

National Agreement performance information 2008-09

National Disability
Agreement

*Steering Committee
for the Review of
Government
Service Provision*

December 2009

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**Steering Committee for the
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Service Provision**

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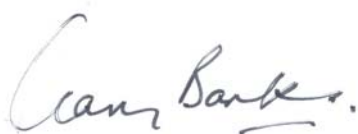
Dear Mr McClintock

In accordance with Schedule C of the *Intergovernmental Agreement on Federal Financial Relations* I am pleased to submit to you the Steering Committee's report on the performance data for the *National Disability Agreement*.

This report is one of four Steering Committee reports that provide performance data on the National Agreements related to healthcare, affordable housing, disability and Indigenous reform. A separate appendix provides additional contextual information to assist in interpreting the information in this report.

This report was produced with the assistance of Australian, State and Territory Government departments and agencies, and a number of statistical bodies. The Steering Committee would like to record its appreciation for the efforts of all those involved in the development of this report.

Yours sincerely



Gary Banks AO
Chairman

24 December 2009

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This Report

The Steering Committee for the Review of Government Service Provision was requested by COAG to collate information relevant to the performance indicators in the National Agreements, and to provide it to the COAG Reform Council (CRC). The CRC subsequently requested the Steering Committee to include information on all categories of performance information set out in each National Agreement, including those variously referred to as performance indicators, progress measures, outputs, benchmarks and targets.

The information in this report is an input to the COAG Reform Council's analysis. To facilitate the COAG Reform Council's work, this report contains the following information:

- background and roles and responsibilities of various parties in National Agreement performance reporting
- contextual information relevant to the *National Disability Agreement*
- overview of the outputs, performance indicators, progress measures and key issues in performance reporting for the *National Disability Agreement*
- individual indicator specifications and summaries of data issues
- attachment tables containing the performance data. Attachment tables are also available in excel format.

The original data quality statements provided by data collection agencies are also provided as an attachment to this report.

Steering Committee

This Report was produced under the direction of the Steering Committee for the Review of Government Service Provision (SCRGSP). The Steering Committee comprises the following current members:

Mr Gary Banks AO	Chairman	Productivity Commission
Mr Ron Perry	Aust. Govt.	Department of Prime Minister and Cabinet
Ms Sue Vroombout	Aust. Govt.	Department of the Treasury
Mr John Ignatius	Aust. Govt.	Department of Finance and Administration
Ms Nazli Munir	NSW	Department of Premier and Cabinet
Mr Mark Ronsisvalle	NSW	Department of Treasury
Ms Katy Haire	Vic	Department of the Premier and Cabinet
Mr Tony Bates	Vic	Department of Treasury and Finance
Ms Sharon Bailey	Qld	Department of the Premier and Cabinet
Mr John O'Connell	Qld	Department of Treasury
Ms Lyn Genoni	WA	Department of the Premier and Cabinet
Mr David Christmas	WA	Department of Treasury and Finance
Mr Ben Wilson	SA	Department of the Premier and Cabinet
Mr David Reynolds	SA	Department of Treasury and Finance
Ms Rebekah Burton	Tas	Department of Premier and Cabinet
Ms Pam Davoren	ACT	Chief Minister's Department
Ms Anne Coleman	NT	Department of the Chief Minister
Mr Tony Stubbin	NT	NT Treasury
Mr Trevor Sutton		Australian Bureau of Statistics
Dr Penny Allbon		Australian Institute of Health and Welfare

People who also served on the Steering Committee during the production of this Report include:

Ms Penelope McKay	Vic	Department of Treasury and Finance
Ms Rebecca Brown	WA	Department of Treasury and Finance

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National Disability Agreement performance reporting

Box 1 **Attachment tables**

Data for the performance indicators in this report are presented in a separate set of attachment tables. Attachment tables are identified in references throughout this report by an 'NDA' suffix (for example, table NDA.3.1).

About this report

Background to National Agreement reporting

In November 2008, the Council of Australian Governments (COAG) endorsed a new Intergovernmental Agreement on Federal Financial Relations (IGA) (COAG 2009a). The Ministerial Council for Federal Financial Relations has general oversight of the operations of the IGA [IGA para. A4(a)].

The IGA included six new National Agreements (NAs):

- *National Healthcare Agreement*
- *National Education Agreement*
- *National Agreement for Skills and Workforce Development*
- *National Affordable Housing Agreement*
- *National Disability Agreement*
- *National Indigenous Reform Agreement.*

COAG also agreed to a new form of payment — National Partnership (NP) payments — to fund specific projects and to facilitate and/or reward states and territories that deliver on nationally significant reforms.

Five of the NAs are associated with a national Specific Purpose Payment (SPP) that can provide funding to the states and territories for the sector covered by the NA. These five SPPs cover schools, vocational education and training (VET), disability services, healthcare and affordable housing. The *National Indigenous Reform Agreement* (NIRA) is not associated with a specific SPP, but draws together Indigenous elements from the other NAs and is associated with several NP agreements.

Under the reforms, each NA contains the objectives and outcomes for each sector, and clarifies the respective roles and responsibilities of the Commonwealth and the states and territories in the delivery of services. The NAs also contain a range of categories of performance information, variously named ‘outputs’, ‘progress measures’, ‘performance indicators’, ‘performance benchmarks’ and ‘targets’. The performance of all governments in achieving the outcomes and performance benchmarks specified in NAs will be monitored and assessed by the COAG Reform Council (CRC).

National Agreement reporting roles and responsibilities

The IGA states that:

The performance reporting framework for the National Agreements is based on:

- (a) high-level performance indicators for each National Agreement;
- (b) the Steering Committee for the Review of Government Service Provision (the Steering Committee) having overall responsibility for collating the necessary performance data; and
- (c) the [CRC] publishing performance data relating to National Agreements, and National Partnerships to the extent that they support the objectives in National Agreements, within three months of receipt from the Steering Committee, along with a comparative analysis of this performance information that:
 - i. focuses on the high-level National Agreement performance indicators;
 - ii. highlights examples of good practice;
 - iii. highlights contextual differences between jurisdictions which are relevant to interpreting the data; and
 - iv. reflects COAG’s intention to outline transparently the contribution of both levels of government to achieving performance benchmarks and to achieving continuous improvement against the outcomes, outputs and performance indicators. [para. C5]

The IGA further specifies that:

The Steering Committee will provide the agreed performance information to the COAG Reform Council, desirably within three months and no later than six months after the reporting period to which the data relates. [para. C10]

Performance information in respect of the education and training sectors will be on a calendar year basis, commencing with performance information for 2008, and for all other sectors will be on a financial year basis, commencing with performance information for 2008-09. [para. C11]

...the *Steering Committee* will comment on the quality of the performance indicator data using quality statements prepared by the collection agencies which set out the quality attributes of the data using the Australian Bureau of Statistics' Quality Framework. [para. C12]

Role of the CRC

The IGA states that:

... the [CRC] will report to the Prime Minister...on:

- a) the publication of performance information for all jurisdictions against National Agreement outcomes and performance benchmarks;
- b) production of an analytical overview of performance information for each National Agreement, and National Partnership to the extent it supports the objectives in a National Agreement, noting that the [CRC] would draw on a range of sources, including existing subject experts;
- c) independent assessment of whether predetermined performance benchmarks have been achieved before an incentive payment to reward nationally significant reforms under National Partnerships is made;
- d) monitoring the aggregate pace of activity in progressing COAG's agreed reform agenda; and
- e) other matters referred by COAG. [para. A11]

The IGA further specifies that:

The [CRC] will provide annual reports to COAG containing the performance data. It will also report its own comparative analysis of the performance of governments in meeting the objectives of the National Agreements. The reports will also highlight examples of good practice and performance so that, over time, innovative reforms or methods of service delivery may be adopted by other jurisdictions. The parties [to the IGA] will provide the [CRC] the information necessary for it to fulfil its role, as directed by COAG. [para. C14]

The [CRCs] reports should be provided to COAG no later than three months after receiving the performance information from the *Steering Committee*. [para. C15]

In preparing its performance information reports, the [CRC] may draw upon other data collection agencies and subject experts it considers relevant to its work. [para. C16]

Role of the Steering Committee

The Steering Committee is required to report twice yearly to the CRC on performance under the National Agreements. The IGA could be read to imply a further role for the Steering Committee in providing information on performance data for 'National Partnerships to the extent that they support the objectives in National Agreements' [para. C5(c)]. Pending clarification of the Steering Committee's role in relation to NP reporting, performance indicators from NP agreements have not been included in this first tranche of reporting.

Reports from the Steering Committee to the CRC are required:

- by end-June on the education and training sector (*National Education Agreement* and the *National Agreement for Skills and Workforce Development*), commencing with performance information for 2008
- by end-December on the other sectors (*National Healthcare Agreement*, the *National Affordable Housing Agreement*, the *National Disability Agreement* and the *National Indigenous Reform Agreement*), commencing with performance information for 2008-09
- including the provision of quality statements prepared by the collection agencies (based on the Australian Bureau of Statistics' (ABS) data quality framework).

Role of Ministerial Councils and COAG Working Groups

The IGA states that:

The role of relevant Ministerial Councils, other than the Ministerial Council for Federal Financial Relations, and relevant COAG Working Groups with respect to [the IGA] includes recommending to COAG on:

- a) development of objectives, outcomes, outputs and performance indicators for National Agreements; and
- b) proposing new specific projects and reforms which could be supported by National Partnerships. [para. A9]

Ministerial Councils may also be consulted by the Ministerial Council for Federal Financial Relations, in relation to its roles in:

- maintaining a register of the national minimum data sets [para. C28]

-
- overseeing progress in improving the quality and timeliness of indicator data and the coordination of improvements in data collection processes, data quality and the timeliness of performance reporting for the National Performance Reporting System [para. C29].

Role of data collection agencies

Data collection agencies are responsible for providing the required data to the Steering Committee, with its responsibility under the IGA for collating the NA performance data. In addition, the data collection agencies are also responsible for preparing data quality statements ‘... which set out the quality attributes of the data using the ABS’ Quality Framework’ [para. C12].

As noted above, data collection agencies may also be called upon by the CRC, as the CRC prepares its performance information reports [para. C16].

Data collection agencies may also be consulted by the Ministerial Council for Federal Financial Relations, in relation to its roles in:

- maintaining a register of the national minimum data sets [para. C28]
- overseeing progress in improving the quality and timeliness of indicator data and the coordination of improvements in data collection processes, data quality and the timeliness of performance reporting for the National Performance Reporting System [para. C29].

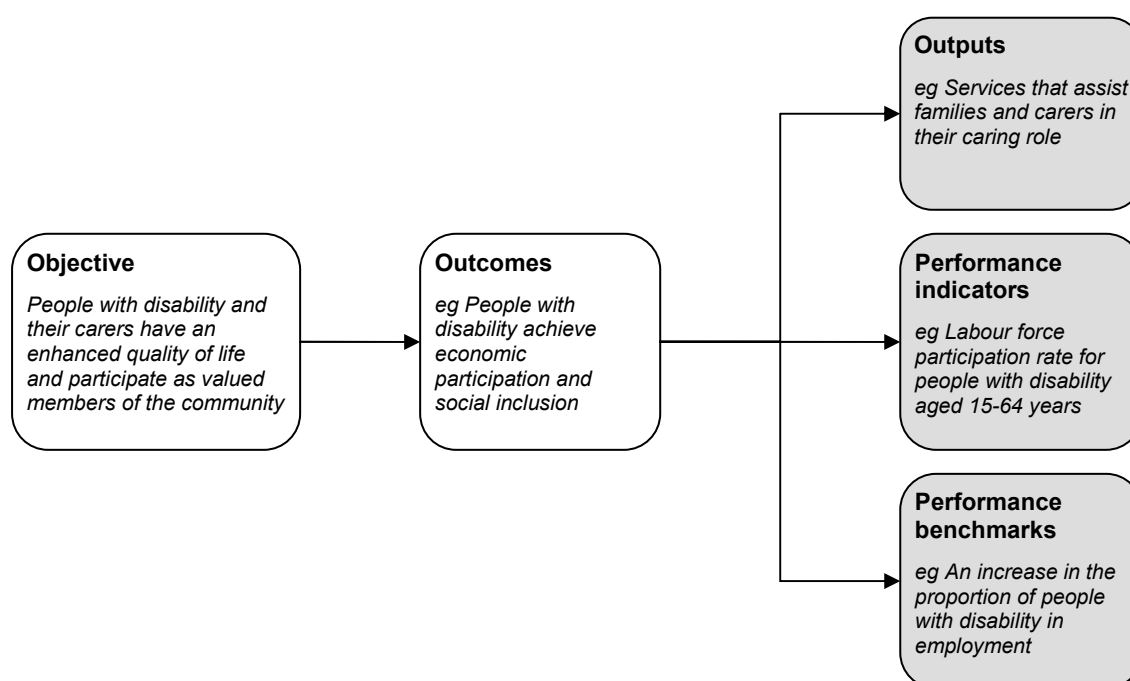
Performance reporting

The Steering Committee is required to collate performance information for the *National Disability Agreement* (NDA) (COAG 2009b) and provide it to the CRC no later than 31 December 2009 (and annually thereafter).

The IGA states that the Steering Committee has responsibility for collating the necessary performance data for the reporting against the NAs [para. C5 (b)]. The CRC requested the Steering Committee to provide information on all performance categories in the National Agreements (variously referred to as ‘outputs’, ‘progress measures’, ‘performance indicators’, ‘performance benchmarks’ and ‘targets’).

The NDA includes the performance categories of ‘outputs’, ‘performance indicators’ and ‘performance benchmarks’. The links between the objectives, outcomes and associated performance categories in the NDA are illustrated in figure 1.

Figure 1 **NDA performance reporting^{a, b}**



^a Shaded boxes indicate categories of performance information included in this report. ^b Although the NDA has multiple outcomes, outputs, progress measures and performance benchmarks, only one example of each included in this figure for illustrative purposes.

This report includes available data for the following:

- NDA outputs (as part of the disability-specific context section)
- baseline information for NDA performance benchmarks
- baseline information for NDA performance indicators.

Data are in respect of the baseline reporting period of the 2008-09 financial year (where 2008-09 data are not available, data for the most recent reporting period have been included).

In addition, this report includes comments by the Steering Committee on the quality of reported data based on data quality statements completed by relevant data collection agencies, and identifies areas for development of NDA ‘outputs’, ‘performance indicators’ and ‘performance benchmarks’. This report also contains the original data quality statements (DQSs) completed by relevant data collection agencies. Box 2 identifies the key issues in reporting on the performance categories in the NDA.

A separate appendix (*National Agreement performance information 2008-09: Appendix — Health, Affordable housing, Disability and Indigenous Reform*) provides general contextual information about each jurisdiction, to assist interpretation of the performance data. Contextual information is provided on population size and trends, family and household characteristics, socioeconomic status and general economic indicators.

The objective of the NDA is that ‘people with disability and their carers have an enhanced quality of life and participate as valued members of the community’, with the focus of the NDA on the provision of specialist disability services for people with disabilities [para. 12]. The provision of mainstream services is an important, and potentially more efficient way, of delivering services to people with disability and their carers. Further work is required to broaden the benchmarks and indicators to reflect all services, and to work towards improved reporting of disability status in data collections for mainstream services.

Box 2 **Key issues in reporting against the NDA**

General

- Baseline data (2008-09) were not available for any indicators. Survey of Disability and Carers (SDAC) and National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey (NATSISS) data are only available every six years. More regular data collection is necessary.
- The size of the standard errors mean that both the SDAC and NATSISS data may not be adequate for measuring change over time. Small year to year movements may be difficult to detect if the size of the standard errors is large compared to the size of the difference between estimates.
- The quality of Indigenous data varies substantially between jurisdictions and data sources. Further work is required to improve the quality of information on people with disability by Indigenous status.
- The provision of mainstream services is an important, and potentially more efficient way, of delivering services to people with disability and their carers. Further work is required to broaden the benchmarks and indicators to reflect all services, and to improve reporting of disability status in data collections for mainstream services.

Outputs

- The NDA outputs are not statistical measures, and relate to the broad outcomes for people with disability, which go beyond specialist disability services. Therefore, these outputs are not reported against.

Performance benchmarks

- Of the six performance benchmarks, three could not be reported against, as measures have yet to be developed:
 - *A decrease in the proportion of potential population with unmet demand for services*
 - *An increase in the proportion of people with disability accessing services who have an individualised service plan*
 - *All services are subject to quality improvement systems consistent with National Standards by 2010*
- The three performance benchmarks that are reported against are listed below.
 - *An increase in the proportion of people with disability in employment.*
 - *An increase in the proportion of Indigenous people with disability receiving disability services.*
 - *An increase in the proportion of younger people in, or at risk of entering, residential aged care assisted with more appropriate forms of accommodation, diversionary strategies and/or enhanced services.*

(Continued next page)

Box 2 (continued)

Performance indicators

- Of the 10 performance indicators included in this report, two could not be reported against, as appropriate data sources were not available:
 - *Proportion of people with disability who are satisfied with the range of disability service options and quality of support received*
 - *Proportion of carers of people with disability who are satisfied with the range of disability service options and quality of support received.*
- Of the remaining eight indicators, two are reported against using interim indicators:
 - *Proportion of potential population who need more assistance* (indicator of unmet need as a proxy for unmet demand)
 - *Proportion of carers of people with disability accessing support services to assist in their caring roles* (indicator has a restricted carer population).
- Of the eight performance indicators reported against, four indicators can only be reported every six years (using SDAC and/or NATSISS data):
 - *Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15-64 years*
 - *Proportion of people with disability who participate in social or community activities*
 - *Proportion of potential population who need more assistance (interim indicator)*
 - *Labour force participation rate for carers aged 15 to 64 of people with disability.*

An assessment of the relative speed of change in results for these indicators is required to determine whether more regular data collection is necessary. In particular, an assessment of whether more regular data for the total population, by type of need and by type of services accessed is required (including both mainstream and specialist disability services).

Further, as these four performance indicators are sourced from sample surveys, they may not be able to assess change over time. A relative standard error (RSE) of less than 25 per cent is generally regarded as an acceptable standard for estimates at a particular point in time. However, this might not be adequate for measuring change over time. Small year to year movements will be difficult to detect given the size of the standard errors.

- One of the priorities of the COAG Reform Agenda is to address social inclusion. The other service-specific National Agreement performance reports include socioeconomic status (SES) as a key measure of social inclusion. None of the performance indicators in this report are disaggregated by SES. Further work is required to determine an appropriate concept and definition of SES for this report.
- Multiple data sources have been used to construct measures for some indicators in this report. Comments on the comparability of different data sources within a measure have been provided where applicable.

Context for National Disability Agreement performance reporting

The objective of the NDA is ‘People with disability and their carers have an enhanced quality of life and participate as valued members of the community’ [para. 6]. Further to this, the NDA will contribute to the achievement of the following outcomes:

- (a) people with disability achieve economic participation and social inclusion
- (b) people with disability enjoy choice, wellbeing and opportunity to live as independently as possible
- (c) families and carers are well supported [para. 7].

The focus of the NDA is on the provision and funding of specialist disability services. The NDA also acknowledges that specialist disability services are complemented by mainstream services and income support measures, and related to this the objectives, outcomes and outputs are broader than those that can be achieved through specialist disability services. For example, the NDA outcome ‘families and carers are well supported’ includes government and the community. The NDA and predecessor CSTDA (Commonwealth State Territory Disability Agreement) historically has not targeted or measured services directly to carers.¹

Roles and responsibilities

The roles of the Commonwealth under the NDA are detailed at para. 15 of the Agreement. The States and Territories roles and responsibilities are detailed at para. 16, and shared roles and responsibilities are detailed at para. 14.

In brief, the Commonwealth is responsible for the provision of income support, for people with disability, their families and carers, and employment services for people with disability. The States are responsible for the provision of specialist disability services for people with disability (except disability employment services).

State and Territory governments account for the majority of expenditure of NDA funds for specialist disability services (SCRGSP 2009; SCRGSP forthcoming). State and Territory Government expenditure on specialist services is predominantly on accommodation support and community access. The Australian Government’s expenditure on specialist services is predominantly employment services, with the

¹ The NDA replaced the CSTDA on 1 January 2009. The terminology of the CSTDA provided clear parameters for the targeting of specialist disability services to people with severe or profound disabilities.

Australian Government also responsible for directly funding income support payments.

Disability prevalence

Data on disability prevalence is sourced from the ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC). This survey is only conducted every six years, with the most recent available data in respect of 2003 (results from the 2009 survey are not anticipated to be available until October 2010).

The ABS estimated that in 2003, one in five people in Australia (3 958 300 or 20.0 per cent) had a reported disability (that is, a core activity limitation, a schooling or employment restriction or an impairment)² (ABS 2004). The national rate of profound or severe core activity limitation was 6.3 per cent. These rates were similar to those identified in the previous survey in 1998 (20.1 per cent and 6.4 per cent respectively). State and Territory rates are presented in table 1.

Table 1 Disability rates, by State and Territory, 2003 (age standardised)^a

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust^b</i>
Severe/profound core activity limitation ^c	5.4	6.5	7.6	6.2	6.5	7.4	5.0	np	6.3
All with reported disability	17.7	19.9	22.5	21.4	22.6	22.6	15.8	np	20.0

^a Rates are age standardised to June 2003. ^b Includes Northern Territory. ^c Core activities comprise communication, mobility and self care. **np** Not published.

Source: ABS (2004) *Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers, Australia, 2003*, Cat. no. 4430.0, Canberra.

The prevalence of disability increases with age. In 2003, the national rate of disability increased from 4.3 per cent for those aged less than four years to 40.6 per cent for those aged 65–69 years and 92.1 per cent for people 90 years and older. Similarly, rates for profound and severe disabilities increased with age, reaching 74.2 per cent for people aged 90 and over (ABS 2004).

In 2003, over half of all Australians with disability had a combination of two or more intellectual, psychiatric, sensory/speech, acquired brain injury or physical/diverse disabilities (AIHW 2009a). The more disabilities people had, the more likely they were to need help with ‘core’ daily activities of self-care, mobility and communication, and the more likely they were to face education restrictions

² Further information on how disability is defined and on different disability types is in the glossary section of this report.

(for children of school age) and employment restrictions (for people aged 15–64 years).

The ABS Census of Population and Housing (the Census) provides some information on people with disability. Although the nature of the questions in the Census means that it cannot provide information on the prevalence of disability, it can provide useful information on the relative differences in prevalence of disability between geographic locations and sub-populations.

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people

Indigenous people have significantly higher rates of profound or severe core activity limitation than non-Indigenous people. Results from the previous NATSISS were able to be compared with the ABS General Social Survey (both conducted in 2002) to compare Indigenous and non-Indigenous people (AIHW 2006). It was estimated that in 2002 the proportion of Indigenous people aged over 18 years who had a profound or severe core activity limitation was approximately 2.4 times that of non-Indigenous people (AIHW 2006).

The most comprehensive data on disability prevalence for Indigenous people come from the ABS National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey (NATSISS). In 2008, the age standardised severe/core activity limitation rate for Indigenous people aged 15 years and over was 10.1 per cent (table 2). The rate for all disabilities was 46.6 per cent. A non-Indigenous comparator is not currently available for these data.

Table 2 Disability rates for Indigenous people aged 15 years and over, by State and Territory, 2008, (age standardised)^a

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT^b</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Severe/profound core activity limitation ^c	10.6	11.0	8.0	7.8	12.1	11.6	12.4	13.7	10.1
All with reported disability	48.4	50.6	46.1	45.5	49.8	44.6	49.8	41.3	46.6

^a Rates are age standardised to June 2008. ^b The ACT rate for severe/profound core activity limitation has an RSE greater than 25 per cent and should be used with caution. ^c Core activities comprise communication, mobility and self care.

Source: ABS (unpublished) derived from the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey, 2008.

Location and socioeconomic status

Disability is more common in regional and remote areas than major cities (AIHW 2008a), and in more disadvantaged areas relative to less disadvantaged areas (Bradbury et al 2001).

A recent report by the AIHW (2009b) looked at the distribution of people with severe disability aged 0–64 years living in capital cities, using data from the 2006 Census (although the Census does not provide comprehensive data on disability prevalence, it is the only available data source on people with disability that has detailed geographical disaggregations). The report found that there is considerable variation in the rate of disability within cities and that, while confirming that disability is less common in metropolitan areas than regional and remote areas at a broad level, there are still some local areas within cities that have relatively high rates of severe disability. In addition, the most disadvantaged statistical local areas (SLAs) within a capital city tended to have the highest rates of severe disability, while the most advantaged SLAs tended to have the lowest rates.

Cultural and linguistically diverse (CALD) background

The ABS defines CALD by three variables:

- country of birth (COB)
- language other than English (LOTE) spoken at home
- English language proficiency.

Because CALD is a combination of factors, it is acknowledged that there is no single definition of CALD and different measures are often used.

There is limited information about people with disability from CALD backgrounds. The 2003 SDAC includes information on country of birth. The 2006 Census contains information on COB, LOTE spoken at home and English language proficiency. SDAC and Census disability data are not comparable.

In 2003, the age standardised disability prevalence rate was 21.0 per cent for people born in Australia, slightly higher than the aged standardised rate for the total population (20.0 per cent). Profound/severe core-activity limitation rates were also slightly higher for people born in Australia (6.5 per cent) than for the total population (6.3 per cent) (ABS 2004).

Profile of services for people with disability

NDA Outputs

The NDA has four outputs [para. 8]:

- services that provide skills and supports to people with disability to enable them to live as independently as possible
- services that assist people with disability to live in stable and sustainable living arrangements
- services that assist families and carers in their caring role
- income support for people with disability and their carers.

The NDA outputs are not statistical measures, and were not intended to relate only to specialist disability services. The outputs relate to the broad outcomes for people with disability, which go beyond specialist disability services.

Some contextual information is available on income support for people with disability and their carers. The Australian Government funds income support payments for people with disability, their carers, and those temporarily incapacitated from work as a result of illness, with payments made to those who meet the eligibility criteria. These payments include: the Disability Support Pension; the Carer Payment; the Carer Allowance; the Sickness Allowance; and the Mobility Allowance. These income support arrangements do not constitute a NDA service. The disability services chapter in the *Report on Government Services 2009* (SCRGSP 2009) contains further information on outlays on payments and the number of recipients (updated data will be available in the 2010 Report, due for release on 29 January 2010).

Additional information on specialist disability services is provided below.

Scope of services

Disability services, in the main, are provided to people whose disability has manifest before the age of 65 years and not to people whose disability is age-related.

The NDA provides funding to the states and territories to contribute to the delivery of specialist disability services (except disability employment services, for which the Australian Government is responsible). However, there is some variation

between jurisdictions in the services funded under the NDA (and the previous CSTDA) and those funded under other programs (see table 3).

The most recent available data for services relates to 2007-08, at which time services were still being delivered under the CSTDA. The NDA commenced on 1 January 2009.

Table 3 Scope of services included under the CSTDA, by State and Territory, 2007-08

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>
Specialist psychiatric disability services ^a	N	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	N
Early childhood intervention ^b	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y

^a CSTDA NMDS data were included for users of specialist psychiatric disability services in WA who have psychiatric disability and at least one other disability group. ^b Includes selected services only for the NT.

Source: AIHW (2009c) *Disability support services 2007-08*, Cat. no. DIS 56. Canberra.

In Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia, specialist psychiatric disability services are funded to provide this support. However, in other jurisdictions, specific mental health services are funded and provided under health, rather than disability, portfolios.

Similarly, most jurisdictions fund early childhood intervention services under the NDA to assist children with a developmental delay to integrate with peers in preschools and the community more broadly. However, similar services are also funded under health and education portfolios.

Agencies and service type outlets providing specialist disability services

In 2007-08, 2283 CSTDA-funded agencies consisting of 10 836 service type outlets delivered CSTDA-funded services across Australia (tables 4 and 5). A ‘service type outlet’ is the unit of the funded agency that delivers a particular CSTDA service type at or from a discrete location. If a funded agency provides, for example, both accommodation support and respite services, it is counted as two service type outlets.

The number of service type outlets has increased in recent years as a result of growing numbers of physical outlets for specialist disability services but also in response to the need for data on specialist disability services to reflect more flexible support arrangements, for example, where one outlet in fact delivers more than one service type. For this reason, counts of service type outlets should be interpreted with caution.

In 2007-08, just over two thirds of agencies (67.9 per cent) were funded by state and territory governments, with the remaining third (32.1 per cent) funded by the Australian Government (table 4).

Table 4 CSTDA-funded agencies by State and Territory, 2007-08 (number)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
State and Territory funded agencies	372	476	281	104	128	98	48	43	1 550
Australian Government funded agencies	240	183	114	70	67	25	21	13	733
Total	612	659	395	174	195	123	69	56	2 283

Source: AIHW (2009c) *Disability support services 2007-08*, Cat. no. DIS 56. Canberra.

In 2007-08, 89.3 per cent of service type outlets were funded by state and territory governments, with the remaining 10.7 per cent funded by the Australian Government (table 5).

Table 5 CSTDA service type outlets, by funding source and State and Territory, 2007-08 (number)^a

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
State and Territory funded	2 857	2 896	1 767	842	732	220	195	172	9 681
Australian Government funded	404	273	193	90	120	36	22	17	1 155
Total	3 261	3 169	1 960	932	852	256	217	189	10 836

Source: AIHW (2009c) *Disability support services 2007-08*, Cat. no. DIS 56. Canberra.

Users of specialist disability services

In 2007-08, approximately 245 700 people of all ages used CSTDA-funded services in Australia (table 6).

Table 6 Users of CSTDA-funded services by State and Territory, 2007-08^{a, b}

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Service users ('000)	61.8	89.1	36.5	21.3	25.2	6.1	4.5	2.5	245.7

^a Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during the 12-month period. Service user data were not collected for all CSTDA service types. ^b Includes service users of all ages.

Source: AIHW (2009c) *Disability Support Services 2007-08*, Cat. no. DIS 56. Canberra.

Indigenous people access CSTDA-funded services at a higher rate than non-Indigenous people. In 2007-08, 4.5 per cent of users of CSTDA-funded services were Indigenous, compared to 2.5 per cent of the general population who were Indigenous as at 30 June 2006. The proportion of users of CSTDA-funded services who were Indigenous was higher than the Indigenous proportion of the population in each State and Territory except Tasmania (table 7).

However, the limited available data show that Indigenous people have much higher rates of disability than non-Indigenous people. For example, it was estimated that in 2002 the proportion of Indigenous people aged 18 years and over who had a profound or severe core activity limitation was approximately 2.4 times that of non-Indigenous people (AIHW 2006). This suggests that Indigenous people with disability may not access services at the same rate as non-Indigenous people with disability.

Table 7 Users of CSTDA-funded services as a proportion of population, by Indigenous status and State and Territory, 2007-08 (per cent)^{a, b, c, d}

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Indigenous	4.7	2.6	5.9	7.2	3.8	3.4	1.8	42.1	4.5
Non-Indigenous	92.8	86.9	91.4	92.2	91.7	94.0	96.2	53.3	90.0
Not stated/not collected	2.6	10.5	2.8	0.7	4.5	2.7	2.0	4.6	5.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Indigenous proportion of population ^e	2.2	0.7	3.5	3.4	1.8	3.8	1.3	30.4	2.5

^a Service user data are estimates after use of a statistical linkage key to account for individuals who received services from more than one service type outlet during the 12-month period. Totals for Australia may not be the sum of components because individuals may have accessed services in more than one state/territory during the 12-month period. Service user data were not collected for all CSTDA service types. ^b The term Indigenous refers to service users who identified as Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander people. Non-Indigenous refers to service users who reported not being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander background. ^c Not stated/not collected includes both service users for whom Indigenous data were not collected and other service users with no response. ^d Includes service users of all ages ^e As at 30 June 2006.

Source: AIHW (2009c) *Disability Support Services 2007-08*, Cat. no. DIS 56. Canberra; SCRGSP (forthcoming); *National Agreement performance information 2008-09: Appendix — Health, Affordable housing, Disability and Indigenous Reform*, Productivity Commission, Canberra.

Potential population

The common measure of the population at risk of using specialist disability services is the 'potential population'. To provide an indication of the potential population with disability in the SDAC intervening years, an estimate is derived. 'Potential population' indicates the number of people, aged 0–64 years, with the potential to need specialist disability services. It is not the same as those who actually need or

request services. The potential population is estimated by applying the 2003 SDAC national age and sex-specific rates of profound or severe core activity limitation to the age and sex structure of each jurisdiction in the current year, to give an 'expected current estimate'. These estimates are often used as denominators for various calculations of service access.

Carers

In 2003, there were approximately 2.5 million carers aged 15 years or over who provided some assistance to those who needed help because of disability (ABS 2004). Around one in five (474 600) were identified as primary carers who provided the majority of informal help to a person with a disability.

Females are the main providers of informal care, and comprise 56 per cent of all carers of workforce age (15–64 years). However, they comprise an even greater proportion of primary carers (76 per cent) (Cass 2008).

Understanding the impact of caring on labour force participation is important, given the projections of growth in the number of people likely to require care over the coming decades (primarily due to the ageing population and the shift from institutional to community care) (NATSEM 2004).

Table 8 presents information on labour force participation by carer status. In 2003, 67.0 per cent of carers of people with disability participated in the labour force. A much higher proportion of people who were not carers participated in the labour force (77.6 per cent). Primary carers were much less likely to participate in the labour force than non-primary carers (50.0 per cent to 70.8 per cent).

Table 8 Labour force participation of people aged 15–64 years, by carer status, 2003 (per cent)

<i>Carer status</i>	<i>Labour force participation rate (%)</i>	<i>Employment to population rate (%)</i>
Primary carer of people with disability	50.0	48.4
Non-primary carers of people with disability	70.8	66.3
Total carers of people with disability	67.0	63.1
Not a carer	77.6	73.4
Total	76.0	71.9

Source: ABS (unpublished) derived from the 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

The 2006 Families Caring for a Person with a Disability (FCPD) survey was based on a random sample of carers from Centrelink records who received Carer Payment and/or Carer Allowance. The FCPD found that many carers stopped work once they

commenced caring, and that the majority of non-employed carers of working age expressed a desire to be in paid employment (Edwards et al 2008). Further analysis of female carers found that providing full time care (as opposed to part time care) was associated with a higher rate of wanting to work (Gray and Edwards 2009).

Performance benchmarks

The CRC has requested the Steering Committee to report against the performance benchmarks identified in the NAs. The performance benchmarks in the NDA are:

- (a) an increase in the proportion of people with disability in employment
- (b) a decrease in the proportion of potential population with unmet demand for services
- (c) an increase in the proportion of people with disability accessing services who have an individualised service plan
- (d) an increase in the proportion of younger people in, or at risk of entering, residential aged care assisted with more appropriate forms of accommodation, diversionary strategies and/or enhanced services
- (e) an increase in the proportion of Indigenous people with disability receiving disability services
- (f) all services are subject to quality improvement systems consistent with National Standards by 2010.

The ability to provide baseline data for the performance benchmarks in the NDA is variable. Some benchmarks are clearly defined, readily measureable and have available data. Other benchmarks require further work on concepts and definitions or data are not currently available.

Outlined below are the performance benchmarks, any associated issues and where available, baseline data. Links are provided to the related NDA outcome and, where relevant, to the related performance indicator.

Performance benchmark (a) — An increase in the proportion of people with disability in employment

Outcome: People with disability achieve economic participation and social inclusion

Measure: Proportion of people with disability aged 15–64 who are employed

The measure is defined as:

- *numerator* — number of people with disability aged 15–64 years who are employed (full time or part time)
- *denominator* — total number of people with disability aged 15–64 years and is expressed as a *percentage*.

Related performance indicator/s: Performance indicator 1, 'Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years' is related to this benchmark

Data source: Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC). Data collected every six years

Data provider: ABS

Data availability: SDAC — 2003

Baseline: 2003

Cross tabulations provided: Disability status by State and Territory by labour force status (employment to population rate sourced from table NDA.1.21 for performance indicator 1: Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years)

Box 3 Results

In 2003, the national employment to population rate (ratio of employed to working age population) for people with disability was 48.7 per cent.

Data are available by State and Territory in table NDA.1.21.

Attachment tables

Table NDA.1.21	Labour force status working age population (15–64 year olds) living in households, by disability status, by State/Territory, 2003
Table NDA.1.22	Relative standard errors for labour force status working age population (15–64 year olds) living in households, by disability status, by State/Territory

Box 4 Comment on data quality

This performance benchmark is related to NDA performance indicator 1 (Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years). A baseline can be reported using the 2003 SDAC.

This performance benchmark can be reported against every six years. Data from the 2009 SDAC are anticipated to be available in October 2010.

Further information on the quality of the data used to inform this performance benchmark is contained in the comment on data quality for performance indicator 1 in the next section on 'Performance Indicators'.

Performance benchmark (b) — A decrease in the proportion of potential population with unmet demand for services

Outcome: People with disability enjoy choice, wellbeing and the opportunity to live as independently as possible

Measure: A measure for this benchmark is yet to be developed

Related performance indicator/s: Performance Indicator 5, 'Proportion of the potential population expressing unmet demand for disability support services'

Data source: Not yet identified

Data provider: Not yet identified

Data availability: Nil

Baseline: Yet to be determined

Cross tabulations provided: Nil

Box 5 Results

Data are not available for this performance benchmark.

Box 6 Comment on data quality

This benchmark is related to performance indicator 5, which measures the “unmet demand for disability support services”. Data do not currently exist for performance indicator 5. The interim indicator for indicator 5 (unmet need, though not for formal assistance), for which data are available, addresses only a small part of the broader concept captured by this benchmark.

Reporting on a proxy measure for this benchmark may be available from the 2009 ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC), anticipated to be released in October 2010.

Performance benchmark (c) — An increase in the proportion of people with disability accessing services who have an individualised service plan

Outcome:	People with disability enjoy choice, wellbeing and the opportunity to live as independently as possible
Measure:	A measure for this benchmark is yet to be developed
Related performance indicator/s:	Nil
Data source:	Not yet identified
Data provider:	Not yet identified
Data availability:	Nil
Baseline:	Yet to be determined
Cross tabulations provided:	Nil

Box 7 Results

Data are not available for this performance benchmark.

Box 8 Comment on data quality

Data do not currently exist for this benchmark, and a data plan will be developed within the auspices of the Community and Disability Services Ministers Advisory Council.

Performance benchmark (d) — An increase in the proportion of younger people in, or at risk of entering, residential aged care assisted with more appropriate forms of accommodation, diversionary strategies and/or enhanced services

Outcome:	People with disability enjoy choice, wellbeing and the opportunity to live as independently as possible
Measure:	Number of people aged under 65 years admitted to permanent residential aged care in the reference year
Related performance indicator/s:	Nil
Data source:	Department of Health and Ageing (DoHA) <u>Aged and Community Care Management Information System</u> (ACCMIS). Data are available annually
Data provider:	AIHW
Data availability:	ACCMIS — 2007-08
Baseline:	2007-08
Cross tabulations provided:	State and Territory by age group (less than 50 years, 50–64 years and total aged less than 65 years)

Box 9 Results

Nationally, there were 1942 new admissions to permanent residential aged care for people aged under 65 years, in 2007-08.

As more young people with disability who are at risk of admission to residential aged care are assisted with more appropriate forms of accommodation, diversionary strategies and/or enhanced services, the number of new admissions of younger people to permanent residential aged care should decrease.

Data are provided below for this measure (table 9).

Table 9 New admissions to permanent residential aged care for people aged less than 65 years, by State and Territory, by age group 2007-08^{a, b, c, d, e}

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<50 years ^f	84	57	29	19	18	5	np	np	217
50-64 years	608	380	344	150	166	50	np	np	1 725
Total < 65 years	692	437	373	169	184	55	20	12	1 942

^a Admissions to permanent residential aged care do not include admissions to residential respite care.

^b Transfers and readmissions during 2007-08 are excluded. However, readmissions where the discharges occurred before the reporting period may be included. ^c Where a person had multiple admissions to permanent care in 2007-08 only the first is counted. ^d Age reported at admission. ^e Regular updating of the Aged and Community Care Management Information System (ACCMIS) database can result in revisions to data for previous financial years. ^f Nationally the under 50 age group has been the priority for the YPIRAC program. **np** Not published.

Source: AIHW (Unpublished) analysis of the DoHA ACCMIS as at October 2009.

Box 10 Comment on data quality

The ACCMIS data provide a measure of the effectiveness of the Young People in Residential Aged Care (YPIRAC) program at diverting younger people with disability from residential aged care (that is, it provides a summary measure of effectiveness in targeting the 'at risk' group).

The data used to report on this benchmark refer only to admissions to residential aged care and do not directly capture those diverted from entering residential aged care or provided with enhanced services or assistance to exit from residential aged care.

Measures more consistent with YPIRAC program objectives are being developed for this benchmark for future reports.

Performance benchmark (e) — An increase in the proportion of Indigenous people with disability receiving disability services

Outcome:	People with disability enjoy choice, wellbeing and the opportunity to live as independently as possible
Measure:	<p>Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years who accessed specialist disability services</p> <p>The measure is defined as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>numerator</i> — number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people aged 0–64 years who used specialist disability services in the reporting period• <i>denominator</i> — estimated Indigenous potential population for specialist disability services on 30 June at the start of the reporting period and is expressed as a percentage
Related performance indicator/s:	Performance Indicator 6, 'Number of Indigenous people with disability receiving disability services as a proportion of the Indigenous potential population requiring services', is directly related to this benchmark
Data source:	<p><i>Numerator</i> — <u>Disability Services National Minimum Data Set</u> (DS NMDS) previously known as the <u>Commonwealth State and Territory Disability Agreement National Minimum Data Set</u> (CSTDA NMDS). Data are collected annually</p> <p><i>Denominator</i> — <u>Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers</u> (SDAC). Data are collected every six years. <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> (Census). Data are collected every five years. Annual estimates of <u>Indigenous projected population</u> data are updated every five years following a Census</p> <p>Data are available for reporting annually</p>
Data provider:	AIHW (for CSTDA NMDS) and ABS (Other)
Data availability:	CSTDA NMDS — 2007-08; SDAC — 2003; Indigenous projected population — June 2007; Census — 2006
Baseline:	2007-08
Cross tabulations provided:	<p>This benchmark utilises the data provided for performance indicator 6 (Indigenous people with disability receiving disability services as a proportion of the Indigenous potential population requiring services)</p> <p>For each of the following service groups:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. State and territory delivered specialist disability services2. Disability employment services (delivered by the Australian Government)3. All disability services

For each service group:

- State and Territory by age group
- State and Territory by sex
- State and Territory by need for assistance
- Nationally by remoteness area

Box 11 Results

In 2007-08, 29.7 per cent of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessed disability services.

Results are available by State and Territory in tables NDA.6.1–12.

Attachment tables

Table NDA.6.1	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by age group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.2	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing state/territory delivered disability support services, by sex and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.3	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.4	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing state/territory delivered disability support services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.5	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing disability employment services, by age group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.6	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing disability employment services, by sex and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.7	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing disability employment services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.8	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing disability employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.9	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing all disability services, by age group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.10	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing all disability services, by sex and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.11	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing all disability services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2007-08
Table NDA.6.12	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing all disability services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08

Box 12 Comment on data quality

Data for the estimated potential population have been used to report against this benchmark. This is not the actual number of people with disability.

This benchmark is related to NDA performance indicator 6: Number of Indigenous people with disability receiving disability services as a proportion of the Indigenous potential population requiring services. Further information on the quality of the data used to inform this performance benchmark is contained in the comment on data quality for performance indicator 6 in the next section on 'Performance Indicators'.

The Steering Committee recommends that the name of this benchmark be amended to reflect measurement of the Indigenous potential population, and thus align with performance indicator 6, as the potential population is the target group for services funded under the NDA.

Performance benchmark (f) — All services are subject to quality improvement systems consistent with National Standards by 2010

Outcome:	Yet to be determined
Measure:	A measure for this benchmark has yet to be developed
Related performance indicator/s:	Nil
Data source:	Not yet identified
Data provider:	Not yet identified
Data availability:	Nil
Baseline:	Yet to be determined
Cross tabulations provided:	Nil

Box 13 **Results**

Data are not available for this performance benchmark.

Box 14 **Comment on data quality**

Data do not currently exist for this benchmark.

National standards for disability services have been in place since 1993. States and territories agreed to align their quality frameworks with the Interim Quality Framework by July 2010. Further, the National Standards are also currently under revision.

Jurisdictions may report on this benchmark once the revision is complete and a comprehensive National Quality Framework is validated.

Performance indicators

The performance indicators in this report cover the 10 ‘performance indicators’ included in the NDA (table 10).

In this report, for performance indicators where data quality and/or completeness is an issue, interim measures are provided and are identified as such in the text.

Data for the performance indicators in this report are presented in attachment tables identified in references throughout this report by an ‘NDA’ suffix.

Table 10 Performance indicators in the National Disability Agreement^a

<i>Performance indicator</i>		<i>Page no. in this report</i>
1.	Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15-64 years	32
2.	Proportion of people with disability who participate in social and community activities	37
3.	Proportion of the potential population accessing disability services	44
4.	Proportion of people with disability who are satisfied with the range of disability service options and the quality of support received	47
5.	Proportion of potential population expressing unmet demand for disability support services	48
	*Interim indicator: Proportion of the potential population who need more assistance	*50
6.	Number of Indigenous people with disability receiving disability services as a proportion of the Indigenous potential population requiring services	53
7.	Labour force participation rate for carers aged 15 to 64 of people with disability	56
8.	Proportion of carers of people with disability accessing support services to assist in their caring role	60
9.	Proportion of carers of people with disability who are satisfied with the range of disability service options and quality of support received	62
10.	Proportion of people with disability receiving income support	63

^a The performance indicators are presented in this table using the direct wording from the table on pp. 6-7 of the NDA (2009b). This does not necessarily reflect the measures used to report against the indicators in this report. * Interim indicator reported against until indicator 5 can be reported against.

Indicator 1: Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years

Outcome: People with disability achieve economic participation and social inclusion

Measure: Proportion of persons with disability aged 15–64 who are in the labour force

The measure is defined as:

- *numerator* — number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force (employed or unemployed)
- *denominator* — total number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years

and is expressed as a *percentage*

The sub measure is defined as:

- *numerator* — number of unemployed persons with disability aged 15–64 years
- *denominator* — total number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years in the labour force

and is expressed as a *percentage*

Data source: (all) Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC). Data are collected every six years

Monthly Population Survey supplementary survey data on disability to be collected every two years

(Indigenous) National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey (NATSISS) for Indigenous data. Data are collected every six years

Data provider: ABS

Data availability: SDAC — 2003
NATSISS — 2008

Cross tabulations provided: (all) State and Territory, by:

- disability status

All with reported disability, State and Territory, by:

- sex
- age group
- remoteness area
- country of birth
- sex by age group

Indigenous people, State and Territory, by:

- disability status

- sex
- age group
- remoteness area

(all) Labour force status, by State and Territory by:

- disability status

Attachment tables

Table NDA.1.1	Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households, by disability status, by State/Territory, 2003
Table NDA.1.2	Relative standard errors for labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households, by disability status, by State/Territory
Table NDA.1.3	Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households, all with reported disability, by sex, by State/Territory, 2003
Table NDA.1.4	Relative standard errors for labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households, all with reported disability, by sex, by State/Territory
Table NDA.1.5	Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households, all with reported disability, by age group, by State/Territory, 2003
Table NDA.1.6	Relative standard errors for labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households, all with reported disability, by age group, by State/Territory
Table NDA.1.7	Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households, all with reported disability, by remoteness area, by State/Territory, 2003
Table NDA.1.8	Relative standard errors for labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households, all with reported disability, by remoteness area, by State/Territory
Table NDA.1.9	Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households by country of birth, by State/Territory, 2003
Table NDA.1.10	Relative standard errors for labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households by country of birth, by State/Territory
Table NDA.1.11	Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households, all with reported disability, age by sex, by State/Territory, 2003
Table NDA.1.12	Relative standard errors for labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households, all with reported disability, age by sex, by State/Territory

Table NDA.1.13	Labour force participation rate for Indigenous people aged 15–64 years with a disability, living in households, by disability status, by State/Territory, 2003
Table NDA.1.14	Relative standard errors for labour force participation rate for Indigenous people aged 15–64 years with a disability, living in households, by disability status, by State/Territory
Table NDA.1.15	Labour force participation rate for Indigenous people aged 15–64 years with a disability, living in households, by sex, by State/Territory, 2008
Table NDA.1.16	Relative standard errors for labour force participation rate for Indigenous people aged 15–64 years with a disability, living in households, by sex, by State/Territory
Table NDA.1.17	Labour force participation rate for Indigenous people aged 15–64 years with a disability, living in households, by age, by State/Territory, 2008
Table NDA.1.18	Relative standard errors for labour force participation rate for Indigenous people aged 15–64 years with a disability, living in households, by age, by State/Territory
Table NDA.1.19	Labour force participation rate for Indigenous people aged 15–64 years with a disability, living in households, by remoteness area, by State/Territory, 2008
Table NDA.1.20	Relative standard errors for labour force participation rate for Indigenous people aged 15–64 years with a disability, living in households, by remoteness area, by State/Territory
Table NDA.1.21	Labour force status working age population (15–64 year olds) living in households, by disability status, by State/Territory, 2003
Table NDA.1.22	Relative standard errors for labour force status working age population (15–64 year olds) living in households, by disability status, by State/Territory

Box 15 Comment on data quality

The DQS for this indicator has been prepared by the ABS and is included in its original form in the section in this report titled 'Data Quality Statements'. Key points from the DQS are summarised below.

- The data provide relevant information on the proportion of people with disability at the State and Territory level, who are participating in the labour force (sourced from the SDAC). Data are not available by socioeconomic status (SES).
- The SDAC does not include people living in very remote areas which affects the comparability of the NT results.
- Data for Indigenous people are available from the NATSISS. The NATSISS uses a short question module on disability which does not provide the same level of accuracy in identifying disability as the SDAC (the NATSISS captures a larger disability population, due to the inclusion of some people with non-restrictive long term health conditions). Therefore, estimates of labour force participation for Indigenous people with disability are not directly comparable with estimates of labour force participation for the general population with disability.
- The SDAC is conducted every 6 years, with the most recent data available for 2003. the NATSISS is conducted every 6 years, with the most recent data available for 2008.
- Some SDAC and NATSISS estimates for Tasmania, ACT and the NT have relative standard errors greater than 25 per cent and should be used with caution.
- Data on all items reported are comparable nationally, but Indigenous estimates are not comparable with the general population estimates.
- Detailed explanatory notes are publicly available to assist in interpretation of results.
- Additional data from the data source are available on-line, and on request.

The Steering Committee also notes the following issues:

- SDAC and NATSISS data are only available every 6 years. More regular data collection is necessary.
- The size of the standard errors mean that both the SDAC and NATSISS data may not be adequate for measuring change over time. Small year to year movements may be difficult to detect if the size of the standard errors is large compared to the size of the difference between estimates.
- Disaggregation of this indicator by SES is a priority. The current structure of the SDAC does not include collection of SES. Further work is required to determine the appropriate concept and definition of SES that should be collected for people with disability, and the most appropriate data collection.

(Continued next page)

Box 15 (continued)

- Australian governments have committed to closing the gaps between Indigenous and non-Indigenous people. Comparable disability data are not available for Indigenous and non-Indigenous people with disability. Further data development is needed so that outcomes can be compared.
- The measure for this indicator developed by the Community and Disability Services Ministers Conference subgroup, the National Disability Information Management Group, focuses on labour force participation with a sub measure for unemployment. The Steering Committee is of the view that three measures should be collected for this indicator: the labour force rate, the employment to population rate and the unemployment rate. The combination of these three measures provides the most complete picture of the experience of people with disability in the labour force.

Indicator 2: Proportion of people with disability who participate in social and community activities

Outcome: People with disability achieve economic participation and social inclusion

Measure: Social and community participation of people with disability

There are three measures proposed for this indicator

The measures are defined as:

Numerator —

- measure (1): number of persons aged 5–64 years with disability who participated in social activities at home in the last 3 months
- measure (2): number of persons aged 5–64 years with disability who participated in social activities away from home in the last 3 months
- measure (3): number of persons aged 5–64 years with disability who travelled to a social activity in the last two weeks

Denominator —

- (all measures) — total number of persons with disability aged 5–64 years

and are expressed as *percentages*

Data source: *Numerator and denominator:*
(all) Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC). Data are collected every six years
(Indigenous) National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey (NATSISS). Data are collected every six years

Data provider: ABS

Data availability: SDAC — 2003
NATSISS — 2008

Cross tabulations provided: (all) State and Territory, by

- disability status

All with disability, State and Territory, by:

- sex
- age group
- remoteness area
- country of birth
- sex by age group

(Indigenous) Indigenous people with disability, State and Territory, by:

- sex
- age group
- remoteness area

Attachment tables

Table NDA.2.1	Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities at home in the last three months, by disability status, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)
Table NDA.2.2	Relative standard errors for proportion of people (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities at home in the last three months, by disability status, by State/Territory (per cent)
Table NDA.2.3	Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities at home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by sex, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)
Table NDA.2.4	Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities at home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by sex, by State/Territory (per cent)
Table NDA.2.5	Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities at home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by age, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)
Table NDA.2.6	Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities at home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by age, by State/Territory (per cent)
Table NDA.2.7	Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities at home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by remoteness area, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)
Table NDA.2.8	Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities at home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by remoteness area, by State/Territory (per cent)
Table NDA.2.9	Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities at home in the last three months, by country of birth, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)
Table NDA.2.10	Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities at home in the last three months, by country of birth, by State/Territory (per cent)
Table NDA.2.11	Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities at home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by age and sex, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)

Table NDA.2.12	Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities at home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by age and sex, by State/Territory (per cent)
Table NDA.2.13	Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities away from home in the last three months, by disability status, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)
Table NDA.2.14	Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities away from home in the last three months, by disability status, by State/Territory (per cent)
Table NDA.2.15	Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities away from home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by sex, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)
Table NDA.2.16	Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities away from home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by sex, by State/Territory (per cent)
Table NDA.2.17	Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities away from home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by age, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)
Table NDA.2.18	Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities away from home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by age, by State/Territory (per cent)
Table NDA.2.19	Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities away from home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by remoteness area, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)
Table NDA.2.20	Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities away from home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by remoteness area, by State/Territory (per cent)
Table NDA.2.21	Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities away from home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by country of birth, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)
Table NDA.2.22	Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities away from home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by country of birth, by State/Territory (per cent)

Table NDA.2.23	Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities away from home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by age and sex, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)
Table NDA.2.24	Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities away from home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by age and sex, by State/Territory (per cent)
Table NDA.2.25	Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who have travelled to social and community activities in the last fortnight, by disability status, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)
Table NDA.2.26	Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who have travelled to social and community activities in the last fortnight, by disability status, by State/Territory (per cent)
Table NDA.2.27	Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who have travelled to social and community activities in the last fortnight, all with reported disability, by sex, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)
Table NDA.2.28	Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who have travelled to social and community activities in the last fortnight, all with reported disability, by sex, by State/Territory (per cent)
Table NDA.2.29	Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who have travelled to social and community activities in the last fortnight, all with reported disability, by age, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)
Table NDA.2.30	Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who have travelled to social and community activities in the last fortnight, all with reported disability, by age, by State/Territory (per cent)
Table NDA.2.31	Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who have travelled to social and community activities in the last fortnight, all with reported disability, by remoteness area, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)
Table NDA.2.32	Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who have travelled to social and community activities in the last fortnight, all with reported disability, by remoteness area, by State/Territory (per cent)
Table NDA.2.33	Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who have travelled to social and community activities in the last fortnight, all with reported disability, by country of birth, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)
Table NDA.2.34	Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who have travelled to social and community activities in the last fortnight, all with reported disability, by country of birth, by State/Territory (per cent)

Table NDA.2.35	Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who travelled to social and community activities in the last fortnight, all with reported disability, by age and sex, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)
Table NDA.2.36	Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who travelled to social and community activities in the last fortnight, all with reported disability, by age and sex, by State/Territory (per cent)
Table NDA.2.37	Proportion of Indigenous people with disability (aged 15–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities, by sex, by State/Territory, 2008 (per cent)
Table NDA.2.38	Relative standard errors for proportion of Indigenous people with disability (aged 15–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities, by sex, by State/Territory (per cent)
Table NDA.2.39	Proportion of Indigenous people with disability (aged 15–64 years) living in households who participated in social and community activities, by age, by State/Territory, 2008 (per cent)
Table NDA.2.40	Relative standard errors for proportion of Indigenous people with disability (aged 15–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities, by age, by State/Territory (per cent)
Table NDA.2.41	Proportion of Indigenous people with disability (aged 15–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities, by remoteness area, by State/Territory, 2008 (per cent)
Table NDA.2.42	Relative standard errors for proportion of Indigenous people with disability (aged 15–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities, by remoteness area, by State/Territory (per cent)

Box 16 **Comment on data quality**

The DQS for this indicator has been prepared by the ABS and is included in its original form in the section in this report titled 'Data Quality Statements'. Key points from the DQS are summarised below.

- The data provide relevant information, at the State and Territory level, on people with disability who have participated in social activities. Data are not available by socioeconomic status (SES).
- Data for Indigenous people with disability are available from the NATSISS. However, for the following reasons these data are not directly comparable to data for all people, sourced from the SDAC:
 - scope of disability: the NATSISS uses a short question module on disability which does not provide the same level of accuracy in identifying disability as the SDAC does with its longer question module (the NATSISS captures a larger disability population, due to the inclusion of some people with non-restrictive long term health conditions)
 - scope of age: this measure applies to people aged 5–64 years. The NATSISS collects data for people with a minimum age of 15 years
 - scope of questions: the NATSISS asks people whether they participated in sports/social/community activities in the last three months. This differs conceptually from the SDAC group of social activities since some activities are excluded and others are included.
- The SDAC does not include people living in very remote areas which affects the comparability of the NT results.
- The SDAC is conducted every 6 years, with the most recent data available for 2003. The NATSISS is conducted every 6 years, with the most recent data available for 2008.
- Some SDAC and NATSISS estimates for Tasmania, ACT and the NT have relative standard errors greater than 25 per cent and should be used with caution.
- Data reported are comparable nationally. Indigenous estimates are not comparable with the general population estimates.
- Detailed explanatory notes are publicly available to assist in interpretation of results.
- Additional data from the data source are available on-line, and on request.

(Continued next page)

Box 16 (continued)

The Steering Committee also notes the following issues:

- Disaggregation of this indicator by SES is a priority. The current structure of the SDAC does not include collection of SES. Further work is required to determine the appropriate concept and definition of SES that should be collected for people with disability, and the most appropriate data collection.
- Australian governments have committed to closing the gaps between Indigenous and non-Indigenous people. Comparable disability data are not available for Indigenous and non-Indigenous people with disability. Further data development is needed so that outcomes can be compared.
- SDAC and NATSISS data are only available every 6 years. More regular data collection is necessary.
- The size of the standard errors mean that both the SDAC and NATSISS data may not be adequate for measuring change over time. Small year to year movements may be difficult to detect if the size of the standard errors is large compared to the size of the difference between estimates.

Indicator 3: Proportion of the potential population accessing disability services

Outcome: People with disability enjoy choice, wellbeing and the opportunity to live as independently as possible

Measure: Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years who accessed specialist disability services

The measure is defined as:

- *numerator* — number of users of specialist disability services aged 0–64 years in the reporting period
 - *denominator* — estimated potential population for specialist disability services on 30 June at start of reporting period
- and is expressed as a *percentage*

Data source: *Numerator* — Disability Services National Minimum Data Set (DS NMDS) previously known as the Commonwealth State and Territory Disability Agreement National Minimum Data Set (CSTDA NMDS). Data are collected annually

Denominator — Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC), data are collected every six years. Census of Population and Housing (Census), data are collected every five years. Estimated Resident Population (ERP), data are collected annually

Data are available for reporting annually

Data provider: AIHW and ABS jointly

Data availability: CSTDA NMDS — 2007–08
SDAC — 2003; ERP — June 2007; Census — 2006

Cross tabulations provided: For each of the following service groups:

1. State and Territory delivered specialist disability services
2. Disability employment services (delivered by the Australian Government)
3. All disability services

The following disaggregations are presented for all service groups:

- Nationally by country of birth
- Nationally by remoteness area
- State and Territory by need for assistance
- By need for assistance in life area

Rates of severe/profound core activity limitation from the SDAC are used in the calculation of the denominator

For service groups 1 & 3:

- State and Territory by sex by age group (0–4, 5–14, 15–24, 25–34,

35–44, 45–54, 55–64 years, total)

For service group 2:

- State and Territory by sex by age group (15–24, 25–34, 35–44, 45–54, 55–64 years, total)

Attachment tables

Table NDA.3.1	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.2	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.3	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.4	Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing disability employment services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.5	Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing disability employment services, by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.6	Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing disability employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.7	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing all disability services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.8	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing all disability services, by country of birth and remoteness, 2007-08
Table NDA.3.9	Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing all disability services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08

Box 17 Comment on data quality

The DQS for this indicator has been prepared by the AIHW and is included in its original form in the section in this report titled 'Data Quality Statements'. Key points from the DQS are summarised below.

- The data provide relevant information, at the State and Territory level, on the proportion of the potential population accessing disability services. Data are not available by socioeconomic status (SES).
- Annual data for the numerator, are available from the CSTDA NMDS. The most recently available data are for 2007-08. Data for the denominator (measuring the potential population) are not available for 2007-08 and have been estimated from several different sources under several key assumptions. The denominator can be estimated annually.
- Data for the denominator are from a variety of sources from different years which may reduce the accuracy of the estimates.
- CSTDA NMDS data are generated from administrative data. It is assumed that the assessment of disability support needs follows broadly consistent principles across jurisdictions, but, this assumption is untested.
- Data on Indigenous people accessing disability services in indicator 6 — 'number of Indigenous people with disability requiring disability services as a proportion of the Indigenous potential population requiring services' — are not comparable with data for this indicator.
- Not stated/not collected rates vary substantially across data items and jurisdictions. For example, the data item 'need for assistance' has a particularly high not stated/not collected rate of 20.5 per cent overall.
- Additional data from the data source are available on-line, and on request.

The Steering Committee also notes the following issues:

- Disaggregation of this indicator by SES is a priority. The current structure of the CSTDA does not include collection of SES. Further work is required to determine the appropriate concept and definition of SES that should be collected for people with disability, and the most appropriate data collection.
- Australian governments have committed to closing the gaps between Indigenous and non-Indigenous people. Indigenous data on this topic (from indicator 6) are not directly comparable with data for this indicator. Further data development is needed so that outcomes for Indigenous and non-Indigenous people with disability can be compared.
- Some data to support this measure have been estimated according to several assumptions (some untested). Further work is required to test these assumptions.

Indicator 4: Proportion of people with disability who are satisfied with the range of disability service options and quality of support received

Outcome: People with disability enjoy choice, wellbeing and the opportunity to live as independently as possible

Measure: A measure for this indicator has yet to be developed

Box 18 Comment on data quality

There is currently no agreed measure, nor any available data, to inform this indicator.

The Steering Committee notes that data development for this indicator is being undertaken as part of the implementation plan for the National Disability Services Quality Framework.

Indicator 5: Proportion of the potential population expressing unmet demand for disability support services

Outcome: People with disability enjoy choice, wellbeing and the opportunity to live as independently as possible

Measure: Unmet demand for specialist disability services

There are three measures for this indicator

The measures are defined as:

Numerator —

- measure (a): number of eligible people aged 0–64 years waiting to commence service or waiting for additional service
- measure (b): number of people aged 0–64 years in potential population who have taken action in the last 12 months to get more formal assistance but who still need more formal assistance
- measure (c): number of people aged 0–64 years in potential population who need more formal assistance than they are currently receiving

Denominator —

- measure (a): number of people aged 0–64 years who require and are eligible for specialist disability services, including persons receiving and not receiving services
- measure (b): number of people aged 0–64 years in potential population
- measure (c): number of people aged 0–64 years in potential population

Data source: *Numerator and denominator*

- measure (a): Jurisdiction demand systems. Data are collected annually. Not yet available
- measure (b) and (c): Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC). Data are collected every six years

Data provider: AIHW and ABS jointly

Data availability (1–3): There are currently no data available

Cross tabulations provided: State and Territory

Further disaggregation will depend on data availability and quality. Where possible, will include age group, sex, Indigenous status, country of birth, remoteness area and disability status

Box 19 Comment on data quality

Measures 5(a) and 5(b) require significant data development and are not reported for this report. An interim measure for 5(c) is available.

Measure 5(a) is intended to give a measure of unmet demand as a proportion of confirmed demand. Definitional work to inform data development is proceeding through the Community & Disability Services Ministers' Advisory Council/National Disability Information Management Group.

An interim measure for measure 5(c), the proportion of potential population who need more assistance, is reported against in this report. It includes both formal and informal assistance. See the next indicator – (interim) indicator 5 – for details.

Data for measure 5(c) are sourced from the SDAC. While information about need for more assistance is available from SDAC 2003, it is not possible to distinguish need for formal assistance. The 2009 SDAC contains new questions on the need for more formal assistance. Measure 5(c) will be developed when 2009 SDAC data are available.

Interim Indicator 5: Proportion of the potential population who need more assistance

Outcome:	People with disability enjoy choice, wellbeing and the opportunity to live as independently as possible
Measure:	<p>(<u>interim</u>) Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years who need more assistance than they are currently receiving (excluding assistance with health care)</p> <p>The measure is defined as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>numerator</i> — (interim) number of people aged 0–64 years in potential population who need more assistance than they are currently receiving (excluding assistance with health care)• <i>denominator</i> — number of people aged 0–64 years in potential population <p>and is expressed as a <i>percentage</i></p>
Data source:	<i>Numerator and denominator</i> — <u>Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC) 2003</u> . Data are collected every six years
Data provider:	AIHW and ABS jointly
Data availability:	SDAC — 2003
Cross tabulations provided:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• State and Territory by age group• State and Territory by sex• sex by age group• country of birth• remoteness area

Attachment tables

Table NDA.5.1	People aged 0–64 years with severe/profound core activity limitation living in households who need more assistance than they are currently receiving, by sex, by State and Territory, 2003
Table NDA.5.2	Relative standard errors for people aged 0–64 years with severe/profound core activity limitation living in households who need more assistance than they are currently receiving, by sex, by State and Territory
Table NDA.5.3	People aged 0–64 years with severe/profound core activity limitation living in households who need more assistance than they are currently receiving, by age, by State and Territory, 2003
Table NDA.5.4	Relative standard errors for people aged 0–64 years with severe/profound core activity limitation living in households who need more assistance than they are currently receiving, by age, by State and Territory

Table NDA.5.5	People aged 0–64 years with severe/profound core activity limitation living in households who need more assistance than they are currently receiving, by sex and age group, Australia, 2003
Table NDA.5.6	Relative standard errors for people aged 0–64 years with severe/profound core activity limitation living in households who need more assistance than they are currently receiving, by sex and age group, Australia
Table NDA.5.7	People aged 0–64 years with severe/profound core activity limitation living in households who need more assistance than they are currently receiving, by selected characteristics, 2003
Table NDA.5.8	Relative standard errors for people aged 0–64 years with severe/profound core activity limitation living in households who need more assistance than they are currently receiving, by selected characteristics

Box 20 Comment on data quality

The DQS for this interim indicator has been prepared by the AIHW and is included in its original form in the section in this report titled 'Data Quality Statements'. Key points from the DQS are summarised below.

- The data provide relevant information, by State and Territory, on the proportion of the potential population expressing unmet demand for specialist disability services. Data are not available by Indigenous status or socioeconomic status (SES).
- The SDAC does not include people living in very remote areas which affects the comparability of the NT results.
- The SDAC is conducted every 6 years, with the most recent data available for 2003.
- Some SDAC estimates for Tasmania, ACT and the NT have relative standard errors greater than 25 per cent and should be used with caution.
- This interim indicator reports data on total unmet need (unmet need for formal services or informal assistance) as a proxy measure of unmet demand (expressed need that is not met) for formal services. Demand is a subset of total need. This indicator is a measure of unmet need, which is a broader measure than unmet demand.
- It is not possible to separate information on demand into need for formal and informal assistance.
- Additional data from the data source are available on-line, and on request.

The Steering Committee also notes the following issues:

- Disaggregation of this indicator by Indigenous status and SES is a priority. However, this indicator is interim and development work should focus on disaggregating data by Indigenous status and SES for indicator 5.
- The size of the standard errors mean that the SDAC data may not be adequate for measuring change over time. Small year to year movements may be difficult to detect if the size of the standard errors is large compared to the size of the difference between the estimates.

Indicator 6: Number of Indigenous people with disability receiving disability services as a proportion of the Indigenous potential population requiring services

Outcome: People with disability enjoy choice, wellbeing and the opportunity to live as independently as possible

Measure: Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years who accessed specialist disability services

The measure is defined as:

- *numerator* — number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people aged 0–64 years who used specialist disability services in the reporting period
- *denominator* — estimated Indigenous potential population for disability services aged 0–64 years on 30 June at start of reporting period and is expressed as a *percentage*

Data source: *Numerator* — Disability Services National Minimum Data Set (DS NMDS) previously known as the Commonwealth State and Territory Disability Agreement National Minimum Data Set (CSTDA NMDS). Data are collected annually

Denominator — Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC), data are collected every six years. Census of Population and Housing (Census), data are collected every five years. Indigenous projected population data are estimated every five years

Data are available for reporting annually

Data provider: AIHW and ABS jointly

Data availability: CSTDA NMDS — 2007-08; SDAC — 2003; Indigenous projected population — June 2007; Census — 2006

Cross tabulations provided: For each of the following service groups:

1. State and territory delivered specialist disability services
2. Disability employment services (delivered by the Australian Government)
3. All disability services

The following disaggregations are presented for all service groups:
State and Territory, by:

- sex
- need for assistance

Nationally, by:

- remoteness area

For service groups 1&3:

- State and Territory by age group (0–4, 5–14, 15–24, 25–34, 35–44,

45–54, 55–64 years, subtotal 0–49, total)

For service group 2:

- State and Territory by age group (15–24, 25–34, 35–44, 45–54, 55–64 years, subtotal 15–49, total).

Attachment tables

Table NDA.6.1	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by age group and State/Territory, 2007–08
Table NDA.6.2	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing state/territory delivered disability support services, by sex and State/Territory, 2007–08
Table NDA.6.3	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2007–08
Table NDA.6.4	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing state/territory delivered disability support services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007–08
Table NDA.6.5	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing disability employment services, by age group and State/Territory, 2007–08
Table NDA.6.6	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing disability employment services, by sex and State/Territory, 2007–08
Table NDA.6.7	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing disability employment services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2007–08
Table NDA.6.8	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing disability employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007–08
Table NDA.6.9	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing all disability services, by age group and State/Territory, 2007–08
Table NDA.6.10	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing all disability services, by sex and State/Territory, 2007–08
Table NDA.6.11	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing all disability services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2007–08
Table NDA.6.12	Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing all disability services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007–08

Box 21 Comment on data quality

The DQS for this indicator has been prepared by the AIHW and is included in its original form in the section in this report titled 'Data Quality Statements'. Key points from the DQS are summarised below.

- The data provide relevant information, by State and Territory, on the proportion of Indigenous people with disability receiving disability services. Data are not available by socioeconomic status (SES).
- Annual data are available for this indicator from the CSTDA NMDS. The most recent data are for 2007-08.
- Data measuring the potential population (the denominator) are not available for 2007-08 and have been estimated from several different sources under several key assumptions.
- There are a number of issues with the consistency of the numerator and denominator for this performance indicator, as the numerator and denominator are drawn from differently defined populations and different data sources.
- The quality of Indigenous data varies substantially between jurisdictions and data sources. Caution should be exercised when interpreting these data. It is recommended that these data be viewed in close conjunction with information about the data quality.
- The rate of Indigenous status not stated/not collected varies across jurisdictions from 0.1 per cent for Australian Government agencies to 12.8 per cent for Victorian Government agencies.
- Undercounting of Indigenous people in the Census should be taken into account when interpreting data for this indicator. The estimated undercount varies from 8.6 per cent for NSW and SA to 16.6 per cent in WA.
- Additional data from the data sources are available on-line, and on request.

The Steering Committee also notes the following issues:

- Further work is needed to test the many assumptions that underpin the Indigenous potential population (the denominator for this indicator).

Indicator 7: Labour force participation rate for carers aged 15 to 64 of people with disability

Outcome:	Families and carers are well supported
Measure:	<p>Proportion of carers of people with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force</p> <p>The measure is defined as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>numerator</i> — number of carers aged 15–64 years (carers of persons with disability) who are in the labour force (employed or unemployed)• <i>denominator</i> — total number of carers (carers of persons with disability) aged 15–64 years <p>and is expressed as a <i>percentage</i></p>
Data source:	<i>Numerator and Denominator</i> — <u>Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC)</u> . Data are collected every six years
Data provider:	ABS
Data availability:	SDAC — 2003
Cross tabulations provided:	<p>For each of the following carer status groups:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Primary carer2. Non–primary carer3. All carers <p>State and Territory, by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• carer sex• carer age group• carer remoteness area• carer country of birth• carer sex by carer age group

Attachment tables

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Box 22 Comment on data quality

The DQS for this indicator has been prepared by the ABS and is included in its original form in the section in this report titled 'Data Quality Statements'. Key points from the DQS are summarised below.

- The data provide relevant information, by State and Territory, on the labour force participation rate for carers. Data are not available by Indigenous status or socioeconomic status (SES).
- The SDAC does not include people living in very remote areas which affects the comparability of the NT results.
- The SDAC is conducted every 6 years. The most recent data are for 2003.
- Some SDAC estimates for WA and SA, and many estimates for Tasmania, ACT and the NT have relative standard errors greater than 25 per cent and should be used with caution.
- Additional data from the data source are available on-line, and on request.

The Steering Committee also notes the following issues:

- Disaggregation of this indicator by Indigenous status and SES is a priority. The current structure of the SDAC does not include collection of SES. Further work is required to determine the appropriate concept and definition of SES that should be collected for people with disability, and the most appropriate data collection.
- SDAC data are only available every 6 years. More regular data collection is necessary.
- The size of the sampling errors mean that the SDAC data may not be adequate for measuring change over time. Small year to year movements may be difficult to detect if the size of the standard errors is large compared to the size of the difference between estimates.

Interim indicator 8: Proportion of carers of people with disability accessing support services to assist in their caring roles – restricted carer population

Outcome: Families and carers are well supported

Measure: Proportion of disability support service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer, where the service user accessed services to assist the carer in their caring role

The (interim) measure is defined as:

- *numerator* — (interim) number of disability support service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer, where the service user accessed services to assist the carer in their caring role, in the reporting period
- *denominator* — (interim) number of disability support service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer in the reporting period and is expressed as a *percentage*

Data source: *Numerator and denominator* — (interim) Disability Services National Minimum Data Set (DS NMDS) previously known as the Commonwealth State and Territory Disability Agreement National Minimum Data Set (CSTDA NMDS). Data are collected annually

Data provider: AIHW

Data availability: CSTDA NMDS — 2007-08

Cross tabulations provided: This indicator is reported for three categories of specialist disability services:
1. In-home accommodation support
2. Community access services
3. Respite services

State and Territory, by:

- carer sex by carer age group
- carer primary status
- carer residency status

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Box 23 **Comment on data quality**

The DQS for this interim indicator has been prepared by the AIHW and is included in its original form in the section in this report titled 'Data Quality Statements'. Key points from the DQS are summarised below.

- The data provide relevant information, by State and Territory, on the proportion of carers of people with disability accessing support services. Data are not available by Indigenous status or socioeconomic status (SES).
- Annual data are available. The most recent data are for 2007-08.
- The quality of data about carers varies substantially between jurisdictions. CSTDA NMDS data are generated from administrative data. It is assumed that the assessment of disability support needs follows broadly consistent principles across jurisdictions. However, this assumption is untested, and comparisons across states and territories should be made with caution.
- The interim indicator is a proxy measure of carer access to support services, based on a restricted carer population (carers of service users). This population is a subset of the entire population of carers of people with disability. The CSTDA NMDS counts users of disability services, and records whether they have an informal carer. It does not provide counts of informal carers. People with disability who did not use disability services, and their carers, are not included in the data collection.
- Additional data from the data sources are available on-line, and on request.

The Steering Committee also notes the following issues:

- Further work is required to develop a long term indicator for all carers of people with disability, which can be disaggregated by Indigenous status and SES.

Indicator 9: Proportion of carers of people with disability who are satisfied with the range of disability service options and quality of support received

Outcome: Families and carers are well supported

Measure: A measure for this indicator has yet to be developed

Box 24 Comment on data quality

There is currently no agreed measure, nor any available data, to inform this indicator.

The Steering Committee notes that data development for this indicator is being undertaken as part of the implementation plan for the National Disability Services Quality Framework.

Indicator 10: Proportion of people with disability receiving income support

Outcome: People with disability achieve economic participation and social inclusion

Measure: Disability income support

The measure is defined as:

- *numerator* — number of persons with disability aged 16-62 years who receive the Disability Support Pension (DSP)
- *denominator* — total number of people with disability age 16-62 years on 30 June of the previous reporting period as calculated by using age-sex specific disability prevalence rates from the most recent Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC) multiplied by the ERP and is expressed as a *percentage*

Data source: *Numerator* — Centrelink Disability Support Pension data. Data are available annually

Denominator — Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC) — data are collected every six years

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey (NATSISS), data are collected every six years

Census of Population and Housing (Census), data are collected every five years

Estimated Resident Population (ERP), data are collected annually

Data are available for reporting annually

Data provider: FaHCSIA/Centrelink and ABS; Data Quality Statement produced by ABS

Data availability: DSP — 30 June 2008, SDAC — 2003, ERP — 30 June 2008, NATSISS — 2008, Census — 2006

Cross tabulations provided: All persons with disability 16–62 years by State and Territory, by:

- sex and age group
- country of birth
- Indigenous status and sex

Attachment tables

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Box 25 **Comment on data quality**

The DQS for this indicator has been prepared by the ABS and is included in its original form in the section in this report titled 'Data Quality Statements'. Key points from the DQS are summarised below.

- The data provide relevant information, by State and Territory and Indigenous status, on the proportion of people with a disability receiving the disability support pension. Data are not available by socioeconomic status (SES).
- Annual data are available. The most recent data are for 2008.
- The denominator for this indicator is the total potential population. The total potential population is derived from the ERP at 30 June 2008 and disability prevalence rates from the SDAC. The Indigenous potential population is the Indigenous population identified as having a disability in the 2008 NATSISS. The NATSISS uses a short module on disability which identifies a much larger population with disability due to the inclusion of some people with non-restrictive long-term health conditions, and cannot be compared to data from the SDAC.
- The requirements for receiving a disability support pension are different to the criteria for being considered to have a disability for the purposes of ABS surveys, and therefore the scope of the numerator and denominator are not directly comparable.

The Steering Committee also notes the following issues:

- Disaggregation of this indicator by SES is a priority. The current structure of the SDAC does not include collection of SES. Further work is required to determine the appropriate concept and definition of SES that should be collected for people with disability, and the most appropriate data collection.
- Further work is required to improve comparability of data for Indigenous people and the total population.

National Agreement performance reporting: National Disability Agreement

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NDA report Indicator 4

NDA report Indicator 5

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NDA Indicator 1:

**Labour force participation rate
for people with disability aged
15–64 years**

Table NDA.1.1

Table NDA.1.1

Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households, by disability status, by State/Territory, 2003

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of persons aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Disability status										
Has profound or severe	'000	37.9	41.3	40.0	15.1	9.2	4.4	2.1	–	150.1
Other disability or restrictive long term health condition	'000	277.4	264.2	231.2	118.8	94.8	29.8	16.8	2.9	1 035.9
Total with disability	'000	315.3	305.5	271.2	133.9	104.0	34.2	18.9	2.9	1 186.0
Has no disability	'000	3 071.8	2 276.6	1 671.9	880.7	652.0	190.3	169.7	82.9	8 995.9
Total	'000	3 387.1	2 582.2	1 943.2	1 014.5	756.0	224.5	188.6	85.8	10 181.9
Denominator – total number of persons aged 15–64 years										
Disability status										
Has profound or severe	'000	128.1	135.5	121.6	48.7	40.5	18.7	5.1	1.9	500.2
Other disability or restrictive long term health condition	'000	485.8	420.7	383.6	197.0	161.8	47.9	23.1	8.5	1 728.6
Total with disability	'000	614.0	556.2	505.3	245.7	202.3	66.6	28.2	10.4	2 228.8
Has no disability	'000	3 852.2	2 810.4	2 051.2	1 105.0	804.9	245.1	198.6	96.8	11 164.3
Total	'000	4 466.2	3 366.7	2 556.5	1 350.7	1 007.3	311.7	226.8	107.2	13 393.1
Proportion of persons aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Disability status										
Has profound or severe	%	29.6	30.5	32.9	30.9	22.8	23.7	42.0	–	30.0
Other disability or restrictive long term health condition	%	57.1	62.8	60.3	60.3	58.5	62.2	72.7	33.9	59.9
Total with disability	%	51.3	54.9	53.7	54.5	51.4	51.4	67.1	27.8	53.2
Has no disability	%	79.7	81.0	81.5	79.7	81.0	77.6	85.4	85.7	80.6
Total	%	75.8	76.7	76.0	75.1	75.1	72.0	83.1	80.0	76.0

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.1.2

Table NDA.1.2

Relative standard errors for labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households, by disability status, by State/Territory (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of persons aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Disability status										
Has profound or severe disability	%	21.9	13.0	11.6	16.8	16.0	20.4	32.8	–	7.2
Other disability or restrictive long term health condition	%	5.2	5.1	6.7	8.8	7.7	7.5	8.6	40.7	2.9
Total with disability	%	5.8	5.2	6.0	7.9	7.2	7.3	9.6	40.7	2.8
Has no disability	%	0.9	0.9	1.3	1.7	2.1	2.4	1.9	3.6	0.5
Total	%	0.8	0.6	1.1	1.4	1.5	2.1	1.6	3.4	0.4
Denominator – total number of persons aged 15–64 years										
Disability status										
Has profound or severe disability	%	9.6	7.2	6.4	12.6	11.6	8.8	20.7	45.1	4.3
Other disability or restrictive long term health condition	%	3.9	3.7	4.4	6.1	5.2	6.7	7.1	27.5	1.8
Total with disability	%	3.8	3.4	4.0	5.1	5.5	5.1	7.6	24.2	1.8
Has no disability	%	0.6	0.7	1.2	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.1	2.6	0.4
Total	%	0.1	–	0.3	–	0.1	0.1	–	0.1	0.1
Proportion of persons aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Disability status										
Has profound or severe disability	%	18.8	10.9	12.1	15.3	17.6	19.3	28.5	–	7.0
Other disability or restrictive long term health condition	%	3.7	3.0	3.7	4.7	4.6	6.3	5.7	36.4	1.7
Total with disability	%	4.1	3.1	4.2	4.8	5.0	6.5	6.7	39.4	1.9
Has no disability	%	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.3	1.0	1.8	1.7	2.8	0.3
Total	%	0.9	0.6	1.0	1.4	1.5	2.1	1.6	3.4	0.4

Table NDA.1.2 **Relative standard errors for labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households, by disability status, by State/Territory (a)**

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.
 – Nil or rounded to zero.

Source : ABS (Unpublished) *2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers* .

Table NDA.1.3

Table NDA.1.3 **Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households, all with reported disability, by sex, by State/Territory, 2003**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force									
All with reported disability									
Male '000	180.6	181.3	157.3	70.6	56.1	18.0	np	np	674.2
Female '000	134.7	124.3	113.9	63.3	47.9	16.2	np	np	511.7
Persons '000	315.3	305.5	271.2	133.9	104.0	34.2	18.9	2.9	1 186.0
Denominator – total number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years									
All with reported disability									
Male '000	321.0	291.5	252.3	119.6	100.6	34.6	11.7	5.9	1 137.2
Female '000	293.0	264.7	253.0	126.1	101.7	32.0	16.5	4.5	1 091.6
Persons '000	614.0	556.2	505.3	245.7	202.3	66.6	28.2	10.4	2 228.8
Proportion of persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force									
All with reported disability									
Male %	56.3	62.2	62.4	59.0	55.8	52.1	np	np	59.3
Female %	46.0	47.0	45.0	50.2	47.1	50.6	np	np	46.9
Persons %	51.3	54.9	53.7	54.5	51.4	51.4	67.1	27.8	53.2

np Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.1.4

Table NDA.1.4 **Relative standard errors for labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households, all with reported disability, by sex, by State/Territory (a)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force									
All with reported disability									
Male %	6.3	4.9	6.3	10.0	9.0	8.0	np	np	3.2
Female %	8.6	9.7	8.5	9.0	8.7	11.7	np	np	3.4
Persons %	5.8	5.2	6.0	7.9	7.2	7.3	9.6	40.7	2.8
Denominator – total number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years									
All with reported disability									
Male %	4.7	3.4	4.7	6.6	6.7	5.1	11.8	27.5	2.2
Female %	5.2	4.9	4.6	5.7	6.6	8.0	8.7	33.6	2.0
Persons %	3.8	3.4	4.0	5.1	5.5	5.1	7.6	24.2	1.8
Proportion of persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force									
All with reported disability									
Male %	4.2	3.6	4.4	5.9	6.5	6.9	np	np	2.1
Female %	5.7	6.8	7.0	6.3	5.4	8.9	np	np	2.7
Persons %	4.1	3.1	4.2	4.8	5.0	6.5	6.7	39.4	1.9

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

np Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.1.5

Table NDA.1.5

Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households, all with reported disability, by age group, by State/Territory, 2003

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force									
All with reported disability									
Age									
15–34 '000	88.5	87.7	91.8	40.0	35.3	9.2	np	np	359.6
35–44 years '000	68.8	69.4	62.5	27.0	22.9	9.7	np	np	266.9
45–54 years '000	94.8	93.1	66.9	39.4	25.8	8.0	4.0	1.3	333.4
55–64 years '000	63.1	55.3	50.0	27.4	20.0	7.3	np	np	226.1
Total 15–64 years '000	315.3	305.5	271.2	133.9	104.0	34.2	18.9	2.9	1 186.0
Denominator – total number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years									
All with reported disability									
Age									
15–34 '000	140.4	132.4	138.3	70.0	58.1	14.5	8.7	1.4	563.8
35–44 years '000	114.5	106.2	93.2	44.6	37.1	13.0	5.7	2.4	416.7
45–54 years '000	163.2	154.1	119.0	64.1	49.1	17.8	6.5	3.0	576.9
55–64 years '000	195.9	163.6	154.8	67.0	58.0	21.3	7.3	3.5	671.4
Total 15–64 years '000	614.0	556.2	505.3	245.7	202.3	66.6	28.2	10.4	2 228.8
Proportion of persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force									
All with reported disability									
Age									
15–34 %	63.0	66.2	66.4	57.2	60.7	63.5	np	np	63.8
35–44 years %	60.1	65.4	67.1	60.6	61.8	74.5	np	np	64.0
45–54 years %	58.1	60.4	56.2	61.5	52.5	45.1	61.8	42.2	57.8
55–64 years %	32.2	33.8	32.3	40.9	34.5	34.2	np	np	33.7
Total 15–64 years %	51.3	54.9	53.7	54.5	51.4	51.4	67.1	27.8	53.2

np Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.1.6

Table NDA.1.6

Relative standard errors for labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households, all with reported disability, by age group, by State/Territory (a)

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force									
All with reported disability									
Age									
15–34 %	11.9	8.9	9.0	16.7	9.2	18.3	np	np	5.0
35–44 years %	9.7	12.0	8.6	12.1	13.6	13.1	18.8	63.3	3.4
45–54 years %	10.2	7.6	10.4	10.0	10.9	16.8	20.4	72.2	4.5
55–64 years %	10.0	11.2	11.4	15.5	15.0	17.8	np	np	5.1
Total 15–64 years %	5.8	5.2	6.0	7.9	7.2	7.3	9.6	40.7	2.8
Denominator – total number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years									
All with reported disability									
Age									
15–34 %	8.2	7.0	7.0	9.0	7.9	12.1	16.5	63.4	3.5
35–44 years %	7.5	9.6	6.7	9.7	10.9	12.3	18.7	42.5	3.8
45–54 years %	6.6	5.6	7.0	7.8	9.1	11.2	16.9	48.9	3.0
55–64 years %	5.7	5.0	5.3	8.3	6.1	7.1	13.2	36.8	2.3
Total 15–64 years %	3.8	3.4	4.0	5.1	5.5	5.1	7.6	24.2	1.8
Proportion of persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force									
All with reported disability									
Age									
15–34 %	6.9	4.1	5.1	10.2	6.4	11.6	np	np	2.8
35–44 years %	6.4	4.6	6.3	7.4	10.1	9.5	np	np	2.5
45–54 years %	7.5	6.4	7.3	7.2	9.3	14.2	12.6	57.5	2.9
55–64 years %	9.4	10.6	10.1	11.6	11.5	16.6	np	np	4.1
Total 15–64 years %	4.1	3.1	4.2	4.8	5.0	6.5	6.7	39.4	1.9

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

Table NDA.1.6 **Relative standard errors for labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households, all with reported disability, by age group, by State/Territory (a)**

Np Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) *2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers*.

Table NDA.1.7

Table NDA.1.7 **Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households, all with reported disability, by remoteness area, by State/Territory, 2003**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
All with reported disability										
Remoteness area										
Major cities	'000	216.9	205.3	135.6	83.3	68.2	–	18.9	–	728.2
Inner regional	'000	70.2	77.7	70.7	17.7	14.7	21.7	–	–	272.7
Outer regional/Remote	'000	28.2	22.5	64.9	32.9	21.1	12.5	–	2.9	185.1
Total	'000	315.3	305.5	271.2	133.9	104.0	34.2	18.9	2.9	1 186.0
Denominator – total number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years										
All with reported disability										
Remoteness area										
Major cities	'000	421.3	377.0	249.8	160.9	144.5	–	28.2	–	1 381.7
Inner regional	'000	138.5	142.0	147.8	34.6	26.0	42.2	–	–	531.1
Outer regional/Remote	'000	54.2	37.3	107.7	50.2	31.8	24.4	–	10.4	316.0
Total	'000	614.0	556.2	505.3	245.7	202.3	66.6	28.2	10.4	2 228.8
Proportion of persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
All with reported disability										
Remoteness area										
Major cities	%	51.5	54.5	54.3	51.7	47.2	–	67.1	–	52.7
Inner regional	%	50.7	54.7	47.9	51.0	56.4	51.5	–	–	51.3
Outer regional/Remote	%	52.0	60.4	60.3	65.6	66.3	51.3	–	27.8	58.6
Total	%	51.3	54.9	53.7	54.5	51.4	51.4	67.1	27.8	53.2

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.1.8

Table NDA.1.8 **Relative standard errors for labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households, all with reported disability, by remoteness area, by State/Territory (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
All with reported disability										
Remoteness area										
Major cities	%	7.6	7.9	8.5	9.7	8.3	–	9.6	–	4.0
Inner regional	%	17.3	13.8	13.2	23.7	21.6	10.9	–	–	7.7
Outer regional/Remote	%	23.6	25.1	13.7	23.4	18.8	12.2	–	40.7	7.7
Total	%	5.8	5.2	6.0	7.9	7.2	7.3	9.6	40.7	2.8
Denominator – total number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years										
All with reported disability										
Remoteness area										
Major cities	%	5.1	5.4	6.4	7.1	6.1	–	7.6	–	2.6
Inner regional	%	12.1	10.6	9.7	21.5	17.3	8.7	–	–	5.4
Outer regional/Remote	%	15.9	20.6	12.4	18.3	17.0	11.7	–	24.2	6.3
Total	%	3.8	3.4	4.0	5.1	5.5	5.1	7.6	24.2	1.8
Proportion of persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
All with reported disability										
Remoteness area										
Major cities	%	5.3	4.3	5.6	5.5	6.1	–	6.7	–	2.8
Inner regional	%	10.7	7.4	8.6	9.3	10.9	9.0	–	–	5.2
Outer regional/Remote	%	13.0	11.8	7.0	9.1	9.8	8.4	–	39.4	3.5
Total	%	4.1	3.1	4.2	4.8	5.0	6.5	6.7	39.4	1.9

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.1.9

Table NDA.1.9

Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households by country of birth, by State/Territory, 2003

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
All with reported disability										
Country of birth										
Australia	'000	246.6	246.8	230.3	102.1	85.5	31.1	np	np	959.3
Other English speaking countries (a)	'000	28.9	20.6	23.4	23.6	12.1	2.0	np	np	113.5
All English speaking countries	'000	275.5	267.4	253.7	125.8	97.6	33.1	16.8	2.9	1 072.7
Non–English speaking countries (b)	'000	39.8	38.1	17.5	8.1	6.4	1.1	2.2	–	113.2
Total	'000	315.3	305.5	271.2	133.9	104.0	34.2	18.9	2.9	1 186.0
Denominator – total number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years										
All with reported disability										
Country of birth										
Australia	'000	459.4	408.8	418.6	174.5	156.5	58.6	20.2	7.1	1 703.7
Other English speaking countries (a)	'000	45.8	39.0	49.8	42.6	24.9	5.2	3.3	1.5	212.1
All English speaking countries	'000	505.20	447.8	468.4	217.1	181.4	63.8	23.6	8.6	1 915.9
Non–English speaking countries (b)	'000	108.8	108.4	36.9	28.6	20.9	2.9	4.6	1.8	312.9
Total	'000	614.0	556.2	505.3	245.7	202.3	66.6	28.2	10.4	2 228.8
Proportion of persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
All with reported disability										
Country of birth										
Australia	%	53.7	60.4	55.0	58.5	54.6	53.0	np	np	56.3
Other English speaking countries (a)	%	63.0	52.8	47	55.4	48.7	39.8	np	np	53.5
All English speaking countries	%	54.5	59.7	54.2	57.9	53.8	51.9	71.1	33.7	56.0
Non–English speaking countries (b)	%	36.6	35.2	47.5	28.3	30.3	39.4	47.1	–	36.2

Table NDA.1.9

Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households by country of birth, by State/Territory, 2003

Total	%	51.3	54.9	53.7	54.5	51.4	51.4	67.1	27.8	53.2
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(a) Other English speaking countries are as stated in the English Proficiency Group Classification (Dept of Immigration and Citizenship) and include Canada, Ireland, New Zealand, South Africa, United Kingdom, United States of America and Zimbabwe.

(b) Non–English speaking countries includes those persons for whom country of birth was inadequately described. This is estimated to be less than 0.1 per cent nationally.

– Nil or rounded to zero. **np** Not published.

Source : ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers .

Table NDA.1.10

Relative standard errors for labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households by country of birth, by State/Territory (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
All with reported disability										
Country of birth										
Australia	%	6.2	5.4	6.4	9.3	7.3	7.9	np	np	3.0
Other English speaking countries (b)	%	15.4	15.6	15.5	10.8	18.8	29.5	np	np	6.7
All English speaking countries	%	5.8	5.1	6.1	8.2	6.8	7.8	10.0	40.7	2.8
Non–English speaking countries (c)	%	16.4	13.4	16.6	24.0	26.6	44.6	43.6	–	7.9
Total	%	5.8	5.2	6.0	7.9	7.2	7.3	9.6	40.7	2.8
Denominator– total number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years										
All with reported disability										
Country of birth										
Australia	%	4.3	4.0	4.5	5.8	5.6	5.4	9.7	25.6	2.2
Other English speaking countries (b)	%	12.4	13.8	10.5	9.8	13.1	16.9	24.3	42.7	5.3
All English speaking countries	%	4.2	3.7	4.0	5.5	5.4	5.0	8.4	24.9	2.1
Non–English speaking countries (c)	%	9.4	8.8	13.3	13.6	13.5	28.4	27.2	72.8	4.5
Total	%	3.8	3.4	4.0	5.1	5.5	5.1	7.6	24.2	1.8
Proportion of persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
All with reported disability										
Country of birth										
Australia	%	4.0	2.9	3.9	5.6	5.2	7.1	np	np	1.8
Other English speaking countries (b)	%	12.4	11.9	12.5	6.1	12.8	27.9	np	np	4.7
All English speaking countries	%	3.9	2.7	3.9	4.9	5.0	6.9	6.7	36.3	1.8
Non–English speaking countries (c)	%	12.9	10.5	14.0	17.3	21.0	38.9	29.9	–	6.9
Total	%	4.1	3.1	4.2	4.8	5.0	6.5	6.7	39.4	1.9

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

Table NDA.1.10

**Relative standard errors for labour force participation rate for people with disability aged
15–64 years, living in households by country of birth, by State/Territory (a)**

-
- (b) Other English speaking countries are as stated in the English Proficiency Group Classification (Dept of Immigration and Citizenship) and include Canada, Ireland, New Zealand, South Africa, United Kingdom, United States of America and Zimbabwe.
- (c) Non–English speaking countries includes those persons for whom country of birth was inadequately described. This is estimated to be 0.1 per cent
- Nil or rounded to zero. **np** Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 *Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers*.

Table NDA.1.11

Table NDA.1.11 **Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households, all with reported disability, age by sex, by State/Territory, 2003**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force									
All with reported disability									
Male									
15–34 '000	47.8	55.1	54.9	22.1	16.9	5.1	np	np	205.4
35–54 '000	97.6	88.9	70.7	34.0	26.4	9.2	np	np	331.8
55–64 years '000	35.3	37.3	31.7	14.5	12.8	3.8	np	np	137.0
Total 15–64 years '000	180.6	181.3	157.3	70.6	56.1	18.0	np	np	674.2
Female									
15–34 '000	40.7	32.6	36.8	18.0	18.3	4.1	np	np	154.3
35–54 '000	66.1	73.7	58.8	32.4	22.3	8.6	np	np	268.4
55–64 years '000	27.9	18.0	18.3	12.9	7.3	3.5	np	np	89.1
Total 15–64 years '000	134.7	124.3	113.9	63.3	47.9	16.2	np	np	511.7
All									
15–34 '000	88.5	87.7	91.8	40.0	35.3	9.2	np	np	359.6
35–54 '000	163.6	162.5	129.4	66.4	48.7	17.7	np	np	600.2
55–64 years '000	63.1	55.3	50.0	27.4	20.0	7.3	3.0	–	226.1
Total 15–64 years '000	315.3	305.5	271.2	133.9	104.0	34.2	18.9	2.9	1 186.0

Table NDA.1.11

Table NDA.1.11 **Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households, all with reported disability, age by sex, by State/Territory, 2003**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Denominator – total number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years									
All with reported disability									
Male									
15–34 '000	73.2	79.3	72.0	34.9	27.5	7.8	np	np	299.2
35–54 '000	149.3	128.3	104.6	50.4	44.5	15.7	4.4	3.1	500.4
55–64 years '000	98.5	83.9	75.8	34.3	27.5	11.1	3.4	2.0	337.6
Total 15–64 years '000	321.0	291.5	252.3	119.6	100.6	34.6	11.7	5.9	1 137.2
Female									
15–34 '000	67.2	53.1	66.3	35.1	30.6	6.8	np	np	264.7
35–54 '000	128.4	131.9	107.6	58.3	41.7	15.1	7.8	2.3	493.1
55–64 years '000	97.4	79.7	79.0	32.7	29.3	10.2	3.9	1.5	333.8
Total 15–64 years '000	293.0	264.7	253.0	126.1	101.7	32.0	16.5	4.5	1 091.6
All									
15–34 '000	140.4	132.4	138.3	70.0	58.1	14.5	8.7	1.4	563.8
35–54 '000	277.7	260.3	212.2	108.7	86.2	30.8	12.2	5.4	993.5
55–64 years '000	195.9	163.6	154.8	67.0	58.0	21.3	7.3	3.5	671.4
Total 15–64 years '000	614.0	556.2	505.3	245.7	202.3	66.6	28.2	10.4	2 228.8

Table NDA.1.11

Table NDA.1.11 **Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households, all with reported disability, age by sex, by State/Territory, 2003**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Proportion of persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force									
All with reported disability									
Male									
15–34 %	65.3	69.4	76.3	63.2	61.6	65.7	np	np	68.7
35–54 %	65.3	69.2	67.6	67.5	59.4	58.2	np	np	66.3
55–64 years %	35.8	44.5	41.8	42.2	44.5	33.9	np	np	40.6
Total 15–64 years %	56.3	62.2	62.4	59.0	55.8	52.1	np	np	59.3
Female									
15–34 %	60.6	61.5	55.5	51.3	59.9	61.0	np	np	58.3
35–54 %	51.5	55.8	54.6	55.5	53.4	56.8	np	np	54.4
55–64 years %	28.6	22.6	23.2	39.5	24.8	34.5	np	np	26.7
Total 15–64 years %	46.0	47.0	45.0	50.2	47.1	50.6	np	np	46.9
All									
15–34 %	63.0	66.2	66.4	57.2	60.7	63.5	np	np	63.8
35–54 %	58.9	62.4	61.0	61.1	56.5	57.5	np	np	60.4
55–64 years %	32.2	33.8	32.3	40.9	34.5	34.2	40.7	–	33.7
Total 15–64 years %	51.3	54.9	53.7	54.5	51.4	51.4	67.1	27.8	53.2

– Nil or rounded to zero. **np** Not published.

Source : ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers .

Table NDA.1.12

Table NDA.1.12 **Relative standard errors for labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households, all with reported disability, age by sex, by State/Territory (a)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force									
All with reported disability									
Male									
15–34 %	13.4	10.7	8.3	17.7	14.3	19.2	np	np	5.9
35–54 %	8.0	7.1	9.8	12.8	11.2	9.9	np	np	4.4
55–64 years %	13.6	12.9	14.8	13.0	16.9	26.3	np	np	6.3
Total 15–64 years %	6.3	4.9	6.3	10.0	9.0	8.0	np	np	3.2
Female									
15–34 %	16.3	13.8	14.9	19.9	10.8	24.1	np	np	6.2
35–54 %	14.0	10.8	8.8	11.8	12.1	18.9	np	np	4.4
55–64 years %	17.7	24.0	21.9	24.5	20.5	25.4	np	np	7.2
Total 15–64 years %	8.6	9.7	8.5	9.0	8.7	11.7	np	np	3.4
All									
15–34 %	11.9	8.9	9.0	16.7	9.2	18.3	np	np	5.0
35–54 %	7.8	7.1	7.5	9.6	8.7	10.6	np	np	3.4
55–64 years %	10.0	11.2	11.4	15.5	15.0	17.8	26.7	–	5.1
Total 15–64 years %	5.8	5.2	6.0	7.9	7.2	7.3	9.6	40.7	2.8
Denominator – total number of persons with disability aged 15–64 years									
All with reported disability									
Male									
15–34 %	10.0	8.8	8.2	11.6	11.4	14.8	23.1	103.1	4.5
35–54 %	6.3	5.8	8.0	9.2	10.2	8.7	20.5	44.0	3.1
55–64 years %	8.0	7.1	6.7	8.9	8.0	10.2	21.3	44.8	2.9
Total 15–64 years %	4.7	3.4	4.7	6.6	6.7	5.1	11.8	27.5	2.2
Female									
15–34 %	13.0	12.1	9.9	11.6	10.0	15.9	17.4	75.1	4.5

Table NDA.1.12

Table NDA.1.12 **Relative standard errors for labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households, all with reported disability, age by sex, by State/Territory (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
35–54	%	9.6	7.1	5.7	8.7	10.2	14.3	14.0	47.0	3.3
55–64 years	%	7.9	6.7	7.5	10.5	7.5	10.4	16.2	46.5	3.0
Total 15–64 years	%	5.2	4.9	4.6	5.7	6.6	8.0	8.7	33.6	2.0
All										
15–34	%	8.2	7.0	7.0	9.0	7.9	12.1	16.5	63.4	3.5
35–54	%	5.9	5.3	5.5	7.6	8.3	8.0	10.3	35.2	2.4
55–64 years	%	5.7	5.0	5.3	8.3	6.1	7.1	13.2	36.8	2.3
Total 15–64 years	%	3.8	3.4	4.0	5.1	5.5	5.1	7.6	24.2	1.8
Proportion of persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
All with reported disability										
Male										
15–34	%	9.0	5.9	3.9	10.1	10.0	13.1	np	np	3.5
35–54	%	5.5	4.9	6.3	8.2	8.0	10.0	np	np	2.8
55–64 years	%	13.2	9.4	13.5	12.9	13.1	22.1	np	np	5.0
Total 15–64 years	%	4.2	3.6	4.4	5.9	6.5	6.9	np	np	2.1
Female										
15–34	%	9.2	6.9	9.6	13.2	7.9	15.7	np	np	3.7
35–54	%	8.3	7.1	8.0	7.8	8.8	13.8	np	np	3.3
55–64 years	%	13.6	23.3	19.6	17.8	19.1	23.0	np	np	6.1
Total 15–64 years	%	5.7	6.8	7.0	6.3	5.4	8.9	np	np	2.7
All										
15–34	%	6.9	4.1	5.1	10.2	6.4	11.6	np	np	2.8
35–54	%	5.2	4.2	5.1	6.3	7.0	9.4	np	np	2.2
55–64 years	%	9.4	10.6	10.1	11.6	11.5	16.6	24.3	–	4.1
Total 15–64 years	%	4.1	3.1	4.2	4.8	5.0	6.5	6.7	39.4	1.9

Table NDA.1.12 Relative standard errors for labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years, living in households, all with reported disability, age by sex, by State/Territory (a)

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
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(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

– Nil or rounded to zero. **np** Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.1.13

Table NDA.1.13 **Labour force participation rate for Indigenous people aged 15–64 years with a disability, living in households, by disability status, by State/Territory, 2003**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of Indigenous persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Disability status										
Has profound or severe disability (a)	'000	2.5	0.8	3.0	0.9	0.6	0.3	0.1	1.3	9.4
Other disability or restrictive long term health condition	'000	21.1	6.2	23.3	10.5	4.6	3.0	1.0	9.3	79.1
Total with disability	'000	23.6	7.1	26.2	11.5	5.2	3.3	1.1	10.6	88.6
Has no disability	'000	30.9	6.6	33.0	16.9	5.7	4.5	1.0	13.6	112.3
Total	'000	54.5	13.7	59.3	28.3	10.9	7.8	2.2	24.2	200.8
Denominator – total number of Indigenous persons with disability aged 15–64 years										
Disability status										
Has profound or severe disability (a)	'000	6.7	1.9	5.1	2.5	1.4	1.0	0.3	3.2	22.0
Other disability or restrictive long term health condition	'000	39.4	9.4	35.1	16.0	7.7	4.7	1.2	14.6	128.1
Total with disability	'000	46.1	11.4	40.2	18.5	9.1	5.7	1.5	17.8	150.1
Has no disability	'000	45.0	9.3	46.3	23.3	8.0	6.1	1.2	21.8	161.0
Total	'000	91.0	20.7	86.5	41.8	17.0	11.7	2.7	39.5	311.1
Proportion of Indigenous persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Disability status										
Has profound or severe disability (a)	%	37.0	43.6	57.9	36.7	44.6	28.8	34.0	40.1	42.9
Other disability or restrictive long term health condition	%	53.7	66.3	66.3	65.8	59.1	64.5	85.5	63.8	61.7

Table NDA.1.13 Labour force participation rate for Indigenous people aged 15–64 years with a disability, living in households, by disability status, by State/Territory, 2003

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total with disability	%	51.2	62.4	65.2	61.9	56.9	58.4	75.8	59.6	59.0
Has no disability	%	68.7	70.8	71.3	72.4	71.4	74.6	84.9	62.4	69.7
Total	%	59.9	66.2	68.5	67.7	63.7	66.8	79.9	61.1	64.5

(a) Needs assistance with one or more core activities (self-care, mobility and/or communication).

Source : ABS (Unpublished) 2008 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey .

Table NDA.1.14

Table NDA.1.14 Relative standard errors for labour force participation rate for Indigenous people aged 15–64 years with a disability, living in households, by disability status, by State/Territory (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of Indigenous persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Disability status										
Has profound or severe disability (b)	%	26.3	22.0	26.0	25.9	25.1	29.5	39.7	24.8	11.9
Other disability or restrictive long term health condition	%	6.3	5.6	7.6	7.1	8.9	8.7	11.4	6.9	3.1
Total with disability	%	6.2	5.2	7.8	7.1	7.7	8.5	10.7	7.2	3.2
Has no disability	%	5.2	5.6	5.5	5.3	6.8	7.3	9.2	5.3	2.5
Total	%	3.2	2.8	3.7	3.0	3.8	3.8	3.6	3.6	1.5
Denominator – total number of Indigenous persons with disability aged 15–64 years										
Disability status										
Has profound or severe disability (b)	%	13.3	11.4	18.0	16.0	15.5	19.1	27.1	12.6	6.4
Other disability or restrictive long term health condition	%	4.5	4.3	4.7	5.5	5.1	6.4	10.3	5.4	2.2
Total with disability	%	4.0	3.4	4.3	4.9	4.6	6.1	6.7	4.8	1.9
Has no disability	%	4.1	4.1	3.7	3.9	5.2	5.8	8.5	3.9	1.8
Total	%	–	–	–	–	–	–	1.1	–	–

Table NDA.1.14 Relative standard errors for labour force participation rate for Indigenous people aged 15–64 years with a disability, living in households, by disability status, by State/Territory (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Proportion of Indigenous persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Disability status										
Has profound or severe disability (b)	%	21.2	16.8	14.2	18.7	18.4	31.6	35.6	18.5	8.2
Other disability or restrictive long term health condition	%	5.1	3.8	5.2	4.8	6.5	6.1	3.8	4.7	2.2
Total with disability	%	5.3	3.9	5.2	4.8	6.2	7.2	5.9	5.0	2.3
Has no disability	%	3.4	3.7	4.6	3.5	3.8	4.0	5.5	4.8	1.9
Total	%	3.2	2.8	3.7	3.0	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.6	1.5

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

(b) Needs assistance with one or more core activities (self-care, mobility and/or communication).

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2008 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey.

Table NDA.1.15

Table NDA.1.15 Labour force participation rate for Indigenous people aged 15–64 years with a disability, living in households, by sex, by State/Territory, 2008

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of Indigenous persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force									
All with reported disability									
Males '000	13.7	3.8	13.1	6.0	2.8	1.7	0.6	5.2	46.9
Females '000	9.9	3.3	13.1	5.5	2.4	1.6	0.5	5.4	41.7
Persons '000	23.6	7.1	26.2	11.5	5.2	3.3	1.1	10.6	88.6
Denominator – total number of Indigenous persons with disability aged 15–64 years									
All with reported disability									
Males '000	22.0	5.5	19.0	8.7	4.3	2.6	0.8	7.7	70.5
Females '000	24.0	5.9	21.1	9.8	4.8	3.1	0.7	10.1	79.6
Persons '000	46.1	11.4	40.2	18.5	9.1	5.7	1.5	17.8	150.1
Proportion of Indigenous persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force									
All with reported disability									
Males %	62.2	69.3	68.9	68.7	65.1	64.7	83.1	67.9	66.5
Females %	41.2	56.0	61.9	55.9	49.5	52.9	68.4	53.3	52.4
Persons %	51.2	62.4	65.2	61.9	56.9	58.4	75.8	59.6	59.0

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2008 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey.

Table NDA.1.16

Table NDA.1.16 **Relative standard errors for labour force participation rate for Indigenous people aged 15–64 years with a disability, living in households, by sex, by State/Territory (a)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of Indigenous persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force									
All with reported disability									
Males %	8.0	6.8	10.4	10.5	9.0	11.1	13.7	10.1	4.1
Females %	9.8	7.2	9.6	8.9	11.2	11.1	14.2	8.1	4.4
Persons %	6.2	5.2	7.8	7.1	7.7	8.5	10.7	7.2	3.2
Denominator – total number of Indigenous persons with disability aged 15–64 years									
All with reported disability									
Males %	6.0	4.7	6.5	7.8	6.2	8.4	9.4	6.8	2.9
Females %	4.5	4.6	5.3	6.2	5.8	7.4	9.4	5.5	2.4
Persons %	4.0	3.4	4.3	4.9	4.6	6.1	6.7	4.8	1.9
Proportion of Indigenous persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force									
All with reported disability									
Males %	5.9	4.5	6.4	6.8	7.8	6.6	8.0	6.2	2.8
Females %	9.1	5.7	6.5	6.6	8.9	11.0	9.1	6.1	3.3
Persons %	5.3	3.9	5.2	4.8	6.2	7.2	5.9	5.0	2.3

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2008 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey.

Table NDA.1.17 Labour force participation rate for Indigenous people aged 15–64 years with a disability, living in households, by age, by State/Territory, 2008

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of Indigenous persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force									
All with reported disability									
Age group									
15–24 years '000	6.7	1.7	7.1	2.5	1.5	1.0	0.4	1.8	22.7
25–34 years '000	4.2	1.8	6.1	2.5	1.1	0.7	0.3	2.4	19.0
35–44 years '000	5.0	1.7	6.5	2.9	0.9	0.5	0.2	3.4	21.2
45–54 years '000	6.1	1.2	4.5	2.4	1.2	0.8	0.2	2.1	18.5
55–64 years '000	1.6	0.6	1.9	1.2	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.9	7.2
Total 15–64 years '000	23.6	7.1	26.2	11.5	5.2	3.3	1.1	10.6	88.6
Denominator – total number of Indigenous persons with disability aged 15–64 years									
All with reported disability									
Age group									
15–24 years '000	11.2	2.7	10.1	4.4	2.5	1.5	0.5	3.5	36.4
25–34 years '000	8.0	2.6	8.7	3.9	1.8	0.9	0.3	3.6	29.7
35–44 years '000	9.1	2.4	9.0	4.0	1.9	1.2	0.3	4.8	32.8
45–54 years '000	11.1	2.1	7.5	3.6	1.7	1.3	0.3	3.5	31.1
55–64 years '000	6.6	1.5	4.9	2.7	1.2	0.8	0.1	2.3	20.2
Total 15–64 years '000	46.1	11.4	40.2	18.5	9.1	5.7	1.5	17.8	150.1

Table NDA.1.17

Table NDA.1.17 **Labour force participation rate for Indigenous people aged 15–64 years with a disability, living in households, by age, by State/Territory, 2008**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Proportion of Indigenous persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force									
All with reported disability									
Age group									
15–24 years %	59.7	63.2	69.9	57.2	59.7	68.9	79.2	51.2	62.3
25–34 years %	52.6	71.7	70.6	63.3	60.3	71.2	88.7	67.4	64.1
35–44 years %	55.0	69.9	72.8	70.9	48.7	41.2	75.0	70.6	64.6
45–54 years %	54.6	57.4	60.5	67.7	69.2	65.4	72.1	59.9	59.7
55–64 years %	24.7	40.0	39.6	46.1	41.1	39.0	45.5	36.9	35.4
Total 15–64 years %	51.2	62.4	65.2	61.9	56.9	58.4	75.8	59.6	59.0

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2008 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey.

Table NDA.1.18

Table NDA.1.18 **Relative standard errors for labour force participation rate for Indigenous people aged 15–64 years with a disability, living in households, by age, by State/Territory (a)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of Indigenous persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force									
All with reported disability									
Age group									
15–24 years %	13.5	11.9	16.0	20.4	14.6	19.4	18.1	17.2	6.8
25–34 years %	13.0	9.0	11.0	17.2	14.1	19.9	17.4	14.7	5.6
35–44 years %	11.7	8.9	12.7	11.5	17.1	18.6	23.1	10.8	5.2
45–54 years %	12.3	12.2	13.6	11.9	12.4	13.9	19.4	10.8	5.5
55–64 years %	19.7	21.5	25.8	17.8	29.6	23.3	39.1	17.8	9.4
Total 15–64 years %	6.2	5.2	7.8	7.1	7.7	8.5	10.7	7.2	3.2
Denominator – total number of Indigenous persons with disability aged 15–64 years									
All with reported disability									
Age group									
15–24 years %	10.2	8.5	9.9	14.1	9.1	13.7	13.0	12.2	4.8
25–34 years %	9.1	6.8	8.3	10.4	10.2	15.6	15.5	10.8	4.1
35–44 years %	8.5	6.2	7.8	9.4	10.8	12.1	17.8	6.6	3.6
45–54 years %	5.0	6.0	9.7	9.0	7.6	9.4	15.3	6.9	3.3
55–64 years %	5.4	5.0	8.0	7.4	5.5	8.7	20.2	5.4	3.0
Total 15–64 years %	4.0	3.4	4.3	4.9	4.6	6.1	6.7	4.8	1.9

Table NDA.1.18

Table NDA.1.18 **Relative standard errors for labour force participation rate for Indigenous people aged 15–64 years with a disability, living in households, by age, by State/Territory (a)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Proportion of Indigenous persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force									
All with reported disability									
Age group									
15–24 years %	9.2	8.4	9.5	14.6	10.3	11.2	11.4	12.5	4.4
25–34 years %	11.4	6.8	7.5	10.7	9.4	12.4	8.7	9.5	4.0
35–44 years %	9.6	5.9	7.5	8.4	14.6	16.3	11.7	7.1	3.7
45–54 years %	11.2	10.1	9.7	8.6	9.0	11.4	20.5	9.4	4.6
55–64 years %	18.5	19.5	23.2	15.7	27.0	20.6	32.3	16.6	8.5
Total 15–64 years %	5.3	3.9	5.2	4.8	6.2	7.2	5.9	5.0	2.3

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2008 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey.

Table NDA.1.19

Table NDA.1.19 Labour force participation rate for Indigenous people aged 15–64 years with a disability, living in households, by remoteness area, by State/Territory, 2008

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of Indigenous persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
All with reported disability										
Remoteness Area										
Major cities	'000	11.5	4.0	11.5	4.4	2.4	–	1.1	–	35.0
Inner regional	'000	7.1	2.0	3.3	0.7	0.5	1.5	–	–	15.1
Outer regional	'000	3.8	1.1	6.0	1.3	1.1	1.8	–	2.4	17.6
<i>Total non-remote</i>	'000	22.5	7.1	20.8	6.4	4.0	3.3	1.1	2.4	67.6
Remote	'000	1.0	–	1.8	1.9	0.2	–	–	2.7	7.6
Very remote	'000	0.2	–	3.6	3.1	0.9	–	–	5.5	13.3
<i>Total remote</i>	'000	1.1	–	5.4	5.1	1.1	–	–	8.2	20.9
Total	'000	23.6	7.1	26.2	11.5	5.2	3.3	1.1	10.6	88.6
Denominator – total number of Indigenous persons with disability aged 15–64 years										
All with reported disability										
Remoteness Area										
Major cities	'000	19.9	5.8	14.3	7.0	4.4	–	1.5	–	52.9
Inner regional	'000	13.8	3.7	6.5	1.2	1.0	2.8	–	–	28.9
Outer regional	'000	9.9	1.8	9.9	2.3	1.9	2.8	–	3.8	32.5
<i>Total non-remote</i>	'000	43.6	11.4	30.7	10.5	7.3	5.6	1.5	3.8	114.3
Remote	'000	2.1	–	3.5	3.4	0.4	0.1	–	4.6	14.0
Very remote	'000	0.4	–	6.0	4.6	1.5	–	–	9.3	21.8
<i>Total remote</i>	'000	2.5	–	9.5	8.0	1.8	0.1	–	13.9	35.8
Total	'000	46.1	11.4	40.2	18.5	9.1	5.7	1.5	17.8	150.1

Table NDA.1.19 Labour force participation rate for Indigenous people aged 15–64 years with a disability, living in households, by remoteness area, by State/Territory, 2008

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Proportion of Indigenous persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
All with reported disability										
Remoteness Area										
Major cities	%	57.8	68.6	80.9	62.7	54.5	–	75.8	–	66.1
Inner regional	%	51.8	54.7	49.8	54.7	54.9	53.1	–	–	52.0
Outer regional	%	38.5	58.1	61.2	58.0	58.1	65.0	–	62.0	54.1
<i>Total non-remote</i>	%	51.5	62.4	68.0	60.7	55.5	59.0	75.8	62.0	59.2
Remote	%	47.1	–	50.9	57.4	55.1	26.7	–	58.0	54.1
Very remote	%	41.1	–	59.8	67.7	64.2	–	–	59.4	61.2
<i>Total remote</i>	%	46.1	–	56.5	63.4	62.4	26.7	–	58.9	58.5
Total	%	51.2	62.4	65.2	61.9	56.9	58.4	75.8	59.6	59.0

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2008 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey.

Table NDA.1.20

Table NDA.1.20 **Relative standard errors for labour force participation rate for Indigenous people aged 15–64 years with a disability, living in households, by remoteness area, by State/Territory (a)**

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Numerator – number of Indigenous persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
All with reported disability										
Remoteness Area										
Major cities	%	10.6	5.5	16.3	11.4	10.7	–	10.7	–	6.6
Inner regional	%	11.9	11.0	24.9	20.1	27.3	14.0	–	–	8.2
Outer regional	%	13.4	15.3	15.2	23.2	18.4	13.2	–	15.7	6.9
Total non-remote	%	6.6	5.2	10.0	9.2	8.5	9.0	10.7	15.7	4.0
Remote	%	26.3	–	11.5	12.7	29.1	103.1	–	14.5	7.4
Very remote	%	108.5	–	13.3	16.5	23.2	–	–	11.9	7.5
Total remote	%	11.3	–	9.4	10.7	19.8	103.1	–	8.8	5.0
Total	%	6.2	5.2	7.8	7.1	7.7	8.5	10.7	7.2	3.2
Denominator – total number of Indigenous persons with disability aged 15–64 years										
All with reported disability										
Remoteness Area										
Major cities	%	6.3	3.8	11.3	8.8	5.9	–	6.7	–	4.1
Inner regional	%	8.9	6.4	13.2	18.7	15.2	10.4	–	–	5.2
Outer regional	%	8.4	9.6	10.5	12.8	14.2	12.1	–	9.2	4.6
Total non-remote	%	4.2	3.4	5.9	6.8	5.3	7.0	6.7	9.2	2.4
Remote	%	28.4	–	8.5	9.2	31.8	102.6	–	14.6	7.0
Very remote	%	111.6	–	11.9	10.8	9.3	–	–	7.3	5.4
Total remote	%	11.5	–	7.9	6.8	9.4	102.6	–	6.2	3.6
Total	%	4.0	3.4	4.3	4.9	4.6	6.1	6.7	4.8	1.9

Table NDA.1.20

Table NDA.1.20 **Relative standard errors for labour force participation rate for Indigenous people aged 15–64 years with a disability, living in households, by remoteness area, by State/Territory (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Proportion of Indigenous persons with disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
All with reported disability										
Remoteness Area										
Major cities	%	8.2	4.0	7.4	7.9	8.2	–	5.9	–	4.0
Inner regional	%	10.0	9.6	17.4	9.4	23.0	13.3	–	–	6.5
Outer regional	%	12.5	11.2	11.8	15.9	13.2	6.8	–	10.9	5.5
<i>Total non-remote</i>	%	5.6	3.9	6.3	6.4	6.6	7.1	5.9	10.9	3.0
Remote	%	15.4	–	8.5	8.2	23.2	101.1	–	9.3	4.9
Very remote	%	100.2	–	8.7	10.4	17.9	–	–	7.9	4.9
<i>Total remote</i>	%	12.2	–	6.3	7.2	15.8	101.1	–	5.8	3.5
Total	%	5.3	3.9	5.2	4.8	6.2	7.2	5.9	5.0	2.3

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2008 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey.

Table NDA.1.21

Labour force status working age population (15–64 year olds) living in households, by disability status, by State/Territory, 2003

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All with reported disability										
In the labour force										
Employed	'000	286.8	280.0	246.8	124.4	94.4	31.2	np	np	1 084.5
Unemployed	'000	28.5	25.6	24.5	9.4	9.6	3.1	np	np	101.5
Total in labour force	'000	315.3	305.5	271.2	133.9	104.0	34.2	18.9	2.9	1 186.0
Not in labour force	'000	298.7	250.7	234.0	111.9	98.3	32.4	9.3	7.5	1 042.8
Total	'000	614.0	556.2	505.3	245.7	202.3	66.6	28.2	10.4	2 228.8
Unemployment rate	%	9.0	8.4	9.0	7.0	9.2	9.0	np	np	8.6
Proportion of total population employed (FT and PT) (a)	%	46.4	49.9	48.1	50.1	46.2	46.2	np	np	48.2
Proportion of total population employed (FT only)	%	28.6	31.0	32.2	31.4	26.6	21.9	np	np	30.4
Proportion of total population employed (PT only)	%	17.8	18.1	15.9	18.7	19.6	24.3	np	np	17.8
Participation rate	%	51.3	54.9	53.7	54.5	51.4	51.4	67.1	27.8	53.2
No reported disability										
In the labour force										
Employed	'000	2 920.5	2 167.1	1 584.6	836.9	616.2	175.8	np	np	8 545.1
Unemployed	'000	151.3	109.6	87.4	43.8	35.8	14.5	np	np	450.8
Total in labour force	'000	3 071.8	2 276.6	1 671.9	880.7	652.0	190.3	169.7	82.9	8 995.9
Not in labour force	'000	780.4	533.8	379.3	224.3	153.0	54.8	29.0	13.9	2 168.4
Total	'000	3 852.2	2 810.4	2 051.2	1 105.0	804.9	245.1	198.6	96.8	11 164.3

Table NDA.1.21 **Labour force status working age population (15–64 year olds) living in households, by disability status, by State/Territory, 2003**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Unemployment rate	%	4.9	4.8	5.2	5.0	5.5	7.6	np	np	5.0
Proportion of total population employed (FT and PT) (a)	%	75.8	77.1	77.3	75.8	76.5	71.8	np	np	76.6
Proportion of total population employed (FT only)	%	54.5	54.0	54.2	54.0	54.0	48.4	np	np	54.3
Proportion of total population employed (PT only)	%	21.3	23.1	23.1	21.8	22.5	23.4	np	np	22.3
Participation rate	%	79.7	81.0	81.5	79.7	81.0	77.6	85.4	85.7	80.6

(a) This is the proportion of the total population of people who are employed (ie, employment to population rate, not an employment rate)

np Not published. FT = full time. PT =part time.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.1.22

Relative standard errors for labour force status working age population (15–64 year olds) living in households, by disability status, by State/Territory (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Australia</i>
All with reported disability										
In the labour force										
Employed	%	6.0	5.3	6.4	7.9	8.1	7.4	np	np	2.7
Unemployed	%	17.1	19.3	19.2	23.6	19.0	32.3	np	np	9.2
Total in labour force	%	5.8	5.2	6.0	7.9	7.2	7.3	9.6	40.7	2.8
Not in labour force	%	5.6	4.3	6.0	6.5	7.9	9.5	16.3	30.7	2.6
Total	%	3.8	3.4	4.0	5.1	5.5	5.1	7.6	24.2	1.8
Unemployment rate	%	16.1	18.4	18.5	21.5	20.1	30.4	np	np	8.3
Proportion of total population employed (FT and PT)	%	4.3	3.6	3.7	4.3	4.9	6.3	np	np	1.8
Proportion of total population employed (FT only)	%	6.2	5.3	5.1	6.5	7.6	11.0	np	np	1.8
Proportion of total population employed (PT only)	%	8.6	7.9	8.3	9.4	9.4	10.2	np	np	3.8
Participation rate	%	4.1	3.1	4.2	4.8	5.0	6.5	6.7	39.4	1.9
No reported disability										
In the labour force										
Employed	%	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.9	2.3	2.8	2.0	3.7	0.5
Unemployed	%	7.4	9.6	9.5	11.6	11.6	11.5	22.9	29.1	4.8
Total in labour force	%	0.9	0.9	1.3	1.7	2.1	2.4	1.9	3.6	0.5
Not in labour force	%	2.5	2.9	3.7	5.4	4.0	6.3	9.9	17.2	1.5
Total	%	0.6	0.7	1.2	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.1	2.6	0.4
Unemployment rate	%	7.5	9.6	9.1	11.7	11.7	11.8	np	np	4.6

Table NDA.1.22 **Relative standard errors for labour force status working age population (15–64 year olds) living in households, by disability status, by State/Territory (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Australia</i>
Proportion of total population employed (FT and PT)	%	0.7	0.6	0.7	1.0	1.1	1.5	np	np	0.4
Proportion of total population employed (FT only)	%	1.3	1.1	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.6	np	np	0.6
Proportion of total population employed (PT only)	%	2.8	2.4	2.9	3.6	3.9	4.9	np	np	1.3
Participation rate	%	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.3	1.0	1.8	1.7	2.8	0.3

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

np Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

NDA Indicator 2:

**Proportion of people with
disability who participate in
social and community activities**

Table NDA.2.1

Table NDA.2.1 Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities at home in the last three months, by disability status, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Disability status										
Has profound or severe disability	%	95.2	95.4	95.8	94.5	93.7	97.6	np	np	95.3
Other disability or restrictive long term health condition	%	97.5	97.4	97.8	97.2	98.6	98.1	np	np	97.7
Total with disability	%	97.0	96.9	97.3	96.6	97.4	np	97.5	np	97.1
Has no disability	%	96.1	98.1	99.4	96.7	100.0	np	100.0	np	97.7
Total	%	96.8	97.1	97.6	96.6	97.8	98.0	98.0	100.0	97.2

np Not published.

Source : ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers .

Table NDA.2.2 Relative standard errors for proportion of people (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities at home in the last three months, by disability status, by State/Territory (per cent) (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Disability status										
Has profound or severe disability	%	1.9	1.7	1.3	2.0	1.9	1.5	np	np	0.8
Other disability or restrictive long term health condition	%	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.5	1.0	np	np	0.3
Total with disability	%	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.8	0.8	np	2.0	np	0.2
Has no disability	%	1.2	0.9	0.6	1.6	–	np	–	np	0.6
Total	%	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.8	0.6	0.7	1.6	–	0.2

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

np Not published. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.3 **Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities at home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by sex, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All with reported disability										
Sex										
Male	%	95.8	96.5	95.9	95.5	97.6	98.6	np	np	96.3
Female	%	98.3	97.3	98.7	97.7	97.2	97.2	np	np	97.9
Persons	%	97.0	96.9	97.3	96.6	97.4	97.9	97.5	100.0	97.1

np Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.4

Table NDA.2.4 Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities at home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by sex, by State/Territory (per cent) (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All with reported disability										
Sex										
Male	%	1.0	1.0	0.8	1.2	1.0	0.8	np	np	0.4
Female	%	0.8	0.8	0.5	1.0	1.0	1.2	np	np	0.3
Persons	%	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.8	0.8	0.8	2.0	–	0.2

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

np Not published. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.5

Table NDA.2.5 Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities at home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by age, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All with reported disability										
5–14 years	%	100.0	96.4	96.4	98.8	94.9	100.0	np	np	97.9
15–24 years	%	np	np	94.6	94.4	np	100.0	100.0	np	96.9
25–34 years	%	np	np	98.4	97.0	96.1	100.0	100.0	100.0	97.3
35–44 years	%	97.3	96.9	97.6	96.0	np	np	np	100.0	97.2
45–54 years	%	94.9	97.2	98.6	96.8	97.2	np	np	100.0	96.7
55–64 years	%	97.6	95.1	97.0	96.2	np	100.0	np	100.0	96.9
Total 5–64 years	%	97.0	96.9	97.3	96.6	97.4	97.9	97.5	100.0	97.1

np Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.6

Table NDA.2.6 Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities at home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by age, by State/Territory (per cent) (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All with reported disability										
5–14 years	%	–	2.2	2.9	1.2	3.3	–	np	np	0.7
15–24 years	%	np	np	2.2	3.4	np	–	–	np	0.8
25–34 years	%	np	np	1.2	1.7	2.3	–	–	–	0.8
35–44 years	%	1.7	1.4	1.1	2.5	np	np	np	–	0.6
45–54 years	%	1.5	1.0	0.8	1.4	1.4	np	np	–	0.5
55–64 years	%	1.1	1.6	1.0	0.9	np	–	np	–	0.6
Total 5–64 years	%	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.8	0.8	0.8	2.0	–	0.2

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

np Not published. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.7

Table NDA.2.7 Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities at home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by remoteness area, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All with reported disability										
Remoteness Area										
Major cities	%	97.2	97.0	96.9	97.0	96.9	–	97.5	–	97.0
Inner regional	%	98.6	96.3	98.2	95.3	98.6	99.1	–	–	97.7
Outer regional/Remote	%	90.9	98.4	96.7	95.9	98.8	95.9	–	100.0	96.1
Total	%	97.0	96.9	97.3	96.6	97.4	97.9	97.5	100.0	97.1

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.8

Table NDA.2.8 Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities at home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by remoteness area, by State/Territory (per cent) (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All with reported disability										
Remoteness Area										
Major cities	%	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	—	2.0	—	0.3
Inner regional	%	1.1	1.5	0.9	2.3	1.4	0.6	—	—	0.5
Outer regional/Remote	%	3.4	1.7	1.6	2.7	1.3	1.8	—	—	0.8
Total	%	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.8	0.8	0.8	2.0	—	0.2

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

— Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.9

Table NDA.2.9 Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities at home in the last three months, by country of birth, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All with reported disability										
Country of birth										
Australia	%	97.2	97.5	97.1	96.6	96.9	98.0	99.2	100.0	97.2
Other English speaking countries (a)	%	100.0	98.4	98.9	95.9	100.0	96.2	100.0	100.0	98.5
All English speaking countries	%	97.4	97.6	97.3	96.5	97.3	97.8	99.3	100.0	97.3
Non-English speaking countries	%	94.6	93.8	96.8	97.2	98.6	100.0	87.8	100.0	95.1
Total	%	97.0	96.9	97.3	96.6	97.4	97.9	97.5	100.0	97.1

(a) Other English speaking countries are as stated in the English Proficiency Group Classification (Dept of Immigration and Citizenship) and include Canada, Ireland, New Zealand, South Africa, United Kingdom, United States of America and Zimbabwe.

Source : ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers .

Table NDA.2.10 Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities at home in the last three months, by country of birth, by State/Territory (per cent) (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All with reported disability										
Country of birth										
Australia	%	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.8	–	0.3
Other English speaking countries (b)	%	–	1.6	1.2	1.8	–	4.1	–	–	0.5
All English speaking countries	%	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.7	–	0.3
Non–English speaking countries	%	2.1	2.1	2.2	1.9	1.4	–	14.2	–	0.9
Total	%	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.8	0.8	0.8	2.0	–	0.2

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

(b) Other English speaking countries are as stated in the English Proficiency Group Classification (Dept of Immigration and Citizenship) and include Canada, Ireland, New Zealand, South Africa, United Kingdom, United States of America and Zimbabwe.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) *2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers*.

Table NDA.2.11

Table NDA.2.11 Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities at home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by age and sex, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent) (a)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
All with reported disability										
Male										
5–14 years	%	100.0	98.3	96.9	98.3	94.5	100.0	np	np	98.3
15–24 years	%	97.2	100.0	88.5	92.3	97.1	100.0	100.0	–	95.2
25–34 years	%	94.8	98.6	97.1	95.6	94.2	100.0	np	np	96.8
35–44 years	%	95.0	96.5	96.2	93.3	98.2	100.0	np	np	96.0
45–54 years	%	91.4	97.5	97.1	96.9	100.0	94.2	np	np	95.6
55–64 years	%	97.6	92.5	96.8	95.1	98.8	100.0	100.0	100.0	96.1
Total 5–64 years	%	95.8	96.5	95.9	95.5	97.6	98.6	97.2	100.0	96.3
Female										
5–14 years	%	100.0	92.7	95.6	100.0	95.9	100.0	np	np	97.3
15–24 years	%	96.8	100.0	100.0	96.9	97.7	100.0	100.0	–	98.6
25–34 years	%	95.9	97.2	100.0	98.2	97.9	100.0	np	np	97.9
35–44 years	%	100.0	97.3	98.9	98.4	98.3	94.8	np	np	98.5
45–54 years	%	99.0	97.0	100.0	96.7	94.1	92.6	np	np	97.8
55–64 years	%	97.6	97.7	97.2	97.5	98.8	100.0	94.9	100.0	97.7
Total 5–64 years	%	98.3	97.3	98.7	97.7	97.2	97.2	97.7	100.0	97.9
All										
5–14 years	%	100.0	96.4	96.4	98.8	94.9	100.0	93.7	100.0	97.9
15–24 years	%	97.0	100.0	94.6	94.4	97.4	100.0	100.0	–	96.9
25–34 years	%	95.4	98.1	98.4	97.0	96.1	100.0	100.0	100.0	97.3
35–44 years	%	97.3	96.9	97.6	96.0	98.3	97.3	96.5	100.0	97.2
45–54 years	%	94.9	97.2	98.6	96.8	97.2	93.4	96.9	100.0	96.7
55–64 years	%	97.6	95.1	97.0	96.2	98.8	100.0	97.3	100.0	96.9
Total 15–64 years	%	97.0	96.9	97.3	96.6	97.4	97.9	97.5	100.0	97.1

Table NDA.2.11 Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities at home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by age and sex, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent) (a)

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

– Nil or rounded to zero. **np** Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) *2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers*.

Table NDA.2.12

Table NDA.2.12 Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities at home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by age and sex, by State/Territory (per cent) (a)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
All with reported disability										
Male										
5–14 years	%	—	1.7	2.3	1.8	3.5	—	np	np	0.7
15–24 years	%	2.9	—	4.6	6.2	3.1	—	—	—	1.4
25–34 years	%	3.5	1.4	2.1	3.2	4.4	—	np	np	1.2
35–44 years	%	3.1	2.1	2.0	5.3	1.9	—	np	np	1.1
45–54 years	%	2.6	1.4	1.8	2.3	—	3.3	np	np	0.9
55–64 years	%	1.5	2.5	1.5	2.2	1.3	—	—	—	0.9
Total 5–64 years	%	1.0	1.0	0.8	1.2	1.0	0.8	2.0	—	0.4
Female										
5–14 years	%	—	5.6	4.6	—	4.4	—	np	np	1.4
15–24 years	%	3.4	—	—	3.3	2.4	—	—	—	0.9
25–34 years	%	3.1	2.9	—	1.9	2.2	—	np	np	1.2
35–44 years	%	—	2.0	1.1	1.6	1.7	3.8	np	np	0.6
45–54 years	%	1.0	1.5	—	2.0	3.2	4.4	np	np	0.6
55–64 years	%	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.9	1.3	—	5.5	—	0.6
Total 5–64 years	%	0.8	0.8	0.5	1.0	1.0	1.2	2.4	—	0.3
All										
5–14 years	%	—	2.2	2.9	1.2	3.3	—	7.3	—	0.7
15–24 years	%	2.1	—	2.2	3.4	1.9	—	—	—	0.8
25–34 years	%	2.3	1.4	1.2	1.7	2.3	—	—	—	0.8
35–44 years	%	1.7	1.4	1.1	2.5	1.2	1.9	3.7	—	0.6
45–54 years	%	1.5	1.0	0.8	1.4	1.4	2.9	3.3	—	0.5
55–64 years	%	1.1	1.6	1.0	1.5	0.9	—	2.9	—	0.6
Total 15–64 years	%	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.8	0.8	0.8	2.0	—	0.2

Table NDA.2.12 Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities at home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by age and sex, by State/Territory (per cent) (a)

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

– Nil or rounded to zero. **np** Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 *Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers*.

Table NDA.2.13

Table NDA.2.13 Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities away from home in the last three months, by disability status, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Disability status										
Has profound or severe disability	%	86.3	89.5	93.3	94.1	91.9	92.4	94.0	70.8	90.3
Other disability or restrictive long term health condition	%	94.3	94.8	96.4	96.7	96.0	96.4	96.1	100.0	95.4
Total with disability	%	92.4	93.3	95.5	96.1	95.1	95.2	95.6	94.6	94.1
Has no disability	%	93.7	95.7	96.9	94.0	100.0	96.7	100.0	100.0	95.5
Total	%	92.7	93.8	95.7	95.8	95.8	95.4	96.6	95.2	94.4

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.14 Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities away from home in the last three months, by disability status, by State/Territory (per cent) (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Q/d</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Disability status										
Has profound or severe disability	%	2.5	2.1	1.8	1.9	2.9	2.8	4.4	26.9	1.1
Other disability or restrictive long term health condition	%	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.9	1.2	1.6	2.2	–	0.4
Total with disability	%	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	1.3	1.3	2.1	4.2	0.4
Has no disability	%	1.4	1.6	1.3	2.4	–	2.5	–	–	0.7
Total	%	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	1.1	1.2	1.6	3.7	0.4

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.15

Table NDA.2.15 Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities away from home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by sex, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All with reported disability										
Sex										
Male	%	91.9	94.2	94.6	94.4	94.9	97.1	95.7	94.1	93.8
Female	%	93.1	92.4	96.4	97.9	95.2	93.1	95.6	95.3	94.5
Persons	%	92.4	93.3	95.5	96.1	95.1	95.2	95.6	94.6	94.1

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.16 Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities away from home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by sex, by State/Territory (per cent) (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All with reported disability										
Sex										
Male	%	1.2	1.3	0.9	1.3	1.5	1.3	2.7	6.6	0.5
Female	%	1.4	1.3	1.0	0.9	1.5	2.1	2.2	5.5	0.6
Persons	%	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	1.3	1.3	2.1	4.2	0.4

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.17

Table NDA.2.17 Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities away from home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by age, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All with reported disability										
Age										
5–14 years	%	98.6	98.9	97.3	98.8	98.6	100.0	93.7	100.0	98.4
15–24 years	%	95.0	94.9	96.9	96.8	95.5	100.0	100.0	–	95.9
25–34 years	%	90.4	92.4	96.5	96.9	95.1	94.6	100.0	100.0	94.0
35–44 years	%	90.8	93.6	93.5	96.9	96.2	94.6	100.0	100.0	93.5
45–54 years	%	94.0	92.1	95.6	94.3	93.1	95.5	91.0	100.0	93.8
55–64 years	%	89.1	92.4	94.9	95.2	94.5	92.9	92.1	81.7	92.4
Total 5–64 years	%	92.4	93.3	95.5	96.1	95.1	95.2	95.6	94.6	94.1

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.18 Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities away from home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by age, by State/Territory (per cent) (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All with reported disability										
Age										
5–14 years	%	1.0	1.1	2.8	1.2	1.4	–	7.3	–	0.7
15–24 years	%	2.5	2.5	1.8	3.4	3.3	–	–	–	1.0
25–34 years	%	3.0	2.5	1.8	1.8	2.6	4.1	–	–	0.9
35–44 years	%	2.9	2.1	2.4	2.3	1.9	2.7	–	–	1.0
45–54 years	%	2.0	1.7	1.4	1.9	2.6	2.3	5.8	–	0.7
55–64 years	%	2.3	1.8	1.5	1.4	2.3	2.7	6.6	16.2	0.9
Total 5–64 years	%	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	1.3	1.3	2.1	4.2	0.4

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.19

Table NDA.2.19 Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities away from home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by remoteness area, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All with reported disability										
Remoteness Area										
Major cities	%	93.5	93.6	95.9	95.7	95.0	–	95.6	–	94.4
Inner regional	%	92.5	95.4	95.9	96.5	95.9	96.4	–	–	94.9
Outer regional/remote	%	83.6	82.8	94.1	97.0	94.8	93.1	–	94.6	91.5
Total	%	92.4	93.3	95.5	96.1	95.1	95.2	95.6	94.6	94.1

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.20

Table NDA.2.20 Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities away from home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by remoteness area, by State/Territory (per cent) (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All with reported disability										
Remoteness Area										
Major cities	%	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.7	–	2.1	–	0.5
Inner regional	%	2.3	1.8	1.1	2.8	2.2	1.3	–	–	0.8
Outer regional/remote	%	5.8	5.9	1.6	1.4	2.9	2.4	–	4.2	1.2
Total	%	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	1.3	1.3	2.1	4.2	0.4

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.21

Table NDA.2.21 Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities away from home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by country of birth, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All with reported disability										
Country of birth										
Australia	%	93.5	94.1	96.1	96.8	94.7	95.4	98.4	92.5	94.8
Other English speaking countries	%	98.1	92.4	94.1	94.9	97.5	95.2	93.9	100.0	95.3
All English speaking countries	%	93.8	94.0	95.9	96.5	95.0	95.3	97.8	93.6	94.9
Non–English speaking countries	%	84.8	90.4	90.6	92.8	95.5	91.3	83.9	100.0	89.0
Total	%	92.4	93.3	95.5	96.1	95.1	95.2	95.6	94.6	94.1

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.22 Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities away from home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by country of birth, by State/Territory (per cent) (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All with reported disability										
Country of birth										
Australia	%	1.1	0.8	0.8	0.8	1.5	1.3	1.2	5.9	0.4
Other English speaking countries	%	2.0	4.0	3.1	2.6	1.8	5.2	6.8	–	1.3
All English speaking countries	%	1.0	0.8	0.7	0.9	1.4	1.3	1.6	4.9	0.4
Non-English speaking countries	%	4.1	3.5	4.8	3.3	2.7	10.2	9.9	–	1.6
Total	%	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	1.3	1.3	2.1	4.2	0.4

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.23

Table NDA.2.23 Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities away from home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by age and sex, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All with reported disability									
Male									
5–14 years	%	97.8	98.3	98.4	98.3	98.1	100.0	np	98.1
15–24 years	%	90.8	95.2	95.5	97.2	93.2	100.0	100.0	94.2
25–34 years	%	91.6	95.6	95.3	98.0	94.7	100.0	np	95.0
35–44 years	%	92.7	91.8	93.5	93.4	94.2	97.2	np	93.1
45–54 years	%	90.6	95.0	95.0	89.2	95.9	98.3	np	93.3
55–64 years	%	89.5	92.0	92.6	93.8	93.7	93.3	93.8	80.0
Total 5–64 years	%	91.9	94.2	94.6	94.4	94.9	97.1	95.7	94.1
Female									
5–14 years	%	100.0	100.0	95.6	100.0	100.0	100.0	np	99.0
15–24 years	%	100.0	94.7	98.2	96.3	97.6	100.0	100.0	–
25–34 years	%	89.3	86.1	98.0	96.0	95.5	88.7	np	92.7
35–44 years	%	88.5	95.4	93.5	100.0	98.3	92.3	np	94.0
45–54 years	%	97.9	89.4	96.2	98.8	90.0	92.3	np	94.4
55–64 years	%	88.7	92.9	97.2	96.6	95.2	92.5	90.6	83.9
Total 5–64 years	%	93.1	92.4	96.4	97.9	95.2	93.1	95.6	95.3
All									
5–14 years	%	98.6	98.9	97.3	98.8	98.6	100.0	93.7	100.0
15–24 years	%	95.0	94.9	96.9	96.8	95.5	100.0	100.0	–
25–34 years	%	90.4	92.4	96.5	96.9	95.1	94.6	100.0	100.0
35–44 years	%	90.8	93.6	93.5	96.9	96.2	94.6	100.0	100.0
45–54 years	%	94.0	92.1	95.6	94.3	93.1	95.5	91.0	100.0
55–64 years	%	89.1	92.4	94.9	95.2	94.5	92.9	92.1	81.7
Total 15–64 years	%	92.4	93.3	95.5	96.1	95.1	95.2	95.6	94.6

Table NDA.2.23 Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities away from home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by age and sex, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)

– Nil or rounded to zero. **np** Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) *2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers*.

Table NDA.2.24

Table NDA.2.24 Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities away from home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by age and sex, by State/Territory (per cent) (a)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
All with reported disability										
Male										
5–14 years	%	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.8	2.0	—	np	np	0.8
15–24 years	%	4.7	3.7	3.4	2.9	5.3	—	—	—	1.7
25–34 years	%	4.7	2.5	2.8	2.1	4.0	—	np	np	1.6
35–44 years	%	3.4	3.2	2.7	5.2	3.3	3.0	np	np	1.3
45–54 years	%	3.3	2.4	2.1	4.0	2.3	1.7	np	np	1.2
55–64 years	%	3.1	2.8	2.3	2.8	2.7	3.9	6.8	26.8	1.2
Total 5–64 years	%	1.2	1.3	0.9	1.3	1.5	1.3	2.7	6.6	0.5
Female										
5–14 years	%	—	—	4.6	—	—	—	np	np	1.0
15–24 years	%	—	3.7	1.9	4.0	2.5	—	—	—	1.0
25–34 years	%	4.7	6.9	2.0	2.9	3.4	9.1	np	np	1.7
35–44 years	%	5.1	2.9	3.2	—	1.7	4.6	np	np	1.5
45–54 years	%	1.5	3.0	1.8	1.2	4.1	4.6	np	np	1.0
55–64 years	%	3.4	1.9	1.6	1.9	2.4	4.0	7.2	23.2	1.2
Total 5–64 years	%	1.4	1.3	1.0	0.9	1.5	2.1	2.2	5.5	0.6
All										
5–14 years	%	1.0	1.1	2.8	1.2	1.4	—	7.3	—	0.7
15–24 years	%	2.5	2.5	1.8	3.4	3.3	—	—	—	1.0
25–34 years	%	3.0	2.5	1.8	1.8	2.6	4.1	—	—	0.9
35–44 years	%	2.9	2.1	2.4	2.3	1.9	2.7	—	—	1.0
45–54 years	%	2.0	1.7	1.4	1.9	2.6	2.3	5.8	—	0.7
55–64 years	%	2.3	1.8	1.5	1.4	2.3	2.7	6.6	16.2	0.9
Total 15–64 years	%	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	1.3	1.3	2.1	4.2	0.4

Table NDA.2.24 Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities away from home in the last three months, all with reported disability, by age and sex, by State/Territory (per cent) (a)

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

– Nil or rounded to zero. **np** Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) *2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers*.

Table NDA.2.25

Table NDA.2.25 Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who have travelled to social and community activities in the last fortnight, by disability status, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Disability status										
Has profound or severe disability	%	90.6	91.8	95.2	91.9	93.2	93.7	100.0	70.8	92.5
Other disability or restrictive long term health condition	%	96.9	98.3	98.6	97.9	98.6	97.3	98.3	100.0	97.9
Total with disability	%	95.4	96.6	97.6	96.5	97.3	96.2	98.6	94.6	96.5
Has no disability	
Total	%	95.4	96.6	97.6	96.5	97.3	96.2	98.6	94.6	96.5

.. Not applicable.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.26 Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who have travelled to social and community activities in the last fortnight, by disability status, by State/Territory (per cent) (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Disability status										
Has profound or severe disability	%	2.1	2.0	1.5	2.4	2.7	2.4	–	26.9	1.0
Other disability or restrictive long term health condition	%	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.2	–	0.2
Total with disability	%	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	4.2	0.3
Has no disability	%
Total	%	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	4.2	0.3

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

.. Not applicable. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.27

Table NDA.2.27 Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who have travelled to social and community activities in the last fortnight, all with reported disability, by sex, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All with reported disability										
Sex										
Male	%	94.5	96.3	96.6	96.1	97.2	95.2	100.0	94.1	95.9
Female	%	96.5	96.9	98.7	96.9	97.5	97.3	97.5	95.3	97.3
Persons	%	95.4	96.6	97.6	96.5	97.3	96.2	98.6	94.6	96.5

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.28

Table NDA.2.28 Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who have travelled to social and community activities in the last fortnight, all with reported disability, by sex, by State/Territory (per cent) (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All with reported disability										
Sex										
Male	%	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	–	6.6	0.4
Female	%	1.1	0.8	0.5	1.4	1.0	1.1	1.8	5.5	0.4
Persons	%	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	4.2	0.3

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.29

Table NDA.2.29 Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who have travelled to social and community activities in the last fortnight, all with reported disability, by age, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All with reported disability										
Age										
5–14 years	%	98.6	98.9	100.0	96.1	100.0	97.0	100.0	100.0	98.7
15–24 years	%	95.1	100.0	97.7	96.2	97.4	100.0	100.0	–	97.4
25–34 years	%	93.5	97.1	97.2	96.9	97.2	97.7	95.9	100.0	96.2
35–44 years	%	96.7	95.3	97.5	100.0	99.1	94.3	100.0	100.0	97.1
45–54 years	%	95.5	96.8	98.5	95.3	94.5	96.9	100.0	100.0	96.5
55–64 years	%	94.0	95.0	96.4	95.2	97.7	94.9	97.7	81.7	95.2
Total 5–64 years	%	95.4	96.6	97.6	96.5	97.3	96.2	98.6	94.6	96.5

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.30

Table NDA.2.30 Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who have travelled to social and community activities in the last fortnight, all with reported disability, by age, by State/Territory (per cent) (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All with reported disability										
Age										
5–14 years	%	1.5	1.1	–	2.4	–	3.2	–	–	0.6
15–24 years	%	3.0	–	1.7	2.7	2.7	–	–	–	0.9
25–34 years	%	2.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.1	2.4	4.3	–	0.9
35–44 years	%	1.5	1.7	1.2	–	0.9	3.1	–	–	0.8
45–54 years	%	1.4	1.3	0.8	1.8	2.2	1.9	–	–	0.5
55–64 years	%	1.5	1.6	1.4	1.8	1.2	2.6	2.4	16.2	0.7
Total 5–64 years	%	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	4.2	0.3

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.31

Table NDA.2.31 Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who have travelled to social and community activities in the last fortnight, all with reported disability, by remoteness area, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Remoteness Area										
Major cities	%	96.2	96.8	97.9	95.6	97.2	–	98.6	–	96.7
Inner regional	%	93.7	97	98.9	96.8	98.6	96.5	–	–	96.6
Outer regional/remote	%	93.6	92.2	95.3	99	97.1	95.8	–	94.6	95.5
Total	%	95.4	96.6	97.6	96.5	97.3	96.2	98.6	94.6	96.5

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source : ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers .

Table NDA.2.32

Table NDA.2.32 Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who have travelled to social and community activities in the last fortnight, all with reported disability, by remoteness area, by State/Territory (per cent) (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Remoteness Area										
Major cities	%	0.8	0.7	0.7	1.2	1.2	–	1.0	–	0.4
Inner regional	%	1.6	1.1	0.6	1.8	1.4	1.4	–	–	0.5
Outer regional/remote	%	3.3	4.0	1.3	1.0	2.2	1.4	–	4.2	0.9
Total	%	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	4.2	0.3

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.33

Table NDA.2.33 Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who have travelled to social and community activities in the last fortnight, all with reported disability, by country of birth, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All with reported disability										
Country of birth										
Australia	%	95.5	96.8	97.7	97.0	97.2	96.0	98.9	92.5	96.7
Other English speaking countries	%	100.0	95.4	96.4	98.0	100.0	96.1	100.0	100.0	97.8
All English speaking countries	%	95.9	96.7	97.6	97.2	97.6	96.0	99.0	93.6	96.8
Non–English speaking countries	%	93.1	95.9	98.7	90.2	95.2	100.0	96.5	100.0	94.8
Total	%	95.4	96.5	97.6	96.5	97.3	96.2	98.6	94.6	96.5

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.34 Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who have travelled to social and community activities in the last fortnight, all with reported disability, by country of birth, by State/Territory (per cent) (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All with reported disability										
Country of birth										
Australia	%	0.7	0.7	0.6	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	5.9	0.3
Other English speaking countries	%	–	2.7	2.1	1.4	–	4.2	–	–	0.8
All English speaking countries	%	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	4.9	0.3
Non–English speaking countries	%	2.0	2.0	1.4	5.0	2.9	–	3.8	–	0.9
Total	%	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	4.2	0.3

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.2.35

Table NDA.2.35 Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who travelled to social and community activities in the last fortnight, all with reported disability, by age and sex, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All with reported disability									
Male									
5–14 years	100.0	98.3	100.0	96.5	100.0	94.7	np	np	99.1
15–24 years	93.6	100.0	97.2	96.2	97.1	100.0	100.0	–	96.8
25–34 years	95.0	97.0	96.5	98.0	94.2	100.0	np	np	96.5
35–44 years	96.4	93.0	97.4	100.0	98.2	90.9	np	np	96.1
45–54 years	93.4	95.8	98.9	94.0	96.1	96.2	np	np	95.6
55–64 years	91.1	96.3	92.7	94.0	97.6	93.7	100.0	80.0	93.7
Total 5–64 years	94.5	96.3	96.6	96.1	97.2	95.2	100.0	94.1	95.9
Female									
5–14 years	96.1	100.0	100.0	95.3	100.0	100.0	np	np	98.1
15–24 years	96.8	100.0	98.2	96.3	97.6	100.0	100.0	–	98.1
25–34 years	91.9	97.2	98.0	96.0	100.0	95.3	np	np	95.9
35–44 years	97.0	97.7	97.6	100.0	100.0	97.5	np	np	98.0
45–54 years	98.0	97.7	98.2	96.4	92.9	97.7	np	np	97.4
55–64 years	96.9	93.6	100.0	96.4	97.7	96.2	95.7	83.9	96.8
Total 5–64 years	96.5	96.9	98.7	96.9	97.5	97.3	97.5	95.3	97.3
All									
5–14 years	98.6	98.9	100.0	96.1	100.0	97.0	100.0	100.0	98.7
15–24 years	95.1	100.0	97.7	96.2	97.4	100.0	100.0	–	97.4
25–34 years	93.5	97.1	97.2	96.9	97.2	97.7	95.9	100.0	96.2
35–44 years	96.7	95.3	97.5	100.0	99.1	94.3	100.0	100.0	97.1
45–54 years	95.5	96.8	98.5	95.3	94.5	96.9	100.0	100.0	96.5
55–64 years	94.0	95.0	96.4	95.2	97.7	94.9	97.7	81.7	95.2
Total 15–64 years	95.4	96.6	97.6	96.5	97.3	96.2	98.6	94.6	96.5

Table NDA.2.35 Proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who travelled to social and community activities in the last fortnight, all with reported disability, by age and sex, by State/Territory, 2003 (per cent)

– Nil or rounded to zero. **np** Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) *2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers*.

Table NDA.2.36

Table NDA.2.36 Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who travelled to social and community activities in the last fortnight, all with reported disability, by age and sex, by State/Territory (per cent) (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All with reported disability										
Male										
5–14 years	%	–	1.7	–	2.5	–	5.7	np	np	0.5
15–24 years	%	5.0	–	2.9	4.1	3.1	–	–	–	1.6
25–34 years	%	3.7	2.1	2.6	2.1	4.4	–	np	np	1.3
35–44 years	%	2.1	2.8	1.9	–	1.9	5.8	np	np	1.3
45–54 years	%	2.2	2.1	1.1	3.2	3.1	2.8	np	np	0.8
55–64 years	%	2.3	2.0	2.9	3.1	1.7	3.9	–	26.8	1.0
Total 5–64 years	%	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	–	6.6	0.4
Female										
5–14 years	%	4.1	–	–	5.3	–	–	np	np	1.6
15–24 years	%	3.4	–	1.9	4.0	2.5	–	–	–	1.0
25–34 years	%	4.0	2.9	2.1	2.9	–	5.2	np	np	1.4
35–44 years	%	2.2	1.7	1.7	–	–	2.6	np	np	0.7
45–54 years	%	1.4	1.3	1.2	2.1	3.1	2.4	np	np	0.6
55–64 years	%	1.6	2.0	–	2.1	1.7	2.7	4.6	23.2	0.7
Total 5–64 years	%	1.1	0.8	0.5	1.4	1.0	1.1	1.8	5.5	0.4
All										
5–14 years	%	1.5	1.1	–	2.4	–	3.2	–	–	0.6
15–24 years	%	3.0	–	1.7	2.7	2.7	–	–	–	0.9
25–34 years	%	2.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.1	2.4	4.3	–	0.9
35–44 years	%	1.5	1.7	1.2	–	0.9	3.1	–	–	0.8
45–54 years	%	1.4	1.3	0.8	1.8	2.2	1.9	–	–	0.5
55–64 years	%	1.5	1.6	1.4	1.8	1.2	2.6	2.4	16.2	0.7
Total 15–64 years	%	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	4.2	0.3

Table NDA.2.36 Relative standard errors for proportion of people with disability (aged 5–64 years) living in households, who travelled to social and community activities in the last fortnight, all with reported disability, by age and sex, by State/Territory (per cent) (a)

(a) Estimates with a relative standard error (RSE) between 25 per cent and 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with an RSE greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

– Nil or rounded to zero. **np** Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 *Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers*.

Table NDA.2.37 Proportion of Indigenous people with disability (aged 15–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities, by sex, by State/Territory, 2008 (per cent) (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Sex									
Male	81.4	91.3	88.7	85.3	88.0	90.2	96.0	94.5	86.9
Female	84.0	92.8	92.7	89.5	90.5	88.5	95.1	90.9	89.2
Persons	82.7	92.1	90.8	87.5	89.3	89.3	95.5	92.5	88.1

(a) Persons aged 15 to 64 years who participated in sport, social or community activities in the last three months.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2008 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey.

Table NDA.2.38

Table NDA.2.38 **Relative standard errors for proportion of Indigenous people with disability (aged 15–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities, by sex, by State/Territory (per cent) (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Sex										
Male	%	4.4	2.0	3.1	3.4	4.7	3.6	2.3	1.7	1.7
Female	%	4.0	1.6	2.3	2.5	2.2	4.2	3.2	2.4	1.4
Persons	%	3.3	1.3	2.1	2.4	2.7	2.7	2.0	1.6	1.2

(a) Persons aged 15 to 64 years who participated in sport, social or community activities in the last three months.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2008 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey.

Table NDA.2.39

Table NDA.2.39 Proportion of Indigenous people with disability (aged 15–64 years) living in households who participated in social and community activities, by age, by State/Territory, 2008 (per cent) (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Age									
15–24 years	81.4	91.6	92.9	89.4	84.9	77.9	90.4	92.6	87.6
25–34 years	93.7	96.5	92.6	89.2	94.6	93.9	100.0	93.4	93.1
35–44 years	84.0	93.0	89.3	90.9	88.5	95.6	100.0	90.5	88.8
45–54 years	77.9	82.3	89.5	84.1	85.9	93.4	95.8	93.8	84.7
55–64 years	78.2	97.4	87.9	81.4	97.4	89.3	92.9	92.8	85.7
Total 15–64 years	82.7	92.1	90.8	87.5	89.3	89.3	95.5	92.5	88.1

(a) Persons aged 15 to 64 years who participated in sport, social or community activities in the last three months.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2008 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey.

Table NDA.2.40

Table NDA.2.40 Relative standard errors for proportion of Indigenous people with disability (aged 15–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities, by age, by State/Territory (per cent) (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>Age</i>										
15–24 years	%	6.2	2.7	3.7	4.9	6.8	9.7	5.7	3.0	2.3
25–34 years	%	2.6	1.8	3.7	4.2	2.7	3.3	–	2.3	1.4
35–44 years	%	4.9	2.7	4.3	4.4	4.8	2.2	–	4.0	2.0
45–54 years	%	6.4	4.9	4.6	5.2	5.4	5.9	4.5	3.0	2.5
55–64 years	%	6.5	1.3	5.6	6.6	2.3	5.2	5.9	4.4	2.5
Total 15–64 years	%	3.3	1.3	2.1	2.4	2.7	2.7	2.0	1.6	1.2

(a) Persons aged 15 to 64 years who participated in sport, social or community activities in the last three months.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2008 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey.

Table NDA.2.41

Table NDA.2.41 Proportion of Indigenous people with disability (aged 15–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities, by remoteness area, by State/Territory, 2008 (per cent) (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Remoteness Area									
Major cities	81.8	93.5	93.1	82.9	87.0	–	95.5	–	87.1
Inner regional	84.7	90.7	93.0	83.8	87.1	85.7	–	–	87.5
Outer regional/remote	82.0	90.1	88.3	91.1	92.6	92.7	–	92.5	89.1
Total	82.7	92.1	90.8	87.5	89.3	89.3	95.5	92.5	88.1

(a) Persons aged 15 to 64 years who participated in sport, social or community activities in the last three months.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2008 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey.

Table NDA.2.42

Table NDA.2.42 Relative standard errors for proportion of Indigenous people with disability (aged 15–64 years) living in households, who participated in social and community activities, by remoteness area, by State/Territory (per cent) (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Remoteness Area										
Major cities	%	4.5	1.4	3.0	4.7	3.4	–	2.0	–	2.0
Inner regional	%	6.4	2.3	3.9	10.7	6.0	4.2	–	–	3.1
Outer regional/remote	%	7.1	4.2	3.5	2.7	4.5	3.4	–	1.6	1.6
Total	%	3.3	1.3	2.1	2.4	2.7	2.7	2.0	1.6	1.2

(a) Persons aged 15 to 64 years who participated in sport, social or community activities in the last three months.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2008 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey.

NDA Indicator 3:

Proportion of the potential population accessing disability services

Table NDA.3.1

Table NDA.3.1 Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services 2007-08										
Males										
0–4 years	no.	3 543	4 655	856	576	583	331	595	103	11 189
5–14 years	no.	6 041	7 225	2 419	3 258	1 930	389	1 181	204	22 538
15–24 years	no.	3 661	6 068	2 343	1 984	1 789	386	174	149	16 444
25–34 years	no.	2 301	5 254	1 723	979	1 119	274	152	93	11 834
35–44 years	no.	2 213	5 252	1 767	1 072	1 312	322	158	113	12 174
45–54 years	no.	2 005	4 895	1 607	893	1 379	352	99	100	11 293
55–64 years	no.	1 405	3 344	975	533	1 136	231	40	79	7 724
Total (c)	no.	21 169	36 779	11 690	9 309	9 248	2 285	2 399	841	93 296
Females										
0–4 years	no.	1 613	2 126	544	349	331	228	311	43	5 504
5–14 years	no.	2 819	3 232	1 336	1 520	988	225	513	124	10 696
15–24 years	no.	2 543	4 053	1 538	1 233	1 176	210	96	120	10 921
25–34 years	no.	1 804	4 179	1 380	801	881	223	96	114	9 424
35–44 years	no.	1 862	4 779	1 455	815	1 251	279	124	155	10 685
45–54 years	no.	1 758	4 781	1 324	740	1 381	312	78	106	10 446
55–64 years	no.	1 103	3 405	844	501	1 228	221	38	84	7 395
Total (c)	no.	13 503	26 629	8 421	5 965	7 236	1 698	1 256	746	65 152
Total (d)										
0–4 years	no.	5 174	6 829	1 403	925	914	560	906	146	16 763
5–14 years	no.	8 881	10 521	3 761	4 779	2 919	614	1 694	328	33 327
15–24 years	no.	6 217	10 139	3 885	3 218	2 966	598	270	269	27 403
25–34 years	no.	4 118	9 453	3 116	1 780	2 003	497	248	207	21 307

Table NDA.3.1

Table NDA.3.1 Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
35–44 years	no.	4 088	10 046	3 229	1 887	2 563	601	282	268	22 894
45–54 years	no.	3 775	9 694	2 933	1 635	2 760	664	177	206	21 773
55–64 years	no.	2 509	6 764	1 827	1 035	2 367	453	78	163	15 148
Total (c)	no.	34 763	63 623	20 154	15 279	16 492	3 987	3 655	1 587	158 813
Estimated potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2007										
Males										
0–4 years	no.	7 516	5 558	4 745	2 325	1 556	532	371	306	22 909
5–14 years	no.	29 163	21 541	18 699	9 293	6 404	2 151	1 348	1 112	89 712
15–24 years	no.	10 689	8 316	6 687	3 472	2 441	731	622	383	33 340
25–34 years	no.	11 169	8 576	6 725	3 437	2 336	640	634	424	33 942
35–44 years	no.	15 533	12 033	9 543	5 049	3 555	1 041	790	555	48 098
45–54 years	no.	19 441	14 587	11 817	6 216	4 614	1 476	951	626	59 727
55–64 years	no.	25 965	19 120	16 182	8 082	6 295	2 097	1 211	717	79 670
Total	no.	119 476	89 730	74 398	37 874	27 201	8 669	5 928	4 122	367 398
Females										
0–4 years	no.	5 371	3 992	3 379	1 661	1 127	378	266	219	16 393
5–14 years	no.	14 870	10 916	9 489	4 635	3 275	1 087	706	562	45 540
15–24 years	no.	10 084	7 776	6 357	3 188	2 294	693	577	351	31 320
25–34 years	no.	11 025	8 390	6 544	3 232	2 240	657	622	409	33 119
35–44 years	no.	17 442	13 614	10 734	5 436	3 922	1 200	889	573	53 811
45–54 years	no.	26 370	19 853	15 994	8 201	6 282	2 019	1 349	778	80 846
55–64 years	no.	34 082	25 655	20 742	10 110	8 546	2 750	1 644	762	104 291
Total	no.	119 245	90 195	73 238	36 465	27 685	8 784	6 054	3 655	365 320

Table NDA.3.1

Table NDA.3.1 Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total										
0–4 years	no.	12 887	9 550	8 124	3 986	2 682	910	637	525	39 302
5–14 years	no.	44 033	32 457	28 188	13 928	9 679	3 238	2 054	1 675	135 252
15–24 years	no.	20 773	16 091	13 045	6 661	4 735	1 424	1 199	733	64 660
25–34 years	no.	22 194	16 966	13 269	6 670	4 576	1 297	1 256	833	67 061
35–44 years	no.	32 975	25 646	20 277	10 485	7 477	2 242	1 680	1 129	101 909
45–54 years	no.	45 811	34 440	27 811	14 417	10 896	3 495	2 300	1 403	140 573
55–64 years	no.	60 047	44 775	36 923	18 193	14 841	4 847	2 856	1 479	183 961
Total	no.	238 721	179 925	147 636	74 339	54 886	17 453	11 982	7 777	732 718
Proportion of the potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services										
Males										
0–4 years	%	47.1	83.8	18.0	24.8	37.5	62.2	160.2	33.7	48.8
5–14 years	%	20.7	33.5	12.9	35.1	30.1	18.1	87.6	18.3	25.1
15–24 years	%	34.3	73.0	35.0	57.1	73.3	52.8	28.0	39.0	49.3
25–34 years	%	20.6	61.3	25.6	28.5	47.9	42.8	24.0	22.0	34.9
35–44 years	%	14.2	43.6	18.5	21.2	36.9	30.9	20.0	20.3	25.3
45–54 years	%	10.3	33.6	13.6	14.4	29.9	23.8	10.4	16.0	18.9
55–64 years	%	5.4	17.5	6.0	6.6	18.0	11.0	3.3	11.0	9.7
Total (c)	%	17.7	41.0	15.7	24.6	34.0	26.4	40.5	20.4	25.4
Females										
0–4 years	%	30.0	53.3	16.1	21.0	29.4	60.3	116.8	19.6	33.6
5–14 years	%	19.0	29.6	14.1	32.8	30.2	20.7	72.7	22.0	23.5
15–24 years	%	25.2	52.1	24.2	38.7	51.3	30.3	16.6	34.2	34.9
25–34 years	%	16.4	49.8	21.1	24.8	39.3	34.0	15.4	27.9	28.5
35–44 years	%	10.7	35.1	13.6	15.0	31.9	23.2	13.9	27.0	19.9
45–54 years	%	6.7	24.1	8.3	9.0	22.0	15.5	5.8	13.6	12.9

Table NDA.3.1

Table NDA.3.1 Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
55–64 years	%	3.2	13.3	4.1	5.0	14.4	8.0	2.3	11.0	7.1
Total (c)	%	11.3	29.5	11.5	16.4	26.1	19.3	20.7	20.4	17.8
Total (d)										
0–4 years	%	40.1	71.5	17.3	23.2	34.1	61.5	142.1	27.8	42.7
5–14 years	%	20.2	32.4	13.3	34.3	30.2	19.0	82.5	19.6	24.6
15–24 years	%	29.9	63.0	29.8	48.3	62.6	42.0	22.5	36.7	42.4
25–34 years	%	18.6	55.7	23.5	26.7	43.8	38.3	19.7	24.9	31.8
35–44 years	%	12.4	39.2	15.9	18.0	34.3	26.8	16.8	23.7	22.5
45–54 years	%	8.2	28.1	10.5	11.3	25.3	19.0	7.7	14.7	15.5
55–64 years	%	4.2	15.1	4.9	5.7	15.9	9.3	2.7	11.0	8.2
Total (c)	%	14.6	35.4	13.7	20.6	30.0	22.8	30.5	20.4	21.7

(a) State/territory delivered disability support services include any of accommodation support, community support (includes case management/co-ordination), community access and respite.

(b) Disability support services include specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia.

(c) Includes people with not stated age.

(d) Includes people with not stated sex.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) derived from CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS *Estimated Resident Population June 2007*; and *Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003*.

Table NDA.3.2

Table NDA.3.2

Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services 2007-08</i>	<i>Estimated potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2007</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services</i>
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Country of birth			
Australia	134 406	585 782	22.9
Other English speaking countries	4 376	48 947	8.9
All English speaking countries	138 782	634 729	21.9
Non-English speaking countries	7 490	97 989	7.6
Total (c)	158 813	732 718	21.7
Remoteness Area			
Major cities	97 266	470 455	20.7
Inner Regional	37 759	171 009	22.1
Outer Regional/Remote	17 399	91 254	19.1
Total (d)	158 813	732 718	21.7

(a) State/territory delivered disability support services include any of accommodation support, community support (includes case management/co-ordination), community access and respite.

(b) Disability support services include specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia.

(c) Includes people with not stated Country of birth.

(d) Includes people with not stated Remoteness Area.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) derived from CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS *Estimated Resident Population June 2007*; *Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003*; and *2006 Census of Population and Housing*.

Table NDA.3.3

Table NDA.3.3

Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of State/Territory delivered disability support services 2007-08										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	no.	25 060	30 916	16 493	12 693	12 100	3 208	2 991	1 048	103 882
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	2 541	6 905	1 989	1 269	1 995	501	250	153	15 549
Total needing assistance	no.	27 601	37 821	18 482	13 962	14 095	3 709	3 241	1 201	119 431
No need for help or supervision	no.	381	2 044	303	262	614	67	23	16	3 695
Need for assistance not determined (c)	no.	6 781	23 758	1 369	1 055	1 783	211	391	370	35 687
Total	no.	34 763	63 623	20 154	15 279	16 492	3 987	3 655	1 587	158 813
Estimated potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2007										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	no.	238 721	179 925	147 636	74 339	54 886	17 453	11 982	7 777	732 718
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	238 721	179 925	147 636	74 339	54 886	17 453	11 982	7 777	732 718
Total needing assistance	no.	238 721	179 925	147 636	74 339	54 886	17 453	11 982	7 777	732 718
No need for help or supervision	no.	238 721	179 925	147 636	74 339	54 886	17 453	11 982	7 777	732 718
Need for assistance not determined	no.	238 721	179 925	147 636	74 339	54 886	17 453	11 982	7 777	732 718
Total	no.	238 721	179 925	147 636	74 339	54 886	17 453	11 982	7 777	732 718
Proportion of the potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	%	10.5	17.2	11.2	17.1	22.0	18.4	25.0	13.5	14.2
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	%	1.1	3.8	1.3	1.7	3.6	2.9	2.1	2.0	2.1
Total needing assistance	%	11.6	21.0	12.5	18.8	25.7	21.3	27.0	15.4	16.3

Table NDA.3.3

Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
No need for help or supervision	%	0.2	1.1	0.2	0.4	1.1	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.5
Need for assistance not determined (c)	%	2.8	13.2	0.9	1.4	3.2	1.2	3.3	4.8	4.9
Total	%	14.6	35.4	13.7	20.6	30.0	22.8	30.5	20.4	21.7

(a) State/territory delivered disability support services include any of accommodation support, community support (includes case management/co-ordination),

(b) Disability support services include specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia.

(c) Includes people whose need for assistance was 'not stated', 'not collected' or 'not applicable (due to age)'.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) derived from CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS *Estimated Resident Population June 2007*; and *Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003*.

Table NDA.3.4

Table NDA.3.4 **Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing disability employment services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a)**

<i>Unit</i>		<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of disability employment services 2007-08										
Males										
15–24 years	no.	4 662	2 565	3 136	1 241	1 387	438	148	124	13 635
25–34 years	no.	3 957	3 191	2 533	1 180	1 115	303	225	101	12 550
35–44 years	no.	3 885	3 348	2 325	1 099	1 119	326	168	79	12 285
45–54 years	no.	3 348	2 916	1 870	856	942	273	86	60	10 330
55–64 years	no.	2 018	2 029	1 069	458	509	141	30	43	6 282
Total	no.	17 870	14 049	10 933	4 834	5 072	1 481	657	407	55 082
Females										
15–24 years	no.	2 391	1 410	1 533	684	728	198	87	69	7 067
25–34 years	no.	2 123	1 815	1 295	671	585	165	123	62	6 821
35–44 years	no.	2 480	2 166	1 440	715	710	204	112	61	7 857
45–54 years	no.	2 774	2 608	1 592	663	746	184	79	42	8 661
55–64 years	no.	1 229	1 257	675	309	335	67	24	18	3 906
Total	no.	10 997	9 256	6 535	3 042	3 104	818	425	252	34 312
Total (b)										
15–24 years	no.	7 053	3 975	4 669	1 925	2 115	636	235	193	20 702
25–34 years	no.	6 080	5 006	3 828	1 851	1 700	468	348	163	19 371
35–44 years	no.	6 365	5 514	3 765	1 814	1 829	530	280	140	20 142
45–54 years	no.	6 122	5 524	3 462	1 519	1 688	457	165	102	18 991
55–64 years	no.	3 247	3 286	1 744	767	844	208	54	61	10 188
Total	no.	28 867	23 305	17 468	7 876	8 176	2 299	1 082	659	89 394

Table NDA.3.4

Table NDA.3.4 **Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing disability employment services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Estimated potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2007										
Males										
15–24 years	no.	10 689	8 316	6 687	3 472	2 441	731	622	383	33 340
25–34 years	no.	11 169	8 576	6 725	3 437	2 336	640	634	424	33 942
35–44 years	no.	15 533	12 033	9 543	5 049	3 555	1 041	790	555	48 098
45–54 years	no.	19 441	14 587	11 817	6 216	4 614	1 476	951	626	59 727
55–64 years	no.	25 965	19 120	16 182	8 082	6 295	2 097	1 211	717	79 670
Total	no.	82 796	62 631	50 954	26 256	19 241	5 985	4 208	2 704	254 777
Females										
15–24 years	no.	10 084	7 776	6 357	3 188	2 294	693	577	351	31 320
25–34 years	no.	11 025	8 390	6 544	3 232	2 240	657	622	409	33 119
35–44 years	no.	17 442	13 614	10 734	5 436	3 922	1 200	889	573	53 811
45–54 years	no.	26 370	19 853	15 994	8 201	6 282	2 019	1 349	778	80 846
55–64 years	no.	34 082	25 655	20 742	10 110	8 546	2 750	1 644	762	104 291
Total	no.	99 004	75 287	60 370	30 168	23 283	7 319	5 082	2 873	303 387
Total										
15–24 years	no.	20 773	16 091	13 045	6 661	4 735	1 424	1 199	733	64 660
25–34 years	no.	22 194	16 966	13 269	6 670	4 576	1 297	1 256	833	67 061
35–44 years	no.	32 975	25 646	20 277	10 485	7 477	2 242	1 680	1 129	101 909
45–54 years	no.	45 811	34 440	27 811	14 417	10 896	3 495	2 300	1 403	140 573
55–64 years	no.	60 047	44 775	36 923	18 193	14 841	4 847	2 856	1 479	183 961
Total	no.	181 800	137 919	111 325	56 425	42 525	13 304	9 290	5 577	558 164

Table NDA.3.4

Table NDA.3.4 Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing disability employment services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Proportion of the potential population accessing disability employment services										
Males										
15–24 years	%	43.6	30.8	46.9	35.7	56.8	60.0	23.8	32.4	40.9
25–34 years	%	35.4	37.2	37.7	34.3	47.7	47.3	35.5	23.8	37.0
35–44 years	%	25.0	27.8	24.4	21.8	31.5	31.3	21.3	14.2	25.5
45–54 years	%	17.2	20.0	15.8	13.8	20.4	18.5	9.0	9.6	17.3
55–64 years	%	7.8	10.6	6.6	5.7	8.1	6.7	2.5	6.0	7.9
Total	%	21.6	22.4	21.5	18.4	26.4	24.7	15.6	15.1	21.6
Females										
15–24 years	%	23.7	18.1	24.1	21.5	31.7	28.6	15.1	19.7	22.6
25–34 years	%	19.3	21.6	19.8	20.8	26.1	25.1	19.8	15.2	20.6
35–44 years	%	14.2	15.9	13.4	13.2	18.1	17.0	12.6	10.6	14.6
45–54 years	%	10.5	13.1	10.0	8.1	11.9	9.1	5.9	5.4	10.7
55–64 years	%	3.6	4.9	3.3	3.1	3.9	2.4	1.5	2.4	3.7
Total	%	11.1	12.3	10.8	10.1	13.3	11.2	8.4	8.8	11.3
Total (b)										
15–24 years	%	34.0	24.7	35.8	28.9	44.7	44.7	19.6	26.3	32.0
25–34 years	%	27.4	29.5	28.8	27.8	37.1	36.1	27.7	19.6	28.9
35–44 years	%	19.3	21.5	18.6	17.3	24.5	23.6	16.7	12.4	19.8
45–54 years	%	13.4	16.0	12.4	10.5	15.5	13.1	7.2	7.3	13.5
55–64 years	%	5.4	7.3	4.7	4.2	5.7	4.3	1.9	4.1	5.5
Total	%	15.9	16.9	15.7	14.0	19.2	17.3	11.6	11.8	16.0

(a) Employment services delivered by the Australian Government include open and supported employment services and targeted support services.

(b) Includes people with not stated sex.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) derived from CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS *Estimated Resident Population June 2007*; and *Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003*.

Table NDA.3.5

Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing disability employment services, by country of birth and remoteness, Australia, 2007-08 (a)

	<i>Number of users of disability employment services 2007-08</i>	<i>Estimated potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2007</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population accessing disability employment services</i>
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Country of birth			
Australia	74 140	417 834	17.7
Other English speaking countries	4 894	45 715	10.7
All English speaking countries	79 034	463 549	17.0
Non-English speaking countries	9 621	94 615	10.2
Total (b)	89 394	558 164	16.0
Remoteness Area			
Major cities	55 920	357 149	15.7
Inner Regional	21 839	130 264	16.8
Outer Regional/Remote	11 500	70 751	16.3
Total (c)	89 394	558 164	16.0

(a) Employment services delivered by the Australian Government include open and supported employment services and targeted support services.

(b) Includes people with not stated Country of birth.

(c) Includes people with not stated Remoteness Area

Source : AIHW (unpublished) derived from CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the *ABS Estimated Resident Population June 2007*; *Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003*; and *2006 Census of Population and Housing*;

Table NDA.3.6

Table NDA.3.6

Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing disability employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of disability employment services 2007-08										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	no.	8 203	5 308	3 984	3 213	3 120	770	329	178	25 030
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	15 367	12 467	9 300	3 384	3 853	1 205	534	335	46 240
Total needing assistance	no.	23 570	17 775	13 284	6 597	6 973	1 975	863	513	71 270
No need for help or supervision	no.	1 224	2 200	1 171	400	417	179	115	16	5 697
Need for assistance not determined (b)	no.	4 073	3 330	3 013	879	786	145	104	130	12 427
Total	no.	28 867	23 305	17 468	7 876	8 176	2 299	1 082	659	89 394
Estimated potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2007										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	no.	181 800	137 919	111 325	56 425	42 525	13 304	9 290	5 577	558 164
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	181 800	137 919	111 325	56 425	42 525	13 304	9 290	5 577	558 164
Total needing assistance	no.	181 800	137 919	111 325	56 425	42 525	13 304	9 290	5 577	558 164
No need for help or supervision	no.	181 800	137 919	111 325	56 425	42 525	13 304	9 290	5 577	558 164
Need for assistance not determined	no.	181 800	137 919	111 325	56 425	42 525	13 304	9 290	5 577	558 164
Total	no.	181 800	137 919	111 325	56 425	42 525	13 304	9 290	5 577	558 164
Proportion of the potential population accessing disability employment services										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	%	4.5	3.8	3.6	5.7	7.3	5.8	3.5	3.2	4.5
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	%	8.5	9.0	8.4	6.0	9.1	9.1	5.7	6.0	8.3
Total needing assistance	%	13.0	12.9	11.9	11.7	16.4	14.8	9.3	9.2	12.8
No need for help or supervision	%	0.7	1.6	1.1	0.7	1.0	1.3	1.2	0.3	1.0

Table NDA.3.6

Table NDA.3.6

Proportion of the potential population aged 15–64 years accessing disability employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Need for assistance not determined (b)	%	2.2	2.4	2.7	1.6	1.8	1.1	1.1	2.3	2.2
Total	%	15.9	16.9	15.7	14.0	19.2	17.3	11.6	11.8	16.0

(a) Employment services delivered by the Australian Government include open and supported employment services and targeted support services.

(b) Includes people whose need for assistance was 'not stated', 'not collected' or 'not applicable (due to age)'.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) derived from CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS *Estimated Resident Population June 2007*; and *Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003*.

Table NDA.3.7

Table NDA.3.7 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing all disability services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a)**

<i>Unit</i>		<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of specialist disability services 2007-08										
Males										
0–4 years	no.	3 543	4 655	856	576	583	331	595	103	11 189
5–14 years	no.	6 043	7 225	2 423	3 261	1 930	389	1 181	204	22 547
15–24 years	no.	7 845	8 079	5 126	2 737	2 779	762	288	251	27 666
25–34 years	no.	5 824	7 835	3 973	1 848	1 918	534	336	177	22 310
35–44 years	no.	5 641	8 043	3 788	1 852	2 153	599	279	180	22 415
45–54 years	no.	5 010	7 452	3 260	1 524	2 067	589	162	154	20 150
55–64 years	no.	3 240	5 236	1 978	906	1 526	352	65	120	13 386
Total (b)	no.	37 146	48 611	21 404	12 718	12 956	3 556	2 906	1 189	139 763
Females										
0–4 years	no.	1 613	2 126	544	349	331	228	311	43	5 504
5–14 years	no.	2 820	3 232	1 336	1 520	988	225	513	124	10 697
15–24 years	no.	4 656	5 155	2 844	1 614	1 705	367	164	180	16 588
25–34 years	no.	3 631	5 577	2 502	1 235	1 246	358	196	164	14 825
35–44 years	no.	4 020	6 590	2 694	1 334	1 717	452	211	204	17 141
45–54 years	no.	4 258	7 103	2 788	1 260	1 909	466	140	145	18 003
55–64 years	no.	2 228	4 581	1 484	762	1 478	282	58	101	10 934
Total (b)	no.	23 227	34 438	14 192	8 080	9 374	2 378	1 593	961	93 773
Total (c)										
0–4 years	no.	5 174	6 829	1 403	925	914	560	906	146	16 763
5–14 years	no.	8 884	10 521	3 765	4 782	2 919	614	1 694	328	33 337
15–24 years	no.	12 514	13 252	7 974	4 352	4 485	1 131	452	431	44 292
25–34 years	no.	9 468	13 432	6 488	3 083	3 167	892	532	341	37 184
35–44 years	no.	9 674	14 648	6 489	3 186	3 870	1 051	490	384	39 591
45–54 years	no.	9 280	14 573	6 050	2 786	3 976	1 055	302	299	38 187

Table NDA.3.7

Table NDA.3.7 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing all disability services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
55–64 years	no.	5 469	9 832	3 470	1 669	3 007	635	123	221	24 349
Total (b)	no.	60 464	83 264	35 639	20 803	22 338	5 938	4 499	2 150	233 901
Estimated potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2007										
Males										
0–4 years	no.	7 516	5 558	4 745	2 325	1 556	532	371	306	22 909
5–14 years	no.	29 163	21 541	18 699	9 293	6 404	2 151	1 348	1 112	89 712
15–24 years	no.	10 689	8 316	6 687	3 472	2 441	731	622	383	33 340
25–34 years	no.	11 169	8 576	6 725	3 437	2 336	640	634	424	33 942
35–44 years	no.	15 533	12 033	9 543	5 049	3 555	1 041	790	555	48 098
45–54 years	no.	19 441	14 587	11 817	6 216	4 614	1 476	951	626	59 727
55–64 years	no.	25 965	19 120	16 182	8 082	6 295	2 097	1 211	717	79 670
Total	no.	119 476	89 730	74 398	37 874	27 201	8 669	5 928	4 122	367 398
Females										
0–4 years	no.	5 371	3 992	3 379	1 661	1 127	378	266	219	16 393
5–14 years	no.	14 870	10 916	9 489	4 635	3 275	1 087	706	562	45 540
15–24 years	no.	10 084	7 776	6 357	3 188	2 294	693	577	351	31 320
25–34 years	no.	11 025	8 390	6 544	3 232	2 240	657	622	409	33 119
35–44 years	no.	17 442	13 614	10 734	5 436	3 922	1 200	889	573	53 811
45–54 years	no.	26 370	19 853	15 994	8 201	6 282	2 019	1 349	778	80 846
55–64 years	no.	34 082	25 655	20 742	10 110	8 546	2 750	1 644	762	104 291
Total	no.	119 245	90 195	73 238	36 465	27 685	8 784	6 054	3 655	365 320
Total										
0–4 years	no.	12 887	9 550	8 124	3 986	2 682	910	637	525	39 302
5–14 years	no.	44 033	32 457	28 188	13 928	9 679	3 238	2 054	1 675	135 252
15–24 years	no.	20 773	16 091	13 045	6 661	4 735	1 424	1 199	733	64 660
25–34 years	no.	22 194	16 966	13 269	6 670	4 576	1 297	1 256	833	67 061

Table NDA.3.7

Table NDA.3.7 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing all disability services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
35–44 years	no.	32 975	25 646	20 277	10 485	7 477	2 242	1 680	1 129	101 909
45–54 years	no.	45 811	34 440	27 811	14 417	10 896	3 495	2 300	1 403	140 573
55–64 years	no.	60 047	44 775	36 923	18 193	14 841	4 847	2 856	1 479	183 961
Total	no.	238 721	179 925	147 636	74 339	54 886	17 453	11 982	7 777	732 718
Proportion of the potential population accessing disability services										
Males										
0–4 years	%	47.1	83.8	18.0	24.8	37.5	62.2	160.2	33.7	48.8
5–14 years	%	20.7	33.5	13.0	35.1	30.1	18.1	87.6	18.3	25.1
15–24 years	%	73.4	97.2	76.7	78.8	113.8	104.3	46.3	65.6	83.0
25–34 years	%	52.1	91.4	59.1	53.8	82.1	83.4	53.0	41.8	65.7
35–44 years	%	36.3	66.8	39.7	36.7	60.6	57.5	35.3	32.4	46.6
45–54 years	%	25.8	51.1	27.6	24.5	44.8	39.9	17.0	24.6	33.7
55–64 years	%	12.5	27.4	12.2	11.2	24.2	16.8	5.4	16.7	16.8
Total (b)	%	31.1	54.2	28.8	33.6	47.6	41.0	49.0	28.8	38.0
Females										
0–4 years	%	30.0	53.3	16.1	21.0	29.4	60.3	116.8	19.6	33.6
5–14 years	%	19.0	29.6	14.1	32.8	30.2	20.7	72.7	22.0	23.5
15–24 years	%	46.2	66.3	44.7	50.6	74.3	52.9	28.4	51.3	53.0
25–34 years	%	32.9	66.5	38.2	38.2	55.6	54.5	31.5	40.1	44.8
35–44 years	%	23.0	48.4	25.1	24.5	43.8	37.7	23.7	35.6	31.9
45–54 years	%	16.1	35.8	17.4	15.4	30.4	23.1	10.4	18.6	22.3
55–64 years	%	6.5	17.9	7.2	7.5	17.3	10.3	3.5	13.3	10.5
Total (b)	%	19.5	38.2	19.4	22.2	33.9	27.1	26.3	26.3	25.7
Total (c)										
0–4 years	%	40.1	71.5	17.3	23.2	34.1	61.5	142.1	27.8	42.7
5–14 years	%	20.2	32.4	13.4	34.3	30.2	19.0	82.5	19.6	24.6

Table NDA.3.7

Table NDA.3.7 **Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing all disability services, by sex, age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
15–24 years	%	60.2	82.4	61.1	65.3	94.7	79.4	37.7	58.8	68.5
25–34 years	%	42.7	79.2	48.9	46.2	69.2	68.8	42.3	40.9	55.4
35–44 years	%	29.3	57.1	32.0	30.4	51.8	46.9	29.2	34.0	38.8
45–54 years	%	20.3	42.3	21.8	19.3	36.5	30.2	13.1	21.3	27.2
55–64 years	%	9.1	22.0	9.4	9.2	20.3	13.1	4.3	14.9	13.2
Total (b)	%	25.3	46.3	24.1	28.0	40.7	34.0	37.5	27.6	31.9

(a) Disability support services include specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia.

(b) Includes people with not stated age.

(c) Includes people with not stated sex.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) derived from CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS *Estimated Resident Population June 2007*; and *Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003*.

Table NDA.3.8

Table NDA.3.8

Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing all disability services, by country of birth and remoteness, 2007-08 (a)

	<i>Number of users of specialist disability services 2007-08</i>	<i>Estimated potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2007</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population</i>
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Country of birth			
Australia	195 455	585 782	33.4
Other English speaking countries	8 731	48 947	17.8
All English speaking countries	204 186	634 729	32.2
Non-English speaking countries	16 446	97 989	16.8
Total (b)	233 901	732 718	31.9
Remoteness Area			
Major cities	144 089	470 455	30.6
Inner Regional	56 207	171 009	32.9
Outer Regional/Remote	27 088	91 254	29.7
Total (c)	233 901	732 718	31.9

(a) Disability support services include specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia.

(b) Includes people with not stated Country of birth.

(c) Includes people with not stated Remoteness Area.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) derived from CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS *Estimated Resident Population June 2007*; *Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003*; and *2006 Census of Population and Housing*.

Table NDA.3.9

Table NDA.3.9

Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing all disability services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of users of specialist disability services 2007-08										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	no.	30 836	33 993	18 954	13 940	13 438	3 717	3 126	1 158	118 379
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	17 239	18 155	10 878	4 293	5 434	1 622	751	462	58 535
Total needing assistance	no.	48 075	52 148	29 832	18 233	18 872	5 339	3 877	1 620	176 914
No need for help or supervision	no.	1 562	4 086	1 435	639	905	243	128	32	8 983
Need for assistance not determined (b)	no.	10 827	27 030	4 372	1 931	2 561	356	494	498	48 004
Total	no.	60 464	83 264	35 639	20 803	22 338	5 938	4 499	2 150	233 901
Estimated potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2007										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	no.	238 721	179 925	147 636	74 339	54 886	17 453	11 982	7 777	732 718
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	238 721	179 925	147 636	74 339	54 886	17 453	11 982	7 777	732 718
Total needing assistance	no.	238 721	179 925	147 636	74 339	54 886	17 453	11 982	7 777	732 718
No need for help or supervision	no.	238 721	179 925	147 636	74 339	54 886	17 453	11 982	7 777	732 718
Need for assistance not determined	no.	238 721	179 925	147 636	74 339	54 886	17 453	11 982	7 777	732 718
Total	no.	238 721	179 925	147 636	74 339	54 886	17 453	11 982	7 777	732 718
Proportion of the potential population accessing disability services										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	%	12.9	18.9	12.8	18.8	24.5	21.3	26.1	14.9	16.2
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	%	7.2	10.1	7.4	5.8	9.9	9.3	6.3	5.9	8.0
Total needing assistance	%	20.1	29.0	20.2	24.5	34.4	30.6	32.4	20.8	24.1
No need for help or supervision	%	0.7	2.3	1.0	0.9	1.6	1.4	1.1	0.4	1.2

Table NDA.3.9

Proportion of the potential population aged 0–64 years accessing all disability services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Need for assistance not determined (b) %		4.5	15.0	3.0	2.6	4.7	2.0	4.1	6.4	6.6
Total	%	25.3	46.3	24.1	28.0	40.7	34.0	37.5	27.6	31.9

(a) Disability support services include specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia.

(b) Includes people whose need for assistance was 'not stated', 'not collected' or 'not applicable (due to age)'.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) derived from CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS *Estimated Resident Population June 2007*; and *Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003*.

NDA Indicator 4:

There is currently no agreed measure, nor any available data, to inform this indicator

Proportion of people with disability who are satisfied with the range of disability service options and quality of support received

NDA Interim Indicator 5:

This interim indicator is reported against in this report.

**Proportion of the potential
population who need more
assistance**

Table NDA.5.1 People aged 0–64 years with severe/profound core activity limitation living in households who need more assistance than they are currently receiving, by sex, by State and Territory, 2003 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Estimated number of people in potential population who need more assistance than what they are receiving										
Male	no.	37 113	40 347	33 776	16 980	11 107	3 927	1 219	np	145 734
Female	no.	28 950	42 688	35 867	14 781	12 444	4 979	2 780	np	142 733
Total	no.	66 063	83 035	69 643	31 761	23 551	8 906	4 000	np	288 467
Estimated number of people in potential population										
Male	no.	95 687	88 047	75 253	39 523	26 081	9 307	2 910	np	338 481
Female	no.	82 391	87 097	80 927	30 871	29 206	12 206	4 275	np	328 111
Total	no.	178 079	175 145	156 180	70 394	55 287	21 513	7 185	np	666 591
Proportion of potential population										
Male	%	38.8	45.8	44.9	43	42.6	42.2	41.9	np	43.1
Female	%	35.1	49	44.3	47.9	42.6	40.8	65	np	43.5
Total	%	37.1	47.4	44.6	45.1	42.6	41.4	55.7	np	43.3

(a) Excludes need for assistance with health care.

(b) Excludes people who are residents of cared accommodation.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW analysis of the ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003.

Table NDA.5.2

Table NDA.5.2 **Relative standard errors for people aged 0–64 years with severe/profound core activity limitation living in households who need more assistance than they are currently receiving, by sex, by State and Territory (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Estimated number of people in potential population who need more assistance than what they are receiving										
Male	%	12.9	12.6	14.2	14.7	21.3	19.8	37.8	np	7.7
Female	%	14.0	12.9	14.0	16.5	17.1	15.6	29.5	np	5.7
Total	%	10.0	8.5	9.5	13.0	14.7	12.6	25.9	np	5.0
Estimated number of people in potential population										
Male	%	10.4	8.2	8.5	11.5	13.6	13.6	21.0	np	4.8
Female	%	9.2	8.9	9.7	13.0	12.0	9.2	20.2	np	4.4
Total	%	7.8	5.2	5.9	9.7	10.5	8.0	15.9	np	3.7
Proportion of potential population										
Male	%	10.9	8.9	10.1	11.0	14.7	12.3	34.3	np	5.4
Female	%	10.2	10.3	9.4	12.3	11.0	14.9	17.3	np	3.7
Total	%	7.3	6.6	7.3	7.2	9.4	11.0	16.9	np	3.4

(a) Excludes need for assistance with health care.

(b) Excludes people who are residents of cared accommodation.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW analysis of the ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003.

Table NDA.5.3

Table NDA.5.3 People aged 0–64 years with severe/profound core activity limitation living in households who need more assistance than they are currently receiving, by age, by State and Territory, 2003 (a), (b)

<i>Unit</i>		<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Estimated number of people in potential population who need more assistance than what they are receiving										
0–4 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	13 383
5–14 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	60 600
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	33 658
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	29 579
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	46 197
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	53 492
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	51 556
Total	no.	66 063	83 035	69 643	31 761	23 551	8 906	4 000	np	288 467
Estimated number of people in potential population										
0–4 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	35 726
5–14 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	130 644
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	60 309
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	65 284
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	95 629
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	127 428
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	151 571
Total	no.	178 079	175 145	156 180	70 394	55 287	21 513	7 185	np	666 591
Proportion of potential population										
0–4 years	%	36.5	40.8	np	np	np	np	np	np	37.5
5–14 years	%	43.2	50.6	44.7	47.7	45.9	45.1	np	np	46.4
15–24 years	%	np	64.4	60.0	54.3	56.2	66.2	np	np	55.8
25–34 years	%	46.2	50.3	37.0	34.3	70.1	44.3	np	np	45.3
35–44 years	%	49.6	52.8	45.7	43.1	48.6	np	np	np	48.3
45–54 years	%	33.0	42.4	45.2	52.9	42.8	43.1	np	np	42.0
55–64 years	%	26.1	39.3	37.0	43.9	21.4	34.4	np	np	34.0

Table NDA.5.3

Table NDA.5.3 People aged 0–64 years with severe/profound core activity limitation living in households who need more assistance than they are currently receiving, by age, by State and Territory, 2003 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total	%	37.1	47.4	44.6	45.1	42.6	41.4	55.7	np	43.3

(a) Excludes need for assistance with health care.

(b) Excludes people who are residents of cared accomodation.

np Not published.

Source : AIHW analysis of the ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003.

Table NDA.5.4

Table NDA.5.4 Relative standard errors for people aged 0–64 years with severe/profound core activity limitation living in households who need more assistance than they are currently receiving, by age, by State and Territory (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Estimated number of people in potential population who need more assistance than what they are receiving										
0–4 years	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	21.1
5–14 years	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	9.9
15–24 years	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	14.8
25–34 years	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	17.1
35–44 years	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	14.2
45–54 years	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	9.5
55–64 years	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	11.0
Total	%	10.0	8.5	9.5	13.0	14.7	12.6	25.9	np	5.0
Estimated number of people in potential population										
0–4 years	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	11.9
5–14 years	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	8.2
15–24 years	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	12.7
25–34 years	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	9.6
35–44 years	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	10.0
45–54 years	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	7.6
55–64 years	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5.9
Total	%	7.8	5.2	5.9	9.7	10.5	8.0	15.9	np	3.7
Proportion of potential population										
0–4 years	%	29.1	35.2	np	np	np	np	np	np	19.1
5–14 years	%	15.5	17.6	14.0	15.0	23.1	23.6	np	np	6.9
15–24 years	%	np	15.6	14.2	16.9	24.7	31.7	np	np	10.3
25–34 years	%	31.3	23.4	28.0	30.4	18.5	34.1	np	np	13.2
35–44 years	%	19.2	14.1	18.9	23.4	19.8	np	np	np	8.3
45–54 years	%	18.5	14.0	17.6	12.6	20.1	20.4	np	np	6.7

Table NDA.5.4

Table NDA.5.4 Relative standard errors for people aged 0–64 years with severe/profound core activity limitation living in households who need more assistance than they are currently receiving, by age, by State and Territory (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
55–64 years	%	23.0	18.9	18.4	24.6	35.1	28.5	np	np	8.8
Total	%	7.3	6.6	7.3	7.2	9.4	11.0	16.9	np	3.4

(a) Excludes need for assistance with health care.

(b) Excludes people who are residents of cared accommodation.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW analysis of the ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003.

Table NDA.5.5 People aged 0–64 years with severe/profound core activity limitation living in households who need more assistance than they are currently receiving, by sex and age group, Australia, 2003 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Estimated number of people in potential population who need more assistance than what they are receiving</i>	<i>Estimated number of people in potential population</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population</i>
Male				
0–4 years	no.	10 162	20 682	49.1
5–14 years	no.	44 210	88 001	50.2
15–24 years	no.	17 639	30 836	57.2
25–34 years	no.	16 056	32 944	48.7
35–44 years	no.	22 309	44 931	49.7
45–54 years	no.	18 136	54 637	33.2
55–64 years	no.	17 222	66 450	25.9
Total	no.	145 734	338 481	43.1
Female				
0–4 years	no.	3 222	15 045	21.4
5–14 years	no.	16 390	42 643	38.4
15–24 years	no.	16 019	29 474	54.4
25–34 years	no.	13 523	32 340	41.8
35–44 years	no.	23 888	50 698	47.1
45–54 years	no.	35 357	72 790	48.6
55–64 years	no.	34 334	85 121	40.3
Total	no.	142 733	328 111	43.5
Total				
0–4 years	no.	13 383	35 726	37.5
5–14 years	no.	60 600	130 644	46.4
15–24 years	no.	33 658	60 309	55.8
25–34 years	no.	29 579	65 284	45.3
35–44 years	no.	46 197	95 629	48.3

Table NDA.5.5 People aged 0–64 years with severe/profound core activity limitation living in households who need more assistance than they are currently receiving, by sex and age group, Australia, 2003 (a), (b)

<i>Unit</i>		<i>Estimated number of people in potential population who need more assistance than what they are receiving</i>	<i>Estimated number of people in potential population</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population</i>
45–54 years	no.	53 492	127 428	42.0
55–64 years	no.	51 556	151 571	34.0
Total	no.	288 467	666 591	43.3

(a) Excludes need for assistance with health care.

(b) Excludes people who are residents of cared accommodation.

Source : AIHW analysis of the ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003.

Table NDA.5.6 Relative standard errors for people aged 0–64 years with severe/profound core activity limitation living in households who need more assistance than they are currently receiving, by sex and age group, Australia (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Estimated number of people in potential population who need more assistance than what they are receiving</i>	<i>Estimated number of people in potential population</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population</i>
Male				
0–4 years	%	24.2	13.6	18.8
5–14 years	%	11.4	9.7	7.7
15–24 years	%	16.7	15.8	11.8
25–34 years	%	25.5	15.2	17.8
35–44 years	%	17.9	12.0	14.0
45–54 years	%	19.5	10.3	18.3
55–64 years	%	22.0	10.1	17.4
Total	%	7.7	4.8	5.4
Female				
0–4 years	%	43.0	22.6	37.0
5–14 years	%	19.3	12.5	15.2
15–24 years	%	18.6	16.1	18.6
25–34 years	%	19.7	12.4	15.7
35–44 years	%	19.9	11.5	13.6
45–54 years	%	10.7	9.2	5.6
55–64 years	%	10.6	7.4	9.1
Total	%	5.7	4.4	3.7
Total				
0–4 years	%	21.1	11.9	19.1
5–14 years	%	9.9	8.2	6.9
15–24 years	%	14.8	12.7	10.3
25–34 years	%	17.1	9.6	13.2

Table NDA.5.6 Relative standard errors for people aged 0–64 years with severe/profound core activity limitation living in households who need more assistance than they are currently receiving, by sex and age group, Australia (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>Estimated number of people in potential population who need more assistance than what they are receiving</i>	<i>Estimated number of people in potential population</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population</i>
35–44 years	%	14.2	10.0	8.3
45–54 years	%	9.5	7.6	6.7
55–64 years	%	11.0	5.9	8.8
Total	%	5.0	3.7	3.4

(a) Excludes need for assistance with health care.

(b) Excludes people who are residents of cared accommodation.

Source: AIHW analysis of the ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003.

Table NDA.5.7

Table NDA.5.7

People aged 0–64 years with severe/profound core activity limitation living in households who need more assistance than they are currently receiving, by selected characteristics, 2003 (a), (b)

	<i>Estimated number of people in potential population who need more assistance than what they are receiving</i>	<i>Estimated number of people in potential population</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population</i>
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Country of birth			
Australia	235 135	547 299	43.0
Other English speaking countries	18 907	45 563	41.5
<i>All English speaking countries</i>	254 041	592 862	42.8
Non-English speaking countries	34 425	73 729	46.7
Total	288 467	666 591	43.3
Remoteness Area			
Major cities	169 933	398 778	42.6
Inner Regional	71 743	172 210	41.7
Outer Regional/Remote	46 790	95 604	48.9
Total	288 467	666 591	43.3

(a) Excludes need for assistance with health care.

(b) Excludes people who are residents of cared accommodation.

Source: AIHW analysis of the ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003.

Table NDA.5.8

Table NDA.5.8

Relative standard errors for people aged 0–64 years with severe/profound core activity limitation living in households who need more assistance than they are currently receiving, by selected characteristics (a), (b)

<i>Unit</i>	<i>Estimated number of people in potential population who need more assistance than what they are receiving</i>	<i>Estimated number of people in potential population</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population</i>
Country of birth			
Australia %	5.4	3.9	4.1
Other English speaking countries %	13.5	10.0	11.5
<i>All English speaking countries</i> %	5.2	3.7	3.8
Non-English speaking countries %	14.8	11.7	9.4
Total %	5.0	3.7	3.4
Remoteness Area			
Major cities %	6.4	4.9	4.1
Inner Regional %	11.9	8.1	7.7
Outer Regional/Remote %	12.8	9.9	7.1
Total %	5.0	3.7	3.4

(a) Excludes need for assistance with health care.

(b) Excludes people who are residents of cared accommodation.

Source: AIHW analysis of the ABS Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2003.

NDA Indicator 6:

**Number of Indigenous people
with disability receiving
disability services as a
proportion of the Indigenous
potential population requiring
services**

Table NDA.6.1

Table NDA.6.1 **Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)**

<i>Age</i>	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous users of State/Territory delivered disability support services 2007-08										
0–4 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	803
5–14 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 842
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 773
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 053
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 145
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	799
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	421
Subtotal 0–49 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	7 078
Total (d)	no.	1 766	1 999	1 320	1 236	801	94	61	753	7 854
Estimated Indigenous potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2007										
0–4 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 525
5–14 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	8 635
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 849
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 396
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 474
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	6 286
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 607
Subtotal 0–49 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	26 977
Total	no.	12 912	2 953	8 434	4 703	1 860	1 293	340	3 277	35 772
Proportion of the Indigenous potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services										
0–4 years	%	41.7	75.8	13.1	14.2	61.4	np	50.5	22.8	31.8
5–14 years	%	17.0	42.1	13.2	38.8	36.4	5.8	40.1	27.6	21.3
15–24 years	%	28.4	132.2	36.0	69.6	89.0	16.2	16.7	38.0	46.1
25–34 years	%	12.1	106.6	21.4	43.7	70.1	11.5	np	26.6	31.0
35–44 years	%	7.2	81.0	19.1	19.9	42.3	10.3	np	25.8	20.9

Table NDA.6.1

Table NDA.6.1 **Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)**

<i>Age</i>	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
45–54 years	%	3.3	52.2	10.7	11.4	27.8	4.6	np	15.9	12.7
55–64 years	%	2.2	32.1	4.8	6.7	17.3	np	np	14.3	7.5
Subtotal 0–49 years	%	16.9	76.2	19.0	33.1	51.8	8.5	20.7	27.0	26.2
Total (d)	%	13.7	67.7	15.7	26.3	43.1	7.3	18.0	23.0	22.0

(a) State/territory delivered disability support services include any of accommodation support, community support (includes case management/co-ordination), community access and respite.

(b) Disability support services include specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia.

(c) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

(d) Includes people with not stated age.

np Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) derived from CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS *Indigenous Projected Population 2007* (ABS cat. no. 3238.0, 2009); *2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers* ; and *2006 Census of Population and Housing* .

Table NDA.6.2

Table NDA.6.2 **Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing state/territory delivered disability support services, by sex and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)**

<i>Sex</i>	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous users of State/Territory delivered disability support services 2007-08										
Male	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	4 637
Female	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 208
Total (d)	no.	1 766	1 999	1 320	1 236	801	94	61	753	7 854
Estimated Indigenous potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2007										
Male	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	18 188
Female	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	17 583
Total	no.	12 912	2 953	8 434	4 703	1 860	1 293	340	3 277	35 772
Proportion of the Indigenous potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services										
Male	%	16.5	74.5	18.6	32.0	50.1	8.2	24.9	24.1	25.5
Female	%	10.6	60.1	12.7	21.0	35.7	6.2	10.4	21.8	18.2
Total (d)	%	13.7	67.7	15.7	26.3	43.1	7.3	18.0	23.0	22.0

(a) State/territory delivered disability support services include any of accommodation support, community support (includes case management/co-ordination), community access and respite.

(b) Disability support services include specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia.

(c) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

(d) Includes people with not stated sex.

np Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) derived from CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS *Indigenous Projected Population 2007* (ABS cat. no. 3238.0, 2009); *2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers*; and *2006 Census of Population and Housing*.

Table NDA.6.3

Table NDA.6.3 **Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Number of Indigenous users of State/Territory delivered disability support services 2007-08</i>	<i>Estimated Indigenous potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2007</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services</i>
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Remoteness Area			
Major cities	2 789	20 446	13.6
Inner Regional	1 945	7 876	24.7
Outer Regional/Remote	2 929	7 450	39.3
Total (d)	7 854	35 772	22.0

(a) State/territory delivered disability support services include any of accommodation support, community support (includes case management/co-ordination), community access and respite.

(b) Disability support services include specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia.

(c) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

(d) Includes people with not stated Remoteness Area.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) derived from CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS *Indigenous Projected Population 2007* (ABS cat. no. 3238.0, 2009); *2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers*; and *2006 Census of Population and Housing*.

Table NDA.6.4

Table NDA.6.4

Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing state/territory delivered disability support services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous users of State/Territory delivered disability support services 2007-08										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 851
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	812
<i>Total needing assistance</i>	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	6 663
No need for help or supervision	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	187
Need for assistance not determined (d)	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 004
Total	no.	1 766	1 999	1 320	1 236	801	94	61	753	7 854
Estimated Indigenous potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2007										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	35 772
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	35 772
Total needing assistance	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	35 772
No need for help or supervision	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	35 772
Need for assistance not determined	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	35 772
Total	no.	12 912	2 953	8 434	4 703	1 860	1 293	340	3 277	35 772
Proportion of the Indigenous potential population accessing State/Territory delivered disability support services										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	%	10.4	38.3	13.6	21.5	35.1	5.0	15.3	18.1	16.4
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	%	0.9	9.8	1.4	2.3	5.0	2.2	1.5	2.4	2.3
Total needing assistance	%	11.3	48.1	14.9	23.8	40.1	7.1	16.8	20.5	18.6

Table NDA.6.4

Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing state/territory delivered disability support services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
No need for help or supervision	%	0.1	4.4	0.2	0.4	1.2	np	np	np	0.5
Need for assistance not determined (d)	%	2.3	15.2	0.6	2.0	1.8	np	np	np	2.8
Total	%	13.7	67.7	15.7	26.3	43.1	7.3	18.0	23.0	22.0

(a) State/territory delivered disability support services include any of accommodation support, community support (includes case management/co-ordination),

(b) Disability support services include specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia.

(c) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

(d) Includes people whose need for assistance was 'not stated', 'not collected' or 'not applicable (due to age)'.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) derived from CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS *Indigenous Projected Population 2007* (ABS cat. no. 3238.0, 2009); *2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers*; and *2006 Census of Population and Housing*.

Table NDA.6.5

Table NDA.6.5 Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing disability employment services, by age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

		<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous users of disability employment services 2007-08										
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 155
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	682
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	742
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	562
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	211
Subtotal 15–49	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 897
Total	no.	1 222	349	910	394	188	124	24	162	3 352
Estimated Indigenous potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2007										
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 849
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 396
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 474
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	6 286
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 607
Subtotal 15–49	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	15 818
Total	no.	8 444	2 011	5 762	3 457	1 328	832	243	2 537	24 612
Proportion of the Indigenous potential population accessing disability employment services										
15–24 years	%	32.5	32.2	31.4	27.6	32.9	37.4	22.9	14.2	30.0
25–34 years	%	20.2	24.6	21.5	21.8	20.7	22.1	20.5	12.0	20.1
35–44 years	%	14.2	18.7	16.6	10.4	14.2	12.7	9.6	6.6	13.6
45–54 years	%	8.8	12.9	11.6	7.2	8.8	8.2	np	4.0	8.9
55–64 years	%	4.2	4.2	5.0	3.2	4.0	np	np	1.0	3.8
Subtotal 15–49	%	18.9	23.1	21.1	15.9	19.8	20.2	13.8	9.3	18.3
Total	%	14.5	17.4	15.8	11.4	14.2	14.9	9.9	6.4	13.6

(a) Employment services delivered by the Australian Government include open and supported employment services and targeted support services.

(b) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

Table NDA.6.5 Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing disability employment services, by age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) derived from CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS *Indigenous Projected Population 2007* (ABS cat. no. 3238.0, 2009); *2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers*; and *2006 Census of Population and Housing*.

Table NDA.6.6 Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing disability employment services, by sex and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

		<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous users of disability employment services 2007-08										
Male	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 101
Female	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 251
Total (c)	no.	1 222	349	910	394	188	124	24	162	3 352
Estimated Indigenous potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2007										
Male	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	11 184
Female	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	13 428
Total	no.	8 444	2 011	5 762	3 457	1 328	832	243	2 537	24 612
Proportion of the Indigenous potential population accessing disability employment services										
Male	%	20.3	22.1	22.8	15.4	17.8	20.8	13.8	8.3	18.8
Female	%	9.6	13.0	10.0	8.4	11.2	9.6	5.8	4.8	9.3
Total (c)	%	14.5	17.4	15.8	11.4	14.2	14.9	9.9	6.4	13.6

(a) Employment services delivered by the Australian Government include open and supported employment services and targeted support services.

(b) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

(c) Includes people with not stated sex.

np Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) derived from CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS *Indigenous Projected Population 2007* (ABS cat. no. 3238.0, 2009); *2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers*; and *2006 Census of Population and Housing*.

Table NDA.6.7 Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing disability employment services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Number of Indigenous users of disability employment services 2007-08</i>	<i>Estimated Indigenous potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2007</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population accessing disability employment services</i>
	<i>no.</i>	<i>no.</i>	<i>%</i>
Remoteness Area			
Major cities	1 244	13 849	9.0
Inner Regional	954	5 303	18.0
Outer Regional/Remote	1 147	5 460	21.0
Total (c)	3 352	24 612	13.6

(a) Employment services delivered by the Australian Government include open and supported employment services and targeted support services.

(b) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

(c) Includes people with not stated Remoteness Area.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) derived from CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS *Indigenous Projected Population 2007* (ABS cat. no. 3238.0, 2009); *2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers*; and *2006 Census of Population and Housing*.

Table NDA.6.8

Table NDA.6.8

Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing disability employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous users of disability employment services 2007-08										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	975
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 767
<i>Total needing assistance</i>	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 742
No need for help or supervision	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	129
Need for assistance not determined (c)	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	481
Total	no.	1 222	349	910	394	188	124	24	162	3 352
Estimated Indigenous potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2007										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	24 612
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	24 612
<i>Total needing assistance</i>	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	24 612
No need for help or supervision	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	24 612
Need for assistance not determined	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	24 612
Total	no.	8 444	2 011	5 762	3 457	1 328	832	243	2 537	24 612
Proportion of the Indigenous potential population accessing disability employment services										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	%	3.7	5.6	3.9	4.7	4.6	4.3	2.1	2.6	4.0
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	%	8.1	9.4	8.5	4.8	7.2	8.8	6.6	2.5	7.2
<i>Total needing assistance</i>	%	11.8	15.1	12.4	9.5	11.8	13.1	8.6	5.1	11.1
No need for help or supervision	%	0.5	0.8	0.7	0.3	0.4	np	np	np	0.5

Table NDA.6.8

Table NDA.6.8

Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 15–64 years accessing disability employment services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Need for assistance not determined (c) %		2.2	1.5	2.7	1.6	2.0	np	np	np	2.0
Total	%	14.5	17.4	15.8	11.4	14.2	14.9	9.9	6.4	13.6

(a) Employment services delivered by the Australian Government include open and supported employment services and targeted support services.

(b) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

(c) Includes people whose need for assistance was 'not stated', 'not collected' or 'not applicable (due to age)'.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) derived from CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS *Indigenous Projected Population 2007* (ABS cat. no. 3238.0, 2009); *2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers*; and *2006 Census of Population and Housing*.

Table NDA.6.9

Table NDA.6.9 **Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing all disability services, by age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous users of specialist disability services 2007-08										
0–4 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	803
5–14 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 845
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 696
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 601
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 760
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 302
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	612
<i>Subtotal 0–49 years</i>	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	9 446
Total (c)	no.	2 859	2 234	2 125	1 507	944	205	82	887	10 637
Estimated Indigenous potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2007										
0–4 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 525
5–14 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	8 635
15–24 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 849
25–34 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 396
35–44 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 474
45–54 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	6 286
55–64 years	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 607
<i>Subtotal 0–49 years</i>	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	26 977
Total	no.	12 912	2 953	8 434	4 703	1 860	1 293	340	3 277	35 772
Proportion of the Indigenous potential population accessing disability services										
0–4 years	%	41.7	75.8	13.1	14.2	61.4	np	50.5	22.8	31.8
5–14 years	%	17.0	42.1	13.3	38.9	36.4	5.8	40.1	27.6	21.4
15–24 years	%	56.7	154.6	62.3	85.1	114.2	49.9	35.4	49.1	70.1
25–34 years	%	30.3	118.5	40.5	58.9	83.3	32.7	32.8	36.9	47.1
35–44 years	%	19.6	93.4	33.9	27.6	53.5	21.2	12.8	31.3	32.2

Table NDA.6.9

Table NDA.6.9 **Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing all disability services, by age group and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
45–54 years	%	11.9	62.8	21.6	16.8	34.9	11.5	8.8	19.2	20.7
55–64 years	%	6.0	35.7	9.6	9.3	20.9	2.7	np	15.3	10.9
<i>Subtotal 0–49 years</i>	%	26.2	85.0	29.5	39.8	60.9	18.5	28.4	32.2	35.0
Total (c)	%	22.1	75.6	25.2	32.0	50.7	15.9	24.1	27.1	29.7

(a) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

(b) Disability support services include specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia.

(c) Includes people with not stated age.

np Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) derived from CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS *Indigenous Projected Population 2007* (ABS cat. no. 3238.0, 2009); *2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers*; and *2006 Census of Population and Housing*.

Table NDA.6.10 Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing all disability services, by sex and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

		<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous users of specialist disability services 2007-08										
Male	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	6 371
Female	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	4 257
Total (c)	no.	2 859	2 234	2 125	1 507	944	205	82	887	10 637
Estimated Indigenous potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2007										
Male	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	18 188
Female	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	17 583
Total	no.	12 912	2 953	8 434	4 703	1 860	1 293	340	3 277	35 772
Proportion of the Indigenous potential population accessing disability services										
Male	%	26.9	83.5	31.0	38.9	58.3	18.6	33.5	28.8	35.0
Female	%	17.0	67.0	19.3	25.7	42.8	12.5	14.1	25.3	24.2
Total (c)	%	22.1	75.6	25.2	32.0	50.7	15.9	24.1	27.1	29.7

(a) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

(b) Disability support services include specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia.

(c) Includes people with not stated sex.

np Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) derived from CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS *Indigenous Projected Population 2007* (ABS cat. no. 3238.0, 2009); *2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers*; and *2006 Census of Population and Housing*.

Table NDA.6.11

Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing all disability services, by remoteness area, Australia, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>Number of Indigenous users of specialist disability services 2007-08 (no.)</i>	<i>Estimated Indigenous potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2007(no.)</i>	<i>Proportion of potential population</i>
Remoteness Area			
Major cities	3 794	20 446	18.6
Inner Regional	2 736	7 876	34.7
Outer Regional/Remote	3 909	7 450	52.5
Total (c)	10 637	35 772	29.7

(a) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

(b) Disability support services include specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia.

(c) Includes people with not stated Remoteness Area.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) derived from CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS *Indigenous Projected Population 2007* (ABS cat. no. 3238.0, 2009); *2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers*; and *2006 Census of Population and Housing*.

Table NDA.6.12

Table NDA.6.12

Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing all disability services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

		NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Number of Indigenous users of specialist disability services 2007-08										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	6 387
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 462
<i>Total needing assistance</i>	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	8 849
No need for help or supervision	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	307
Need for assistance not determined (c)	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 481
Total	no.	2 859	2 234	2 125	1 507	944	205	82	887	10 637
Estimated Indigenous potential population for specialist disability services 30 June 2007										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	35 772
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	35 772
<i>Total needing assistance</i>	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	35 772
No need for help or supervision	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	35 772
Need for assistance not determined	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	35 772
Total	no.	12 912	2 953	8 434	4 703	1 860	1 293	340	3 277	35 772
Proportion of the Indigenous potential population accessing disability services										
Need for assistance in life area										
Activities of daily living	%	12.1	39.3	15.2	22.8	36.5	7.0	16.2	19.4	17.9
Activities of independent living or activities of work, education and community living (but not ADL)	%	6.0	15.3	7.0	5.4	9.7	7.6	5.9	4.2	6.9
<i>Total needing assistance</i>	%	18.0	54.6	22.2	28.3	46.2	14.6	22.1	23.6	24.7
No need for help or supervision	%	0.4	4.9	0.6	0.6	1.4	np	np	np	0.9

Table NDA.6.12

Proportion of the Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years accessing all disability services, by need for assistance in life area and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Need for assistance not determined (c) %	3.7	16.1	2.4	3.2	3.2	np	np	np	4.1
Total %	22.1	75.6	25.2	32.0	50.7	15.9	24.1	27.1	29.7

(a) Refer to the Data Quality Statement for caveats relating to Indigenous potential population and the identification of Indigenous service users.

(b) Disability support services include specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia.

(c) Includes people whose need for assistance was 'not stated', 'not collected' or 'not applicable (due to age)'.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) derived from CSTDA NMDS 2007-08; AIHW analysis of the ABS *Indigenous Projected Population 2007* (ABS cat. no. 3238.0, 2009); *2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers*; and *2006 Census of Population and Housing*.

NDA Indicator 7:

**Labour force participation rate
for carers aged 15–64 years of
people with disability**

Table NDA.7.1

Table NDA.7.1 **Labour force participation rate for primary carers aged 15–64 years of people with a disability, by carer sex, by State/Territory, 2003**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of primary carers aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Male	'000	12.8	16.3	10.4	4.4	5.1	2.3	np	np	51.6
Female	'000	40.3	33.3	27.7	11.5	9.6	4.1	np	np	129.1
Persons	'000	53.1	49.6	38.1	15.9	14.7	6.4	1.7	1.3	180.7
Denominator – total number of primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years										
Male	'000	27.0	23.0	17.8	6.5	8.8	3.8	np	np	88.5
Female	'000	81.1	65.7	70.5	23.4	21.4	7.7	np	np	273.0
Persons	'000	108.1	88.6	88.4	29.9	30.2	11.5	2.8	2.0	361.5
Proportion of primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Male	%	47.5	70.8	58.3	67.8	57.4	60.6	np	np	58.3
Female	%	49.7	50.8	39.3	49.1	45.2	52.9	np	np	47.3
Persons	%	49.1	55.9	43.1	53.2	48.7	55.4	60.0	63.2	50.0

np Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.7.2

Table NDA.7.2 **Relative standard error for labour force participation rate for primary carers aged 15–64 years of people with a disability, by carer sex, by State/Territory (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of primary carers aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Male	%	24.2	19.6	21.7	29.8	29.5	24.4	np	np	9.4
Female	%	13.0	13.2	11.7	21.4	13.9	20.6	np	np	7.2
Persons	%	12.0	11.3	9.5	15.7	13.5	15.0	35.6	58.8	5.7
Denominator – total number of primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years										
Male	%	17.8	16.1	17.6	25.1	22.5	18.6	np	np	8.1
Female	%	10.0	8.3	6.7	13.9	10.6	14.2	np	np	4.6
Persons	%	8.7	8.0	5.1	11.1	8.5	11.0	25.0	52.1	3.8
Proportion of primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Male	%	20.6	11	14.6	16.5	19.4	16.6	np	np	6.6
Female	%	10.3	8.8	11	15.2	13.4	17.1	np	np	5.4
Persons	%	9.5	7.1	9.8	12.2	12.1	11.4	23.2	36.8	4.4

(a) RSE = Relative standard error. Estimates with a relative standard error of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with a relative standard error greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

np Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.7.3

Table NDA.7.3 **Labour force participation rate for primary carers aged 15–64 years of people with a disability, by carer age group, by State/Territory, 2003**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of primary carers aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Age										
15–44 years	'000	26.0	23.1	15.5	5.5	8.4	2.3	np	np	82.0
45–64 years	'000	27.1	26.5	22.6	10.3	6.3	4.0	np	np	98.7
Total 15–64 years	'000	53.1	49.6	38.1	15.9	14.7	6.4	1.7	1.3	180.7
Denominator – total number of primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years										
Age										
15–44 years	'000	48.3	34.1	29.6	13.5	15.1	4.0	np	np	146.1
45–64 years	'000	59.8	54.5	58.8	16.4	15.1	7.5	np	np	215.4
Total 15–64 years	'000	108.1	88.6	88.4	29.9	30.2	11.5	2.8	2.0	361.5
Proportion of primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Age										
15–44 years	%	53.8	67.8	52.3	41.1	55.4	58.7	np	np	56.1
45–64 years	%	45.3	48.5	38.5	63.2	42.1	53.7	np	np	45.8
Total 15–64 years	%	49.1	55.9	43.1	53.2	48.7	55.4	60.0	63.2	50.0

np Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.7.4

Table NDA.7.4 **Relative standard error for labour force participation rate for primary carers aged 15–64 years of people with a disability, by carer age group, by State/Territory (a)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of primary carers aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force									
Age									
15–44 years %	19.0	19.0	20.6	28.3	16.3	32.8	np	np	9.5
45–64 years %	13.6	14.8	10.8	15.7	25.0	16.0	np	np	6.0
Total 15–64 years %	12.0	11.3	9.5	15.7	13.5	15.0	35.6	58.8	5.7
Denominator – total number of primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years									
Age									
15–44 years %	11.8	15.3	12.0	15.3	13.1	23.4	np	np	6.2
45–64 years %	10.8	9.8	7.1	13.1	14.1	9.2	np	np	4.3
Total 15–64 years %	8.7	8.0	5.1	11.1	8.5	11.0	25.0	52.1	3.8
Proportion of primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force									
Age									
15–44 years %	15.6	9.5	13.7	25.3	16.8	20.2	np	np	6.3
45–64 years %	10.8	9.3	10.5	10.1	19.0	13.9	np	np	5.1
Total 15–64 years %	9.5	7.1	9.8	12.2	12.1	11.4	23.2	36.8	4.4

(a) RSE = Relative standard error. Estimates with a relative standard error of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with a relative standard error greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

np Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.7.5

Table NDA.7.5 **Labour force participation rate for primary carers aged 15–64 years of people with a disability, by carer remoteness area, by State/Territory, 2003**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of primary carers aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Remoteness area										
Major cities	'000	35.7	31.5	23.1	11.0	10.5	–	np	np	113.4
Other	'000	17.4	18.1	15.0	4.9	4.3	6.4	np	np	67.3
Total	'000	53.1	49.6	38.1	15.9	14.7	6.4	1.7	1.3	180.7
Denominator – total number of primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years										
Remoteness area										
Major cities	'000	75.9	55.5	45.9	20.9	23.5	–	2.8	–	224.5
Other	'000	32.2	33.2	42.5	8.9	6.7	11.5	–	2.0	137.0
Total	'000	108.1	88.6	88.4	29.9	30.2	11.5	2.8	2.0	361.5
Proportion of primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Remoteness area										
Major cities	%	47.1	56.7	50.2	52.7	44.5	–	np	np	50.5
Other	%	54.0	54.7	35.4	54.3	63.4	55.4	np	np	49.1
Total	%	49.1	55.9	43.1	53.2	48.7	55.4	60.0	63.2	50.0

– Nil and rounded to zero. **np** Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.7.6

Table NDA.7.6 **Relative standard error for labour force participation rate for primary carers aged 15–64 years of people with a disability, by carer remoteness area, by State/Territory (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of primary carers aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Remoteness area										
Major cities	%	14.5	12.8	14.9	19.8	19.3	–	np	np	8.3
Other	%	19.6	19.5	22.5	32.5	31.1	15.0	np	np	12.0
Total	%	12.0	11.3	9.5	15.7	13.5	15.0	35.6	58.8	5.7
Denominator – total number of primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years										
Remoteness area										
Major cities	%	11.6	11.1	10.2	12.0	10.7	–	25.0	–	5.4
Other	%	17.3	12.5	10.7	26.9	23.8	11.0	–	52.1	7.9
Total	%	8.7	8.0	5.1	11.1	8.5	11.0	25.0	52.1	3.8
Proportion of primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Remoteness area										
Major cities	%	11.8	7.9	14.6	15.4	17.5	–	np	np	6.9
Other	%	14.3	13.9	19.2	18.2	20.8	11.4	np	np	7.1
Total	%	9.5	7.1	9.8	12.2	12.1	11.4	23.2	36.8	4.4

(a) RSE = Relative standard error. Estimates with a relative standard error of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with a relative standard error greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

np Not published. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.7.7

Table NDA.7.7

Labour force participation rate for primary carers aged 15–64 years of people with a disability, by carer country of birth, by State/Territory, 2003

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of primary carers aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Country of birth										
Australia	'000	42.8	36.1	31.4	13.3	11.0	5.3	np	np	142.0
Other	'000	10.3	13.5	6.7	2.5	3.7	1.1	np	np	38.7
Total	'000	53.1	49.6	38.1	15.9	14.7	6.4	1.7	1.3	180.7
Denominator – total number of primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years										
Country of birth										
Australia	'000	80.7	60.4	73.1	22.8	21.7	10.0	np	np	272.2
Other	'000	27.4	28.2	15.3	7.0	8.5	1.5	np	np	89.3
Total	'000	108.1	88.6	88.4	29.9	30.2	11.5	2.8	2.0	361.5
Proportion of primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Country of birth										
Australia	%	53.0	59.7	42.9	58.5	50.6	52.8	np	np	52.2
Other	%	37.7	47.9	44.1	36.1	44.0	73.5	np	np	43.4
Total	%	49.1	55.9	43.1	53.2	48.7	55.4	60.0	63.2	50.0

np Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.7.8

Table NDA.7.8 **Relative standard error for labour force participation rate for primary carers aged 15–64 years of people with a disability, by carer country of birth, by State/Territory (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of primary carers aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Country of birth										
Australia	%	12.7	13.9	12.9	16.9	15.4	18.0	np	np	6.4
Other	%	30.9	21.7	25.8	35.5	28.2	40.8	np	np	11.2
Total	%	12.0	11.3	9.5	15.7	13.5	15.0	35.6	58.8	5.7
Denominator – total number of primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years										
Country of birth										
Australia	%	11.2	9.4	6.7	13.5	11.0	12.4	np	np	4.5
Other	%	15.6	15.1	19.5	22.7	16.3	39.5	np	np	7.3
Total	%	8.7	8.0	5.1	11.1	8.5	11.0	25.0	52.1	3.8
Proportion of primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Country of birth										
Australia	%	10.7	9.3	11.6	10.4	13.4	13.6	np	np	4.8
Other	%	24.8	17.5	22.2	33.9	27	22.2	np	np	9.8
Total	%	9.5	7.1	9.8	12.2	12.1	11.4	23.2	36.8	4.4

(a) RSE = Relative standard error. Estimates with a relative standard error of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with a relative standard error greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

np Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.7.9

Table NDA.7.9 **Labour force participation rate for non-primary carers aged 15–64 years of people with a disability, by carer sex, by State/Territory 2003**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of non-primary carers aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Sex										
Male	'000	187.8	179.2	120.0	66.0	55.8	14.9	np	np	635.7
Female	'000	148.8	144.7	107.8	51.8	46.0	13.3	np	np	525.8
Persons	'000	336.6	323.9	227.8	117.8	101.8	28.2	19.9	5.4	1161.5
Denominator – total number of non-primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years										
Sex										
Male	'000	228.1	218.9	156.4	80.3	67.3	19.5	10.9	4.0	785.5
Female	'000	255.2	226.0	174.9	85.4	72.8	23.2	14.8	2.5	854.9
Persons	'000	483.3	444.9	331.2	165.8	140.2	42.7	25.7	6.5	1640.3
Proportion of non-primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Sex										
Male	%	82.3	81.9	76.7	82.2	82.9	76.4	np	np	80.9
Female	%	58.3	64.0	61.7	60.6	63.1	57.4	np	np	61.5
Persons	%	69.7	72.8	68.8	71.1	72.6	66.1	77.4	81.9	70.8

np Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.7.10

Table NDA.7.10 **Relative standard error for labour force participation rate for non-primary carers aged 15–64 years of people with a disability, by carer sex, by State/Territory, 2003 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of non-primary carers aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Sex										
Male	%	6.1	7.1	6.3	7.3	10.7	13.1	np	np	3.5
Female	%	7.9	6.5	6.8	9.7	9.2	11.8	np	np	3.0
Persons	%	5.7	5.4	5.1	6.7	8.6	8.7	14.7	37.3	2.8
Denominator – total number of non-primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years										
Sex										
Male	%	5.9	6.6	5.8	7.4	9.3	11.1	16.4	40.7	3.1
Female	%	6.4	5.8	5.9	7.7	7.8	9.5	14.3	45.2	2.6
Persons	%	5.4	4.7	4.7	6.3	7.5	8.2	11.4	32.2	2.5
Proportion of non-primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Sex										
Male	%	3.3	2.1	3.7	3.0	3.5	5.8	np	np	1.4
Female	%	5.1	3.4	4.6	6.1	4.3	9.0	np	np	2.0
Persons	%	2.6	2.0	3.3	3.7	2.7	5.5	6.3	19.6	1.1

(a) RSE = Relative standard error. Estimates with a relative standard error of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with a relative standard error greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

np Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.7.11

Table NDA.7.11 **Labour force participation rate for non-primary carers aged 15–64 years of people with a disability, by carer age group, by State/Territory, 2003**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of non-primary carers aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Age										
15–44 years	'000	190.1	200.4	139.6	67.6	57.9	15.6	np	np	688.0
45–64 years	'000	146.6	123.5	88.2	50.2	43.9	12.6	np	np	473.4
Total 15–64 years '000		336.6	323.9	227.8	117.8	101.8	28.2	19.9	5.4	1 161.5
Denominator – total number of non-primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years										
Age										
15–44 years	'000	261.4	252.2	176.6	93.6	77.9	20.8	15.8	3.8	902.1
45–64 years	'000	221.8	192.7	154.6	72.1	62.3	22.0	9.9	2.8	738.2
Total 15–64 years '000		483.3	444.9	331.2	165.8	140.2	42.7	25.7	6.5	1 640.3
Proportion of non-primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Age										
15–44 years	%	72.7	79.5	79.0	72.2	74.4	75.1	np	np	76.3
45–64 years	%	66.1	64.1	57.1	69.6	70.4	57.5	np	np	64.1
Total 15–64 years %		69.7	72.8	68.8	71.1	72.6	66.1	77.4	81.9	70.8

np Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.7.12

Table NDA.7.12 **Relative standard error for labour force participation rate for non-primary carers aged 15–64 years of people with a disability, by carer age group, by State/Territory (a)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of non-primary carers aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force									
Age									
15–44 years %	7.3	6.6	7.3	8.8	11.1	13.4	np	np	3.5
45–64 years %	8.0	8.2	8.4	7.8	9.5	9.3	np	np	3.5
Total 15–64 years %	5.7	5.4	5.1	6.7	8.6	8.7	14.7	37.3	2.8
Denominator – total number of non-primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years									
Age									
15–44 years %	6.6	5.7	6.7	7.7	10.4	10.6	15.6	38.7	3.3
45–64 years %	5.8	5.7	6.1	7.6	6.9	10.7	13.6	41.1	2.3
Total 15–64 years %	5.4	4.7	4.7	6.3	7.5	8.2	11.4	32.2	2.5
Proportion of non-primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force									
Age									
15–44 years %	2.9	2.8	3.2	5.0	3.4	6.4	np	np	1.1
45–64 years %	5.2	4.5	5.9	5.6	5.0	9.1	np	np	2.2
Total 15–64 years %	2.6	2.0	3.3	3.7	2.7	5.5	6.3	19.6	1.1

(a) RSE = Relative standard error. Estimates with a relative standard error of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with a relative standard error greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

np Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.7.13

Table NDA.7.13 **Labour force participation rate for non–primary carers aged 15–64 years of people with a disability, by carer remoteness area, by State/Territory, 2003**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of non–primary carers aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Remoteness area										
Major cities	'000	236.5	237.5	127.0	64.4	76.5	–	19.9	–	761.8
Other	'000	100.1	86.4	100.8	53.5	25.3	28.2	–	5.4	399.6
Total	'000	336.6	323.9	227.8	117.8	101.8	28.2	19.9	5.4	1 161.5
Denominator – total number of non–primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years										
Remoteness area										
Major cities	'000	335.3	322.8	177.4	96.7	107.8	–	25.7	–	1 065.7
Other	'000	148.0	122.1	153.9	69.1	32.3	42.7	–	6.5	574.7
Total	'000	483.3	444.9	331.2	165.8	140.2	42.7	25.7	6.5	1 640.3
Proportion of non–primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Remoteness area										
Major cities	%	70.6	73.6	71.6	66.6	70.9	–	77.4	–	71.5
Other	%	67.6	70.7	65.5	77.4	78.3	66.1	–	81.9	69.5
Total	%	69.7	72.8	68.8	71.1	72.6	66.1	77.4	81.9	70.8

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source : ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers .

Table NDA.7.14

Table NDA.7.14

Relative standard error for labour force participation rate for non-primary carers aged 15–64 years of people with a disability, by carer remoteness area, by State/Territory (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of non-primary carers aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Remoteness area										
Major cities	%	7.5	8.0	7.0	6.2	9.3	–	14.7	–	3.8
Other	%	10.2	10.5	9.2	12.3	15.8	8.7	–	37.3	4.1
Total	%	5.7	5.4	5.1	6.7	8.6	8.7	14.7	37.3	2.8
Denominator – total number of non-primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years										
Remoteness area										
Major cities	%	7.0	7.0	6.5	5.7	8.2	–	11.4	–	3.4
Other	%	8.2	9.7	6.8	11.4	14.4	8.2	–	32.2	3.6
Total	%	5.4	4.7	4.7	6.3	7.5	8.2	11.4	32.2	2.5
Proportion of non-primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Remoteness area										
Major cities	%	3.2	2.6	4.6	5.3	3.3	–	6.3	–	1.6
Other	%	5.5	3.8	5.1	4.8	4.9	5.5	–	19.6	2.3
Total	%	2.6	2.0	3.3	3.7	2.7	5.5	6.3	19.6	1.1

(a) RSE = Relative standard error. Estimates with a relative standard error of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with a relative standard error greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.7.15

Table NDA.7.15

Labour force participation rate for non-primary carers aged 15–64 years of people with a disability, by carer country of birth, by State/Territory, 2003

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of non-primary carers aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Country of birth										
Australia	'000	267.6	254.7	181.6	81.2	81.3	25.2	14.6	3.9	910.1
Other	'000	69.0	69.3	46.2	36.7	20.4	3.0	5.3	1.4	251.4
Total	'000	336.6	323.9	227.8	117.8	101.8	28.2	19.9	5.4	1 161.5
Denominator – total number of non-primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years										
Country of birth										
Australia	'000	371.8	334.9	260.9	110.8	108.4	37.6	19.0	5.1	1 248.5
Other	'000	111.5	110.0	70.3	55.0	31.8	5.1	6.7	1.4	391.8
Total	'000	483.3	444.9	331.2	165.8	140.2	42.7	25.7	6.5	1 640.3
Proportion of non-primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Country of birth										
Australia	%	72.0	76.0	69.6	73.3	75.1	67.0	76.8	76.8	72.9
Other	%	61.9	63.0	65.8	66.6	64.3	59.1	79.0	100.0	64.1
Total	%	69.7	72.8	68.8	71.1	72.6	66.1	77.4	81.9	70.8

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.7.16

Table NDA.7.16

Relative standard error for labour force participation rate for non-primary carers aged 15–64 years of people with a disability, by carer country of birth, by State/Territory (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of non-primary carers aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Country of birth										
Australia	%	5.9	5.3	5.4	8.3	8.8	9.9	16.2	47.7	2.9
Other	%	12.8	10.5	13.7	14.0	16.6	26.9	20.8	61.7	4.9
Total	%	5.7	5.4	5.1	6.7	8.6	8.7	14.7	37.3	2.8
Denominator – total number of non-primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years										
Country of birth										
Australia	%	5.3	5.0	4.9	7.0	8.1	9.1	12.3	38.7	2.7
Other	%	10.2	9.1	11.9	13.9	11.1	19.1	20.5	61.7	4.4
Total	%	5.4	4.7	4.7	6.3	7.5	8.2	11.4	32.2	2.5
Proportion of non-primary carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Country of birth										
Australia	%	2.9	2.1	3.5	4.8	3.2	5.5	8.2	28.4	1.2
Other	%	8.0	7.0	9.1	6.2	10.3	18.6	9.0	–	3.2
Total	%	2.6	2.0	3.3	3.7	2.7	5.5	6.3	19.6	1.1

(a) RSE = Relative standard error. Estimates with a relative standard error of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with a relative standard error greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.7.17

Table NDA.7.17 **Labour force participation rate for all carers aged 15–64 years of people with a disability, by carer sex, by State/Territory, 2003**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of all carers aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Sex										
Male	'000	200.6	195.5	130.4	70.4	60.8	17.2	np	np	687.3
Female	'000	189.1	178.1	135.5	63.3	55.6	17.4	np	np	654.9
Persons	'000	389.7	373.5	265.9	133.7	116.5	34.6	21.6	6.6	1 342.2
Denominator – total number of all carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years										
Sex										
Male	'000	255.1	241.8	174.2	86.8	76.1	23.3	12.1	4.4	873.9
Female	'000	336.3	291.7	245.4	108.8	94.2	30.9	16.4	4.1	1 127.9
Persons	'000	591.4	533.5	419.6	195.6	170.3	54.2	28.5	8.6	2 001.8
Proportion of all carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Sex										
Male	%	78.6	80.8	74.8	81.1	79.9	73.8	np	np	78.6
Female	%	56.2	61.0	55.2	58.2	59.1	56.3	np	np	58.1
Persons	%	65.9	70.0	63.4	68.3	68.4	63.8	75.7	77.5	67.0

np Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.7.18

Table NDA.7.18 **Relative standard error for labour force participation rate for all carers aged 15–64 years of people with a disability, by carer sex, by State/Territory (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of all carers aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Sex										
Male	%	6.4	6.5	6.2	6.6	9.4	10.6	np	np	3.3
Female	%	7.6	6.1	5.6	9.1	8.1	9.8	np	np	3.0
Persons	%	5.8	5.3	4.7	6.3	7.4	7.4	14.2	35.5	2.7
Denominator – total number of all carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years										
Sex										
Male	%	5.7	5.9	5.5	6.8	7.7	8.3	14.7	36.8	2.7
Female	%	6.1	4.7	4.5	6.8	6.7	7.5	13.8	34.0	2.5
Persons	%	5.2	4.2	4.1	5.8	6.5	6.6	11.2	30.5	2.3
Proportion of all carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Sex										
Male	%	4.0	2.1	4.0	2.9	3.8	5.1	np	np	1.5
Female	%	4.0	3.2	4.2	5.9	4.3	7.6	np	np	1.5
Persons	%	2.7	2.1	3.6	3.5	2.7	4.7	6.2	17.1	1.1

(a) RSE = Relative standard error. Estimates with a relative standard error of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with a relative standard error greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

np Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.7.19

Table NDA.7.19 **Labour force participation rate for all carers aged 15–64 years of people with a disability, by carer age group, by State/Territory, 2003**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of all carers aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Age										
15–44 years	'000	216.0	223.5	155.1	73.1	66.3	17.9	np	np	770.0
45–64 years	'000	173.7	150.0	110.8	60.6	50.2	16.7	np	np	572.2
Total 15–64 years	'000	389.7	373.5	265.9	133.7	116.5	34.6	21.6	6.6	1 342.2
Denominator – total number of all carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years										
Age										
15–44 years	'000	309.7	286.3	206.3	107.1	93.0	24.7	16.2	4.9	1 048.2
45–64 years	'000	281.6	247.2	213.4	88.5	77.3	29.5	12.4	3.7	953.6
Total 15–64 years	'000	591.4	533.5	419.6	195.6	170.3	54.2	28.5	8.6	2 001.8
Proportion of all carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Age										
15–44 years	%	69.7	78.1	75.2	68.3	71.3	72.5	np	np	73.5
45–64 years	%	61.7	60.7	51.9	68.4	64.9	56.6	np	np	60.0
Total 15–64 years	%	65.9	70.0	63.4	68.3	68.4	63.8	75.7	77.5	67.0

np Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.7.20

Table NDA.7.20

Relative standard error for labour force participation rate for all carers aged 15–64 years of people with a disability, by carer age group, by State/Territory (a)

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of all carers aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force									
Age									
15–44 years %	7.6	6.6	6.8	8.5	9.6	11.8	np	np	3.5
45–64 years %	7.2	6.9	8.0	6.9	9.0	9.5	np	np	3.1
Total 15–64 years %	5.8	5.3	4.7	6.3	7.4	7.4	14.2	35.5	2.7
Denominator – total number of all carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years									
Age									
15–44 years %	6.5	5.7	6.1	7.3	9.3	8.9	15.4	35.7	3.2
45–64 years %	5.8	4.5	5.4	6.4	5.8	8.4	13.5	39.2	2.3
Total 15–64 years %	5.2	4.2	4.1	5.8	6.5	6.6	11.2	30.5	2.3
Proportion of all carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force									
Age									
15–44 years %	3.4	2.8	3.1	4.9	3.4	5.8	np	np	1.3
45–64 years %	4.5	4.2	6.4	4.9	5.4	8.6	np	np	2.0
Total 15–64 years %	2.7	2.1	3.6	3.5	2.7	4.7	6.2	17.1	1.1

(a) RSE = Relative standard error. Estimates with a relative standard error of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with a relative standard error greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

np Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.7.21

Table NDA.7.21

Labour force participation rate for all carers aged 15–64 years of people with a disability, by carer remoteness area, by State/Territory, 2003

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>TAS</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of all carers aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Remoteness area										
Major cities	'000	272.3	269.0	150.1	75.4	86.9	–	21.6	–	875.3
Other	'000	117.5	104.6	115.8	58.3	29.6	34.6	–	6.6	466.9
Total	'000	389.7	373.5	265.9	133.7	116.5	34.6	21.6	6.6	1 342.2
Denominator – total number of all carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years										
Remoteness area										
Major cities	'000	411.2	378.2	223.3	117.6	131.3	–	28.5	–	1 290.1
Other	'000	180.2	155.3	196.3	78.0	39.0	54.2	–	8.6	711.7
Total	'000	591.4	533.5	419.6	195.6	170.3	54.2	28.5	8.6	2 001.8
Proportion of all carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Remoteness area										
Major cities	%	66.2	71.1	67.2	64.1	66.2	–	75.7	–	67.8
Other	%	65.2	67.3	59.0	74.7	75.8	63.8	–	77.5	65.6
Total	%	65.9	70.0	63.4	68.3	68.4	63.8	75.7	77.5	67.0

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.7.22

Table NDA.7.22 **Relative standard error for labour force participation rate for all carers aged 15–64 years of people with a disability, by carer remoteness area, by State/Territory (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>TAS</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of all carers aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Remoteness area										
Major cities	%	7.3	7.6	6.3	6.7	8.4	–	14.2	–	3.6
Other	%	10.1	10.0	8.8	12.1	15.1	7.4	–	35.5	4.3
Total	%	5.8	5.3	4.7	6.3	7.4	7.4	14.2	35.5	2.7
Denominator – total number of all carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years										
Remoteness area										
Major cities	%	6.4	6.5	6.2	5.4	7.2	–	11.2	–	3.2
Other	%	8.2	8.8	6.3	11.8	14.2	6.6	–	30.5	3.8
Total	%	5.2	4.2	4.1	5.8	6.5	6.6	11.2	30.5	2.3
Proportion of all carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Remoteness area										
Major cities	%	3.6	2.4	3.9	5.0	3.3	–	6.2	–	1.6
Other	%	5.2	4.3	5.7	4.8	4.6	4.7	–	17.1	2.2
Total	%	2.7	2.1	3.6	3.5	2.7	4.7	6.2	17.1	1.1

(a) RSE = Relative standard error. Estimates with a relative standard error of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with a relative standard error greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.7.23

Table NDA.7.23

Relative standard error for labour force participation rate for all carers aged 15–64 years of people with a disability, by carer country of birth, by State/Territory, 2003 (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of all carers aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Country of birth										
Australia	%	5.9	5.6	5.1	7.3	7.5	8.4	np	np	3.0
Other	%	11.6	9.0	13.3	13.4	15.9	21.6	np	np	4.4
Total	%	5.8	5.3	4.7	6.3	7.4	7.4	14.2	35.5	2.7
Denominator – total number of all carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years										
Country of birth										
Australia	%	5.4	4.6	4.4	6.2	6.9	7.3	11.7	36.7	2.6
Other	%	8.1	7.1	10.8	13.3	9.8	18.8	19.1	49.9	3.8
Total	%	5.2	4.2	4.1	5.8	6.5	6.6	11.2	30.5	2.3
Proportion of all carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Country of birth										
Australia	%	2.7	2.4	3.8	4.3	2.9	5.0	np	np	1.2
Other	%	7.2	5.5	9.5	6.3	9.6	15.6	np	np	3.1
Total	%	2.7	2.1	3.6	3.5	2.7	4.7	6.2	17.1	1.1

(a) RSE = Relative standard error. Estimates with a relative standard error of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with a relative standard error greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

np Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.7.24

Table NDA.7.24 **Labour force participation rate for all carers aged 15–64 years of people with a disability, by carer country of birth, by State/Territory, 2003**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of all carers aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Country of birth										
Australia	'000	310.4	290.7	212.9	94.5	92.3	30.5	np	np	1 052.1
Other	'000	79.4	82.8	53.0	39.2	24.2	4.1	np	np	290.1
Total	'000	389.7	373.5	265.9	133.7	116.5	34.6	21.6	6.6	1 342.2
Denominator – total number of all carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years										
Country of birth										
Australia	'000	452.5	395.3	334.0	133.6	130.1	47.6	20.9	6.7	1 520.7
Other	'000	138.9	138.2	85.6	62.1	40.3	6.6	7.6	1.8	481.1
Total	'000	591.4	533.5	419.6	195.6	170.3	54.2	28.5	8.6	2 001.8
Proportion of all carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Country of birth										
Australia	%	68.6	73.5	63.7	70.7	71.0	64.0	np	np	69.2
Other	%	57.1	59.9	61.9	63.2	60.0	62.3	np	np	60.3
Total	%	65.9	70.0	63.4	68.3	68.4	63.8	75.7	77.5	67.0

np Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

Table NDA.7.25

Table NDA.7.25 **Labour force participation rate for all carers aged 15–64 years of people with a disability, by carer sex, by carer age group, by State/Territory, 2003**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of all carers aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force										
Male										
15–44 years	'000	116.5	112.1	77.5	40.4	34.2	8.6	np	np	397.3
45–64 years	'000	84.1	83.3	52.8	30.1	26.7	8.6	np	np	290.0
Total 15–64 years '000		200.6	195.5	130.4	70.4	60.8	17.2	np	np	687.3
Female										
15–44 years	'000	99.6	111.4	77.5	32.8	32.1	9.3	np	np	372.7
45–64 years	'000	89.6	66.6	58.0	30.5	23.5	8.1	np	np	282.1
Total 15–64 years '000		189.1	178.1	135.5	63.3	55.6	17.4	np	np	654.9
All										
15–44 years	'000	216.0	223.5	155.1	73.1	66.3	17.9	np	np	770.0
45–64 years	'000	173.7	150.0	110.8	60.6	50.2	16.7	np	np	572.2
Total 15–64 years '000		389.7	373.5	265.9	133.7	116.5	34.6	21.6	6.6	1 342.2
Denominator – total number of all carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years										
Male										
15–44 years	'000	136.7	126.6	89.1	48.0	40.2	9.9	6.1	2.4	459.1
45–64 years	'000	118.4	115.3	85.1	38.8	35.9	13.3	6.0	2.0	414.9
Total 15–64 years '000		255.1	241.8	174.2	86.8	76.1	23.3	12.1	4.4	873.9
Female										
15–44 years	'000	173.0	159.7	117.2	59.1	52.8	14.8	10.1	2.5	589.1
45–64 years	'000	163.3	132.0	128.3	49.7	41.4	16.1	6.3	1.7	538.8
Total 15–64 years '000		336.3	291.7	245.4	108.8	94.2	30.9	16.4	4.1	1 127.9
All										
15–44 years	'000	309.7	286.3	206.3	107.1	93.0	24.7	16.2	4.9	1 048.2
45–64 years	'000	281.6	247.2	213.4	88.5	77.3	29.5	12.4	3.7	953.6
Total 15–64 years '000		591.4	533.5	419.6	195.6	170.3	54.2	28.5	8.6	2 001.8

Table NDA.7.25

Table NDA.7.25 Labour force participation rate for all carers aged 15–64 years of people with a disability, by carer sex, by carer age group, by State/Territory, 2003

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Proportion of all carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force									
Male									
15–44 years %	85.2	88.6	87.1	84.0	85.0	86.4	np	np	86.5
45–64 years %	71.1	72.3	62.1	77.4	74.2	64.4	np	np	69.9
Total 15–64 years %	78.6	80.8	74.8	81.1	79.9	73.8	np	np	78.6
Female									
15–44 years %	57.5	69.7	66.2	55.5	60.8	63.1	np	np	63.3
45–64 years %	54.9	50.5	45.2	61.4	56.8	50.0	np	np	52.4
Total 15–64 years %	56.2	61.0	55.2	58.2	59.1	56.3	np	np	58.1
All									
15–44 years %	69.7	78.1	75.2	68.3	71.3	72.5	np	np	73.5
45–64 years %	61.7	60.7	51.9	68.4	64.9	56.6	np	np	60.0
Total 15–64 years %	65.9	70.0	63.4	68.3	68.4	63.8	75.7	77.5	67.0

np Not published.

Source : ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers .

Table NDA.7.26

Table NDA.7.26 **Relative standard error for labour force participation rate for all carers aged 15–64 years of people with a disability, by carer country of birth, by State/Territory, 2003 (a)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Numerator – number of all carers aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force									
Male									
15–44 years %	8.2	8.9	8.5	9.9	12.8	16.3	np	np	4.1
45–64 years %	8.0	7.5	10.4	9.1	10.6	12.2	np	np	3.4
Total 15–64 years %	6.4	6.5	6.2	6.6	9.4	10.6	np	np	3.3
Female									
15–44 years %	10.3	7.7	8.9	11.5	10.3	16.1	np	np	3.9
45–64 years %	9.0	9.7	8.9	10.0	11.2	12.8	np	np	4.0
Total 15–64 years %	7.6	6.1	5.6	9.1	8.1	9.8	np	np	3.0
All									
15–44 years %	7.6	6.6	6.8	8.5	9.6	11.8	np	np	3.5
45–64 years %	7.2	6.9	8.0	6.9	9.0	9.5	np	np	3.1
Total 15–64 years %	5.8	5.3	4.7	6.3	7.4	7.4	14.2	35.5	2.7
Denominator – total number of all carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years									
Male									
15–44 years %	8.5	8.8	7.8	9.0	12.5	15.1	24.3	56.1	4.1
45–64 years %	5.8	5.4	7.4	10.2	7.5	9.8	15.4	43.7	2.5
Total 15–64 years %	5.7	5.9	5.5	6.8	7.7	8.3	14.7	36.8	2.7
Female									
15–44 years %	6.9	6.4	7.7	8.8	8.9	11.0	18.1	40.9	3.3
45–64 years %	7.3	5.8	5.9	7.8	7.1	10.2	18.3	69.0	2.7
Total 15–64 years %	6.1	4.7	4.5	6.8	6.7	7.5	13.8	34.0	2.5
All									
15–44 years %	6.5	5.7	6.1	7.3	9.3	8.9	15.4	35.7	3.2
45–64 years %	5.8	4.5	5.4	6.4	5.8	8.4	13.5	39.2	2.3
Total 15–64 years %	5.2	4.2	4.1	5.8	6.5	6.6	11.2	30.5	2.3

Table NDA.7.26 Relative standard error for labour force participation rate for all carers aged 15–64 years of people with a disability, by carer country of birth, by State/Territory, 2003 (a)

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Proportion of all carers (carers of people with disability) aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force									
Male									
15–44 years %	3.6	3.2	2.5	4.0	3.3	5.8	np	np	1.3
45–64 years %	5.9	4.3	8.3	5.1	6.5	8.6	np	np	2.6
Total 15–64 years %	4.0	2.1	4.0	2.9	3.8	5.1	np	np	1.5
Female									
15–44 years %	6.4	3.6	4.8	8.2	5.7	9.1	np	np	2.0
45–64 years %	6.5	6.6	6.9	7.0	8.3	12.3	np	np	2.7
Total 15–64 years %	4.0	3.2	4.2	5.9	4.3	7.6	np	np	1.5
All									
15–44 years %	3.4	2.8	3.1	4.9	3.4	5.8	np	np	1.3
45–64 years %	4.5	4.2	6.4	4.9	5.4	8.6	np	np	2.0
Total 15–64 years %	2.7	2.1	3.6	3.5	2.7	4.7	6.2	17.1	1.1

(a) RSE = Relative standard error. Estimates with a relative standard error of 25 per cent to 50 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with a relative standard error greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

np Not published.

Source: ABS (Unpublished) 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers.

NDA Indicator 8:

This is an interim indicator.

**Proportion of carers of people
with disability accessing support
services to assist in their caring
role**

Table NDA.8.1

Table NDA.8.1 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer age and carer sex, and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support (a)									
Male									
Under 45 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	480
45–64 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	733
65 years and above	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	245
Total (c)	55	611	364	159	300	31	34	8	1 561
Female									
Under 45 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 825
45–64 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 729
65 years and above	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 102
Total (c)	493	1 892	1 637	1 153	738	139	55	30	6 133
Total (d)									
Under 45 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 358
45–64 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 540
65 years and above	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 365
Total (c)	1 677	3 641	3 587	1 337	1 057	176	90	38	11 596
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer									
Male									
Under 45 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 030
45–64 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	4 693
65 years and above	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 523
Total (c)	1 911	3 432	1 832	1 099	1 725	333	243	113	10 590
Female									
Under 45 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	35 037
45–64 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	24 892
65 years and above	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	7 208

Table NDA.8.1

Table NDA.8.1 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer age and carer sex, and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total (c)	22 605	17 505	11 642	10 495	8 366	2 115	2 478	737	75 364
Total (d)									
Under 45 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	38 847
45–64 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	30 296
65 years and above	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	8 913
Total (c)	32 152	28 597	19 200	11 832	10 305	2 495	2 759	873	107 436
Proportion of disability support services users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services (a)									
Male									
Under 45 years	3.2	18.6	20.6	12.9	18.3	11.2	np	np	15.8
45–64 years	3.4	18.1	19.0	14.9	17.2	9.7	20.0	np	15.6
65 years and above	4.3	19.8	21.1	20.0	16.4	np	29.7	np	16.1
Total (c)	2.9	17.8	19.9	14.5	17.4	9.3	14.0	7.1	14.7
Female									
Under 45 years	0.6	6.2	11.5	9.0	4.8	2.1	np	2.1	5.2
45–64 years	3.5	13.9	15.8	13.9	10.6	12.6	6.6	6.3	11.0
65 years and above	7.1	17.2	19.1	21.5	20.2	16.1	13.2	16.7	15.3
Total (c)	2.2	10.8	14.1	11.0	8.8	6.6	2.2	4.1	8.1
Total (d)									
Under 45 years	0.9	7.7	12.5	9.3	6.4	2.8	0.3	2.8	6.1
45–64 years	3.8	14.4	16.4	14.0	12.1	12.0	8.8	6.3	11.7
65 years and above	6.7	17.6	19.5	21.1	19.2	12.6	16.4	14.0	15.3
Total (c)	5.2	12.7	18.7	11.3	10.3	7.1	3.3	4.4	10.8

(a) In-home accommodation support' includes attendant care/personal care and in-home accommodation support services.

(b) Includes users of specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia.

(c) Includes carers with not stated age.

Table NDA.8.1 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer age and carer sex, and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
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(d) Includes carers with not stated sex.

np Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) derived from CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

Table NDA.8.2

Table NDA.8.2 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer age and carer sex, and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed community access services									
Male									
Under 45 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	603
45–64 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 343
65 years and above	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	441
Total (b)	368	1 090	560	240	298	82	35	15	2 684
Female									
Under 45 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	4 223
45–64 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	9 799
65 years and above	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 496
Total (b)	5 121	5 226	3 745	1 887	1 629	436	215	97	18 329
Total (c)									
Under 45 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 000
45–64 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	11 341
65 years and above	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 997
Total (b)	8 873	9 319	6 776	2 198	1 996	532	261	113	30 025
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer									
Male									
Under 45 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 030
45–64 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	4 693
65 years and above	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 523
Total (b)	1 911	3 432	1 832	1 099	1 725	333	243	113	10 590
Female									
Under 45 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	35 037
45–64 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	24 892
65 years and above	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	7 208

Table NDA.8.2

Table NDA.8.2 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer age and carer sex, and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total (b)	22 605	17 505	11 642	10 495	8 366	2 115	2 478	737	75 364
Total (c)									
Under 45 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	38 847
45–64 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	30 296
65 years and above	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	8 913
Total (b)	32 152	28 597	19 200	11 832	10 305	2 495	2 759	873	107 436
Proportion of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed community access services									
Male									
Under 45 years	10.6	25.5	23.9	14.9	16.1	18.4	11.4	np	19.9
45–64 years	16.6	36.1	34.9	26.3	19.6	25.3	17.8	12.3	28.6
65 years and above	15.3	41.3	38.8	22.7	13.9	36.8	18.9	np	29.0
Total (b)	19.3	31.8	30.6	21.8	17.3	24.6	14.4	13.3	25.3
Female									
Under 45 years	8.6	14.7	19.4	10.3	14.3	8.0	4.0	6.8	12.1
45–64 years	41.5	43.9	46.4	29.4	26.2	39.0	26.7	22.8	39.4
65 years and above	30.3	44.1	41.5	23.1	21.9	38.7	15.8	28.6	34.6
Total (b)	22.7	29.9	32.2	18.0	19.5	20.6	8.7	13.2	24.3
Total (c)									
Under 45 years	9.3	16.1	19.9	10.6	14.6	8.8	4.4	7.0	12.9
45–64 years	39.2	41.6	44.5	28.9	24.7	36.1	25.0	20.3	37.4
65 years and above	28.8	43.2	41.0	22.9	19.9	37.4	16.4	30.0	33.6
Total (b)	27.6	32.6	35.3	18.6	19.4	21.3	9.5	12.9	27.9

(a) Includes users of specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia.

(b) Includes carers with not stated age.

(c) Includes carers with not stated sex.

np Not published.

Table NDA.8.2 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer age and carer sex, and State/Territory, 2007-08 (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
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Source: AIHW (unpublished) derived from CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

Table NDA.8.3

Table NDA.8.3 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer age and carer sex, by State/Territory, 2007-08 (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed respite services									
Male									
Under 45 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	683
45–64 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 182
65 years and above	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	405
Total (b)	379	1 158	470	187	176	30	31	18	2 445
Female									
Under 45 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	8 965
45–64 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	8 284
65 years and above	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 343
Total (b)	5 260	7 903	3 945	2 377	1 106	236	263	90	21 132
Total (c)									
Under 45 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	9 929
45–64 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	9 692
65 years and above	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 797
Total (b)	6 089	12 460	4 696	2 582	1 288	268	297	114	27 740
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer									
Male									
Under 45 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 030
45–64 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	4 693
65 years and above	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 523
Total (b)	1 911	3 432	1 832	1 099	1 725	333	243	113	10 590
Female									
Under 45 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	35 037
45–64 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	24 892
65 years and above	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	7 208
Total (b)	22 605	17 505	11 642	10 495	8 366	2 115	2 478	737	75 364

Table NDA.8.3

Table NDA.8.3 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer age and carer sex, by State/Territory, 2007-08 (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total (c)									
Under 45 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	38 847
45–64 years	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	30 296
65 years and above	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	8 913
Total (b)	32 152	28 597	19 200	11 832	10 305	2 495	2 759	873	107 436
Proportion of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed respite services									
Male									
Under 45 years	21.5	32.2	27.8	18.5	8.5	8.2	np	np	22.5
45–64 years	24.1	36.9	26.7	18.0	10.0	8.4	12.2	19.3	25.2
65 years and above	27.6	36.2	26.2	16.0	14.7	10.5	43.2	np	26.6
Total (b)	19.8	33.7	25.7	17.0	10.2	9.0	12.8	15.9	23.1
Female									
Under 45 years	19.3	48.5	35.5	21.5	11.2	8.9	4.5	7.3	25.6
45–64 years	31.7	45.4	37.2	25.6	15.6	14.3	26.9	20.3	33.3
65 years and above	34.1	44.4	28.9	20.8	15.0	17.9	38.2	np	32.5
Total (b)	23.3	45.1	33.9	22.6	13.2	11.2	10.6	12.2	28.0
Total (c)									
Under 45 years	19.7	46.5	34.6	21.3	10.8	8.9	4.5	7.9	25.6
45–64 years	30.7	43.8	35.3	24.5	14.4	13.1	24.2	20.3	32.0
65 years and above	32.8	42.9	28.3	19.8	14.9	15.7	39.2	14.0	31.4
Total (b)	18.9	43.6	24.5	21.8	12.5	10.7	10.8	13.1	25.8

(a) Includes users of specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia.

(b) Includes carers with not stated age.

(c) Includes carers with not stated sex.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) derived from CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

Table NDA.8.4

Table NDA.8.4 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services (a)									
Carer primary status									
Primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 890
Non-primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	1 816
Total (c)	no.	1 677	3 641	3 587	1 337	1 057	176	90	11 596
Carer residency status									
Co-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	5 220
Non-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 456
Total (d)	no.	1 677	3 641	3 587	1 337	1 057	176	90	11 596
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer									
Carer primary status									
Primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	72 924
Non-primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	9 845
Total (c)	no.	32 152	28 597	19 200	11 832	10 305	2 495	2 759	107 436
Carer residency status									
Co-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	72 679
Non-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	11 069
Total (d)	no.	32 152	28 597	19 200	11 832	10 305	2 495	2 759	107 436
Proportion of disability support services users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services (a)									
Carer primary status									
Primary carer	%	2.1	8.9	15.6	12.1	9.6	6.9	2.4	8.1
Non-primary carer	%	6.1	25.2	16.4	12.7	23.6	10.6	13.6	18.4
Total (c)	%	5.2	12.7	18.7	11.3	10.3	7.1	3.3	10.8

Table NDA.8.4 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed in-home accommodation support services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2007-08 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Carer residency status										
Co-resident	%	1.6	9.4	13.3	10.2	7.5	5.6	0.8	3.0	7.2
Non-resident	%	9.6	26.4	22.7	24.5	29.8	20.1	27.8	29.8	22.2
Total (d)	%	5.2	12.7	18.7	11.3	10.3	7.1	3.3	4.4	10.8

(a) In-home accommodation support' includes attendant care/personal care and in-home accommodation support services.

(b) Includes users of specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia.

(c) Includes carers with not stated primary status.

(d) Includes carers with not stated residency status.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished) derived from CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

Table NDA.8.5

Table NDA.8.5 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2007-08 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed community access services										
Carer primary status										
Primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	17 827
Non-primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3 190
Total (b)	no.	8 873	9 319	6 776	2 198	1 996	532	261	113	30 025
Carer residency status										
Co-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	16 505
Non-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	4 101
Total (c)	no.	8 873	9 319	6 776	2 198	1 996	532	261	113	30 025
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer										
Carer primary status										
Primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	72 924
Non-primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	9 845
Total (b)	no.	32 152	28 597	19 200	11 832	10 305	2 495	2 759	873	107 436
Carer residency status										
Co-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	72 679
Non-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	11 069
Total (c)	no.	32 152	28 597	19 200	11 832	10 305	2 495	2 759	873	107 436
Proportion of disability support services users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed community access services										
Carer primary status										
Primary carer	%	23.2	28.8	34.6	17.6	19.2	21.6	9.3	15.0	24.4
Non-primary carer	%	26.4	43.4	25.6	13.0	29.4	28.8	10.5	17.5	32.4
Total (b)	%	27.6	32.6	35.3	18.6	19.4	21.3	9.5	12.9	27.9
Carer residency status										
Co-resident	%	19.3	29.2	32.2	17.2	18.3	18.6	7.3	13.4	22.7
Non-resident	%	40.2	40.7	34.7	33.1	27.5	41.6	28.2	26.3	37.0

Table NDA.8.5 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed community access services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2007-08 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total (c)	%	27.6	32.6	35.3	18.6	19.4	21.3	9.5	12.9	27.9

(a) Includes users of specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia.

(b) Includes carers with not stated primary status.

(c) Includes carers with not stated residency status.

np Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) derived from CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

Table NDA.8.6

Table NDA.8.6 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2007-08 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed respite services										
Carer primary status										
Primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	21 588
Non-primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 069
Total (b)	no.	6 089	12 460	4 696	2 582	1 288	268	297	114	27 740
Carer residency status										
Co-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	21 580
Non-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	2 004
Total (c)	no.	6 089	12 460	4 696	2 582	1 288	268	297	114	27 740
Number of disability support service users with an informal carer										
Carer primary status										
Primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	72 924
Non-primary carer	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	9 845
Total (b)	no.	32 152	28 597	19 200	11 832	10 305	2 495	2 759	873	107 436
Carer residency status										
Co-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	72 679
Non-resident	no.	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	11 069
Total (c)	no.	32 152	28 597	19 200	11 832	10 305	2 495	2 759	873	107 436
Proportion of disability support services users with an informal carer, where the service user accessed respite services										
Carer primary status										
Primary carer	%	24.6	48.7	37.0	25.3	12.8	12.4	11.0	16.3	29.6
Non-primary carer	%	12.4	31.9	18.2	5.1	11.6	np	9.2	np	21.0
Total (b)	%	18.9	43.6	24.5	21.8	12.5	10.7	10.8	13.1	25.8
Carer residency status										
Co-resident	%	26.1	46.5	37.2	23.3	13.2	11.5	10.5	15.5	29.7
Non-resident	%	9.5	27.0	22.1	11.3	7.5	5.9	13.3	np	18.1

Table NDA.8.6

Table NDA.8.6 **Service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer where the service user accessed respite services, by carer primary status and residency status, State/Territory, 2007-08 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total (c)	%	18.9	43.6	24.5	21.8	12.5	10.7	10.8	13.1	25.8

(a) Includes users of specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia.

(b) Includes carers with not stated primary status.

(c) Includes carers with not stated residency status.

np Not published.

Source : AIHW (unpublished) derived from CSTDA NMDS 2007-08.

NDA Indicator 9:

There is currently no agreed measure, nor any available data, to inform this indicator.

**Proportion of carers of people
with disability who are satisfied
with the range of disability
service options and quality of
support received**

NDA Indicator 10:

**Proportion of people with
disability receiving income
support**

Table NDA.10.1

Table NDA.10.1 **Proportion of people with disability, aged 16–62 years and living in households, who receive the Disability Support Pension, by sex and age group, State/Territory, 30 June 2008 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (a)</i>
Number of persons with a disability who receive DSP										
Male										
16–24 years	'000	8.3	6.9	5.7	2.1	2.5	0.9	0.3	0.3	27.2
25–34 years	'000	12.9	10.4	8.3	3.2	3.8	1.4	0.6	0.5	41.5
35–44 years	'000	21.4	16.3	13.3	5.5	7.1	2.4	0.8	0.8	68.5
45–54 years	'000	33.5	22.6	20.0	8.2	10.4	3.6	0.9	1.0	102.1
55–62 years	'000	40.2	28.1	23.8	9.8	11.2	4.5	0.8	1.0	123.4
Total 16–62 years	'000	116.3	84.3	71.0	28.9	35.0	12.7	3.4	3.6	362.7
Female										
16–24 years	'000	5.9	4.9	3.8	1.5	1.7	0.5	0.2	0.2	18.9
25–34 years	'000	8.7	7.5	5.8	2.4	2.6	1.0	0.4	0.3	29.0
35–44 years	'000	14.9	13.0	9.2	4.1	5.1	1.8	0.5	0.6	49.8
45–54 years	'000	28.1	21.8	16.3	7.3	9.1	3.1	0.9	0.9	89.2
55–62 years	'000	37.8	29.2	20.9	9.4	11.2	4.1	1.1	0.9	117.8
Total 16–62 years	'000	95.4	76.5	56.0	24.7	29.7	10.5	3.2	2.9	304.5
Total										
16–24 years	'000	14.2	11.8	9.5	3.7	4.2	1.4	0.6	0.5	46.1
25–34 years	'000	21.5	18.0	14.1	5.6	6.4	2.3	1.0	0.8	70.4
35–44 years	'000	36.3	29.3	22.5	9.6	12.2	4.2	1.3	1.3	118.3
45–54 years	'000	61.7	44.4	36.2	15.5	19.5	6.7	1.8	1.9	191.2
55–62 years	'000	78.0	57.3	44.7	19.2	22.3	8.6	1.9	1.9	241.1
Total 16–62 years	'000	211.7	160.8	127.1	53.6	64.7	23.2	6.6	6.4	667.2

Table NDA.10.1

Table NDA.10.1 **Proportion of people with disability, aged 16–62 years and living in households, who receive the Disability Support Pension, by sex and age group, State/Territory, 30 June 2008 (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (a)</i>
Number of persons with a disability										
Male										
16–24 years	'000	39.0	30.6	24.5	12.8	8.9	2.6	2.3	1.4	122.1
25–34 years	'000	57.4	44.5	35.2	18.3	12.1	3.3	3.3	2.2	176.3
35–44 years	'000	71.9	56.1	45.0	23.9	16.4	4.8	3.7	2.6	224.4
45–54 years	'000	102.7	77.3	62.8	33.2	24.3	7.7	5.0	3.3	316.3
55–62 years	'000	108.6	80.6	68.0	34.4	26.4	8.8	5.2	3.1	335.1
Total 16–62 years	'000	379.6	289.1	235.5	122.7	88.0	27.2	19.5	12.7	1174.2
Female										
16–24 years	'000	36.9	28.7	23.4	11.8	8.4	2.5	2.1	1.3	115.0
25–34 years	'000	47.3	36.2	28.4	14.1	9.6	2.8	2.7	1.8	142.9
35–44 years	'000	70.0	54.9	43.7	22.1	15.7	4.8	3.6	2.3	217.1
45–54 years	'000	104.6	78.9	64.0	32.7	24.8	8.0	5.3	3.1	321.4
55–62 years	'000	110.6	84.0	67.7	33.6	27.7	9.0	5.5	2.6	340.7
Total 16–62 years	'000	369.4	282.8	227.1	114.3	86.2	27.0	19.1	11.1	1137.1
Total										
16–24 years	'000	75.9	59.3	47.9	24.6	17.3	5.1	4.4	2.7	237.1
25–34 years	'000	104.7	80.7	63.6	32.5	21.7	6.0	6.0	4.0	319.2
35–44 years	'000	141.9	111.1	88.7	46.0	32.1	9.6	7.3	4.9	441.5
45–54 years	'000	207.3	156.3	126.7	65.9	49.1	15.7	10.3	6.4	637.7
55–62 years	'000	219.2	164.6	135.7	67.9	54.1	17.8	10.7	5.8	675.8
Total 16–62 years	'000	749.0	572.0	462.7	236.9	174.2	54.1	38.6	23.8	2311.3

Table NDA.10.1

Table NDA.10.1 **Proportion of people with disability, aged 16–62 years and living in households, who receive the Disability Support Pension, by sex and age group, State/Territory, 30 June 2008 (a), (b)**

<i>Unit</i>		<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (a)</i>
Proportion of persons with a disability who receive DSP										
Male										
16–24 years	%	21.3	22.6	23.2	16.6	28.7	33.7	13.9	20.0	22.3
25–34 years	%	22.4	23.5	23.7	17.4	31.6	42.1	18.0	21.2	23.5
35–44 years	%	29.8	29.1	29.5	23.1	43.5	49.4	21.4	29.8	30.5
45–54 years	%	32.6	29.2	31.8	24.7	42.9	46.7	17.7	30.0	32.3
55–62 years	%	37.0	34.8	35.0	28.5	42.2	51.6	16.0	33.5	36.8
Total 16–62 years	%	30.6	29.2	30.2	23.5	39.8	46.9	17.6	28.2	30.9
Female										
16–24 years	%	15.9	17.1	16.2	12.9	20.3	20.7	11.7	15.3	16.4
25–34 years	%	18.4	20.8	20.4	16.8	27.0	34.7	15.4	17.5	20.3
35–44 years	%	21.3	23.6	21.1	18.4	32.4	37.8	15.1	24.8	22.9
45–54 years	%	26.9	27.6	25.4	22.4	36.7	39.0	17.1	29.6	27.7
55–62 years	%	34.2	34.8	30.9	28.1	40.3	45.6	19.4	32.8	34.6
Total 16–62 years	%	25.8	27.0	24.7	21.6	34.4	38.9	16.5	25.7	26.8
Total										
16–24 years	%	18.7	19.9	19.8	14.9	24.6	27.4	12.8	17.8	19.5
25–34 years	%	20.6	22.3	22.2	17.2	29.5	38.7	16.8	19.5	22.1
35–44 years	%	25.6	26.4	25.4	20.8	38.1	43.6	18.3	27.4	26.8
45–54 years	%	29.7	28.4	28.6	23.6	39.7	42.8	17.4	29.8	30.0
55–62 years	%	35.6	34.8	32.9	28.3	41.3	48.6	17.7	33.1	35.7
Total 16–62 years	%	28.3	28.1	27.5	22.6	37.1	42.9	17.1	27.0	28.9

(a) Total number of DSP recipients includes persons who could not be assigned to a State or Territory. This includes persons who were overseas (short or long term) and others with incomplete/erroneous address details.

(b) Synthetic estimate based on applying age and sex specific disability prevalence rates from the 2003 Survey of Disability Ageing and Carers to 2008 Estimated Resident Population. Australia total excludes Other Territories.

Table NDA.10.1 Proportion of people with disability, aged 16–62 years and living in households, who receive the Disability Support Pension, by sex and age group, State/Territory, 30 June 2008 (a), (b)

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (a)</i>
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Source: ABS (unpublished) Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers, 2003; ABS (unpublished) Estimated Resident Population June 2008; FAHCSIA/Centrelink (unpublished) Administrative data.

Table NDA.10.2

Table NDA.10.2

Proportion of people with disability, aged 16–62 years and living in households, who receive the Disability Support Pension, by country of birth, State/Territory, 30 June 2008 (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (a)</i>
Number of people with a disability who receive DSP										
Australia	'000	161.8	113.7	105.7	38.5	49.0	21.1	5.0	5.7	503.7
Other English speaking countries	'000	11.7	8.4	11.2	7.6	6.6	1.4	0.4	0.3	48.7
All English speaking countries	'000	173.5	122.1	116.9	46.1	55.6	22.5	5.4	6.0	552.4
Non-English speaking countries	'000	38.3	38.8	10.2	7.5	9.1	0.8	1.2	0.4	114.8
Total	'000	211.7	160.8	127.1	53.6	64.7	23.2	6.6	6.4	667.2
Number of persons with a disability										
Australia	'000	497.8	349.3	350.7	144.3	116.0	44.1	25.1	18.9	1546.1
Other English speaking countries	'000	52.4	40.6	49.0	40.8	20.3	4.7	4.0	1.7	213.5
All English speaking countries	'000	550.2	389.9	399.7	185.1	136.3	48.7	29.1	20.6	1759.6
Non-English speaking countries	'000	198.8	182.0	63.0	51.8	37.9	5.4	9.5	3.2	551.7
Total	'000	749.0	572.0	462.7	236.9	174.2	54.1	38.6	23.8	2311.3
Proportion of the population with a disability who receive DSP										
Australia	%	32.5	32.6	30.1	26.7	42.2	47.9	19.8	30.3	32.6
Other English speaking countries	%	22.3	20.6	22.9	18.6	32.7	29.6	10.4	17.1	22.8
All English speaking countries	%	31.5	31.3	29.2	24.9	40.8	46.1	18.5	29.2	31.4
Non-English speaking countries	%	19.3	21.3	16.1	14.4	23.9	14.1	12.6	13.0	20.8
Total	%	28.3	28.1	27.5	22.6	37.1	42.9	17.1	27.0	28.9

(a) Total number of DSP recipients includes persons who could not be assigned to a State or Territory. This includes persons who were overseas (short or long term) and others with incomplete/erroneous address details.

(b) Synthetic estimate based on applying age and sex specific prevalence rates of any disability from the 2003 Survey of Disability Ageing and Carers to 2008 Estimated Resident Population. Australia total excludes Other Territories.

(c) Synthetic estimate based on applying age and sex specific disability prevalence rates from the 2003 Survey of Disability Ageing and Carers to 2008 Estimated Resident Population. Australia total excludes Other Territories.

(d) Other English speaking countries are as stated in the English Proficiency Group Classification (Dept of Immigration and Citizenship) and include Canada, Ireland, New Zealand, South Africa, United Kingdom, United States of America and Zimbabwe.

Table NDA.10.2

Proportion of people with disability, aged 16–62 years and living in households, who receive the Disability Support Pension, by country of birth, State/Territory, 30 June 2008 (a), (b), (c), (d)

Source: ABS (unpublished) Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers, 2003; ABS (unpublished) Estimated Resident Population June 2008; FAHCSIA/Centrelink Administrative data; ABS (unpublished) 2006 Census of Population and Housing.

Table NDA 10.3

Table NDA 10.3 **Proportion of Indigenous people with disability, aged 16–62 years and living in households, who receive the Disability Support Pension, 30 June 2008 (a)**

		<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of Indigenous people with a disability who receive DSP										
Male	'000	5.0	1.0	3.8	2.1	1.0	0.8	0.1	1.1	15.0
Female	'000	4.1	1.0	2.9	1.3	1.0	0.4	0.1	1.0	11.9
Persons	'000	9.1	2.0	6.8	3.4	1.9	1.2	0.2	2.2	26.9
Number of persons with a disability										
Male	'000	20.4	5.2	17.9	8.2	4.2	2.5	0.7	7.4	66.7
Female	'000	22.2	5.5	20.3	9.4	4.7	2.9	0.7	9.6	75.3
Persons	'000	42.6	10.8	38.2	17.7	8.8	5.5	1.4	17.1	142.0
Proportion of the population with a disability who receive DSP										
Male	%	24.7	18.6	21.5	25.6	23.4	30.6	12.9	15.4	22.4
Female	%	18.7	17.4	14.4	14.3	20.0	14.6	16.3	10.7	15.8
Persons	%	21.6	18.0	17.7	19.6	21.6	22.1	14.6	12.7	18.9

(a) Total number of DSP recipients includes persons who could not be assigned to a State or Territory. This includes persons who were overseas (short or long term) and others with incomplete/erroneous address details.

Source: ABS (unpublished) National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey 2008; FAHCSIA/Centrelink (unpublished) Administrative data.

Data Quality Statements

This attachment includes copies of all DQSs as provided by the data providers. The Steering Committee has not made any amendments to the content of these DQSs.

Table 11 lists each performance indicator in the NDA and the page reference for the associated DQS.

Table 11 Data quality statements for performance indicators in the National Disability Agreement^a

<i>Performance indicator</i>		<i>Page no. in this report</i>
1.	Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15-64 years	271
2.	Proportion of people with disability who participate in social and community activities	273
3.	Proportion of the potential population accessing disability services	275, 294
4.	Proportion of people with disability who are satisfied with the range of disability service options and the quality of support received	..
5.	Proportion of potential population expressing unmet demand for disability support services	..
	*Interim indicator: Proportion of the potential population who need more assistance	*279
6.	Number of Indigenous people with disability receiving disability services as a proportion of the Indigenous potential population requiring services	281, 294
7.	Labour force participation rate for carers aged 15 to 64 of people with disability	286
8.	Proportion of carers of people with disability accessing support services to assist in their caring role	288, 294
9.	Proportion of carers of people with disability who are satisfied with the range of disability service options and quality of support received	..
10.	Proportion of people with disability receiving income support	290

^a The performance indicators are presented in this table using the direct wording from the table on pp. 6-7 of the NDA (2009b). This does not necessarily reflect the measures used to report against the indicators in this report. .. Not applicable as data not available for this report. * Interim indicator until indicator 5 can be reported against.

Data Quality Statement – Indicator 1: Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years

Target/Outcome	People with disability achieve economic participation and social inclusion.
Indicator	Labour force participation rate for people with disability aged 15–64 years.
Measure	<u>Numerator:</u> Number of people with a disability aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force (employed or unemployed).
(Benchmark)	<u>Denominator:</u> Total number of persons with a disability aged 15–64 years.
Data source/s	The numerator and denominator for this indicator are drawn from the Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC). Estimates for Indigenous persons are drawn from the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey (NATSISS).
Institutional environment	<p>SDAC and NATSISS are collected, processed, and published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS). The ABS operates within the framework of the Census and Statistics Act 1905 and the Australian Bureau of Statistics Act 1975. These ensure the independence and impartiality of the ABS, and the confidentiality of respondents.</p> <p>For more information on the institutional environment of the ABS, including legislative obligations, financing and governance arrangements, and mechanisms for scrutiny of ABS operations, please see ABS Institutional Environment.</p>
Relevance	<p>The SDAC contains the most comprehensive and accurate measure of disability produced by the ABS, using 75 questions to collect information on any conditions people may have, whether these conditions cause restrictions, and the nature and severity of any restrictions.</p> <p>The NATSISS uses the Short Disability Module, a 10 question subset of SDAC questions developed to be incorporated in population surveys where it was not feasible to include the full question set used in the SDAC. This short module collects a broad measure of disability, a measure of severity in core activity areas (self care, mobility or communication) and data on education and employment restrictions.</p> <p>Labour force participation data is collected in the SDAC and NATSISS using the ABS standard 'minimum set' of questions to produce estimates of the current economically active population. Aggregates produced from these questions are designed to be consistent with international concepts of employment and unemployment.</p> <p>Please note that the labour force participation rate of Indigenous persons with a disability cannot be compared to the rate of the total population with a disability due to the differences in the disability population identified by the SDAC and by the Short Disability Module used in NATSISS. The short module identifies a much larger disability population than the SDAC, due to the inclusion of some people with non-restrictive long-term health conditions. The difference in the total disability populations identified is so marked that the variable is not currently considered comparable.</p>
Timeliness	<p>The SDAC is conducted every six years over a 12 month period. Results from the 2003 survey were released in September 2004. Data from the current iteration of the SDAC is expected to become available in late 2010.</p> <p>The NATSISS is conducted every six years. The 2008 survey was conducted from August 2008 to April 2009, with results released in October 2009.</p>
Accuracy	<p>The 2003 SDAC response rate for private dwellings was 89.8 per cent, and for establishments was 91 per cent. SDAC data are weighted to account for non-response.</p> <p>The SDAC is conducted in all States and Territories including people in</p>

both private and non-private dwellings (including cared-accommodation establishments) but excluding those in gaols and correctional institutions and very remote areas. The exclusion of persons usually resident in very remote areas has a small impact on estimates, except for the Northern Territory, where such persons make up a relatively large proportion of the population. As a consequence of this exclusion, comparisons between Indigenous and non-Indigenous people in remote areas would not be available even if the same disability module was used in each survey. For more information on SDAC scope and coverage, see the [Disability, Ageing and Carers User Guide](#) on the ABS website.

The NATSISS is conducted in all states and territories and includes remote and non-remote areas. The 2008 sample was 13 300 persons/6900 households, with a response rate of 82 per cent of households.

There was a relatively large level of undercoverage in the 2008 NATSISS compared with other ABS surveys, therefore the analysis undertaken to ensure that results from the survey were consistent with other data sources was more extensive than usual. Potential bias due to undercoverage was addressed by adjustments to the initial weights and an adjustment to geographical areas based on the density of the Indigenous population. As undercoverage can result in variances across population characteristics, as well as across data items, caution should be exercised when interpreting the survey results. For more information, see the 2008 NATSISS Quality Declaration.

Being drawn from sample surveys, data for this indicator is subject to sampling error. Sampling error occurs because a proportion of the population is used to produce estimates that represent the whole population. Sampling error can be reliably estimated as it is calculated based on the statistical methods used to design surveys.

This indicator has acceptable levels of sampling error (relative standard errors less than 25 per cent) for the larger States for all tables, however data for Tasmania, ACT and NT have some RSEs between 25 per cent and 50 per cent, and should be used with caution. Estimates with RSEs greater than 50 per cent are found for NT and ACT in tables NDA.1.6, NDA.1.10 and NDA.1.12. Data with these RSEs are not considered reliable enough for general use.

Coherence

The SDAC and NATSISS collect a range of demographic, financial and other information that can be analysed in conjunction with the disability status and labour force participation rate of respondents.

The SDAC and NATSISS can be used to assess changes in disability status over time for the total and Indigenous populations, respectively. Due to the different modules used to collect disability status, however, these surveys cannot be used to compare disability rates in the total population with those in the Indigenous population.

The labour force information collected in SDAC is designed to be comparable with data collected in the monthly Labour Force Survey and other surveys.

Interpretability

Information to aid interpretation of the data is available in the [Disability, Ageing and Carers User Guide](#) (cat. no. 4431.0.55.001), and [Explanatory Notes in National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey, 2008](#) (cat. no. 4714.0) on the ABS website. The 2008 NATSISS Users' Guide (cat. no. 4720.0) is due for release in 2010.

Accessibility

See [Disability, Ageing and Carers, Australia: Summary of Findings, 2003](#) (cat. no.4430.0) for an overview of results from the SDAC. See [National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey, 2008](#) (cat. no. 4714.0) for an overview of results from the NATSISS. Other information from the surveys is available on request.

Data Quality Statement – Indicator 2: Proportion of people with disability who participate in social and community activities

Target/ Outcome	People with disability achieve economic participation and social inclusion.
Indicator	Social and Community participation of people with a disability.
Measure (Benchmark)	<p><u>Numerator:</u> Number of people with a disability aged 5–64 years who participated in social activities at home or away from home in the last three months, or travelled to a social activity in the last two weeks.</p> <p><u>Denominator:</u> Total number of persons with a disability aged 5–64 years.</p>
Data source/s	<p>The numerator and denominator for this indicator are drawn from the Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC).</p> <p>Estimates for Indigenous persons are drawn from the 2008 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey (NATSISS).</p>
Institutional environment	SDAC and NATSISS data are collected, processed, and published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS). The ABS operates within the framework of the Census and Statistics Act 1905 and the Australian Bureau of Statistics Act 1975. These ensure the independence and impartiality of the ABS, and the confidentiality of respondents. For more information on the institutional environment of the ABS, including legislative obligations, financing and governance arrangements, and mechanisms for scrutiny of ABS operations, please see ABS Institutional Environment .
Relevance	<p>The SDAC contains the most comprehensive and accurate measure of disability produced by the ABS, using 75 questions to collect information on any conditions people may have, whether these conditions cause restrictions, and the nature and severity of any restrictions.</p> <p>The NATSISS uses the Short Disability Module, a 10 question subset of SDAC questions developed to be incorporated in population surveys where it was not feasible to include the full question set used in the SDAC. This short module collects a broad measure of disability, a measure of severity in core activity areas (self care, mobility or communication) and data on education and employment restrictions.</p> <p>A range of social and community participation data are collected in the SDAC from persons aged 5 years and over with a disability. These include visits to and from family and friends and telephone calls to family and friends, as well as cultural, sporting, art, voluntary work and church activities. Persons who reported one or more instances of social or community participation in the specified timeframes are included in this indicator.</p> <p>The NATSISS asks persons aged 15 years and over whether they participated in sports/social/community activities in the last three months, and provides a list of activities to select. This differs conceptually from the SDAC group of items by excluding visits to and from family and friends and telephone calls to family and friends; and including sports coaching or umpiring and activities relevant to indigenous communities such as sorry business and native title meetings.</p> <p>Please note that the social and community participation rate of Indigenous persons with a disability cannot be compared to the rate of the total population with a disability due to the differences in the disability population identified by the SDAC and by the Short Disability Module used in NATSISS. The short module identifies a much larger disability population than the SDAC, due to the inclusion of some people with non-restrictive long-term health conditions. The difference in the total disability populations identified is so marked that the variable is not currently considered comparable.</p>
Timeliness	The SDAC is conducted every six years over a 12 month period. Results

Accuracy

from the 2003 survey were released in September 2004. Data from the current iteration of the SDAC is expected to become available in late 2010.

The NATSISS is conducted every six years. The 2008 survey was conducted from Aug 2008 to April 2009, with results released in Oct 2009.

The 2003 SDAC response rate for private dwellings was 89.8 per cent, and for establishments was 91 per cent. SDAC data are weighted to account for non-response.

The SDAC is conducted in all States and Territories including people in both private and non-private dwellings (including cared-accommodation establishments) but excluding those in gaols and correctional institutions and very remote areas. The exclusion of persons usually resident in very remote areas has a small impact on estimates, except for the Northern Territory, where such persons make up a relatively large proportion of the population. As a consequence of this exclusion, comparisons between Indigenous and non-Indigenous people in remote areas would not be available even if the same disability module was used in each survey. For more information on SDAC scope and coverage, see the [Disability, Ageing and Carers User Guide](#) on the ABS website.

The NATSISS is conducted in all States and Territories and includes remote and non-remote areas. The 2008 sample was 13 300 persons/6900 households, with a response rate of 82 per cent of households.

There was a relatively large level of undercoverage in the 2008 NATSISS compared with other ABS surveys, therefore the analysis undertaken to ensure that results from the survey were consistent with other data sources was more extensive than usual. Potential bias due to undercoverage was addressed by adjustments to the initial weights and an adjustment to geographical areas based on the density of the Indigenous population. As undercoverage can result in variances across population characteristics, as well as across data items, caution should be exercised when interpreting the survey results. For more information, see the 2008 NATSISS Quality Dec.

Being drawn from sample surveys, data for this indicator is subject to sampling error. Sampling error occurs because a proportion of the population is used to produce estimates that represent the whole population. Sampling error can be reliably estimated as it is calculated based on the statistical methods used to design surveys.

This indicator has acceptable levels of sampling error (relative standard errors less than 25 per cent) for most tables. RSEs increase for tables with a greater level of disaggregation, therefore the tables that are split by labour force status and state; age, sex and state; and disability status and state (tables NDA.2.14, NDA.2.24, NDA.2.26 and NDA.2.36) show some RSEs between 25 per cent and 50 per cent for Tasmania, ACT and NT. Data with these RSEs should be used with caution.

Coherence

The SDAC and NATSISS collect a range of demographic, financial and other information that can be analysed in conjunction with the labour force participation rate of carers of persons with a disability.

Interpretability

Information is available to aid interpretation of SDAC data — see the [Disability, Ageing and Carers User Guide](#), on the ABS website. The User Guide for the NATSISS will be available in 2010.

Accessibility

See [Disability, Ageing and Carers, Australia: Summary of Findings, 2003](#) (cat. no.4430.0) for an overview of results from the SDAC. See [National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey, 2008](#) (cat. no. 4714.0) for an overview of results from the NATSISS. Other information from the surveys is available on request.

Data Quality Statement – Indicator 3: Proportion of the potential population accessing disability services

Target/Outcome	People with disability enjoy choice, wellbeing and the opportunity to live as independently as possible
Indicator	Proportion of the potential population accessing disability services
Key data quality points	<p>1. CSTDA NMDS data are generated by processes that deliver services to people. It is assumed that these processes involve the assessment of disability support needs following broadly consistent principles and practices across jurisdictions. However, this assumption is untested.</p> <p>2. Data measuring the potential population is not explicitly available for the required time point and so has been estimated from several difference sources under several key assumptions. The assumption of constant age-sex specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation over time is not contradicted by historical SDAC data up to 2003. Data are not available to test whether rates have been stable since 2003 but no research has shown a change to the relative stability of age-sex specific disability prevalence. A further assumption that national level age-sex specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation from the 2003 SDAC apply consistently across states/territories is untested.</p> <p>3. There are issues with the consistency of the numerator and denominator for this performance indicator, as the numerator and denominator are drawn from differently defined populations and different data sources.</p>
Measure (computation)	<p>1. Numerator: Number of users of specialist disability services aged 0–64 years in the reporting period.</p> <p>2. Denominator: Estimated potential population for specialist disability services on 30 June at start of reporting period.</p> <p>Although the definition of potential population is under review by the National Disability Data Network, the National Disability Information Management Group (NDIMG) agreed to adopt the conventional definition until the review completes. That is, the potential population is defined as people aged under 65 years with profound or severe core activity limitation. Potential population for 2007-08 is calculated by applying age-sex-specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation (from the Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC) 2003) to the 30 June 2007 Estimated Residential Population (ERP) by state/territory by age group by sex. No Indigenous weight or scaling factor is used. National level age-sex rates from SDAC 2003, rather than state/territory-age-sex rates are used due to the high sampling errors associated with some of the state/territory-age-sex rate estimates. Estimates of potential population by country of birth and Remoteness Area are calculated by applying the Census 06 distributions of country of birth and Remoteness Area for people who need assistance with core activities by state/territory by age group by sex to the state/territory by age group by sex potential population estimates.</p> <p>3. Percentage: $R/N \times 100$ where R = number of service users aged 0–64 years in the CSTDA NMDS during the reporting period and N = estimated potential population on 30 June at the start of the reporting period.</p> <p>Performance indicators for disability services provided by the Australian Government (disability employment services only) are restricted to the age range 15–64 years.</p>
Data Source/s	<p>Numerator: CSTDA NMDS. For general issues relating to the CSTDA NMDS, refer to the CSTDA NMDS Data Quality Statement.</p> <p>Denominator: AIHW calculation of potential population from SDAC, Census and ERP (see ABS data quality statements).</p>

Institutional Environment

The AIHW is an Australian Government statutory authority accountable to Parliament and operates under the provisions of the *Australian Institute of Health and Welfare Act 1987*. The AIHW provides expert analysis of data on health, housing and community services. More information about the AIHW is available on the [AIHW website](#).

For general issues relating to the CSTDA NMDS, refer to the CSTDA NMDS Data Quality Statement.

For information on the institutional environment of the ABS, including the legislative obligations of the ABS, please see [ABS Institutional Environment](#).

Relevance

Data from several different sources, each referencing different time periods, are used to produce performance indicator (3). Data used are from the CSTDA NMDS 2007-08, SDAC 2003, ERP June 2007, and Census 2006. This may reduce the overall accuracy of the estimates. In particular,

Data from the CSTDA NMDS 2007-08, ERP June 2007 and Census 2006 cover all geographical areas of Australia, whereas the SDAC 2003 does not cover very remote areas nor Indigenous communities.

The use of SDAC 2003 age-sex specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation to calculate 2007 estimates of potential population assumes these rates to be consistent over time. The assumption of constant age-sex specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation over time is not contradicted by historical SDAC data up to 2003. Data are not available to test whether rates have been stable since 2003 but no research has shown a change to the relative stability of age-sex specific disability prevalence.

The use of national level SDAC 2003 age-sex specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation assumes these rates to be consistent across states/territories. This assumption is untested.

Information from Census 2006 about people with need for assistance with core activities is based on the self enumerated completion of four questions, whereas people are defined as having a severe/profound core activity limitation in SDAC 2003 on the basis of a comprehensive interviewer administered module of questions, and thus the two populations are different although they are conceptually related.

The use of Census 2006 data about country of birth and Remoteness Area distributions for people with need for assistance with core activities assumes these distributions to be consistent over time. This assumption is untested.

CSTDA NMDS data are generated by processes that deliver services to people. It is assumed that these processes involve the determination of eligibility and the assessment of disability support needs following broadly consistent principles across jurisdictions. However, this assumption is untested.

The scope of services funded under the CSTDA varied across jurisdictions. Users of specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia are included in the NDA performance indicators. There were 10 671 people aged 0-64 years in Victoria who used only specialist psychiatric disability services in 2007-08, 675 in Queensland and 112 in Western Australia. Other states and territories did not fund specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA.

Timeliness

CSTDA NMDS 2007-08

ABS SDAC 2003; Census 2006; Estimated Resident Population at 30 June 2007

Accuracy

Potential sources of error in the CSTDA NMDS are data items for which the response is not stated or not collected. If the characteristics of the people

for whom the information is not available are different for those people for whom information is reported, there is potential for bias to be introduced into the data. Not stated/not collected rates vary substantially across jurisdictions and data items. The data item need for assistance has a particularly high not stated/not collected rate of 20.5 per cent overall, ranging from 5.3 per cent for Tasmania to 37.3 per cent for Victoria.

For general issues relating to the CSTDA NMDS, refer to the CSTDA NMDS Data Quality Statement.

Being a sample survey, estimates from the SDAC 2003 are subject to sampling variability. A measure of the sampling variability, the relative standard error (RSE) percent is estimated below for the age-sex specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation.

Estimated RSE for age-sex rates of severe/profound core activity limitation at national level (percent)

Age group (years)	Male	Female
0-4	13.5	22.3
5-14	9.8	12.3
15-24	15.7	15.9
25-34	14.6	12.0
35-44	11.8	11.4
45-54	9.8	9.2
55-64	9.6	7.3

Source: AIHW analysis of SDAC 2003 CURF.

Potential sources of error in Census data include failure to return a Census form or failure to answer applicable questions. Data distributions calculated from Census 2006 data excluded people for whom data item information was not available. Should the characteristics of interest of the people excluded differ from those people included, there is potential for bias to be introduced into the data distributions. Quality statements about Census 2006 data items can be found on the [ABS website](#).

See also ABS data quality statements.

Coherence

For general issues relating to the CSTDA NMDS, refer to the CSTDA NMDS Data Quality Statement.

There are issues with the consistency of the numerator and denominator for this performance indicator, as the numerator and denominator are drawn from differently defined populations and different data sources. These issues reduce the consistency of the performance indicators and lead to quality issues such as cells greater than 100 per cent.

While the numerator is taken from the CSTDA NMDS, the denominator is an estimate derived from SDAC, ERP and Census data. In the denominator, 'estimated potential population for specialist disability services' is defined as the estimated population with severe or profound core activity limitation. However, this does not match well with the numerator, which consists of people who used specialist disability services. People who used these services do not necessarily have a severe or profound core activity limitation (mobility, communication, or self-care). They may instead have a mild/moderate core activity limitation or limitations in other activities — for example, with working or education. This mismatch is more evident in certain types of services, such as open employment services, which are not necessarily tailored towards people with a severe or profound core activity limitation. The definition of potential population for specialist disability services is currently under review.

Accessibility

For the calculation of potential population for the denominator, the method used to calculate the country of birth and remoteness disaggregations is the same as that adopted by the Disability Services Working Group for calculation of special needs group indicators in the Report on Government Services 2010.

The AIHW provides a variety of products that draw upon the CSTDA NMDS. Published products available on the AIHW website are:

- Disability support services (annual report)
- Interactive disability data cubes
- Ad hoc data are available on request (charges apply to recover costs)
- METeOR – online metadata repository
- National Community Services Data Dictionary.

The ABS website provides information and data on the ERP, Census Need for Assistance and SDAC profound/ severe core-activity limitation. Detailed data extractions are available through the National Information Referral Service (cost-recovery applies).

Interpretability

Information to assist in interpretation of the performance indicator is contained in the NDA performance indicator glossary, which accompanies these Data Quality Statements.

Supporting information on the quality and use of the CSTDA NMDS are published annually in 'Disability support services' available in hard copy or on the AIHW website (<www.aihw.gov.au>).

Data Quality Statement – Interim Indicator 5: Proportion of potential population expressing unmet demand for disability support services

Target/Outcome	People with disability enjoy choice, wellbeing and the opportunity to live as independently as possible
Indicator	(interim) Proportion of potential population who need more assistance.
Key data quality points	<p>1. As this indicator is sourced from a sample survey, it is recommended that these data be viewed in conjunction with information about sampling variability. In particular, estimates disaggregated at state by age group level have high sampling variability and should be used with caution.</p> <p>2. National data on unmet demand for disability support services are not currently available. The interim indicator uses data about total unmet need (unmet need for formal services or informal assistance) as a proxy measure of unmet demand (expressed need that is not met) for formal services. The relationship between unmet demand and unmet need has not been investigated and it is not known how well the interim indicator approximates unmet demand for disability services, other than it is likely to be an overestimate.</p> <p>3. People residing in cared accommodation are excluded from this indicator.</p>
Measure (computation)	<p>1. Numerator: (interim) Number of people aged 0–64 years in potential population who need more assistance than they are currently receiving (excluding assistance with health care).</p> <p>In SDAC, need for assistance is collected for ten activity areas. This indicator is the aggregation of need for assistance across nine activity areas: cognition or emotion, communication, housework, meal preparation, mobility, paperwork, property maintenance, self care and transport. Health care is excluded from this indicator.</p> <p>2. Denominator: (interim) Number of people aged 0–64 years in potential population.</p> <p>Although the definition of potential population is under review by the National Disability Data Network, the National Disability Information Management Group (NDIMG) agreed to adopt the conventional definition until the review completes. That is, the potential population is defined as people aged under 65 years with profound or severe core activity limitation.</p> <p>3. Percentage: $R/N \times 100$ where R = (interim) number of people in the potential population who need more assistance than they are currently receiving (excluding assistance with health care) and N = estimated potential population.</p>
Data Source/s	<p>Numerator and denominator: Australian Bureau of Statistics Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC).</p> <p>Percentage: AIHW calculation from SDAC data.</p>
Institutional Environment	<p>The AIHW is an Australian Government statutory authority accountable to Parliament and operates under the provisions of the <i>Australian Institute of Health and Welfare Act 1987</i>. The AIHW provides expert analysis of data on health, housing and community services. More information about the AIHW is available on the AIHW website.</p> <p>For information on the institutional environment of the ABS, including the legislative obligations of the ABS, please see ABS Institutional Environment.</p> <p>For general issues relating to the SDAC, refer to the SDAC Data Quality Statement.</p>
Relevance	Demand (expressed need) is a subset of total need. This interim indicator is a measure of unmet need, which is a broader measure than unmet

	<p>demand.</p> <p>While information about need for more assistance is available from SDAC 2003, it is not possible to separate this into need for formal or informal assistance. The interim measure includes need for both formal and informal assistance.</p> <p>Although SDAC includes people residing in cared accommodation, information about need for more assistance is not collected for these people. People residing in cared accommodation are therefore excluded from this indicator.</p> <p>The 2009 SDAC contains new questions on the need for more formal assistance. Indicator 5 measure 3 will be further developed when SDAC 2009 data are available.</p>
Timeliness	<p>Data from SDAC 2003 was collected from June to November 2003. The confidentialised unit record file (CURF) was first released in December 2004, then reissued in July 2005.</p> <p>Measures of unmet need for assistance in 2003 might not reflect current levels.</p> <p>Data for SDAC 2009 is being collected from April to December 2009 and results are expected to be released in late 2010.</p> <p>For general issues relating to the SDAC, refer to the SDAC Data Quality Statement.</p>
Accuracy	<p>The SDAC 2003 had a response rate of 89.3 per cent. Non-response can introduce a bias to estimates in that non-respondents may have different characteristics from those people who responded to the survey. Effects were made to reduce the level of non-response bias through careful survey design and estimation procedures.</p> <p>Being a sample survey, estimates from the SDAC 2003 are subject to sampling variability. Measures of the sampling variability, the relative standard error (RSE) percent, are supplied separately for this performance indicator. Only estimates with RSEs of 25 per cent or less are considered sufficiently reliable for most purposes. Estimates with RSEs between 25 per cent and 50 per cent are subject to high sampling variability and should be used with caution. Estimates with RSEs greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use. In particular, the estimates disaggregated at the state by age group level have high sampling variability and should be used with caution.</p> <p>For general issues relating to the SDAC, refer to the SDAC Data Quality Statement.</p>
Coherence	<p>For general issues relating to the SDAC, refer to the SDAC Data Quality Statement.</p>
Accessibility	<p>Performance indicator 5—interim was produced from the ABS SDAC 2003 main unit record file, and therefore the results are not able to be reproduced from the SDAC 2003 confidentialised unit record file.</p>
Interpretability	<p>Information to assist in interpretation of the performance indicator is contained in the NDA performance indicator glossary, which accompanies these Data Quality Statements.</p> <p>Notes under 'relevance' should be taken into account when interpreting this indicator.</p> <p>See also SDAC Data Quality Statement.</p>

Data Quality Statement – Indicator 6: Number of Indigenous people with disability receiving disability services as a proportion of the Indigenous potential population requiring services

Target/Outcome	People with disability enjoy choice, wellbeing and the opportunity to live as independently as possible
Indicator	Use of specialist disability services by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people
Key data quality points	<p>1. The quality of data about Indigeneity varies substantially between jurisdictions and data sources. Caution should be exercised when interpreting these data. It is recommended that these data be viewed in close conjunction with information about the data quality.</p> <p>2. CSTDA NMDS data area generated by processes that deliver services to people. It is assumed that these processes involve the assessment of disability support needs following broadly consistent principles and practices across jurisdictions. However, this assumption is untested.</p> <p>3. Data measuring the Indigenous potential population is not explicitly available for the required time point and so has been estimated from several different data sources under several key assumptions. Previous research has confirmed that Indigenous Australians experience severe or profound core activity limitation at more than twice the rate as non-Indigenous Australians but relative rates by age group and sex, across states and territories and remoteness areas, have not been fully investigated. In particular, caution should be exercised in comparing indicators for jurisdictions with very different remoteness area distributions of Indigenous population.</p> <p>4. The use of 2006 Census data to adjust underlying age-sex specific rates of severe or profound core activity limitation to account for the higher level of disability among Indigenous Australians involves mixing self-report data from a relatively simple instrument for measuring need for assistance with sample survey data collected by trained interviewers using a comprehensive survey instrument. The cultural appropriateness for Indigenous people of data collection instruments designed for the total population is not known; nor is it known how this, combined with different data collection methods, impacts on the accuracy of the estimated Indigenous potential population used in this indicator.</p> <p>5. There are issues with the consistency of the numerator and denominator for this performance indicator, as the numerator and denominator are drawn from differently defined populations and different data sources.</p>
Measure (computation)	<p>1. Numerator: Number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people aged 0–64 years who used specialist disability services in the reporting period.</p> <p>2. Denominator: Estimated Indigenous potential population for disability services aged 0–64 years on 30 June at start of reporting period.</p> <p>Although the definition of potential population is under review by the National Disability Data Network, the National Disability Information Management Group (NDIMG) agreed to adopt the conventional definition until the review completes. That is, the potential population is defined as people aged under 65 years with profound or severe core activity limitation.</p> <p>The method used to calculate the Indigenous potential population will be the same as that adopted by the Disability Services Working Group for calculation of special needs group indicators for the Report on Government Services 2010. The Indigenous potential population is</p>

calculated by applying adjusted age-sex specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation (from the Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC) 2003) to the 30 June 2007 Indigenous Projected Population by state/territory by age group by sex. Research indicates that the age-sex specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation are significantly different for Indigenous people as compared to non-Indigenous people, hence an adjustment to account for these differences must be applied to national level all person age-sex specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation. National level age-sex rates from SDAC 2003, rather than state-territory-age-sex rates are used due to the high sampling errors associated with some of the state-territory-age-sex rate estimates. The National level age-sex rates from SDAC 2003 are adjusted by the rate ratio of the Indigenous state/territory-age-sex rate of need for assistance with core activities to the all persons state/territory-age-sex rate of need for assistance with core activities, as calculated from Census 2006 data. Estimates of Indigenous potential population by Remoteness Area are calculated by applying the Census 06 distributions of Remoteness Area for people who need assistance with core activities by state/territory by age group by sex to the state/territory by age group by sex Indigenous potential population estimates.

3. Percentage: $R/N \times 100$ where R = number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people aged 0–64 years who used specialist disability services in the reporting period and N = estimated Indigenous potential population aged 0–64 years on 30 June at start of reporting period.

Performance Indicators reporting on disability services funded by the Australian Government (employment services only) are restricted to the age range 15–64 years and not stated age.

Data Source/s

Numerator: CSTDA NMDS. For general issues relating to the CSTDA NMDS, refer to the CSTDA NMDS Data Quality Statement.

Denominator: AIHW calculation of Indigenous potential population from SDAC, Census and Indigenous Projected Population.

Institutional Environment

The AIHW is an Australian Government statutory authority accountable to Parliament and operates under the provisions of the *Australian Institute of Health and Welfare Act 1987*. The AIHW provides expert analysis of data on health, housing and community services. More information about the AIHW is available on the [AIHW website](#).

For general issues relating to the CSTDA NMDS, refer to the CSTDA NMDS Data Quality Statement.

For information on the institutional environment of the ABS, including the legislative obligations of the ABS, please see [ABS Institutional Environment](#).

Relevance

Data from several different sources, each referencing different time periods, are used to produce performance indicator (f). Data used are from the CSTDA NMDS 2007-08, SDAC 2003, Indigenous Projected Population June 2007, and Census 2006. This may reduce the overall quality of the estimates. Some particular issues are listed in the Relevance section of the Data Quality Statement for performance indicator (c). Additionally,

- Indigeneity was not collected in the SDAC 2003, so a rate ratio adjustment, calculated from information from the Census, is made to the national all person age-sex specific severe/profound core activity limitation rates, as detailed in the Measure section. The use of these adjustments assumes consistency between the rate ratio as calculated from Census information, and the corresponding information if it were collected from the SDAC 2003. Two particular points of note with regards to this assumption are:
 - Information from Census 2006 about people with need for

assistance with core activities is based on the self enumeration (interview in Indigenous communities) of four questions, whereas people are defined as having a severe/profound core activity limitation in SDAC 2003 on the basis of a comprehensive interviewer administered module of questions, and thus the two populations are different, although they are conceptually related.

- ABS research indicates that the Indigenous identification rate differs between the Census and interviewer administered surveys.
- The cultural appropriateness for Indigenous people, of data collection instruments designed for the total population is not known; nor is it known how this, combined with different data collection methods, impacts on the accuracy of the estimated Indigenous potential population used in this indicator.

CSTDA NMDS data are generated by processes that deliver services to people. It is assumed that these processes involve the determination of eligibility and the assessment of disability support needs following broadly consistent principles across jurisdictions. However, this assumption is untested.

The scope of services funded under the CSTDA varied across jurisdictions. Users of specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia are included in the NDA performance indicators. There were 558 Indigenous people aged 0–64 years in Victoria who used only specialist psychiatric disability services in 2007–08, 27 in Queensland and 6 in Western Australia. Other states and territories did not fund specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA.

Timeliness

CSTDA NMDS 2007-08

ABS SDAC 2003; Census 2006; Indigenous projected population at 30 June 2007 (projected population is based on data from the 2006 Census)

Accuracy

A potential source of error in the CSTDA NMDS is people for whom Indigenous status is not stated or not collected. The not stated/not collected rate varies across jurisdictions from a low rate of 0.1 per cent for Australian Government agencies, to a high rate of 12.8 per cent for Victorian agencies; the overall rate being 5.2 per cent. See the accompanying appendix for further details. Not stated or not collected Indigenous status may introduce bias into the results affecting both the accuracy of estimates and the comparability of estimates across jurisdictions. In addition, a coding audit of the Indigenous status data item has not been undertaken, thus the accuracy of the rate of Indigenous identification in the NMDS is not known.

For general issues relating to the CSTDA NMDS, refer to the CSTDA NMDS Data Quality Statement.

Being a sample survey, estimates from the SDAC 2003 are subject to sampling variability. A measure of the sampling variability, the relative standard error (RSE) percent was estimated for the age-sex specific rates of severe/profound core activity limitation and can be found in the Accuracy section of the Data Quality Statement for Indicator (3).

The cultural appropriateness for Indigenous people of data collection instruments designed for the total population is not known. Poor cultural sensitivity of data collection instruments is a potential source of non-sampling error which affects the accuracy of Indigenous potential population estimates. The size of this error, if present, cannot be measured.

Potential sources of error in Census include failure to return a Census form or failure to answer every applicable question. Information calculated from Census 2006 data excludes people for whom data item information was not available. Should the characteristics of interest of the people

excluded differ from those people included, there is potential for bias to be introduced. In particular for Indigenous estimates, undercounting of Indigenous Australians may introduce bias into the results which would affect the comparability of estimates across jurisdictions. The net Census undercount for all Indigenous Australians was estimated at 11.5 per cent, calculated as the difference between the Census count and estimated Indigenous population on Census night. Estimates of the Indigenous net undercount for all jurisdictions are included below.

Estimated Indigenous net Census undercount

Jurisdiction	Undercount rate %
NSW	8.6
Vic.	9.4
Qld	11.6
WA	16.6
SA	8.6
Tas.	8.8
ACT	8.8
NT	16.0

Source: ABS Cat no. 3238.0.55.001

Quality statements about Census 2006 data items can be found on the [ABS website](#).

For general issues relating to the SDAC, Census and Indigenous Projected Population, refer to ABS data quality statements.

For general issues relating to the CSTDA NMDS, refer to the CSTDA NMDS Data Quality Statement.

There are issues with the consistency of the numerator and denominator for this performance indicator, as the numerator and denominator are drawn from differently defined populations and different data sources. These issues reduce the consistency of the performance indicators and lead to quality issues such as cells greater than 100 per cent. For example, the proportion of the 15–24 year old Victorian Indigenous potential population accessing disability services is reported to be 154.6 per cent. A combination of data quality issues, as discussed in this and previous sections, has led to this impossible figure.

While the numerator is taken from the CSTDA NMDS, the denominator is an estimate derived from SDAC, Indigenous Projected Population and Census data. In the denominator, 'estimated potential population for specialist disability services' is defined as the estimated population with severe or profound core activity limitation. However, this does not match well with the numerator, which consists of people who used specialist disability services. People who used these services do not necessarily have a severe or profound core activity limitation (mobility, communication, or self-care). They may instead have a mild/moderate core activity limitation or limitations in other activities — for example, with working or education. This mismatch is more evident in certain types of services, such as open employment services, which are not necessarily tailored towards people with a severe or profound core activity limitation. The definition of potential population for specialist disability services is currently under review.

The method used to calculate the Indigenous potential population estimates will be the same as that adopted by the Disability Services Working Group for calculation of special needs group indicators for the

Coherence

	<p><i>Report on Government Services 2010.</i></p> <p>For general issues relating to the SDAC, Census and Indigenous Projected Population, refer to ABS data quality statements.</p>
Accessibility	<p>The AIHW provides a variety of products that draw upon the CSTDA NMDS. Published products available on the AIHW website are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Disability support services (annual report) – Interactive disability data cubes – Ad hoc data are available on request (charges apply to recover costs) – METeOR – online metadata repository – National Community Services Data Dictionary. <p>The ABS website provides information and data on the ERP and the Indigenous Project Population, Census Need for Assistance and SDAC profound/ severe core-activity limitation. Detailed data extractions are available through the National Information Referral Service (cost-recovery applies).</p>
Interpretability	<p>Information to assist in interpretation of the performance indicator is contained in the NDA performance indicator glossary, which accompanies these Data Quality Statements.</p> <p>Supporting information on the quality and use of the CSTDA NMDS are published annually in 'Disability support services' available in hard copy or on the AIHW website (<www.aihw.gov.au>).</p>

Data Quality Statement – Indicator 7: Labour force participation rate for carers aged 15–64 of people with disability

Target/outcome	Families and carers are well supported.
Indicator	Proportion of carers of people with a disability who are in the labour force.
Measure	<u>Numerator:</u> Number of carers (of people with a disability) aged 15–64 years who are in the labour force.
(Benchmark)	<u>Denominator:</u> Total number of carers (of people with a disability) aged 15–64 years.
Data source/s	The numerator and denominator for this indicator are drawn from the Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC).
Institutional environment	<p>SDAC is collected, processed, and published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS). The ABS operates within the framework of the Census and Statistics Act 1905 and the Australian Bureau of Statistics Act 1975. These ensure the independence and impartiality of the ABS, and the confidentiality of respondents.</p> <p>For more information on the institutional environment of the ABS, including legislative obligations, financing and governance arrangements, and mechanisms for scrutiny of ABS operations, please see ABS Institutional Environment.</p>
Relevance	<p>The SDAC collects information about primary carers and non-primary carers of people with disabilities.</p> <p>A primary carer is a person who provides the most informal assistance, in terms of help or supervision, to a person with one or more disabilities. The assistance has to be ongoing, or likely to be ongoing, for at least six months and be provided for one or more of the core activities (communication, mobility and self care). In this survey, primary carers only include persons aged 15 years and over for whom a personal interview was conducted. Tables for this indicator are presented for primary, non-primary and all carers.</p> <p>Labour force participation data is collected in the SDAC using the ABS standard 'minimum set' of questions to produce estimates of the current economically active population. Aggregates produced from these questions are designed to be consistent with international concepts of employment and unemployment.</p>
Timeliness	The SDAC is currently conducted every six years. Results from the 2003 survey were released in September 2004.
Accuracy	<p>The 2003 SDAC response rate for private dwellings was 89.8 per cent, and for establishments was 91 per cent. SDAC data are weighted to account for non-response.</p> <p>The SDAC is conducted in all States and Territories including people in both private and non-private dwellings (including cared-accommodation establishments) but excluding those in gaols and correctional institutions and very remote areas. The exclusion of persons usually resident in very remote areas has a small impact on estimates, except for the Northern Territory, where such persons make up a relatively large proportion of the population. For more information on SDAC scope and coverage, see the Disability, Ageing and Carers User Guide on the ABS website.</p> <p>Being drawn from sample surveys, data for this indicator is subject to sampling error. Sampling error occurs because a proportion of the population is used to produce estimates that represent the whole population. Sampling error can be reliably estimated as it is calculated based on the statistical methods used to design surveys.</p> <p>This indicator has acceptable levels of sampling error (relative standard</p>

	<p>errors less than 25 per cent) for the larger states for most tables, however data for WA and SA in some tables and Tasmania, ACT and NT in most tables have some RSEs between 25 per cent and 50 per cent, and should be used with caution. Estimates with RSEs greater than 50 per cent are found for NT in tables NDA.7.2, NDA.7.4, NDA.7.6, NDA.7.8, NDA.7.16, and NDA.7.26. Data with these RSEs are not considered reliable enough for general use.</p> <p>Separate data on labour force participation rate for primary and non-primary carers of people with a disability, by age, sex and State/Territory was not able to be provided for confidentiality reasons. Data for all carers by age, sex and State/Territory are available in table NDA.7.25.</p>
Coherence	<p>The SDAC collects a range of demographic, financial and other information that can be analysed in conjunction with the labour force participation rate of carers of persons with a disability.</p> <p>The labour force information collected in SDAC is designed to be comparable with data collected in the monthly Labour Force Survey and other surveys.</p>
Interpretability	<p>Information is available to aid interpretation of SDAC data - see the Disability, Ageing and Carers User Guide, on the ABS website.</p>
Accessibility	<p>See Disability, Ageing and Carers, Australia: Summary of Findings, 2003 (cat. no. 4430.0) for an overview of results from the SDAC. Other information from the survey is available on request.</p>

Data Quality Statement – Interim Indicator 8: Proportion of carers of people with disability accessing support services to assist in their caring role

Target/Outcome Indicator	Families and carers are well supported. Support services for carers.
Key data quality points	<p>1. The quality of data about carers varies substantially between jurisdictions; caution should be exercised when interpreting these data. It is recommended that the data be viewed in close conjunction with data quality information, particularly response rates.</p> <p>2. CSTDA NMDS data are generated by processes that deliver services to people. It is assumed that these processes involve the assessment of disability support needs following broadly consistent principles and practices across jurisdictions. However, this assumption is untested.</p> <p>3. The interim indicator is a proxy measure of carer access to support services based on a restricted carer population: carers of service users. The data do not measure access to support services within the entire population of carers of people with disability and it is not known how well it approximates access to services in the wider carer population. Any marked differences across the states and territories in carer access to the disability service system will reduce the usefulness of this interim measure for comparison purposes (i.e. there may be vastly different proportions of carers outside the service system).</p>
Measure (computation)	<p>1. Numerator: (Interim) Number of disability support service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer, where the service user accessed services to assist the carer in their caring role, in the reporting period.</p> <p>2. Denominator: (Interim) Number of disability support service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer in the reporting period.</p> <p>3. Percentage: $R/N \times 100$ (Interim) where R = number of CSTDA NMDS service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer, where the service user accessed services to assist the carer in their caring role in the reporting period and N = number of CSTDA NMDS service users aged 0–64 years with an informal carer in the reporting period.</p>
Data Source/s	Numerator and denominator: CSTDA NMDS. For general issues relating to the NMDS, refer to the CSTDA NMDS Data Quality Statement.
Institutional Environment	<p>The AIHW is an Australian Government statutory authority accountable to Parliament and operates under the provisions of the <i>Australian Institute of Health and Welfare Act 1987</i>. The AIHW provides expert analysis of data on health, housing and community services. More information about the AIHW is available on the AIHW website.</p> <p>For general issues relating to the CSTDA NMDS, refer to the CSTDA NMDS Data Quality Statement.</p>
Relevance	<p>CSTDA NMDS data are generated by processes that deliver services to people. It is assumed that these processes involve the determination of eligibility and the assessment of disability support needs following broadly consistent principles across jurisdictions. However, this assumption is untested.</p> <p>For general issues relating to the CSTDA NMDS, refer to the CSTDA NMDS Data Quality Statement.</p> <p>The interim indicator is sourced from the 2007-08 NMDS and provides information about the informal carers of people who use specialist disability services. The data collected in the NMDS is a subset of the entire population of carers of people with disability. It should be noted that the CSTDA NMDS counts people with informal carers; it does not count</p>

	<p>carers. Limited data on carers is available, and the NMDS count of people with carers may not be an accurate measure of the number of individual carers.</p> <p>For the numerator, services other than those provided under the National Disability Agreement (i.e. outside the CSTDA NMDS) may also assist carers of people with disability in their caring role, such as those provided by the Home and Community Care (HACC) program. These are not included in this interim indicator.</p> <p>The scope of services funded under the CSTDA varied across jurisdictions. Users of specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia are included in the NDA performance indicators. There were 3502 people aged 0–64 years with an informal carer in Victoria who used only specialist psychiatric disability services in 2007-08, 599 in Queensland and 45 in Western Australia. Other states and territories did not fund specialist psychiatric services under the CSTDA.</p>
Timeliness	CSTDA NMDS 2007-08
Accuracy	<p>A potential source of error in the CSTDA NMDS is people for whom carer information is not stated or not collected. Carer identification has improved over time: the overall not stated/not collected rate for the existence of a carer has decreased from approximately twenty percent for the 2003-04 to 2005-06 NMDS to the current level of 8.5 per cent for the 2007-08 NMDS. However, not stated/not collected rates for carer data items vary substantially across jurisdictions, with, for example, rates above thirty percent for Queensland and below five percent for Tasmania. See the accompanying appendix for further details. Not stated or not collected carer information may introduce bias into the results affecting both the accuracy of estimates and the comparability of estimates across jurisdictions. In addition, a coding audit of carer data items has not been undertaken, thus the accuracy of the carer information in the NMDS is not known.</p>
Coherence	<p>Issue of scope: any marked differences across the states and territories in carer access to the disability service system will reduce the usefulness of this interim measure for comparison purposes (i.e. there may be vastly different proportions of carers outside the service system).</p> <p>For general issues relating to the CSTDA NMDS, refer to the CSTDA NMDS Data Quality Statement.</p>
Accessibility	<p>The AIHW provides a variety of products that draw upon the CSTDA NMDS. Published products available on the AIHW website are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Disability support services (annual report) – Interactive disability data cubes – Ad hoc data are available on request (charges apply to recover costs) – METeOR – online metadata repository – National Community Services Data Dictionary.
Interpretability	<p>Information to assist in interpretation of the performance indicator is contained in the NDA performance indicator glossary, which accompanies these Data Quality Statements.</p> <p>Supporting information on the quality and use of the CSTDA NMDS are published annually in 'Disability support services' available in hard copy or on the AIHW website (<www.aihw.gov.au>).</p>

Data Quality Statement – Indicator 10: Proportion of people with a disability receiving income support

Target/outcome	People with disability achieve economic participation and social inclusion.
Indicator	Proportion of people with a disability receiving income support.
Measure	<u>Numerator:</u> Number of people with a disability aged 16–62 years who receive the Disability Support Pension (DSP).
(Benchmark)	<u>Denominator:</u> Total number of people with a disability aged 16–62 years on 30 June of the previous reporting period.
Data source/s	<p>The numerator for this indicator is provided by the Australian Government Department of Families, Housing, Community Services, and Indigenous Affairs (FaHCSIA), from Centrelink administrative data on DSP recipients as at 26 June 2008.</p> <p>The denominator for this indicator for the total population is calculated using age and sex-specific disability prevalence rates from the 2003 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers (SDAC) multiplied by the 30 June 2008 Estimated Resident Population (ERP).</p> <p>The denominator for Indigenous persons is drawn from the 2008 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey (NATSISS).</p>
Institutional environment	<p>Payments of the Disability Support Pension (DSP) are made by Centrelink on behalf of FaHCSIA. Under the Commonwealth Services Delivery Agency Act 1997, Centrelink is a statutory agency with responsibility for delivering services and welfare payments, as negotiated with Australian Government departments. DSP data for this indicator is sourced from Centrelink administrative data as at 26 June 2008 and was provided by FaHCSIA.</p> <p>The SDAC and NATSISS are collected, processed, and published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS). The Estimated Resident Population (ERP) is Australia's official measure of the population and is compiled and published quarterly by the ABS based on data from the Census of Population and Housing; the Post Enumeration Survey (PES); births and deaths statistics from registers administered by the various State and Territory Registrars of Births, Deaths and Marriages; and passenger card data and related information provided by the Department of Immigration and Citizenship (DIAC). Medicare Australia client address data is used to estimate interstate migration.</p> <p>The ABS operates within the framework of the Census and Statistics Act 1905 and the Australian Bureau of Statistics Act 1975. These ensure the independence and impartiality of the ABS, and the confidentiality of respondents. For more information on the institutional environment of the ABS, including legislative obligations, financing and governance arrangements, and mechanisms for scrutiny of ABS operations, please see ABS Institutional Environment.</p>
Relevance	Administrative data on recipients of the Disability Support Pension is the data source for the numerator. Persons with a disability, however, may receive other forms of income support, such as Youth Allowance, or a disability pension paid under the Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986. These other forms of income support are not able to be included in the numerator for this indicator, as presence of disability is not generally part of the eligibility criteria for these payments. The restriction of the age scope to 16–62 years ensures there is no overlap with eligibility for the age pension. As women currently become eligible for the age pension at the age of 63.5, there would be some loss of persons from the numerator who had moved from DSP to the age pension if persons aged 63 or more were included. It is recognised that there are a number of people above

the age of 62 who receive the DSP.

It should be noted that the requirements for receipt of a Disability Support Pension are different to the criteria for being considered to have a disability for the purposes of ABS surveys. To receive Disability Support Pension, persons must be unable to work for at least 15 hours per week, or be re-skilled for such work within two years because of their disability (see [Eligibility requirements](#) for Disability Support Pension on the Centrelink web site). In ABS surveys, persons are considered to have a disability if they have a limitation, restriction or impairment which has lasted, or is likely to last, for at least six months and restricts everyday activities. Therefore, the measure of “potential population” for accessing income support provided by the denominator is not the same as the actual population that are eligible for DSP.

The SDAC is the most comprehensive and accurate measure of disability produced by the ABS, using 75 questions to collect information on any conditions people may have, whether these conditions cause restrictions, and the nature and severity of any restrictions. The NATSISS uses the Short Disability Module which was developed to be incorporated in population surveys where it was not feasible to include the full question set used in the SDAC. This module uses 10 questions to collect a broad measure of disability, a measure of severity in core activity areas (self care, mobility or communication) and data on education and employment restrictions.

The methodology for constructing the potential population takes national level age- and sex-specific disability prevalence rates from the 2003 SDAC multiplied by the June 30 2008 ERP in various strata. The potential population is broken down into country of birth groups by taking the country of birth distribution of persons with a core activity need for assistance from the 2006 Census, and applying it to the potential population. This methodology assumes that age- and sex-specific rates of disability are consistent across geography and over time.

The Indigenous potential population is the Indigenous population identified as having a disability in the 2008 NATSISS. Please note that the disability population of Indigenous persons from NATSISS cannot be compared to the total population with a disability derived from SDAC due to the differences in the disability population identified by the SDAC and by the Short Disability Module used in NATSISS. The short module identifies a much larger disability population than the SDAC, due to the inclusion of some people with non-restrictive long-term health conditions. The difference in the total disability populations identified is so marked that the variable is not currently considered comparable.

Timeliness

Centrelink data on persons who receive the DSP is available on a monthly basis and reported annually by FaCHSIA in the publication [Characteristics of Disability Support Recipients](#).

The SDAC is currently conducted every six years. Results from the 2003 survey were released in September 2004. Data from the current iteration of the SDAC is expected to become available in late 2010.

The NATSISS is conducted every six years. The 2008 survey was conducted from August 2008 to April 2009, with data released in October 2009.

ERP data by State/Territory and sex are prepared quarterly and are available 5-6 months after the reference date. ERP data disaggregated by single year of age and sex are prepared annually as at 30 June each year are also available 5-6 months after the reference date. ERP data disaggregated by age (5 year groups), sex, and Statistical Local Area (SLA) (and aggregations of SLAs) as at 30 June each year are available

Accuracy

9-10 months after the reference date. Disaggregations for geographies that are aggregations of Collection Districts (such as Remoteness Areas), and disaggregations by geography and single year of age are available as customised requests around 13 months after the reference date.

Numerator

Traditional indicators of survey data quality such as sampling error, coverage, and response rate do not generally apply to administrative data. However administrative data may also be subject to various sorts of non-sampling error (such as non-reporting for some fields).

The DSP dataset administered by Centrelink is continually updated. As the data is used to process payments, and the information contained within it is used to determine eligibility for the payment, the dataset is considered to have a high level of completeness. No formal assessment of data quality, however, was undertaken at this time. It should be noted that Indigenous identification for DSP recipients is optional.

Non-response and coverage

The 2003 SDAC response rate for private dwellings was 89.8 per cent, and for establishments was 91 per cent. SDAC data are weighted to account for non-response.

The SDAC is conducted in all States and Territories including people in both private and non-private dwellings (including cared-accommodation establishments) but excluding those in gaols and correctional institutions and very remote areas. The exclusion of persons usually resident in very remote areas has a small impact on estimates, except for the Northern Territory, where such persons make up a relatively large proportion of the population. As a consequence of this exclusion, comparisons between Indigenous and non-Indigenous people in remote areas would not be available even if the same disability module was used in SDAC and NATSISS. For more information on SDAC scope and coverage, see the Disability, Ageing and Carers User Guide on the ABS website.

The NATSISS is conducted in all states and territories and includes remote and non-remote areas. The 2008 sample was 13 300 persons/6900 households, with a response rate of 82 per cent of households.

There was a relatively large level of undercoverage in the 2008 NATSISS compared with other ABS surveys, therefore the analysis undertaken to ensure that results from the survey were consistent with other data sources was more extensive than usual. Potential bias due to undercoverage was addressed by adjustments to the initial weights and an adjustment to geographical areas based on the density of the Indigenous population. As undercoverage can result in variances across population characteristics, as well as across data items, caution should be exercised when interpreting the survey results. For more information, see the 2008 NATSISS Quality Declaration.

Sampling error

As this indicator is partially drawn from a sample survey, it is subject to some level of sampling error. This error cannot be reliably estimated due to the methodology used in constructing the denominators, however as national level disability rates were used, the sampling error will be small. This denominators for Indigenous persons from NATSISS have low levels of sampling error, with RSEs of 10 per cent or less for estimates by sex and State/Territory.

Other sources of error

A potential source of error in the construction of the denominators is the assumption that disability rates vary only by age and sex (i.e. that there is

	<p>no effect of geography, or any other variables). This is likely to affect the reliability of interstate comparisons, however it is not possible at this time to detect the size or direction of the potential bias.</p> <p>Some unpublished exploratory analysis indicates there may be some data quality issues with using Census Need for Assistance data disaggregated by non-English speaking country of birth. This data feeds into the calculation for the disaggregation of the potential population into Country of Birth groups and may affect comparisons between the different groups.</p> <p>It should also be noted that the Country of Birth groups are based on a classification devised by the Department of Immigration and Citizenship. This is not an attempt to classify countries on the basis of whether or not English is the predominant or official language of each country. It is a list of the main countries from which Australia receives, or has received, significant numbers of overseas settlers who are likely to speak English. A number of persons from English speaking countries (such as the Bahamas, Bermuda, Belize, and so on) will therefore be classified into "Non-English speaking countries". Conversely, persons from South Africa and Zimbabwe will be classified into "English speaking countries" even though those countries are not predominantly English speaking, and individual immigrants may not be native English speakers.</p> <p>The combination of administrative and survey data based on different approaches with their own limitations means that interpretation and application of this indicator should be done with caution and an understanding of the systematic influences on the data sets. This indicator does give some sense of coverage of payments but may underestimate some categories and overestimate others.</p>
Coherence	<p>The SDAC and NATSISS collect a range of demographic, financial and other information that can be analysed in conjunction with the disability status of respondents.</p> <p>Survey based estimates of persons receiving the DSP are available from a number of ABS surveys. Data on income sources in these surveys are as reported by respondents and may be different to numbers provided by Centrelink.</p> <p>Disability estimates and the characteristics of the disability population from the SDAC should not be compared with estimates from surveys using the Short Disability Module.</p>
Interpretability	<p>Information is available to aid interpretation of SDAC data - see the Disability, Ageing and Carers User Guide, on the ABS website. The User Guide for the NATSISS will be available in 2010.</p>
Accessibility	<p>See Disability, Ageing and Carers, Australia: Summary of Findings, 2003 for an overview of results from the SDAC. See the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey for an overview of results from the NATSISS. Other information from the surveys is available on request.</p> <p>Annual analysis of the characteristics of Disability Support Pension recipients is published by FaHSCIA.</p>

Data quality statement: CSTDA National Minimum Data Set 2007-08

Indicator	NDA Performance Indicators (3), (6) and (8)
Measure (computation)	Not applicable
Data Source/s	<p>The Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement National Minimum Data Set (CSTDA NMDS). This data set provides annual estimates of the number of people who used specialist disability support services funded under the 2002–2007 CSTDA.</p> <p>The CSTDA was replaced by the National Disability Agreement (NDA) from 1 January 2009 and the CSTDA NMDS was renamed the Disability Services (DS) NMDS from 1 July 2009. Further information about the DS/CSTDA NMDS is available on the AIHW website.</p>
Institutional Environment	<p>Under the CSTDA, all state and territory governments and the Australian Government were required to provide data annually for the CSTDA NMDS, and were responsible for the quality and timeliness of the data.</p> <p>CSTDA NMDS data were provided by both non-government service providers and state/territory and Australian Government agencies. Service providers collated data in relation to each of their CSTDA-funded service type outlets, as well as the service users who accessed these outlets. A limited number of data items were provided by government agencies. Government agencies compiled, edited and verified the data, and supplied a final data set to the AIHW for further verification, national collation and analysis.</p> <p>The set of privacy and data principles for the CSTDA NMDS collection are outlined in the <i>Data Guide</i>, the most recent version of which is available on the AIHW website.</p> <p>The AIHW is an Australian Government statutory authority accountable to Parliament and operates under the provisions of the <i>Australian Institute of Health and Welfare Act 1987</i>. This Act ensures that the data collections managed by the AIHW are kept securely and under strict conditions with respect to privacy and confidentiality. More information about the AIHW is available on the AIHW website.</p> <p>When errors are found in published data, those errors are corrected immediately in publications on the AIHW website, and where necessary, in on-line tables and online interactive data cubes. Corrections are documented on the AIHW website</p>
Relevance	<p>The CSTDA NMDS collects data about specialist disability support services according to nationally agreed data definitions. The 2007-08 dataset includes services received, or purchased with, funding under the third CSTDA during the period 1 July 2007 to 30 June 2008. This may be used as a reference or 'baseline' year but the 2007-08 data do not reflect service delivery under the National Disability Agreement.</p> <p>Data collected in the CSTDA NMDS includes characteristics of specialist disability services provided during the reporting period, the people receiving services and the outlets providing services. Disaggregation by state and territory, Remoteness Area, demographic characteristics, support needs, broad service groups and service types are available.</p> <p>The scope of services varied in terms of programs that received CSTDA funding across jurisdictions. In particular, the provision of specialist psychiatric disability and early childhood intervention services differed across states and territories. Users of specialist psychiatric disability services in Victoria, Queensland and Western Australia are included in the NDA performance indicators. In addition, the predominant service models vary across jurisdictions, and this may affect comparability of data. For</p>

example, differences across the states and territories in the predominant model of accommodation support lead to differences in the number of people accessing those services. For more information, see *Disability support services 2007-08* (forthcoming).

Counts of service users are estimates derived using a statistical linkage key. Invalid or incomplete linkage keys mean that it is not possible to fully eliminate multiple counting of service users. This is believed to lead to a slight overestimate of service user numbers. In 2007-08, the proportion of invalid linkage keys was 0.9 per cent, ranging from zero to 2.7 per cent of the total number of service user records in each jurisdiction. A small number of invalid linkage keys were recovered for the final data set by comparison with records from current or previous years.

The process for collecting the statistical linkage key in Victoria leads to a relatively high number of invalid linkage keys and an associated high estimate of service users. In Victoria, the process for collecting service user information is an 'opt-in' approach. All other states and territories follow an 'opt-out' approach in which individuals may elect not to provide their information for the NMDS, however, procedures for opting out of the data collection vary. This affects the comparability of counts of service users across jurisdictions.

Data on service users were not collected for all people who received a CSTDA-funded service. In particular, service user information was not required to be collected for people who accessed advocacy, information and alternative formats of communication services or 'other support' services including research and evaluation, training and development and peak bodies. In addition, some service types were not required to collect selected service user data items — for example, recreation/holiday programs were only required to collect statistical linkage key data, and disability employment services were not required to collect selected informal carer data items. Of particular note is information collected to enable the determination of need for assistance: some of these data items are not applicable to younger age groups, and some services did not collect these data. The category 'Need for assistance not determined' includes these service users, as well as service users for whom the information was not adequately supplied. For more information, refer to the CSTDA NMDS report, *Disability support services* (published annually).

Timeliness

Data for the CSTDA NMDS are compiled and reported on an annual basis. Data from the 2007-08 CSTDA NMDS are due to be released in November 2009. The NDA performance indicators reflect the CSTDA data set as confirmed by state/territory and Australian Government agencies on 13 March 2009.

Accuracy

The CSTDA NMDS aims to provide complete national data on all CSTDA-funded services, service type outlets and service users each year. The national response rate for service type outlets is based on the number of service type outlets that responded out of the total number of funded outlets in each jurisdiction (95 per cent in 2007-08). It is not possible to calculate a national response rate for service users, as some outlets do not report on all service users due to administrative or other error. In addition, some service types are not required to report service user information.

'Not stated/not collected' rates for individual data items varied substantially across items and jurisdictions. Further information about 'not stated/not collected' rates is available in the accompanying appendix table.

The 2007-08 CSTDA NMDS data confirmed by state/territory and Australian Government agencies on 13 March 2009 were used to produce 2007-08 performance indicators. Any coding errors advised subsequently are reported in *Disability Support Services 2007-08*.

Coherence

The CSTDA NMDS consists of a set of nationally significant data items that are collected in all jurisdictions (state/territory and Australian Government) and an agreed method of collection and transmission. Data items and definitions have remained consistent each year since the launch of the redeveloped national collection in 2002.

Data items are largely based on national community services data standards to enable comparability between collections. Items are also designed to be comparable with other major collections such as the ABS Survey of Disability, Aging and Carers (SDAC) and international standards including the World Health Organization's International Classification of Functioning and Disability (ICF). More information about the design and comparability of CSTDA NMDS data items is given in the AIHW publication *Australia's national disability services data collection: Redeveloping the Commonwealth-state/territory disability agreement National Minimum Data Set*.

Accessibility

CSTDA NMDS 2007-08 data used in reporting the NDA performance indicators are unpublished. Data from the 2007-08 NMDS are due to be released in November 2009. However, the data may not be provided in the same format as for the performance indicators. Also, the NDA performance indicators are restricted to the age range 0–64 years, whereas CSTDA NMDS data releases include all ages.

Annual reports from the CSTDA NMDS data set are available for free download from the AIHW website. The AIHW also publishes interactive data cubes containing subsets of national information from the 1999 NMDS onwards, which allow people to construct data tables online according to their needs.

CSTDA NMDS data are used for service planning and monitoring in individual jurisdictions, and for reporting national performance indicators. Performance indicators formed part of the accountability measures under the third CSTDA, and were published annually as part of the FaHCSIA publication *Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement annual public report*. The most recent of these was the *CSTDA annual public report 2004-05*. The AIHW also released supporting web publications which included these indicator tables in more detail, and is available on the AIHW website: *CSTDA NMDS tables prepared for the CSTDA annual public report 2004-05*. A set of performance indicators relating to disability which use CSTDA NMDS data is also published annually in the *Report on government services* produced by the Steering Committee for the Review of Government Service Provision (SCRGSP), most recently in 2009 (using 2006-07 data).

Interpretability

Information available to aid the interpretation of CSTDA NMDS data includes the annual *CSTDA NMDS Data Guide* and the data specifications in *METeOR*, AIHW's online metadata registry.

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Acronyms and abbreviations

ABS	Australian Bureau of Statistics
ACCMIS	Aged and Community Care Management Information System
ACT	Australian Capital Territory
ADL	Activities of daily living
AIHW	Australian Institute of Health and Welfare
AIL	Activities of independent living
AWEC	Activities of work, education and community living
CALD	Cultural and Linguistic Diversity
Census	Census of Population and Housing
COAG	Council of Australian Governments
COB	Country of Birth
CRC	COAG Reform Council
CSTDA	Commonwealth, State and Territory Disability Agreement
CURF	Confidentialised unit record file
DIAC	Department of Immigration and Citizenship
DoHA	Department of Health and Ageing
DQS	Data Quality Statements
DS	Disability Services
DSP	Disability Support Pension
ERP	Estimated Resident Population
FaHCSIA	Department of Families, Housing, Community Services and Indigenous Affairs
IGA	Intergovernmental Agreement on Federal Financial Relations
LOTE	Language other than English
NA	National Agreement
NATSEM	National Centre for Social and Economic Modelling

NATSISS	National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Social Survey
NDA	National Disability Agreement
NDIMG	National Disability Information Management Group
NIRA	National Indigenous Reform Agreement
NMDS	National Minimum Data Set
NP	National Partnership
NSW	New South Wales
NT	Northern Territory
Qld	Queensland
RSE	Relative standard error
SA	South Australia
SCRGSP	Steering Committee for the Review of Government Service Provision
SDAC	Survey of Disability and Carers
SLA	Statistical Local Area
SPP	Specific Purpose Payment
Tas	Tasmania
VET	Vocational Education and Training
Vic	Victoria
WA	Western Australia
YPIRAC	Young People in Residential Aged Care

Glossary

Aboriginal	A person who identifies as being of Aboriginal origin. May also include people who identify as being of both Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander origin.
Agency (CSTDA definition)	An agency relates to a funded organisation that delivers one or more CSTDA funded service types (service type outlets). Funded agencies are usually legal entities. Where a funded agency operates only one service type outlet, the service type outlet and the funded agency are one and the same entity.
Age standardised rates	Age standardised rates enable comparisons to be made between populations that have different age structures. Age standardisation is often used when comparing the Indigenous and non-Indigenous populations because the Indigenous population is younger than the non-Indigenous population. Outcomes for some indicators are influenced by age, therefore, it is appropriate to age standardise the data when comparing the results. When comparisons are not being made between the two populations, the data are not age standardised.
Carer (ABS definition)	A person of any age who provides any informal assistance, in terms of help or supervision, to persons with disabilities or long-term conditions, or older persons (i.e. aged 60 years and over). This assistance has to be ongoing, or likely to be ongoing, for at least six months. Assistance to a person in a different household relates to 'everyday types of activities', without specific information on the activities. Where the care recipient lives in the same household, the assistance is for one or more of the following activities: cognition or emotion; communication; health care; housework; meal preparation; mobility; paperwork; property; maintenance; self care; transport.
Carer (CSTDA NMDS definition)	<p>The CSTDA NMDS defines an informal carer as someone such as a family member, friend or neighbour, who has been identified as providing regular and sustained care and assistance to the person. Each service user can only record one informal carer. Informal carers include those people who receive a pension or benefit for their caring role but do not include paid or volunteer carers organised by formal services.</p> <p>The CSTDA NMDS defines a primary carer as someone who assists the person requiring support, in one or more of the following activities of daily living: self care, mobility or communication.</p>
Core activity limitation (ABS definition)	<p>The ABS defines a core activity need for assistance as a profound or severe disability, that is, people needing help or assistance in one or more of the three core activity areas of self-care, mobility and communication, because of a disability (lasting six months or more), long term health condition (lasting six months or more) or old age (ABS 2006).</p> <p>Self care, mobility and communication are defined as core activities. The ABS defines levels of core activity limitation as follows: mild, where a person has no difficulty with self care, mobility or communication, but uses aids or equipment; moderate, where a person does not need assistance, but has difficulty with self care, mobility or communication; severe, where a person sometimes needs assistance with self care, mobility or communication; and profound, where a person is unable to perform self care, mobility and/or communication tasks, or always needs assistance.</p>

Country of birth groups	An 'English proficiency index'—a standard tool developed by the Bureau of Immigration, Multicultural and Population Research—was used to classify countries into five categories based on English proficiency: one group for people born in Australia, and four groups for those born overseas (AIHW 2008b; DIMA 2003). For those born overseas, groupings are based on the typical ability of migrants from each country to speak English. Countries with the most skilled English speakers, on average, are in English Proficiency Group 1, which is referred to as 'other English speaking countries' in the performance indicators. This group consists of Canada, Ireland, New Zealand, South Africa, the United Kingdom, United States of America, and Zimbabwe. All other countries (English Proficiency Groups 2–4) are referred to as 'non-English speaking countries'.
CSTDA	The Commonwealth State Territory Disability Agreement (CSTDA) was a multilateral Agreement between the Australian Government and state and territory governments that provided the national framework for the delivery, funding and development of specialist disability services for people with disabilities. The NDA replaced the CSTDA on 1 January 2009.
Disability (ABS definition)	A person has a disability if he or she has a limitation, restriction or impairment, which has lasted, or is likely to last, for at least six months and restricts everyday activities. These activities include: loss of sight (not corrected by glasses or contact lenses); or an aid to assist with, or substitute for, hearing is used; speech difficulties; shortness of breath or breathing difficulties causing restriction; chronic or recurrent pain or discomfort causing restriction; blackouts, fits, or loss of consciousness; difficulty learning or understanding; incomplete use of arms or fingers; difficulty gripping or holding things; incomplete use of feet or legs; nervous or emotional condition causing restriction; restriction in physical activities or in doing physical work; disfigurement or deformity; mental illness or condition requiring help or supervision; long-term effects of head injury, stroke or other brain damage causing restriction; receiving treatment or medication for any other long-term conditions or ailments and still restricted; or any other long-term conditions resulting in a restriction. See 'core activity limitation'.
Disability services	Disability services in this report relate to specialist disability services. Specialist disability services are services specially designed to meet the needs of people with disability.
Employment to population rate	The employment to population rate is the number of employed people aged 15 to 64 years as a proportion of the total population aged 15 to 64 years.
Indigenous status not stated/ Indigenous status unknown	Where a person's Indigenous origin has either not been asked or not recorded.
Indigenous	A person of Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander origin who identifies as an Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander.
Inner regional	See 'remoteness areas'.
Labour force	The labour force is the most widely used measure of the economically active population or the formal supply of labour. It is a measure of the number of people contributing to, or willing to contribute to, the supply of labour and, as defined by the ABS, comprises two mutually exclusive categories of population: the employed (people who have worked for at least one hour in the reference week, including those who have participated in Community Development Employment Projects (CDEP)), and the unemployed (people who are without work, but are actively looking for work and available to start work within four weeks).

Labour force participation rate	The labour force participation rate for any group within the population is the labour force component of that group, expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 to 64 years in that group.
Major cities	See 'remoteness areas'.
Need for assistance	<p>In the CSTDA/Disability Services NMDS, information is collected about each service user's frequency of need for personal help or supervision in nine life areas: activities of daily living (self-care, mobility and communication); activities of independent living (interpersonal interactions and relationships; learning, applying knowledge and general tasks and demands; and domestic life); and activities of work, education and community living (education, community (civic) and economic life; and working).</p> <p>In performance indicators (3), (6) and (8), need for assistance is based on the person's highest reported need for help or supervision according to the following categories:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Activities of daily living (ADL): This includes people who sometimes need help or supervision, or are unable to do or always need help or supervision with one or more ADL (communication, mobility and self-care). • Activities of independent living (AIL) or activities of work, education and community living (AWEC) but not with ADL: This includes people who sometimes need help or supervision, or are unable to do or always need help or supervision with AIL or AWEC (interpersonal interactions and relationships; learning, applying knowledge and general tasks and demands; education; community (civic) and economic life; domestic life; working). This category excludes people who sometimes or always need assistance with ADL. • No need for help or supervision: This category includes people who do not need help or supervision for each of the nine life areas, including those who use aids and/or equipment. • Level of assistance not determined: This category includes people whose need for assistance was 'not stated', 'not collected' or 'not applicable (due to age)'. <p>Results of need for assistance data items in the NMDS should be evaluated with regard to data quality, including 'not stated' rates. It should be noted that some service providers may not be in a position to accurately assess a person's support needs in all life areas. Furthermore, some consider it an infringement of privacy principles to collect information that is not directly required for service provision.</p>
Non-Indigenous	A person who does not identify as Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander.
Non-remote	See 'remoteness areas'.
Outer regional	See 'remoteness areas'.
Outlet (CSTDA definition)	An outlet refers to a service type outlet, which is a unit of a funded agency (see 'Agency' above) that provides a particular CSTDA service type at a discrete location.
Potential Population	The potential population is an estimate of the number of people who have severe or profound limitations in a least one core activity area. Core activity areas include: self-care, mobility or communication.
Regional	See 'remoteness areas'.

Relative standard error (RSE)	The relative standard error (RSE) of a survey data estimate is a measure of the reliability of the estimate and depends on both the number of people giving a particular answer in the survey and the size of the population, as well as the inherent variability of the characteristic within the general population and the sampling and weighting methodologies used to determine the estimate. The RSE is expressed as a percentage of the estimate. The higher the RSE, the less reliable the estimate. Relative standard errors for survey estimates are included in the attachment tables. See also 'statistical significance'.
Remote	See 'remoteness areas'.
Remoteness	See 'remoteness areas'.
Remoteness areas	<p>Remoteness areas are defined in the Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC) developed by the ABS. The ASGC remoteness classification identifies a place in Australia as having a particular degree of remoteness. The remoteness of each place is determined using the Accessibility/Remoteness Index of Australia (ARIA). The ABS generates an average ARIA score for each location based on its distance from population centres of various sizes. Locations are then added together to form the remoteness areas in each State and Territory. Remoteness areas comprise the following six categories:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • major cities of Australia • inner regional Australia • outer regional Australia • remote Australia • very remote Australia • migratory regions (comprising off-shore, shipping and migratory places). <p>The aim of the ASGC remoteness structure is not to provide a measure of the remoteness of a particular location but to divide Australia into five broad categories (excluding migratory regions) of remoteness for comparative statistical purposes.</p>
Service (CSTDA definition)	A service is a support activity delivered to a service user, in accordance with the CSTDA. Services within the scope of the collection are those for which funding has been provided, during the specified period, by a government organisation operating under the CSTDA.
Service type outlets (CSTDA definition)	A service type outlet is the unit of the funded agency that delivers a particular CSTDA service type at, or from, a discrete location.
Service user (CSTDA definition)	A service user is a person with disability who receives a CSTDA-funded service. A service user may receive more than one service over a period of time or on a single day.
Social and community activities	<p>Performance indicator 2 includes three measures of social and community activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • participation in social and community activities at home in the last three months (for example, visits from family and friends) • participation in social and community activities away from home in the last three months (for example, visits to relatives and friends) • travel to a social or community activity in the last fortnight (for example, going to a restaurant or club in the last fortnight).

Statistical significance	<p>Statistical significance is a measure of the degree of difference between survey data estimates. The potential for sampling error — that is, the error that occurs by chance because the data are obtained from only a sample and not the entire population — means that reported responses may not indicate the true responses.</p> <p>Using the relative standard errors (RSE) of survey data estimates, it is possible to use a formula to test whether the difference is statistically significant. If there is an overlap between confidence intervals for different data items, it cannot be stated for certain that there is a statistically significant difference between the results. See 'confidence intervals' and 'relative standard error'.</p>
Support services that assist in the caring role	<p>This includes services specifically aimed at providing relief for carers, along with services for the service user/person with disability which have a secondary effect of carer respite and which give the carer an opportunity to pursue their other interests and activities as a by-product of providing support to the person they provide care to (such as day programs). The following three categories of services from the CSTDA/Disability Services NMDS are classified as 'support services that assist in the caring role':</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • attendant care/personal care and in-home accommodation support • community access services • respite services.
Torres Strait Islander people	<p>People who identify as being of Torres Strait Islander origin. May also include people who identify as being of both Torres Strait Islander and Aboriginal origin.</p>
Very remote	<p>See 'remoteness areas'.</p>