863	9 909	7 312	2 597	2 726	768	411	200	34 785
Total										
15–24 years	no.	7 143	4 126	4 865	1 663	1 861	575	233	140	20 604
25–34 years	no.	5 502	4 690	4 144	1 604	1 494	469	311	96	18 309
35–44 years	no.	5 495	5 289	3 800	1 439	1 440	476	236	90	18 265
45–54 years	no.	5 909	5 784	3 835	1 210	1 349	407	144	106	18 743
55–64 years	no.	3 397	3 994	2 173	690	735	201	62	44	11 296
Total	no.	27 446	23 883	18 817	6 606	6 879	2 128	986	476	87 217

Table NDA.3.31 **Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Estimated potential population for disability employment services 30 June 2008										
Males										
15–24 years	no.	11 013	8 592	6 910	3 593	2 474	739	623	397	34 340
25–34 years	no.	11 408	8 817	6 946	3 624	2 371	642	655	441	34 902
35–44 years	no.	15 563	12 126	9 746	5 164	3 536	1 031	799	559	48 523
45–54 years	no.	19 714	14 832	12 075	6 371	4 657	1 480	958	643	60 730
55–64 years	no.	26 719	19 724	16 740	8 388	6 476	2 163	1 251	749	82 209
Total	no.	84 417	64 090	52 416	27 140	19 514	6 054	4 286	2 789	260 704
Females										
15–24 years	no.	10 288	7 967	6 534	3 288	2 324	696	575	359	32 031
25–34 years	no.	11 231	8 589	6 738	3 355	2 269	654	636	424	33 895
35–44 years	no.	17 528	13 735	10 925	5 528	3 910	1 197	902	583	54 308
45–54 years	no.	26 801	20 210	16 411	8 385	6 341	2 037	1 354	794	82 332
55–64 years	no.	35 214	26 595	21 526	10 559	8 811	2 852	1 703	807	108 067
Total	no.	101 062	77 095	62 134	31 115	23 655	7 436	5 169	2 967	310 633
Total										
15–24 years	no.	21 301	16 559	13 444	6 881	4 797	1 435	1 198	756	66 371
25–34 years	no.	22 639	17 405	13 683	6 979	4 639	1 295	1 290	865	68 797
35–44 years	no.	33 091	25 861	20 671	10 692	7 447	2 228	1 700	1 142	102 831
45–54 years	no.	46 516	35 042	28 485	14 756	10 998	3 517	2 312	1 437	143 063
55–64 years	no.	61 933	46 319	38 267	18 947	15 287	5 014	2 954	1 556	190 276
Total	no.	185 480	141 185	114 550	58 255	43 168	13 489	9 454	5 756	571 338

Table NDA.3.31 **Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Proportion of the potential population accessing open employment services										
Males										
15–24 years	%	42.5	30.9	47.4	29.9	47.3	53.2	20.5	23.7	39.2
25–34 years	%	31.4	33.9	39.5	28.6	40.7	48.5	29.0	11.6	34.0
35–44 years	%	20.9	25.6	23.4	16.8	24.5	27.9	18.7	8.8	22.4
45–54 years	%	15.2	19.5	15.9	10.0	15.2	16.0	7.8	8.7	15.7
55–64 years	%	7.7	11.8	7.7	4.7	6.9	6.1	2.6	3.5	8.2
Total	%	19.6	21.8	21.9	14.8	21.3	22.5	13.4	9.9	20.1
Females										
15–24 years	%	23.9	18.5	24.3	17.9	29.8	26.1	18.3	12.8	22.3
25–34 years	%	17.1	19.8	20.8	17.0	23.3	24.2	19.0	10.6	19.0
35–44 years	%	12.8	15.9	13.9	10.4	14.7	15.7	9.6	7.0	13.6
45–54 years	%	10.9	14.3	11.7	6.8	10.1	8.3	5.1	6.3	11.2
55–64 years	%	3.8	6.2	4.1	2.8	3.3	2.5	1.7	2.2	4.2
Total	%	10.7	12.9	11.8	8.3	11.5	10.3	8.0	6.7	11.2
Total										
15–24 years	%	33.5	24.9	36.2	24.2	38.8	40.1	19.5	18.5	31.0
25–34 years	%	24.3	26.9	30.3	23.0	32.2	36.2	24.1	11.1	26.6
35–44 years	%	16.6	20.5	18.4	13.5	19.3	21.4	13.9	7.9	17.8
45–54 years	%	12.7	16.5	13.5	8.2	12.3	11.6	6.2	7.4	13.1
55–64 years	%	5.5	8.6	5.7	3.6	4.8	4.0	2.1	2.8	5.9
Total	%	14.8	16.9	16.4	11.3	15.9	15.8	10.4	8.3	15.3

(a) Open employment services are delivered by the Australian Government.

(b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2008; and Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003.

Table NDA.3.32 Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2008-09 (a)

	<i>Number of users of open employment services 2008-09</i>	<i>Estimated potential population for disability employment services 30 June 2008</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population accessing open employment services</i>
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Country of birth			
Australia	70 005	427 473	16.4
Other English speaking countries	5 416	46 898	11.5
All English speaking countries	75 421	474 371	15.9
Non-English speaking countries	11 796	96 967	12.2
Total (b)	87 217	571 338	15.3
Remoteness Area			
Major cities	55 893	365 539	15.3
Inner Regional	20 479	133 306	15.4
Outer Regional/ Remote/Very Remote	10 806	72 493	14.9
Total (c)	87 217	571 338	15.3

(a) Open employment services are delivered by the Australian Government.

(b) Includes people with not stated Country of Birth.

(c) Includes people with not stated Remoteness Area.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2008; Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.3.33 Proportion of service users aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of open employment services 2008-09										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	no.	14 434	9 422	9 378	3 209	3 820	1 079	429	204	41 974
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	7 868	8 606	5 707	2 248	1 927	697	350	146	27 547
Total needing assistance	no.	22 302	18 028	15 085	5 457	5 747	1 776	779	350	69 521
No need for help or supervision	no.	5 144	np	3 732	1 149	1 132	352	np	126	17 681
Need for assistance not determined (c)	no.	–	np	–	–	–	–	np	–	15
Total	no.	27 446	23 883	18 817	6 606	6 879	2 128	986	476	87 217
Proportion of service users accessing open employment services										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	%	52.6	39.5	49.8	48.6	55.5	50.7	43.5	42.9	48.1
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	%	28.7	36.0	30.3	34.0	28.0	32.8	35.5	30.7	31.6
Total needing assistance	%	81.3	75.5	80.2	82.6	83.5	83.5	79.0	73.5	79.7
No need for help or supervision	%	18.7	np	19.8	17.4	16.5	16.5	np	26.5	20.3
Need for assistance not determined (c)	%	–	np	–	–	–	–	np	–	–
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

(a) Open employment services are delivered by the Australian Government.

(b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

(c) Includes people whose need for assistance was 'not stated', 'not collected' or 'not applicable (due to age)'.

– Nil. **np** Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09.

Table NDA.3.34 **Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of open employment services 2007-08										
Males										
15–24 years	no.	3 963	2 180	2 847	977	1 029	370	116	110	11 541
25–34 years	no.	2 768	2 430	2 223	949	747	233	162	78	9 544
35–44 years	no.	2 505	2 473	1 923	751	665	224	120	59	8 666
45–54 years	no.	2 223	2 252	1 543	539	513	173	53	50	7 327
55–64 years	no.	1 453	1 745	949	323	308	100	25	40	4 930
Total	no.	12 912	11 080	9 485	3 539	3 262	1 100	476	337	42 008
Females										
15–24 years	no.	2 072	1 236	1 366	524	576	171	75	54	6 041
25–34 years	no.	1 513	1 387	1 110	510	402	127	96	50	5 179
35–44 years	no.	1 663	1 684	1 184	501	454	150	88	47	5 743
45–54 years	no.	2 060	2 181	1 400	465	483	127	64	34	6 789
55–64 years	no.	913	1 120	612	219	218	49	22	17	3 162
Total	no.	8 221	7 608	5 672	2 219	2 133	624	345	202	26 914
Total										
15–24 years	no.	6 035	3 416	4 213	1 501	1 605	541	191	164	17 582
25–34 years	no.	4 281	3 817	3 333	1 459	1 149	360	258	128	14 723
35–44 years	no.	4 168	4 157	3 107	1 252	1 119	374	208	106	14 409
45–54 years	no.	4 283	4 433	2 943	1 004	996	300	117	84	14 116
55–64 years	no.	2 366	2 865	1 561	542	526	149	47	57	8 092
Total	no.	21 133	18 688	15 157	5 758	5 395	1 724	821	539	68 922

Table NDA.3.34 **Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Estimated potential population for disability employment services 30 June 2007										
Males										
15–24 years	no.	10 689	8 316	6 687	3 472	2 441	731	622	383	33 340
25–34 years	no.	11 169	8 576	6 725	3 437	2 336	640	634	424	33 942
35–44 years	no.	15 533	12 033	9 543	5 049	3 555	1 041	790	555	48 098
45–54 years	no.	19 441	14 587	11 817	6 216	4 614	1 476	951	626	59 727
55–64 years	no.	25 965	19 120	16 182	8 082	6 295	2 097	1 211	717	79 670
Total	no.	82 796	62 631	50 954	26 256	19 241	5 985	4 208	2 704	254 777
Females										
15–24 years	no.	10 084	7 776	6 357	3 188	2 294	693	577	351	31 320
25–34 years	no.	11 025	8 390	6 544	3 232	2 240	657	622	409	33 119
35–44 years	no.	17 442	13 614	10 734	5 436	3 922	1 200	889	573	53 811
45–54 years	no.	26 370	19 853	15 994	8 201	6 282	2 019	1 349	778	80 846
55–64 years	no.	34 082	25 655	20 742	10 110	8 546	2 750	1 644	762	104 291
Total	no.	99 004	75 287	60 370	30 168	23 283	7 319	5 082	2 873	303 387
Total										
15–24 years	no.	20 773	16 091	13 045	6 661	4 735	1 424	1 199	733	64 660
25–34 years	no.	22 194	16 966	13 269	6 670	4 576	1 297	1 256	833	67 061
35–44 years	no.	32 975	25 646	20 277	10 485	7 477	2 242	1 680	1 129	101 909
45–54 years	no.	45 811	34 440	27 811	14 417	10 896	3 495	2 300	1 403	140 573
55–64 years	no.	60 047	44 775	36 923	18 193	14 841	4 847	2 856	1 479	183 961
Total	no.	181 800	137 919	111 325	56 425	42 525	13 304	9 290	5 577	558 164

Table NDA.3.34 **Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Proportion of the potential population accessing open employment services										
Males										
15–24 years	%	37.1	26.2	42.6	28.1	42.2	50.6	18.7	28.8	34.6
25–34 years	%	24.8	28.3	33.1	27.6	32.0	36.4	25.6	18.4	28.1
35–44 years	%	16.1	20.6	20.2	14.9	18.7	21.5	15.2	10.6	18.0
45–54 years	%	11.4	15.4	13.1	8.7	11.1	11.7	5.6	8.0	12.3
55–64 years	%	5.6	9.1	5.9	4.0	4.9	4.8	2.1	5.6	6.2
Total	%	15.6	17.7	18.6	13.5	17.0	18.4	11.3	12.5	16.5
Females										
15–24 years	%	20.5	15.9	21.5	16.4	25.1	24.7	13.0	15.4	19.3
25–34 years	%	13.7	16.5	17.0	15.8	17.9	19.3	15.4	12.2	15.6
35–44 years	%	9.5	12.4	11.0	9.2	11.6	12.5	9.9	8.2	10.7
45–54 years	%	7.8	11.0	8.8	5.7	7.7	6.3	4.7	4.4	8.4
55–64 years	%	2.7	4.4	3.0	2.2	2.6	1.8	1.3	2.2	3.0
Total	%	8.3	10.1	9.4	7.4	9.2	8.5	6.8	7.0	8.9
Total										
15–24 years	%	29.1	21.2	32.3	22.5	33.9	38.0	15.9	22.4	27.2
25–34 years	%	19.3	22.5	25.1	21.9	25.1	27.8	20.5	15.4	22.0
35–44 years	%	12.6	16.2	15.3	11.9	15.0	16.7	12.4	9.4	14.1
45–54 years	%	9.3	12.9	10.6	7.0	9.1	8.6	5.1	6.0	10.0
55–64 years	%	3.9	6.4	4.2	3.0	3.5	3.1	1.6	3.9	4.4
Total	%	11.6	13.6	13.6	10.2	12.7	13.0	8.8	9.7	12.3

(a) Open employment services are delivered by the Australian Government.

(b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2007; and Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003.

Table NDA.3.35 Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2007-08 (a)

	<i>Number of users of open employment services 2007-08</i>	<i>Estimated potential population for disability employment services 30 June 2007</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population accessing open employment services</i>
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Country of birth			
Australia	55 354	417 834	13.2
Other English speaking countries	4 329	45 715	9.5
All English speaking countries	59 683	463 549	12.9
Non-English speaking countries	8 771	94 615	9.3
Total (b)	68 922	558 164	12.3
Remoteness Area			
Major cities	42 387	357 149	11.9
Inner Regional	17 043	130 264	13.1
Outer Regional/ Remote/Very Remote	9 405	70 751	13.3
Total (c)	68 922	558 164	12.3

(a) Open employment services are delivered by the Australian Government.

(b) Includes people with not stated Country of birth.

(c) Includes people with not stated Remoteness Area.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2007; Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.3.36 Proportion of service users aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of open employment services 2007-08										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	no.	2 901	2 018	2 073	1 431	1 017	293	147	82	9 919
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	13 251	11 277	8 964	3 097	3 238	1 114	518	325	41 592
Total needing assistance	no.	16 152	13 295	11 037	4 528	4 255	1 407	665	407	51 511
No need for help or supervision	no.	1 174	2 172	1 169	380	415	178	59	16	5 538
Need for assistance not determined (c)	no.	3 807	3 221	2 951	850	725	139	97	116	11 873
Total	no.	21 133	18 688	15 157	5 758	5 395	1 724	821	539	68 922
Proportion of service users accessing open employment services										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	%	13.7	10.8	13.7	24.9	18.9	17.0	17.9	15.2	14.4
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	%	62.7	60.3	59.1	53.8	60.0	64.6	63.1	60.3	60.3
Total needing assistance	%	76.4	71.1	72.8	78.6	78.9	81.6	81.0	75.5	74.7
No need for help or supervision	%	5.6	11.6	7.7	6.6	7.7	10.3	7.2	3.0	8.0
Need for assistance not determined (c)	%	18.0	17.2	19.5	14.8	13.4	8.1	11.8	21.5	17.2
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

(a) Open employment services are delivered by the Australian Government.

(b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

(c) Includes people whose need for assistance was 'not stated', 'not collected' or 'not applicable (due to age)'.
Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

Table NDA.3.37 **Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of supported employment services 2008-09										
Males										
15–24 years	no.	785	432	290	317	389	75	38	22	2 342
25–34 years	no.	1 265	827	330	268	402	72	60	24	3 244
35–44 years	no.	1 426	916	376	349	479	107	55	18	3 723
45–54 years	no.	1 202	736	319	341	439	108	np	np	3 180
55–64 years	no.	614	308	128	141	237	41	np	np	1 478
Total	no.	5 292	3 219	1 443	1 416	1 946	403	194	71	13 967
Females										
15–24 years	no.	332	185	176	183	178	33	9	15	1 109
25–34 years	no.	651	472	179	180	198	41	30	13	1 760
35–44 years	no.	805	483	221	219	262	58	34	13	2 094
45–54 years	no.	778	457	186	193	283	53	np	np	1 980
55–64 years	no.	343	149	54	97	128	27	np	np	802
Total	no.	2 909	1 746	816	872	1 049	212	100	50	7 745
Total										
15–24 years	no.	1 117	617	466	500	567	108	47	37	3 451
25–34 years	no.	1 916	1 299	509	448	600	113	90	37	5 004
35–44 years	no.	2 231	1 399	597	568	741	165	89	31	5 817
45–54 years	no.	1 980	1 193	505	534	722	161	58	10	5 160
55–64 years	no.	957	457	182	238	365	68	10	6	2 280
Total	no.	8 201	4 965	2 259	2 288	2 995	615	294	121	21 712
Estimated potential population for disability employment services 30 June 2008										
Males										
15–24 years	no.	11 013	8 592	6 910	3 593	2 474	739	623	397	34 340
25–34 years	no.	11 408	8 817	6 946	3 624	2 371	642	655	441	34 902

Table NDA.3.37 **Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
35–44 years	no.	15 563	12 126	9 746	5 164	3 536	1 031	799	559	48 523
45–54 years	no.	19 714	14 832	12 075	6 371	4 657	1 480	958	643	60 730
55–64 years	no.	26 719	19 724	16 740	8 388	6 476	2 163	1 251	749	82 209
Total	no.	84 417	64 090	52 416	27 140	19 514	6 054	4 286	2 789	260 704
Females										
15–24 years	no.	10 288	7 967	6 534	3 288	2 324	696	575	359	32 031
25–34 years	no.	11 231	8 589	6 738	3 355	2 269	654	636	424	33 895
35–44 years	no.	17 528	13 735	10 925	5 528	3 910	1 197	902	583	54 308
45–54 years	no.	26 801	20 210	16 411	8 385	6 341	2 037	1 354	794	82 332
55–64 years	no.	35 214	26 595	21 526	10 559	8 811	2 852	1 703	807	108 067
Total	no.	101 062	77 095	62 134	31 115	23 655	7 436	5 169	2 967	310 633
Total										
15–24 years	no.	21 301	16 559	13 444	6 881	4 797	1 435	1 198	756	66 371
25–34 years	no.	22 639	17 405	13 683	6 979	4 639	1 295	1 290	865	68 797
35–44 years	no.	33 091	25 861	20 671	10 692	7 447	2 228	1 700	1 142	102 831
45–54 years	no.	46 516	35 042	28 485	14 756	10 998	3 517	2 312	1 437	143 063
55–64 years	no.	61 933	46 319	38 267	18 947	15 287	5 014	2 954	1 556	190 276
Total	no.	185 480	141 185	114 550	58 255	43 168	13 489	9 454	5 756	571 338
Proportion of the potential population accessing supported employment services										
Males										
15–24 years	%	7.1	5.0	4.2	8.8	15.7	10.2	6.1	5.5	6.8
25–34 years	%	11.1	9.4	4.8	7.4	17.0	11.2	9.2	5.4	9.3
35–44 years	%	9.2	7.6	3.9	6.8	13.5	10.4	6.9	3.2	7.7
45–54 years	%	6.1	5.0	2.6	5.4	9.4	7.3	np	np	5.2
55–64 years	%	2.3	1.6	0.8	1.7	3.7	1.9	np	np	1.8
Total	%	6.3	5.0	2.8	5.2	10.0	6.7	4.5	2.5	5.4

Table NDA.3.37 **Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Females										
15–24 years	%	3.2	2.3	2.7	5.6	7.7	4.7	1.6	4.2	3.5
25–34 years	%	5.8	5.5	2.7	5.4	8.7	6.3	4.7	3.1	5.2
35–44 years	%	4.6	3.5	2.0	4.0	6.7	4.8	3.8	2.2	3.9
45–54 years	%	2.9	2.3	1.1	2.3	4.5	2.6	np	np	2.4
55–64 years	%	1.0	0.6	0.3	0.9	1.5	0.9	np	np	0.7
Total	%	2.9	2.3	1.3	2.8	4.4	2.9	1.9	1.7	2.5
Total										
15–24 years	%	5.2	3.7	3.5	7.3	11.8	7.5	3.9	4.9	5.2
25–34 years	%	8.5	7.5	3.7	6.4	12.9	8.7	7.0	4.3	7.3
35–44 years	%	6.7	5.4	2.9	5.3	10.0	7.4	5.2	2.7	5.7
45–54 years	%	4.3	3.4	1.8	3.6	6.6	4.6	2.5	0.7	3.6
55–64 years	%	1.5	1.0	0.5	1.3	2.4	1.4	0.3	0.4	1.2
Total	%	4.4	3.5	2.0	3.9	6.9	4.6	3.1	2.1	3.8

(a) Supported employment services are delivered by the Australian Government.

(b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2008; and Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003.

Table NDA.3.38 Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2008-09 (a)

	<i>Number of users of supported employment services 2008-09</i>	<i>Estimated potential population for disability employment services 30 June 2008</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population accessing supported employment services</i>
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Country of birth			
Australia	19 817	427 473	4.6
Other English speaking countries	539	46 898	1.1
All English speaking countries	20 356	474 371	4.3
Non-English speaking countries	974	96 967	1.0
Total (b)	21 712	571 338	3.8
Remoteness Area			
Major cities	14 506	365 539	4.0
Inner Regional	5 103	133 306	3.8
Outer Regional/ Remote/Very Remote	2 062	72 493	2.8
Total (c)	21 712	571 338	3.8

(a) Supported employment services are delivered by the Australian Government.

(b) Includes people with not stated Country of birth.

(c) Includes people with not stated Remoteness Area.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2008; Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.3.39 Proportion of service users aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of supported employment services 2008-09										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	no.	6 150	3 763	1 981	1 985	2 497	444	249	113	17 159
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	1 970	1 158	267	295	486	151	43	8	4 375
Total needing assistance	no.	8 120	4 921	2 248	2 280	2 983	595	292	121	21 534
No need for help or supervision	no.	18	15	np	np	–	14	np	–	55
Need for assistance not determined (c)	no.	63	29	np	np	12	6	np	–	123
Total	no.	8 201	4 965	2 259	2 288	2 995	615	294	121	21 712
Proportion of service users accessing supported employment services										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	%	75.0	75.8	87.7	86.8	83.4	72.2	84.7	93.4	79.0
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	%	24.0	23.3	11.8	12.9	16.2	24.6	14.6	6.6	20.2
Total needing assistance	%	99.0	99.1	99.5	99.7	99.6	96.7	99.3	100.0	99.2
No need for help or supervision	%	0.2	0.3	np	np	–	2.3	np	–	0.3
Need for assistance not determined (c)	%	0.8	0.6	np	np	0.4	1.0	np	–	0.6
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

(a) Supported employment services are delivered by the Australian Government.

(b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

(c) Includes people whose need for assistance was 'not stated', 'not collected' or 'not applicable (due to age)'.

– Nil. **np** Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09.

Table NDA.3.40 **Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of supported employment services 2007-08										
Males										
15–24 years	no.	759	444	306	292	380	73	36	16	2 297
25–34 years	no.	1 236	797	316	250	387	77	64	24	3 149
35–44 years	no.	1 413	891	371	354	473	104	51	17	3 667
45–54 years	no.	1 151	674	310	317	437	100	np	np	3 026
55–64 years	no.	562	281	116	129	202	41	np	np	1 337
Total	no.	5 121	3 087	1 419	1 342	1 879	395	190	64	13 476
Females										
15–24 years	no.	341	191	178	171	165	30	12	14	1 102
25–34 years	no.	631	444	186	168	188	38	28	12	1 694
35–44 years	no.	836	493	234	219	260	56	24	13	2 135
45–54 years	no.	713	426	177	190	268	58	np	np	1 852
55–64 years	no.	316	135	49	87	118	18	np	np	726
Total	no.	2 837	1 689	824	835	999	200	81	46	7 509
Total										
15–24 years	no.	1 100	635	484	463	545	103	48	30	3 399
25–34 years	no.	1 867	1 241	502	418	575	115	92	36	4 843
35–44 years	no.	2 249	1 384	605	573	733	160	75	30	5 802
45–54 years	no.	1 864	1 100	487	507	705	158	np	np	4 878
55–64 years	no.	878	416	165	216	320	59	np	np	2 063
Total	no.	7 958	4 776	2 243	2 177	2 878	595	271	110	20 985
Estimated potential population for disability employment services 30 June 2007										
Males										
15–24 years	no.	10 689	8 316	6 687	3 472	2 441	731	622	383	33 340
25–34 years	no.	11 169	8 576	6 725	3 437	2 336	640	634	424	33 942
35–44 years	no.	15 533	12 033	9 543	5 049	3 555	1 041	790	555	48 098

Table NDA.3.40 **Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
45–54 years	no.	19 441	14 587	11 817	6 216	4 614	1 476	951	626	59 727
55–64 years	no.	25 965	19 120	16 182	8 082	6 295	2 097	1 211	717	79 670
Total	no.	82 796	62 631	50 954	26 256	19 241	5 985	4 208	2 704	254 777
Females										
15–24 years	no.	10 084	7 776	6 357	3 188	2 294	693	577	351	31 320
25–34 years	no.	11 025	8 390	6 544	3 232	2 240	657	622	409	33 119
35–44 years	no.	17 442	13 614	10 734	5 436	3 922	1 200	889	573	53 811
45–54 years	no.	26 370	19 853	15 994	8 201	6 282	2 019	1 349	778	80 846
55–64 years	no.	34 082	25 655	20 742	10 110	8 546	2 750	1 644	762	104 291
Total	no.	99 004	75 287	60 370	30 168	23 283	7 319	5 082	2 873	303 387
Total										
15–24 years	no.	20 773	16 091	13 045	6 661	4 735	1 424	1 199	733	64 660
25–34 years	no.	22 194	16 966	13 269	6 670	4 576	1 297	1 256	833	67 061
35–44 years	no.	32 975	25 646	20 277	10 485	7 477	2 242	1 680	1 129	101 909
45–54 years	no.	45 811	34 440	27 811	14 417	10 896	3 495	2 300	1 403	140 573
55–64 years	no.	60 047	44 775	36 923	18 193	14 841	4 847	2 856	1 479	183 961
Total	no.	181 800	137 919	111 325	56 425	42 525	13 304	9 290	5 577	558 164
Proportion of the potential population accessing supported employment services										
Males										
15–24 years	%	7.1	5.3	4.6	8.4	15.6	10.0	5.8	4.2	6.9
25–34 years	%	11.1	9.3	4.7	7.3	16.6	12.0	10.1	5.7	9.3
35–44 years	%	9.1	7.4	3.9	7.0	13.3	10.0	6.5	3.1	7.6
45–54 years	%	5.9	4.6	2.6	5.1	9.5	6.8	np	np	5.1
55–64 years	%	2.2	1.5	0.7	1.6	3.2	2.0	np	np	1.7
Total	%	6.2	4.9	2.8	5.1	9.8	6.6	4.5	2.4	5.3
Females										
15–24 years	%	3.4	2.5	2.8	5.4	7.2	4.3	2.1	4.0	3.5

Table NDA.3.40 **Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
25–34 years	%	5.7	5.3	2.8	5.2	8.4	5.8	4.5	2.9	5.1
35–44 years	%	4.8	3.6	2.2	4.0	6.6	4.7	2.7	2.3	4.0
45–54 years	%	2.7	2.1	1.1	2.3	4.3	2.9	np	np	2.3
55–64 years	%	0.9	0.5	0.2	0.9	1.4	0.7	np	np	0.7
Total	%	2.9	2.2	1.4	2.8	4.3	2.7	1.6	1.6	2.5
Total										
15–24 years	%	5.3	3.9	3.7	7.0	11.5	7.2	4.0	4.1	5.3
25–34 years	%	8.4	7.3	3.8	6.3	12.6	8.9	7.3	4.3	7.2
35–44 years	%	6.8	5.4	3.0	5.5	9.8	7.1	4.5	2.7	5.7
45–54 years	%	4.1	3.2	1.8	3.5	6.5	4.5	np	np	3.5
55–64 years	%	1.5	0.9	0.4	1.2	2.2	1.2	np	np	1.1
Total	%	4.4	3.5	2.0	3.9	6.8	4.5	2.9	2.0	3.8

(a) Supported employment services are delivered by the Australian Government.

(b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2007; and Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003.

Table NDA.3.41 Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2007-08 (a)

	<i>Number of users of supported employment services 2007-08</i>	<i>Estimated potential population for disability employment services 30 June 2007</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population accessing supported employment services</i>
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Country of birth			
Australia	19 225	417 834	4.6
Other English speaking countries	603	45 715	1.3
All English speaking countries	19 828	463 549	4.3
Non-English speaking countries	886	94 615	0.9
Total (b)	20 985	558 164	3.8
Remoteness Area			
Major cities	13 853	357 149	3.9
Inner Regional	4 949	130 264	3.8
Outer Regional/Remote	2 137	70 751	3.0
Total (c)	20 985	558 164	3.8

(a) Supported employment services are delivered by the Australian Government.

(b) Includes people with not stated Country of birth.

(c) Includes people with not stated Remoteness Area.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2007; Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.3.42 Proportion of service users aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of supported employment services 2007-08										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	no.	5 434	3 370	1 859	1 826	2 165	493	189	99	15 417
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	2 228	1 280	359	308	646	95	17	11	4 939
Total needing assistance	no.	7 662	4 650	2 218	2 134	2 811	588	206	110	20 356
No need for help or supervision	no.	53	32	np	21	np	np	58	–	171
Need for assistance not determined (c)	no.	243	94	np	22	np	np	7	–	458
Total	no.	7 958	4 776	2 243	2 177	2 878	595	271	110	20 985
Proportion of service users accessing supported employment services										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	%	68.3	70.6	82.9	83.9	75.2	82.9	69.7	90.0	73.5
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	%	28.0	26.8	16.0	14.1	22.4	16.0	6.3	10.0	23.5
Total needing assistance	%	96.3	97.4	98.9	98.0	97.7	98.8	76.0	100.0	97.0
No need for help or supervision	%	0.7	0.7	np	1.0	np	np	21.4	–	0.8
Need for assistance not determined (c)	%	3.1	2.0	np	1.0	np	np	2.6	–	2.2
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

(a) Supported employment services are delivered by the Australian Government.

(b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

(c) Includes people whose need for assistance was 'not stated', 'not collected' or 'not applicable (due to age)'.

– Nil. **np** Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

NDA Indicator 4:

There is currently no agreed measure, nor any available data, to inform this indicator.

Proportion of people with disability who are satisfied with the range of disability service options and quality of support received

NDA Indicator 5:

No new data were available for this report.

**Number of Indigenous people
with disability receiving disability
services as a proportion of the
Indigenous potential population
requiring services**

NDA Indicator 6:

**Number of Indigenous people
with disability receiving disability
services as a proportion of the
Indigenous potential population
requiring services**

Table NDA.6.1 **Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous users of State/Territory delivered disability support services 2008-09										
0–4 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	881
5–14 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 114
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 857
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 007
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 050
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	847
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	519
Subtotal 0–49 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	7 382
Total	no.	2 240	1 683	1 370	1 364	831	96	83	718	8 275
Estimated Indigenous potential population for State/Territory delivered disability support services 30 June 2008										
0–4 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 567
5–14 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	8 590
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	4 010
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 452
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 569
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	6 525
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 971
Subtotal 0–49 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	27 396
Total	no.	13 181	3 026	8 702	4 831	1 912	1 320	352	3 361	36 684
Proportion of the Indigenous potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services										
0–4 years	%	47.4	77.2	9.8	17.1	81.9	np	77.7	16.5	34.3
5–14 years	%	23.2	46.1	13.6	41.7	36.9	5.1	56.1	22.0	24.6
15–24 years	%	31.2	109.7	38.3	78.5	80.2	18.1	19.7	34.9	46.3
25–34 years	%	15.7	66.6	24.8	43.3	65.7	10.1	np	25.6	29.2
35–44 years	%	8.8	51.0	18.2	19.9	43.6	9.1	11.0	23.1	18.9

Table NDA.6.1 Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
45–54 years	%	5.2	40.8	9.9	14.0	29.6	6.1	np	16.9	13.0
55–64 years	%	3.1	32.6	4.6	9.2	18.0	np	np	16.5	8.7
Subtotal 0–49 years	%	20.9	61.7	19.3	35.7	52.7	8.5	28.6	24.0	26.9
Total	%	17.0	55.6	15.7	28.2	43.5	7.3	23.6	21.4	22.6

- (a) State/Territory delivered disability support services include any of accommodation support, community support (includes case management/co-ordination), community access and respite.
- (b) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.
- (c) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.
- (d) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

np Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09; AIHW analysis of the ABS Indigenous Projected Population 2008; 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.6.2 **Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by sex and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous users of State/Territory delivered disability support services 2008-09										
Male	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 017
Female	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 252
Total (e)	no.	2 240	1 683	1 370	1 364	831	96	83	718	8 275
Estimated Indigenous potential population for State/Territory delivered disability support services 30 June 2008										
Male	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	18 564
Female	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	18 120
Total	no.	13 181	3 026	8 702	4 831	1 912	1 320	352	3 361	36 684
Proportion of the Indigenous potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services										
Male	%	20.7	66.8	19.1	34.9	52.3	9.3	30.9	22.1	27.0
Female	%	13.1	43.4	12.4	22.2	34.4	4.8	15.8	20.6	17.9
Total (e)	%	17.0	55.6	15.7	28.2	43.5	7.3	23.6	21.4	22.6

- (a) State/Territory delivered disability support services include any of accommodation support, community support (includes case management/co-ordination), community access and respite.
- (b) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.
- (c) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.
- (d) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.
- (e) Includes people with not stated sex.
- np** Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09; AIHW analysis of the ABS Indigenous Projected Population 2008; 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.6.3 Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Number of Indigenous users of State/Territory delivered disability support services 2008-09</i>	<i>Estimated Indigenous potential population for State/Territory delivered disability support services 30 June 2008</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services</i>
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Major cities	3 089	20 962	14.7
Inner Regional	1 991	8 074	24.7
Outer Regional/ Remote/Very Remote	2 986	7 648	39.0
Total (d)	8 275	36 684	22.6

(a) State/Territory delivered disability support services include any of accommodation support, community support (includes case management/co-ordination), community access and respite.

(b) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(c) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

(d) Includes people with not stated Remoteness Area.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09; AIHW analysis of the ABS Indigenous Projected Population 2008; 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.6.4 Proportion of Indigenous service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous users of State/Territory delivered disability support services 2008-09										
Activities of daily living	no.	1 622	1 122	1 240	1 150	695	78	65	549	6 426
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	150	161	98	128	85	16	6	83	715
Total needing assistance	no.	1 772	1 283	1 338	1 278	780	94	71	632	7 141
No need for help or supervision	no.	27	31	np	15	12	np	–	16	104
Need for assistance not determined (e)	no.	441	369	np	71	39	np	12	70	1 030
Total	no.	2 240	1 683	1 370	1 364	831	96	83	718	8 275
Proportion of the Indigenous service users accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services										
Activities of daily living	%	72.4	66.7	90.5	84.3	83.6	81.3	78.3	76.5	77.7
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	%	6.7	9.6	7.2	9.4	10.2	16.7	7.2	11.6	8.6
Total needing assistance	%	79.1	76.2	97.7	93.7	93.9	97.9	85.5	88.0	86.3
No need for help or supervision	%	1.2	1.8	np	1.1	1.4	np	–	2.2	1.3
Need for assistance not determined (e)	%	19.7	21.9	np	5.2	4.7	np	14.5	9.7	12.4
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

- (a) State/Territory delivered disability support services include any of accommodation support, community support (includes case management/co-ordination), community access and respite.
- (b) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.
- (c) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.
- (d) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

Table NDA.6.4 **Proportion of Indigenous service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(e) Includes people whose need for assistance was 'not stated', 'not collected' or 'not applicable (due to age)'. – Nil. np Not published.									

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09.

Table NDA.6.5 Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by service group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous users of State/Territory delivered disability support services 2008-09										
Accommodation support	no.	266	233	295	242	202	35	8	137	1 417
Community support	no.	1761	1199	1063	1217	675	62	77	531	6 506
Community access	no.	408	359	417	223	143	42	5	134	1 727
Respite	no.	479	587	336	315	57	7	13	83	1 871
Total	no.	2 240	1 683	1 370	1 364	831	96	83	718	8 275
Estimated Indigenous potential population for State/Territory delivered disability support services 30 June 2008										
Accommodation support	no.	13 181	3 026	8 702	4 831	1 912	1 320	352	3 361	36 684
Community support	no.	13 181	3 026	8 702	4 831	1 912	1 320	352	3 361	36 684
Community access	no.	13 181	3 026	8 702	4 831	1 912	1 320	352	3 361	36 684
Respite	no.	13 181	3 026	8 702	4 831	1 912	1 320	352	3 361	36 684
Total	no.	13 181	3 026	8 702	4 831	1 912	1 320	352	3 361	36 684
Proportion of the Indigenous potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services										
Accommodation support	%	2.0	7.7	3.4	5.0	10.6	2.7	2.3	4.1	3.9
Community support	%	13.4	39.6	12.2	25.2	35.3	4.7	21.9	15.8	17.7
Community access	%	3.1	11.9	4.8	4.6	7.5	3.2	1.4	4.0	4.7
Respite	%	3.6	19.4	3.9	6.5	3.0	0.5	3.7	2.5	5.1
Total	%	17.0	55.6	15.7	28.2	43.5	7.3	23.6	21.4	22.6

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(b) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

(c) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period. Total service users for all service groups may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services from more than one service group over the 12 month period.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09; AIHW analysis of the ABS Indigenous Projected Population 2008; 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.6.6 **Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous users of State/Territory delivered disability support services 2007-08										
0–4 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	803
5–14 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 836
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 672
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	886
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	962
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	686
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	380
Subtotal 0–49 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	6 553
Total (e)	no.	1 767	1 418	1 289	1 230	802	94	61	756	7 243
Estimated Indigenous potential population for State/Territory delivered disability support services 30 June 2007										
0–4 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 525
5–14 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	8 635
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 849
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 396
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 474
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	6 286
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 607
Subtotal 0–49 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	26 977
Total	no.	12 912	2 953	8 434	4 703	1 860	1 293	340	3 277	35 772
Proportion of the Indigenous potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services										
0–4 years	%	41.7	75.8	13.1	14.2	61.4	np	50.5	22.8	31.8
5–14 years	%	17.0	41.2	13.2	38.9	36.4	5.8	40.1	27.6	21.3
15–24 years	%	28.5	100.9	35.8	69.6	89.5	16.2	16.7	38.0	43.4
25–34 years	%	12.1	56.5	20.4	43.2	70.1	11.5	np	26.6	26.1
35–44 years	%	7.2	42.0	18.3	19.3	42.3	10.3	np	26.0	17.6

Table NDA.6.6 **Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
45–54 years	%	3.3	32.6	9.9	11.4	27.8	4.6	np	16.0	10.9
55–64 years	%	2.2	22.0	4.8	6.7	17.3	np	np	14.5	6.8
Subtotal 0–49 years	%	16.9	54.5	18.5	32.9	51.9	8.5	20.7	27.1	24.3
Total (e)	%	13.7	48.0	15.3	26.2	43.1	7.3	18.0	23.1	20.2

- (a) State/Territory delivered disability support services include any of accommodation support, community support (includes case management/co-ordination), community access and respite.
- (b) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.
- (c) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.
- (d) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.
- (e) Includes people with not stated age.
- np** Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS Indigenous Projected Population 2007; 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.6.7 **Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by sex and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous users of State/Territory delivered disability support services 2007-08										
Male	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	4 355
Female	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 876
Total (e)	no.	1 767	1 418	1 289	1 230	802	94	61	756	7 243
Estimated Indigenous potential population for State/Territory delivered disability support services 30 June 2007										
Male	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	18 188
Female	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	17 583
Total	no.	12 912	2 953	8 434	4 703	1 860	1 293	340	3 277	35 772
Proportion of the Indigenous potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services										
Male	%	16.5	57.0	18.3	32.0	50.2	8.2	24.9	24.1	23.9
Female	%	10.5	38.1	12.3	20.8	35.7	6.2	10.4	22.0	16.4
Total (e)	%	13.7	48.0	15.3	26.2	43.1	7.3	18.0	23.1	20.2

- (a) State/Territory delivered disability support services include any of accommodation support, community support (includes case management/co-ordination), community access and respite.
- (b) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.
- (c) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.
- (d) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.
- (e) Includes people with not stated sex.
- np** Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS Indigenous Projected Population 2007; 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.6.8 Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Number of Indigenous users of State/Territory delivered disability support services 2007-08</i>	<i>Estimated Indigenous potential population for State/Territory delivered disability support services 30 June 2007</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services</i>
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Major cities	2 615	20 446	12.8
Inner Regional	1 655	7 876	21.0
Outer Regional/ Remote/Very Remote	2 821	7 450	37.9
Total (d)	7 243	35 772	20.2

(a) State/Territory delivered disability support services include any of accommodation support, community support (includes case management/co-ordination), community access and respite.

(b) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(c) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

(d) Includes people with not stated Remoteness Area.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS Indigenous Projected Population 2007; 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.6.9 Proportion of Indigenous service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous users of State/Territory delivered disability support services 2007-08										
Activities of daily living	no.	1 336	951	1 129	1 009	654	64	52	595	5 657
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	118	121	102	105	93	28	5	79	628
Total needing assistance	no.	1 454	1 072	1 231	1 114	747	92	57	674	6 285
No need for help or supervision	no.	12	21	12	20	22	np	np	np	77
Need for assistance not determined (e)	no.	301	325	46	96	33	np	np	np	881
Total	no.	1 767	1 418	1 289	1 230	802	94	61	756	7 243
Proportion of Indigenous service users accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services										
Activities of daily living	%	75.6	67.1	87.6	82.0	81.5	68.1	85.2	78.7	78.1
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	%	6.7	8.5	7.9	8.5	11.6	29.8	8.2	10.4	8.7
Total needing assistance	%	82.3	75.6	95.5	90.6	93.1	97.9	93.4	89.2	86.8
No need for help or supervision	%	0.7	1.5	0.9	1.6	2.7	np	np	np	1.1
Need for assistance not determined (e)	%	17.0	22.9	3.6	7.8	4.1	np	np	np	12.2
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

(a) State/Territory delivered disability support services include any of accommodation support, community support (includes case management/co-ordination), community access and respite.

(b) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(c) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

(d) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

(e) Includes people whose need for assistance was 'not stated', 'not collected' or 'not applicable (due to age)'.

Table NDA.6.9 **Proportion of Indigenous service users aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>

np Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

Table NDA.6.10 **Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by service group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous users of State/Territory delivered disability support services 2007-08										
Accommodation support	no.	199	291	292	217	220	np	np	140	1 386
Community support	no.	1342	972	955	926	646	55	55	607	5 520
Community access	no.	355	351	383	200	120	np	np	106	1 561
Respite	no.	388	483	326	331	48	8	11	82	1 672
Total	no.	1 767	1 418	1 289	1 230	802	94	61	756	7 243
Estimated Indigenous potential population for State/Territory delivered disability support services 30 June 2007										
Accommodation support	no.	12 912	2 953	8 434	4 703	1 860	1 293	340	3 277	35 772
Community support	no.	12 912	2 953	8 434	4 703	1 860	1 293	340	3 277	35 772
Community access	no.	12 912	2 953	8 434	4 703	1 860	1 293	340	3 277	35 772
Respite	no.	12 912	2 953	8 434	4 703	1 860	1 293	340	3 277	35 772
Total	no.	12 912	2 953	8 434	4 703	1 860	1 293	340	3 277	35 772
Proportion of the Indigenous potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services										
Accommodation support	%	1.5	9.9	3.5	4.6	11.8	np	np	4.3	3.9
Community support	%	10.4	32.9	11.3	19.7	34.7	4.3	16.2	18.5	15.4
Community access	%	2.7	11.9	4.5	4.3	6.5	np	np	3.2	4.4
Respite	%	3.0	16.4	3.9	7.0	2.6	0.6	3.2	2.5	4.7
Total	%	13.7	48.0	15.3	26.2	43.1	7.3	18.0	23.1	20.2

- (a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.
- (b) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.
- (c) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period. Total service users for all service groups may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services from more than one service group over the 12 month period.
- np** Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS Indigenous Projected Population 2007; 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.6.11 Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c)

		<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous users of open employment services 2008-09										
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 161
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	676
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	666
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	574
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	208
Subtotal 15–49	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 825
Total	no.	1 226	328	945	332	196	115	17	126	3 285
Estimated Indigenous potential population for disability employment services 30 June 2008										
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	4 010
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 452
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 569
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	6 525
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 971
Subtotal 15–49	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	16 239
Total	no.	8 727	2 084	6 015	3 586	1 376	863	257	2 618	25 527
Proportion of the Indigenous potential population accessing open employment services										
15–24 years	%	32.5	29.6	30.8	21.8	39.6	36.1	9.8	9.4	29.0
25–34 years	%	21.3	22.1	21.9	19.5	25.0	21.2	np	5.0	19.6
35–44 years	%	12.4	16.8	16.7	7.7	10.8	6.6	np	5.7	12.0
45–54 years	%	9.0	11.9	11.6	6.4	6.5	7.0	8.6	5.0	8.8
55–64 years	%	3.3	3.9	5.2	2.6	3.7	2.6	np	1.3	3.5
Subtotal 15–49	%	18.8	20.5	21.2	12.8	20.7	18.0	7.2	6.1	17.4
Total	%	14.0	15.7	15.7	9.3	14.2	13.3	6.6	4.8	12.9

(a) Open employment services are delivered by the Australian Government.

(b) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

Table NDA.6.11 Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c)

(c) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09; AIHW analysis of the ABS Indigenous Projected Population 2008; 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.6.12 **Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by sex and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c)**

		<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous users of open employment services 2008-09										
Male	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 001
Female	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 284
Total	no.	1 226	328	945	332	196	115	17	126	3 285
Estimated Indigenous potential population for disability employment services 30 June 2008										
Male	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	11 569
Female	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	13 958
Total	no.	8 727	2 084	6 015	3 586	1 376	863	257	2 618	25 527
Proportion of the Indigenous potential population accessing disability employment services										
Male	%	19.3	18.8	21.6	12.1	20.2	17.6	8.5	5.7	17.3
Female	%	9.7	13.0	10.8	7.1	9.5	9.5	4.7	4.1	9.2
Total	%	14.0	15.7	15.7	9.3	14.2	13.3	6.6	4.8	12.9

(a) Open employment services are delivered by the Australian Government.

(b) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

(c) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09; AIHW analysis of the ABS Indigenous Projected Population 2008; 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.6.13 Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2008-09 (a), (b)

	<i>Number of Indigenous users of open employment services 2008-09</i>	<i>Estimated Indigenous potential population for disability employment services 30 June 2008</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population accessing open employment services</i>
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Major cities	1 259	14 367	8.8
Inner Regional	934	5 505	17.0
Outer Regional/ Remote/Very Remote	1 089	5 655	19.3
Total (c)	3 285	25 527	12.9

(a) Open employment services are delivered by the Australian Government.

(b) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

(c) Includes people with not stated Remoteness Area.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09; AIHW analysis of the ABS Indigenous Projected Population 2008; 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.6.14 Proportion of Indigenous service users aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous users of open employment services 2008-09										
Activities of daily living	no.	752	186	612	190	122	np	np	81	2 023
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	238	94	187	71	47	np	np	17	686
Total needing assistance	no.	990	280	799	261	169	np	np	98	2 709
No need for help or supervision	no.	236	48	146	71	27	np	np	28	576
Need for assistance not determined (d)	no.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	no.	1 226	328	945	332	196	115	17	126	3 285
Proportion of Indigenous users accessing open employment services										
Activities of daily living	%	61.3	56.7	64.8	57.2	62.2	np	np	64.3	61.6
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	%	19.4	28.7	19.8	21.4	24.0	np	np	13.5	20.9
Total needing assistance	%	80.8	85.4	84.6	78.6	86.2	np	np	77.8	82.5
No need for help or supervision	%	19.2	14.6	15.4	21.4	13.8	np	np	22.2	17.5
Need for assistance not determined (d)	%	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

(a) Open employment services are delivered by the Australian Government.

(b) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

(c) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

(d) Includes people whose need for assistance was 'not stated', 'not collected' or 'not applicable (due to age)'.

— Nil. **np** Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CTSDA NMDS 2008-09.

Table NDA.6.15 **Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)**

		<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous users of open employment services 2007-08										
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 014
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	539
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	574
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	452
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	176
Subtotal 15–49	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 378
Total	no.	999	269	820	310	141	108	20	105	2 755
Estimated Indigenous potential population for disability employment services 30 June 2007										
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 849
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 396
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 474
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	6 286
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 607
Subtotal 15–49	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	15 818
Total	no.	8 444	2 011	5 762	3 457	1 328	832	243	2 537	24 612
Proportion of the Indigenous potential population accessing open employment services										
15–24 years	%	29.3	27.3	28.0	23.7	28.3	33.1	18.7	10.2	26.3
25–34 years	%	15.7	15.3	19.9	17.1	13.3	21.1	np	7.9	15.9
35–44 years	%	10.6	13.7	14.6	7.8	10.2	10.3	9.6	3.6	10.5
45–54 years	%	7.1	10.7	10.4	5.4	5.6	6.4	np	2.3	7.2
55–64 years	%	3.0	3.9	4.8	2.3	3.7	np	np	1.0	3.1
Subtotal 15–49	%	15.7	17.3	18.8	12.6	14.6	17.8	11.5	5.9	15.0
Total	%	11.8	13.4	14.2	9.0	10.6	13.0	8.2	4.1	11.2

(a) Open employment services are delivered by the Australian Government.

(b) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

Table NDA.6.15 **Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>

(c) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS Indigenous Projected Population 2007; 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.6.16 **Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by sex and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)**

		<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous users of open employment services 2007-08										
Male	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 712
Female	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 043
Total	no.	999	269	820	310	141	108	20	105	2 755
Estimated Indigenous potential population for disability employment services 30 June 2007										
Male	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	11 184
Female	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	13 428
Total	no.	8 444	2 011	5 762	3 457	1 328	832	243	2 537	24 612
Proportion of the Indigenous potential population accessing open employment services										
Male	%	16.3	16.3	20.7	11.7	13.2	18.0	11.4	5.4	15.3
Female	%	8.1	10.8	8.9	6.9	8.5	8.5	5.0	3.1	7.8
Total	%	11.8	13.4	14.2	9.0	10.6	13.0	8.2	4.1	11.2

(a) Open employment services are delivered by the Australian Government.

(b) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

(c) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS Indigenous Projected Population 2007; 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.6.17 Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Number of Indigenous users of open employment services 2007-08</i>	<i>Estimated Indigenous potential population for disability employment services 30 June 2007</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population accessing open employment services</i>
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Major cities	1 002	13 849	7.2
Inner Regional	818	5 303	15.4
Outer Regional/ Remote/Very Remote	932	5 460	17.1
Total (c)	2 755	24 612	11.2

(a) Open employment services are delivered by the Australian Government.

(b) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

(c) Includes people with not stated Remoteness Area.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS Indigenous Projected Population 2007; 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.6.18 Proportion of Indigenous service users aged 15–64 years accessing open employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous users of open employment services 2007-08										
Activities of daily living	no.	160	49	146	92	26	21	np	np	520
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	626	175	478	155	85	72	np	np	1 654
Total needing assistance	no.	786	224	624	247	111	93	18	87	2 174
No need for help or supervision	no.	39	16	41	10	5	np	np	7	127
Need for assistance not determined (d)	no.	174	29	155	53	25	np	np	11	454
Total	no.	999	269	820	310	141	108	20	105	2 755
Proportion of Indigenous users accessing open employment services										
Activities of daily living	%	16.0	18.2	17.8	29.7	18.4	19.4	np	np	18.9
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	%	62.7	65.1	58.3	50.0	60.3	66.7	np	np	60.0
Total needing assistance	%	78.7	83.3	76.1	79.7	78.7	86.1	90.0	82.9	78.9
No need for help or supervision	%	3.9	5.9	5.0	3.2	3.5	np	np	6.7	4.6
Need for assistance not determined (d)	%	17.4	10.8	18.9	17.1	17.7	np	np	10.5	16.5
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

(a) Open employment services are delivered by the Australian Government.

(b) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

(c) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

(d) Includes people whose need for assistance was 'not stated', 'not collected' or 'not applicable (due to age)'.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

Table NDA.6.19 **Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c)**

		<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous users of supported employment services 2008-09										
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	178
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	153
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	162
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	121
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	44
Subtotal 15–49	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	551
Total	no.	257	97	83	98	54	20	np	47	658
Estimated Indigenous potential population for disability employment services 30 June 2008										
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	4 010
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 452
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 569
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	6 525
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 971
Subtotal 15–49	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	16 239
Total	no.	8 727	2 084	6 015	3 586	1 376	863	257	2 618	25 527
Proportion of the Indigenous potential population accessing supported employment services										
15–24 years	%	4.0	6.7	2.7	6.0	7.9	4.8	np	5.2	4.4
25–34 years	%	5.2	8.1	1.9	5.4	6.3	np	np	3.5	4.4
35–44 years	%	3.7	4.5	1.7	2.0	5.2	3.0	np	1.8	2.9
45–54 years	%	1.7	4.5	1.2	2.4	2.5	np	np	0.7	1.9
55–64 years	%	1.5	np	np	0.9	np	np	np	np	0.7
Subtotal 15–49	%	3.6	6.0	1.9	3.5	5.8	2.9	np	2.7	3.4
Total	%	2.9	4.7	1.4	2.7	3.9	2.3	np	1.8	2.6

(a) Supported employment services are delivered by the Australian Government.

(b) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

Table NDA.6.19 Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by age group and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c)

(c) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS Indigenous Projected Population 2008; 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.6.20 **Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by sex and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c)**

		<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous users of supported employment services 2008-09										
Male	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	436
Female	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	222
Total	no.	257	97	83	98	54	20	np	47	658
Estimated Indigenous potential population for disability employment services 30 June 2008										
Male	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	11 569
Female	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	13 958
Total	no.	8 727	2 084	6 015	3 586	1 376	863	257	2 618	25 527
Proportion of the Indigenous potential population accessing supported employment services										
Male	%	4.5	6.5	1.9	4.0	5.7	3.4	np	2.3	3.8
Female	%	1.6	3.0	0.9	1.8	2.5	1.3	np	1.3	1.6
Total	%	2.9	4.7	1.4	2.7	3.9	2.3	np	1.8	2.6

(a) Supported employment services are delivered by the Australian Government.

(b) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

(c) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09; AIHW analysis of the ABS Indigenous Projected Population 2008; 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.6.21 Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2008-09 (a), (b)

	<i>Number of Indigenous users of supported employment services 2008-09</i>	<i>Estimated Indigenous potential population for disability employment services 30 June 2008</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population accessing supported employment services</i>
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Major cities	296	14 367	2.1
Inner Regional	156	5 505	2.8
Outer Regional/ Remote/Very Remote	205	5 655	3.6
Total (c)	658	25 527	2.6

(a) Supported employment services are delivered by the Australian Government.

(b) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

(c) Includes people with not stated Remoteness Area.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09; AIHW analysis of the ABS Indigenous Projected Population 2008; 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.6.22 Proportion of Indigenous service users aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous users of supported employment services 2008-09										
Activities of daily living	no.	200	71	73	81	47	np	np	np	531
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	np	np	10	17	7	np	np	np	123
Total needing assistance	no.	np	np	83	98	54	np	np	47	654
No need for help or supervision	no.	np	np	–	–	–	np	–	–	np
Need for assistance not determined (d)	no.	np	np	–	–	–	np	–	–	np
Total	no.	257	97	83	98	54	20	np	47	658
Proportion of Indigenous users accessing supported employment services										
Activities of daily living	%	77.8	73.2	88.0	82.7	87.0	np	np	np	80.7
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	%	np	np	12.0	17.3	13.0	np	np	np	18.7
Total needing assistance	%	np	np	100.0	100.0	100.0	np	np	100.0	99.4
No need for help or supervision	%	np	np	–	–	–	np	np	–	np
Need for assistance not determined (d)	%	np	np	–	–	–	np	np	–	np
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	np	100.0	100.0

(a) Supported employment services are delivered by the Australian Government.

(b) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

(c) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

(d) Includes people whose need for assistance was 'not stated', 'not collected' or 'not applicable (due to age)'.

– Nil. **np** Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09.

Table NDA.6.23 Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)

		<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous users of supported employment services 2007-08										
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	150
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	146
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	165
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	104
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	35
Subtotal 15–49	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	524
Total	no.	235	80	90	85	47	18	np	43	600
Estimated Indigenous potential population for disability employment services 30 June 2007										
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 849
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 396
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 474
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	6 286
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 607
Subtotal 15–49	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	15 818
Total	no.	8 444	2 011	5 762	3 457	1 328	832	243	2 537	24 612
Proportion of the Indigenous potential population accessing supported employment services										
15–24 years	%	3.5	5.2	3.4	4.3	4.6	5.0	np	4.3	3.9
25–34 years	%	4.7	8.6	1.7	5.0	7.4	np	np	3.6	4.3
35–44 years	%	3.7	5.3	2.0	2.5	4.0	np	np	2.1	3.0
45–54 years	%	1.8	2.3	1.1	1.9	3.2	np	np	np	1.7
55–64 years	%	1.2	np	np	0.8	np	np	np	np	0.6
Subtotal 15–49	%	3.4	5.7	2.3	3.3	5.2	2.8	np	2.7	3.3
Total	%	2.8	4.0	1.6	2.5	3.5	2.2	np	1.7	2.4

(a) Supported employment services are delivered by the Australian Government.

(b) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

Table NDA.6.23 Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)

(c) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS Indigenous Projected Population 2007; 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.6.24 **Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by sex and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)**

		<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous users of supported employment services 2007-08										
Male	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	399
Female	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	201
Total	no.	235	80	90	85	47	18	np	43	600
Estimated Indigenous potential population for disability employment services 30 June 2007										
Male	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	11 184
Female	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	13 428
Total	no.	8 444	2 011	5 762	3 457	1 328	832	243	2 537	24 612
Proportion of the Indigenous potential population accessing supported employment services										
Male	%	4.2	6.0	2.3	3.7	4.6	3.3	np	2.2	3.6
Female	%	1.6	2.2	1.0	1.5	2.7	1.1	np	1.3	1.5
Total	%	2.8	4.0	1.6	2.5	3.5	2.2	np	1.7	2.4

(a) Supported employment services are delivered by the Australian Government.

(b) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

(c) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS Indigenous Projected Population 2007; 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.6.25 Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Number of Indigenous users of supported employment services 2007-08</i>	<i>Estimated Indigenous potential population for disability employment services 30 June 2007</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population accessing supported employment services</i>
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Major cities	255	13 849	1.8
Inner Regional	141	5 303	2.7
Outer Regional/ Remote/Very Remote	201	5 460	3.7
Total (c)	600	24 612	2.4

(a) Supported employment services are delivered by the Australian Government.

(b) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

(c) Includes people with not stated Remoteness Area.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS Indigenous Projected Population 2007; 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers; and 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA.6.26 Proportion of Indigenous service users aged 15–64 years accessing supported employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous users of supported employment services 2007-08										
Activities of daily living	no.	157	64	79	72	35	np	np	38	463
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	np	np	11	np	np	np	np	5	122
Total needing assistance	no.	np	np	90	np	np	np	np	43	585
No need for help or supervision	no.	np	np	–	np	np	–	np	–	np
Need for assistance not determined (d)	no.	10	np	–	np	np	–	–	–	np
Total	no.	235	80	90	85	47	18	np	43	600
Proportion of Indigenous users accessing supported employment services										
Activities of daily living	%	66.8	80.0	87.8	84.7	74.5	np	np	88.4	77.2
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	%	np	np	12.2	np	np	np	np	11.6	20.3
Total needing assistance	%	np	np	100.0	np	np	np	np	100.0	97.5
No need for help or supervision	%	np	np	–	np	np	–	np	–	np
Need for assistance not determined (d)	%	4.3	np	–	np	np	–	–	–	np
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	np	100.0	100.0

(a) Supported employment services are delivered by the Australian Government.

(b) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

(c) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

(d) Includes people whose need for assistance was 'not stated', 'not collected' or 'not applicable (due to age)'.

– Nil. **np** Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

NDA Indicator 7:

No new data were available for this report.

**Proportion of carers of people
with disability accessing support
services to assist in their caring
role**

NDA Indicator 8:

This is an interim indicator.

**Proportion of carers of people
with disability accessing support
services to assist in their caring
role**

Table NDA.8.1 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer age and carer sex, and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support										
Male										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	301
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	503
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	197
Total (d)	no.	83	85	355	159	310	40	43	10	1 084
Female										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 288
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 201
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	934
Total (d)	no.	644	617	1 585	977	759	155	77	21	4 832
Total (e)										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 672
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 803
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 142
Total (d)	no.	980	890	2 009	1 160	1 099	195	121	37	6 486
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer										
Male										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 987
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	4 380
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 424
Total (d)	no.	2 125	2 483	2 109	1 179	1 780	330	246	103	10 281
Female										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	37 648
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	26 077

Table NDA.8.1 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer age and carer sex, and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	6 914
Total (d)	no.	25 237	18 925	12 881	10 724	8 919	2 671	2 566	601	81 962
Total (e)										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	41 719
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	31 180
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	8 565
Total (d)	no.	29 634	26 932	15 305	12 051	10 887	3 003	2 846	718	100 706
Proportion of disability support services users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services										
Male										
Under 45 years	%	2.4	2.2	18.3	10.1	17.0	15.5	6.8	np	10.1
45–64 years	%	6.5	3.3	15.4	15.1	16.8	12.7	23.7	17.4	11.5
65 years and above	%	3.9	6.5	18.7	20.6	22.0	10.2	37.8	np	13.8
Total (d)	%	3.9	3.4	16.8	13.5	17.4	12.1	17.5	9.7	10.5
Female										
Under 45 years	%	0.6	2.1	10.1	5.0	4.3	1.8	0.4	1.8	3.4
45–64 years	%	4.8	3.7	13.2	13.9	11.0	13.2	7.7	6.9	8.4
65 years and above	%	8.6	5.7	21.0	22.2	18.9	16.6	18.1	np	13.5
Total (d)	%	2.6	3.3	12.3	9.1	8.5	5.8	3.0	3.5	5.9
Total (e)										
Under 45 years	%	1.0	2.1	11.0	5.4	5.8	2.5	0.7	3.7	4.0
45–64 years	%	5.6	3.5	13.7	14.1	12.2	13.1	10.4	8.8	9.0
65 years and above	%	7.7	5.8	20.6	22.0	19.5	15.3	21.0	np	13.3
Total (d)	%	3.3	3.3	13.1	9.6	10.1	6.5	4.3	5.2	6.4

(a) 'In-home accommodation support' includes attendant care/personal care and in-home accommodation support services.

Table NDA.8.1 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer age and carer sex, and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(b)	Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.									
(c)	Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.									
(d)	Includes carers with not stated age.									
(e)	Includes carers with not stated sex.									
	np Not published.									

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09.

Table NDA.8.2 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer age and carer sex, and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed community access services										
Male										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	464
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 097
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	405
Total (c)	no.	445	477	621	257	344	82	37	12	2 271
Female										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 911
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	9 311
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 595
Total (c)	no.	5 630	3 610	3 948	2 177	1 796	447	220	105	17 912
Total (d)										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	4 571
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	10 587
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 065
Total (c)	no.	6 784	5 549	4 710	2 501	2 231	529	258	119	22 653
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer										
Male										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 987
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	4 380
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 424
Total (c)	no.	2 125	2 483	2 109	1 179	1 780	330	246	103	10 281
Female										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	37 648
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	26 077

Table NDA.8.2 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer age and carer sex, and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	6 914
Total (c)	no.	25 237	18 925	12 881	10 724	8 919	2 671	2 566	601	81 962
Total (d)										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	41 719
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	31 180
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	8 565
Total (c)	no.	29 634	26 932	15 305	12 051	10 887	3 003	2 846	718	100 706
Proportion of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed community access services										
Male										
Under 45 years	%	12.2	11.5	23.0	14.4	16.6	14.4	5.7	15.4	15.5
45–64 years	%	20.8	22.2	32.9	26.1	20.9	32.3	22.6	13.0	25.0
65 years and above	%	24.6	28.0	38.0	30.3	20.3	30.6	18.9	np	28.4
Total (c)	%	20.9	19.2	29.4	21.8	19.3	24.8	15.0	11.7	22.1
Female										
Under 45 years	%	7.5	10.1	18.3	10.5	13.3	5.3	2.8	9.1	10.4
45–64 years	%	45.2	25.6	42.4	32.6	28.8	38.8	25.3	26.6	35.7
65 years and above	%	36.6	39.6	44.7	34.5	26.1	41.5	28.1	50.0	37.5
Total (c)	%	22.3	19.1	30.6	20.3	20.1	16.7	8.6	17.5	21.9
Total (d)										
Under 45 years	%	8.4	10.2	18.8	10.8	13.7	5.8	3.1	10.1	11.0
45–64 years	%	42.2	24.7	40.9	31.9	27.2	37.6	24.6	24.0	34.0
65 years and above	%	34.7	37.3	43.5	33.9	25.0	39.3	25.7	38.7	35.8
Total (c)	%	22.9	20.6	30.8	20.8	20.5	17.6	9.1	16.6	22.5

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

Table NDA.8.2 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer age and carer sex, and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>

(b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

(c) Includes carers with not stated age.

(d) Includes carers with not stated sex.

np Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09.

Table NDA.8.3 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer age and carer sex, by State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed respite services										
Male										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	584
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 022
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	431
Total (c)	no.	463	843	474	215	207	28	28	17	2 273
Female										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	8 791
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	8 599
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 476
Total (c)	no.	6 005	8 264	4 003	2 217	1 238	272	310	85	22 336
Total (d)										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	9 788
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	9 886
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 980
Total (c)	no.	6 952	11 934	4 556	2 475	1 454	300	343	104	28 056
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer										
Male										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 987
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	4 380
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 424
Total (c)	no.	2 125	2 483	2 109	1 179	1 780	330	246	103	10 281
Female										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	37 648
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	26 077
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	6 914

Table NDA.8.3 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer age and carer sex, by State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total (c)	no.	25 237	18 925	12 881	10 724	8 919	2 671	2 566	601	81 962
Total (d)										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	41 719
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	31 180
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	8 565
Total (c)	no.	29 634	26 932	15 305	12 051	10 887	3 003	2 846	718	100 706
Proportion of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed respite services										
Male										
Under 45 years	%	17.3	31.1	23.6	17.2	8.6	7.2	np	20.5	19.6
45–64 years	%	25.9	37.0	22.7	19.5	10.1	9.5	11.8	17.4	23.3
65 years and above	%	34.0	40.8	25.5	23.0	22.5	12.2	43.2	np	30.3
Total (c)	%	21.8	34.0	22.5	18.2	11.6	8.5	11.4	16.5	22.1
Female										
Under 45 years	%	18.0	48.9	32.1	18.0	9.7	7.4	4.7	7.3	23.4
45–64 years	%	32.6	47.8	31.8	26.2	16.9	14.8	28.9	25.1	33.0
65 years and above	%	38.7	49.0	30.7	21.6	24.1	22.8	43.9	np	35.8
Total (c)	%	23.8	43.7	31.1	20.7	13.9	10.2	12.1	14.1	27.3
Total (d)										
Under 45 years	%	18.3	48.3	31.1	18.0	9.6	7.4	4.7	9.0	23.5
45–64 years	%	31.6	47.0	30.2	25.2	15.5	13.8	25.8	23.6	31.7
65 years and above	%	38.0	47.0	29.6	21.8	23.7	20.7	42.5	16.1	34.8
Total (c)	%	23.5	44.3	29.8	20.5	13.4	10.0	12.1	14.5	27.9

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

Table NDA.8.3 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer age and carer sex, by State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>

(c) Includes carers with not stated age.

(d) Includes carers with not stated sex.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09.

Table NDA.8.4 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by type of respite service, by State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed respite services										
Own home respite	no.	75	1 584	673	187	299	47	np	np	2 880
Centre-based respite/ respite homes	no.	3 189	4 423	2 454	1 042	762	206	265	65	12 383
Host family respite/ peer support respite	no.	301	625	79	–	220	np	np	13	1 246
Flexible respite	no.	4 544	6 293	2 340	1 548	428	60	101	32	15 332
Other respite	no.	np	1 434	228	321	74	–	–	np	2 078
Total	no.	6 952	11 934	4 556	2 475	1 454	300	343	104	28 056
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer										
Own home respite	no.	29 634	26 932	15 305	12 051	10 887	3 003	2 846	718	100 706
Centre-based respite/ respite homes	no.	29 634	26 932	15 305	12 051	10 887	3 003	2 846	718	100 706
Host family respite/ peer support respite	no.	29 634	26 932	15 305	12 051	10 887	3 003	2 846	718	100 706
Flexible respite	no.	29 634	26 932	15 305	12 051	10 887	3 003	2 846	718	100 706
Other respite	no.	29 634	26 932	15 305	12 051	10 887	3 003	2 846	718	100 706
Total	no.	29 634	26 932	15 305	12 051	10 887	3 003	2 846	718	100 706
Proportion of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed respite services										
Own home respite	%	0.3	5.9	4.4	1.6	2.7	1.6	np	np	2.9
Centre-based respite/respite homes	%	10.8	16.4	16.0	8.6	7.0	6.9	9.3	9.1	12.3
Host family respite/peer support respite	%	1.0	2.3	0.5	–	2.0	np	np	1.8	1.2
Flexible respite	%	15.3	23.4	15.3	12.8	3.9	2.0	3.5	4.5	15.2
Other respite	%	np	5.3	1.5	2.7	0.7	–	–	np	2.1
Total	%	23.5	44.3	29.8	20.5	13.4	10.0	12.1	14.5	27.9

- (a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.
- (b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period. Total service users for all respite services may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services from more than one respite service type over the 12 month period.

Table NDA.8.4 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by type of respite service, by State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>

– Nil. **np** Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09.

Table NDA.8.5 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by age of care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support										
0–4 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	84
5–14 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	540
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 413
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 362
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 238
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 184
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	665
Total	no.	980	890	2 009	1 160	1 099	195	121	37	6 486
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer										
0–4 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	10 055
5–14 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	27 109
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	24 448
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	13 455
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	10 781
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	9 166
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 692
Total	no.	29 634	26 932	15 305	12 051	10 887	3 003	2 846	718	100 706
Proportion of disability support services users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services										
0–4 years	%	np	np	5.7	0.5	np	np	np	np	0.8
5–14 years	%	np	0.7	8.0	3.2	2.2	1.7	np	np	2.0
15–24 years	%	2.3	4.0	8.7	12.8	5.5	6.6	2.5	8.4	5.8
25–34 years	%	7.4	4.5	18.0	16.3	14.5	16.3	14.3	np	10.1

Table NDA.8.5 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by age of care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
35–44 years	%	8.8	4.1	21.7	16.6	19.9	14.9	18.3	12.0	11.5
45–54 years	%	10.2	4.2	22.7	22.4	24.9	13.8	29.0	7.4	12.9
55–64 years	%	8.7	3.2	23.4	13.8	23.9	16.5	36.0	np	11.7
Total	%	3.3	3.3	13.1	9.6	10.1	6.5	4.3	5.2	6.4

(a) 'In-home accommodation support' includes attendant care/personal care and in-home accommodation support services.

(b) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(c) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09.

Table NDA.8.6 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by age of care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed community access services										
0–4 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	102
5–14 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 745
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	7 688
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 187
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 640
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 773
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 518
Total	no.	6 784	5 549	4 710	2 501	2 231	529	258	119	22 653
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer										
0–4 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	10 055
5–14 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	27 109
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	24 448
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	13 455
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	10 781
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	9 166
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 692
Total	no.	29 634	26 932	15 305	12 051	10 887	3 003	2 846	718	100 706
Proportion of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed community access services										
0–4 years	%	0.2	1.7	3.5	1.9	2.0	np	np	np	1.0
5–14 years	%	2.7	2.4	14.9	9.1	13.9	1.6	2.6	4.3	6.4
15–24 years	%	40.3	26.3	35.7	26.1	23.7	27.2	20.1	22.8	31.4
25–34 years	%	50.2	19.4	54.7	43.7	36.0	48.2	42.9	31.6	38.6
35–44 years	%	36.4	31.3	39.2	31.9	28.9	42.0	21.9	20.5	33.8
45–54 years	%	35.0	29.2	32.6	30.1	20.2	29.9	22.6	28.4	30.3

Table NDA.8.6 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by age of care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
55–64 years	%	36.8	24.7	23.8	30.8	18.7	27.6	14.0	16.4	26.7
Total	%	22.9	20.6	30.8	20.8	20.5	17.6	9.1	16.6	22.5

- (a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.
- (b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09.

Table NDA.8.7 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by age of care recipient/service user, by State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed respite services										
0–4 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	566
5–14 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	8 077
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	8 747
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	4 197
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 022
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 214
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 233
Total	no.	6 952	11 934	4 556	2 475	1 454	300	343	104	28 056
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer										
0–4 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	10 055
5–14 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	27 109
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	24 448
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	13 455
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	10 781
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	9 166
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 692
Total	no.	29 634	26 932	15 305	12 051	10 887	3 003	2 846	718	100 706
Proportion of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed respite services										
0–4 years	%	3.4	29.2	11.1	7.6	1.0	np	np	np	5.6
5–14 years	%	25.7	56.9	41.6	17.7	11.3	12.8	5.5	15.3	29.8
15–24 years	%	32.9	52.6	33.2	26.6	18.4	15.4	29.1	18.0	35.8
25–34 years	%	30.1	40.6	27.6	23.1	17.5	14.2	31.1	25.0	31.2
35–44 years	%	26.1	36.4	25.2	22.2	16.6	11.1	33.7	20.5	28.0
45–54 years	%	22.2	32.7	21.2	18.1	12.5	10.4	29.8	9.9	24.2
55–64 years	%	19.1	29.2	18.6	25.5	8.8	14.2	26.0	np	21.7

Table NDA.8.7 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by age of care recipient/service user, by State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total	%	23.5	44.3	29.8	20.5	13.4	10.0	12.1	14.5	27.9

- (a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.
- (b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09.

Table NDA.8.8 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer relationship to care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support										
Wife/husband/partner	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	734
Mother	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 650
Father	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	418
Son/son-in-law/ daughter/ daughter-in-law	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	116
Other	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	998
Total (d)	no.	980	890	2 009	1 160	1 099	195	121	37	6 486
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer										
Wife/husband/partner	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	6 227
Mother	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	69 881
Father	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 534
Son/son-in-law/ daughter/ daughter-in-law	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	935
Other	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	9 666
Total (d)	no.	29 634	26 932	15 305	12 051	10 887	3 003	2 846	718	100 706
Proportion of disability support services users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services										
Wife/husband/partner	%	9.9	2.0	19.0	13.1	21.3	14.6	29.7	10.7	11.8
Mother	%	2.1	3.2	11.2	8.1	6.6	4.9	2.3	3.2	5.2
Father	%	1.8	3.8	12.6	12.2	9.6	7.5	11.2	17.9	7.6
Son/son-in-law/ daughter/ daughter-in-law	%	4.1	np	22.1	17.8	29.4	17.2	np	np	12.4
Other	%	5.8	4.1	21.8	18.6	19.2	14.7	23.2	2.8	10.3
Total (d)	%	3.3	3.3	13.1	9.6	10.1	6.5	4.3	5.2	6.4

(a) 'In-home accommodation support' includes attendant care/personal care and in-home accommodation support services.

Table NDA.8.8 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer relationship to care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(b)	Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.									
(c)	Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.									
(d)	Includes carers with not stated relationship.									
	np Not published.									

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09.

Table NDA.8.9 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer relationship to care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed community access services										
Wife/husband/partner	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	901
Mother	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	15 540
Father	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 362
Son/son-in-law/ daughter/ daughter-in-law	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	163
Other	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 217
Total (c)	no.	6 784	5 549	4 710	2 501	2 231	529	258	119	22 653
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer										
Wife/husband/partner	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	6 227
Mother	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	69 881
Father	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 534
Son/son-in-law/ daughter/ daughter-in-law	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	935
Other	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	9 666
Total (c)	no.	29 634	26 932	15 305	12 051	10 887	3 003	2 846	718	100 706
Proportion of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed community access services										
Wife/husband/partner	%	13.9	12.0	11.4	25.0	14.9	23.1	16.2	19.6	14.5
Mother	%	22.3	20.0	31.8	20.1	20.3	15.2	8.3	19.8	22.2
Father	%	20.8	22.9	35.0	19.8	22.9	31.2	12.7	np	24.6
Son/son-in-law/ daughter/ daughter-in-law	%	17.1	15.6	13.4	30.0	16.3	20.7	np	20.7	17.4
Other	%	27.6	18.8	32.0	21.2	23.1	28.4	16.8	12.6	22.9
Total (c)	%	22.9	20.6	30.8	20.8	20.5	17.6	9.1	16.6	22.5

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

Table NDA.8.9 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer relationship to care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.										

(c) Includes carers with not stated relationship.

np Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09.

Table NDA.8.10 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer relationship to care recipient/service user, by State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed respite services										
Wife/husband/partner	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	958
Mother	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	19 673
Father	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 559
Son/son-in-law/ daughter/ daughter-in-law	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	169
Other	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 250
Total (c)	no.	6 952	11 934	4 556	2 475	1 454	300	343	104	28 056
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer										
Wife/husband/partner	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	6 227
Mother	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	69 881
Father	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 534
Son/son-in-law/ daughter/ daughter-in-law	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	935
Other	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	9 666
Total (c)	no.	29 634	26 932	15 305	12 051	10 887	3 003	2 846	718	100 706
Proportion of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed respite services										
Wife/husband/partner	%	13.5	23.1	12.0	18.5	8.4	3.8	13.5	np	15.4
Mother	%	24.3	50.0	32.4	20.6	14.3	10.4	11.8	19.8	28.2
Father	%	26.2	45.0	29.5	19.3	16.8	13.3	13.2	25.0	28.2
Son/son-in-law/ daughter/ daughter-in-law	%	11.4	29.8	19.5	27.8	5.0	np	np	np	18.1
Other	%	20.2	28.4	24.0	19.6	12.8	10.3	14.4	9.3	23.3
Total (c)	%	23.5	44.3	29.8	20.5	13.4	10.0	12.1	14.5	27.9

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

(c) Includes carers with not stated relationship.

Table NDA.8.10 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer relationship to care recipient/service user, by State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09.

Table NDA.8.11 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services										
Carer primary status										
Primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 104
Non-primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	979
Total (d)	no.	980	890	2 009	1 160	1 099	195	121	37	6 486
Carer residency status										
Co-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 932
Non-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 927
Total (e)	no.	980	890	2 009	1 160	1 099	195	121	37	6 486
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer										
Carer primary status										
Primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	78 503
Non-primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	10 503
Total (d)	no.	29 634	26 932	15 305	12 051	10 887	3 003	2 846	718	100 706
Carer residency status										
Co-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	74 659
Non-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	13 482
Total (e)	no.	29 634	26 932	15 305	12 051	10 887	3 003	2 846	718	100 706
Proportion of disability support services users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services										
Carer primary status										
Primary carer	%	2.9	2.5	13.5	10.4	9.4	6.7	3.5	6.0	6.5
Non-primary carer	%	7.8	5.9	13.3	8.7	31.4	7.7	15.8	np	9.3
Total (d)	%	3.3	3.3	13.1	9.6	10.1	6.5	4.3	5.2	6.4

Table NDA.8.11 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Carer residency status										
Co-resident	%	2.0	2.7	12.1	7.8	7.6	4.9	1.6	4.1	5.3
Non-resident	%	11.8	4.7	17.4	27.5	29.6	26.8	31.0	26.5	14.3
Total (e)	%	3.3	3.3	13.1	9.6	10.1	6.5	4.3	5.2	6.4

(a) 'In-home accommodation support' includes attendant care/personal care and in-home accommodation support services.

(b) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(c) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

(d) Includes carers with not stated primary status.

(e) Includes carers with not stated residency status.

np Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09.

Table NDA.8.12 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed community access services										
Carer primary status										
Primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	16 964
Non-primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 177
Total (c)	no.	6 784	5 549	4 710	2 501	2 231	529	258	119	22 653
Carer residency status										
Co-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	15 204
Non-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	4 471
Total (d)	no.	6 784	5 549	4 710	2 501	2 231	529	258	119	22 653
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer										
Carer primary status										
Primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	78 503
Non-primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	10 503
Total (c)	no.	29 634	26 932	15 305	12 051	10 887	3 003	2 846	718	100 706
Carer residency status										
Co-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	74 659
Non-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	13 482
Total (d)	no.	29 634	26 932	15 305	12 051	10 887	3 003	2 846	718	100 706
Proportion of disability support services users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed community access services										
Carer primary status										
Primary carer	%	20.5	19.1	32.2	19.9	20.1	17.9	9.0	17.8	21.6
Non-primary carer	%	51.2	20.6	26.2	13.7	41.9	18.9	12.4	25.5	30.2
Total (c)	%	22.9	20.6	30.8	20.8	20.5	17.6	9.1	16.6	22.5

Table NDA.8.12 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Carer residency status										
Co-resident	%	19.3	18.9	30.8	18.5	19.4	15.5	6.9	17.0	20.4
Non-resident	%	45.5	22.2	33.6	41.7	31.0	40.9	31.8	36.7	33.2
Total (d)	%	22.9	20.6	30.8	20.8	20.5	17.6	9.1	16.6	22.5

- (a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.
- (b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.
- (c) Includes carers with not stated primary status.
- (d) Includes carers with not stated residency status.

np Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09.

Table NDA.8.13 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed respite services										
Carer primary status										
Primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	22 854
Non-primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 892
Total (c)	no.	6 952	11 934	4 556	2 475	1 454	300	343	104	28 056
Carer residency status										
Co-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	21 729
Non-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 580
Total (d)	no.	6 952	11 934	4 556	2 475	1 454	300	343	104	28 056
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer										
Carer primary status										
Primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	78 503
Non-primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	10 503
Total (c)	no.	29 634	26 932	15 305	12 051	10 887	3 003	2 846	718	100 706
Carer residency status										
Co-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	74 659
Non-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	13 482
Total (d)	no.	29 634	26 932	15 305	12 051	10 887	3 003	2 846	718	100 706
Proportion of disability support services users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed respite services										
Carer primary status										
Primary carer	%	25.9	49.8	33.8	23.0	13.4	10.9	12.1	18.0	29.1
Non-primary carer	%	12.2	29.4	10.3	4.7	17.8	np	15.3	9.1	18.0
Total (c)	%	23.5	44.3	29.8	20.5	13.4	10.0	12.1	14.5	27.9
Carer residency status										
Co-resident	%	26.7	49.9	33.8	21.6	14.0	10.7	11.6	17.5	29.1
Non-resident	%	11.1	27.8	20.7	13.2	9.4	5.0	17.3	16.3	19.1

Table NDA.8.13 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2008-09 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total (d)	%	23.5	44.3	29.8	20.5	13.4	10.0	12.1	14.5	27.9

- (a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.
- (b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.
- (c) Includes carers with not stated primary status.
- (d) Includes carers with not stated residency status.

np Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2008-09.

Table NDA.8.14 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer age and carer sex, and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support										
Male										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	335
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	553
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	194
Total (d)	no.	55	249	328	149	301	31	34	8	1 154
Female										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 632
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 174
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	889
Total (d)	no.	493	994	1 538	1 106	732	139	55	30	5 083
Total (e)										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 013
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 790
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 092
Total (d)	no.	857	1 660	3 149	1 280	1 052	176	90	38	8 295
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer										
Male										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 748
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	4 319
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 432
Total (d)	no.	1 912	2 686	1 777	1 093	1 728	334	243	115	9 791
Female										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	34 718
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	23 988

Table NDA.8.14 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer age and carer sex, and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	6 860
Total (d)	no.	22 648	15 905	11 499	10 471	8 380	2 116	2 483	738	73 673
Total (e)										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	38 242
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	28 989
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	8 462
Total (d)	no.	28 181	25 154	18 682	11 801	10 322	2 496	2 757	876	99 526
Proportion of disability support services users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services										
Male										
Under 45 years	%	3.2	7.6	19.9	11.4	18.3	11.2	np	np	12.2
45–64 years	%	3.4	10.6	17.4	14.3	17.3	9.7	20.0	np	12.8
65 years and above	%	4.3	12.0	19.7	19.5	16.3	np	29.7	np	13.5
Total (d)	%	2.9	9.3	18.5	13.6	17.4	9.3	14.0	7.0	11.8
Female										
Under 45 years	%	0.6	3.8	11.3	8.9	4.7	2.1	np	2.1	4.7
45–64 years	%	3.5	7.8	14.9	13.2	10.5	12.6	6.6	6.3	9.1
65 years and above	%	7.1	10.5	17.9	19.4	19.9	16.0	12.9	16.7	13.0
Total (d)	%	2.2	6.2	13.4	10.6	8.7	6.6	2.2	4.1	6.9
Total (e)										
Under 45 years	%	0.9	4.2	12.2	9.0	6.4	2.8	0.3	2.8	5.3
45–64 years	%	3.7	8.1	15.4	13.4	12.0	12.0	8.8	6.3	9.6
65 years and above	%	6.7	10.5	18.3	19.3	19.0	12.6	16.1	14.0	12.9
Total (d)	%	3.0	6.6	16.9	10.8	10.2	7.1	3.3	4.3	8.3

(a) 'In-home accommodation support' includes attendant care/personal care and in-home accommodation support services.

Table NDA.8.14 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer age and carer sex, and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>

- (b) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.
- (c) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.
- (d) Includes carers with not stated age.
- (e) Includes carers with not stated sex.

np Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

Table NDA.8.15 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer age and carer sex, and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed community access services										
Male										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	422
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 081
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	367
Total (c)	no.	367	571	529	240	296	83	35	15	2 133
Female										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 998
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	9 088
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 238
Total (c)	no.	5 117	3 986	3 680	1 889	1 629	435	215	97	17 026
Total (d)										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	4 585
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	10 341
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 655
Total (c)	no.	6 951	6 626	6 369	2 200	1 994	532	258	113	25 011
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer										
Male										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 748
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	4 319
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 432
Total (c)	no.	1 912	2 686	1 777	1 093	1 728	334	243	115	9 791
Female										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	34 718
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	23 988

Table NDA.8.15 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer age and carer sex, and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	6 860
Total (c)	no.	22 648	15 905	11 499	10 471	8 380	2 116	2 483	738	73 673
Total (d)										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	38 242
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	28 989
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	8 462
Total (c)	no.	28 181	25 154	18 682	11 801	10 322	2 496	2 757	876	99 526
Proportion of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed community access services										
Male										
Under 45 years	%	10.6	11.6	23.1	15.1	15.9	18.4	11.4	np	15.4
45–64 years	%	16.6	27.1	33.8	26.3	19.4	25.8	17.8	12.1	25.0
65 years and above	%	15.0	31.2	38.8	22.8	13.8	36.8	18.9	np	25.6
Total (c)	%	19.2	21.3	29.8	22.0	17.1	24.9	14.4	13.0	21.8
Female										
Under 45 years	%	8.6	11.9	19.4	10.3	14.4	7.9	4.0	6.8	11.5
45–64 years	%	41.5	38.8	46.4	29.5	26.1	39.0	26.6	22.7	37.9
65 years and above	%	30.2	37.8	42.0	23.6	21.7	38.5	15.5	28.6	32.6
Total (c)	%	22.6	25.1	32.0	18.0	19.4	20.6	8.7	13.1	23.1
Total (d)										
Under 45 years	%	9.3	12.0	19.8	10.6	14.6	8.7	4.4	6.9	12.0
45–64 years	%	39.1	35.9	44.4	29.0	24.6	36.2	24.9	20.2	35.7
65 years and above	%	28.6	36.2	41.3	23.4	19.8	37.2	16.1	30.0	31.4
Total (c)	%	24.7	26.3	34.1	18.6	19.3	21.3	9.4	12.9	25.1

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

Table NDA.8.15 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer age and carer sex, and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>

(b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

(c) Includes carers with not stated age.

(d) Includes carers with not stated sex.

np Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

Table NDA.8.16 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer age and carer sex, by State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed respite services										
Male										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	573
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 009
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	376
Total (c)	no.	379	871	422	188	177	30	31	18	2 112
Female										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	8 825
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	7 913
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 213
Total (c)	no.	5 279	7 314	3 818	2 378	1 109	236	263	90	20 440
Total (d)										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	9 675
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	9 139
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 636
Total (c)	no.	5 998	11 237	4 477	2 584	1 292	268	297	114	26 214
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer										
Male										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 748
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	4 319
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 432
Total (c)	no.	1 912	2 686	1 777	1 093	1 728	334	243	115	9 791
Female										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	34 718
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	23 988
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	6 860

Table NDA.8.16 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer age and carer sex, by State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total (c)	no.	22 648	15 905	11 499	10 471	8 380	2 116	2 483	738	73 673
Total (d)										
Under 45 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	38 242
45–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	28 989
65 years and above	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	8 462
Total (c)	no.	28 181	25 154	18 682	11 801	10 322	2 496	2 757	876	99 526
Proportion of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed respite services										
Male										
Under 45 years	%	21.5	31.6	24.8	18.7	8.5	8.2	np	np	20.9
45–64 years	%	24.1	35.0	25.0	18.3	10.1	8.4	12.2	19.0	23.4
65 years and above	%	27.6	37.9	25.3	16.1	14.6	10.5	43.2	np	26.3
Total (c)	%	19.8	32.4	23.7	17.2	10.2	9.0	12.8	15.7	21.6
Female										
Under 45 years	%	19.4	49.0	35.2	21.5	11.1	8.9	4.5	7.0	25.4
45–64 years	%	31.8	46.8	36.1	25.7	15.6	14.3	26.6	20.6	33.0
65 years and above	%	34.1	46.3	27.2	21.4	15.0	17.8	38.1	np	32.3
Total (c)	%	23.3	46.0	33.2	22.7	13.2	11.2	10.6	12.2	27.7
Total (d)										
Under 45 years	%	19.7	47.2	34.1	21.3	10.8	8.9	4.5	7.6	25.3
45–64 years	%	30.7	44.8	34.1	24.6	14.5	13.0	23.9	20.5	31.5
65 years and above	%	32.9	44.9	26.7	20.4	14.8	15.6	39.1	14.0	31.2
Total (c)	%	21.3	44.7	24.0	21.9	12.5	10.7	10.8	13.0	26.3

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

Table NDA.8.16 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer age and carer sex, by State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>

(c) Includes carers with not stated age.

(d) Includes carers with not stated sex.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

Table NDA.8.17 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by type of respite service, by State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed respite services										
Own home respite	no.	87	1 215	716	229	252	46	9	15	2 569
Centre-based respite/ respite homes	no.	2 821	4 291	2 340	1 102	760	209	215	67	11 788
Host family respite/ peer support respite	no.	291	475	73	–	171	–	np	np	1 027
Flexible respite	no.	3 597	6 431	2 264	1 537	330	30	107	19	14 300
Other respite	no.	102	1 063	169	294	78	–	np	np	1 709
Total	no.	5 998	11 237	4 477	2 584	1 292	268	297	114	26 214
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer										
Own home respite	no.	28 181	25 154	18 682	11 801	10 322	2 496	2 757	876	99 526
Centre-based respite/ respite homes	no.	28 181	25 154	18 682	11 801	10 322	2 496	2 757	876	99 526
Host family respite/ peer support respite	no.	28 181	25 154	18 682	11 801	10 322	2 496	2 757	876	99 526
Flexible respite	no.	28 181	25 154	18 682	11 801	10 322	2 496	2 757	876	99 526
Other respite	no.	28 181	25 154	18 682	11 801	10 322	2 496	2 757	876	99 526
Total	no.	28 181	25 154	18 682	11 801	10 322	2 496	2 757	876	99 526
Proportion of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed respite services										
Own home respite	%	0.3	4.8	3.8	1.9	2.4	1.8	0.3	1.7	2.6
Centre-based respite/ respite homes	%	10.0	17.1	12.5	9.3	7.4	8.4	7.8	7.6	11.8
Host family respite/ peer support respite	%	1.0	1.9	0.4	–	1.7	–	np	np	1.0
Flexible respite	%	12.8	25.6	12.1	13.0	3.2	1.2	3.9	2.2	14.4
Other respite	%	0.4	4.2	0.9	2.5	0.8	–	np	np	1.7
Total	%	21.3	44.7	24.0	21.9	12.5	10.7	10.8	13.0	26.3

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period. Total service users for all respite services may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services from more than one respite service type over the 12 month period.

– Nil. **np** Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

Table NDA.8.18 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by age of care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support										
0–4 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	160
5–14 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	686
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1572
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1623
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1662
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 597
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	993
Total (d)	no.	857	1 660	3 149	1 280	1 052	176	90	38	8 295
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer										
0–4 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	9 804
5–14 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	25 654
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	21 677
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	13 821
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	12 160
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	10 095
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	6 253
Total (d)	no.	28 181	25 154	18 682	11 801	10 322	2 496	2 757	876	99 526
Proportion of disability support services users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services										
0–4 years	%	np	np	6.3	7.8	np	np	np	np	1.6
5–14 years	%	0.1	1.0	8.3	6.0	2.0	2.5	np	np	2.7
15–24 years	%	2.0	5.7	13.3	13.4	5.9	7.4	2.2	6.3	7.3
25–34 years	%	5.7	8.5	21.1	15.3	14.0	13.5	9.8	8.3	11.7

Table NDA.8.18 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by age of care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
35–44 years	%	7.5	9.4	21.9	14.9	21.1	13.5	13.1	7.5	13.7
45–54 years	%	8.3	11.0	24.2	18.4	23.4	12.9	27.6	11.9	15.8
55–64 years	%	8.2	11.7	25.6	14.8	19.9	15.6	29.2	np	15.9
Total (d)	%	3.0	6.6	16.9	10.8	10.2	7.1	3.3	4.3	8.3

(a) 'In-home accommodation support' includes attendant care/personal care and in-home accommodation support services.

(b) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(c) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

(d) Includes care recipients/service users with not stated age.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

Table NDA.8.19 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by age of care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed community access services										
0–4 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	133
5–14 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 696
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	7 845
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	6 282
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	4 080
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 176
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 798
Total (c)	no.	6 951	6 626	6 369	2 200	1 994	532	258	113	25 011
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer										
0–4 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	9 804
5–14 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	25 654
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	21 677
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	13 821
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	12 160
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	10 095
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	6 253
Total (c)	no.	28 181	25 154	18 682	11 801	10 322	2 496	2 757	876	99 526
Proportion of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed community access services										
0–4 years	%	1.1	0.7	3.3	1.8	1.7	np	np	np	1.4
5–14 years	%	3.8	2.1	14.3	7.0	14.2	2.3	5.3	5.0	6.6
15–24 years	%	46.6	34.4	39.5	26.2	23.3	32.1	21.9	25.8	36.2
25–34 years	%	46.2	44.2	53.5	40.6	32.4	49.1	36.1	29.2	45.5
35–44 years	%	34.1	32.7	41.4	26.0	22.9	39.8	18.9	17.0	33.6
45–54 years	%	35.4	29.1	38.1	24.8	17.9	34.9	19.0	16.7	31.5

Table NDA.8.19 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by age of care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
55–64 years	%	37.9	22.7	35.1	31.4	18.2	29.1	20.8	np	28.8
Total (c)	%	24.7	26.3	34.1	18.6	19.3	21.3	9.4	12.9	25.1

- (a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.
- (b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.
- (c) Includes care recipients/service users with not stated age.

np Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

Table NDA.8.20 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by age of care recipient/service user, by State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed respite services										
0–4 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	579
5–14 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	7 761
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	8 192
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 861
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 773
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 885
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 130
Total (c)	no.	5 998	11 237	4 477	2 584	1 292	268	297	114	26 214
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer										
0–4 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	9 804
5–14 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	25 654
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	21 677
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	13 821
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	12 160
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	10 095
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	6 253
Total (c)	no.	28 181	25 154	18 682	11 801	10 322	2 496	2 757	876	99 526
Proportion of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed respite services										
0–4 years	%	3.0	25.0	11.3	10.4	1.2	np	np	np	5.9
5–14 years	%	26.2	56.2	39.5	19.1	12.2	15.7	5.6	12.2	30.3
15–24 years	%	32.8	56.4	34.8	29.5	19.0	19.5	31.6	22.0	37.8
25–34 years	%	24.1	40.7	22.0	25.7	14.2	10.5	27.3	16.7	27.9
35–44 years	%	19.5	34.5	16.2	23.2	11.8	10.0	30.9	18.9	22.8
45–54 years	%	17.6	30.1	11.6	16.0	10.6	7.2	30.5	10.7	18.7
55–64 years	%	14.3	31.0	10.8	20.6	7.3	12.1	18.8	8.2	18.1

Table NDA.8.20 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by age of care recipient/service user, by State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total (c)	%	21.3	44.7	24.0	21.9	12.5	10.7	10.8	13.0	26.3

- (a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.
- (b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.
- (c) Includes care recipients/service users with not stated age.

np Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

Table NDA.8.21 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer relationship to care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support										
Wife/husband/partner	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	824
Mother	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 925
Father	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	425
Son/son-in-law/ daughter/ daughter-in-law	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	110
Other	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	953
Total (d)	no.	857	1 660	3 149	1 280	1 052	176	90	38	8 295
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer										
Wife/husband/partner	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 842
Mother	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	64 338
Father	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 220
Son/son-in-law/ daughter/ daughter-in-law	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	705
Other	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	7 359
Total (d)	no.	28 181	25 154	18 682	11 801	10 322	2 496	2 757	876	99 526
Proportion of disability support services users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services										
Wife/husband/partner	%	7.7	10.1	22.4	14.6	19.4	11.6	22.9	np	14.1
Mother	%	1.8	5.7	12.2	10.0	6.9	5.8	1.6	5.1	6.1
Father	%	1.4	7.0	14.5	11.6	10.2	5.2	8.9	np	8.1
Son/son-in-law/ daughter/ daughter-in-law	%	6.3	8.6	17.1	18.1	32.1	np	np	np	15.6
Other	%	4.5	10.8	20.7	15.9	19.0	13.7	20.2	3.6	13.0
Total (d)	%	3.0	6.6	16.9	10.8	10.2	7.1	3.3	4.3	8.3

(a) 'In-home accommodation support' includes attendant care/personal care and in-home accommodation support services.

Table NDA.8.21 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer relationship to care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>

- (b) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.
- (c) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.
- (d) Includes carers with not stated relationship.

np Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

Table NDA.8.22 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer relationship to care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed community access services										
Wife/husband/partner	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	869
Mother	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	14 873
Father	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 293
Son/son-in-law/ daughter/ daughter-in-law	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	119
Other	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 005
Total (c)	no.	6 951	6 626	6 369	2 200	1 994	532	258	113	25 011
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer										
Wife/husband/partner	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 842
Mother	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	64 338
Father	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 220
Son/son-in-law/ daughter/ daughter-in-law	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	705
Other	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	7 359
Total (c)	no.	28 181	25 154	18 682	11 801	10 322	2 496	2 757	876	99 526
Proportion of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed community access services										
Wife/husband/partner	%	19.1	10.1	11.8	29.0	14.5	21.7	np	np	14.9
Mother	%	21.8	26.4	32.7	17.8	19.7	18.9	8.4	17.4	23.1
Father	%	19.1	29.4	35.3	17.5	18.6	29.1	10.9	27.0	24.8
Son/son-in-law/ daughter/ daughter-in-law	%	17.5	11.4	11.4	34.7	19.7	30.8	np	np	16.9
Other	%	31.2	24.5	34.6	17.0	21.4	35.2	21.0	7.7	27.2
Total (c)	%	24.7	26.3	34.1	18.6	19.3	21.3	9.4	12.9	25.1

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

Table NDA.8.22 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer relationship to care recipient/service user, and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>

(b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

(c) Includes carers with not stated relationship.

np Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

Table NDA.8.23 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer relationship to care recipient/service user, by State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed respite services										
Wife/husband/partner	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	965
Mother	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	18 411
Father	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 378
Son/son-in-law/ daughter/ daughter-in-law	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	140
Other	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 658
Total (c)	no.	5 998	11 237	4 477	2 584	1 292	268	297	114	26 214
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer										
Wife/husband/partner	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 842
Mother	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	64 338
Father	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 220
Son/son-in-law/ daughter/ daughter-in-law	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	705
Other	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	7 359
Total (c)	no.	28 181	25 154	18 682	11 801	10 322	2 496	2 757	876	99 526
Proportion of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed respite services										
Wife/husband/partner	%	15.9	23.6	15.0	20.2	7.9	2.5	20.0	8.4	16.5
Mother	%	23.9	48.5	34.3	22.9	13.9	11.4	10.1	15.6	28.6
Father	%	21.8	41.4	29.9	17.0	15.0	14.5	14.1	18.9	26.4
Son/son-in-law/ daughter/ daughter-in-law	%	16.3	29.4	20.3	31.9	3.6	np	np	np	19.9
Other	%	18.7	34.7	27.9	18.8	10.1	12.1	16.8	9.1	22.5
Total (c)	%	21.3	44.7	24.0	21.9	12.5	10.7	10.8	13.0	26.3

(a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.

(b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.

(c) Includes carers with not stated relationship.

Table NDA.8.23 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer relationship to care recipient/service user, by State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

Table NDA.8.24 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services										
Carer primary status										
Primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 324
Non-primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	922
Total (d)	no.	857	1 660	3 149	1 280	1 052	176	90	38	8 295
Carer residency status										
Co-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	4 417
Non-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 716
Total (e)	no.	857	1 660	3 149	1 280	1 052	176	90	38	8 295
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer										
Carer primary status										
Primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	72 004
Non-primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	8 312
Total (d)	no.	28 181	25 154	18 682	11 801	10 322	2 496	2 757	876	99 526
Carer residency status										
Co-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	71 178
Non-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	9 992
Total (e)	no.	28 181	25 154	18 682	11 801	10 322	2 496	2 757	876	99 526
Proportion of disability support services users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services										
Carer primary status										
Primary carer	%	2.1	6.3	15.0	11.9	9.5	6.9	2.4	4.5	7.4
Non-primary carer	%	5.9	10.7	14.1	8.9	23.1	10.6	13.6	11.3	11.1
Total (d)	%	3.0	6.6	16.9	10.8	10.2	7.1	3.3	4.3	8.3
Carer residency status										

Table NDA.8.24 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2007-08**
(a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Co-resident	%	1.6	5.9	12.8	9.9	7.5	5.6	0.8	3.0	6.2
Non-resident	%	9.6	11.0	20.7	22.5	29.5	20.1	27.6	29.8	17.2
Total (e)	%	3.0	6.6	16.9	10.8	10.2	7.1	3.3	4.3	8.3

- (a) 'In-home accommodation support' includes attendant care/personal care and in-home accommodation support services.
- (b) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.
- (c) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.
- (d) Includes carers with not stated primary status.
- (e) Includes carers with not stated residency status.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

Table NDA.8.25 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed community access services										
Carer primary status										
Primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	17 067
Non-primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 085
Total (c)	no.	6 951	6 626	6 369	2 200	1 994	532	258	113	25 011
Carer residency status										
Co-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	15 332
Non-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 373
Total (d)	no.	6 951	6 626	6 369	2 200	1 994	532	258	113	25 011
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer										
Carer primary status										
Primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	72 004
Non-primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	8 312
Total (c)	no.	28 181	25 154	18 682	11 801	10 322	2 496	2 757	876	99 526
Carer residency status										
Co-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	71 178
Non-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	9 992
Total (d)	no.	28 181	25 154	18 682	11 801	10 322	2 496	2 757	876	99 526
Proportion of disability support services users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed community access services										
Carer primary status										
Primary carer	%	23.1	25.8	34.5	17.6	19.1	21.6	9.3	14.9	23.7
Non-primary carer	%	25.9	28.3	25.0	13.4	29.5	28.8	10.5	17.5	25.1
Total (c)	%	24.7	26.3	34.1	18.6	19.3	21.3	9.4	12.9	25.1
Carer residency status										
Co-resident	%	19.3	24.8	32.2	17.3	18.3	18.6	7.3	13.3	21.5

Table NDA.8.25 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Non-resident	%	40.2	29.3	34.0	33.9	27.3	41.6	28.0	26.3	33.8
Total (d)	%	24.7	26.3	34.1	18.6	19.3	21.3	9.4	12.9	25.1

- (a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.
- (b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.
- (c) Includes carers with not stated primary status.
- (d) Includes carers with not stated residency status.

np Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

Table NDA.8.26 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed respite services										
Carer primary status										
Primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	21 170
Non-primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 510
Total (c)	no.	5 998	11 237	4 477	2 584	1 292	268	297	114	26 214
Carer residency status										
Co-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	20 930
Non-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 639
Total (d)	no.	5 998	11 237	4 477	2 584	1 292	268	297	114	26 214
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer										
Carer primary status										
Primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	72 004
Non-primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	8 312
Total (c)	no.	28 181	25 154	18 682	11 801	10 322	2 496	2 757	876	99 526
Carer residency status										
Co-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	71 178
Non-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	9 992
Total (d)	no.	28 181	25 154	18 682	11 801	10 322	2 496	2 757	876	99 526
Proportion of disability support services users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed respite services										
Carer primary status										
Primary carer	%	24.6	49.3	36.7	25.4	12.8	12.4	11.0	16.2	29.4
Non-primary carer	%	13.7	31.3	11.9	5.3	11.7	np	9.2	np	18.2
Total (c)	%	21.3	44.7	24.0	21.9	12.5	10.7	10.8	13.0	26.3
Carer residency status										
Co-resident	%	26.2	47.3	36.4	23.3	13.2	11.5	10.5	15.4	29.4
Non-resident	%	9.6	25.1	20.6	11.6	7.6	5.9	13.6	np	16.4

Table NDA.8.26 Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total (d)	%	21.3	44.7	24.0	21.9	12.5	10.7	10.8	13.0	26.3

- (a) Some jurisdictions provide specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA/NDA, whilst others provide these services under health. For comparability, the indicator excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services. This does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services.
- (b) Total service users for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one State or Territory during the 12 month period.
- (c) Includes carers with not stated primary status.
- (d) Includes carers with not stated residency status.

np Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

NDA Indicator 9:

There is currently no agreed measure, nor any available data, to inform this indicator.

Proportion of carers of people with disability who are satisfied with the range of disability service options and quality of support received

NDA Indicator 10:

**Proportion of people with
disability receiving income
support**

Table NDA.10.1 Proportion of people with disability, aged 16–62 years and living in households, who receive the Disability Support Pension, by sex and age group, State/Territory, 26 June 2009 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of persons with a disability who receive DSP										
Male										
16–24 years	'000	8.7	7.2	6.0	2.2	2.6	0.9	0.3	0.4	28.5
25–34 years	'000	13.3	10.7	8.6	3.2	3.9	1.4	0.6	0.6	42.8
35–44 years	'000	22.0	17.0	13.5	5.6	7.2	2.4	0.8	1.0	70.0
45–54 years	'000	34.7	23.6	20.5	8.2	10.7	3.7	0.9	1.2	104.7
55–62 years	'000	41.3	28.7	24.3	9.9	11.3	4.6	0.9	1.1	124.4
Total 16–62 years	'000	119.9	87.3	72.9	29.1	35.8	13.0	3.5	4.3	370.4
Female										
16–24 years	'000	6.0	5.1	4.0	1.5	1.8	0.5	0.3	0.2	19.6
25–34 years	'000	9.2	8.0	6.0	2.5	2.7	1.0	0.4	0.4	30.3
35–44 years	'000	15.8	13.8	9.7	4.2	5.2	1.9	0.6	0.7	52.3
45–54 years	'000	30.0	23.6	17.4	7.6	9.4	3.3	1.0	1.1	94.1
55–62 years	'000	39.8	30.8	22.2	9.8	11.6	4.2	1.1	1.0	122.0
Total 16–62 years	'000	100.7	81.2	59.3	25.5	30.7	10.9	3.3	3.5	318.2
Total										
16–24 years	'000	14.7	12.3	10.0	3.8	4.4	1.4	0.6	0.6	48.1
25–34 years	'000	22.4	18.7	14.6	5.7	6.7	2.4	1.0	1.0	73.1
35–44 years	'000	37.7	30.8	23.3	9.7	12.4	4.3	1.4	1.7	122.3
45–54 years	'000	64.7	47.1	37.9	15.8	20.1	7.0	1.9	2.3	198.7
55–62 years	'000	81.1	59.5	46.5	19.7	22.9	8.8	1.9	2.1	246.4
Total 16–62 years	'000	220.6	168.5	132.2	54.7	66.5	23.9	6.8	7.8	688.6

Table NDA.10.1 Proportion of people with disability, aged 16–62 years and living in households, who receive the Disability Support Pension, by sex and age group, State/Territory, 26 June 2009 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of persons with a disability										
Male										
16–24 years	'000	40.5	32.0	25.6	13.4	9.0	2.7	2.3	1.5	127.0
25–34 years	'000	59.6	46.4	36.5	19.5	12.4	3.3	3.4	2.3	183.5
35–44 years	'000	72.3	56.7	45.9	24.4	16.3	4.7	3.7	2.6	226.7
45–54 years	'000	104.1	78.5	64.4	34.0	24.6	7.8	5.1	3.4	321.8
55–62 years	'000	105.8	78.6	66.5	33.7	25.7	8.5	5.0	3.1	327.0
Total 16–62 years	'000	382.2	292.4	238.9	125.1	87.9	27.0	19.5	12.9	1 186.0
Female										
16–24 years	'000	38.1	29.7	24.3	12.3	8.5	2.5	2.1	1.3	118.8
25–34 years	'000	49.1	37.8	29.7	15.0	9.9	2.8	2.8	1.9	148.8
35–44 years	'000	70.8	55.8	44.6	22.6	15.6	4.8	3.7	2.4	220.3
45–54 years	'000	106.3	80.4	65.6	33.5	25.0	8.0	5.3	3.2	327.3
55–62 years	'000	110.3	83.6	67.8	33.7	27.5	8.9	5.4	2.7	340.0
Total 16–62 years	'000	374.6	287.3	232.0	117.0	86.6	27.1	19.3	11.4	1 155.3
Total										
16–24 years	'000	78.6	61.8	49.9	25.7	17.5	5.2	4.4	2.8	245.8
25–34 years	'000	108.7	84.2	66.2	34.5	22.3	6.1	6.2	4.2	332.3
35–44 years	'000	143.0	112.6	90.5	47.0	31.9	9.5	7.4	5.0	447.0
45–54 years	'000	210.4	159.0	130.0	67.5	49.5	15.8	10.4	6.6	649.1
55–62 years	'000	216.1	162.2	134.4	67.4	53.2	17.5	10.4	5.8	667.1
Total 16–62 years	'000	756.8	579.7	470.9	242.1	174.4	54.1	38.8	24.4	2 341.3

Table NDA.10.1 Proportion of people with disability, aged 16–62 years and living in households, who receive the Disability Support Pension, by sex and age group, State/Territory, 26 June 2009 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Proportion of persons with a disability who receive DSP										
Male										
16–24 years	%	21.4	22.6	23.4	16.6	29.3	33.9	14.4	26.4	22.5
25–34 years	%	22.3	23.1	23.6	16.6	31.9	43.0	17.0	28.0	23.3
35–44 years	%	30.4	29.9	29.5	22.8	44.1	51.0	22.0	37.1	30.9
45–54 years	%	33.3	30.0	31.8	24.1	43.4	47.4	18.0	35.2	32.5
55–62 years	%	39.0	36.5	36.5	29.3	44.2	53.5	16.9	36.4	38.0
Total 16–62 years	%	31.4	29.8	30.5	23.3	40.7	48.1	17.9	33.6	31.2
Female										
16–24 years	%	15.8	17.0	16.5	12.6	20.8	21.5	11.9	18.1	16.5
25–34 years	%	18.7	21.1	20.2	16.5	27.5	34.6	15.4	21.4	20.4
35–44 years	%	22.3	24.7	21.9	18.4	33.5	39.7	15.6	30.6	23.7
45–54 years	%	28.2	29.3	26.5	22.6	37.7	40.5	17.9	24.7	28.7
55–62 years	%	36.1	36.8	32.7	29.0	42.0	47.0	20.3	36.4	35.9
Total 16–62 years	%	26.9	28.3	25.6	21.8	35.5	40.1	17.1	30.2	27.5
Total										
16–24 years	%	18.7	19.9	20.0	14.7	25.2	27.9	13.2	22.5	19.6
25–34 years	%	20.6	22.2	22.1	16.5	30.0	39.1	16.3	25.1	22.0
35–44 years	%	26.4	27.3	25.7	20.7	38.9	45.3	18.8	34.0	27.4
45–54 years	%	30.7	29.7	29.1	23.4	40.5	43.9	18.0	35.0	30.6
55–62 years	%	37.5	36.7	34.6	29.2	43.1	50.2	18.7	36.4	36.9
Total 16–62 years	%	29.1	29.1	28.1	22.6	38.1	44.1	17.5	32.0	29.4

(a) Total number of DSP recipients includes persons who could not be assigned to a State or Territory. This includes persons who were overseas (short or long term) and others with incomplete/erroneous address details.

(b) Synthetic estimate based on applying age and sex specific disability prevalence rates from the 2003 Survey of Disability Ageing and Carers to 2009 Estimated Resident Population. Australia total excludes Other Territories.

Table NDA.10.1 Proportion of people with disability, aged 16–62 years and living in households, who receive the Disability Support Pension, by sex and age group, State/Territory, 26 June 2009 (a), (b)

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>Source</i> : ABS (unpublished) Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers, 2003; ABS (unpublished) Estimated Resident Population June 2009; FaHCSIA/Centrelink (unpublished) Administrative data.									

Table NDA.10.2 Proportion of people with disability, aged 16–62 years and living in households, who receive the Disability Support Pension, by country of birth, State/Territory, 26 June 2009 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of persons with disability who receive DSP										
Australia	'000	167.4	119.2	109.9	39.5	50.6	21.7	5.2	7.0	522.7
Other English speaking countries (c)	'000	12.0	8.6	11.6	7.5	6.6	1.4	0.4	0.3	49.3
All English speaking countries	'000	179.4	127.8	121.5	47.0	57.2	23.1	5.6	7.3	572.0
Non-English speaking countries	'000	41.2	40.7	10.7	7.6	9.3	0.8	1.2	0.5	116.5
Total	'000	220.6	168.5	132.2	54.7	66.5	23.9	6.8	7.8	688.6
Number of persons with disability										
Australia	'000	503.0	354.0	356.9	147.4	116.1	44.0	25.2	19.4	1 566.0
Other English speaking countries (c)	'000	53.0	41.2	49.8	41.7	20.3	4.7	4.0	1.7	212.1
All English speaking countries	'000	556.0	395.2	406.7	189.1	136.4	48.7	29.2	21.1	1 778.0
Non-English speaking countries	'000	200.8	184.5	64.1	53.0	38.0	5.4	9.6	3.3	563.2
Total	'000	756.8	579.7	470.9	242.1	174.4	54.1	38.8	24.4	2 341.3
Proportion of the population with disability who receive DSP										
Australia	%	33.3	33.7	30.8	26.8	43.6	49.3	20.6	36.1	33.4
Other English speaking countries (c)	%	22.6	20.9	23.3	18.0	32.5	29.8	10.0	17.6	23.2
All English speaking countries	%	32.3	32.3	29.9	24.9	41.9	47.4	19.2	34.6	32.2
Non-English speaking countries	%	20.5	22.1	16.7	14.3	24.5	14.8	12.5	15.2	20.7
Total	%	29.1	29.1	28.1	22.6	38.1	44.2	17.5	32.0	29.4

(a) Total number of DSP recipients includes persons who could not be assigned to a State or Territory. This includes persons who were overseas (short or long term) and others with incomplete/erroneous address details.

(b) Synthetic estimate based on applying age and sex specific prevalence rates of any disability from the 2003 Survey of Disability Ageing and Carers to 2009 Estimated Resident Population. Australia total excludes Other Territories.

(c) Other English speaking countries are as stated in the English Proficiency Group Classification (Dept of Immigration and Citizenship) and include Canada, Ireland, New Zealand, South Africa, United Kingdom, United States of America and Zimbabwe.

Source: ABS (unpublished) Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers, 2003; ABS (unpublished) Estimated Resident Population June 2009; FaHCSIA/Centrelink Administrative data; ABS (unpublished) 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA 10.3 **Number of Indigenous people with disability, aged 16–62 years and living in households, who receive the Disability Support Pension, 26 June 2009 (a)**

		<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous people with a disability who receive DSP										
Male	no.	5 467	1 260	3 878	2 447	1 230	598	114	2 427	17 499
Female	no.	4 450	1 018	3 199	2 273	1 019	469	78	2 278	14 823
Persons	no.	9 917	2 278	7 077	4 720	2 249	1 067	192	4 705	32 322

(a) Total number of DSP recipients includes persons who could not be assigned to a State or Territory. This includes persons who were overseas (short or long term) and others with incomplete/erroneous address details.

Source : FaHCSIA/Centrelink (unpublished) Administrative data.

Data Quality Statements

This attachment includes copies of all DQSs as provided by the data providers. The Steering Committee has not made any amendments to the content of these DQSs.

Table 11 lists each performance benchmark in the NDA and the page reference for the associated DQS.

Table 11 Data quality statements for performance benchmarks in the National Disability Agreement

<i>Performance benchmark</i>	<i>Page no. in this report</i>
a. An increase in the proportion of people with disability in employment	..
b. A decrease in the proportion of potential population with unmet demand for services	..
c. An increase in the proportion of people with disability accessing services who have an individualised service plan	..
d. An increase in the proportion of younger people in, or at risk of entering, residential aged care assisted with more appropriate forms of accommodation, diversionary strategies and/or enhanced services	293
e. An increase in the proportion of Indigenous people with disability receiving disability services	302, 314
f. All services are subject to quality improvement systems consistent with National Standards by 2010	..

.. Not applicable as no new data were available for this report.

Table 12 lists each performance indicator in the NDA and the page reference for the associated DQS.

Table 12 Data quality statements for performance indicators in the National Disability Agreement

<i>Performance indicator</i>	<i>Page no. in this report</i>
1. Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15-64 years	..
2. Proportion of people with disability who participate in social and community activities	296
3. Proportion of the potential population accessing disability services	298, 314
4. Proportion of people with disability who are satisfied with the range of disability service options and quality of support received	..
5. Proportion of potential population expressing unmet demand for disability support services	..
6. Number of Indigenous people with disability receiving disability services as a proportion of the Indigenous potential population requiring services	302, 314
7. Labour force participation rate for carers aged 15 to 64 of people with disability	

(Continued next page)

Table 12 (continued)

<i>Performance indicator</i>	<i>Page no. in this report</i>
8. Proportion of carers of people with disability accessing support services to assist in their caring role	307, 314
*Interim indicator: Proportion of carers of people with disability accessing support services to assist in their caring roles – restricted carer population	
9. Proportion of carers of people with disability who are satisfied with the range of disability service options and quality of support received	..
10. Proportion of people with disability receiving income support	310

.. Not applicable as no new data were available for this report.

Data Quality Statement — performance benchmark d: An increase in the proportion of younger people in, or at risk of entering, residential aged care assisted with more appropriate forms of accommodation, diversionary strategies and/or enhanced services

Target/Outcome	People with disability enjoy choice, wellbeing and the opportunity to live as independently as possible
Performance benchmark	Assistance to younger people with disabilities in residential aged care
Key data quality points	1. The data used to measure the number of younger people in residential aged care are from an administrative data collection designed for payment of subsidies to service providers and have accurate data on the number and location of funded aged care places. 2. Data measuring the potential population is not explicitly available for the required time point and so has been estimated from several different sources under several key assumptions. The assumption of constant age-sex specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation over time is not contradicted by historical Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC) data up to 2003. Data are not available to test whether rates have been stable since 2003 but no research has shown a change to the relative stability of age-sex specific disability prevalence. A further assumption that national level age-sex specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation from the 2003 SDAC apply consistently across states/territories is untested. 3. There are issues with the consistency of the numerator and denominator for this performance benchmark, as the numerator and denominator are drawn from differently defined populations and different data sources.
Measure (computation)	1. Numerator: Number of younger people with disability in residential aged care assisted with more appropriate forms of accommodation, diversionary strategies and/or enhanced services. Measure (d.1): (interim) Number of people aged 0–64 years admitted to permanent residential aged care in the reporting period. Measure (d.2): (interim) Number of people aged 0–64 years receiving permanent residential aged care services in the reporting period. Measure (d.3): (interim) Number of people aged 0–64 years who separated from permanent residential aged care to return to home/family in the reporting period. 2. Denominator: For measure (d.1): Estimated potential population for specialist disability services on 30 June at start of reporting period. The potential population is defined as people aged under 65 years with profound or severe core activity limitation. Potential population for a reporting period is calculated by applying age-sex specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation (from the SDAC 2003) to the 30 June Estimated Resident Population (ERP) at the beginning of the reporting period, by State/Territory, by age group, by sex. No Indigenous weight or scaling factor is used. National level age-sex rates from SDAC 2003, rather than State/Territory age-sex rates are used due to the high sampling errors associated with some of the State/Territory age-sex rate estimates. 3. Rate: For measure (d.1): R/N (interim) $\times 10,000$ where R = number of younger people with disability aged 0–64 years admitted to permanent

	residential aged care in the reporting period and N = estimated potential population for specialist disability services on 30 June at the start of the reporting period.
Data source/s	Numerator: Australian Government Department of Health and Ageing (DoHA) aged care data warehouse. The aged care data warehouse is a consolidated data warehouse of service provider and service recipient data held by the Ageing and Aged Care Division and the Office of Aged Care Quality and Compliance of the Department of Health and Ageing. Denominator: AIHW calculation of potential population from SDAC and ERP (refer to ABS data quality statements).
Institutional environment	Approved providers of residential and community care submit data to Medicare Australia to claim subsidies from the Australian Government. This data is provided to the DoHA to administer services under the <i>Aged Care Act 1997</i> and the <i>Aged Care Principles</i>. The data for the numerator of this benchmark were prepared by the DoHA. The AIHW did not have all of the relevant datasets required to independently verify the data tables for this indicator. The AIHW is an Australian Government statutory authority accountable to Parliament and operates under the provisions of the <i>Australian Institute of Health and Welfare Act 1987</i>. The AIHW provides expert analysis of data on health, housing and community services. More information about the AIHW is available on the AIHW website. For information on the institutional environment of the ABS, including the legislative obligations of the ABS, please see ABS Institutional Environment.
Relevance	Data from several different sources, each referencing different time periods, are used to produce performance benchmark (d). Data used are from the DoHA aged care data warehouse, SDAC 2003, and ERP June 2007, June 2008, and June 2009. This may reduce the overall accuracy of the estimates. In particular, • Data from DoHA aged care data warehouse, ERP June 2007, June 2008, and June 2009 and Census 2006 cover all geographical areas of Australia, whereas the SDAC 2003 does not cover very remote areas nor Indigenous communities. • The use of SDAC 2003 age-sex specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation to calculate 2007, 2008 and 2009 estimates of potential population assumes these rates to be consistent over time. The assumption of constant age-sex specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation over time is not contradicted by historical SDAC data up to 2003. Data are not available to test whether rates have been stable since 2003 but no research has shown a change to the relative stability of age-sex specific disability prevalence. • The use of national level SDAC 2003 age-sex specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation assumes these rates to be consistent across states/territories. This assumption is untested. The DoHA aged care data warehouse provides complete coverage of aged care services funded by the Australian Government under residential aged care, Community Aged Care Packages (CACP), Extended Aged Care at Home (EACH), and Extended Aged Care at Home Dementia (EACHD) programs.
Timeliness	DoHA aged care data warehouse: Claims are submitted by approved providers on a monthly basis for services delivered under residential aged care, CACP, EACH and EACHD. Data for the previous financial year are

available in October each year.

ABS SDAC 2003; Estimated Resident Population at 30 June 2007, 30 June 2008 and 30 June 2009.

Accuracy

The DoHA aged care data used to calculate the numerator of this benchmark are from an administrative data collection designed for payment of subsidies to service providers and have accurate data on the number and location of funded aged care places.

Being a sample survey, estimates from the SDAC 2003 are subject to sampling variability. A measure of the sampling variability, the relative standard error (RSE) per cent, is estimated below for the age-sex specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation.

Estimated RSE for age-sex rates of severe/profound core activity limitation at national level (percent)

Age group (years)	Male	Female
0-4	13.5	22.3
5-14	9.8	12.3
15-24	15.7	15.9
25-34	14.6	12.0
35-44	11.8	11.4
45-54	9.8	9.2
55-64	9.6	7.3

Source: AIHW analysis of SDAC 2003 CURF

See also ABS data quality statements regarding SDAC.

Coherence

The DoHA aged care data used to construct the numerator of this benchmark are consistent and comparable over time.

For measure (d.1), there are issues with the consistency of the numerator and denominator, as the numerator and denominator are drawn from differently defined populations and different data sources. These issues reduce the consistency of the performance indicators and lead to quality issues such as cells greater than 100 per cent.

While the numerator is taken from the DoHA aged care data warehouse, the denominator is an estimate derived from SDAC and ERP data. In the denominator, 'estimated potential population for specialist disability services' is defined as the estimated population with profound or severe core activity limitation. However, this does not match well with the numerator, which consists of people who used specialist residential aged care services. People who used these services do not necessarily have a profound or severe core activity limitation (mobility, communication, or self-care). They may instead have a mild/moderate core activity limitation or limitations in other activities.

Accessibility

Information on definitions used in the DoHA aged care data warehouse is available in the *Aged Care Act 1997* and *Aged Care Principles*, and in the *Residential Aged Care Manual 2009*.

The ABS website provides information and data on the ERP and SDAC profound/ severe core-activity limitation. Detailed data extractions are available through the National Information Referral Service (cost-recovery applies).

Interpretability

Aggregated data can be obtained on request from the Department of Health and Ageing.

Data Quality Statement – performance indicator 2: Proportion of people with disability who participate in social and community activities

Target/Outcome	Social and community participation of people with a disability.
Performance indicator	Proportion of people with disability who participate in social and community activities
Measure (computation)	There are three measures for this indicator. This DQS addresses one of these measures only: Measure 2c: the proportion of people with disability aged 5–64 years who report their main reason for not leaving home as often as they would like is their disability or condition Numerator: Number of people with a disability aged 5–64 years who report their main reason for not leaving home as often as they would like is their disability or condition. Denominator: Total number of persons with a disability aged 5–64 years.
Data source/s	The numerator and denominator for measure 2c is drawn from the 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC). The baseline for measure 2c will be the 2009 SDAC.
Institutional environment	SDAC data are collected, processed, and published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS). The ABS operates within the framework of the Census and Statistics Act 1905 and the Australian Bureau of Statistics Act 1975. These ensure the independence and impartiality of the ABS, and the confidentiality of respondents. For more information on the institutional environment of the ABS, including legislative obligations, financing and governance arrangements, and mechanisms for scrutiny of ABS operations, please see ABS Institutional Environment .
Relevance	The SDAC contains the most comprehensive and accurate measure of disability produced by the ABS, using 75 questions to collect information on any conditions people may have, whether these conditions cause restrictions, and the nature and severity of any restrictions. A range of social and community participation data are collected in the SDAC from persons aged 5 years and over with a disability. These include visits to and from family and friends and telephone calls to family and friends, as well as cultural, sporting, art, voluntary work and church activities. Persons who reported one or more instances of social or community participation in the specified timeframes are included in this indicator.
Timeliness	The SDAC is conducted every six years. Results from the 2003 survey were released in September 2004. Data from the 2009 SDAC is expected to become available from late 2010.
Accuracy	The 2003 SDAC response rate for private dwellings was 89.8 per cent, and for establishments was 91 per cent. SDAC data are weighted to account for non-response. The SDAC is conducted in all States and Territories including people in both private and non-private dwellings (including cared-accommodation establishments) but excluding those in gaols and correctional institutions and very remote areas. The exclusion of persons usually resident in very remote areas has a small impact on estimates, except for the Northern Territory, where such persons make up a relatively large proportion of the

	population. As a consequence of this exclusion, comparisons between Indigenous and non-Indigenous people in remote areas would not be available even if the same disability module was used in each survey. For more information on SDAC scope and coverage, see the Disability, Ageing and Carers User Guide on the ABS website. Being drawn from sample surveys, data for this indicator is subject to sampling error. Sampling error occurs because a proportion of the population is used to produce estimates that represent the whole population. Sampling error can be reliably estimated as it is calculated based on the statistical methods used to design surveys. Acceptable levels of sampling error are generally considered to be less than 25 per cent. A number of the estimates provided have RSEs greater than 25 per cent and should be used with caution.
Coherence	The SDAC collect a range of demographic, financial and other information that can be analysed in conjunction with the labour force participation rate of carers of persons with a disability.
Accessibility	See Disability, Ageing and Carers, Australia: Summary of Findings, 2003 (cat. no.4430.0) for an overview of results from the SDAC. Other information from the survey is available on request.
Interpretability	Information is available to aid interpretation of SDAC data - see the Disability, Ageing and Carers User Guide , on the ABS website.

Data Quality Statement – performance indicator 3: Proportion of the potential population accessing disability services

Target/Outcome	People with disability enjoy choice, wellbeing and the opportunity to live as independently as possible
Performance indicator	Proportion of the potential population accessing disability services.
Key data quality points	1. CSTDA NMDS data are generated by processes that deliver services to people. It is assumed that these processes involve the assessment of disability support needs following broadly consistent principles and practices across jurisdictions. However, this assumption is untested. 2. Data measuring the potential population is not explicitly available for the required time point and so has been estimated from several different sources under several key assumptions. The assumption of constant age-sex specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation over time is not contradicted by historical Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC) data up to 2003. Data are not available to test whether rates have been stable since 2003 but no research has shown a change to the relative stability of age-sex specific disability prevalence. A further assumption that national level age-sex specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation from the 2003 SDAC apply consistently across states/territories is untested. 3. There are issues with the consistency of the numerator and denominator for this performance indicator, as the numerator and denominator are drawn from differently defined populations and different data sources.
Measure (computation)	1. Numerator: Number of users of specialist disability services aged 0–64 years in the reporting period. 2. Denominator: Estimated potential population for specialist disability services on 30 June at start of reporting period. The potential population is defined as people aged under 65 years with profound or severe core activity limitation. Potential population for a reporting period is calculated by applying age-sex-specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation (from the SDAC 2003) to the 30 June Estimated Resident Population (ERP) at the beginning of the reporting period by State/Territory, by age group, by sex. No Indigenous weight or scaling factor is used. National level age-sex rates from SDAC 2003, rather than State/Territory age-sex rates are used due to the high sampling errors associated with some of the State/Territory age-sex rate estimates. Estimates of potential population by country of birth and Remoteness Area are calculated by applying the Census 06 distributions of country of birth and Remoteness Area for people who need assistance with core activities by State/Territory, by age group, by sex to the State/Territory, by age group, by sex potential population estimates. 3. Percentage: $R/N \times 100$ where R = number of service users aged 0–64 years in the CSTDA NMDS during the reporting period and N = estimated potential population on 30 June at the start of the reporting period. Performance indicators for disability services provided by the Australian Government (disability employment services only) are restricted to the age range 15–64 years.

Data source/s	Numerator: CSTDA NMDS. For general issues relating to the CSTDA NMDS, refer to the CSTDA NMDS Data Quality Statement. Denominator: AIHW calculation of potential population from SDAC, Census and ERP (see ABS data quality statements).
Institutional environment	The AIHW is an Australian Government statutory authority accountable to Parliament and operates under the provisions of the <i>Australian Institute of Health and Welfare Act 1987</i>. The AIHW provides expert analysis of data on health, housing and community services. More information about the AIHW is available on the AIHW website. For general issues relating to the CSTDA NMDS, refer to the CSTDA NMDS Data Quality Statement. For information on the institutional environment of the ABS, including the legislative obligations of the ABS, please see ABS Institutional Environment.
Relevance	Data from several different sources, each referencing different time periods, are used to produce performance indicator 3. Data used are from the CSTDA NMDS 2007–08 and 2008–09, SDAC 2003, ERP June 2007 and June 2008, and Census 2006. This may reduce the overall accuracy of the estimates. In particular, • Data from the CSTDA NMDS 2007–08 and 2008–09, ERP June 2007 and June 2008 and Census 2006 cover all geographical areas of Australia, whereas the SDAC 2003 does not cover very remote areas nor Indigenous communities. • The use of SDAC 2003 age-sex specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation to calculate 2007 and 2008 estimates of potential population assumes these rates to be consistent over time. The assumption of constant age-sex specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation over time is not contradicted by historical SDAC data up to 2003. Data are not available to test whether rates have been stable since 2003 but no research has shown a change to the relative stability of age-sex specific disability prevalence. • The use of national level SDAC 2003 age-sex specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation assumes these rates to be consistent across states/territories. This assumption is untested. • Information from Census 2006 about people with need for assistance with core activities is based on the self enumerated completion of four questions, whereas people are defined as having a severe/profound core activity limitation in SDAC 2003 on the basis of a comprehensive interviewer administered module of questions, and thus the two populations are different although they are conceptually related. • The use of Census 2006 data about country of birth and Remoteness Area distributions for people with need for assistance with core activities assumes these distributions to be consistent over time. This assumption is untested. CSTDA NMDS data are generated by processes that deliver services to people. It is assumed that these processes involve the determination of eligibility and the assessment of disability support needs following broadly consistent principles across jurisdictions. However, this assumption is untested. The scope of services provided under the CSTDA/NDA varied across jurisdictions. In Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia (in some cases), specialist psychiatric disability services were provided under the CSTDA/NDA. In all other jurisdictions specific mental health services were

funded and provided under health, rather than disability, portfolios. To facilitate comparability of data, specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia are excluded from the NDA performance indicators. That is, the data excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services, but does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services. In addition, the predominant service models vary across jurisdictions, and this may affect comparability of data. For example, differences across the states and territories in the predominant model of accommodation support lead to differences in the number of people accessing those services. Caution is recommended in the use or interpretation of performance at the service type level. There is a risk when service type level data is interpreted in isolation as various service types are complementary and the emphasis on different services reflects jurisdictional policy directions. For more information, see *Disability support services 2007–08* and *Disability support services 2008–09* (forthcoming).

Timeliness

CSTDA NMDS 2007–08 and 2008–09

ABS SDAC 2003; Census 2006; Estimated Resident Population at 30 June 2007 and 30 June 2008

Accuracy

Potential sources of error in the CSTDA NMDS are data items for which the response is not stated or not collected. If the characteristics of the people for whom the information is not available are different to those people for whom information is reported, there is potential for bias to be introduced into the data. Not stated/not collected rates vary substantially across jurisdictions and data items. The data item need for assistance has a particularly high not stated/not collected rate. For the 2007–08 data set the rate was 20.3 per cent overall, ranging from 5.3 per cent for Tasmania to 40.2 per cent for Victoria. For the 2008–09 data set the rate was 14.1 per cent overall, ranging from 0.2 per cent for Australian Government agencies to 41.8 per cent for Victorian agencies.

For general issues relating to the CSTDA NMDS, refer to the CSTDA NMDS Data Quality Statement.

Being a sample survey, estimates from the SDAC 2003 are subject to sampling variability. A measure of the sampling variability, the relative standard error (RSE) per cent, is estimated below for the age-sex specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation.

Estimated RSE for age-sex rates of severe/profound core activity limitation at national level (percent).

Age group (years)	Male	Female
0-4	13.5	22.3
5-14	9.8	12.3
15-24	15.7	15.9
25-34	14.6	12.0
35-44	11.8	11.4
45-54	9.8	9.2
55-64	9.6	7.3

Source: AIHW analysis of SDAC 2003 CURF.

Potential sources of error in Census data include failure to return a Census form or failure to answer applicable questions. Data distributions calculated from Census 2006 data excluded people for whom data item information was not available. Should the characteristics of interest of the people excluded differ from those people included, there is potential for bias to be introduced into the data distributions. Quality statements about Census

Coherence

2006 data items can be found on the [ABS website](#).

See also ABS data quality statements.

For general issues relating to the CSTDA NMDS, refer to the CSTDA NMDS Data Quality Statement.

There are issues with the consistency of the numerator and denominator for this performance indicator, as the numerator and denominator are drawn from differently defined populations and different data sources. These issues reduce the consistency of the performance indicators and lead to quality issues such as cells greater than 100 per cent.

While the numerator is taken from the CSTDA NMDS, the denominator is an estimate derived from SDAC, ERP and Census data. In the denominator, 'estimated potential population for specialist disability services' is defined as the estimated population with profound or severe core activity limitation. However, this does not match well with the numerator, which consists of people who used specialist disability services. People who used these services do not necessarily have a profound or severe core activity limitation (mobility, communication, or self-care). They may instead have a mild/moderate core activity limitation or limitations in other activities—for example, with working or education. This mismatch is more evident in certain types of services, such as open employment services, which are not necessarily tailored towards people with a profound or severe core activity limitation.

For the calculation of potential population for the denominator, the method used to calculate the country of birth and remoteness disaggregations is the same as that adopted by the Disability Services Working Group for calculation of special needs group indicators in the Report on Government Services 2010.

Accessibility

The AIHW provides a variety of products that draw upon the CSTDA NMDS. Published products available on the AIHW website are:

- Disability support services (annual report)
- Interactive disability data cubes
- Ad hoc data are available on request (charges apply to recover costs)
- METeOR – online metadata repository
- National Community Services Data Dictionary.

The ABS website provides information and data on the ERP, Census Need for Assistance and SDAC profound/ severe core-activity limitation. Detailed data extractions are available through the National Information Referral Service (cost-recovery applies).

Interpretability

Information to assist in interpretation of the performance indicator is contained in the NDA performance indicator glossary, which accompanies these Data Quality Statements.

Supporting information on the quality and use of the CSTDA NMDS are published annually in 'Disability support services' available in hard copy or on the AIHW website (www.aihw.gov.au).

Data Quality Statement – performance indicator 6: Number of Indigenous people with disability receiving disability services as a proportion of the Indigenous potential population requiring services

Target/Outcome	People with disability enjoy choice, wellbeing and the opportunity to live as independently as possible
Performance indicator	Use of specialist disability services by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people
Key data quality points	1. The quality of data about Indigeneity varies substantially between jurisdictions and data sources. Caution should be exercised when interpreting these data. It is recommended that these data be viewed in close conjunction with information about the data quality. 2. CSTDA NMDS data are generated by processes that deliver services to people. It is assumed that these processes involve the assessment of disability support needs following broadly consistent principles and practices across jurisdictions. However, this assumption is untested. 3. Data measuring the Indigenous potential population is not explicitly available for the required time point and so has been estimated from several different data sources under several key assumptions. Previous research has confirmed that Indigenous Australians experience profound or severe core activity limitation at more than twice the rate as non-Indigenous Australians but relative rates by age group and sex, across states and territories and remoteness areas, have not been fully investigated. In particular, caution should be exercised in comparing indicators for jurisdictions with very different remoteness area distributions of Indigenous population. 4. The use of 2006 Census data to adjust underlying age-sex specific rates of profound or severe core activity limitation to account for the higher level of disability among Indigenous Australians involves mixing self-report data from a relatively simple instrument for measuring need for assistance with sample survey data collected by trained interviewers using a comprehensive survey instrument. The cultural appropriateness for Indigenous people of data collection instruments designed for the total population is not known; nor is it known how this, combined with different data collection methods, impacts on the accuracy of the estimated Indigenous potential population used in this indicator. 5. There are issues with the consistency of the numerator and denominator for this performance indicator, as the numerator and denominator are drawn from differently defined populations and different data sources.
Measure (computation)	1. Numerator: Number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people aged 0–64 years who used specialist disability services in the reporting period. 2. Denominator: Estimated Indigenous potential population for disability services aged 0–64 years on 30 June at start of reporting period. The potential population is defined as people aged under 65 years with profound or severe core activity limitation. The method used to calculate the Indigenous potential population is the same as that adopted by the Disability Services Working Group for calculation of special needs group indicators for the Report on Government Services 2010. The Indigenous potential population is calculated by applying adjusted age-sex specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation (from the Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC) 2003) to

	the 30 June Indigenous Projected Population at the beginning of the reporting period, by State/Territory, by age group, by sex. Research indicates that the age-sex specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation are significantly different for Indigenous people as compared to non-Indigenous people, hence an adjustment to account for these differences must be applied to national level all person age-sex specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation. National level age-sex rates from SDAC 2003, rather than State/Territory age-sex rates are used due to the high sampling errors associated with some of the State/Territory age-sex rate estimates. The national level age-sex rates from SDAC 2003 are adjusted by the rate ratio of the Indigenous State/Territory age-sex rate of need for assistance with core activities to the all persons State/Territory age-sex rate of need for assistance with core activities, as calculated from Census 2006 data. Estimates of Indigenous potential population by Remoteness Area are calculated by applying the Census 06 distributions of Remoteness Area for people who need assistance with core activities, by State/Territory, by age group, by sex, to the State/Territory, by age group, by sex Indigenous potential population estimates. 3. Percentage: $R/N \times 100$ where R = number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people aged 0–64 years who used specialist disability services in the reporting period and N = estimated Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years on 30 June at start of reporting period. Performance Indicators reporting on disability services funded by the Australian Government (employment services only) are restricted to the age range 15–64 years.
Data source/s	Numerator: CSTDA NMDS. For general issues relating to the CSTDA NMDS, refer to the CSTDA NMDS Data Quality Statement. Denominator: AIHW calculation of Indigenous potential population from SDAC, Census and Indigenous Projected Population.
Institutional environment	The AIHW is an Australian Government statutory authority accountable to Parliament and operates under the provisions of the <i>Australian Institute of Health and Welfare Act 1987</i>. The AIHW provides expert analysis of data on health, housing and community services. More information about the AIHW is available on the AIHW website. For general issues relating to the CSTDA NMDS, refer to the CSTDA NMDS Data Quality Statement. For information on the institutional environment of the ABS, including the legislative obligations of the ABS, please see ABS Institutional Environment.
Relevance	Data from several different sources, each referencing different time periods, are used to produce performance indicator 6. Data used are from the CSTDA NMDS 2007–08 and 2008–2009, SDAC 2003, Indigenous Projected Population June 2007 and June 2008, and Census 2006. This may reduce the overall quality of the estimates. Some particular issues are listed in the Relevance section of the Data Quality Statement for performance indicator 3. Additionally, Indigeneity was not collected in the SDAC 2003, so a rate ratio adjustment, calculated from information from the Census, is made to the national all person age-sex specific severe/profound core activity limitation rates, as detailed in the Measure section. The use of these adjustments assumes consistency between the rate ratio as calculated from Census information, and the corresponding information if it were collected from the SDAC 2003. Two particular points of note with

regards to this assumption are:

- Information from Census 2006 about people with need for assistance with core activities is based on the self enumeration (interview in Indigenous communities) of four questions, whereas people are defined as having a severe/profound core activity limitation in SDAC 2003 on the basis of a comprehensive interviewer administered module of questions, and thus the two populations are different, although they are conceptually related.
- ABS research indicates that the Indigenous identification rate differs between the Census and interviewer administered surveys.
- The cultural appropriateness for Indigenous people, of data collection instruments designed for the total population is not known; nor is it known how this, combined with different data collection methods, impacts on the accuracy of the estimated Indigenous potential population used in this indicator.

CSTDA NMDS data are generated by processes that deliver services to people. It is assumed that these processes involve the determination of eligibility and the assessment of disability support needs following broadly consistent principles across jurisdictions. However, this assumption is untested.

The scope of services provided under the CSTDA/NDA varied across jurisdictions. In Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia (in some cases), specialist psychiatric disability services were provided under the CSTDA/NDA. In all other jurisdictions specific mental health services were funded and provided under health, rather than disability, portfolios. To facilitate comparability of data, specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia are excluded from the NDA performance indicators. That is, the data excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services, but does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services. In addition, the predominant service models vary across jurisdictions, and this may affect comparability of data. For example, differences across the states and territories in the predominant model of accommodation support lead to differences in the number of people accessing those services. Caution is recommended in the use or interpretation of performance at the service type level. There is a risk when service type level data is interpreted in isolation as various service types are complementary and the emphasis on different services reflects jurisdictional policy directions. For more information, see *Disability support services 2007–08* and *Disability support services 2008–09* (forthcoming).

Timeliness

CSTDA NMDS 2007–08 and 2008–09

ABS SDAC 2003; Census 2006; Indigenous projected population at 30 June 2007 and 30 June 2008 (projected population is based on data from the 2006 Census)

Accuracy

A potential source of error in the CSTDA NMDS is people for whom Indigenous status is not stated or not collected. For 2008–09, the not stated/not collected rate varied across jurisdictions from a low rate of 0.2 per cent for Australian Government agencies, to a high rate of 12.6 per cent for Victorian agencies; the overall rate being 4.6 per cent. For 2007–08, the not stated/not collected rate varied across jurisdictions from a low rate of 0.1 per cent for Australian Government agencies, to a high rate of 12.1 per cent for Victorian agencies; the overall rate being 4.7 per cent. See the accompanying appendix for further details. Not stated or not collected Indigenous status may introduce bias into the results affecting both the accuracy of estimates and the comparability of estimates across

jurisdictions. In addition, a coding audit of the Indigenous status data item has not been undertaken, thus the accuracy of the rate of Indigenous identification in the NMDS is not known.

For general issues relating to the CSTDA NMDS, refer to the CSTDA NMDS Data Quality Statement.

Being a sample survey, estimates from the SDAC 2003 are subject to sampling variability. A measure of the sampling variability, the relative standard error (RSE) per cent, was estimated for the age-sex specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation and can be found in the Accuracy section of the Data Quality Statement for Indicator 3.

The cultural appropriateness for Indigenous people of data collection instruments designed for the total population is not known. Poor cultural sensitivity of data collection instruments is a potential source of non-sampling error which affects the accuracy of Indigenous potential population estimates. The size of this error, if present, cannot be measured.

Potential sources of error in Census include failure to return a Census form or failure to answer every applicable question. Information calculated from Census 2006 data excludes people for whom data item information was not available. Should the characteristics of interest of the people excluded differ from those people included, there is potential for bias to be introduced. In particular for Indigenous estimates, undercounting of Indigenous Australians may introduce bias into the results which would affect the comparability of estimates across jurisdictions. The net Census undercount for all Indigenous Australians was estimated at 11.5 per cent, calculated as the difference between the Census count and estimated Indigenous population on Census night. Estimates of the Indigenous net undercount for all jurisdictions are included below.

Estimated Indigenous net Census undercount

Jurisdiction	Undercount rate %
NSW	8.6
Vic.	9.4
Qld	11.6
WA	16.6
SA	8.6
Tas.	8.8
ACT	8.8
NT	16.0

Source: ABS Cat no. 3238.0.55.001

Quality statements about Census 2006 data items can be found on the [ABS website](#).

For general issues relating to the SDAC, Census and Indigenous Projected Population, refer to ABS data quality statements.

Coherence

For general issues relating to the CSTDA NMDS, refer to the CSTDA NMDS Data Quality Statement.

There are issues with the consistency of the numerator and denominator for this performance indicator, as the numerator and denominator are drawn from differently defined populations and different data sources. These issues reduce the consistency of the performance indicators and lead to quality issues such as cells greater than 100 per cent. For example, the proportion of the 15–24 year old Victorian Indigenous potential population

accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services 2008–09 is reported to be 109.7 per cent (100.9 per cent in 2007–08). A combination of data quality issues, as discussed in this and previous sections, has led to this impossible figure.

While the numerator is taken from the CSTDA NMDS, the denominator is an estimate derived from SDAC, Indigenous Projected Population and Census data. In the denominator, 'estimated potential population for specialist disability services' is defined as the estimated population with profound or severe core activity limitation. However, this does not match well with the numerator, which consists of people who used specialist disability services. People who used these services do not necessarily have a profound or severe core activity limitation (mobility, communication, or self-care). They may instead have a mild/moderate core activity limitation or limitations in other activities—for example, with working or education. This mismatch is more evident in certain types of services, such as open employment services, which are not necessarily tailored towards people with a profound or severe core activity limitation.

The method used to calculate the Indigenous potential population estimates is the same as that adopted by the Disability Services Working Group for calculation of special needs group indicators for the Report on Government Services 2010.

For general issues relating to the SDAC, Census and Indigenous Projected Population, refer to ABS data quality statements.

Accessibility

The AIHW provides a variety of products that draw upon the CSTDA NMDS. Published products available on the AIHW website are:

- Disability support services (annual report)
- Interactive disability data cubes
- Ad hoc data are available on request (charges apply to recover costs)
- METeOR – online metadata repository
- National Community Services Data Dictionary.

The ABS website provides information and data on the ERP and the Indigenous Project Population, Census Need for Assistance and SDAC profound/ severe core-activity limitation. Detailed data extractions are available through the National Information Referral Service (cost-recovery applies).

Interpretability

Information to assist in interpretation of the performance indicator is contained in the NDA performance indicator glossary, which accompanies these Data Quality Statements.

Supporting information on the quality and use of the CSTDA NMDS are published annually in 'Disability support services' available in hard copy or on the AIHW website (www.aihw.gov.au).

Data Quality Statement – Interim performance indicator 8: Proportion of carers of people with disability accessing support services to assist in their caring roles — restricted carer population

Target/Outcome	Families and carers are well supported.
Performance indicator	Support services for carers.
Key data quality points	1. The quality of data about carers varies substantially between jurisdictions; caution should be exercised when interpreting these data. It is recommended that the data be viewed in close conjunction with data quality information, particularly response rates. 2. CSTDA NMDS data are generated by processes that deliver services to people. It is assumed that these processes involve the assessment of disability support needs following broadly consistent principles and practices across jurisdictions. However, this assumption is untested. 3. The interim indicator is a proxy measure of carer access to support services based on a restricted carer population: carers of specialist disability service users. The data do not measure access to support services within the entire population of carers of people with disability and it is not known how well it approximates access to services in the wider carer population. Any marked differences across the states and territories in carer access to the disability service system will reduce the usefulness of this interim measure for comparison purposes (that is, there may be vastly different proportions of carers outside the service system).
Measure (computation)	1. Numerator: (Interim) Number of disability support service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer, where the service user accessed services to assist the carer in their caring role, in the reporting period. 2. Denominator: (Interim) Number of disability support service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer in the reporting period. 3. Percentage: $R/N \times 100$ (Interim) where R = number of CSTDA NMDS service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer, where the service user accessed services to assist the carer in their caring role in the reporting period and N = number of CSTDA NMDS service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer in the reporting period.
Data source/s	Numerator and denominator: CSTDA NMDS. For general issues relating to the NMDS, refer to the CSTDA NMDS Data Quality Statement.
Institutional environment	The AIHW is an Australian Government statutory authority accountable to Parliament and operates under the provisions of the <i>Australian Institute of Health and Welfare Act 1987</i>. The AIHW provides expert analysis of data on health, housing and community services. More information about the AIHW is available on the AIHW website. For general issues relating to the CSTDA NMDS, refer to the CSTDA NMDS Data Quality Statement.
Relevance	CSTDA NMDS data are generated by processes that deliver services to people. It is assumed that these processes involve the determination of eligibility and the assessment of disability support needs following broadly consistent principles across jurisdictions. However, this assumption is untested. For general issues relating to the CSTDA NMDS, refer to the CSTDA NMDS Data Quality Statement.

The interim indicator is sourced from the 2007–08 and 2008–09 NMDS and provides information about the informal carers of people who use specialist disability services. The data collected in the NMDS is a subset of the entire population of carers of people with disability. It should be noted that the CSTDA NMDS counts people with informal carers; it does not count carers. Limited data on carers is available, and the NMDS count of people with carers may not be an accurate measure of the number of individual carers.

For the numerator, services other than those provided under the National Disability Agreement (that is, outside the CSTDA NMDS) may also assist carers of people with disability in their caring role, such as those provided by the Home and Community Care (HACC) program. These are not included in this interim indicator.

The scope of services provided under the CSTDA/NDA varied across jurisdictions. In Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia (in some cases), specialist psychiatric disability services were provided under the CSTDA/NDA. In all other jurisdictions specific mental health services were funded and provided under health, rather than disability, portfolios. To facilitate comparability of data, specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia are excluded from the NDA performance indicators. That is, the data excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services, but does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services. In addition, the predominant service models vary across jurisdictions, and this may affect comparability of data. For example, differences across the states and territories in the predominant model of accommodation support lead to differences in the number of people accessing those services. Caution is recommended in the use or interpretation of performance at the service type level. There is a risk when service type level data is interpreted in isolation as various service types are complementary and the emphasis on different services reflects jurisdictional policy directions. For more information, see *Disability support services 2007–08* and *Disability support services 2008–09* (forthcoming).

Timeliness

CSTDA NMDS 2007–08 and 2008–09

Accuracy

A potential source of error in the CSTDA NMDS is people for whom carer information is not stated or not collected. Carer identification has improved over time: the not stated/not collected rate for the existence of a carer has decreased from approximately twenty per cent for the 2003–04 to 2005–06 NMDS to the current levels of 9.3 per cent for the 2007–08 NMDS and 8.5 per cent for the 2008–09 NMDS. However, not stated/not collected rates for carer data items vary substantially across jurisdictions, with, for example, rates above thirty per cent for Queensland in 2007–08 and below five per cent for Tasmania. The overall not stated/not collected rates for the carer data items were: 19.3 per cent in 2008–09 for carer primary status (11.6 per cent in 2007–08); 18.4 per cent in 2008–09 for carer residency status (12.5 per cent in 2007–08); 16.1 per cent in 2008–09 for carer relationship to service user (8.4 per cent in 2007–08); and 23.9 per cent in 2008–09 for carer age group (19.1 per cent in 2007–08). See the accompanying appendix for further details. Not stated or not collected carer information may introduce bias into the results affecting both the accuracy of estimates and the comparability of estimates across jurisdictions. In addition, a coding audit of carer data items has not been undertaken, thus the accuracy of the carer information in the NMDS is not known.

Coherence

Issue of scope: any marked differences across the states and territories in carer access to the disability service system will reduce the usefulness of

	this interim measure for comparison purposes (that is, there may be vastly different proportions of carers outside the service system). For general issues relating to the CSTDA NMDS, refer to the CSTDA NMDS Data Quality Statement.
Accessibility	The AIHW provides a variety of products that draw upon the CSTDA NMDS. Published products available on the AIHW website are: • Disability support services (annual report) • Interactive disability data cubes • Ad hoc data are available on request (charges apply to recover costs) • METeOR – online metadata repository • National Community Services Data Dictionary.
Interpretability	Information to assist in interpretation of the performance indicator is contained in the NDA performance indicator glossary, which accompanies these Data Quality Statements. Supporting information on the quality and use of the CSTDA NMDS are published annually in 'Disability support services' available in hard copy or on the AIHW website (www.aihw.gov.au).

Data Quality Statement – performance indicator 10: Proportion of people with disability receiving income support

Target/outcome	People with disability achieve economic participation and social inclusion.
Performance indicator	Proportion of people with a disability receiving income support.
Measure (computation)	1. Numerator: Number of people with a disability aged 16–62 years who receive the Disability Support Pension (DSP). 2. Denominator: Total number of people with a disability aged 16–62 years on 30 June of the previous reporting period.
Data source/s	The numerator for this indicator is provided by the Australian Government Department of Families, Housing, Community Services, and Indigenous Affairs (FaHCSIA), from Centrelink administrative data on DSP recipients as at 26 June 2009. The denominator for this indicator for the total population is calculated using age and sex-specific disability prevalence rates from the ABS <u>2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers</u> (SDAC) multiplied by the 30 June 2009 <u>Estimated Resident Population</u> (ERP).
Institutional environment	Payments of the Disability Support Pension (DSP) are made by Centrelink on behalf of FaHCSIA. Under the Commonwealth Services Delivery Agency Act 1997, Centrelink is a statutory agency with responsibility for delivering services and welfare payments, as negotiated with Australian Government departments. DSP data for this indicator is sourced from Centrelink administrative data as at 26 June 2009 and was provided by FaHCSIA. The SDAC is collected, processed, and published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS). The Estimated Resident Population (ERP) is Australia's official measure of the population and is compiled and published quarterly by the ABS based on data from the Census of Population and Housing; the Post Enumeration Survey (PES); births and deaths statistics from registers administered by the various State and Territory Registrars of Births, Deaths and Marriages; and passenger card data and related information provided by the Department of Immigration and Citizenship (DIAC). Medicare Australia client address data is used to estimate interstate migration. The ABS operates within the framework of the Census and Statistics Act 1905 and the Australian Bureau of Statistics Act 1975. These ensure the independence and impartiality of the ABS, and the confidentiality of respondents. For more information on the institutional environment of the ABS, including legislative obligations, financing and governance arrangements, and mechanisms for scrutiny of ABS operations, please see <u>ABS Institutional Environment</u>.
Relevance	Administrative data on recipients of the Disability Support Pension is the data source for the numerator. Persons with a disability, however, may receive other forms of income support, such as Youth Allowance, or a disability pension paid under the Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986. These other forms of income support are not able to be included in the numerator for this indicator, as presence of disability is not generally part of the eligibility criteria for these payments. The restriction of the age scope to 16–62 years ensures there is direct comparability with the first reporting cycle. It is recognised that there are a number of people above the age of 62 who receive the DSP. It should be noted that the requirements for receipt of a Disability Support

Pension are different to the criteria for being considered to have a disability for the purposes of ABS surveys. To receive Disability Support Pension, persons must be unable to work for at least 15 hours per week, or be re-skilled for such work within two years because of their disability (see [Eligibility requirements](#) for Disability Support Pension on the Centrelink web site). In ABS surveys, persons are considered to have a disability if they have a limitation, restriction or impairment which has lasted, or is likely to last, for at least six months and restricts everyday activities. Therefore, the measure of "potential population" for accessing income support provided by the denominator is not the same as the actual population that are eligible for DSP.

The SDAC is the most comprehensive and accurate measure of disability produced by the ABS, using 75 questions to collect information on any conditions people may have, whether these conditions cause restrictions, and the nature and severity of any restrictions.

The methodology for constructing the potential population takes national level age- and sex-specific disability prevalence rates from the 2003 SDAC multiplied by the June 30 2009 ERP in various strata. The potential population is broken down into country of birth groups by taking the country of birth distribution of persons with a core activity need for assistance from the 2006 Census, and applying it to the potential population. This methodology assumes that age- and sex-specific rates of disability are consistent across geography and over time.

Timeliness

Centrelink data on persons who receive the DSP is available on a monthly basis and reported annually by FaCHSIA in the publication [Characteristics of Disability Support Recipients](#).

The SDAC is currently conducted every six years. Results from the 2003 survey were released in September 2004. Data from the current iteration of the SDAC is expected to become available in April 2011.

ERP data by State/Territory and sex are prepared quarterly and are available 5-6 months after the reference date. ERP data disaggregated by single year of age and sex are prepared annually as at 30 June each year are also available 5-6 months after the reference date. ERP data disaggregated by age (5 year groups), sex, and Statistical Local Area (SLA) (and aggregations of SLAs) as at 30 June each year are available 9-10 months after the reference date. Disaggregations for geographies that are aggregations of Collection Districts (such as Remoteness Areas), and disaggregations by geography and single year of age are available as customised requests around 13 months after the reference date.

Accuracy

Numerator

Traditional indicators of survey data quality such as sampling error, coverage, and response rate do not generally apply to administrative data. However administrative data may also be subject to various sorts of non-sampling error (such as non-reporting for some fields).

The DSP dataset administered by Centrelink is continually updated. As the data is used to process payments, and the information contained within it is used to determine eligibility for the payment, the dataset is considered to have a high level of completeness. No formal assessment of data quality, however, was undertaken at this time.

Non-response and coverage

The 2003 SDAC response rate for private dwellings was 89.8 per cent, and for establishments was 91 per cent. SDAC data are weighted to account for non-response.

The SDAC is conducted in all States and Territories including people in both private and non-private dwellings (including cared-accommodation establishments) but excluding those in gaols and correctional institutions and very remote areas. The exclusion of persons usually resident in very remote areas has a small impact on estimates, except for the Northern Territory, where such persons make up a relatively large proportion of the population. As a consequence of this exclusion, comparisons between Indigenous and non-Indigenous people in remote areas are not available. For more information on SDAC scope and coverage, see the Disability, Ageing and Carers User Guide on the ABS website.

Sampling error

As this indicator is partially drawn from a sample survey, it is subject to some level of sampling error. This error cannot be reliably estimated due to the methodology used in constructing the denominators, however as national level disability rates were used, the sampling error will be small.

Other sources of error

A potential source of error in the construction of the denominators is the assumption that disability rates vary only by age and sex (that is, that there is no effect of geography, or any other variables). This is likely to affect the reliability of interstate comparisons, however it is not possible at this time to detect the size or direction of the potential bias.

Some unpublished exploratory analysis indicates there may be some data quality issues with using Census Need for Assistance data disaggregated by non-English speaking country of birth. This data feeds into the calculation for the disaggregation of the potential population into Country of Birth groups and may affect comparisons between the different groups.

It should also be noted that the Country of Birth groups are based on a classification devised by the Department of Immigration and Citizenship. This is not an attempt to classify countries on the basis of whether or not English is the predominant or official language of each country. It is a list of the main countries from which Australia receives, or has received, significant numbers of overseas settlers who are likely to speak English. A number of persons from English speaking countries (such as the Bahamas, Bermuda, Belize, and so on) will therefore be classified into "Non-English speaking countries". Conversely, persons from South Africa and Zimbabwe will be classified into "English speaking countries" even though those countries are not predominantly English speaking, and individual immigrants may not be native English speakers.

The combination of administrative and survey data based on different approaches with their own limitations means that interpretation and application of this indicator should be done with caution and an understanding of the systematic influences on the data sets. This indicator does give some sense of coverage of payments but may underestimate some categories and overestimate others.

Coherence

The SDAC collects a range of demographic, financial and other information that can be analysed in conjunction with the disability status of respondents.

Survey based estimates of persons receiving the DSP are available from a number of ABS surveys. Data on income sources in these surveys are as reported by respondents and may be different to numbers provided by Centrelink.

Disability estimates and the characteristics of the disability population from the SDAC should not be compared with estimates from surveys using the Short Disability Module.

Accessibility	See <u>Disability, Ageing and Carers, Australia: Summary of Findings, 2003</u> for an overview of results from the SDAC. Annual analysis of the characteristics of Disability Support Pension recipients is <u>published by FaHSCIA</u> .
Interpretability	Information is available to aid interpretation of SDAC data - see the <u>Disability, Ageing and Carers User Guide</u> , on the ABS website.

Data quality statement: CSTDA National Minimum Data Set 2007-08 and 2008-09

Indicators	NDA performance Indicators 3, 6 and 8
Measure (computation)	Not applicable
Data source/s	The Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement National Minimum Data Set (CSTDA NMDS). This data set provides annual estimates of the number of people who used specialist disability support services funded under the 2002–2007 CSTDA. The CSTDA was replaced by the National Disability Agreement (NDA) from 1 January 2009 and the CSTDA NMDS was renamed the Disability Services (DS) NMDS from 1 July 2009. Further information about the DS/CSTDA NMDS is available on the AIHW website.
Institutional environment	Under the CSTDA, all State and Territory governments and the Australian Government were required to provide data annually for the CSTDA NMDS, and were responsible for the quality and timeliness of the data. CSTDA NMDS data were provided by both non-government service providers and State/Territory and Australian Government agencies. Service providers collated data in relation to each of their CSTDA-funded service type outlets, as well as the service users who accessed these outlets. A limited number of data items were provided by government agencies. Government agencies compiled, edited and verified the data, and supplied a final data set to the AIHW for further verification, national collation and analysis. The set of privacy and data principles for the CSTDA NMDS collection are outlined in the <i>Data Guide</i>, the most recent version of which is available on the AIHW website. The AIHW is an Australian Government statutory authority accountable to Parliament and operates under the provisions of the <i>Australian Institute of Health and Welfare Act 1987</i>. This Act ensures that the data collections managed by the AIHW are kept securely and under strict conditions with respect to privacy and confidentiality. More information about the AIHW is available on the AIHW website. When errors are found in published data, those errors are corrected immediately in publications on the AIHW website, and where necessary, in on-line tables and online interactive data cubes. Corrections are documented on the AIHW website
Relevance	The CSTDA NMDS collects data about specialist disability support services according to nationally agreed data definitions. The 2007–08 dataset includes services received, or purchased with, funding under the third CSTDA during the period 1 July 2007 to 30 June 2008. This may be used as a reference or 'baseline' year but the 2007–08 data do not reflect service delivery under the National Disability Agreement. The 2008–09 dataset includes services received, or purchased with, funding under the third CSTDA during the period 1 July 2008 to 31 December 2008, and/or provided under the NDA during the period 1 January 2009 to 30 June 2009. Data collected in the CSTDA NMDS includes characteristics of specialist disability services provided during the reporting period, the people receiving services and the outlets providing services. Disaggregation by State and Territory, Remoteness Area, demographic characteristics, support needs,

broad service groups and service types are available.

The scope of services varied in terms of programs that were provided under the CSTDA/NDA across jurisdictions. In particular, the provision of specialist psychiatric disability and early childhood intervention services differed across states and territories. In Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia (in some cases), specialist psychiatric disability services were provided under the CSTDA/NDA. In all other jurisdictions specific mental health services were funded and provided under health, rather than disability, portfolios. To facilitate comparability of data, specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia are excluded from the NDA performance indicators. That is, the data excludes those who only receive specialist psychiatric disability services, but does not exclude those people with a psychiatric condition who receive other specialist disability services. In addition, the predominant service models vary across jurisdictions, and this may affect comparability of data. For example, differences across the states and territories in the predominant model of accommodation support lead to differences in the number of people accessing those services. Caution is recommended in the use or interpretation of performance at the service type level. There is a risk when service type level data is interpreted in isolation as various service types are complementary and the emphasis on different services reflects jurisdictional policy directions. For more information, see *Disability support services 2007–08* and *Disability support services 2008–09* (forthcoming).

Counts of service users are estimates derived using a statistical linkage key. Invalid or incomplete linkage keys mean that it is not possible to fully eliminate multiple counting of service users. This is believed to lead to a slight overestimate of service user numbers. In 2007–08, the proportion of invalid linkage keys was 0.9 per cent, ranging from zero to 2.7 per cent of the total number of service user records in each jurisdiction. In 2008–09, the proportion of invalid linkage keys was 0.4 per cent, ranging from zero to 1.3 per cent of the total number of service user records in each jurisdiction. A small number of invalid linkage keys were recovered for the final data sets by comparison with records from current or previous years.

The process for collecting the statistical linkage key in Victoria leads to a relatively high number of invalid linkage keys and an associated high estimate of service users. In Victoria, the process for collecting service user information is an 'opt-in' approach. All other states and territories follow an 'opt-out' approach in which individuals may elect not to provide their information for the NMDS, however, procedures for opting out of the data collection vary. This affects the comparability of counts of service users across jurisdictions.

Data on service users were not collected for all people who received a CSTDA/NDA service. In particular, service user information was not required to be collected for advocacy, information and alternative formats of communication services or 'other support' services including research and evaluation, training and development and peak bodies. In addition, some service types were not required to collect selected service user data items—for example, recreation/holiday programs were only required to collect statistical linkage key data, and disability employment services were not required to collect selected informal carer data items. Of particular note is information collected to enable the determination of need for assistance: some of these data items are not applicable to younger age groups, and some services did not collect these data. The category 'Need for assistance not determined' includes these service users, as well as service users for whom the information was not adequately supplied. For more information, refer to the CSTDA NMDS report, *Disability support services* (published

annually).

Timeliness

Data for the CSTDA NMDS are compiled and reported on an annual basis. Data from the 2007–08 CSTDA NMDS were released in December 2009, and revised data will be released on the AIHW website in early 2011. Data from the 2008–09 CSTDA NMDS are due to be released in January 2011. The NDA performance indicators reflect the 2007–08 CSTDA data set as initially confirmed by State/Territory and Australian Government agencies on 13 March 2009 with revisions applied as endorsed by NDIMG on 23 July 2010. The 2008–09 CSTDA NMDS data set was confirmed by State/Territory and Australian Government agencies on 29 July 2010.

Accuracy

The CSTDA NMDS aims to provide complete national data on all CSTDA-funded services, service type outlets and service users each year. The national response rate for service type outlets is based on the number of service type outlets that responded out of the total number of funded outlets in each jurisdiction (95 per cent in 2007–08 and 96 per cent in 2008–09). It is not possible to calculate a national response rate for service users, as some outlets do not report on all service users due to administrative or other error. In addition, some service types are not required to report service user information.

‘Not stated/not collected’ rates for individual data items varied substantially across items and jurisdictions. Further information about ‘not stated/not collected’ rates is available in the accompanying appendix tables.

The 2007–08 CSTDA NMDS data was initially confirmed by State/Territory and Australian Government agencies on 13 March 2009. Some coding errors were subsequently identified and, following NDIMG endorsement on 23 July 2010, revisions were made to the data set. The revised data set was used to produce the 2007–08 performance indicators in this report. The 2008–09 CSTDA NMDS data confirmed by State/Territory and Australian Government agencies on 29 July 2010 were used to produce 2008–09 performance indicators. Any coding errors advised subsequently are reported in *Disability Support Services 2008–09* (forthcoming). A data revision policy for the CSTDA/DS NMDS collection is currently being developed by NDIMG.

In response to concerns expressed by some jurisdictions, the NDIMG endorsed changes to the CSTDA NMDS processing rules in 2010. These changes were to be effective for the 2008–09 NMDS and future collections, as well as retroactively to the 2007–08 data. The changes involve no longer attempting to match records with either missing sex or an estimated date of birth with existing records within the same year’s data or previous years’ CSTDA NMDS data. The matching process provided a means by which these not stated or estimated values could be updated based on other records that, given their high match in other items, were assumed to represent the same service user. By no longer performing these functions these records now stand alone, thereby increasing slightly the number of unique service users within the CSTDA NMDS.

Coherence

The CSTDA NMDS consists of a set of nationally significant data items that are collected in all jurisdictions (State/Territory and Australian Government) and an agreed method of collection and transmission. Data items and definitions have remained consistent each year since the launch of the redeveloped national collection in 2002.

Data items are largely based on national community services data standards to enable comparability between collections. Items are also designed to be comparable with other major collections such as the ABS Survey of Disability, Aging and Carers (SDAC) and international standards

including the World Health Organization's International Classification of Functioning and Disability (ICF). More information about the design and comparability of CSTDA NMDS data items is given in the AIHW publication *[Australia's national disability services data collection: Redeveloping the Commonwealth-State/Territory disability agreement National Minimum Data Set](#)*.

From 1 October 2008, targeted support services previously delivered by the Australian Government and included in the service group 'employment services' were transferred to State/Territory governments and thus recorded as State/Territory delivered disability support services. Targeted support services delivered by the Australian Government are not included in the NDA performance indicators.

In 2008-09 the Department of Education, Employment and Workplace Relations (DEEWR) changed the coding procedures used for data about open employment service users for the 'need for help or supervision with activities or participation in life areas' data items. As a result of these changes caution should be used when interpreting the 2007-08 and 2008-09 data in the 'need for assistance with life areas' tables for open employment users, as it is not possible to determine what quantum of change between the two reporting periods is due to change in characteristics of service users and what quantum of change is due to change in the coding procedures.

Accessibility

The CSTDA NMDS 2007–08 data were released in December 2009. The revised data will be released in early 2011. Data from the 2008–09 NMDS are due to be released in January 2011. However, the data may not be provided in the same format as for the performance indicators. Also, the NDA performance indicators are restricted to the age range 0–64 years, whereas CSTDA NMDS data releases include all ages.

Annual reports from the CSTDA NMDS data set are available for free download from the [AIHW website](#). The AIHW also publishes interactive data cubes containing subsets of national information from the 1999 NMDS onwards, which allow people to construct data tables online according to their needs.

CSTDA NMDS data are used for service planning and monitoring in individual jurisdictions, and for reporting national performance indicators. Performance indicators formed part of the accountability measures under the third CSTDA, and were published annually as part of the FaHCSIA publication *Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement annual public report*. The most recent of these was the *[CSTDA annual public report 2005-06](#)*. The AIHW also released supporting web publications which included these indicator tables in more detail, and is available on the AIHW website. A set of performance indicators relating to disability which use CSTDA NMDS data is also published annually in the *[Report on government services](#)* produced by the Steering Committee for the Review of Government Service Provision (SCRGSP), most recently in 2010 (using 2007–08 data).

Interpretability

Information available to aid the interpretation of CSTDA NMDS data includes the annual *[CSTDA NMDS Data Guide](#)* and the data specifications in [METeOR](#), AIHW's online metadata registry.

Appendix: 'Not stated / not collected' rates

Table A1 'Not stated / not collected' response rates for service user data items in the CSTDA NMDS, by State/Territory, 2007–08 (service users aged 0–64 years and service users with not stated age)

<i>Data item</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aus Gov</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Not stated / not collected										
Age	0.0	0.3	—	0.1	—	—	—	—	—	0.1
Sex	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.2	—	—	—	0.2
Indigenous status	4.2	12.1	5.0	0.9	6.3	3.6	2.3	6.9	0.1	4.7
Country of birth	5.1	12.0	4.9	5.5	5.3	3.6	2.7	6.3	0.8	5.3
Postcode of usual residence (used to derive Remoteness Area)	0.0	5.9	3.2	5.1	2.7	3.6	1.4	4.9	0.1	2.4
Need for assistance ^a	19.5	40.2	7.0	7.0	10.8	5.3	10.7	23.3	13.9	20.3
Carer—existence of	2.4	29.7	—	3.2	5.7	5.3	3.5	21.4	2.6	9.3
Carer—primary status	11.6	26.3	33.1	8.6	1.0	4.5	1.6	15.6	28.9	19.3
Carer—residency status	16.6	25.1	33.0	1.0	2.3	3.5	1.0	16.5	23.0	18.4
Carer—relationship to service user (also used to derive carer sex)	13.8	27.3	30.8	1.5	1.8	1.4	1.1	2.1	11.8	16.1
Carer—age group	25.3	30.2	34.8	5.9	6.9	3.7	11.0	9.1	28.6	23.9

^a 'Need for assistance' was derived from a number of data items on service user support needs. The 'not stated/not collected' rate for need for assistance includes service users for whom need for assistance was not able to be determined. — Nil.

Source: CSTDA NMDS 2007–08.

Table A2 'Not stated / not collected' response rates for service user data items in the CSTDA NMDS, by State/Territory, 2008–09 (service users aged 0–64 years and service users with not stated age)

<i>Data item</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aus Gov</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Not stated / not collected										
Age	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sex	0.3	0.2	0.0	—	0.1	—	—	—	—	0.1
Indigenous status	4.6	12.6	6.6	0.5	4.8	3.4	3.5	10.2	0.2	4.6
Country of birth	6.4	12.7	6.1	3.5	4.6	3.5	4.1	8.5	0.4	5.1
Postcode of usual residence (used to derive Remoteness Area)	0.0	7.4	3.6	0.1	3.1	3.4	1.9	7.2	—	2.2
Need for assistance ^a	20.7	41.8	6.5	4.3	8.3	4.7	11.5	22.3	0.2	14.1
Carer—existence of	11.4	25.5	5.0	3.3	5.0	3.4	4.7	20.4	—	8.5
Carer—primary status	3.0	25.3	2.7	8.4	0.9	0.5	1.7	12.8	22.9	11.6
Carer—residency status	7.4	26.6	2.8	1.3	2.4	2.3	0.9	16.0	24.0	12.5
Carer—relationship to service user (also used to derive carer sex)	8.5	21.6	2.3	1.2	1.8	0.0	1.2	2.1	4.3	8.4
Carer—age group	18.2	35.5	5.6	5.2	7.8	0.7	10.3	4.7	30.0	19.1

^a 'Need for assistance' was derived from a number of data items on service user support needs. The 'not stated/not collected' rate for need for assistance includes service users for whom need for assistance was not able to be determined. — Nil

Source: CSTDA NMDS 2008-09.

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Acronyms and abbreviations

ABS	Australian Bureau of Statistics
ACCMIS	Aged and Community Care Management Information System
ACT	Australian Capital Territory
ADL	Activities of daily living
AIHW	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare
AIL	Activities of independent living
AWEC	Activities of work, education and community living
CALD	Cultural and Linguistic Diversity
CACP	Community Aged Care Package
Census	Census of Population and Housing
COAG	Council of Australian Governments
COB	Country of Birth
CRC	COAG Reform Council
CSTDA	Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement
CURF	Confidentialised unit record file
DEEWR	Department of Education, Employment and Workplace Relations
DIAC	Department of Immigration and Citizenship
DoHA	Department of Health and Ageing
DQS	Data Quality Statement(s)
DS	Disability Services
DSP	Disability Support Pension
EACH	Extended Aged Care at Home
EACHD	Extended Aged Care at Home Dementia
ERP	Estimated Resident Population

FaHCSIA	Department of Families, Housing, Community Services and Indigenous Affairs
FCPD	Families Caring for a Person with a Disability (Survey)
GSS	General Social Survey
HACC	Home and Community Care
HILDA	Household, Income and Labour Dynamics Australia (Survey)
ICF	International Classification of Functioning and Disability
IGA	Intergovernmental Agreement on Federal Financial Relations
LOTE	Language other than English
MCFFR	Ministerial Council for Federal Financial Relations
NA	National Agreement
NATSEM	National Centre for Social and Economic Modelling
NATSIHS	National Aboriginal Torres Strait Islander Health Survey
NATSISS	National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey
NDA	National Disability Agreement
NDIMG	National Disability Information Management Group
NIRA	National Indigenous Reform Agreement
NMDS	National Minimum Data Set
NP	National Partnership
NSW	New South Wales
NT	Northern Territory
PES	Post Enumeration Survey
Qld	Queensland
RSE	Relative standard error
SA	South Australia
SCRGSP	Steering Committee for the Review of Government Service Provision
SDAC	Survey of Disability and Carers
SES	Socioeconomic Status
SET	Survey of Education and Training Experience
SLA	Statistical Local Area

SPP	Specific Purpose Payment
Tas	Tasmania
VET	Vocational Education and Training
Vic	Victoria
WA	Western Australia
YPIRAC	Young People with Disability in Residential Aged Care

Glossary

Aboriginal	A person who identifies as being of Aboriginal origin. May also include people who identify as being of both Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander origin.
Accommodation support services	Services received under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement (CSTDA) or National Disability Agreement (NDA) that provide accommodation to people with a disability and services needed to enable a person with a disability to remain in their existing accommodation or to move to more suitable or appropriate accommodation. These services are classified as follows (For further information, see AIHW 2009b): • Large residential/institutions (>20 places) (service type 1.01)—Large residential/institutions are usually located on large parcels of land and provide 24-hour residential support in a congregate setting of more than 20 beds. In some cases a range of residential and vocational/day services, and/or respite services are provided on the one site. • Small residential/institutions (7–20 places) (service type 1.02)—Small residential/institutions are usually located on large parcels of land and provide 24-hour residential support in a congregate or cluster setting of 7 to 20 beds. In some cases a range of residential and vocational/day services, and/or respite services are provided on the one site. • Hostels (service type 1.03)—Hostels provide residential support in a congregate setting of usually less than 20 beds, and may or may not provide 24-hour residential support. Many are situated in an institutional setting and also have respite beds included on the premises. In contrast to residential/institutions, hostels usually do not provide segregated specialist disability support services. • Group homes (<7 places) (service type 1.04)—Group homes generally provide combined accommodation and community-based residential support to people in a residential setting. Usually no more than 6 service users are located in any one house, although this can vary. Group homes are generally staffed 24 hours a day. The agency being funded to provide the service should generally have control of the residence, not just the support to enable the residents to remain in the residence. • Attendant care/personal care (service type 1.05)—An attendant care program provides for an attendant(s) to assist people with daily activities that they are unable to complete for themselves because of physical, intellectual or any other disability. The service is provided to people to assist them to live in the community, and live on their own. • In-home accommodation support (service type 1.06)—Support involves individual in-home living support and/or developmental programming services for people with a disability, supplied independently of accommodation. The accommodation may be owned, rented, or otherwise provided, but should be independent of the agency providing the in-home support service. • Alternative family placement (service type 1.07)—Placements of a person with a disability with an alternative family who will provide care and support. Includes shared-care arrangements and host family placements. • Other accommodation support (service type 1.08)—Accommodation

	support services that provide short-term, one-off instances of accommodation such as: – accommodation provided so that individuals or families can access specialist services, or further education – emergency or crisis accommodation support – houses or flats for holiday accommodation.
Agency (CSTDA definition)	An agency relates to a funded organisation that delivers one or more CSTDA funded service types (service type outlets). Funded agencies are usually legal entities. Where a funded agency operates only one service type outlet, the service type outlet and the funded agency are one and the same entity.
Age standardised rates	Age standardised rates enable comparisons to be made between populations that have different age structures. Age standardisation is often used when comparing the Indigenous and non-Indigenous populations because the Indigenous population is younger than the non-Indigenous population. Outcomes for some indicators are influenced by age, therefore, it is appropriate to age standardise the data when comparing the results. When comparisons are not being made between the two populations, the data are not age standardised.
Carer (ABS definition)	A person of any age who provides any informal assistance, in terms of help or supervision, to people with disabilities or long-term conditions, or older people (i.e. aged 60 years or over). This assistance has to be ongoing, or likely to be ongoing, for at least six months. Assistance to a person in a different household relates to 'everyday types of activities', without specific information on the activities. Where the care recipient lives in the same household, the assistance is for one or more of the following activities: cognition or emotion; communication; health care; housework; meal preparation; mobility; paperwork; property; maintenance; self care; transport.
Carer (CSTDA NMDS definition)	The CSTDA NMDS defines an informal carer as a person, such as a family member, friend or neighbour, who provides care and assistance on a regular and sustained basis to a person who uses specialist disability services (AIHW 2009b). In this context a co-resident carer is a carer who provides care and assistance to a service user who lives in the same household. A carer is considered to be co-resident if they live in the same household as the service user for four or more days per week on average. A non-resident or visiting carer is a person who provides care and assistance on a regular and sustained basis to a service user who lives in a different household. Note that carers who are arranged by a formal service or who are paid (except through a pension or benefit) are not included in the definition of informal carer. This definition of informal carer applies to performance indicator 8. The CSTDA NMDS defines a primary carer as an informal carer who provides support in one or more of the following activities: self-care, mobility or communication (AIHW 2009b). This definition applies to performance indicator 8.
Community access services	Services received under the CSTDA/NDA that are designed to provide opportunities for people with disability to gain and use their abilities to enjoy their full potential for social independence. People who do not attend school, or who are not employed full-time mainly use these services. The key features are that the services are flexible and responsive to personal needs and interests; range from educational to leisure and recreational pursuits; range from facility- to home-based activities; include supervision and physical care, and models which link people into activities which are offered to the whole community; range

Community support services

from long-term day support to time-limited and goal-oriented education that maximises personal independent functioning and may complement other community services. These services are classified as follows (For further information, see AIHW 2009b):

- Learning and life skills development (service type 3.01)—These programs provide ongoing day-to-day support for service users to gain greater access and participate in community-based activities. Programs may focus on continuing education to develop skills and independence in a variety of life areas (e.g. self-help, social skills and literacy and numeracy) or enjoyment, leisure and social interaction. They are often called day programs.
- recreation/holiday programs (3.02)—Recreation services and holiday programs aim to facilitate the integration and participation of people with disabilities in recreation and leisure activities available in the general community. These services may also enhance the capacity and responsiveness of mainstream sport and recreation agencies and community organisations to provide for people with disabilities.
- Other community access (3.03)—Community access services other than those outlined above (i.e. other than service types 3.01 and 3.02). For example, services offering activities designed to improve service users' physical, cognitive and perceptual abilities; encourage self-esteem growth; and provide opportunities to socialise.

Services received under the CSTDA/NDA that provide the support need for a person with a disability to live in a non-institutional setting. These services are classified as follows (For further information, see AIHW 2009b):

- Therapy support for individuals (service type 2.01)—Specialised, therapeutic care services including occupational therapy, physiotherapy and speech therapy. These services are intended to improve, maintain or slow deterioration of a person's functional performance, and/or assist in the assessment and recommendation of equipment to enable people to perform as independently as possible in their environment.
- Early childhood intervention (service type 2.02)—Support services to assist children up to (but not including) 6 years of age with a developmental delay to integrate with peers into preschools and the wider community.
- Behaviour/specialist intervention (service type 2.03)—These include the range of services relating to the management of challenging behaviours, including dangerous antisocial behaviour. Services include intensive intervention support, training and education in behaviour management, and consultancy services for other professionals.
- Counselling (individual/family/group) (service type 2.04)—Services that provide counselling to individuals, families or groups.
- Regional resource and support teams (service type 2.05)—Regional resource and support teams are generally inter-disciplinary teams that provide a combination of services in the service type categories 2.01, 2.02 and 2.03, that cannot be broken down into the component parts. Regional resource and support teams may also assist service users to access mainstream services and/or support mainstream-funded agencies. Except for early childhood intervention teams, these teams usually have an individual, rather than a family, focus.
- Case management, local coordination and development (service type 2.06)—This is a broad service type category, including elements of individual or family-focused case management and brokerage, as well

	as coordination and development activity within a specified geographical area. Services assist people with disabilities to maximise their independence and participation in the community through working with the individual, family and/or carers in care planning and/or facilitating access to appropriate services. • Other community support (service type 2.07)—Community support services other than those outlined above.
Core activities	The three core activities are communication, mobility and self-care. These are also referred to as 'activities of daily living'.
Core activity limitation (ABS definition)	The ABS defines a core activity need for assistance as a profound or severe disability, that is, people needing help or assistance in one or more of the three core activity areas of self-care, mobility and communication, because of a disability (lasting six months or more), long term health condition (lasting six months or more) or old age (ABS 2006a). Self care, mobility and communication are defined as core activities. The ABS defines levels of core activity limitation as follows: mild, where a person has no difficulty with self care, mobility or communication, but uses aids or equipment; moderate, where a person does not need assistance, but has difficulty with self care, mobility or communication; severe, where a person sometimes needs assistance with self care, mobility or communication; and profound, where a person is unable to perform self care, mobility and/or communication tasks, or always needs assistance.
Country of birth groups	An 'English proficiency index'—a standard tool developed by the Bureau of Immigration, Multicultural and Population Research—was used to classify countries into five categories based on English proficiency: one group for people born in Australia, and four groups for those born overseas (AIHW 2009b; DIMA 2003). For those born overseas, groupings are based on the typical ability of migrants from each country to speak English. Countries with the most skilled English speakers, on average, are in English Proficiency Group 1, which is referred to as 'other English speaking countries' in the performance indicators. This group consists of Canada, Ireland, New Zealand, South Africa, the United Kingdom, United States of America, and Zimbabwe. All other countries (English Proficiency Groups 2–4) are referred to as 'non-English speaking countries'.
CSTDA NMDS	Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement National Minimum Data Set (CSTDA NMDS) is a nationally agreed set of data definitions to describe services provided under the Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement (CSTDA) and an agreed data transmission protocol. Under the CSTDA the Australian Government (Commonwealth) was responsible for the planning, policy setting and management of employment services for people with disability, and the states and territories were responsible for all other disability support services (including accommodation support, community access, community support and respite services) (AIHW 2009b). Responsibility for advocacy, information and print disability services was shared between the two levels of government. The 2007–08 CSTDA NMDS includes information about services provided through the CSTDA during 2007–08. The 2008–09 CSTDA NMDS includes information about services provided through the CSTDA during the period 1 July 2008 to 31 December 2008 and through the National Disability Agreement (NDA) during the period 1 January 2009 to 30 June 2009. Note that the NDA replaced the CSTDA on 1 January 2009, and the CSTDA NMDS was renamed the Disability Services (DS) NMDS from

	1 July 2009.
Disability (ABS definition)	A person has a disability if he or she has a limitation, restriction or impairment, which has lasted, or is likely to last, for at least six months and restricts everyday activities. These activities include: loss of sight (not corrected by glasses or contact lenses); or an aid to assist with, or substitute for, hearing is used; speech difficulties; shortness of breath or breathing difficulties causing restriction; chronic or recurrent pain or discomfort causing restriction; blackouts, fits, or loss of consciousness; difficulty learning or understanding; incomplete use of arms or fingers; difficulty gripping or holding things; incomplete use of feet or legs; nervous or emotional condition causing restriction; restriction in physical activities or in doing physical work; disfigurement or deformity; mental illness or condition requiring help or supervision; long-term effects of head injury, stroke or other brain damage causing restriction; receiving treatment or medication for any other long-term conditions or ailments and still restricted; or any other long-term conditions resulting in a restriction. See 'core activity limitation'.
Disability services	Disability services in this report relate to specialist disability services. Specialist disability services are services specially designed to meet the needs of people with disability.
Employment to population rate	The employment to population rate is the number of employed people aged 15 to 64 years as a proportion of the total population aged 15 to 64 years.
Indigenous status not stated/ Indigenous status unknown	Where a person's Indigenous origin has either not been asked or not recorded.
Indigenous	A person of Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander origin who identifies as an Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander.
Inner regional	See 'remoteness areas'.
Labour force	The labour force is the most widely used measure of the economically active population or the formal supply of labour. It is a measure of the number of people contributing to, or willing to contribute to, the supply of labour and, as defined by the ABS, comprises two mutually exclusive categories of population: the employed (people who have worked for at least one hour in the reference week, including those who have participated in Community Development Employment Projects (CDEP)), and the unemployed (people who are without work, but are actively looking for work and available to start work within four weeks).
Labour force participation rate	The labour force participation rate for any group within the population is the labour force component of that group, expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 to 64 years in that group.
Major cities	See 'remoteness areas'.
Need for assistance	In the CSTDA/Disability Services NMDS, information is collected about each service user's frequency of need for personal help or supervision in nine life areas: activities of daily living (self-care, mobility and communication); activities of independent living (interpersonal interactions and relationships; learning, applying knowledge and general tasks and demands; and domestic life); and activities of work, education and community living (education, community (civic) and economic life; and working). In performance indicators 3 and 6, need for assistance is based on the person's highest reported need for help or supervision according to the following categories: • Activities of daily living (ADL): This includes people who sometimes need help or supervision, or are unable to do or always need help or

	supervision with one or more ADL (communication, mobility and self-care). • Activities of independent living (AIL) or activities of work, education and community living (AWEC) but not with ADL: This includes people who sometimes need help or supervision, or are unable to do or always need help or supervision with AIL or AWEC (interpersonal interactions and relationships; learning, applying knowledge and general tasks and demands; education; community (civic) and economic life; domestic life; working). This category excludes people who sometimes or always need assistance with ADL. • No need for help or supervision: This category includes people who do not need help or supervision for each of the nine life areas, including those who use aids and/or equipment. • Level of assistance not determined: This category includes people whose need for assistance was 'not stated', 'not collected' or 'not applicable (due to age)'. Results of need for assistance data items in the NMDS should be evaluated with regard to data quality, including 'not stated' rates. It should be noted that some service providers may not be in a position to accurately assess a person's support needs in all life areas. Furthermore, some consider it an infringement of privacy principles to collect information that is not directly required for service provision.
Non-Indigenous	A person who does not identify as Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander.
Non-remote	See 'remoteness areas'.
Not stated responses	In performance indicators 3, 6 and 8, 'not stated' responses from the Disability Services NMDS include cases where the data item was not required to be collected.
Open employment services (service type 5.01)	Services received under the CSTDA/NDA that provide employment assistance to people with a disability in obtaining and/or retaining paid employment in the open labour market. For more information, see AIHW 2009b.
Outer regional	See 'remoteness areas'.
Outlet (CSTDA definition)	An outlet refers to a service type outlet, which is a unit of a funded agency (see 'Agency' above) that provides a particular CSTDA service type at a discrete location.
People with disability	ABS SDAC population—In the ABS SDAC, a person is considered to have a disability if they report that they have a limitation, restriction or impairment, which has lasted, or is likely to last, for at least six months and restricts everyday activities (ABS 2004). This includes: • loss of sight (not corrected by glasses or contact lenses) • loss of hearing where communication is restricted, or an aid to assist with, or substitute for, hearing is used • speech difficulties • shortness of breath or breathing difficulties causing restriction • chronic or recurrent pain or discomfort causing restriction • blackouts, fits, or loss of consciousness • difficulty learning or understanding • incomplete use of arms or fingers • difficulty gripping or holding things • incomplete use of feet or legs • nervous or emotional condition causing restriction • restriction in physical activities or in doing physical work

	• disfigurement or deformity • mental illness or condition requiring help or supervision • long-term effects of head injury, stroke or other brain damage causing restriction • receiving treatment or medication for any other long-term conditions or ailments and still restricted • any other long-term conditions resulting in a restriction.
People with severe/profound core activity limitation	There are four levels of core-activity limitation (profound, severe, mild, moderate), which are based on whether a person needs help, has difficulty, or uses aids and equipment with any of the core activities (communication, mobility and self-care) (ABS 2004). A person's overall level of core-activity limitation is determined by their highest level of limitation in these activities. In the ABS SDAC, a person with profound limitation is unable to do, or always needs help with, a core activity task. A person with severe limitation sometimes needs help with a core activity task, has difficulty understanding or being understood by family or friends, and/or can communicate more easily using sign language or other spoken forms of communication.
Potential Population	The potential population for disability services is an estimate of the number of people who are likely to require a disability service at some time. In these performance indicators, the potential population is the estimated number of people aged under 65 years with profound or severe core activity limitation. This is calculated as follows: • Indicator 3—the potential population was calculated by applying the age-sex severe/profound core activity limitation rates from the SDAC 2003 to the Estimated Resident Population at the beginning of the reporting period by state/territory by age group by sex. • Indicator 6—The Indigenous potential population is calculated by applying adjusted age-sex severe/profound core activity limitation rates from the SDAC 2003 to the state/territory by age group by sex Estimated Indigenous Resident Population at the beginning of the reporting period. The SDAC 2003 age-sex rates will be adjusted by rate ratio of Indigenous core activity need for assistance to all persons core activity need for assistance as calculated from the 2006 Census of Population and Housing.
Regional	See 'remoteness areas'.
Relative standard error (RSE)	The relative standard error (RSE) of a survey data estimate is a measure of the reliability of the estimate and depends on both the number of people giving a particular answer in the survey and the size of the population, as well as the inherent variability of the characteristic within the general population and the sampling and weighting methodologies used to determine the estimate. The RSE is expressed as a percentage of the estimate. The higher the RSE, the less reliable the estimate. Relative standard errors for survey estimates are included in the attachment tables. See also 'statistical significance'.
Remote	See 'remoteness areas'.
Remoteness	See 'remoteness areas'.
Remoteness areas	Information on people's location is presented using Remoteness Areas. The Remoteness Areas are structured on the Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC) developed by the ABS (ABS 2001); categories include Major Cities, Inner Regional, Outer Regional, Remote, and Very Remote Areas. These areas are based on the Accessibility/Remoteness Index of Australia (ARIA), and are structured to provide an indication of the degree of remoteness (or distance) from major urban centres.

	• In the CSTDA/Disability Services NMDS, a service user's Remoteness Area was calculated based on their residential postcode. Remoteness Area was calculated based on the ASGC 2006 classification (ABS 2006b). • In the ABS SDAC 2003, the ASGC 2001 Collection Districts were used (ABS 2001). The Remoteness Areas were derived by calculating the average ARIA index value for each Collection District and applying the ASGC 2001 Remoteness Area criteria. The exclusion of sparsely settled areas from the scope of this survey reduced the size of the Very Remote Australia category. As a result, remoteness data is presented as Major Cities, Inner Regional and Other. The Other category combines Outer Regional Australia, Remote Australia and the remainder of Very Remote Australia.
Respite services	Respite services provide a short-term and time-limited break for families and other voluntary caregivers of people with disability, to assist in supporting and maintaining the primary care giving relationship, while providing a positive experience for the person with disability. • Own home respite (service type 4.01)—Respite care provided in the individual's own home location. • Centre-based respite/respite homes (4.02)—Respite care provided in community setting similar to a 'group home' structure and respite care provided in other centre-based settings. • Host family respite/peer support respite (4.03)—Host family respite provides a network of 'host families' matched to the age, interests and background of the individual and their carer. Peer support is generally targeted at children or young adults up to 25 years of age, and matches the individual with a peer of similar age and interests, usually for group activities. Usually provided on a voluntary basis. • Flexible respite (4.04)—Respite services that offer any combination of own home and host family/peer support respite (service types 4.01 and 4.03). Includes respite where day outings and camping trips are taken (where the primary purpose is respite). Flexible respite to meet an individual's needs may include brokerage for respite, only when the funding dollars come from respite resources. • Other respite (4.05)—Respite services other than those outlined above (i.e. other than 4.01–4.04), including crisis respite and holidays for the person with the disability where the primary intention of the service is to provide respite support (rather than primarily a holiday experience) and the service user is generally separated from their usual support arrangements, e.g. family.
Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC)	This ABS survey aimed to measure the prevalence of disability in Australia; measure the need for support of older people and those with a disability; provide a demographic and socio-economic profile of people with disabilities, older people and carers compared with the general population; and estimate the number of and provide information about people who provide care to older people and people with disabilities (ABS 2004). More information about the scope and methodology of the survey is available on the ABS website. The most recent SDAC for which results are available was conducted in 2003. Results from the 2009 SDAC are expected to be released in late 2010.
SDAC populations	The ABS SDAC has two components – the household component and the cared-accommodation component. The household component covers people in • Private dwellings such as houses, flats, home units, townhouses, tents and other structures used as private places of residence at the time of the survey.

	• Non-private dwellings such as hotels, motels, boarding houses, education and religious institutions, guest houses, construction camps, short-term caravan parks, youth camps and camping grounds, including staff quarters, and self-care components of retirement villages. • Smaller disability group homes (with fewer than six people) were considered to be private dwellings. In this context, people in the household component of the survey are referred to as the 'household population'. The cared-accommodation component covered residents of hospitals, nursing homes, hostels and other homes such as children's homes, who had been, or were expected to be, living there or in another health establishment for three months or more.
Service (CSTDA definition)	A service is a support activity delivered to a service user, in accordance with the CSTDA. Services within the scope of the collection are those for which funding has been provided, during the specified period, by a government organisation operating under the CSTDA.
Service type outlets (CSTDA definition)	A service type outlet is the unit of the funded agency that delivers a particular CSTDA service type at, or from, a discrete location.
Service user (CSTDA definition)	A service user is a person with disability who receives a CSTDA-funded service. A service user may receive more than one service over a period of time or on a single day.
Social and community activities	Performance indicator 2 includes three measures of social and community activities: • participation in social and community activities at home in the last three months (for example, visits from family and friends) • participation in social and community activities away from home in the last three months (for example, visits to relatives and friends) • travel to a social or community activity in the last fortnight (for example, going to a restaurant or club in the last fortnight).
Statistical significance	Statistical significance is a measure of the degree of difference between survey data estimates. The potential for sampling error — that is, the error that occurs by chance because the data are obtained from only a sample and not the entire population — means that reported responses may not indicate the true responses. Using the relative standard errors (RSE) of survey data estimates, it is possible to use a formula to test whether the difference is statistically significant. If there is an overlap between confidence intervals for different data items, it cannot be stated for certain that there is a statistically significant difference between the results. See 'confidence intervals' and 'relative standard error'.
Supported employment services (service type 5.02)	Services received under the CSTDA/NDA that provide employment opportunities and assistance to people with disabilities to work in specialised and supported work environments. For more information, see AIHW 2009b.
Support services that assist in the caring role	This includes services specifically aimed at providing relief from the caring role (such as respite), along with services for the service user/person with disability which have a secondary effect of carer respite and which give the carer an opportunity to pursue their other interests and activities as a by-product of providing support to the person they provide care to (such as day programs). The following three categories of services from the CSTDA/Disability Services NMDS are classified as 'support services that assist in the caring role' (For more information, see AIHW 2009b): • In-home accommodation support

	– Attendant care/personal care (service type 1.05)—An attendant care program provides for an attendant(s) to assist people with daily activities that they are unable to complete for themselves because of physical, intellectual or any other disability. The service is provided to people to assist them to live in the community, and to live on their own. – In-home accommodation support (1.06)—Support involves individual in-home living support and/or developmental programming services for people with a disability, supplied independently of accommodation. The accommodation may be owned, rented, or otherwise provided, but should be independent of the agency providing the in-home support service. • Community access services—See ‘community access services’ glossary entry. • Respite services—See ‘respite services’ glossary entry.
Targeted support services (service type 5.04)	Targeted support services provide people with disability structured training and support to work towards social and community participation or opportunities to develop skills, or retrain, for paid employment. These services were transferred to State/Territory governments on 1 October 2008.
Torres Strait Islander people	People who identify as being of Torres Strait Islander origin. May also include people who identify as being of both Torres Strait Islander and Aboriginal origin.
Very remote	See ‘remoteness areas’.